RUSH - HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For Year Ended June 30, 2026

MMB+CO | BUSINESS ADVISORS AND CPAS

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Education
Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2026, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2026, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of changes in District's total OPEB liability and related ratio, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of District contributions, and budgetary comparison information on pages 4-20 and 57-62 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplemental information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The accompanying supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents and schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 22, 2026 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mengel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Fairport, New York
September 22, 2026

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Rush-Henrietta Central School District

Management's Discussion and Analysis

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2026

The following is a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026. This section is a summary of the District's financial activities based on currently known facts, decisions, and/or conditions. It is also based on both the government-wide and fund-based financial statements. The results of the current year are discussed in comparison with the prior year, with an emphasis placed on the current year. This section is only an introduction and should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

At the close of the fiscal year, the total assets plus deferred outflows (what the District owns) exceeded its total liabilities plus deferred inflows (what the District owes) by $274,562,069 (net position) an increase of $30,355,592 from the prior year.

General revenues which include Federal and State Aid, Real Property Taxes, Non Property Taxes, Investment Earnings, Compensation for Loss, and Miscellaneous accounted for $189,901,373 or 92% of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of Charges for Services and Operating Grants and Contributions, accounted for $15,556,181 or 8% of total revenues.

As of the close of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of $188,146,321 an increase of $22,131,683 in comparison with the prior year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains individual fund statements and schedules in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Position* presents information on all of the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, with the difference between the two reported as *net position.* Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

The *governmental* activities of the District include instruction, pupil transportation, cost of food sales, general administrative support, community service, and interest on long-term debt.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on the pages immediately following this section as the first two pages of the basic financial statements.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements. All the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities.*

The District maintains six individual governmental funds: General Fund, Special Aid Fund, School Lunch Fund, Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, Debt Service Fund and Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund which are reported as major funds. Data for the Sthe School Lunch Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund, are aggregated into a single column and reported as nonmajor funds. Additionally, for each major fund, a detailed analysis of the financial position (fund balance or net position) and results of operations are also provided within the MD&A.

The District adopts, and voters approve an annual budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund within the basic financial statements to demonstrate compliance with the budget.

Fiduciary funds are used to account for assets held by the District in an agency capacity which accounts for assets held by the District on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statement because the resources of these funds are *not* available to support the District's programs.

The financial statements for the governmental and fiduciary funds can be found in the basic financial statement section of this report.

Major Feature of the Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements			
	Government-Wide Statements	**Fund Financial Statements**	
		Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds
Scope	Entire District (except fiduciary funds)	The activities of the District that are not proprietary or fiduciary, such as special education, scholarship programs, and building maintenance	Instances in which the District administers resources on behalf of someone else, such as student activities monies
Required financial statements	Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	Balance Sheet Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance	Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally, assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can.
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable	All additions and deductions during the year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

Notes to the Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found following the basic financial statement section of this report.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities. All the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position, the difference between the District's assets plus deferred outflow of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflow of resources, is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively. Additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the school buildings and facilities must also be considered to assess the District's overall health.

All of the District's services are reported in the government-wide financial statements as governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, and administration. Property taxes, federal and state aid, and investment earnings finance most of these activities.

Financial Analysis of the School District As a Whole

Net Position

	Governmental Activities		Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
ASSETS:	**2026**	**2025**		
Current and Other Assets	$ 226,611,596	$ 196,048,664	$ 30,562,932	15.59%
Capital Assets	119,519,574	118,168,871	1,350,703	1.14%
Total Assets	**$ 346,131,170**	**$ 314,217,535**	**$ 31,913,635**	**10.16%**
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Outflows of Resources	**$ 28,923,316**	**$ 28,863,768**	**$ 59,548**	**0.21%**
LIABILITIES:				
Long-Term Debt Obligations	$ 57,233,360	$ 62,929,760	$ (5,696,400)	(9.05%)
Other Liabilities	21,596,226	21,395,498	200,728	0.94%
Total Liabilities	**$ 78,829,586**	**$ 84,325,258**	**$ (5,495,672)**	**(6.52%)**
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Inflows of Resources	**$ 21,662,831**	**$ 14,549,568**	**$ 7,113,263**	**48.89%**
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	$ 117,353,554	$ 114,967,770	$ 2,385,784	2.08%
Restricted For:				
Capital Projects	57,724,831	56,442,702	1,282,129	2.27%
Retirement Contribution Reserve	15,383,244	14,864,751	518,493	3.49%
Capital Reserve	75,657,930	58,807,872	16,850,058	28.65%
Other Purposes	22,682,973	21,851,131	831,842	3.81%
Unrestricted	(14,240,463)	(22,727,749)	8,487,286	(37.34%)
Total Net Position	**$ 274,562,069**	**$ 244,206,477**	**$ 30,355,592**	**12.43%**

Key Variances

Current and other assets increased by $30,562,932 during fiscal year 2026, primarily as a result of a $21.0 million increase in cash and cash equivalents and an approximately $8.0 million increase in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) net pension asset. The increase in cash and cash equivalents represents the most significant change in current and other assets during the year, while the increase in the TRS net pension asset reflects changes in the District's pension-related financial position.

Long-term debt obligations decreased by $5,696,400, primarily as a result of a $5.3 million decrease in the New York State Employees' Retirement System (ERS) net pension liability. In addition, deferred inflows of resources increased by $7,113,263, primarily due to pension-related changes, including a $4.9 million increase in the ERS net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments and an approximately $2.8 million increase related to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS). These pension-related changes are subject to fluctuations in investment performance and actuarial assumptions and can result in significant year-to-year changes in the District's reported financial position.

The District's financial position is the product of many factors, overall net position increased $30,355,592 and the largest component of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets, less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The School District uses these capital assets to provide services to the students and consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the School District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

There are four restricted net position balances: Capital Projects, Retirement Contribution Reserve, Capital Reserve, and Other Purposes. The District allocated $16,850,058 of their increase to net position to the voter approved capital reserve. The remaining balance of unrestricted net position was a deficit of $14,240,463 primarily a result of postemployment benefits related to retiree health care obligations for which the district cannot legally fund.

Changes in Net Position

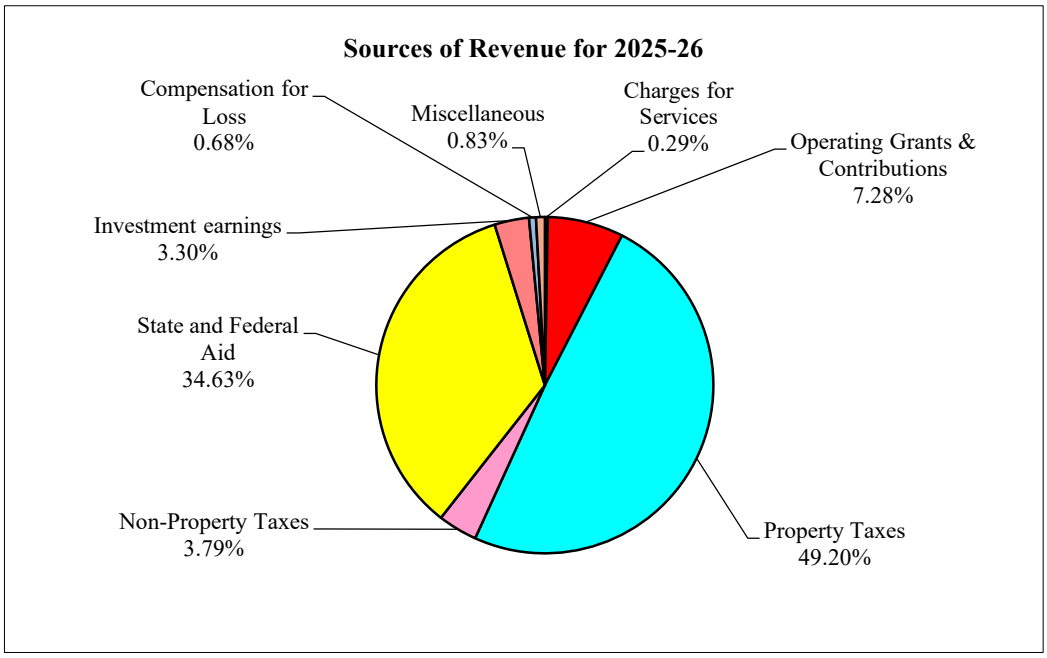
The District's total revenue increased 5% to $205,457,554. State and federal aid 35% and property taxes 49% accounted for most of the District's revenue. The remaining 16% of the revenue comes from operating grants, charges for services, non property taxes, use of money and property, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues.

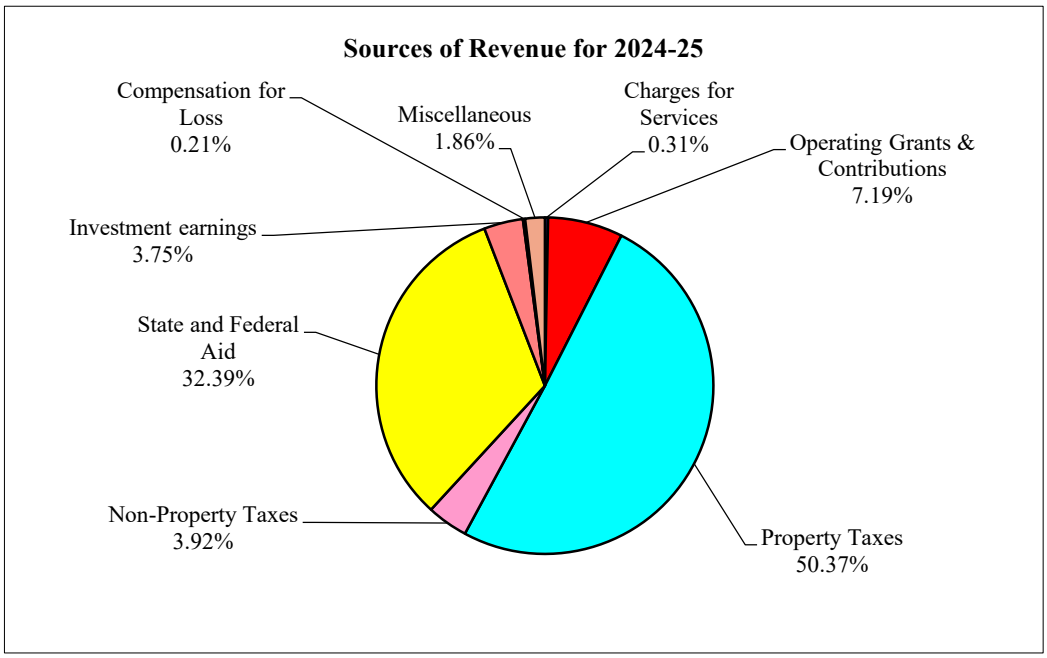
The total cost of all the programs and services increased 4% to $175,101,962. The District's expenses are predominately related to education and caring for the students (instruction) 73%. General support which included expenses associated with the operation, maintenance and administration of the District accounted for 14% of the total costs. See table below:

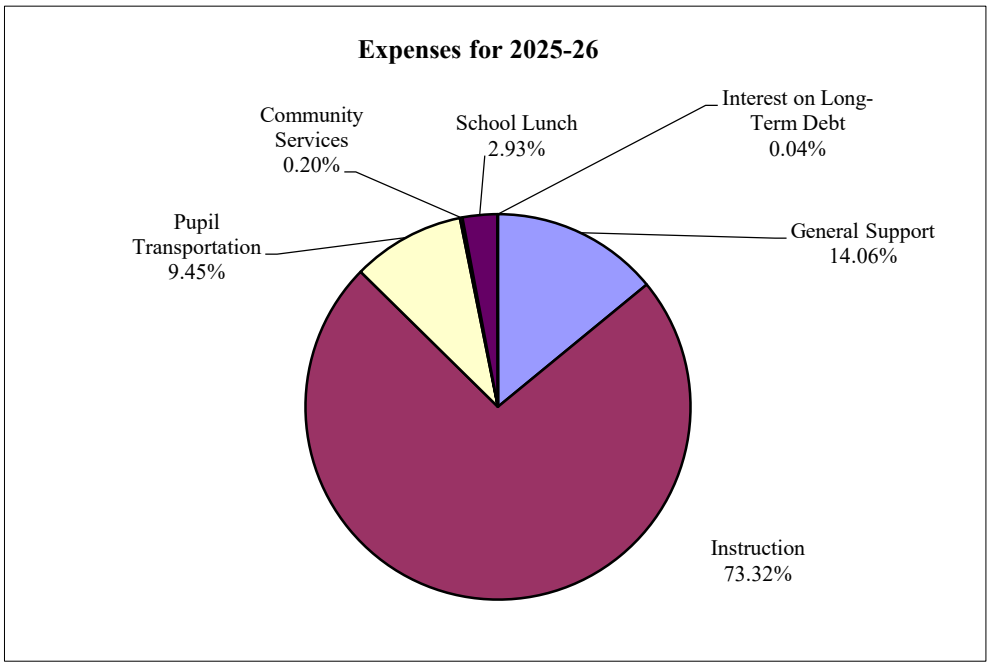
	Governmental Activities		Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
	2026	2025		
REVENUES:				
Program -				
Charges for Service	$ 603,934	$ 611,425	$ (7,491)	(1.23%)
Operating Grants & Contributions	14,952,247	14,032,942	919,305	6.55%
Total Program	$ 15,556,181	$ 14,644,367	$ 911,814	6.23%
General -				
Property Taxes	$ 101,086,777	$ 98,324,625	$ 2,762,152	2.81%
Non Property Taxes	7,791,147	7,660,706	130,441	1.70%
State and Federal Aid	71,146,346	63,234,254	7,912,092	12.51%
Investment Earnings	6,786,234	7,315,628	(529,394)	(7.24%)
Compensation for Loss	1,400,868	409,923	990,945	241.74%
Miscellaneous	1,690,001	3,627,686	(1,937,685)	(53.41%)
Total General	$ 189,901,373	$ 180,572,822	$ 9,328,551	5.17%
TOTAL REVENUES	**$ 205,457,554**	**$ 195,217,189**	**$ 10,240,365**	**5.25%**
EXPENSES:				
General Support	$ 24,623,764	$ 20,154,763	$ 4,469,001	22.17%
Instruction	128,365,652	127,583,114	782,538	0.61%
Pupil Transportation	16,553,518	15,528,356	1,025,162	6.60%
Community Services	357,802	378,167	(20,365)	(5.39%)
School Lunch	5,123,573	4,796,690	326,883	6.81%
Interest	77,653	98,024	(20,371)	(20.78%)
TOTAL EXPENSES	**$ 175,101,962**	**$ 168,539,114**	**$ 6,562,848**	**3.89%**
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	**$ 30,355,592**	**$ 26,678,075**		
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	244,206,477	217,528,402		
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	**$ 274,562,069**	**$ 244,206,477**		

