

SECTION I: INSTRUCTION

Section I of the NEPN/NSBA classification system contains policies, regulations, and exhibits on the instructional program: basic curricular subjects, special programs, instructional resources, and academic achievement.

IA	Instructional Goals and Learning Objectives
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ICA	School Calendar
ICB	Extended School Year
ICC	Year-Round School
ID	School Day
IDA	Evening Instructional Activities
IE	Organization of Instruction
IF	Instructional Approach
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IFD	Continuous Progress Education
IFE	Nongraded Education
IG	Curriculum Development, Adoption, and Review
IGA	Curriculum Development
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IGC	Pilot Projects
IGD	Curriculum Adoption
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IGF	Curriculum Review
IH	Curriculum Programs
IHA	Basic Instructional Program
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IHAB	Mathematics Education
IHAC	Social Studies Education
IHAD	Science Education

IHAE	Physical Education
IHAF	Arts Education
IHAG	Music Education
IHAH	Foreign Language Education
IHAI	Vocational-Technical Education
IHAJ	Computer/Technology Literacy
IHAK	Citizenship/Values Education
IHAL	Teaching About Religion
IHAM	Health Education
IHAMA	Teaching about Drugs, Alcohol, and Tobacco
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IHAMC	HIV/AIDS Education
IHAN	Driver Education
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IHAP	Consumer Education
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IHBCC	Programs for Children in At-Risk Families
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IHBHC	Weekend/Night School
IHBI	Early Childhood Education
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IHBIAA	Half-Day/Full-Day Kindergarten
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IHC	Extended Instructional Programs
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IJG	Health Education Resources and Materials
IJH	Foreign Language Resources and Materials
IJI	Vocational-Technical Resources and Materials
IJJ	Textbook Selection and Adoption
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IJKA	Technology Resource Selection and Adoption
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IJM	Special Interest Materials Selection and Adoption
IJN	Instructional Services
IJNA	Teacher Aides
IJNB	Resource Teachers
IJNC	Resource Centers/Media Centers/School Library
IJNCA	Professional Library
IJND	Technology Resources
IJNDA	Computer-Assisted Instruction
IJNDB	Use of Technology Resources in Instruction
IJO	Community Learning Resources
IJOA	Field Trips/Student Travel
IJOB	Community Resource Persons/Speakers
IJOC	School Volunteers
IK	Academic Achievement
IKA	Grading/Assessment Systems
IKAA	Tests and Examinations
IKAB	Report Cards/Progress Reports
IKAC	Conferences
IKACA	Parent Conferences (Also GCMC)
IKACB	Student Conferences
IKAD	Grade Adjustment
IKB	Homework
IKC	Class Rankings/Grade Point Averages
IKD	Honor Rolls
IKE	Promotion and Retention of Students
IKF	Graduation Requirements
IKFA	Early Graduation
IKFB	Graduation Ceremonies
IL	Evaluation of Instructional Programs
ILA	Test/Assessment Selection

ILB	Test/Assessment Administration
ILBA	District Program Assessments
ILBB	State Program Assessments
ILBC	National Program Assessments
ILC	Use and Dissemination of Assessment Results
ILD	Educational Surveys and Research/Effective Schools Research
IM	Miscellaneous Instructional Policies
IMA	Teaching Methods
IMB	Teaching about Controversial/Sensitive Issues
IMBA	Alternative Learning Experiences
IMBB	Exemptions from Required Instruction
IMBC	Opt-Out Procedures for Alternative Instruction
IMC	Controversial Speakers/Programs
IMD	School Ceremonies and Observances
IMDA	Patriotic Exercises
IMDB	Flag Displays
IMDC	Religious Observances and Displays
IME	School Assemblies
IMF	School Fairs
IMG	Animals in Schools
IMGA	Animal Dissection
IMH	Class Interruptions
IMI	School Stores
IMJ	Collection of Money by Teachers
IMK	Planning and Recordkeeping by Teachers

INSTRUCTIONAL GOALS AND LEARNING OBJECTIVES

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education seeks to make its finest contribution to education in our community with regard to the instructional program. The Board is committed to supporting and supplementing the efforts of the faculty without trespassing on faculty responsibility.

Teachers, administrators and other instructional personnel need several kinds of important help from the community. Most importantly, they need to know what the community expects students to learn. Accordingly, the Board of Education must establish purposes for our schools and monitor that process.

How instruction is to be delivered is primarily the prerogative of the staff. The Board of Education's contribution to that operation is to provide the needed equipment, materials of instruction, and such other facilitating action that may be requested.

The Board is interested, too, in supporting the staff's continuing efforts to improve the instructional program.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

CROSS REFS.: IG, Curriculum Development, Adoption, and Review
 IHA, Basic Instructional Program

Note: Under codes AD, Educational Philosophy, School District Mission, Goals and Objectives, are filed the Board's basic expectations for student achievement, and the educational objectives for meeting those expectations. These policies are the lodestar principles for the development and implementation of the instructional program.

As part of the District's accreditation and planning program, needs assessment studies are conducted periodically to determine specific needs and objectives of the school system. Together with the district's educational philosophy and goals, the results of these needs assessment studies determine the priorities in curriculum development and basic instructional program.

ACADEMIC FREEDOM

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education believes academic freedom is the right of qualified scholars in their respective fields of expertise to pursue the search for truth in its many forms and to make public their methods and findings. Academic freedom is the right of qualified staff to encourage freedom of discussion of controversial issues and questions in the classroom and to develop in students a love of knowledge and a desire to search for truth. All staff must keep in mind that academic freedom is not a guaranteed political right, but rather a necessary condition for the successful practice of the academic profession in a free society.

The Board also believes, however, that the application of the principle of academic freedom at the elementary, middle and secondary school levels involves considerations that are not always equally present in a college or university setting. Staff members must take into account the relative level of maturity of their students and their students' need for guidance and assistance in considering all viewpoints surrounding issues and ideas. Staff members must also recognize that academic freedom presupposes the staff member to be an expert in each area being considered, and that the general, introductory nature of elementary, middle and secondary instruction does not necessarily qualify a staff member as an expert in all areas.

While the Board intends to protect staff members from any censorship or restraint that interferes with their obligation to pursue truth in the performance of their responsibilities, it also expects that all material presented or discussed by staff members with students in the District will be relevant to the Board approved curriculum, appropriate to the maturity and intellectual development of the students being instructed, and presented in a manner that examines all sides of an issue. The Board, in return, agrees to guarantee staff members full freedom in expressing their personal opinions on all matters relevant to course content; provided, however, that when staff members do so they shall indicate they are speaking personally and not on behalf of the school, its administration or the Board. The Board also agrees that staff members shall not be censored or restrained in the performance of their duties on the grounds that the material discussed and/or opinions expressed are distasteful or embarrassing to those in authority in the school system.

While the Board embraces the concept of academic freedom as outlined above, it wants to make clear that academic freedom is not a license for staff members to do as they wish under its guise or sanction. As noted above, staff members are expected to take into account the level of maturity and intellectual development of the students they are working with when determining what will and will not be discussed. The Board expects all staff members to make sound decisions in this regard that mirror the values of the District. When in doubt, staff members should check with their immediate supervisors for direction. In addition, it is important for everyone to understand that certain activities are never condoned or embraced by the tenets of academic freedom in the Caesar Rodney School District. Such activities include the use of profane, obscene, discriminatory or unacceptable language or the presentation, in any media form, of nudity, sexual contact, or graphic violence.

