SECTION XX.C. CROSSROADS PLANNED DEVELOPMENT (CPD)

[Adopted 08/21/13; Amended 10/07/15; 05/16/18; 05/20/2020; 04/21/2021; 05/17/2023; 11/15/2023; 09/04/2024; 01/08/2025; 05/20/2026; 11/04/2026]

I. BASIC STANDARDS

A. PURPOSE (CPD)

The purpose of the Crossroads Planned Development District is to allow a mix of uses, guided by design standards and a conceptual master plan, which results in a vibrant center for development located in the heart of Scarborough. This largely undeveloped area, within the center of the town, offers a unique opportunity for town representatives to work cooperatively with the area's single land-owner, allowing mixed use development to evolve, while ensuring open space, preservation of natural resources, an efficient land use pattern for pedestrian, bicycle and transit use, a coordinated street plan and a cost effective extension of needed utilities. The mix of uses and efficient land development patterns are also intended to promote a number of community places, where people can gather, meet and cross paths.

B. PERMITTED USES: SEE SECTION XIII.A ZONING DISTRICT USE TABLES [Amended 05/20/2026]

C. SPACE AND BULK REGULATIONS (CPD)

1. Conventional Developments

The space and bulk regulations of the B2 Regional Business District are applicable to all conventional developments.

2. Planned Developments

The space and bulk standards applicable to planned developments and the individual lots and buildings within an approved planned development shall be the development standards set forth in the approved Master Plan for the planned development subject to the following limits:

Maximum Net Residential Density	The Residential Density Factors in Section VIIC. apply to all residential uses in this district. The maximum allowed residential density is 20 units per net residential acre.
Maximum Building Height	75 feet, except that any portion of a building located within 150 feet of a residential district shall be limited to 35 feet in height. [Amended 05/20/2020]
Maximum Impervious Surface Ratio	75 percent

All buildings and related parking and access drives must be setback from the boundary of the CPD District in accordance with the following standards and the minimum required setback area shall treated as a buffer in accordance with Section VIII. if applicable. This requirement shall not preclude the construction of streets or utilities that cross the buffer strip. (Amended 05/16/18)

Adjacent Zoning District	Minimum Setback
A "Residential District" or "Natural Resource District"	100 feet

D. OFF-STREET PARKING (CPD)

Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of Section XI. In approving the development standards set forth in the Master Plan for a planned development including the Conceptual Development Master Plan for a Planned Mixed-Use Development, the Planning Board may allow the provision of fewer off-street parking spaces than is required by Section XI., including considerations for reduced or shared parking, if the Planning Board finds that less parking will adequately serve the development taking into account the provision of on-street or other public parking, provisions for long-term support of public transit to serve the development, provisions for pedestrian and bicycle movement within and to/from the development, and/or the type and mix of uses within the development and their demonstrated parking demand.

E. SIGNS (CPD)

Signs in the CPD District shall be regulated in accordance with the requirements of Section VIIE.

II. ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS

A. DEVELOPMENT DESIGN AND REVIEW PROCEDURES (CPD)

Depending on the acreage, type of use, and design of a proposed project, a development/redevelopment project within this district may undergo: **1**) a conventional review process involving Site Plan Review and/or Subdivision Review applying the quantitative standards and development standards for Conventional Developments set out in this section; or **2**) may be reviewed as a Planned Development in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments applying the quantitative standards and development standards and design criteria for Planned Developments set out in this Section; or **3**) if the project involves a Planned Development involving a parcel with more than fifty (50) acres, may be reviewed as a Planned Development under a modified version of the procedures set forth in Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments applying the quantitative standards and development standards and design criteria for Planned Developments set out in this Section;

1. Conventional Developments. Projects that are proposing to develop or redevelop less than five (5) acres of land may be reviewed as a Conventional Development or as a Planned Development, at the applicant's option.