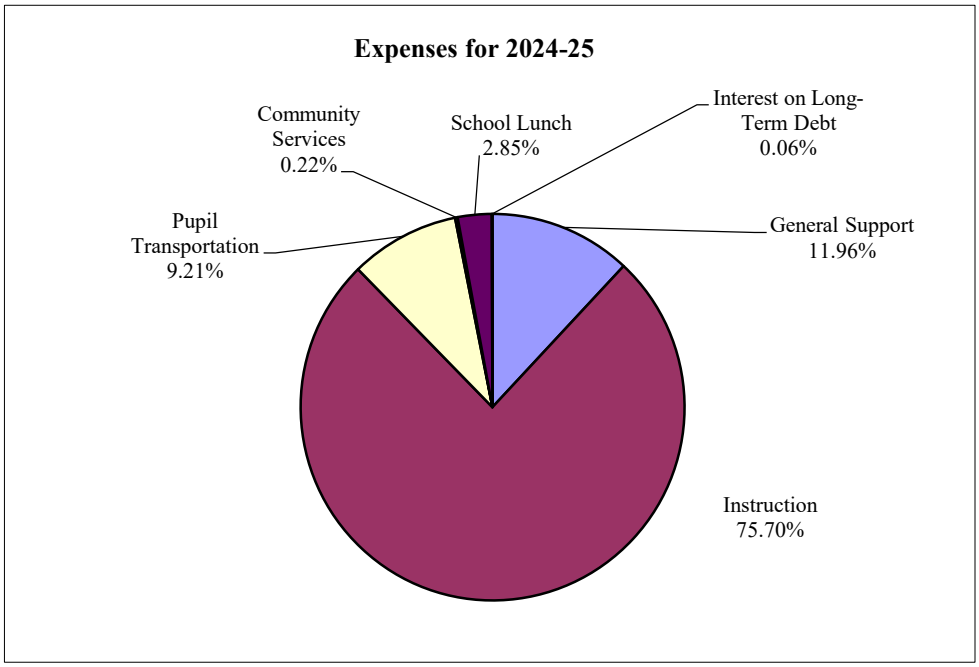
The District's governmental activities resulted in an overall increase in net position of $30,355,592 for fiscal year 2026, an increase of $3,677,517 compared with the prior year. Total revenues increased by $10.2 million, or 5.3%, to $205.5 million, with State and federal aid and property taxes continuing to provide the majority of the District's revenue. Property taxes accounted for approximately 49% of total revenues, while State and federal aid accounted for approximately 35%, with the remaining 16% derived from operating grants and contributions, charges for services, non-property taxes, investment earnings, compensation for loss, and miscellaneous revenues. The most significant revenue variance was State and federal aid, which increased $7,912,092, or 12.5%, primarily due to a $5,933,472 increase in Foundation Aid. This increase in State aid was a significant contributor to the improvement in the District's overall financial position during the fiscal year.

Total expenses increased $6.6 million, or 3.9%, to $175.1 million, with the most significant expenditure category continuing to be Instruction, which represented approximately 73% of total expenditures. Salaries and related employee costs represent the largest component of the District's instructional expenditures and are a primary factor influencing the annual operating budget, reflecting the personnel-intensive nature of providing educational programs and services. General Support expenditures increased $4,469,001, or 22.2%, primarily due to increased costs associated with central services, and represented approximately 14% of total expenditures. Other notable expenditure increases included pupil transportation of approximately $1.0 million and school lunch expenditures of approximately $327,000. The combination of revenue growth, particularly the increase in State aid, exceeding the growth in expenditures contributed to the $30.4 million increase in net position for the year.


Sources of Revenue for 2025-26
Compensation for Loss 0.68%
Miscellaneous 0.83%
Charges for Services 0.29%
Operating Grants & Contributions 7.28%
Investment earnings 3.30%
State and Federal Aid 34.63%
Non-Property Taxes 3.79%
Property Taxes 49.20%


Sources of Revenue for 2024-25
Compensation for Loss 0.21%
Miscellaneous 1.86%
Charges for Services 0.31%
Operating Grants & Contributions 7.19%
Investment earnings 3.75%
State and Federal Aid 32.39%
Non-Property Taxes 3.92%
Property Taxes 50.37%


Expenses for 2025-26
Community Services 0.20%
School Lunch 2.93%
Interest on Long-Term Debt 0.04%
Pupil Transportation 9.45%
General Support 14.06%
Instruction 73.32%


Expenses for 2024-25
Community Services 0.22%
School Lunch 2.85%
Interest on Long-Term Debt 0.06%
Pupil Transportation 9.21%
General Support 11.96%
Instruction 75.70%

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of $188,146,321 which is more than last year's ending fund balance of $166,014,638. The District reports three major governmental funds individually in the governmental funds financial statements. Those funds are the General Fund, the Capital Projects Fund, and Special Aid Fund.

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the General Fund was $127,669,972. Fund balance for the General Fund increased by $20,523,396 which is consistent with the prior year increase. As noted below the District allocated $18,129,286 into restricted reserve funds which included $3,068,212 in interest earnings and $12,805,674 into the voter approved capital reserve. See table below:

General Fund:	2026	2025	Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
Total Revenues	$ 188,244,835	$ 178,100,681	$ 10,144,154	5.70%
Total Expenditures	157,706,090	146,234,702	11,471,388	7.84%
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers-Out	10,015,349	10,885,425	(870,076)	(7.99%)
Change in Fund Balance	**$ 20,523,396**	**$ 20,980,554**	**$ (457,158)**	
Fund Balance				
Restricted	$ 112,965,457	$ 94,836,171	$ 18,129,286	19.12%
Assigned	7,224,515	5,145,015	2,079,500	40.42%
Unassigned	7,480,000	7,165,390	314,610	4.39%
Total Fund Balance	**$ 127,669,972**	**$ 107,146,576**	**$ 20,523,396**	

Restricted Fund Balance – is the largest component of fund balance, 67% relate to the capital reserves and 18% relate to the ERS and TRS reserve. A detail of the restricted reserves can be found in the footnotes to the financial statements.

Assigned Fund Balance – represents the smallest portion of fund balance consisting of encumbrances for items that have been ordered but not yet received.

Unassigned Fund Balance – increased 4.39% over the prior year and represents 4% of the subsequent years budget and is within the requirements of Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law. These funds are available for cash flow and unanticipated ordinary contingent expenditures.

Capital Projects Fund

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets, such as equipment. A Capital Projects Fund must be used if the acquisition or construction is financed in whole or in part from the proceeds of obligations, but may include funding from Federal, State and local sources. At the end of the current year, the total fund balance of the Capital Projects Fund was $57,724,831 and a summary of the projects can be found in the financial statements.

The largest component of the Capital Projects Fund is the balance in the 2023 voter approved building projects of which major construction on the various buildings will began summer of 2025. In addition, the District has $11,376,034 available for the purchase of buses. Fund balance for the Capital Projects Fund increased by $1,282,129 compared with the prior year. See table below:

Capital Projects Fund:	2026	2025	Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
Total Revenues	$ 1,933,548	$ 2,722,378	$ (788,830)	(28.98%)
Total Expenditures	8,677,907	6,171,140	2,506,767	40.62%
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers-In	8,026,488	8,924,658	(898,170)	(10.06%)
Change in Fund Balance	**$ 1,282,129**	**$ 5,475,896**	**$ (4,193,767)**	
Fund Balance				
Restricted	$ 57,724,831	$ 56,442,702	$ 1,282,129	2.27%
Total Fund Balance	**$ 57,724,831**	**$ 56,442,702**	**$ 1,282,129**	

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Special Aid Fund

The Special Aid Fund is a Special Revenue Fund used to account for and report special projects or programs supported in whole or in part by Federal funds or State-funded grants.

Special Aid Fund:	2026	2025	Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
Total Revenues	$ 10,172,001	$ 9,656,883	$ 515,118	5.33%
Total Expenditures	11,017,293	10,473,781	543,512	5.19%
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers-In	845,292	816,898	28,394	3.48%
Change in Fund Balance	**$ -**	**$ -**	**$ -**	

Overall the federal and state grants are consistent with the prior year and the larger federal programs are the Special Education Cluster totaling $2,475,032 and Title programs totaling $1,726,436. The most significant state funded programs are the Universal Pre-K Programs totaling $2,270,481, the Extended School Year totaling $1,756,475 and the State School for the Deaf totaling $1,22,048.

Significant Capital Asset and Long-Term Financing Activity

Significant Capital and Right to Use Assets

Capital assets are accounted for at historical (actual) cost or, if the cost is not practicably determinable, at estimated cost. The cost of the capital asset should include ancillary charges necessary to place the asset into use. Donated capital assets and capital assets acquired in a service concession arrangement should be recorded at acquisition value. Acquisition value is the price that would be paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential at the acquisition date, or the amount at which a liability could be liquidated with the counter party at the acquisition. Right to use assets (leases) are valued at the future minimum lease payment. By the end of the 2026 fiscal year, the District had invested $119,519,574 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, work in progress, buildings and improvements, and machinery and equipment and leased assets. The change in capital assets and leased assets, net of accumulated depreciation (capital assets) and amortization (leased assets), is reflected below:

	2026	2025	Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
Capital Assets:				
Land	$ 3,037,218	$ 3,037,218	$ -	0.00%
Work in Progress	7,113,893	1,941,711	5,172,182	266.37%
Buildings and Improvements	91,034,777	96,823,157	(5,788,380)	(5.98%)
Machinery and Equipment	14,215,597	12,688,947	1,526,650	12.03%
Total Capital Assets	**$ 115,401,485**	**$ 114,491,033**	**$ 910,452**	**0.80%**
Lease Assets:				
Equipment	$ 4,081,675	$ 3,629,142	$ 452,533	12.47%
Subscription IT Assets	36,414	48,696	(12,282)	(25.22%)
Total Lease Assets	**$ 4,118,089**	**$ 3,677,838**	**$ 440,251**	**11.97%**

As indicated above the District is beginning to spend funds on the 2025 building project which is reflected in work in progress. In addition, the District spent $3,497,147 for bus purchases during the year which is reflected in Machinery and Equipment (net of depreciation).

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-Term Financing Activity

At year end, the District had $57,233,360 in general obligation bonds and other long-term debt outstanding as follows:

Type	2026	2025	Total Variance	Total Percent Variance
Serial Bonds Payable	$ 2,145,000	$ 3,180,000	$ (1,035,000)	(32.55%)
OPEB Liability	48,755,686	47,557,588	1,198,098	2.52%
Net Pension Liability	2,822,805	8,175,477	(5,352,672)	(65.47%)
Retainage Payable	21,020	21,101	(81)	(0.38%)
Compensated Absences	3,488,849	3,995,594	(506,745)	(12.68%)
Total Long-Term Financing	**$ 57,233,360**	**$ 62,929,760**	**$ (5,696,400)**	**(9.05%)**

As indicated above the most significant long-term obligation is the Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability, while the decrease to the total obligations relates to debt repayment and the change to the NYS ERS pension obligation.

NYS ERS and TRS Pension Systems

All non-teaching and non-certified administrative employees of the District eligible for pension or retirement benefits under the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State are members of the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). In the District's 2026-27 budget, the appropriation for payments to ERS is $4,524,921.

Teachers and certified administrators are members of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS" and collectively with ERS, the "Retirement Systems"). Payments to the TRS are deducted from the District's State aid payments. In the District's 2026-27 budget, the appropriation for payments to TRS is $6,172,854.

The average contribution rate for the ERS for the 2025-26 fiscal year is 16.5%. The average contribution rate for the TRS for the 2025-26 fiscal year is 9.59%. The funding status of the ERS pension system as of March 31, 2025 indicates the System is funded at 93.08% while the TRS System is funded at 104%. As a result the Teachers Retirement System reports a net pension asset totaling $16,061,155

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The District and other municipal units of government in the State are prohibited from reducing health benefits received by or increasing health care contributions paid by retirees below the level of benefits or contributions afforded to or required from active employees.

OPEB consists primarily of health care benefits and may include other benefits such as disability benefits and life insurance. There is no authority in current State law to establish a trust account in order to fund any part of this liability, however, the District budgets and pays the actual costs relating to this expenditure in the General Fund.

Bond Rating

The underlying rating assigned to the School District by Moody's Investors Service, Inc., is an Aa2 rating, which was assigned in connection with the issuance by the School District of $9,125,000 School District Refunding (Serial) Bonds dated November 22, 2016, was affirmed on March 24, 2021, and was stated in the most recent Issuer Comment Report dated November 21, 2024.

More detailed information can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Currently Known Facts, Decision or Conditions

Employee Contracts

The District has the following significant employee contracts:

Contracts	Periods Covered
Teachers' Association	07-01-25/06-30-28
Administrators' Association	07-01-24/06-30-27
Administrative Support Personnel	07-01-25/06-30-28
Paraprofessionals	07-01-25/06-30-28
Bus Drivers	07-01-25/06-30-28
Facilities & Mechanics	07-01-22/06-30-26

The District has the following significant employee contracts: Teachers' Association, July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2028; Administrators' Association, July 1, 2024 through June 30, 2027; Administrative Support Personnel, July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2028; Paraprofessionals, July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2028; Bus Drivers, July 1, 2025 through June 30, 2028; and Facilities & Mechanics, July 1, 2026 through June 30, 2029. During fiscal year 2025-26, the District and the Facilities & Mechanics unit reached a tentative three-year agreement extending through June 30, 2029, which is currently in the final stage of edits and completion. Negotiations with the Administrators' Association are anticipated to begin during the winter/spring of fiscal year 2026-27.

Unemployment Rate

Unemployment statistics are not available for the District as such, smallest area for which such statistics are available (which includes the District) is Monroe County. The data set forth below with respect to the County.

Year	County Unemployment Rate	New York State Unemployment Rate	U.S. Unemployment Rate
2021	5.2%	4.1%	5.3%
2022	3.4%	4.3%	3.6%
2023	3.7%	4.2%	3.6%
2024	3.7%	4.3%	4.0%

Tax Levy Limitation Law

On June 24, 2011, Chapter 97 of the Laws of 2011 (herein referred to as the "Tax Levy Limit Law" or "Law") was signed by the Governor. The Tax Levy Limit Law modifies current law by imposing a limit on the amount of real property taxes that a school district may levy. The Law will affect school district tax levies for the school district financial year beginning July 1, 2012. On April 12, 2019 the enacted State budget legislation for fiscal year 2020 made the Tax Levy Limitation Law permanent.