Finally, the Board stipulates that academic freedom does not give staff members the right to determine the curriculum of a course or grade or, necessarily, the methods by which curricula are presented to students. The Board alone is empowered with the responsibility for determining what is taught in the various grades and courses of the District, although it will continue to seek the input and recommendations of staff members at every level. In addition, although classroom teachers are responsible for the preparation of the instructional units and daily lesson plans necessary to provide classroom instruction that is practical and useful, the District may require particular instructional programs to be implemented, teaching methods to be employed or District provided training to be utilized in order to maximize the educational gains of all students in a particular course, subject or grade level.

SCHOOL YEAR

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education determines the compulsory attendance period each year in accordance with the requirements of state law.

Children who are residents of this District and who are in sufficient physical and mental health must attend an approved school full-time from the age of five (5) until they reach the age of sixteen (16), unless they meet the conditions for one of the exceptions allowed under state law.

For the purpose of student attendance accounting, the school year shall begin on the first day of July and end on June 30th following, during which time the school offers daily instruction interrupted by vacation periods. With prior Board of Education authorization or as presented by Delaware Department of Education, schools may operate during times of vacation.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

LEGAL REF.: 14 Del. C. Sec. 1023
14 Del. C. Sec. 2702
14 De. C. Ch. 28

CROSS REFS.: ICA, School Calendar
JEA, Compulsory Attendance Ages

SCHOOL CALENDAR

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education shall establish an annual school calendar. The administration is to recommend a school calendar which meets statutory and Department of Education (DOE) requirements.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Reviewed: October 12, 2026

LEGAL REF.: 14 Del. C. Sec. 1023

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

SCHOOL DAY

The school day in the Caesar Rodney School District is to be no less than:

- six hours and 30 minutes for grades K-12

The time for the school day shall be exclusive of the time scheduled for lunch.

The starting and dismissal time for the school day may vary among schools providing the minimum hours cited for grades K-12 are scheduled.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Revised: March 2024

LEGAL REF.: 14 Del. C. Sec. 122, 1023

ORGANIZATION OF INSTRUCTION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education is responsible for establishing a pattern of grade organization within the school district, and for housing and accommodating grades kindergarten through 12.

Plans for the grouping and housing of instructional levels will be recommended to the Board by the Superintendent. As circumstances change, the arrangement for all or parts of the District's grade organization may be changed by Board action.

It is the desire of the Board of Education that schools be organized in a similar manner. The basic organizational structure of the schools is to be as follows (see note):

Grades K - 5	Elementary School
Grades 6 - 8	Middle School
Grades 9 - 12	High School

Other organizational systems will be authorized by the Board of Education until facilities development goals enable the District to house students in the intended organizational pattern.

Principals are authorized to arrange internal instructional organizations such as: teams, houses, grade level, etc. for delivery of instruction and student services.

Credits for Promotion

Sophomore: 5 credits including one accredited Math and one accredited ELA

Junior: 11 credits including two accredited Math and two accredited ELA

Senior: 17 credits including three accredited Math and three accredited ELA

The principal of the high school is authorized to classify a student at a higher grade level when an exception is deemed appropriate.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Revised: October 12, 2026

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

INSTRUCTIONAL APPROACH

The focus of the instructional class groupings in the Caesar Rodney School District elementary schools is to be self-contained, heterogeneously grouped classes with the exception of immersion. The focus of the instructional class groupings in the secondary schools is by subject matter in heterogeneously grouped classes. Students who have demonstrated proficiency in subject matter and who have demonstrated high academic success may be accelerated if the student meets the criteria established by the Caesar Rodney School District or the principal and/or designee deems such scheduling appropriate.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Revised: November 2024

CURRICULUM DEVELOPMENT

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes that rapid social change, technological developments, and the continuing explosion of knowledge are facts of contemporary life. Public education needs to respond actively and creatively to these factors. Therefore, it is imperative that the staff of the individual schools, the District as a whole, and the Board of Education constantly assess, evaluate and review the educational practices and programs with a commitment to adjust, modify or change practices, or programs to meet changing student needs and the expectations of the community.

The Board of Education has the following expectations regarding curriculum development:

1. Expects both the Board and the professional staff to be sensitive to conditions that require change in curriculum and/or programs, and methods;
2. Expects all educational programs will be under ongoing evaluation to assure curriculum practices and programs are meeting the needs of all students;
3. Expects that curriculum revisions will be recommended for specific areas when changing conditions and assessment of current practices indicate that the needs of all students are not fully met.

To achieve these expectations, the Superintendent of Schools will establish procedures for curriculum development which will involve the professional staff of the District in a process designed to meet the following goals:

1. To improve program content, articulation, scope and sequence in all curricular areas;
2. To facilitate staff communications and cooperative activities associated with the development and implementation of the curriculum;
3. To provide a focus for staff development activities.

To achieve these goals, the Superintendent of Schools will establish Curriculum Councils and a Curriculum Cabinet, which shall be made up of both teachers and administrators.

Adopted: May 19, 1992
Revised: December, 1993
November, 1996
July, 2000
May 12, 2026

CROSS REF.: IGE, Curriculum Guides and Course Outlines
IJI, Textbook Selection and Adoption

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

CURRICULUM ADOPTION

Curriculum Council Number, Size and Organization

The number, size, and organization of the councils shall be reviewed each year by the Curriculum Cabinet and changes, if any, shall be made. All grade clusters offering curriculum in a council's subject area shall be represented on the council. The Board of Education shall be notified of any changes in Council number or size.

Curriculum Council Membership

Teacher membership on a council shall be determined by either grade level or content area. Only teachers with a minimum two years teaching experience, and who are not on an improvement plan, may serve on councils. Council vacancies should be posted in each school every June and August. Teachers wishing to serve on a council should file an intent form with the Division of Instruction. If more than one teacher files for a vacancy, an election shall be held. Teacher representatives shall be elected by the teachers who teach in the council's area of responsibility. The candidate receiving the greatest number of votes shall be elected. Membership on a council will be for three years with membership staggered to assure continuity within each council.

If a council seat becomes vacant for any reason, councils may fill vacancies by appointment. Appointment shall be by majority vote of the council. Appointees shall serve the remaining term of the vacant seat. Appointed teachers shall not be on an improvement plan.

Councils shall establish attendance policies. Councils may remove members for non-attendance by a three-fourths majority vote of all council members.

Each council will be assisted by a building administrator who shall function as a facilitator for the council's business. The building administrator is a non-voting member of the council. The superintendent will assign a building administrator to each council. Building administrators shall normally serve as a facilitator to a given council for a minimum of two consecutive years except in extenuating circumstances as determined by the Superintendent.

Each curriculum council will be chaired by a teacher member of the council selected annually by the membership of the council at the first meeting of the year. Election of the chair shall be by majority vote of all council members.

The business of the Curriculum Councils will be:

- 1 . To develop curriculum guides;
2. To make curriculum recommendations to the Cabinet;
3. To monitor the implementation of the curriculum development process;
4. To maintain the five-year cycle for curriculum development, adoption and review;
5. To develop recommendations for adoption of instructional materials;
6. To recommend staff development activities;

7. To establish sub-committees, as necessary;
8. To communicate regularly with constituents through meeting minutes and an annual meeting of teachers in the council's subject area.

Curriculum Cabinet

Membership on the Curriculum Cabinet shall consist of the teachers who chair the various curriculum councils and the building administrators serving as council facilitators. Teacher chairs and building administrators have a vote on business before the Cabinet. The Director of Instruction shall chair the Curriculum Cabinet, but shall not have a vote on business before the Cabinet. The Director of Special Education and the Supervisors of Instruction and Reading shall serve in an ex-officio capacity.

The business of the Curriculum Cabinet will be:

1. To review the curriculum development process of each council;
2. To assess the recommendations of the various curriculum councils;
3. To provide direction to the various curriculum councils with respect to curriculum development;
4. To set forth the parameters for curriculum guides to be developed by the various councils;
5. To provide recommendations for curriculum budget priorities;
6. To recommend appropriate processes to address any curriculum related activities, which are not a specific responsibility of any council;
7. To communicate regularly with the professional staff of the District through meeting highlights.
8. Other related tasks the Superintendent may assign to the Cabinet.

