# 2027 Annual Legal Notices

## Medicare Part D

**Important Notice About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare**

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with your employer is about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

**There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:**

1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.

2. Your employer has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by Excellus Blue/Cross Blue/Shield is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.

**When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**
You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th. However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

**What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**
If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, and drop your current group plan with your employer, coverage may be affected and you may not be able to get it back. Please contact us for further information. .

**When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?**
You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with your employer and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later. If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

**For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage…**
Contact the person listed below for further information NOTE: You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through your employer changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

**For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage…**
More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans. For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage: Visit www.medicare.gov or call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help Call 1-800-MEDICARE (1-800-633-4227). TTY users should call 1-877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at www.socialsecurity.gov, or call them at 1-800-772-1213 (TTY 1-800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-0990. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 8 hours per response initially, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

## COBRA – *Continuation Coverage Rights Under Cobra*

You're getting this notice because you recently gained coverage under a group health plan (the Plan). This notice has important information about your right to COBRA continuation coverage, which is a temporary extension of coverage under the Plan. **This notice explains COBRA continuation coverage, when it may become available to you and your family, and what you need to do to protect your right to get it.** When you become eligible for COBRA, you may also become eligible for other coverage options that may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage.

The right to COBRA continuation coverage was created by a federal law, the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA). COBRA continuation coverage can become available to you and other members of your family when group health coverage would otherwise end. For more information about your rights and obligations under the Plan and under federal law, you should review the Plan's Summary Plan Description or contact the Plan Administrator.

**You may have other options available to you when you lose group health coverage.** For example, you may be eligible to buy an individual plan through the Health Insurance Marketplace. By enrolling in coverage through the Marketplace, you may qualify for lower costs on your monthly premiums and lower out-of-pocket costs. Additionally, you may qualify for a 30-day special enrollment period for another group health plan for which you are eligible (such as a spouse's plan), even if that plan generally doesn't accept late enrollees.

**What is COBRA continuation coverage?**

COBRA continuation coverage is a continuation of Plan coverage when it would otherwise end because of a life event. This is also called a "qualifying event." Specific qualifying events are listed later in this notice. After a qualifying event, COBRA continuation coverage must be offered to each person who is a "qualified beneficiary." You, your spouse, and your dependent children could become qualified beneficiaries if coverage under the Plan is lost because of the qualifying event. Under the Plan, qualified beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage [*choose and enter appropriate information:* must pay for COBRA continuation coverage.

If you're an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- Your hours of employment are reduced, or
- Your employment ends for any reason other than your gross misconduct.
- If you're the spouse of an employee, you'll become a qualified beneficiary if you lose your coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:
- Your spouse dies;
- Your spouse's hours of employment are reduced;
- Your spouse's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- Your spouse becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); or
- You become divorced or legally separated from your spouse.

Your dependent children will become qualified beneficiaries if they lose coverage under the Plan because of the following qualifying events:

- The parent-employee dies;
- The parent-employee's hours of employment are reduced;
- The parent-employee's employment ends for any reason other than his or her gross misconduct;
- The parent-employee becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (Part A, Part B, or both);
- The parents become divorced or legally separated; or
- The child stops being eligible for coverage under the Plan as a "dependent child."

**When is COBRA continuation coverage available?**

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to qualified beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator has been notified that a qualifying event has occurred. The employer must notify the Plan Administrator of the following qualifying events:

- The end of employment or reduction of hours of employment;
- Death of the employee;
- The employee's becoming entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both).

**For all other qualifying events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days of the qualifying event occurs. You must provide this notice to: Human Resources**

**How is COBRA continuation coverage provided?**

Once the Plan Administrator receives notice that a qualifying event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each qualified beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children.

COBRA continuation coverage is a temporary continuation of coverage that generally lasts for 18 months due to employment termination or reduction of hours of work. Certain qualifying events, or a second qualifying event during the initial period of coverage, may permit a beneficiary to receive a maximum of 36 months of coverage.

There are also ways in which this 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage can be extended:

***Disability extension of 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage***

If you or anyone in your family covered under the Plan is determined by Social Security to be disabled and you notify the Plan Administrator in a timely fashion, you and your entire family may be entitled to get up to an additional 11 months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 29 months. The disability would have to have started at some time before the 60th day of COBRA continuation coverage and must last at least until the end of the 18-month period of COBRA continuation coverage.