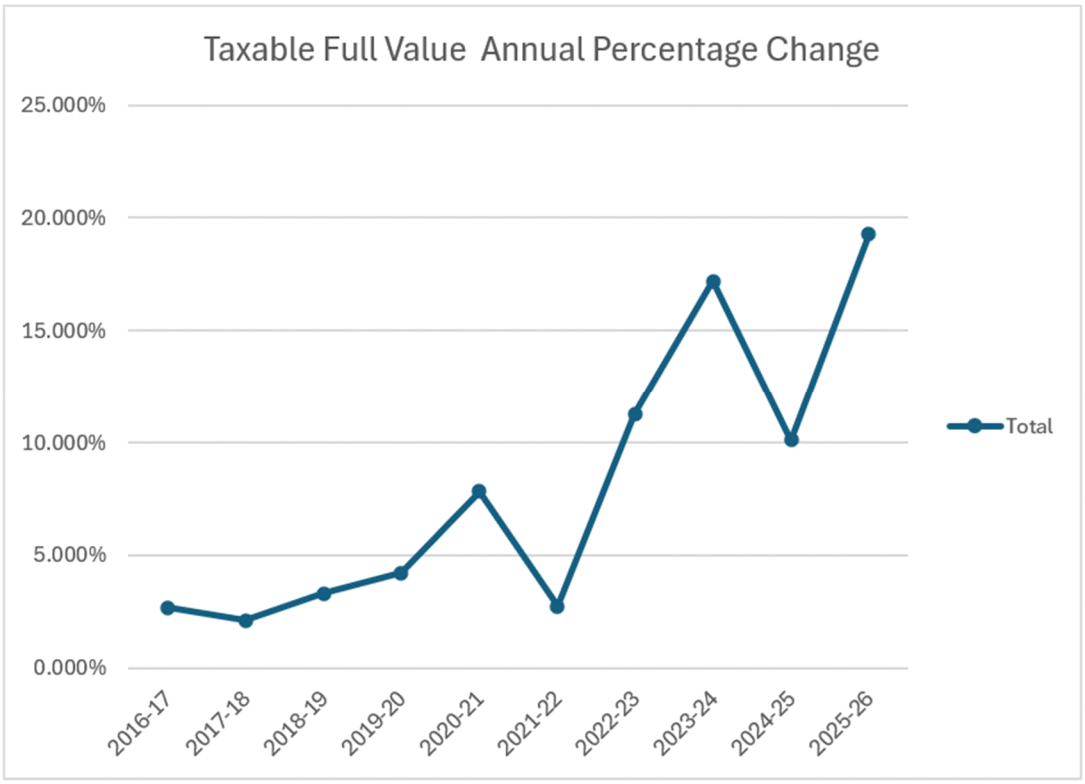
Prior to the enactment of the Law, there was no statutory limitation on the amount of real property taxes that a school district could levy if its budget had been approved by a simple majority of its voters. In the event the budget had been defeated by the voters, the school district was required to adopt a contingency budget. Under a contingency budget, school budget increases were limited to the lesser of four percent (4%) of the prior year's budget or one hundred twenty percent (120%) of the consumer price index ("CPI").

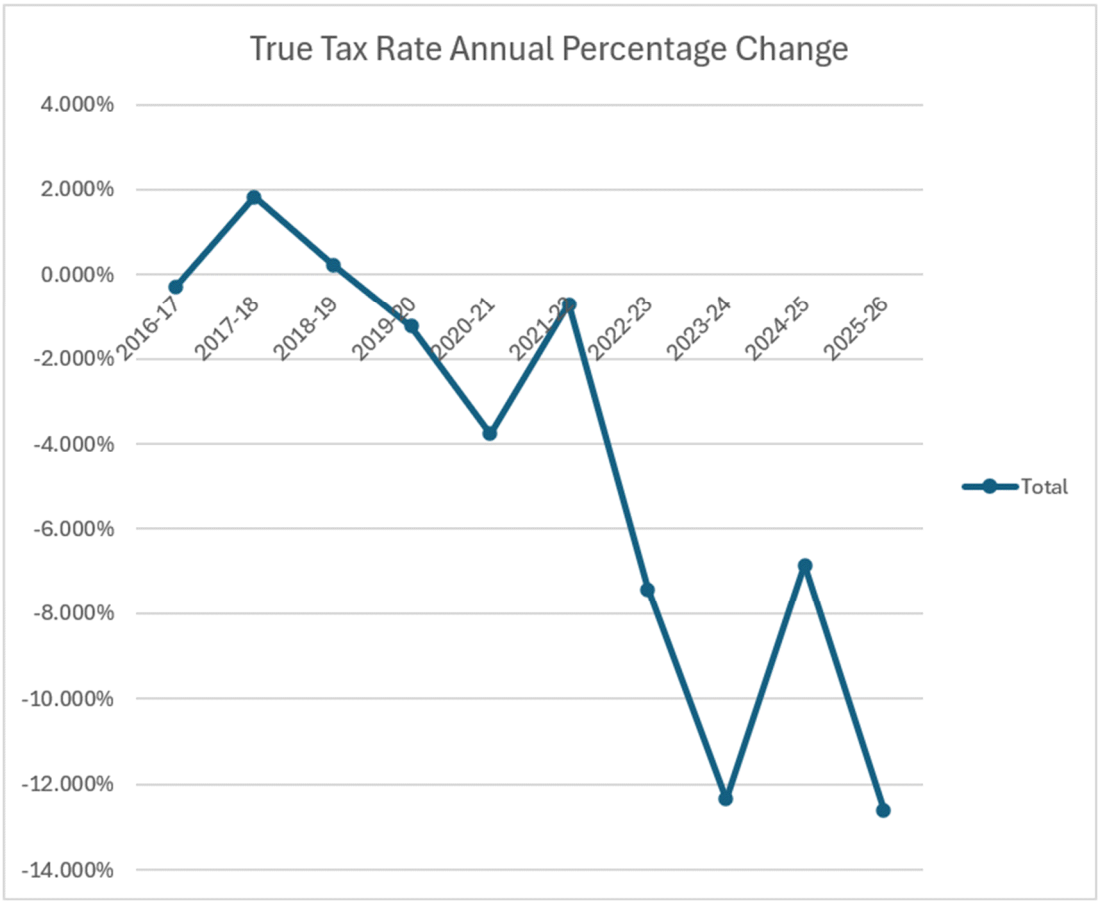
The Tax Levy Limit Law imposed a limitation on the amount of tax levy growth from one fiscal year to the next. Such limitation is the lesser of (i) 2% or (ii) the annual percentage increase in the consumer price index, as described in the Law. Tax levies that do not exceed such limit will require approval by at least 50% of the voters. Approval by at least 60% of the voters will be required for a tax levy in excess of the limit. In the event the voters reject the tax levy, the school district's tax levy for the ensuing fiscal year may not exceed the amount of the tax levy for the prior fiscal year, without any stated exceptions.

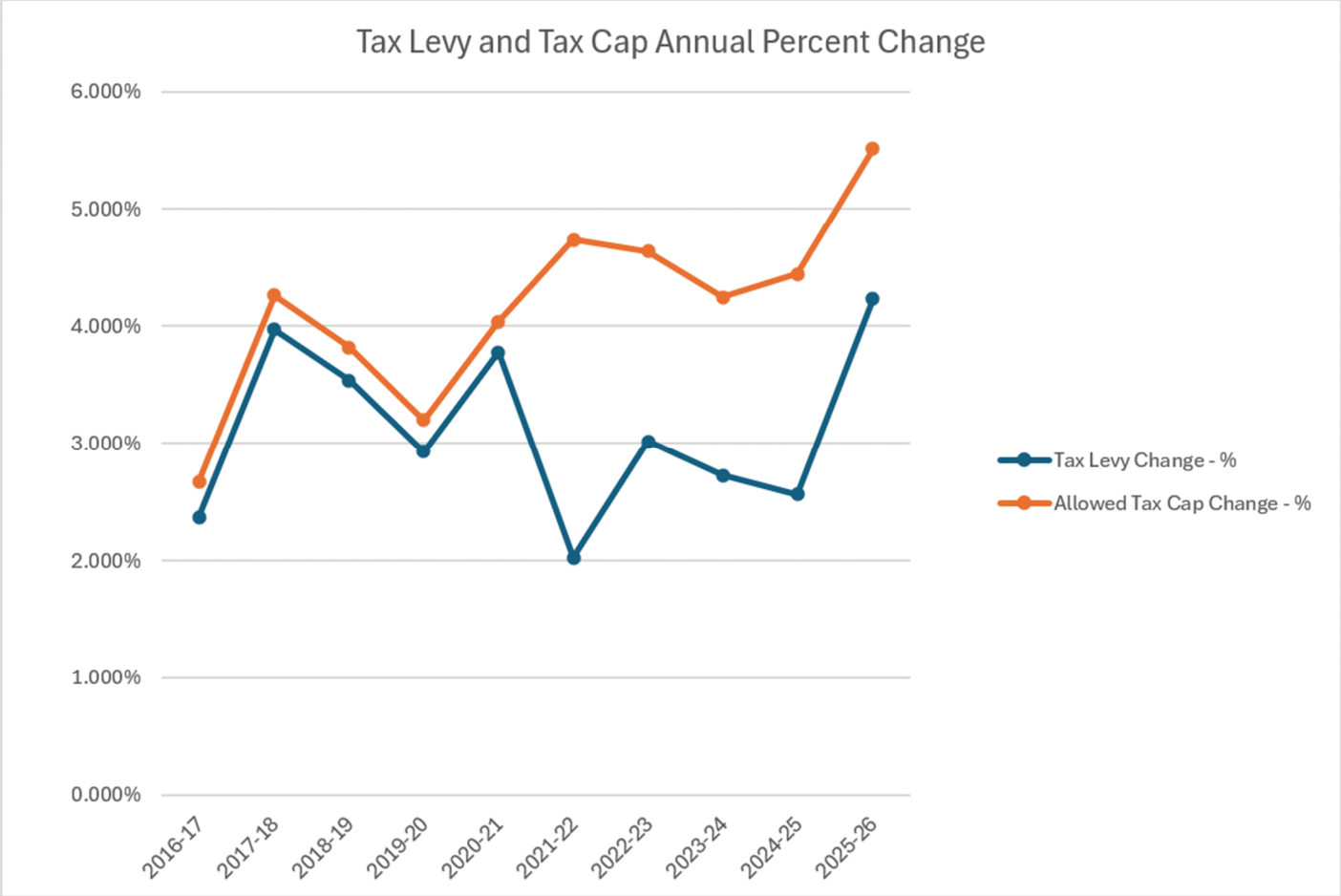
The Law sets forth several exceptions to the tax levy limit for school districts. These include taxes to pay the local share of debt service on voter approved capital expenditures, certain pension cost increases, and other items enumerated in the Law. School districts will be permitted to carry forward a certain portion of their unused tax levy limitation from a prior year.

The Law provides an express exception from the limitation for those taxes to be levied to pay the local share of debt service on voter approved capital expenditures. However, Such exception would not apply to taxes to be levied commencing in the 2012-13 fiscal year of a school district to pay debt service on tax anticipation notes, revenue anticipation notes, budget notes and deficiency notes; and any obligations issued to finance deficits and certain judgements, including tax certiorari payments.

Summary of Change in Tax Levy, Tax Cap, True Tax Rate, and Taxable Full Valuation







Over the past several years, the District's taxable full valuation has experienced significant growth, particularly in the most recent fiscal years. Taxable full valuation increased at an annual rate of approximately 2%–8% during 2016-17 through 2021-22, followed by substantially stronger growth beginning in 2022-23. The annual increase was approximately 11.2% in 2022-23, 17.2% in 2023-24, 10.1% in 2024-25, and 19.3% in 2025-26. This growth reflects a significant expansion of the District's taxable property base and provides additional capacity to support the District's tax levy without producing a corresponding increase in the tax rate. At the same time, the District continues to operate within the requirements of New York State's property tax cap, which establishes the maximum allowable annual growth in the property tax levy subject to statutory exclusions and adjustments. The tax levy therefore remains an important component of the District's annual budget development process, balancing the need to fund educational programs and services with the statutory limitations on property tax growth.

The relationship between taxable full valuation and the District's true tax rate is particularly notable. Despite continued increases in the tax levy necessary to support District operations, the true tax rate has generally declined in recent years as taxable property values have increased. The true tax rate declined approximately 7.4% in 2022-23, 12.3% in 2023-24, 6.9% in 2024-25, and 12.6% in 2025-26. The substantial growth in taxable full valuation has therefore helped moderate the tax rate paid on each dollar of taxable property, even as the District continues to raise revenues through the property tax levy. These trends provide the District with a stronger taxable base and are an important consideration in long-term financial planning; however, valuation growth does not eliminate the need to carefully manage expenditures, as the District must continue to fund increasing costs associated with employee compensation, health insurance, special education, transportation, facilities, and other educational services while remaining within the property tax cap and maintaining fiscal sustainability.

2026-27 Budgetary Information

On May 19, 2026, the voters of the District approved the proposed 2026-27 budget totaling $ 187,000,000. The overall expenditure budget increased 4.39 %, while the local tax levy increased 2.17 % which is within the property tax cap.

Administrative Component: 10.8% of Budget

The Administrative Component provides for overall general support and management activities, including business office operations, payroll, purchasing, general administration, personnel, legal, and auditing services. Cost for administration and supervision of each of the district's schools is also included in this component.

Function or Account	2025-2026	2026-2027	Increase/(Decrease)
Board of Education	150,181	202,090	51,909
Central Administration	733,520	765,698	32,178
Finance	903,995	972,459	68,464
Legal Services	215,000	221,450	6,450
Personnel	823,766	958,941	135,175
Public Information	284,018	306,502	22,484
Other Central Services	1,810,121	1,863,859	53,738
Other Special Items	1,560,987	1,607,817	46,830
Curriculum Development & Sup.	2,782,200	3,083,754	301,554
Supervision-Regular School	4,036,010	4,369,144	333,134
Supervision-Special School	339,786	462,332	122,546
Research, Evaluation & Planning	658,663	691,000	32,337
Employee Benefits*	5,310,664	4,660,188	(650,476)
TOTALS	**$19,608,912**	**$20,165,234**	**$556,323**

Program Component: 74.4% of Budget

The Program Component provides funding for the instruction of and educational support services for the district's students. Programs are offered in four primary buildings, two intermediate buildings, two junior high schools, and one high school. Funds are also included in this component for transporting students.

Function or Account	2025-2026	2026-2027	Increase/(Decrease)
Instruction	85,226,407	92,132,492	6,906,083
In-Service Training	1,288,324	1,302,835	14,511
District Transportation	9,725,051	10,138,924	413,873
Garage Building	246,488	253,119	6,631
BOCES Transportation	1,712,366	1,987,737	275,371
Community Services	408,846	325,252	(83,594)
Employee Benefits*	36,577,533	32,022,274	(4,555,259)
Other Transfers	1,000,000	1,000,000	0
TOTALS	**$136,185,016**	**$139,162,633**	**$2,977,616**

Capital Component: 14.8% of Budget

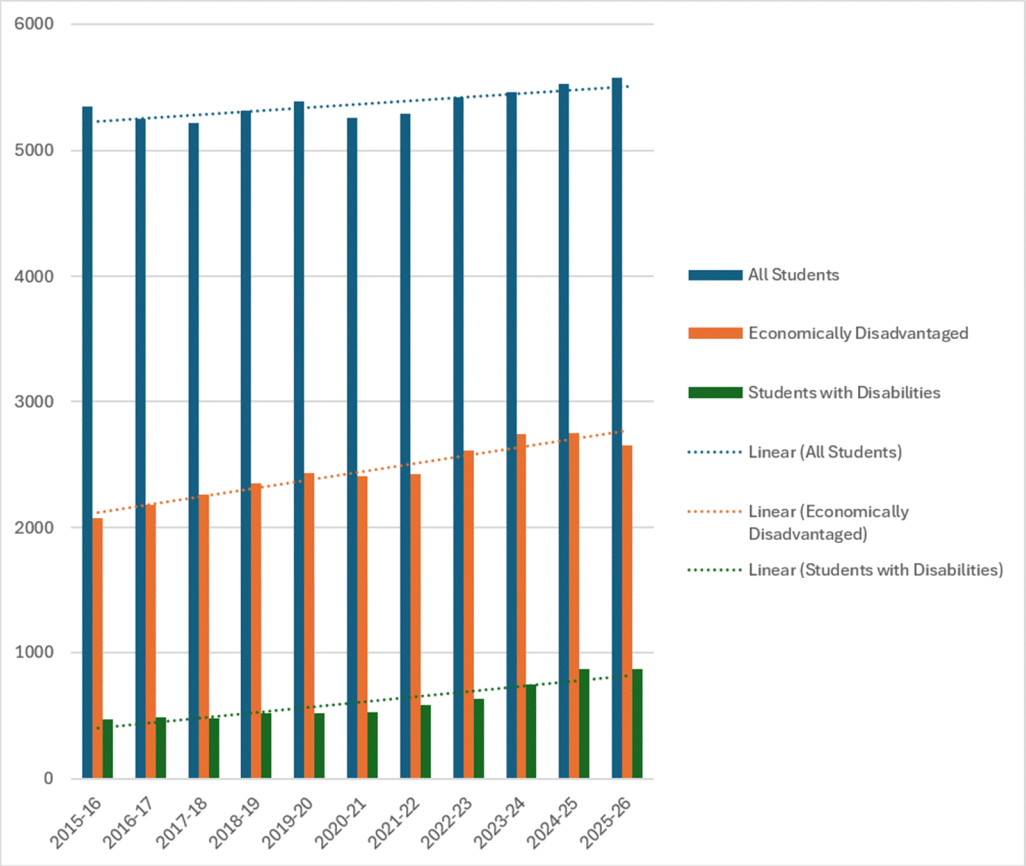
The Capital Component pays for maintaining buildings, for upkeep of property, and for electricity, gas heat, oil, water, sewer, telephone services, and transfers to capital for buildings and grounds renovations. Funds are also included for debt service payments on capital projects and refund of taxes for claims against property assessments.