Any Cabinet recommendation to the Board of Education shall not be considered approved and recommended unless at least three-fourths of the appointed voting members of the Curriculum Cabinet vote in the affirmative on the issue. All other Cabinet business shall be conducted by simple majority vote.

When a Cabinet recommendation regarding the curriculum, textbooks or instructional materials, is presented to the Board of Education the position of the Curriculum Cabinet on the issue will be included.

Adopted: May 19, 1992
Revised: December, 1993
November, 1996
July, 2000
May 12, 2026

CROSS REF.: IGE, Curriculum Guides and Course Outlines
IJI, Textbook Selection and Adoption

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

CURRICULUM GUIDES AND COURSE OUTLINES

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education expects the Curriculum Councils to develop comprehensive curriculum guides and course outlines for all curricular areas after the Board authorizes the recommended modification, addition or deletion.

The Superintendent shall budget funds to support staff activity to develop needed curriculum guides and course outlines.

The Director of Instruction shall schedule appropriate staff in-service to familiarize the teaching staff and administrators with the content of the curriculum and the Board of Education expectations.

The principals are to establish in their school a curriculum monitoring process to assure the adopted curriculum is being presented and to assess the effectiveness of the teaching.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Reviewed: May 12, 2026

CROSS REFS.: IGF, Curriculum Development, Evaluation and Review
 IJI, Textbook Selection and Adoption

CURRICULUM GUIDES AND COURSE OUTLINES

The approved set of Caesar Rodney School District Curriculum Guides shall be maintained by the Director of Instruction.

The appropriate guide shall be provided to each teacher.

Upon adoption by the Board of Education, the Director of Instruction shall see that copies of Curriculum Guides are provided to principals and teachers currently assigned to the school.

Replacement of lost or abused copies is the responsibility of the building principal and is to be provided from the Basic Building Budget.

Issued: 1996
Revised: August 1997
June 2024
May 12, 2026

INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

The Caesar Rodney School District curriculum shall be offered at a challenging level and a level appropriate to the age and maturity of the students in the fields of study identified through the policies, IGA, and IGD, Curriculum Development, and Curriculum Adoption for which the Board of Education has otherwise directed.

Delaware Code and Federal Law mandate certain activities and curriculum topics. These activities and topics are to be included in the curriculum of the District at the appropriate grade or subject and, if necessary, be the primary subject of a course offering.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

Revised: May 12, 2026

CROSS REFS.: IHAJ, Computer/Technology Literacy

BASIC INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAM

The instructional program of the Caesar Rodney School District includes the entire offering of the schools, including the out-of-class activities, and the particular arrangement and sequence of subjects and activities. The programs, as adopted by the Board, set forth the ways in which the administration shall provide all students with a carefully developed, well-rounded learning program from the day they enroll until the day they graduate.

The Board of Education believes that the first business of the schools is to equip all students with the skills, tools and attitudes which will provide the basis for learning now and in the future. This means giving highest priority to developing skills in reading, writing, speaking, listening, and solving numerical problems. Therefore, the first claim of the District's resources shall be made for the realization of this priority and must be concentrated to meet this goal. No student shall be by-passed or left out of the school's efforts to teach these fundamental skills. Schooling for basic literacy must reach all students.

The Board of Education realizes that students need more than literacy. The schools must provide students the opportunity to develop their capabilities for thinking, working, creating, and gaining satisfaction out of life, each in his or her own way. Thus, the Board is equally concerned with individual development. The student is to be the center and focus of the educational resources of the District. Whether the child is average, gifted, or one with special needs, the Board confirms the community's commitment to serve all students.

The Board of Education also realizes that the schools alone cannot take on the burdens of solving all of society's problems. The District cannot spend its resources on challenges which properly belong to the home, family, church, workplace, and other agencies and institutions, but is committed to developing partnerships with others having an interest in the development of our students.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

COMPUTER/TECHNOLOGY LITERACY

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes continuing advances in technology are bringing about many changes within our society that have an increasing impact on the way we obtain, process, evaluate, and use information. Students in the District should receive the benefits available through computer assisted education that will assist them to accomplish the educational goals of this District. Therefore, the District is committed to:

- providing appropriate instruction to achieve computer literacy and to use computer-assisted instruction;
- providing instructional personnel with appropriate in-service in computer literacy; and
- developing instructional objectives for students participating in computer literacy and computer-assisted instruction that will assist them in reaching educational goals approved by the Board.

The Board will make an effort to ensure that students have an opportunity to:

- gain an understanding of the applications of computers in society;
- gain an understanding of the social implications of computer applications to society;
- develop skills in the use of computers as learning tools; and
- develop vocational skills that can lead to further training or employment opportunities.

To accomplish the above stated goal, the Board of Education directs the Curriculum Cabinet to incorporate appropriate activities into the Curriculum Program.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

CROSS REFS.: IH, Computer/Technology Literacy
IKF, Graduation Requirements

Note: In 1997, the State Board of Education added computer literacy as a graduation requirement.

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

TEACHING ABOUT RELIGION

In accordance with the mandate of the Constitution of the United State prohibiting the establishment of religion, it is the policy of the Board of Education that the Caesar Rodney School District;

- will assume no role or responsibility for the religious training of any student; and
- will, in no way, become involved in the religious belief, disbelief or doubt of any student.

This requirement of neutrality need not preclude nor hinder the Caesar Rodney School District in fulfilling its responsibility to educate students to be tolerant and respectful of religious diversity. The District also recognizes that one of its educational responsibilities is to advance the students' knowledge and appreciation of the role that religion has played in the social, cultural, and historical development of civilization.

Therefore, the District will approach religion from an objective, curriculum-related perspective, encouraging all students and staff members to be aware of the diversity of beliefs and respectful of each other's religious and/or non-religious views. Students and staff members should be excused from participating in activities that are contrary to their religious beliefs unless there are clear issues of compelling public interest that would prevent such an exemption.

Adopted: November 19, 1996

HEALTH EDUCATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education acknowledges that a positive state of physical, mental and social well being is more than the absence of illness. Good health is a state of wellness and teaching students how to achieve and maintain wellness is the goal of Health Education in the Caesar Rodney School District.

To achieve wellness, individuals must take responsibility for their own health. This includes choosing healthy behaviors and avoiding risk behaviors and risk situations. Concern for health is reflected in the quality of life and should be the basis for decisions individuals make about their lifestyles.

Health education is a skill-building process through which students acquire knowledge, examine their lifestyles, and set goals to achieve and maintain wellness. The possession of basic knowledge is essential if students are to make informed, healthy choices that will positively affect their well-being and enhance the health of family, friends and community. There is increasing evidence that it is best to acquire this knowledge during childhood and adolescence when skills and attitudes are being developed.

Students need to recognize the consequences of the behaviors they choose. Students need to be given positive behavior strategies that will enable them to screen media messages, deal with peer pressure and make appropriate adjustments to changes that occur throughout their lives. Additionally, they need identified strategies to avoid risk situations and to say, "NO!". Positive health behaviors based on self-respect and respect for others must be developed, supported and enhanced.

It is well documented that maintaining health contributes to a long, productive life. It is imperative that students receive sound health education that promotes, reinforces, supports and enhances wellness behaviors.

Health Education activities are incorporated into the Life Skills curriculum for grades 1-6 and in separate classes for grades 7-12. Appropriate activities associated with wellness should be incorporated into any other curricular area when inclusion is appropriate.