***Second qualifying event extension of 18-month period of continuation coverage***

If your family experiences another qualifying event during the 18 months of COBRA continuation coverage, the spouse and dependent children in your family can get up to 18 additional months of COBRA continuation coverage, for a maximum of 36 months, if the Plan is properly notified about the second qualifying event. This extension may be available to the spouse and any dependent children getting COBRA continuation coverage if the employee or former employee dies; becomes entitled to Medicare benefits (under Part A, Part B, or both); gets divorced or legally separated; or if the dependent child stops being eligible under the Plan as a dependent child. This extension is only available if the second qualifying event would have caused the spouse or dependent child to lose coverage under the Plan had the first qualifying event not occurred.

**Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?**

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicare, Medicaid, Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP), or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at **www.healthcare.gov**.

**Can I enroll in Medicare instead of COBRA continuation coverage after my group health plan coverage ends?**

In general, if you don't enroll in Medicare Part A or B when you are first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8-month special enrollment period[1] to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you don't enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and you may have a gap in coverage if you decide you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before the COBRA continuation coverage ends, the Plan may terminate your continuation coverage. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you are enrolled in both COBRA continuation coverage and Medicare, Medicare will generally pay first (primary payer) and COBRA continuation coverage will pay second. Certain plans may pay as if secondary to Medicare, even if you are not enrolled in Medicare.

For more information visit https://www.medicare.gov/medicare-and-you.

[1] https://www.medicare.gov/sign-up-change-plans/how-do-i-get-parts-a-b/part-a-part-b-sign-up-periods.

**If you have questions**

Questions concerning your Plan or your COBRA continuation coverage rights should be addressed to the contact or contacts identified below. For more information about your rights under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA), including COBRA, the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) in your area or visit www.dol.gov/ebsa. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov.

**Keep your Plan informed of address changes**

To protect your family's rights, let the Plan Administrator know about any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator.

OMB Control Number 1210-0123

## HIPAA Special Enrollment Rights

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance or group health plan coverage, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents in this plan if you or your dependents lose eligibility for that other coverage (or if the employer stops contributing toward your or your dependents' other coverage). However, you must request enrollment within "30 days" after you or your dependents' other coverage ends (or after the employer stops contributing toward the other coverage). In addition, if you have a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents. However, you must request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption. To request special enrollment or obtain more information, contact the Human Resources Department.

## Reminder of Availability of HIPAA Privacy Notice

The Plan Sponsor maintains the HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices for the Plan, which describes how health information about you may be used and disclosed. You may obtain a copy of our HIPAA Notice of Privacy Practices by contacting the Plan Sponsor or Privacy Officer by writing to your employer.

## Newborn's and Mother's Health Protection Act

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and insurers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the insurer for prescribing a length of stay not more than 48 hours (or 96 hours).

## Women's Health and Cancer Rights Enrollment Notice

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998 (WHCRA). For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, cover- age will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

- All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a sym- metrical appearance;
- Prostheses; and
- Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymph edema.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this plan. If you would like more information on WHCRA benefits, call your plan administrator at 1-800-724-5032 or visit the Excellus website for more information https://www.excellusbcbs.com.

## Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act Annual Notice

Do you know that your plan, as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, provides benefits for mastectomy-related services including all stages of reconstruction and surgery to achieve symmetry between the breasts, prostheses and complications resulting from a mastectomy, including lymph edema? Contact Excellus Customer Service at 1-800-724-5032 or visit the Excellus website for more information https://www.excellusbcbs.com.

## Women's Preventive Benefits as part of Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) Summary

The Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA) requires health plans to cover designated women's preventive services without cost sharing for the member. Cost-sharing includes deductibles, copayments and coinsurance. Some of the benefits and services outlined in the women's preventive guidelines are already included within the existing PPACA preventive services requirements. Many of the screenings/services included in this provision would be provided at the time of the annual well-women visit. The following preventive services must be covered with no cost sharing:

a) Well-woman visits: Including coverage for pre-natal visits that are billed separately from the delivery and post-partum care.
b) Gestational Diabetes Screening*
c) Human Papillomavirus (HPV) Testing*
d) Counseling for Sexually Transmitted Diseases
e) HIV Testing and Counseling*
f) Contraceptive Methods and Counseling
g) Breastfeeding Support, Supplies and Counseling
h) Domestic Violence Screening and Counseling

(* laboratory services associated with the screening are covered at no cost-share)
The existing PPACA preventive benefits had age, gender and frequency restrictions.

Does the women's preventive services provision contain any restrictions?