Function or Account	2025-2026	2026-2027	Increase/(Decrease)
Operation of Plant	7,440,975	7,714,367	273,392
Maintenance of Plant	3,706,311	3,885,953	179,642
Refund of Taxes	215,000	221,450	6,450
Other Special Items	322,986	332,676	9,690
Employee Benefits	2,485,484	6,401,112	3,915,628
Transfer to Capital	8,026,488	8,000,000	(26,488)
Debt Service	1,143,569	1,116,575	(26,994)
TOTALS	**$23,340,813**	**$27,672,133**	**$4,331,320**
GRAND TOTAL	**$179,134,741**	**$187,000,000**	**$7,865,259**

Enrollment Information

The school district enrollment also impacts the budget process. The following graphs highlight some of the key District trends:

District Students: K-12 Total Enrollment, Economically Disadvantaged and Students with Disabilities Trends 2015-16 to 2025-26

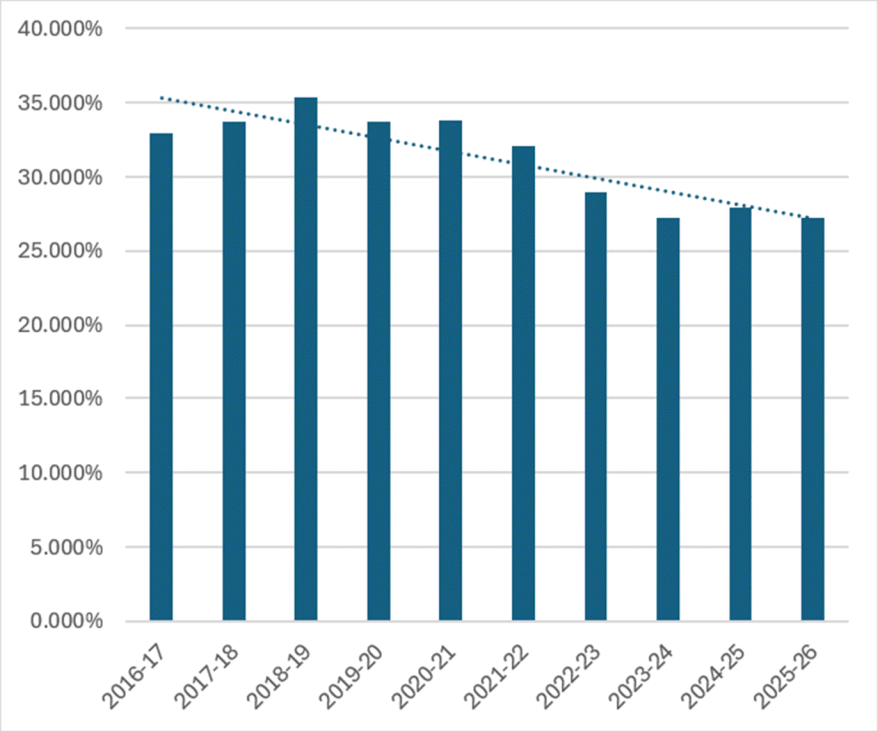


Over the past decade, Rush-Henrietta Central School District has experienced a modest overall increase in enrollment, with total students increasing from approximately 5,300 in 2015-16 to approximately 5,600 in 2025-26. Following a period of relatively stable or declining enrollment through 2020-21, enrollment has generally increased each year, reaching its highest level in the period presented during 2025-26. Of particular significance is the changing composition of the student population. Economically disadvantaged students increased from approximately 2,100 students in 2015-16 to approximately 2,650 in 2025-26, while students with disabilities increased from approximately 450 to approximately 850 during the same period. These trends indicate that the District is serving a growing number of students with additional educational and support needs, which has implications for staffing, instructional programming, student services, and other operating expenditures.

From a financial perspective, changes in enrollment and student demographics are important factors in the District's long-term budget planning and State aid outlook. New York State's school aid formulas generally provide additional funding based on student enrollment and recognize the additional educational costs associated with certain student populations, including students with disabilities and English language learners. Accordingly, growth in overall enrollment, coupled with increases in students requiring additional services, can result in increased State aid revenues; however, the timing and level of such aid may not fully offset the costs associated with providing the required programs and services. The District will continue to monitor enrollment trends, changes in student needs, and State aid projections as part of its annual budget development process, while balancing the additional resources available through State aid with the ongoing instructional, staffing, and support costs associated with a changing student population.

Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The chart below shows the total OPEB obligation as a percentage to the General Fund budget.



The District's Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) obligation, primarily related to health insurance benefits provided to eligible retirees, continues to represent a significant long-term financial commitment. The District participates in the Rochester Area Health Plans consortium, which provides an opportunity for participating school districts to collectively manage health insurance programs and pursue competitive pricing and plan options. The consortium periodically conducts a competitive marketing and Request for Proposal (RFP) process to evaluate available health insurance carriers, plan designs, provider networks, and costs, providing participating districts with an opportunity to manage and control the growth of health insurance expenditures for both active employees and retirees. Rush-Henrietta continues to monitor these options and evaluates plan design and contribution strategies as part of its overall approach to managing OPEB costs. The District has also made available plan options, including Health Savings Account and other consumer-directed health plan arrangements, that provide opportunities to manage health care costs while maintaining appropriate coverage for employees and retirees. As health care costs continue to be a significant component of the District's budget, the District will continue to participate in the consortium's competitive review and marketing activities and evaluate available alternatives to maintain quality health coverage while responsibly managing the long-term financial impact of OPEB.

Zero Emission Vehicle Mandate

New York State's zero-emission school bus mandate (Education Law §3638) requires all public school districts, as well as any contracted transportation providers, to transition to fully zero-emission (primarily electric) school bus fleets over time. Under the law, districts must ensure that all new school bus purchases or leases meet zero-emission standards by the applicable deadline (originally July 1, 2027, with recent updates extending to approximately 2032) and must include the same requirement in transportation service contracts. In addition, districts are required to phase out all gasoline and diesel buses so that, by the final statutory deadline (originally July 1, 2035, with potential extension to 2040), only zero-emission buses are operated and maintained. The law also includes procurement provisions such as domestic manufacturing requirements and permits limited waivers for interim compliance challenges, while maintaining the ultimate conversion requirement. To support implementation, the State has established significant funding programs, including the NYSERDA School Bus Incentive Program funded in part by the Environmental Bond Act, which provides financial assistance for electric bus purchases, charging infrastructure, and fleet electrification planning.

Pre-K Program

The District operates a Universal Prekindergarten (UPK) program in accordance with New York State Education Department requirements and maintains compliance with applicable State budget and program requirements. During the 2025-26 fiscal year, the District appropriately budgeted and utilized resources supporting its Prekindergarten program. The District will continue to monitor enrollment, expenditures, and State funding to ensure that program costs remain within approved budgets and comply with applicable State requirements.

New York State has made a significant commitment to expanding access to Universal Prekindergarten. Beginning with the 2026-27 school year, the enacted State budget provides an additional $431 million for UPK, establishes a single funding structure, increases per-pupil funding for four-year-old students, and provides all school districts with access to UPK funding. The new funding structure also allows districts to expand the number of UPK seats without applying for a competitive NYSED grant, providing additional flexibility for districts to increase access to early learning opportunities.

These changes are expected to provide opportunities for the Rush-Henrietta Central School District to evaluate and potentially expand its Prekindergarten programming and services as community needs, enrollment, and available State funding develop. The District will continue to monitor State budget actions and NYSED guidance over the next several years and will evaluate opportunities to enhance access to high-quality early childhood education while maintaining fiscal responsibility and compliance with program requirements. New York State has established a goal of making high-quality Prekindergarten seats available to all four-year-olds statewide by the beginning of the 2028-29 school year.

Contacting the School District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the following:

Rush-Henrietta Central School District
Parker Administration Building
2034 Lehigh Station Road
Henrietta, New York 14467

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2026

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 40,461,481
Investments	157,483,050
Accounts receivable (net)	12,491,927
Inventories	113,983
Net pension asset	16,061,155
Capital Assets:	
Land	3,037,218
Work in progress	7,113,893
Other capital assets (net of depreciation)	109,368,463
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 346,131,170
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows of resources	$ 28,923,316
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	$ 992,718
Accrued liabilities	2,456,580
Unearned revenues	1,027,944
Due to other governments	182
Due to teachers' retirement system	6,115,985
Due to employees' retirement system	1,256,476
Other Liabilities	9,746,341
Long-Term Obligations:	
Due in one year	1,464,504
Due in more than one year	55,768,856
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 78,829,586
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows of resources	$ 21,662,831
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	$ 117,353,554
Restricted For:	
Capital projects	57,724,831
Reserve for employee retirement system	15,383,244
Capital reserves	75,657,930
Other purposes	22,682,973
Unrestricted	(14,240,463)
TOTAL NET POSITION	**$ 274,562,069**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues: Charges for Services	Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities
Primary Government -				
General support	$ 24,623,764	$ -	$ -	$ (24,623,764)
Instruction	128,365,652	361,728	10,172,001	(117,831,923)
Pupil transportation	16,553,518	-	-	(16,553,518)
Community services	357,802	-	-	(357,802)
School lunch	5,123,573	242,206	4,780,246	(101,121)
Interest	77,653	-	-	(77,653)
Total Primary Government	**$ 175,101,962**	**$ 603,934**	**$ 14,952,247**	$ (159,545,781)

General Revenues:	
Property taxes	$ 101,086,777
Non property taxes	7,791,147
State and federal aid	71,146,346
Investment earnings	6,786,234
Compensation for loss	1,400,868
Miscellaneous	1,690,001
Total General Revenues	$ 189,901,373
Changes in Net Position	$ 30,355,592
Net Position, Beginning of Year	244,206,477
Net Position, End of Year	**$ 274,562,069**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Balance Sheet

Governmental Funds

June 30, 2026

	General Fund	Special Aid Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS					
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 25,179,804	$ 1,833,083	$ 11,186,054	$ 2,262,540	$ 40,461,481
Investments	110,614,081	-	46,723,875	145,094	157,483,050
Receivables (net)	7,788,759	4,148,028	-	555,140	12,491,927
Inventories	-	-	-	113,983	113,983
Due from other funds	5,373,278	81,191	-	-	5,454,469
TOTAL ASSETS	**$ 148,955,922**	**$ 6,062,302**	**$ 57,909,929**	**$ 3,076,757**	**$ 216,004,910**
LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES					
Liabilities -					
Accounts payable	$ 741,958	$ 54,034	$ 185,098	$ 11,628	$ 992,718
Accrued liabilities	2,282,375	121,935	-	49,913	2,454,223
Due to other funds	29,175	5,212,802	-	212,492	5,454,469
Due to other governments	-	-	-	182	182
Due to TRS	6,115,985	-	-	-	6,115,985
Due to ERS	1,256,476	-	-	-	1,256,476
Other liabilities	9,746,341	-	-	-	9,746,341
Unearned revenue	303,389	673,531	-	51,024	1,027,944
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 20,475,699	$ 6,062,302	$ 185,098	$ 325,239	$ 27,048,338
Deferred Inflows -					
Deferred inflows of resources	$ 810,251	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 810,251
Fund Balances -					
Nonspendable	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 113,983	$ 113,983
Restricted	112,965,457	-	57,724,831	758,690	171,448,978
Assigned	7,224,515	-	-	1,878,845	9,103,360
Unassigned	7,480,000	-	-	-	7,480,000
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	$ 127,669,972	$ -	$ 57,724,831	$ 2,751,518	$ 188,146,321
TOTAL LIABILITIES DEFERRED INFLOWS AND FUND BALANCES	**$ 148,955,922**	**$ 6,062,302**	**$ 57,909,929**	**$ 3,076,757**	