Teachers need to be sensitive to student differences with respect to gender and age. Instruction in sex education, family life and other sensitive areas should be presented to students grouped by gender when such grouping enhances group understanding. Instruction in sex education and HIV prevention shall promote abstinence as the only effective avoidance to the risk of conception or HIV infection.

Specific instruction in physiology and hygiene with special reference to the effects of alcohol, stimulants, narcotics and other drugs upon the human system shall be a component of the Health Curriculum.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

LEGAL REF.: Del. Code Title 14, Ch. 122
Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

DRIVER EDUCATION

Driver Education is a specially funded state program for sophomores in the Caesar Rodney School District. The standards for the driver education program are established by Delaware Code and regulations of the Delaware Department of Education (DOE).

Driver Education instruction consists of both classroom and behind-the-wheel training.

At no time shall an instructor present behind-the-wheel instruction to a student without at least one other student present in the automobile.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

LEGAL REF.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

ENVIRONMENTAL EDUCATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education bases its policy concerning environmental education on the belief that the quality of life and ultimately the question of survival depend upon the ability to live in harmony with the physical environment. The schools must provide cross-disciplinary experiences leading to the acquisition of knowledge, skills, and positive attitudes that will enable society to develop a balanced use of natural resources that recognizes the concurrent rights of present and future generations.

The goals of environmental education are:

- To foster clear awareness of, and concern about, economic, social, political, and ecological interdependence in urban and rural areas.
- To provide every student with opportunities to acquire the knowledge, values, attitudes, commitment, and skills needed to protect and improve the environment.
- To create responsible patterns of behavior by students towards the environment.

The Board of Education believes environmental education gives dimension to our appreciation of the earth. Environmental practices should take the student one step beyond learning and appreciation by encouraging a commitment to personal action in daily life. The basic objective is to improve the attitudes and lifestyles of students in order for them to be in harmony with the environment.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

CONSUMER EDUCATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education bases its policy on consumer education on the belief that acquisition of basic skills alone does not prepare a student for all of life's experiences. The schools must provide cross-disciplinary experiences leading to the acquisition of knowledge and skills which will enable the students to benefit from thoughtful expenditure and use of their individual resources. Many of the problems that confront students and adults are consumer orientated, thus teaching effective consumer practices is an appropriate activity for the schools.

Instruction in consumer education will be conducted in all District schools in conjunction with courses in all areas of study. Such instruction will be suited to meet the needs of the students at their respective grade levels.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

CAREER/TRANSITION-TO-WORK EDUCATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education bases its policy on career/transition-to-work education on the belief that learning is relevant to success in life. Career/transition-to-work education is a cross-disciplinary experience. Students are generally instructed in the following questions:

- Who am I?, and
- What can I do?, and
- How do I become...?

The career/transition-to-work learning experience should be designed to revolve around what people do for a living and questions about the world of work. The career/transition-to-work learning experience should be designed to enhance other curricular activities, not compete with other curricular programs.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

LEGAL REF.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

SPECIAL EDUCATION PROGRAMS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education is responsible for identifying and providing appropriate programs for children starting at birth through age 22 for individuals who are disabled and who are eligible per the criteria described in the Delaware Administrative Manual: Programs for Exceptional Children (AMPEC).

SCHOOL AGE YOUTH

The Board of Education believes that students with exceptional educational needs should be served in regular classrooms whenever possible. To this extent, special education is viewed as an integral part of the general education program offered to all students.

The objective of the special education program is to provide the most appropriate education for each student in the least restrictive environment without infringing on the rights of other students to a profitable learning environment. The extent of integration follows a continuum which varies from full-time placement in a regular classroom to full-time placement in a separate facility. The degree of integration provided each student is based on a number of variables including:

- specific student needs;
- available resources including paraprofessional support;
- realistic and practical program options;
- the well-being of the child;
- the welfare of others in the classroom;
- consultation with the principal

Parents are to be involved in both placement and program planning for the child.

SPECIAL PROGRAM PLACEMENT

Some students require a more specialized educational programming than the regular school can provide if the student's unique needs are to be met in a secure and non-threatening environment. These students benefit from placement in alternative educational settings, e.g., special classes, resource rooms, programs offered in separate facilities, and other resource programs. Students become eligible for these special services through a process established by the Delaware Department of Education (DOE) and facilitated at the District level by the Multi-Disciplinary Team which has the responsibility of evaluating referrals for special education placement.

Placement of students in special classes or programs or in separate facilities occurs when:

- necessary educational assessments have been completed;
- students have been declared eligible as disabled by the Multi-Disciplinary Team;
- students' needs cannot adequately be addressed in the regular school program;
- alternative placement has been recommended by the school's Individualized Educational Plan (IEP) Team;
- parents understand the purpose of the placement and the nature of the alternative education program;
- parents consent initially to the alternative placement.

APPEAL PROCEDURE

When there is disagreement with the recommended placement or concern related to the educational needs of their student, parents may further discuss these issues with school and/or District staff. If no resolution is reached, principals shall notify the Superintendent of Schools and provide the parents with information regarding the "due process procedure".

PRESCHOOL YOUTH

The Director of Special Education is responsible for establishing procedures to cooperate with other agencies to identify preschool youth in need of special education and to coordinate programs to service these youths.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

Revised: December, 2024

LEGAL REF.: Individuals with Disabilities: Education Act (IDEA)
Delaware Administrative Manual: Programs for Exceptional Children
(AMPEC), 1993

CROSS REFS.: IHCA, Summer School

Note: Although parents are involved with each placement decision, a parent's signature is only required for the initial placement. If a parent refuses to sign authorizing an initial placement, the District may appeal that action through "due process". Parents who do not agree with a placement may use "due process" to challenge a placement. Lacking a "due process" complaint, the recommended placement will take place.

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

GIFTED AND TALENTED EDUCATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education strives to meet the educational needs of all students. In meeting this concept, the Board of Education recognizes the unique characteristics of gifted and talented children and further recognizes the need to develop special programs to respond to their individual abilities and competencies.

The Board of Education, therefore, directs the Superintendent of Schools to establish educational standards and develop a program for gifted and talented students. The Board of Education further requires that the Superintendent of Schools assures the following:

- a plan for the definition and identification of gifted and talented students;
- the provision of programs to meet their special educational needs;
- a plan for the training of staff for administering, supervising, and teaching such programs; and
- an appropriation in the annual budget to support student participation in District authorized national competitions.

Adoption: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

LEGAL REF.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

PROGRAMS FOR AT-RISK/DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education realizes that some students need additional time to successfully complete school work and that some students need special help to be prepared to be successful in school. Thus, the Board of Education directs the Superintendent to consider these special needs and to present recommendations to the Board of Education for programs to serve at-risk and disadvantaged students.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

Revised: September 2025

LEGAL REFS.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

CROSS REFS.: IHCA, Summer Programs/ Summer School

MULTILINGUAL LEARNERS
(Also referred to as *English as a Second Language*)

Multilingual Learner (MLL) services in the Caesar Rodney School District are offered to help students, whose heritage language is other than English, become fully English proficient and meet or exceed the academic standards set by the State of Delaware.

Multilingual Learners (MLLs) are to be integrated into the regular program of the school as quickly as possible and they are to be counted as regular students in the teacher-staffing model with MLL teachers assigned to the appropriate schools outside the staffing model.

The goal of the MLL program is to have students fully integrated into the regular program within three years. The Board of Education recognizes that MLLs bring cultural heritages to our schools that enrich the learning environment; thus, the inclusion of MLLs should be considered an opportunity to demonstrate the American dream of inclusion and the benefits of diversity.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

Revised: July 2024

LEGAL REFS.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

ENGLISH AS A SECOND LANGUAGE
(Multilingual Learners)
(MLL)

The Caesar Rodney School District observes the term Multilingual Learner (MLL) to refer to its students, families and programming pertaining to students whose heritage language may be other than English. The term MLL is widely recognized by researchers and research-based institutions as an asset-based term for Multilingual Learners.