2. Planned Developments. Projects that are proposing to develop or redevelop five (5) acres or more of land are required to be reviewed as Planned Developments in accordance with Section VIIE. and conform to the applicable standards of this section for Planned Developments unless the parcel involved has more than fifty (50) acres and the owner/applicant choses to use the modified review
procedures in B.

3. Large-Scale Planned Developments. Projects that include a Planned Development on a parcel with more than fifty (50) acres may be reviewed and developed as a Planned Development in accordance with Section VIIE. as modified in B. Review Procedures for Large-Scale Planned Mixed-Use Developments and conform to the applicable standards of this section for Planned Developments.

B. REVIEW PROCEDURES FOR LARGE-SCALE PLANNED DEVELOPMENTS (CPD)

A Large-Scale Planned Development may be reviewed and approved in accordance with the following procedure which modifies the procedures for the review of a Planned Development set forth in Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments:

1. Two Step Process. Any development involving a Large-Scale Planned Development may be reviewed under a two-step process. The first step is the preparation, review, and approval of a Conceptual Infrastructure Plan. This plan must cover all land held in common ownership as of May 1, 2013. The second step is the preparation, review, and approval of a Site Inventory and Analysis and Master Plan for the development of the project. The Master Plan can cover the entire holding or a portion of the holding that includes at least fifty (50) acres. The applicant may choose to submit the Site Inventory and Analysis for review prior to the submission of the Master Plan.

2. Conceptual Infrastructure Plan. The purpose of the Conceptual Infrastructure Plan is to provide a preliminary assessment of the development suitability and potential of the entire holding based on available information and to provide a preliminary layout of the key infrastructure elements to serve the entire parcel. This Plan is intended to guide and coordinate the phased development of the project with the recognition that the Plan may be modified as detailed information and design is undertaken.

The Conceptual Infrastructure Plan shall include the following elements:

a. The Site Inventory and Analysis Phase of the Additional Requirements for Planned Developments set out in Section VIIE. This analysis may be based on information about the site and its natural resources that is available from publically available sources including state and federal databases and information available from the Town of Scarborough and local utilities. The expectation is that the Site Analysis Plan prepared as part of this effort will guide the overall utilization of the site and the conceptual planning of the various infrastructure components.

b. A Preliminary Infrastructure Plan as set out in subsection E. of Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments. In addition to the elements included in E. this Plan shall also:

1) Identify the planned primary pedestrian network within the development as well as connections to existing pedestrian facilities adjacent to the site,

2) Identify areas of the site that should be preserved as open space including provisions to create an interconnected network of green space within the development and that links to preserved or protected open space in the vicinity of the site.

The Conceptual Infrastructure Plan shall be reviewed in accordance with the procedures set out in Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments for the review of the Site Inventory and Analysis Phase.

3. Conceptual Master Plan. The Conceptual Master Plan for a Large-Scale Planned Development shall consist of an updated Site Inventory and Analysis based on appropriate field data with respect to the location and extent of natural resources and site features and a Master Plan for the development. These shall be prepared and reviewed in accordance with Section VIIE. Additional Requirements for Planned Developments.

C. ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO BOTH CONVENTIONAL AND PLANNED DEVELOPMENTS (CPD)

1. All development within the District must be consistent with the Site Plan Review Ordinance.

2. Pedestrian, Bicycle and Mass Transit Facilities **–** All developments shall provide for pedestrian movement to and within the site in accordance with the Site Plan Review Ordinance. Provisions must be incorporated into new developments for bicycle movement including appropriate facilities, such as bike racks and bike lanes, if the scale of the project makes these reasonable. Provisions must also be incorporated into new developments for mass transit use, such as bus stops and bus stop shelters, if the scale of the project makes these reasonable.