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:	
Capital assets/right to use assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	119,519,574
Interest is accrued on outstanding bonds in the statement of net position but not in the funds.	(2,357)
The following long-term obligations are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:	
Serial bonds payable	(2,145,000)
OPEB liability	(48,755,686)
Retainage payable	(21,020)
Compensated absences	(3,488,849)
Net pension asset	16,061,155
Deferred outflow - pension	24,816,955
Deferred outflow - OPEB	4,106,361
Net pension liability	(2,822,805)
Deferred inflow - pension	(18,335,185)
Deferred inflow - OPEB	(2,517,395)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	**$ 274,562,069**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	General Fund	Special Aid Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
Real property taxes and tax items	$ 101,086,777	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 101,086,777
Non-property taxes	7,791,147	-	-	-	7,791,147
Charges for services	361,728	-	-	-	361,728
Use of money and property	4,803,274	-	1,933,548	49,412	6,786,234
Sale of property and compensation for loss	1,400,868	-	-	-	1,400,868
Miscellaneous	1,654,695	1,515,180	-	35,306	3,205,181
State sources	70,906,525	4,455,353	-	1,439,146	76,801,024
Federal sources	239,821	4,201,468	-	3,341,100	7,782,389
Sales	-	-	-	242,206	242,206
TOTAL REVENUES	$ 188,244,835	$ 10,172,001	$ 1,933,548	$ 5,107,170	$ 205,457,554
EXPENDITURES					
General support	$ 20,394,342	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ 20,394,342
Instruction	87,611,453	9,415,530	-	-	97,026,983
Pupil transportation	10,794,263	377,641	3,497,147	-	14,669,051
Community services	303,103	-	-	-	303,103
Employee benefits	38,602,929	1,224,122	-	880,948	40,707,999
Debt service - principal	-	-	-	1,035,000	1,035,000
Debt service - interest	-	-	-	78,569	78,569
Cost of sales	-	-	-	2,363,701	2,363,701
Other expenses	-	-	-	1,566,363	1,566,363
Capital outlay	-	-	5,180,760	-	5,180,760
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$ 157,706,090	$ 11,017,293	$ 8,677,907	$ 5,924,581	$ 183,325,871
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ 30,538,745	$ (845,292)	$ (6,744,359)	$ (817,411)	$ 22,131,683
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
Transfers - in	$ -	$ 845,292	$ 8,026,488	$ 1,143,569	$ 10,015,349
Transfers - out	(10,015,349)	-	-	-	(10,015,349)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	$ (10,015,349)	$ 845,292	$ 8,026,488	$ 1,143,569	$ -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ 20,523,396	$ -	$ 1,282,129	$ 326,158	$ 22,131,683
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	107,146,576	-	56,442,702	2,425,360	166,014,638
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	**$ 127,669,972**	**$ -**	**$ 57,724,831**	**$ 2,751,518**	**$ 188,146,321**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS			$ 22,131,683
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The following are the amounts by which capital outlays and additions of assets in excess depreciation in the current period:			
	Capital Outlay	$ 5,180,760	
	Additions to Assets, Net	7,460,962	
	Depreciation and Amortization	(11,291,019)	
			1,350,703
Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term obligations in the Statement of Net Position. The following details these items as they effect the governmental activities:			
	Debt Repayments		1,035,000
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.			917
The retainage payable does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.			81
The net OPEB liability does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as an expenditure in the governmental funds.			(859,636)
(Increase) decrease in proportionate share of net pension asset/liability reported in the Statement of Activities do not provide for or require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenues or expenditures in the governmental funds			
	Teachers' Retirement System		6,306,145
	Employees' Retirement System		(116,046)
In the Statement of Activities, vacation pay, teachers' retirement incentive and judgments and claims are measured by the amount accrued during the year. In the governmental funds, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount actually paid. The following provides the differences of these items as presented in the governmental activities:			
	Compensated Absences		506,745
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			**$ 30,355,592**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Statement of Fiduciary Net Position

June 30, 2026

	Custodial Funds
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 204,100
TOTAL ASSETS	$ 204,100
NET POSITION	
Restricted for individuals, organizations and other governments	$ 204,100
TOTAL NET POSITION	**$ 204,100**

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS	
Student activity	$ 354,555
TOTAL ADDITIONS	$ 354,555
DEDUCTIONS	
Student activity	$ 356,598
TOTAL DEDUCTIONS	$ 356,598
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	$ (2,043)
NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR	206,143
NET POSITION, END OF YEAR	**$ 204,100**

(See accompanying notes to financial statements)

I. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York (the District) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The reporting entity of the District is based upon criteria set forth by GASB Statement 14, *The Financial Reporting Entity*, as amended by GASB Statement 39, *Component Units* and GASB Statement No. 61, *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, the following is a brief review of certain entities included in the District's reporting entity.

1. Extraclassroom Activity Funds

The extraclassroom activity funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions, and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's business office**.** The District accounts for assets held as an agency for various student organizations in an Custodial Fund.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County (Monroe I BOCES). The BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that shares planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component.

BOCES are organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950(6)). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES' budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component school district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, Section 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year, the District was billed $18,704,620 for BOCES administrative and program costs.

The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to $4,837,387.

Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative office.

C. Basis of Presentation

1. District-wide Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present financial information about the District's governmental activities. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government in its entirety, except those that are fiduciary. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and non-exchange transactions. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants, while the capital grants column reflects capital specific grants.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expenses, principally employee benefits, are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

2. Fund Statements

The fund statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category (governmental and fiduciary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following governmental funds:

a. Major Governmental Funds –

General Fund - This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial transactions that are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects Fund - Used to account for the acquisition construction or major repair of capital facilities or the purchase of buses.

Special Aid Fund - This fund accounts for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, such as federal and state grants, that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed either by governments that provide the funds, or by outside parties.

b. **Nonmajor Governmental Funds -** The other funds which are not considered major are aggregated and reported as nonmajor governmental funds as follows:

School Lunch Fund - Used to account for transactions of the District's lunch, breakfast and milk programs.

Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund – used to account for and report those revenues that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes.

Debt Service Fund - This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations for governmental activities.

c. **Fiduciary Funds -** Fiduciary activities are those in which the District acts as trustee or agent for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the District-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used.

Custodial Funds - These funds are strictly custodial in nature and do not involve the measurement of results of operations. Assets are held by the District as agent for various student groups or extraclassroom activity funds and for payroll or employee withholding.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as current financial resources or economic resources. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The District-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants and donations. On an accrual basis revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within one year after the end of the fiscal year.

Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

E. Property Taxes

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board of Education no later than September 1, and become a lien on August 12, 2025. Taxes are collected during the period September 1 to October 31, 2025.

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Monroe (the County), in which the District is located. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than the forthcoming April 1.

F. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these notes.

G. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowing. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include the transfer of expenditures and revenues to provide financing or other services.

In the District-wide statements, the amounts reported on the Statement of Net Position for interfund receivables and payables represent amounts due between different fund types (governmental activities and fiduciary funds). Eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables may be netted on the accompanying governmental funds balance sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

Refer to Note V for a detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, expenditures, and revenues activity.

H. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including computation of encumbrances, compensated absences, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of long-lived assets.

I. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

New York State Law governs the District's investment policies. Resources must be deposited in FDIC-insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the State. Permissible investments include obligations of the United States Treasury, United States Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its agencies and obligations of the State and its municipalities and Districts.

(I.) (Continued)

J. Investments

The District participates in the New York Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System (NYCLASS) local government investment pool. NYCLASS measures its investments at fair value in accordance with Paragraph 41 of GASB Statement 79 and Paragraph 11 of GASB Statement 31, and therefore a participant's investment in NYCLASS is not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy for purposes of 81a(2) of GASB Statement 72.

K. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable.

An allowance for uncollectible accounts has been provided for certain amounts that may not be collectible in sixty days.

In addition, the District will report a receivable relating to a lease arrangement. The receivable is recorded at the present value of the future payments and recognized over the life of the lease.

L. Inventory and Prepaid Items

Inventories of food and/or supplies for school lunch are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase and are considered immaterial in amount.

Prepaid items represent payments made by the District for which benefits extend beyond year end. These payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the District-wide and fund financial statements. These items are reported as assets on the Statement of Net Position or balance sheet using the consumption method. A current asset for the prepaid amounts is recorded at the time of purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods or services are consumed.

M. Capital Assets

In the District-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization threshold by type of assets is as follows:

Class	Capitalization Threshold	Depreciation Method	Estimated Useful Life
Buildings	$ 50,000	SL	15-50 Years
Machinery and Equipment	$ 5,000	SL	5-25 Years

The investment in infrastructure type assets have not been segregated for reporting purposes since all costs associated with capital projects are consolidated and reported as additions to buildings and improvements.

N. Right to Use Assets

The District-wide financial statements, right-to-use-assets are reported within the major class of the underlying asset and valued at the future minimum lease payment. Amortization is between 3 and 5 years based on the contract terms and/or estimated replacement of the assets.

O. Unearned Revenue

The District reports unearned revenues on its Statement of Net Position and its Balance Sheet. On the Statement of Net Position, unearned revenue arises when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when the District has legal claim to resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed and revenue is recognized.

P. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until that time.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Q. Vested Employee Benefits

1. Compensated Absences

The District, based on policy and/or various negotiated labor or employment contracts, recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that:

(a) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees.
(b) has accumulated and is allowed to be carried over into subsequent years.
(c) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled (for example paid in cash to the employee or as a payment to an employee flex spending account) during or upon separation from employment.

Based on the criteria listed, only vacation leave, sick leave and sick leave banks meet the qualifications to be recognized as a liability for compensated absences. The total long-term estimated liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the District-wide financial statements. The short-term liability for compensated absences is recorded in the governmental funds only if the liability has matured because of employee resignations or retirements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related benefits, where applicable.

Consistent with GASB Statement 101, Compensated Absences, the liability has been calculated using the more likely than not to be used as leave or settled at separation method with the compensated absences liability being calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year end.

R. Other Benefits

District employees participate in the New York State Employees' Retirement System and the New York State Teachers' Retirement System.

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides post-employment health coverage to retired employees in accordance with the provision of various employment contracts in effect at the time of retirement. Substantially all of the District's employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Health care benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits may be shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure.

S. Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

Payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the District-wide financial statements. In the governmental funds, payables and accrued liabilities are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources. Claims and judgments, other postemployment benefits payable and compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the funds' financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment in the current year. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due.

Long-term obligations represent the District's future obligations or future economic outflows. The liabilities are reported as due in one year or due within more than one year in the Statement of Net Position.

T. Equity Classifications

1. District-wide Statements

In the District-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

a. Net Investment in Capital Assets - consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisition, constructions or improvements of those assets.

b. Restricted Net Position - reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

On the Statement of Net Position, the following balances represent the restricted for other purposes:

	Total
Workers' Compensation Reserve	$ 4,319,252
Unemployment Costs	845,287
Retirement Contribution - TRS	5,340,738
Insurance Reserve	3,324,059
Tax Certiorari Reserve	4,165,004
Scholarships	190,838
Debt Service Reserve	567,852
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	3,929,943
Total Net Position - Restricted for Other Purposes	**$ 22,682,973**

c. **Unrestricted Net Position** - reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications . The reported deficit of $14,240,463 at year end is the result of full implementation of GASB #75 regarding retiree health obligations and the New York State Pension system unfunded pension obligation.

2. Fund Statements

In the fund basis statements there are five classifications of fund balance:

a. **Nonspendable Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance includes $104,355 of inventory in the School Lunch Fund.

b. **Restricted Fund Balances** – Includes amounts with constraints placed on the use of resources either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. All encumbrances of funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Capital Reserve - According to Education Law §3651, must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditures may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. The Reserve is accounted for in the General Fund under restricted fund balance. Year end balances are as follows:

Name of Reserve	Maximum Funding	Total Funding Provided	Total Year to Date Balance
2016 Bus Reserve	$ 12,000,000	$ 9,714,019	$ 7,873,699
2022 Capital Reserve	$ 20,000,000	$ 19,999,650	$ 18,271,903
2024 Capital Reserve	$ 25,000,000	$ 25,000,000	$ 26,256,756
2025 Capital Reserve	$ 25,000,000	$ 23,143,354	$ 23,255,572

In May 2026, district voters authorized the expenditure of up to $2,700,000 from the Bus Purchase Reserve which will be transferred this next fiscal year.

Reserve for Debt Service - According to General Municipal Law §6-1, the Reserve for Debt Service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of the sale. Also, earnings on project monies invested together with unused proceeds are reported here.

Teachers' Retirement Reserve – General Municipal Law §6-r was amended to include a Teachers' Retirement Reserve (TRS) sub-fund. The reserve has an annual funding limit of 2% of the prior year TRS salaries and a maximum cumulative total balance of 10% of the previous year's TRS salary.

Retirement Contribution Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-r, must be used financing retirement contributions. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.

Tax Certiorari Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §3651.1-a, must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari claims and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the reserve shall not exceed the amount which might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeding in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.

Unemployment Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-m, must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-p, must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefits due to an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.

Workers' Compensation Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-j, must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers' Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget.

Insurance Reserve - According to General Municipal Law §6-n, must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriation, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve, however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of $33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to $25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.

Encumbrances - Encumbrance accounting, under which purchase orders, contracts and other commitments of expenditures are recorded for budgetary control purposes in order to reserve applicable appropriations, is employed as a control in preventing over-expenditure of established appropriations. Open encumbrances are reported as restricted fund balance in all funds other than the General Fund and School Lunch Fund, since they do not constitute expenditures or liabilities and will be honored through budget appropriations in the subsequent year.

Restricted fund balances include the following:

	Total
General Fund -	
Workers' Compensation	$ 4,319,252
Unemployment Costs	845,287
Retirement Contribution - ERS	15,383,244
Retirement Contribution - TRS	5,340,738
Insurance Reserve	3,324,059
Tax Certiorari Reserve	4,165,004
Capital Reserves	75,657,930
Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve	3,929,943
Capital Projects Fund -	
Construction of Capital Assets	46,348,797
Buses	11,376,034
Special Revenue Fund -	
Scholarships	190,838
Debt Service Fund -	
Debt Service Reserve	567,852
Total Restricted Fund Balance	**$ 171,448,978**

c. **Committed** - Includes amounts that can only be used for the specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school districts highest level of decision making authority, i.e., the Board of Education. The District has no committed fund balances as of June 30, 2026.

d. **Assigned Fund Balance** – Includes amounts that are constrained by the District's intent to be used for specific purposes but are neither restricted nor committed. All encumbrances of the General Fund are classified as assigned fund balance. Encumbrances represent purchase commitments made by the District's purchasing agent through their authorization of a purchase order prior to year-end. The District assignment is based on the functional level of expenditures.

Management has determined significant encumbrances for the General Fund to be $543,000 the Special Aid Fund to be $39,000, the Capital Projects Fund to be $32,000, and the nonmajor funds to be $22,000. The District reports the following significant encumbrances:

General Fund -		
Central Services	$	3,177,409
Teaching-Regular School	$	781,498
Instructional Media	$	2,631,370
Capital Projects Fund -		
Pupil Transportation	$	4,489,063
Capital Outlay	$	1,780,933
Special Aid Fund -		
Instructional	$	63,911

Assigned fund balances include the following:

		Total
General Fund - Encumbrances	$	7,224,515
School Lunch Fund - Year End Equity		1,878,845
Total Assigned Fund Balance	**$**	**9,103,360**

e. **Unassigned Fund Balance** – Includes all other General Fund amounts that do not meet the definition of the above four classifications and are deemed to be available for general use by the school district and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the General Fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted or assigned.

NYS Real Property Tax Law 1318 limits the amount of unexpended surplus funds a school district can retain to no more than 4% of the District's budget for the General Fund for the ensuing fiscal year. Nonspendable and restricted fund balance of the General Fund are excluded from the 4% limitation. Amounts appropriated for the subsequent year and encumbrances are also excluded from the 4% limitation.

3. Order of Use of Fund Balance

The District's policy is to apply expenditures against nonspendable fund balance, restricted fund balance, committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and unassigned fund balance at the end of the fiscal year. For all funds, nonspendable fund balances are determined first and then restricted fund balances for specific purposes are determined. Any remaining fund balance amounts for funds other than the General Fund are classified as restricted fund balance. In the General Fund, the remaining amounts are reported as unassigned. Assignments of fund balance cannot cause a negative unassigned fund balance.

U. New Accounting Standards

The District has adopted all current Statements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) that are applicable. At June 30, 2026, the District implemented the following new standards issued by GASB:

GASB has issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*.

GASB has issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*.

V. Future Changes in Accounting Standards

GASB has issued Statement No. 105, *Subsequent Events*, which will be effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2026.

The District will evaluate the impact this pronouncement may have on its financial statements and will implement it as applicable and when material.

II. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

By its nature as a local government unit, the District is subject to various federal, state and local laws and contractual regulations. An analysis of the District's compliance with significant laws and regulations and demonstration of its stewardship over District resources follows.

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the General Fund.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget.

Appropriations established by adoption of the budget constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) which may be incurred. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year are increased by the planned use of specific reserves, and budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law). These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restriction, if the Board approves them because of a need which exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. During the 2025-26 fiscal year, the budget was increased $5,144,881 for prior year encumbrances, net of liquidation.

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year.

Budgets are established and used for individual Capital Projects Fund expenditures as approved by a special referendum of the District's voters. The maximum project amount authorized is based primarily upon the cost of the project, plus any requirements for external borrowings, not annual appropriations. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as reservations of fund balance and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred, or the commitment is paid.

III. Cash and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk: is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. While the District does not have a specific policy for custodial credit risk, New York State statutes govern the District's investment policies, as discussed previously in these notes.

The U.S. Treasuries within the NYCLASS investment portfolio are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States Government and therefore do not require collateral. New York State Municipal Bonds within the portfolio are backed by the full faith and credit of the State of New York and therefore do not require collateral. The other permissible investment security types are collateralized in accordance with NYS GML Section 10 and the NYCLASS Investment Policy. Repurchase Agreements (repo) are collateralized 102% by either U.S. Treasuries or U.S. Agencies. Certificates of Deposit (CD) also require full collateral; currently NYCLASS CDs are being collateralized by Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB) Letters of Credit (LOC).

Credit Risk: In compliance with the State Law, District investments are limited to obligations of the United States of America, obligations guaranteed by agencies of the United States of America whether the payment of principal and interest are guaranteed by the United States of America, obligations of the State, time deposit accounts and certificates of deposit issued by a bank or trust company located in, and authorized to do business in, the States, obligations issued by other municipalities and authorities with the State, and certain pooled investments NYCLASS is rated by S&P Global ratings. The current rating is AAAm.

Concentration of Credit Risk: To promote competition in rates and service costs, and to limit the risk of institutional failure, District deposits and investments are placed with multiple institutions. The District's investment policy limits the amounts that may be deposited with any one financial institution.

Interest Rate Risk: The District has an investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates.

NYCLASS: The dollar weighted average days to maturity (WAM) of NYCLASS at June 30, 2026, was 40.84 days. The weighted average life (WAL) of NYCLASS at December 31, 2025 was 79.99 days. The WAM of NYCLASS Prime at June 30, 2026 was 39.11 days and the WAL was 60.46 days.

A. Cash

The District's aggregate bank balances (disclosed in the financial statements), included balances not covered by depository insurance at year end, collateralized as follows:

Uncollateralized	$	-
Collateralized with Securities held by the Pledging Financial Institution		45,264,735
Total	**$**	**45,264,735**

B. Investment Pool

The District participates in a multi-municipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 5-G, §119-O, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants.

(III.) (Continued)

Total investments of the cooperative as of year end are $157,450,766, which consisted of $33,678,719 in repurchase agreements, $114,183,295 in U.S. Treasury Securities, $2,897,094 in FDIC insured deposits and $6,691,658 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

Fund	Fair Value	Type of Investment
General Fund	$ 110,614,081	NYCLASS
Capital Project Fund	$ 46,723,875	NYCLASS
Nonmajor Funds	$ 112,810	NYCLASS

C. Investments

The District has few investments (primarily donated scholarship funds) and chooses to disclose its investments by specifically identifying each. The District's investment policy for these investments is also governed by New York State statutes. Investments are stated at fair value, and are categorized as either:

1. Insured or registered, or investments held by the District or by the District's agent in the District's name, or
2. Uninsured and unregistered, with the investments held by the financial institutes trust department in the District's name, or
3. Uninsured and unregistered, with investments held by the financial institution or its trust department, but not in the District's name.

Investments	Fund	Carrying Amount	Investment Gain/(Loss)	Type of Investment	Category
482 Shares of Eastman Chemical	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	$ 32,284	$ (3,702)	Equities	1

The District does not purchase stocks. These shares were donated to the District several years ago to support student scholarships.

District's investment balance as of June 30, 2026:

NYCLASS	$ 157,450,766
Common Stock	32,284
Total	**$ 157,483,050**

Restricted Cash and Investments: represents cash and investments where use is limited by legal requirements. These assets represent amounts required by statute to be reserved for various purposes. Restricted cash and investments as of year end included $171,448,978 within the governmental funds and $204,100 in the fiduciary funds.

IV. Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2026 for individual major funds and nonmajor funds, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities			
Description	**General Fund**	**Special Aid Fund**	**Nonmajor Funds**	**Total**
Accounts Receivable	$ 107,467	$ -	$ -	$ 107,467
Due From State and Federal	2,439,925	4,148,028	555,140	7,143,093
Due From Other Governments	4,453,721	-	-	4,453,721
Lease Receivable	810,251	-	-	810,251
Allowance for Uncollectible Accounts	(22,605)	-	-	(22,605)
Total Receivables	**$ 7,788,759**	**$ 4,148,028**	**$ 555,140**	**$ 12,491,927**

V. Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures

Interfund Receivables, Payables, Revenues and Expenditures at June 30, 2026 were as follows:

	Interfund			
	Receivables	**Payables**	**Revenues**	**Expenditures**
General Fund	$ 5,373,278	$ 29,175	$ -	$ 10,015,349
Special Aid Fund	81,191	5,212,802	845,292	-
Capital Projects Fund	-	-	8,026,488	-
Nonmajor Funds	-	212,492	1,143,569	-
Total	**$ 5,454,469**	**$ 5,454,469**	**$ 10,015,349**	**$ 10,015,349**

Interfund receivables and payables between governmental activities are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of mitigating the effects of transient cash flow issues. All interfund payables are not necessarily expected to be repaid within one year.

Transfers are used to finance certain special aid programs, support capital project expenditures, and debt service expenditures.

VI. Capital Assets and Lease Assets

A. Capital Assets

Capital asset balances and activity were as follows:

Type	Balance 7/1/2025	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2026
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets that are not Depreciated -				
Land	$ 3,037,218	$ -	$ -	$ 3,037,218
Work in progress	1,941,711	5,180,679	8,497	7,113,893
Total Nondepreciable	$ 4,978,929	$ 5,180,679	$ 8,497	$ 10,151,111
Capital Assets that are Depreciated -				
Buildings and Improvements	$ 202,779,885	$ -	$ -	$ 202,779,885
Machinery and equipment	25,992,141	4,758,114	4,331,056	26,419,199
Total Depreciated Assets	$ 228,772,026	$ 4,758,114	$ 4,331,056	$ 229,199,084
Less Accumulated Depreciation -				
Buildings and Improvements	$ 105,956,728	$ 5,788,380	$ -	$ 111,745,108
Machinery and equipment	13,303,194	2,825,548	3,925,140	12,203,602
Total Accumulated Depreciation	$ 119,259,922	$ 8,613,928	$ 3,925,140	$ 123,948,710
Total Capital Assets Depreciated, Net of Accumulated Depreciation	$ 109,512,104	$ (3,855,814)	$ 405,916	$ 105,250,374
Total Capital Assets	**$ 114,491,033**	**$ 1,324,865**	**$ 414,413**	**$ 115,401,485**

B. Lease Assets

A summary of the lease asset activity during the year ended June 30, 2026 is as follows:

Type	Balance 7/1/2025	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2026
Lease Assets:				
Equipment	$ 11,159,717	$ 3,094,245	$ 1,828,501	$ 12,425,461
Less Accumulated Amortization -				
Equipment	7,530,575	2,641,712	1,828,501	8,343,786
Total Lease Assets, Net	**$ 3,629,142**	**$ 452,533**	**$ -**	**$ 4,081,675**
Subscription IT assets:				
Subscription IT assets	$ 116,727	$ 23,097	$ -	$ 139,824
Less Accumulated Amortization -				
Subscription IT assets	68,031	35,379	-	103,410
Total Subscription IT Assets, Net	**$ 48,696**	**$ (12,282)**	**$ -**	**$ 36,414**
Total Lease and Subscription IT Assets, Net	**$ 3,677,838**	**$ 440,251**	**$ -**	**$ 4,118,089**

C. Other capital assets (net of depreciation and amortization):

Depreciated Capital Assets (net)	$ 105,250,374
Amortized Lease Assets (net)	4,118,089
Total Other Capital Assets (net)	**$ 109,368,463**

(VI.) (Continued)

D. Depreciation/amortization expense for the period was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Governmental Activities:	Depreciation	Amortization	Total
General Government Support	$ 1,270,319	$ -	$ 1,270,319
Instruction	4,545,668	2,677,091	7,222,759
Pupil Transportation	2,444,263	-	2,444,263
School Lunch	353,678	-	353,678
Total Depreciation and Amortization Expense	**$ 8,613,928**	**$ 2,677,091**	**$ 11,291,019**

VII. Long-Term Debt Obligations

Long-term liability balances and activity for the year are summarized below:

	Balance 7/1/2025	Additions	Deletions	Balance 6/30/2026	Due Within One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds and Notes Payable -					
Serial Bonds Payable	$ 3,180,000	$ -	$ 1,035,000	$ 2,145,000	$ 1,060,000
Total Bonds and Notes Payable	$ 3,180,000	$ -	$ 1,035,000	$ 2,145,000	$ 1,060,000
Other Liabilities -					
Net Pension Liability	$ 8,175,477	$ -	$ 5,352,672	$ 2,822,805	$ -
OPEB Liability	47,557,588	1,198,098	-	48,755,686	
Compensated Absences	3,995,594	-	506,745	3,488,849	383,484
Retainage Payable	21,101	-	81	21,020	21,020
Total Other Liabilities	$ 59,749,760	$ 1,198,098	$ 5,859,498	$ 55,088,360	$ 404,504
Total Long-Term Obligations	**$ 62,929,760**	**$ 1,198,098**	**$ 6,894,498**	**$ 57,233,360**	**$ 1,464,504**

Description	Original Amount	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Amount Outstanding 6/30/2026
Serial Bonds -					
Refunding	$ 9,125,000	2016	2028	1.0%-4.0%	$ 2,145,000
Total Serial Bonds					**$ 2,145,000**

The following is a summary of debt service requirements:

	Serial Bonds	
Year	Principal	Interest
2027	$ 1,060,000	$ 56,575
2028	1,085,000	24,413
Total	**$ 2,145,000**	**$ 80,988**

In prior years, the District defeased certain general obligations and other bonds by placing the proceeds of new bonds in an irrevocable trust to provide for all future debt service payments on the old bonds. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. 2,495,000 of bonds outstanding are considered defeased.

(VII.) (Continued)

Interest on long-term debt for June 30, 2026 was composed of:

Interest Paid	$ 78,570
Less: Interest Accrued in the Prior Year	(3,274)
Plus: Interest Accrued in the Current Year	2,357
Total Long-Term Interest Expense	**$ 77,653**

VIII. Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources

The following is a summary of the deferred inflows/outflows of resources:

	Deferred Outflows	Deferred Inflows
Pension	$ 24,816,955	$ 18,335,185
Lease Receivable	-	810,251
OPEB	4,106,361	2,517,395
Total	**$ 28,923,316**	**$ 21,662,831**

IX. Pension Plans

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teacher's Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employee's Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement systems. The Systems offer a wide range of plans and benefits, which are related to years of service and final average salary, vesting of retirement benefits, death, and disability.

B. Provisions and Administration

A 10-member Board of Trustees of the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board administers TRS. TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the system, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. TRS issues a publicly available financial report that contains financial statements and required supplementary information. The report may be obtained by writing to NYRS, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, New York 12211-2395 or by referring to the TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial report, which can be found on the System's website at www.nystrs.org.

ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of the System is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the System. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the System. NYSRSSL govern obligations of employers and employees to contribute, and benefits to employees. Once a public employer elects to participate in the System, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The System is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. ERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to NYSERS, Office of the State Comptroller, 110 State Street, Albany, New York 12244 or by referring to the ERS Comprehensive Annual Report, which can be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php.

C. Funding Policies

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute 3.0% of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010 who generally contribute 3.0% to 3.5% of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier 6 vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education Law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll paid for the District's year ended June 30, 2026:

Contributions	ERS	TRS
2026	$ 3,135,947	$ 6,115,985

D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources related to Pensions

At June 30, 2026, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the Systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of March 31, 2026 for ERS and June 30, 2025 for TRS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
Net pension asset/(liability)	$ (2,822,805)	$ 16,061,155
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset/(liability)	0.0500342%	0.271255%

(IX.) (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2026, the District recognized pension expense of ($910,351) for TRS and $3,476,898 for ERS. At June 30, 2026, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
	ERS	TRS	ERS	TRS
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 1,615,375	$ 8,419,626	$ -	$ -
Changes of assumptions	484,551	6,358,111	-	173,166
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	-	5,061,445	12,543,722
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,064,429	85,671	100,500	456,352
Subtotal	$ 3,164,355	$ 14,863,408	$ 5,161,945	$ 13,173,240
District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date	1,256,476	5,532,716	-	-
Grand Total	**$ 4,420,831**	**$ 20,396,124**	**$ 5,161,945**	**$ 13,173,240**

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date which will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year	ERS	TRS
2026	$ -	$ 8,054,451
2027	1,435,460	(3,478,066)
2028	(1,544,662)	(3,695,344)
2029	(879,700)	(834,224)
2030	(1,008,688)	1,346,559
Thereafter	-	296,792
Total	**$ (1,997,590)**	**$ 1,690,168**

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

(IX.) (Continued)

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
Actuarial valuation date	April 1, 2025	June 30, 2024
Interest rate	5.90%	6.95%
Salary scale	5.20%	2.04%-5.80%
Decrement tables	April 1, 2020- March 31, 2025 System's Experience	July 1, 2019- June 30, 2024 System's Experience
Inflation rate	2.90%	2.50%
COLA's	1.50%	1.40%

For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2020 – March 31, 2025 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2021. For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2021.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of March 31, 2026 for ERS and June 30, 2025 for TRS are summarized as follows:

Long Term Expected Rate of Return

	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
Asset Type -		
Domestic equity	3.29%	6.70%
International equity	5.85%	7.40%
Global equity	n/a	7.00%
Private equity	7.00%	9.80%
Real estate	5.20%	6.50%
Opportunistic portfolios	5.13%	n/a
Real assets	5.54%	n/a
Global bonds	n/a	2.40%
Cash	0.25%	0.60%
Private debt	n/a	6.10%
Real estate debt	n/a	3.80%
High-yield bonds	n/a	4.70%
Domestic fixed income	n/a	2.60%
Fixed income	1.75%	n/a
Credit	5.10%	n/a

The real rate of return is net of the long-term inflation assumption of 2.90% for ERS and 2.50% for TRS.

F. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

G. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 5.90% for ERS and 6.95% for TRS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (4.90% for ERS and 5.95% for TRS) or 1-percentage-point higher (6.90% for ERS and 7.95% for TRS) than the current assumption:

ERS	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	$ (19,278,983)	$ (2,822,805)	$ 10,935,289

TRS	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension asset (liability)	$ (30,861,712)	$ 16,061,155	$ 55,544,305

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(In Thousands)	
	ERS	TRS
Measurement date	March 31, 2026	June 30, 2025
Employers' total pension liability	$ 253,773,040	$ 148,272,069
Plan net position	248,131,290	154,193,125
Employers' net pension asset/(liability)	$ (5,641,750)	$ 5,921,056
Ratio of plan net position to the employers' total pension asset/(liability)	97.78%	104.00%

(IX.) (Continued)

I. Payables to the Pension Plan

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2026 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2026 through June 30, 2026 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2026 amounted to $1,256,476.

For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2026 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2026 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2026 amounted to $6,115,985.

X. Postemployment Benefits

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District's defined benefit OPEB plan, provides OPEB for all permanent full-time general and public safety employees of the District. The plan is a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered by the District. Article 11 of the State Compiled Statutes grants the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms and financing requirements to the District Board. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare and life insurance benefits for retirees and their dependents. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At March 31, 2026, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	716
Active Employees	1343
Total	**2059**

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of $48,755,686 was measured as of March 31, 2026, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2026 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

(X.) (Continued)

Inflation	4.41%
Salary Increases	3.30%, average, including inflation
Discount Rate	4.41%
Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Initial rate of 6.10% decreasing to an ultimate rate of 3.70%
Retirees' Share of Benefit-Related Costs	Varies depending on contract

The discount rate was based on a high quality tax-exempt general obligation municipal bond yield or index rate.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables all active employees.

Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables for service and deferred annuitants and beneficiaries, fully generational using Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2021 for retirees and surviving spouses.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2025	$ 47,557,588
Changes for the Year -	
Service cost	$ 2,031,550
Interest	2,047,729
Differences between expected and actual experience	155,008
Changes in assumptions or other inputs	(92,367)
Benefit payments	(2,943,822)
Net Changes	$ 1,198,098
Balance at June 30, 2026	**$ 48,755,686**

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect the following:

- The single discount rate from 4.39% to 4.41%.
- Updated healthcare cost trends rates to rates effective June 30, 2026.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (3.41%) or 1-percentage-point higher (5.41%) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease (3.41%)	Discount Rate (4.41%)	1% Increase (5.41%)
Total OPEB Liability	$ 52,056,319	$ 48,755,686	$ 45,710,479

(X.) (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower (5.10%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.10%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

	1% Decrease (5.10% Decreasing to 2.70%)	Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (6.10% Decreasing to 3.70%)	1% Increase (7.10% Decreasing to 4.70%)
Total OPEB Liability	$ 47,277,088	$ 48,755,686	$ 50,443,001

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2026, the District recognized OPEB expense of $3,137,388. At June 30, 2026, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	$ 3,370,405	$ -
Changes of assumptions	-	2,517,395
Contributions after measurement date	735,956	
Total	**$ 4,106,361**	**$ 2,517,395**

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year	
2027	$ (162,785)
2028	23,375
2029	59,113
2030	190,137
2031	343,236
Thereafter	399,934
Total	**$ 853,010**

XI. Risk Management

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to injuries to employees, theft, damages, natural disasters, etc. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage for the past two years.

(XI.) (Continued)

B. Health Plans

The District is a Participant of and incurs costs related to the Rochester Area School Health Plan (Plan I) and Rochester Area School Health Plan II Municipal Cooperative Health Benefit Plan (Plan II). Plan I and Plan II are sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES) and its component districts. Plan I and Plan II objectives are to formulate, develop and administer a program of insurance to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program.

1. Plan I

Plan I was established as a Municipal Cooperative under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 1986. Membership in Plan I may be offered to any component district of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County (Monroe 1 BOCES) or Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES with the unanimous approval of the Board of Directors. Membership of new Participants becomes effective on the first day of the calendar month following the adoption by the Board of Directors of the resolution to accept a new Participant. Current membership of Plan I includes nineteen (19) Participants with the Rush Henrietta Central School District bearing an equal and proportionate share of Plan I's assets and claim liabilities.

Voluntary withdrawal from Plan I is subject to the following constraints:

1. Effective only once annually on the last day of the Plan year.
2. Notice of intention to withdrawal must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Treasurer not less than thirty (30) days prior to the end of the Plan year. Failure to provide at least thirty (30) days' notice, will result in continued membership in the plan for another year unless all other Participants consent to such withdrawal.

Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement, Plan I is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a Participant, and no assessments are charged to a Participant other than the annual premium equivalent. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Plan I purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid. Plan I establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2026, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling $21,775.

Plan I is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2025, revealed that Plan I is fully funded.

2. Plan II

Plan II was established as a Municipal Cooperative under the authorization of Article 5-G of the General Municipal Law in 2004. Plan II received a Certificate of Authority to operate as a self-funded plan under Article 47 of the New York State Insurance Law, effective January 1, 2024.

Membership in Plan II may be offered to any component school district of the Monroe 1 BOCES and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES within the geographical boundaries of Monroe County, New York provided that the applicant provides proof of its financial responsibility that is satisfactory to the Board of Directors in its sole discretion, and the applicant is the same type of municipal corporation as the initial Participants. Membership of new Participants becomes effective on the first day of the calendar month following a majority vote of the entire Board of Directors and the adoption by the Board of Directors of a resolution to accept the municipal corporation as a Participant. Current membership of Plan II includes nineteen (19) Participants with the Rush Henrietta Central School District bearing an equal and proportionate share of Plan II's assets and claim liabilities.

Voluntary withdrawal from Plan II is subject to the following constraints:

1. Effective only on January 1 of the next Plan Year following the Plan Year in which the Participant provides notice.
2. Notice of intention of a Participant withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairperson and the Treasurer by April 1st of the Plan Year immediately preceding the January 1st withdrawal date. Failure to provide the required written notices in a timely manner will result in continued membership in Plan II for another year unless the Board of Directors consent to such withdrawal.
3. Participant is responsible for pro-rata share of any Plan II deficit and shall satisfy any other obligation relating to the Participant's membership in the Plan.
4. Participant is not entitled to any share of Plan II surplus.

Pursuant to the Municipal Cooperative Agreement as signed by the Participants, Plan II is a risk sharing pool and all monies paid to the Treasurer shall be pooled and administered as a common fund. The annual premium equivalent for each coverage option under Plan II is established and approved by a majority of the entire Board of Directors. Each Participant is required to contribute to Plan II an amount equal to the Premium Equivalent applicable to the coverage options, under which the Participants Enrollees are covered. In addition to paying on demand their applicable Premium Equivalent payments, each Participant shall pay on demand such Participant's share of any Assessment Contribution ordered by the Board of Directors. If surplus funds exist at the end of any fiscal year, the distribution of such funds shall be determined by the Board of Directors.

Plan II purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid. Plan II establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the periods in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2026, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling $21,825,268.

Plan II is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended December 31, 2025, revealed that the Plan is fully funded.

(XI.) (Continued)

C. Workers' Compensation

The District is a Participant in the Rochester Area School Workers' Compensation Plan (Plan). The Plan is sponsored by the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, Second Supervisory District of Monroe and Orleans Counties (Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES) and its component districts. The Plan's objectives are to furnish workers' compensation benefits to participating districts at a significant cost savings and to provide for risk management to reduce future liability for workers compensation. Membership in the Plan may be offered to any component district of the Board of Cooperative Educational Services, First Supervisory District of Monroe County (Monroe 1 BOCES) and Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES with the approval of the Board of Directors. Current membership of the Plan includes Participants from nineteen (19) municipal corporations.

Voluntary withdrawal from the Plan is subject to the following constraints:

1. Notice on intention to withdraw must be given in writing to the Chairman of the Board of Directors and Treasurer not less than one-hundred twenty (120) days prior to the end of the Plan year.
2. Participant is not entitled to any share of Plan surplus.

If a surplus of Participants' assessments exists after the close of a Plan year, the Board may retain from such surplus an amount sufficient to establish and maintain a claim contingency fund. Surplus funds in excess of the amount transferred to or included in such contingency fund shall be applied in reduction of the next annual assessment or to the billing of Plan Participants. All monies paid to the Treasurer by participants shall be commingled and administered as a common fund. No refunds shall be made to a participant and no assessments are charged to a participant other than the annual premium equivalent. However, if the Board of Directors determines that the liabilities of the Plan will exceed its cash assets, after taking into account any "excess insurance", the Board of Directors shall determine the amount needed to meet such deficiency and shall assess such amount against all Participants their pro-rata share, such additional assessment is due within sixty (60) days after written notification from the Board of Directors.

The Plan purchases, on an annual basis, stop-loss insurance to limit exposure for claims paid. The Plan establishes a liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. However, because actual claims costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled and claims that have been incurred but not reported. Adjustments to claims liabilities are charged or credited to expenses in the period in which they are made. During the year ended June 30, 2026, the District incurred premiums or contribution expenditures totaling $913,792.

The Plan is audited on an annual basis and is available at the Monroe 2-Orleans BOCES administrative offices. The most recent audit available for the year ended June 30, 2025, revealed that the Plan was fully funded.

D. Unemployment

District employees are entitled to coverage under the New York State Unemployment Insurance Law. The District has elected to discharge its liability to the New York State Unemployment Insurance Fund (the Fund) by the benefit reimbursement method, a dollar-for-dollar reimbursement to the fund for benefits paid from the fund to former employees. The District has established a self-insurance fund to pay these claims. The claim and judgment expenditures of this program for the 2025-26 fiscal year totaled $41,688. The balance of the fund at June 30, 2026 was $845,287 and is recorded in the General Fund as an Unemployment Insurance Reserve. In addition, as of June 30, 2026, no loss contingencies existed or were considered probable or estimable for incurred but not reported claims payable.

(XI.) (Continued)

E. Health Fund

The District has established a Health Care Plan for its employee groups. The District contribution rates are based on the employment contracts for the various employee groups. Unused balances roll to the next year.

For fiscal year 2025-26, the District expended $4,939,425 for this plan. The unexpended balance in the Health Care Plan account at June 30, 2026 which represents the cumulative running balance of the participants amounted to $7,061,739 and is reported as other liabilities in the General Fund.

XII. Commitments and Contingencies

A. Litigation

The District is the defendant in a number of pending claims relating to discrimination, individuals with disabilities act and tax certiorari cases for which the outcome cannot be determined at this time. Management believes these claims will either be covered by insurance or are not material to the financial statements.

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the State and Federal Governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior years' experience, the District's administration believes disallowances, if any, will be immaterial.

XIII. Lease Commitments and Leased Assets

The District entered into an agreement to lease property to BOCES for a period of five years, terminating August 2026. Under the terms of the agreement the District receives annual rent payments of $533,351.

XIV. Tax Abatement

The County of Monroe IDA, and the District enter into various property tax abatement programs for the purpose of Economic Development. As a result, the District property tax revenue was reduced $6,577,989. The District received payment in lieu of tax (PILOT) payment totaling $5,373,069 to help offset the property tax reduction.

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Changes in District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratio

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY									
	2026	**2025**	**2024**	**2023**	**2022**	**2021**	**2020**	**2019**	**2018**	**2017**
Service cost	$ 2,031,550	$ 1,377,379	$ 1,471,845	$ 1,688,268	$ 1,867,097	$ 1,769,490	$ 1,752,060	$ 1,606,128	$ 1,586,758	$ 1,615,624
Interest	2,047,729	1,701,182	1,616,571	1,261,340	1,031,733	1,095,406	1,532,857	1,511,125	1,499,110	1,313,655
Changes in benefit terms	-	227,738	(21,639)	-	-	-	262,898	-	16,247	-
Differences between expected and actual experiences	155,008	3,950,533	158,236	21,482	992,430	(336,115)	(2,355,358)	1,377,914	491,317	419,403
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(92,367)	(1,065,135)	(489,413)	(1,986,810)	(2,229,667)	833,549	578,854	151,058	640,161	(1,437,837)
Benefit payments	(2,943,822)	(2,664,281)	(2,571,756)	(2,363,244)	(2,178,750)	(2,178,922)	(2,091,777)	(1,843,824)	(1,645,280)	(1,622,780)
Net Change in Total OPEB Liability	$ 1,198,098	$ 3,527,416	$ 163,844	$ (1,378,964)	$ (517,157)	$ 1,183,408	$ (320,466)	$ 2,802,401	$ 2,588,313	$ 288,065
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	47,557,588	44,030,172	43,866,328	45,245,292	45,762,449	44,579,041	44,899,507	42,097,106	39,508,793	39,220,728
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	**$ 48,755,686**	**$ 47,557,588**	**$ 44,030,172**	**$ 43,866,328**	**$ 45,245,292**	**$ 45,762,449**	**$ 44,579,041**	**$ 44,899,507**	**$ 42,097,106**	**$ 39,508,793**
Covered Employee Payroll	$ 73,309,781	$ 70,885,497	$ 64,089,579	$ 61,904,355	$ 59,241,384	$ 57,271,253	$ 59,806,405	$ 57,940,714	$ 56,084,323	$ 56,084,323
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Employee Payroll	66.51%	67.09%	68.70%	70.86%	76.37%	79.90%	74.54%	77.49%	75.06%	70.45%

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

NYSERS Pension Plan

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.0500342%	0.0476823%	0.0490771%	0.0450689%	0.0437921%	0.0432143%	0.044672%	0.043991%	0.043720%	0.0432556%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	$ 2,822,805	$ 8,175,477	$ 7,226,139	$ 9,664,590	$ (3,579,822)	$ 43,030	$ 11,829,494	$ 3,116,867	$ 1,411,029	$ 4,064,389
Covered-employee payroll	$ 20,338,225	$ 18,007,266	$ 18,007,266	$ 15,898,903	$ 15,441,114	$ 15,457,785	$ 15,007,094	$ 14,474,673	$ 14,068,516	$ 13,526,242
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	13.879%	45.401%	40.129%	60.788%	(23.184%)	0.278%	78.826%	21.533%	10.030%	30.048%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	97.78%	93.08%	93.88%	90.78%	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Proportion of the net pension liability (assets)	0.271255%	0.270145%	0.258652%	0.256343%	0.259485%	0.260182%	0.258789%	0.261311%	0.262155%	0.267750%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets)	$ (16,061,155)	$ (8,060,068)	$ 2,957,910	$ 4,918,936	$ (44,966,231)	$ 7,189,522	$ (6,723,368)	$ (4,725,195)	$ (1,992,642)	$ 2,867,715
Covered-employee payroll	$ 56,751,692	$ 53,963,608	$ 52,328,130	$ 48,361,893	$ 45,823,262	$ 44,292,144	$ 44,724,971	$ 43,862,163	$ 42,946,396	$ 41,864,494
Proportionate share of the net pension liability (assets) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	(28.301%)	(14.936%)	5.653%	10.171%	(98.130%)	16.232%	(15.033%)	(10.773%)	(4.640%)	6.850%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	104.00%	102.10%	99.20%	98.60%	113.20%	97.80%	102.20%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of District Contributions