Moreover, it should be recognized that the US Department of Education Office of English Language Acquisition (OELA) and the Delaware Department of Education may use the terms Multilingual Learner, English Learner, English Language Learner, English as a Second Language, and Limited English Proficiency throughout some of their policy, assessment, databases, and standards literature.

Part I: Caesar Rodney School District MLL Program Goals

Multilingual Learner (MLL) services in the Caesar Rodney School District are offered to help students, whose heritage language may be other than non-US English, to attain the Delaware Department of Education exit criteria as measured by WIDA ACCESS for ELLs.

Program Goals

- Meeting the needs of our diverse Multilingual Learner (MLL) population.
- Bringing quality instructional support and resources that enable our MLLs to progress academically in all content areas while learning English.
- Increasing the percentage of our MLLs meeting or exceeding the standards on state-wide academic assessments.
- Increasing the overall proficiency scores of our MLLs on the annual English language proficiency assessments.
- Improving communication and collaboration with and between staff members, students, and outside community.
- Providing professional support to teachers who have MLLs in their classrooms.

Who is a Multilingual Learner?

A Multilingual Learner (MLL) is a student who:

- was not born in the United States or whose heritage language is a language other than English and comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant, OR

- is a Native American, or Alaska Native, or a native resident of the outlying areas and comes from an environment where a language other than English has had a significant impact on such individual's level of English proficiency, OR
- is migratory and whose heritage language is other than English and comes from an environment where a language other than English is dominant, AND
- has sufficient difficulty speaking, reading, writing, or understanding the English language, that may interfere with the student's opportunity to learn successfully in classrooms where the language of instruction is English, or to participate fully in society

Part II: Caesar Rodney School District MLL Program components

To effectively meet Multilingual Learner needs, the Caesar Rodney School District has created a district-wide MLL program with specific guidance and procedures for:

- MLL Identification and Registration
- MLL Program Models
- The Annual ACCESS Assessment
- MLL Transitions and Exit Criteria
- MLL program evaluation

The Caesar Rodney School District MLL Program's guidance and procedures can be found in the **CRSD MLL Program** Schoology Group.

Issued: April 1998
Revised: December 2024

HOMEBOUND INSTRUCTION

The Caesar Rodney School District provides homebound instruction to those students who are unable to attend classes for at least 10 consecutive school days due to physical injury, medical situation, severe emotional problems or other unique circumstances. The instruction is to be designed to provide maintenance in the basic academic courses so that when a student returns to school the student will not be at a disadvantage because of absence.

Students whose absence is associated with injury, medical or emotional-related situations qualify for homebound instruction by submitting a written statement from a medical doctor requesting homebound instruction. The documentation shall state the reasons for the homebound instruction request, as well as the estimated time the student will be out of school. This documentation shall be presented to the principal by the parent. In the event a parent does not initiate a request for homebound instruction, the school principal shall use the service of the Visiting Teacher to obtain the needed documentation from the parent. Principals may refer students for homebound instruction for unique circumstances. The Superintendent of Schools is authorized to declare such students eligible for homebound instruction if, in the Superintendent's opinion, homebound instruction is appropriate.

The Superintendent of Schools may authorize homebound instruction as a temporary educational placement for students removed from the regular program for disciplinary reasons.

The homebound instruction program is under the supervision of the Director of Special Education.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1996

LEGAL REFS.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education
Delaware Administrative Manual: Programs for Exceptional Children

CROSS REFS.: IHBH, Alternative School Program

HOME SCHOOLING

The State of Delaware accepts home schooling as an appropriate alternative educational placement to meet the compulsory education requirement of the Code of Delaware, when such home schooling is authorized by the Superintendent of Schools in the Caesar Rodney School District.

To establish a home schooling program, parents of children under the age of 16 must submit a letter of intent and request authorization by the Superintendent of Schools.

The Delaware Department of Education provides both parent and school district guidelines for meaningful home schooling. The minimum guidelines must be considered obtainable for the Superintendent of Schools to authorize home schooling.

Credit for graduation is not generally awarded for home schooling; high school age students and their parents are to be notified of this when they request permission to home school. The Superintendent of Schools is authorized to establish proficiency exams for high school credit when extenuating circumstances warrant such authorization. This arrangement must be a part of the original approval for home schooling.

Students being home schooled are not eligible to participate in the extra-curricular program of the schools. Students being home schooled may use the resources of the school library with the consent of the school principal providing such usage does not limit library access to regular students. Parents are fully responsible for securing adequate instructional materials for home schooling.

The Administrative Assistant to the Superintendent supervises home schooling and is to notify the Superintendent of Schools whenever the adequacy of a home school is questioned.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current practice codified 1994

LEGAL REFS.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL PROGRAMS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education realizes that some student needs cannot be met in the regular school program. The Board of Education directs the Superintendent of Schools to present program recommendations for Board of Education consideration and authorization as conditions within the schools warrant.

Although alternative school programs are usually associated with student discipline, academic problems or attendance, the Board of Education realizes that any student may benefit from alternative school programs.

Programs which affect more than one student and which are considered ongoing programs shall not be initiated without Board of Education authorization. The Superintendent of Schools is authorized to establish alternative school programs for individual students with unique needs providing all requirements for promotion or awarding of credit are met.

A decision to place a student in an alternative school program will be based on a review of all student records and a meeting of the parent or guardian with appropriate school representatives to review the records fully and discuss the matter.

The alternative school program may be located within a school or on a separate campus and may operate before, after, or during regular school hours. In implementing the program, the District may modify the number of credits a student must take each semester, and modify the methods, pacing, and materials of instruction as appropriate.

The District will require students in alternative school programs to meet state graduation requirements. The District will maintain evidence of student accomplishments and progress in the programs.

Alternative school programs are under the supervision of the Director of Support Services.

Adopted: December 17, 1996

Current policy and practice codified 1996

CROSS REFS.: IHBC, Programs for At Risk/Disadvantaged Students

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

ALTERNATIVE SCHOOL PROGRAMS

The following alternative school programs have been authorized for the Caesar Rodney School District:

- Early Graduation
- Alternative Class: Caesar Rodney Junior High School
- SARS (Severely At Risk Students): Caesar Rodney High School
- PEAK (Programs for Education Alternatives in Kent County): High School students
- Because We Care: Grades 6-8
- Correspondence Courses: Caesar Rodney High School
- SBI (School Based Intervention): All schools

Issued: 1996

SUMMER PROGRAMS/ SUMMER SCHOOL

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education may authorize summer school programs.

Summer school programs are under the supervision of the Director of Curriculum & Instruction.

Adopted: prior to 1996, Codified 1996

Revised: February 2006
January 24, 2017
September 2025

CROSS REFS.: IHBA, Special Education
IHBC, Programs for At-Risk/Disadvantaged Students

PROGRAMS FOR AT-RISK/DISADVANTAGED STUDENTS

Summer School:

For Grades 1-5:

Summer school is available for students who fail promotion standards, but who are considered capable of meeting the promotion standards via a successful participation in a remedial summer school experience.

For Grades 6-12:

A tuition fee will be charged for remedial coursework available to students in grades 6 through 12 who did not meet promotion standards.

Issued: 1996

Revised: August 1998
November 2025

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

Library Materials Selection and Adoption

The Caesar Rodney School District is committed to providing students with access to a diverse, developmentally appropriate, and educationally valuable library collection. The district supports students' rights to read widely and independently while ensuring transparency, fairness, and consistency when concerns about library materials arise. This policy outlines the process by which students, parents/guardians, and district staff may request the review of school library materials.