3. Public Sewer Service **–** All new development or redevelopment within this district shall be served by public sewer.

D. ADDITIONAL DEVELOPMENT STANDARDS APPLICABLE TO PLANNED DEVELOPMENTS **[Amended 11/04/2026]**

1. Mix of Uses – The intention of the CPD District is that the district will develop with a mix of uses (i.e. retail, office, service, light manufacturing, mixed residential, etc.). The Conceptual Master Plan must address how the proposed development will contribute to this objective either individually or in conjunction with other Planned Developments in the district or development adjacent to the district. While the objective is to encourage Planned Developments that include a mix of uses, the Planning Board may approve a Conceptual Master Plan that does not meet this objective if the applicant demonstrates that the intention of the CDP District as a mixed-use development will be met or will be able to be met on a district-wide basis. After the approval of each Planned Development, the Planning Board will report to the Town Council on the mix of uses in the Planned Development as well as the overall District.

2. Overall Location and Pattern of Development – The overall location and pattern of development within the District must reflect the findings of the Site Analysis Map and Report prepared as part of the Conceptual Infrastructure Plan. Similarly, the overall location and pattern of development within an individual Planned Development must reflect the Site Analysis Map and Report prepared as part of the Conceptual Master Plan.

3. Street Network – The intention of the CPD District is that as development occurs, a coordinated, interconnected street system will be created. This street network must be designed to accomplish the following objectives:

a) At the overall district level, create a connection through the District from Route One to the Payne Road and to the Haigis Parkway. In addition consideration should be given to connecting the street network to the Gorham Road and Enterprise Drive if feasible. These two connections, if provided, should be designed to provide access to development within the

district and should avoid creating direct travel routes that result in the establishment of a "short-cut" through the district.

b) At the Planned Development level, create an interconnected network of streets within the development that allows travel within the development without using collector roads. The network should utilize T- intersections where feasible and avoid the use of dead-end streets or cul-de-sacs.

4. Public Water System – The layout of the overall water distribution system must provide for an interconnected, looped network of mains that avoids dead-ends. This requirement must be met at both the district and Planned Development level unless the Fire Chief approves an alternative layout in conjunction with the Portland Water District.

5. Open Space Network – The intention of the CPD District is to preserve the significant natural resources that exist within the District and to develop an interconnected "green network" throughout the District that links the open spaces within the District and to preserved or protected land in the vicinity of the District. At least twenty (20) percent of the total land area within the District and at least ten (10) percent of the land area within an individual Planned Development shall be set aside and preserved as open space. This can include natural areas, parks or other improved green spaces that are open for use by residents/users of the development or the public, or improved recreational facilities with limited structural development (i.e. golf courses, playing fields, etc.). The land set aside as open space shall generally reflect the Site Analysis Map and Report. As part of the Master Plan for each Planned Development, the provisions for ownership and maintenance of the open space shall be established.

6. Relationship of Buildings to the Street – The intention of the CPD District is to encourage a variety of development patterns and forms with the overall objective of establishing a "village center-like" atmosphere within the District. As a general principle, buildings should be located close to streets with parking located to the side and/or rear of the buildings. A Planned Development shall be designed in a manner that reinforces the CPD District as a mixed use center. Buildings, parking, pedestrian amenities, landscaping, streets and common space shall be arranged in a compact, interconnected development pattern that exhibits a human scale and a mix of land uses. In reviewing and approving the Conceptual Master Plans for individual Planned Developments, the Planning Board must find that the proposed development standards will result in a development that has a "village character" rather than a "suburban commercial" character.

7. Access Management and Interconnections – The development standards for each Planned Development must address the issues of access management and interconnections. Direct vehicular access from individual building sites onto Route One, Payne Road, or new collector streets within the District must be restricted. Site access shall be designed in accordance with the Site Plan Review Ordinance.

8. Streetscape Treatment -- The streetscape along internal streets and driveways within a Planned Development shall exhibit a compact layout, form and scale. The streetscape shall be designed with shade trees on both sides; road widths that are of a compact, urban scale; human-scale street lighting; frequent intersections and crosswalks; and sidewalks. The streetscape of internal streets may also include on-street parking on one or both sides of the streets or driveways.