Yes, there are certain benefits and services that contain frequency restrictions. Some services/benefits are provided to pregnant women only or for women who are sexually active. For a full list of restrictions and guidelines, visit:
**http://www.hrsa.gov/womensguidelines/**

## Lifetime/Annual Dollar Limits Summary and Essential Health Benefits per the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA)

Law prohibits imposing annual limits on "Essential Health Benefits" and any lifetime dollar limits. The services covered in the medical plan will not change but any service designated as "essential" will no longer have an annual and/or lifetime dollar limit. These "essential services" as defined by the federal mandate include: Ambulatory services, emergency services, hospitalization, maternity and newborn care, mental health and substance abuse services, prescription drugs, rehabilitative and habilitative care, laboratory services, preventative and wellness service and chronic disease management, pediatric services, including oral and vision care. Essential Health Benefits as required by Health Care Reform are included in your medical plan. Please visit **www.excellusbcbs.com** for a full listing of covered benefits. This list is subject to change based on additions and deletions from regulatory agencies.

## Wellness Program

Your health plan is committed to helping you achieve your best health. Rewards for participating in a wellness program are available to all employees. If you think you might be unable to meet a standard for a reward under this wellness program, you might qualify for an opportunity to earn the same reward by different means. Contact us at Human Resources and we will work with you to find a wellness program with the same reward that is right for you in light of your health status.

## Medicaid – CHIP Notice

**Premium Assistance Under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)**

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information, visit **www.healthcare.gov**.
If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a State listed below, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your State Medicaid or CHIP office or dial **1-877-KIDS NOW** or **www.insurekidsnow.gov** to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at **www.askebsa.dol.gov** or call **1-866-444-EBSA (3272)**.

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**If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums. The following list of states is current as of July 31, 2026. Contact your State for more information on eligibility –**

| ALABAMA – Medicaid | FLORIDA – Medicaid |
|---|---|
| Website: http://myalhipp.com/<br>Phone: 1-855-692-5447 | Website: http://flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/<br>Phone: 1-877-357-3268 |
| **ALASKA – Medicaid** | **GEORGIA – Medicaid** |
| The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment Program<br>Website: http://myakhipp.com/<br>Phone: 1-866-251-4861<br>Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com<br>Medicaid Eligibility:<br>http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx | Website: https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-premium-payment-program-hipp<br>Phone: 678-564-1162 ext 2131 |
| **ARKANSAS – Medicaid** | **INDIANA – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://myarhipp.com/<br>Phone: 1-855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447) | Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64<br>Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/<br>Phone: 1-877-438-4479<br>All other Medicaid<br>Website: http://www.indianamedicaid.com<br>Phone 1-800-403-0864 |
| **COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)** | **IOWA – Medicaid** |
| Health First Colorado Website:<br>https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/<br>Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:<br>1-800-221-3943/ State Relay 711<br>CHP+: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/child-health-plan-plus<br>CHP+ Customer Service: 1-800-359-1991/ State Relay 711 | Website:<br>http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki<br>Phone: 1-800-257-8563 |
| **KANSAS – Medicaid** | **NEW HAMPSHIRE – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://www.kdheks.gov/hcf/<br>Phone: 1-785-296-3512 | Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm<br>Phone: 603-271-5218<br>Toll free number for the HIPP program: 1-800-852-3345, ext 5218 |
| **KENTUCKY – Medicaid** | **NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website: https://chfs.ky.gov<br>Phone: 1-800-635-2570 | Medicaid Website:<br>http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs/clients/medicaid/<br>Medicaid Phone: 609-631-2392<br>CHIP Website: http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html<br>CHIP Phone: 1-800-701-0710 |
| **LOUISIANA – Medicaid** | **NEW YORK – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://dhh.louisiana.gov/index.cfm/subhome/1/n/331<br>Phone: 1-888-695-2447 | Website: https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/<br>Phone: 1-800-541-2831 |
| **MAINE – Medicaid** | **NORTH CAROLINA – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/public-assistance/index.html<br>Phone: 1-800-442-6003<br>TTY: Maine relay 711 | Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/<br>Phone: 919-855-4100 |