Eligibility and Submission of Objections

Eligible Individuals

The following individuals may submit a formal objection to school library materials:

- A currently enrolled student where the objectionable material is housed in the school library
- A parent/guardian of a currently enrolled student where the objectionable material is housed in the school library
- A current district employee where the objectionable materials is housed in the school library

Submission Requirements

1. Objections must be submitted in writing using the CRSD Library Materials Reconsideration Form.
2. The individual must have read or viewed the material *in its entirety* before submitting the form.
3. The form must include complete, specific, and meaningful responses. Anonymous, incomplete, duplicative, or vague submissions will not be accepted.
4. A separate form must be submitted for each challenged title.
5. Only one reconsideration request per household/organization may be active at a time.
6. Completed forms shall be submitted to:
Director of Curriculum and Instruction's Office
Caesar Rodney School District
7 Front Street, Wyoming, DE 19934

Availability of Materials During Review

Materials under review shall remain available for student and staff use throughout the review process. No restrictions, removals, or access limitations will occur prior to the final determination of the reconsideration process. In addition, library material may not be excluded, removed, or prohibited from a school library solely because of the origin, background, or views of the person who created the material. Library material may not be excluded, removed, or prohibited from the catalog of a school library because of partisan, ideological, or religious disapproval.

Review Process & Timeline

Acknowledgment of Receipt

Within **10 school days**, the Director of Curriculum and Instruction or designee will acknowledge the objection in writing and forward the form to the **CRSD Library Review Committee**.

Library Review Committee Composition

The committee shall consist of:

- One building administrator
- One school librarian/media specialist
- Two teachers (one ELA, one other discipline)
- Two parents/guardians from the school community

Committee Responsibilities

The committee will:

1. Read/view the material in full.
2. Review its educational relevance, developmental appropriateness, and alignment with district selection criteria.
3. Examine the concerns cited in the objection.
4. Discuss and issue a written recommendation to the Superintendent.

Timeline

- The committee will issue its written recommendation to the Director of Curriculum and Instruction within **30 days** of receiving the objection.
- The Director of Curriculum or designee will issue a district decision within **10 days** of receiving the recommendation.

Appeal

- The objecting party may appeal the Director's decision to the Superintendent within **15 days**.
- The Superintendent or designee will issue a determination within 30 days of receiving the appeal.
- The objecting party may appeal the Superintendent's decision to the District Board of Education. The District Board of Education will issue a final determination within **30 days** of receiving the appeal.
- If the objecting party's complaint is still not resolved, the objecting party may appeal to the State School Library Review Committee.
- The State School Library Review Committee's decision is final.

Recordkeeping & Transparency

The school/district will maintain documentation of all objections, committee findings, and determinations.

Caesar Rodney School District Library Materials Reconsideration Form

Your Name: Address: Phone Number: Email:	
Relationship to the district:	
Who do you represent?:	
Type of resource:	
Title/Author/Publisher/Date:	
What brought this item to your attention?:	
Have you reviewed the entire item?:	
Purpose and theme of this material:	
Concerns about this item:	
Cited passages:	
Professional reviews (supporting):	

Professional reviews (objecting):	
How students may be affected:	
Evidence:	
Alternative suggested resource:	
Requested action:	
Why restrict choices of others?:	

Adopted February 2026

FIELD TRIPS

Student travel is categorized into the following three categories in the Caesar Rodney School District:

- Field Trips
- Educational Travel
- Staff-Promoted Non-School Trips

Section I. Definitions

Field Trips:

Type I: Trips by students in a course or class that take place entirely during the time of a regular school day.

Type II: Trips by students in a course or class that take place on a regular school day and part of the trip includes time before or after the regular school day.

Educational Travel: Trips by students, individually or in a group, under the sponsorship of the school to participate in a competition, exhibit, study activity or student conference and overnight lodging is often necessary.

Staff-Promoted Non-School Trips: Trips promoted by staff that are personally, and privately, being planned, and in no way reflective, supported by, or authorized by the District or specific school.

Section II. Board Authorization

All out-of-state Field Trips and Educational Travel shall be presented for Board of Education review and authorization. All over-night educational travel shall be presented for Board of Education review and authorization.

Section III. Field Trips

The relative merit of a field trip versus classroom activity must be carefully evaluated. When the merits of a field trip outweigh the classroom activity, the field trip will be considered a part of the instructional program. Local trips are to receive priority.

Field trip costs may be partially or fully funded by student fees; however, no student may be denied participation in a school day field trip who did not provide the requested fee to cover the cost of the field trip. School accounts or donations shall be used to cover the costs of field trip participation.

Saturday trips are encouraged where the trip is more of a social event than an educational event. Saturday trips may be partially or fully financed by student fees. Out-of-state trips must be authorized by the Board of Education.

The building principal is authorized to approve staff requests for field trips not requiring Board of Education approval.

Principals are authorized to cancel field trips if the expected number of chaperones are not present or weather conditions would nullify the benefit of the field trip.

Section IV. Educational Travel

Principals are to submit requests early enough to assure placement on a meeting agenda for Board of Education approval far enough in advance of the trip to assure no loss of deposit if the request is denied.

Requests for authorization of an educational travel trip must include data regarding the cost to the student, planned fund-raising activities, dates, trip itinerary, purpose of the trip and other relevant data.

Section V. Staff-Promoted Non-School Trips

Since staff-promoted non-school trips are personally and privately planned, and are in no way reflective, supported by, or authorized by the District or specific school, the staff promoting such trips must adhere to the following requirements:

- No school or District stationary is to be used in relation to planning, organizing, or promoting such trips.
- No statement or implication is to be made that such trips are reflective, supported by, or authorized by the District or specific school.
- Collection of money associated with such trips cannot be conducted during school hours.
- Promotion, recruitment, and planning associated with such trips cannot be held during school hours.
- The District and Board of Education assume no liability for such trips.

Section VI. Parental Permission

- Field Trips – Type I: Individual parent permission slips are not required providing the notice of the trip has been communicated to parents via school newsletter or other usual school communication procedures.
- Field Trips – Type II and All Educational Travel: Individual parent permission slips authorizing student participation are required.
- 18 Year Old Students: Only students who have declared independence may sign their own permission slips.
- When parent permission slips are required, a principal is not authorized to waive the requirement.

Adopted: February, 1997
Revised: February 17, 1998
March, 2002
April 14, 2026

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

FIELD TRIPS

I. FIELD TRIPS

1. Type I: Field Trips Within the School Day

Type I trips are considered a basic component of the curriculum and principals are to validate the linkage between class activity and the field trip before authorizing a Type I field trip. Parent Permit Slips are not required for Type I trips.

Parents shall be notified of a Type I field trip via a written notice, a minimum of five school days before the field trip. Notification shall be by a regular school communication process such as the "Brown Envelope Day" or school activity calendar.

No student may be denied participation in a Type I field trip who did not pay the designated fee for the trip.

Student fees may be collected for participating in a Type I field trip. All students assigned to the class or group scheduled for a Type I field trip are to participate unless prearranged absence had been scheduled for such activity as doctor or dentist appointment. The school will cover the costs for students who did not pay the fee.

Parental objection to a field trip is not a valid excuse for absence from school or an alternative activity in place of participation in the field trip. Parental objection to the appropriateness or participation in a Type I field trip shall be processed as any other complaint about the instructional program. Such complaints are processed via the procedures of the Reconsideration Process.

2. Type II: Extended Day Field Trips

The only programmatic difference between a Type I and Type II field trip is the time of day the trip is scheduled.

Parental Permission Permits are required for Type II field trips.

Students whose parents will not authorize Type II field trips shall be scheduled for an appropriate alternative educational activity at school while the other students are absent for the field trip.