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

NYSERS Pension Plan

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contributions	$ 3,135,947	$ 2,650,119	$ 2,250,705	$ 1,726,577	$ 2,354,598	$ 2,132,655	$ 2,089,494	$ 2,134,646	$ 2,061,398	$ 2,028,501
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(3,135,947)	(2,650,119)	(2,250,705)	(1,726,577)	(2,354,598)	(2,132,655)	(2,089,494)	(2,134,646)	(2,061,398)	(2,028,501)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered-employee payroll	$ 20,338,225	$ 18,007,266	$ 18,007,266	$ 15,898,903	$ 15,441,114	$ 15,457,785	$ 15,007,094	$ 14,474,673	$ 14,068,516	$ 13,526,242
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	15.42%	14.72%	12.50%	10.86%	15.25%	13.80%	13.92%	14.75%	14.65%	15.00%

NYSTRS Pension Plan

	2026	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contributions	$ 6,115,985	$ 6,038,072	$ 5,568,792	$ 5,398,362	$ 4,830,765	$ 4,486,313	$ 4,181,408	$ 4,864,573	$ 4,460,085	$ 5,478,572
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(6,115,985)	(6,038,072)	(5,568,792)	(5,398,362)	(4,830,765)	(4,486,313)	(4,181,408)	(4,864,573)	(4,460,085)	(5,478,572)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -	$ -
Covered-employee payroll	$ 56,751,692	$ 53,963,608	$ 52,328,130	$ 48,361,893	$ 45,823,262	$ 44,292,144	$ 44,724,971	$ 43,862,163	$ 42,946,396	$ 41,864,494
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	10.78%	11.19%	10.64%	11.16%	10.54%	10.13%	9.35%	11.09%	10.39%	13.09%

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Over (Under) Original Budget	Current Year's Revenues	Over (Under) Amended Budget
REVENUES					
Local Sources -					
Real property taxes	$ 90,072,767	$ 90,072,767	$ -	$ 90,150,977	$ 78,210
Real property tax items	9,899,782	9,899,782	-	10,935,800	1,036,018
Non-property taxes	7,000,000	7,000,000	-	7,791,147	791,147
Charges for services	337,000	337,000	-	361,728	24,728
Use of money and property	1,593,351	1,593,351	-	4,803,274	3,209,923
Sale of property and compensation for loss	11,000	11,000	-	1,400,868	1,389,868
Miscellaneous	663,942	663,942	-	1,654,695	990,753
State Sources -					
Basic formula	51,921,727	51,921,727	-	52,094,611	172,884
Lottery aid	9,300,000	9,300,000	-	11,651,253	2,351,253
BOCES	4,170,367	4,170,367	-	4,837,387	667,020
Textbooks	344,607	344,607	-	346,704	2,097
All Other Aid -					
Computer software	168,769	168,769	-	170,455	1,686
Library loan	35,038	35,038	-	35,387	349
Handicapped students	-	-	-	1,528,298	1,528,298
Other aid	-	-	-	242,430	242,430
Federal Sources	250,000	250,000	-	239,821	(10,179)
TOTAL REVENUES	$ 175,768,350	$ 175,768,350	$ -	$ 188,244,835	$ 12,476,485
TOTAL REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES	$ 175,768,350	$ 175,768,350	**$ -**	**$ 188,244,835**	**$ 12,476,485**
Appropriated reserves	$ 3,366,391	$ 3,366,391			
Appropriated fund balance	$ -	$ (134)			
Prior year encumbrances	$ 5,145,015	$ 5,145,015			
TOTAL REVENUES AND APPROPRIATED RESERVES/ FUND BALANCE	**$ 184,279,756**	**$ 184,279,622**			

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance -

Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual - General Fund

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	Original Budget	Amended Budget	Over (Under) Original Budget	Current Year's Expenditures	Encumbrances	Unencumbered Balances
EXPENDITURES						
General Support -						
Board of education	$ 157,109	$ 227,109	$ 70,000	$ 202,508	$ 10,176	$ 14,425
Central administration	755,056	785,556	30,500	723,890	29,813	31,853
Finance	904,270	1,000,810	96,540	976,087	86	24,637
Staff	1,333,824	1,383,825	50,001	1,238,204	83,405	62,216
Central services	15,858,361	18,901,820	3,043,459	14,973,621	3,177,409	750,790
Special items	2,098,973	2,402,168	303,195	2,280,032	5,900	116,236
Instructional -						
Instruction, administration and improvement	9,149,556	9,398,713	249,157	9,152,938	30,402	215,373
Teaching - regular school	41,893,528	39,239,514	(2,654,014)	36,815,975	781,498	1,642,041
Programs for children with handicapping conditions	24,974,290	25,871,860	897,570	24,296,864	273,593	1,301,403
Occupational education	3,453,008	3,253,008	(200,000)	3,191,244	-	61,764
Teaching - special schools	352,484	383,884	31,400	321,469	194	62,221
Instructional media	8,465,141	9,877,384	1,412,243	5,635,554	2,631,370	1,610,460
Pupil services	8,244,025	8,730,906	486,881	8,197,409	108,652	424,845
Pupil Transportation	11,687,413	11,915,322	227,909	10,794,263	91,522	1,029,537
Community Services	408,846	408,987	141	303,103	495	105,389
Employee Benefits	44,373,815	40,328,699	(4,045,116)	38,602,929	-	1,725,770
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$ 174,109,699	$ 174,109,565	$ (134)	$ 157,706,090	$ 7,224,515	$ 9,178,960
Other Uses -						
Transfers - out	$ 10,170,057	$ 10,170,057	$ -	$ 10,015,349	$ -	$ 154,708
TOTAL EXPENDITURES AND OTHER USES	**$ 184,279,756**	**$ 184,279,622**	**$ (134)**	$ 167,721,439	**$ 7,224,515**	**$ 9,333,668**
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE				$ 20,523,396		
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR				107,146,576		
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR				**$ 127,669,972**		

Note to Required Supplementary Information:

A reconciliation is not necessary since encumbrances are presented in a separate column on this schedule.

Required Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Note to budgetary Comparison Schedule

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was $5,144,881. This change is attributable to $5,144,881 for net carry over encumbrances from the prior year.

The key factors for budget variances in the General Fund are listed below along with explanations for each:

Expenditure Items	Budget Variance Original Vs. Amended	Explanation for Budget Variance
Central Services	$ 3,043,459	Additional BOCES projects added related to building and system upgrades.
Teaching-Regular School	$ (2,654,014)	Budget recode of salaries to correct budget line for ENL services.
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	$ 897,570	Increase in private tuition costs and related purchase services for student programs.
Instructional Media	$ 1,412,243	Increase in purchase of instructional technology with BOCES aligned to ten year technology plan.
Employee Benefits	$ (4,045,116)	Decrease in expense due to settled RHEA contract moving to HDP.

Revenue Items	Budget Variance Amended Vs. Actual	Explanation for Budget Variance
Real Property Tax Items	$ 1,036,018	Increase in PILOT payments due to higher than expected shelter rent revenue.
Non-Property Taxes	$ 791,147	Increase in sales tax revenue due to higher than expected sales in fiscal year.
Use of Money and Property	$ 3,209,923	Increase in revenue due to higher than expected rate of return on interest.
Sale of Property and Compensation for Loss	$ 1,389,868	Revenue due to insurance recovery from damage to schools.
Miscellaneous	$ 990,753	Increase in revenue due to higher than expected prior year refunds from BOCES.
State Sources	$ 4,966,017	Higher than expected state aid based on the recalibration of foundation aid for increasing enrollment.

Expenditure Items		
Teaching-Regular School	$ 1,477,913	Increase in wages due to settlement of RHEA contract.
Programs for Children with Handicapping Conditions	$ 1,115,402	Increase in wages due to settlement of RHEA contract
Pupil Transportation	$ 1,029,537	Increase in enrollment resulting in expanded need for buses and staff to support new routes.
Employee Benefits	$ 1,725,770	Increase in benefits due to settlement of RHEA contract

Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Schedule of Change From Adopted Budget To Final Budget And The Real Property Tax Limit For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET:

Adopted budget	$ 179,134,741
Prior year's encumbrances	5,145,015
Original Budget	$ 184,279,756
Budget revisions -	
Encumbrance write-off	(134)
FINAL BUDGET	**$ 184,279,622**

SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION:

2026-27 voter approved expenditure budget		$ 187,000,000
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	$ 7,224,515	
Unassigned fund balance	7,480,000	
Total Unrestricted fund balance	$ 14,704,515	
Less adjustments:		
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	$ 7,224,515	
Total adjustments	$ 7,224,515	
General fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		7,480,000
ACTUAL PERCENTAGE		**4.00%**

Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Schedule of Project Expenditures

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

			Expenditures				Methods of Financing			
Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Local Sources	Transfers	Total	Fund Balance
Bus Purchases (2023-24)	$ 3,600,000	$ 3,018,797	$ 2,953,797	$ -	$ 2,953,797	$ 65,000	$ 3,018,796	$ -	$ 3,018,796	$ 64,999
Bus Purchases (2024-25)	3,950,000	4,050,000	471,467	3,497,147	3,968,614	81,386	3,950,000	100,000	4,050,000	81,386
Bus Purchases (2025-26)	4,600,000	4,600,000	-	-	-	4,600,000	4,200,000	400,000	4,600,000	4,600,000
Bus Purchases (2025-27)	3,200,000	3,200,000	-	-	-	3,200,000	3,200,000	-	3,200,000	3,200,000
Undesignated Bus Purchase	1,344,937	4,014,019	584,370	-	584,370	3,429,649	4,514,019	(500,000)	4,014,019	3,429,649
Buildings Project 2022	2,962,000	5,123,108	1,182,967	3,696,418	4,879,385	243,723	90,000	5,033,108	5,123,108	243,723
Buildings Project 2025	26,600,000	30,735,000	485,858	1,473,925	1,959,783	28,775,217	30,335,000	5,333,457	35,668,457	33,708,674
Buildings Project 2026	4,604,658	4,604,658	-	-	-	4,604,658	4,604,658	(4,604,658)	-	-
Buildings Project 2027	4,826,488	4,826,488	-	-	-	4,826,488	4,826,488	-	4,826,488	4,826,488
Senior HS Field 2022	10,500,000	14,825,000	14,645,011	8,497	14,653,508	171,492	10,500,000	4,325,000	14,825,000	171,492
Undesignated Capital Project	8,000,000	1,305,745	254,182	-	254,182	1,051,563	16,354,659	(8,920,239)	7,434,420	7,180,238
Building Condition Survey 2020	370,000	539,998	319,761	1,920	321,681	218,317	450,000	89,863	539,863	218,182
TOTAL	**$ 74,558,083**	**$ 80,842,813**	**$ 20,897,413**	**$ 8,677,907**	**$ 29,575,320**	**$ 51,267,493**	**$ 86,043,620**	**$ 1,256,531**	**$ 87,300,151**	**$ 57,724,831**

(See Independent Auditors' Report)

Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2026

	Special Revenue Funds			Total
	School Lunch Fund	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	$ 1,648,944	$ 45,744	$ 567,852	$ 2,262,540
Investments	-	145,094	-	145,094
Receivables	555,140	-	-	555,140
Inventories	113,983	-	-	113,983
TOTAL ASSETS	**$ 2,318,067**	**$ 190,838**	**$ 567,852**	**$ 3,076,757**
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities -				
Accounts payable	$ 11,628	$ -	$ -	$ 11,628
Accrued liabilities	49,913	-	-	49,913
Due to other funds	212,492	-	-	212,492
Due to other governments	182	-	-	182
Unearned revenue	51,024	-	-	51,024
TOTAL LIABILITIES	$ 325,239	$ -	$ -	$ 325,239
Fund Balances -				
Nonspendable	$ 113,983	$ -	$ -	$ 113,983
Restricted	-	190,838	567,852	758,690
Assigned	1,878,845	-	-	1,878,845
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	$ 1,992,828	$ 190,838	$ 567,852	$ 2,751,518
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	**$ 2,318,067**	**$ 190,838**	**$ 567,852**	**$ 3,076,757**

Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

	Special Revenue Funds			Total
	School Lunch Fund	Miscellaneous Special Revenue Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
REVENUES				
Use of money and property	$ 10,142	$ 2,410	$ 36,860	$ 49,412
Miscellaneous	4,969	30,337	-	35,306
State sources	1,439,146	-	-	1,439,146
Federal sources	3,341,100	-	-	3,341,100
Sales	242,206	-	-	242,206
TOTAL REVENUES	$ 5,037,563	$ 32,747	$ 36,860	$ 5,107,170
EXPENDITURES				
Employee benefits	$ 880,948	$ -	$ -	$ 880,948
Debt service - principal	-	-	1,035,000	1,035,000
Debt service - interest	-	-	78,569	78,569
Cost of sales	2,363,701	-	-	2,363,701
Other expenses	1,537,863	28,500	-	1,566,363
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	$ 4,782,512	$ 28,500	$ 1,113,569	$ 5,924,581
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	$ 255,051	$ 4,247	$ (1,076,709)	$ (817,411)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfers - in	$ -	$ -	$ 1,143,569	$ 1,143,569
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	$ -	$ -	$ 1,143,569	$ 1,143,569
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	$ 255,051	$ 4,247	$ 66,860	$ 326,158
FUND BALANCE, BEGINNING OF YEAR	1,737,777	186,591	500,992	2,425,360
FUND BALANCE, END OF YEAR	**$ 1,992,828**	**$ 190,838**	**$ 567,852**	**$ 2,751,518**

Supplementary Information
RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets
For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

Capital assets/right to use assets, net		$ 119,519,574
Deduct:		
Bond payable	$ 2,145,000	
Retainage payable	21,020	
		2,166,020
Net Investment in Capital Assets/Right to Use Assets		**$ 117,353,554**

Supplementary Information

RUSH-HENRIETTA CENTRAL SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2026

Grantor / Pass - Through Agency Federal Award Cluster / Program	Assistance Listing Number	Grantor Number	Pass-Through Agency Number	Total Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department -				
Special Education Cluster IDEA -				
Special Education - Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-25-0385	$ 11,426
Special Education - Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)	84.027	N/A	0032-26-0385	2,366,368
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-25-0385	1,356
Special Education - Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	N/A	0033-26-0385	95,882
Total Special Education Cluster IDEA				$ 2,475,032
Title IIA - Supporting Effective Instruction State Grant	84.367	N/A	0147-26-1400	161,808
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	N/A	0293-25-1400	50,533
Title IIIA - English Language Acquisition	84.365	N/A	0293-26-1400	16,374
Title IIIA - Immigant Education	84.365	N/A	0149-25-1400	10,484
Title IIIA - Immigant Education	84.365	N/A	0149-26-1400	32,150
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-25-1400	55,649
Title IV - Student Support and Enrichment Program	84.424	N/A	0204-26-1400	174,850
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-25-1400	27,780
Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	N/A	0021-26-1400	1,196,808
Total U.S. Department of Education				**$ 4,201,468**
U.S. Department of Agriculture:				
Passed Through NYS Education Department (Child Nutrition Services) -				
Child Nutrition Cluster -				
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	26170106	$ 2,279,957
National School Lunch Program-Non-Cash Assistance (Commodities)	10.555	N/A	26170106	365,482
Summer Food Service program	10.559	N/A	26170106	28,192
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	26170106	667,469
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				$ 3,341,100
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture				$ 3,341,100
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS				**$ 7,542,568**

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Education
Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Rush-Henrietta Central School District, New York (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2026, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 22, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Mengel, Metzger, Barr & Co. LLP

Fairport, New York
September 22, 2026

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