| MASSACHUSETTS – Medicaid and CHIP | NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid |
|---|---|
| Website:<br>http://www.mass.gov/eohhs/gov/departments/masshealth/<br>Phone: 1-800-862-4840 | Website:<br>http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services/medicalserv/medicaid/<br>Phone: 1-844-854-4825 |
| **MINNESOTA – Medicaid** | **OKLAHOMA – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website:<br>https://mn.gov/dhs/people-we-serve/seniors/health-care/health-care-programs/programs-and-services/other-insurance.jsp<br>Phone: 1-800-657-3739 | Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org<br>Phone: 1-888-365-3742 |
| **MISSOURI – Medicaid** | **OREGON – Medicaid** |
| Website:<br>http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/participants/pages/hipp.htm<br>Phone: 573-751-2005 | Website: http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx<br>http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html<br>Phone: 1-800-699-9075 |
| **MONTANA – Medicaid** | **PENNSYLVANIA – Medicaid** |
| Website:<br>http://dphhs.mt.gov/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP<br>Phone: 1-800-694-3084 | Website:<br>http://www.dhs.pa.gov/provider/medicalassistance/healthinsurancepremiumpaymenthippprogram/index.htm<br>Phone: 1-800-692-7462 |
| **NEBRASKA – Medicaid** | **RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov<br>Phone: (855) 632-7633<br>Lincoln: (402) 473-7000<br>Omaha: (402) 595-1178 | Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/<br>Phone: 855-697-4347, or 401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line) |
| **NEVADA – Medicaid** | **SOUTH CAROLINA – Medicaid** |
| Medicaid Website: https://dhcfp.nv.gov<br>Medicaid Phone: 1-800-992-0900 | Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov<br>Phone: 1-888-549-0820 |
| **SOUTH DAKOTA - Medicaid** | **WASHINGTON – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://dss.sd.gov<br>Phone: 1-888-828-0059 | Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/<br>Phone: 1-800-562-3022 ext. 15473 |
| **TEXAS – Medicaid** | **WEST VIRGINIA – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://gethipptexas.com/<br>Phone: 1-800-440-0493 | Website: http://mywvhipp.com/<br>Toll-free phone: 1-855-MyWVHIPP (1-855-699-8447) |
| **UTAH – Medicaid and CHIP** | **WISCONSIN – Medicaid and CHIP** |
| Medicaid Website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/<br>CHIP Website: http://health.utah.gov/chip<br>Phone: 1-877-543-7669 | Website:<br>https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov/publications/p1/p10095.pdf<br>Phone: 1-800-362-3002 |
| **VERMONT– Medicaid** | **WYOMING – Medicaid** |
| Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/<br>Phone: 1-800-250-8427 | Website: https://wyequalitycare.acs-inc.com/<br>Phone: 307-777-7531 |
| **VIRGINIA – Medicaid and CHIP** | |
| Medicaid Website:<br>http://www.coverva.org/programs_premium_assistance.cfm<br>Medicaid Phone: 1-800-432-5924<br>CHIP Website:<br>http://www.coverva.org/programs_premium_assistance.cfm<br>CHIP Phone: 1-855-242-8282 | |

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since July 31, 2026 or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

U.S. Department of Labor
Employee Benefits Security Administration
**www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa**
1-866-444-EBSA (3272)

U.S. Department of Health and Human Services
Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services
**www.cms.hhs.gov**
1-877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 61565

**Paperwork Reduction Act Statement**

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a Federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2026)

## Marketplace Notice

Health Insurance Marketplace Coverage Options and Your Health Coverage

PART A: General Information
Even if you are offered health coverage through your employment, you may have other coverage options through the Health Insurance Marketplace ("Marketplace"). To assist you as you evaluate options for you and your family, this notice provides some basic information about the Health Insurance Marketplace and health coverage offered through your employment.
What is the Health Insurance Marketplace?

The Marketplace is designed to help you find health insurance that meets your needs and fits your budget. The Marketplace offers "one-stop shopping" to find and compare private health insurance options in your geographic area.
Can I Save Money on my Health Insurance Premiums in the Marketplace?
You may qualify to save money and lower your monthly premium and other out-of-pocket costs, but only if your employer does not offer coverage, or offers coverage that is not considered affordable for you and doesn't meet certain minimum value standards (discussed below). The savings that you're eligible for depends on your household income. You may also be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your costs.

Does Employer Health Coverage Affect Eligibility for Premium Savings through the Marketplace?
Yes. If you have an offer of health coverage from your employer that is considered affordable for you and meets certain minimum value standards, you will not be eligible for a tax credit, or advance payment of the tax credit, for your Marketplace coverage and may wish to enroll in your employment-based health plan. However, you may be eligible for a tax credit, and advance payments of the credit that lowers your monthly premium, or a reduction in certain cost-sharing, if your employer does not offer coverage to you at all or does not offer coverage that is considered affordable for you or meet minimum value standards. If your share of the premium cost of all plans offered to you through your employment is more than 9.12%1 of your annual household income, or if the coverage through your employment does not meet the "minimum value" standard set by the Affordable Care Act, you may be eligible for a tax credit, and advance payment of the credit, if you do not enroll in the employment-based health coverage. For family members of the employee, coverage is considered affordable if the employee's cost of premiums for the lowest-cost plan that would cover all family members does not exceed 9.12% of the employee's household income.[12]

1 Indexed annually; see https://www.irs.gov/pub/irs-drop/rp-22-34.pdf for 2023.
2 An employer-sponsored or other employment-based health plan meets the "minimum value standard" if the plan's share of the total allowed benefit costscovered by the plan is no less than 60 percent of such costs. For purposes of eligibility for the premium tax credit, to meet the "minimum value standard," the health plan must also provide substantial coverage of both inpatient hospital services and physician services.