Principals shall make multiple attempts to secure parent permission for student participation in Type II trips for students considered "at risk" so these students can experience the educational benefits of the field trip. Principals are encouraged to use parents to contact parents as one way of securing permission for all students to participate.

Any such trip should be canceled whenever fewer than 70% of the students do not have authorization to participate in the field trip.

No student may be denied participation in a Type II field trip who did not pay the designated fee for the trip.

3. Educational Travel

Educational travel trips must be approved by the Superintendent of Schools before the students are informed of the potential trip.

Students may be charged a fee to offset part or all of the expense of a trip designated Educational Travel.

4. Board Authorization for Overnight and Out-of-State Field Trips or Educational Travel

Requests for authorization must be received by the Superintendent of Schools no later than the Thursday preceding the date of the regular Board of Education meeting for that month.

Issued: August 1995
Revised: February 17, 1998
May 12, 2026

SCHOOL VOLUNTEERS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes the benefit of a cooperative effort between the community and the District that promotes a volunteer program to support District instructional programs and extracurricular activities. The purpose of the volunteer program will be to:

- Assist school employees in providing more individualization and enrichment of instruction.
- Build an understanding of school programs among interested citizens, thus stimulating widespread involvement in the total educational process.
- Strengthen school community relations through positive participation.

A **volunteer** is a person who works on an occasional or regular basis at school sites or other educational facilities to support the efforts of professional personnel and have direct access to students. Volunteers will work with students under the immediate supervision and direction of a professional staff member. Volunteer workers shall serve in this capacity without employee benefits of any type.

Volunteers are expected to comply with all policies and regulations set forth by the District.

Adopted: November 2006

Revised: November 2024

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

SCHOOL VOLUNTEERS

A ***volunteer*** is a person who works on an occasional or regular basis at school sites or other educational facilities to support the efforts of professional personnel and have direct access with students.

An individual defined as a volunteer at a school or district facility shall complete all necessary School Volunteer Forms and receive the principal's signed approval. The required forms will be made available at each district facility and processed by the Office of Human Resources. These forms will comply with Title 14 (Background checks), Title 31 (Child Protection Registry Check) and Title 16 (TB Screening) of the Delaware Code. The building administration will approve all volunteer placements.

Volunteers will work with students under the immediate supervision and direction of a professional staff member.

Volunteers are expected to comply with all policies, expectations and regulations set forth by the District and the building administration.

The Caesar Rodney School District reserves the right to deny a person's application to serve as a volunteer. This includes failure to meet requirements set forth in Titles 14 and 31 as they pertain to the Criminal Background Check and the Child Protection Registry Check.

The Caesar Rodney School District may terminate a volunteer agreement, or previously approved application, at any time without notice.

Chaperones, mentors, tutors, and volunteer coaches are all considered "volunteers". Other roles may be classified as volunteers when determined by the District and/or building Principal.

A *visitor* is defined as any person that visits a school or facility in a seldom or infrequent manner and is not held responsible to supervise or mentor children.

A principal may use their discretion to determine whether an individual is considered a volunteer or a visitor.

For each visitation, all volunteers and visitors must sign-in at a designated area and receive approval and/or credentials to enter the district facility.

Adopted: December 2024

ACADEMIC ACHIEVEMENT

The Caesar Rodney School District's instructional goals and objectives are based upon the content standards established by the State Board of Education and the District standards, which align with the state standards. These standards address both the content and the skills needed for successful achievement in the next grade or the next course in a sequence of courses.

Classroom instruction and assessments are to be designed so that the student's performance indicates the level of mastery of grade level / content standards. The student's mastery level will be the sole factor in determining the grade for a subject or course.

Adopted: March 18, 1997
Revised: September 18, 2007
June 2025

GRADING/ASSESSMENT SYSTEMS

Evaluation of student progress is a primary responsibility of the teacher in the Caesar Rodney School District. The highest possible level of student achievement is a common goal of both the school and the home. It is the position of the Board of Education that a close working relationship between the home and the school is essential to the accomplishment of this goal. Regular communication with parents or guardians about the scholastic progress of their student is a basic component of this working relationship.

Regularly issued report cards and regular interim reports combined with parent-teacher conferences serve to promote a process of continuous evaluation of student performance.

Adopted: March 18, 1997

Revised: June 2025

Current policy adopted prior to 1997

REPORT CARDS/PROGRESS REPORTS

Kindergarten Reporting Process

Progress reports are issued at semester and at year's end only.

First Grade Reporting Process

A formal report card will be provided to students and parents every nine weeks. The reporting cycle will include an interim progress report at the midpoint of the nine weeks.

The report card will indicate progress using a standards based report card focused on academic subjects of English/Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.

For non-core courses the following grades will be used:

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Quality of Student Work</u>
O	Outstanding
S	Satisfactory
N	Needs Improvement

Elementary Reporting Process Grades 2 - 5

For the elementary grades 2 -5, a formal report card will be provided to students and parents every nine weeks. The reporting cycle will include an interim progress report at the midpoint of the nine weeks.

The report card will indicate progress by letter grades in the core academic subjects of English/Language Arts, mathematics, science, and social studies.

<u>Letter Grade</u>	<u>Quality of Student Work</u>
A	Excellent
B	Very Good
C	Satisfactory
D	Poor
F	Failing

No pluses or minuses may be added to the letter grades for any subject on the report card.

For non-core courses the following grades will be used:

<u>Grade</u>	<u>Quality of Student Work</u>
O	Outstanding
S	Satisfactory
N	Needs Improvement

If a mathematical scale is to be used by classroom teachers to calculate the grade for core courses, the scale will be:

A = 90 - 100
B = 80 - 89
C = 70 - 79
D = 60 - 69
F = 0 - 59

- Elementary teachers will not enter a grade below 50.

Secondary Reporting Process Grades 6 - 12

For the secondary schools, formal reporting of progress is provided to students and parents on a nine week basis with an interim report issued at the midpoint of the reporting period.

Student achievement is determined by a mathematical scale in the secondary schools. For the middle schools, achievement is reported as a letter grade, whereas for the high school numeric grades are used to report achievement.

Secondary Grading Scale

A = 90 - 100
B = 80 - 89
C = 70 - 79
D = 60 - 69
F = 0 - 59

Due to the fact that grades are used to determine eligibility for some extracurricular activities, it is imperative that interim reports reflect actual scholastic progress to that date so that a student in danger of becoming ineligible has time to remedy the problem.

- Middle school teachers will not enter a grade below 50.
- High school marking period report card grades will be adjusted to reflect the following:
 - MP 1 50
 - MP 2 50
 - MP 3 50
 - MP 4 will reflect the earned grade

Adopted: July 20, 1999
Revised: June 2025
July 22, 2026

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

PARENT CONFERENCES

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education believes that home-school communication is a key to student success. To provide opportunities for parent conferences, the school calendar shall include regular opportunities for the scheduling of parent/teacher conferences for the elementary grades. For the secondary schools, parent conferences may be listed in the calendar, but principals and teachers are to initiate parent conferences as the need exists.

The Board of Education realizes that the time provided in the school calendar may not accommodate the needs of all parents and expects the principal and teachers to offer alternative times for parent conferences to meet those special needs.

In the event a parent does not schedule a parent/teacher conference, principals and teachers are expected to initiate a telephone conference with parents and to encourage attendance at future conferences.

Adopted: Current practice codified 1997

GRADE ADJUSTMENT

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes that a teacher is the primary professional responsible for determining grades. No grade shall be changed without prior consultation with the teacher. When any administrative change in a grade is made without the teacher's consent, a written rationale for the change shall be provided to the teacher by the administrator. The administrator is responsible for maintaining a written record which states the reason for the grade adjustment.