The streetscape along Haigis Parkway, Route One and Payne Road that border the district shall incorporate a landscaped or natural vegetated buffer strip. The width of the buffer strip shall be a minimum of twenty-five (25) feet when it abuts the Haigis Parkway and fifteen (15) feet when it

abuts Route One and Payne Road. The minimum streetscape buffer yard for all other streets shall be determined by the Planning Board during the master Plan phase

9. Walkable, Pedestrian-Oriented Design – The objective of the CPD District is to create a walkable, pedestrian-oriented environment. This can be accomplished in a variety of ways. Appropriately designed and oriented sidewalks and other pedestrian amenities, are critical to promote walkability, pedestrian activity, and a sense of place within the District. In general, sidewalks or pedestrian trails shall be designed to provide linkages and continuity between each use within a Planned Development as well as connections to abutting uses to establish a greater pedestrian network.

10. Place making – A Planned Development must include a number of "places", depending on the size and scale of the development. A "place" shall be a common space(s) where people can gather, meet and cross paths. A "place" can be a community green or common; plaza; court; square or some variation of each. Regardless of the style or size, "places" are required to be designed as an integral part of a Planned Development in locations where people will naturally gather, meet and cross paths. "Places" shall be located at the core of the pedestrian realm of a development; shall be an element of the development streetscape and overall development pattern; and shall be available and desirable for public use. Areas for outdoor seating, court yards or green space associated with a particular use or establishment are desirable amenities, but are not counted as a "place" unless they are available for public use.

11. On-street Parking – The use of on-street parking within a Planned Development is encouraged. On-street parking can provide spaces directly in front of residential and non-residential uses when buildings are sited close to the street; provide parking that can supplement off-street parking; function as a buffer between pedestrians using the sidewalk and vehicular traffic; and can act as a traffic calming measure. A Planned Development may include new internal streets or driveways with parallel or angled on-street parking or "on-driveway" parking. As part of the review process the on-street parking design shall require approval from all applicable Town departments, including Public Works, the Fire Department and Public Safety. When approved according to this Section, on-street parking can be used to satisfy the requirements of subsection I.E.

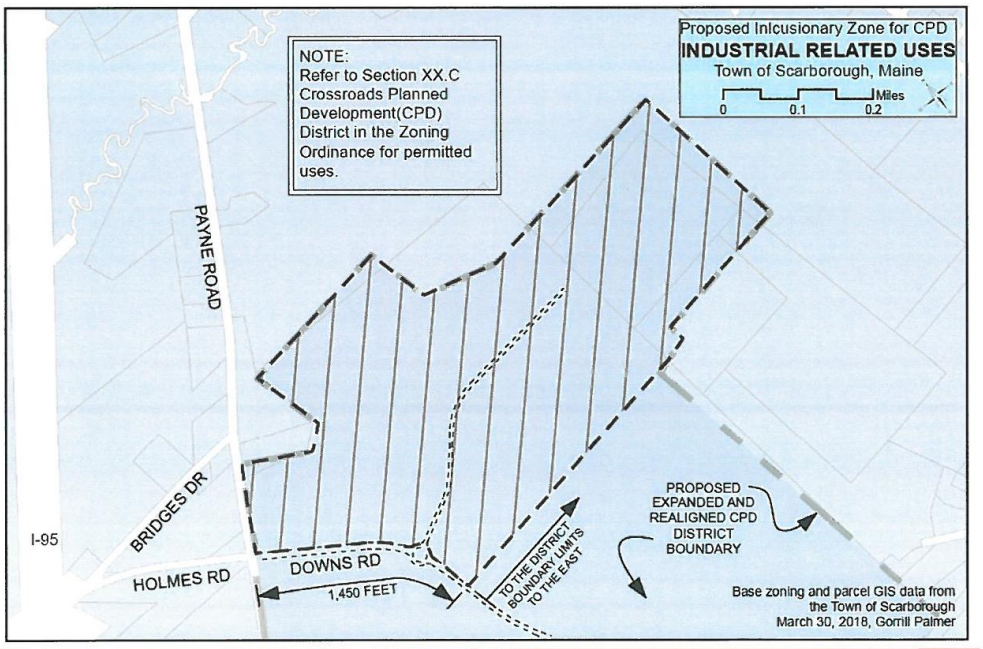
12. Dimensional Standards – The minimum lot size, net residential density, building height, yard and setback, and other space and bulk requirements for individual lots and buildings that are part of a Planned Development shall be determined in the Conceptual Master Plan except as limited by the provisions of I.D.2. The development standards must provide for the setback from and buffering of residential uses and zones abutting the CPD District and for the buffering of residential uses that are part of the Planned Development from nonresidential uses within or adjacent to the District. In approving the Master Plan and the development standards, the Planning Board shall assure that the proposed requirements will result in a development that reflects the Town's vision for the Crossroads as a village center for the Town of Scarborough.