Note: If you purchase a health plan through the Marketplace instead of accepting health coverage offered through your employment, then you may lose access to whatever the employer contributes to the employment-based coverage. Also, this employer contribution -as well as your employee contribution to employment-based coverage- is generally excluded from income for federal and state income tax purposes. Your payments for coverage through the Marketplace are made on an after-tax basis. In addition, note that if the health coverage offered through your employment does not meet the affordability or minimum value standards, but you accept that coverage anyway, you will not be eligible for a tax credit. You should consider all of these factors in determining whether to purchase a health plan through the Marketplace.
When Can I Enroll in Health Insurance Coverage through the Marketplace?

You can enroll in a Marketplace health insurance plan during the annual Marketplace Open Enrollment Period. Open Enrollment varies by state but generally starts November 1 and continues through at least December 15. Outside the annual Open Enrollment Period, you can sign up for health insurance if you qualify for a Special Enrollment Period. In general, you qualify for a Special Enrollment Period if you've had certain qualifying life events, such as getting married, having a baby, adopting a child, or losing eligibility for other health coverage. Depending on your Special Enrollment Period type, you may have 60 days before or 60 days following the qualifying life event to enroll in a Marketplace plan.

There is also a Marketplace Special Enrollment Period for individuals and their families who lose eligibility for Medicaid or Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) coverage on or after March 31, 2023, through July 31, 2024. Since the onset of the nationwide COVID-19 public health emergency, state Medicaid and CHIP agencies generally have not terminated the enrollment of any Medicaid or CHIP beneficiary who was enrolled on or after March 18, 2020, through March 31, 2023. As state Medicaid and CHIP agencies resume regular eligibility and enrollment practices, many individuals may no longer be eligible for Medicaid or CHIP coverage starting as early as March 31, 2023. The U.S. Department of Health and Human Services is offering a temporary Marketplace Special Enrollment period to allow these individuals to enroll in Marketplace coverage.

Marketplace-eligible individuals who live in states served by HealthCare.gov and either submit a new application or update an existing application on HealthCare.gov between March 31, 2023 and July 31, 2024, and attest to a termination date of Medicaid or CHIP coverage within the same time period, are eligible for a 60-day Special Enrollment Period. That means that if you lose Medicaid or CHIP coverage between March 31, 2023, and July 31, 2024, you may be able to enroll in Marketplace coverage within 60 days of when you lost Medicaid or CHIP coverage. In addition, if you or your family members are enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP coverage, it is important to make sure that your contact information is up to date to make sure you get any information about changes to your eligibility. To learn more, visit HealthCare.gov or call the Marketplace Call Center at 800.318.2596. TTY users can call 855.889.4325.

What about Alternatives to Marketplace Health Insurance Coverage?
If you or your family are eligible for coverage in an employment-based health plan (such as an employer-sponsored health plan), you or your family may also be eligible for a Special Enrollment Period to enroll in that health plan in certain circumstances, including if you or your dependents were enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP coverage and lost that coverage. Generally, you have 60 days after the loss of Medicaid or CHIP coverage to enroll in an employment-based health plan, but if you and your family lost eligibility for Medicaid or CHIP coverage between March 31, 2023 and July 10, 2023, you can request this special enrollment in the employment-based health plan through September 8, 2023. Confirm the deadline with your employer or your employment-based health plan.
Alternatively, you can enroll in Medicaid or CHIP coverage at any time by filling out an application through the Marketplace or applying directly through your state Medicaid agency. Visit https://www.healthcare.gov/medicaid-chip/getting-medicaid-chip/for more details.

How Can I Get More Information?

For more information about your coverage offered through your employment, please check your health plan's summary plan description or contact Human Resources.

The Marketplace can help you evaluate your coverage options, including your eligibility for coverage through the Marketplace and its cost. Please visit HealthCare.gov for more information, including an online application for health insurance coverage and contact information for a Health Insurance Marketplace in your area.

## QUESTIONS?

If you have any questions regarding these notices, please contact:
Benefits Office
Jesseca Tynon
585-336-4781