13. Provision of Affordable Housing – A key objective of the Crossroads Planned Development District is the provision of a mix of uses and a mix of housing types. Therefore at least ten percent of the dwelling units in a planned development must qualify as affordable housing in accordance with the definition of affordable housing in this ordinance. This requirement can be met either through affordable housing developments or through providing for affordable units within market-

rate housing developments. Since development within a planned development will likely occur incrementally, this requirement must be met cumulatively as development occurs. The initial residential development in a planned development must include affordable housing unless the project has fewer than ten dwelling units. If a housing development provides more than ten percent of its units as affordable or if more than ten percent of the cumulative dwelling units within a planned development are affordable, any balance may be carried forward and applied to future residential development. The Master Plan for the planned development shall address how this requirement will be met and set out any requirements that will be established for assuring the long-term affordability of these units.

14. The land use required to comply with these additional development standards are permitted as part of a planned development with specific standards and limitations on the location within the overall CPD District they are allowed and subject to the buffering requirements below. This inclusionary area within the District is located to the northeast of the Scarborough Downs entrance drive and extending southerly from the Payne Road intersection 1,450 feet and spanning from the Downs Road easterly to the limits of the CPD Zoning District boundary as depicted in the diagram below. The permitted uses specifically allowed within this area are subject to:

1) A 250-foot setback from the center line of Payne Road.
2) A 250-foot setback from the Downs Road, as depicted on the Approved Conceptual Infrastructure Plan.
3) A 100-foot setback and buffer to any adjacent residential district or natural resource district in accordance with subsection D.2. of this District.
4) The performance standards of Section IX9(A) of this ordinance.
5) The permitted uses specifically allowed within this area shall not be subject to the Design Standards for Scarborough's Commercial District.



The diagram and description above establish the maximum area allowed for these non-residential uses, but does not bind or require this area to be exclusively developed with these specific uses. The planned development process shall be used to establish the design, buffering details, and extent of these non-residential uses within this inclusionary area and whether this area includes other uses and development allowed district wide.

15. Earthwork, Material Extraction and Construction Activities Incidental to Site Development – Activities that are typical of earthwork, material extraction and construction including, but not limited to the excavation of earthen material and aggregate, material processing, material stockpiling and storage, and similar activities are allowed in accordance with the following performance standards:

a. Material extraction and processing allowed for under this subsection shall be for the sole purpose of supporting development, site work and the installation of infrastructure located exclusively within the CPD District.

b. Notwithstanding contrary provisions in the Extractive Industry Ordinance, excavation may occur below the seasonal high-water table for the purpose of creating water features within the development project. Any excavation below 12 inches above the seasonal high-water table shall be in accordance with a plan approved by the Planning Board. This plan shall include the limits, design and final restoration of the excavation area and its functions and values.

c. The stockpiling and processing of aggregate and earthen materials shall comply with a site plan and operations plane to be reviewed and approved by the Planning Board. This operations plan still include: a description and location of the activity; its proximity to existing development within and outside the District; general hours of operation, methods of operation and safeguards in place to mitigate dust, smoke and other environmental factors, and a restoration plan when applicable.

d. Any deviation and changes to the Operations Plan must be approved in advance by the Planning Director with consultation with other town staff and departments.