Adopted: Current policy codified 1996

LEGAL REFS.: CREA Negotiated Agreement, Article III, Section F

HOMEWORK

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education considers homework to be an essential part of the learning process. However, care must be exercised that homework is purposeful and not overburdening by way of quantity. Homework may vary from grade to grade and/or course to course and should account for the student age with respect to time needed to complete the homework. Principals are responsible for monitoring the amount and type of homework assigned in each school.

The Superintendent of Schools is to see that regulations for the purpose of providing uniformity of homework at grade levels or similar courses is available to teachers, students, and parents. Periodically, the Superintendent of Schools is expected to appoint a committee to review the adequacy of the regulations.

Adopted prior to 1997

CLASS RANKINGS/GRADE POINT AVERAGE

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education authorizes the compilation of grade point average and class rank for grades 9, 10, 11, and 12. Such compilations are generally not for public usage. These computations are part of the student's academic profile and are used to assist students and parents in academic and career planning. These compilations are not to be distributed, posted, or made available for general information purposes. The principal may authorize the use of this data to determine eligibility for special recognitions, awards, or scholarships.

The compilation of class rank is computed at the end of the fifth, sixth, seventh and eighth semesters of high school work. The class rank computed at the end of the eighth semester reflects the final class rank of all graduating seniors except for seniors who must attend summer school in order to qualify for summer graduation. The grade point average and class rank for these seniors are adjusted to include the grades earned in summer school.

All credit courses are included in the computation of grade point average and starting with the incoming freshman class in August of 2025, the weighted GPA will be used to determine the valedictorian and salutatorian.

Current policy codified 1997

Revised: August 19, 2025

CLASS RANKINGS/GRADE POINT AVERAGE

Starting in the June 2026 graduation ceremony, the board will recognize the top 1% - 5% of students as Summa Cum Laude, 6% - 10% as Magna Cum Laude, and 11% - 15% as Cum Laude. The weighted GPA will be used for this ranking.

To calculate the weighted GPA, 5 percentage points are added to the final average during the GPA calculation. However, the actual grade reported on transcripts and report cards does not include this additional 5% and only reflect the actual grade earned.

The board would also like to recognize 1 distinguished scholar who is not the valedictorian or salutatorian at the graduation ceremony.

November 16, 2025

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

HONOR ROLLS

It is the intent of the Caesar Rodney School District to recognize excellence in student academic achievement. Honor Rolls provides an opportunity for recognition of superior scholastic performance.

Honor Rolls will be recognized in grades 3 - 12.

Adopted: February 15, 2000

Revised: July 22, 2025

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

HONOR ROLLS

It is the intent of the Caesar Rodney School District to recognize excellence in academic achievement in grades 3-12. Students will be recognized at the end of each grading period. Such scholastic honor rolls in the District require the following at the levels indicated:

Elementary Grades 3-5

- A student must achieve a B or better in each graded subject.

Middle School Grades 6-8

- Every graded subject will be computed in the grade-point average.
- A student must achieve a B or 80.0 average overall to be placed on the honor roll.
- Every grade must be a minimum of 70.

High School Grades 9-12

- Every graded subject will be computed in the grade-point average.
- A student must achieve a B or 80.0 average overall to be placed on the honor roll.
- Every grade must be a minimum of 70.
- Honor roll will be calculated using the weighted GPA.

Adopted: February 15, 2000

Revised: November 16, 2025

PROMOTION AND RETENTION OF STUDENTS

Students in the Caesar Rodney School District must meet all promotion requirements specified in state law and required through Department of Education regulations.

In addition to State requirements, District policy addresses the following promotion standards:

- Students in kindergarten are promoted based on mastery of the curriculum in the judgment of the teacher and building principal.
- Students in grades 1-5 must pass English/Language Arts and one other core course, to include mathematics, science, or social studies, with a final grade of "D" or better to be promoted.
- Students in grades 6-8 must pass English, science, social studies and math with a final grade of "D" or better to be promoted.
- Students in grades 9-12 must pass courses for credit as specified in policy IKF.

Adopted: February 2000

Revised: November 2024

LEGAL REFS.: 14 Del. C Chapter 1, Subsection 3

PROMOTION AND RETENTION OF STUDENTS

Promotion to the next grade level is determined in the following manner for the different grade levels:

Kindergarten

Promotion is determined by the teacher and the principal.

Grade 1

A standards based rubric is used for students in grade 1. Students will be promoted unless they remain in the emerging phase for ELA.

Grades 2 - 5

English/Language Arts must be passed each year in grades 2 - 5 for a student to be promoted in addition to one additional core class. If the requirements are not met, the student will need to successfully complete summer school or will be retained.

Grades 6-8

Final grades of “F” in any core academic subject (English/Language Arts, math, science, social studies) will result in retention pending completion of summer school. If weaknesses have not been remediated during summer school, the student will be retained.

Grades 9 - 12

Students in grades 9-12 must pass courses for credit as specified in policy IKF

GRADUATION REQUIREMENTS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes that the State Board of Education is responsible for establishing the minimum requirements for the awarding of a diploma signifying successful completion of the course of studies for high school graduation. In addition to the requirements established by the State Board of Education, the Board of Education of the Caesar Rodney School District has established requirements regarding the number of years of study a student must successfully complete to be awarded a diploma.

A student meets the requirements for a high school diploma while enrolled in grades 9, 10, 11 and 12.

Carnegie units of credit are awarded for successful completion of approved courses. A full credit course must consist of at least 135 clock hours of instruction. A fractional credit may be awarded for a course scheduled for more or less than 135 clock hours providing the credit is in ratio to the clock hours needed to earn a full credit.

In certain instances, course credit may be awarded to students who demonstrate competency. Credit via competency examination shall only be awarded for courses identified by the State Board of Education as eligible for waiver from the clock hour requirements. Credits earned via competency examination do not count toward meeting the number of credits needed to qualify for graduation. Credits earned via competency examination are designated on the student's transcript via a notation "passed/date" and no grade is assigned.

All students enrolled in grades 9, 10, 11, and 12 are to be scheduled as full time students unless they are a fifth year student. The principal may authorize an exception due to extenuating circumstances.

A Student Curriculum Guide is to be published annually by the high school. The Student Curriculum Guide will include a listing of credit courses which may be offered the following school year. In some cases, minimum enrollment is required for the course to be scheduled. In addition to the courses identified in the Student Curriculum Guide, students may earn graduation credit as follows:

- courses taken at or through a community, junior, and/or a four year college, or
- peer teaching or work experience which meet the educational objectives or vocational program of the student, or
- independent study and/or correspondence courses

The authorization of the high school principal prior to enrollment in any of the options cited above is needed for the awarding of graduation credit. The procedures to obtain the principal's authorization shall be published in the Student Curriculum Guide publication.

Adopted: March 18, 1997

LEGAL REFS.: Handbook for K-12 Education

CROSS REFS.: IHAI, Computer/Technology Literacy

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

EARLY GRADUATION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education realizes that, on occasion, a student may desire to graduate in a time period shorter than the usual four year program.

The Board authorizes the high school principal to approve a course of study to facilitate early graduation for students who qualify. Students should apply for approval prior to the end of their freshman year.

Early graduation is only to be approved for students who are achieving at the highest levels academically and are projected to move beyond the high school curriculum prior to normal graduation.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

GRADUATION CEREMONIES

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education shall sponsor a graduation ceremony for students who are eligible to receive a diploma or a certificate of competency at the end of the regular school year and at the end of summer school. The dates for graduation will be included as events on the District School Calendar.

The high school principal is responsible for organizing the ceremony and determining if the planned, outdoor ceremony should be transferred inside as a result of inclement weather. The end-of-year ceremony will be held at the stadium and the summer school ceremony will be held in the high school auditorium.

The selection of the commencement speaker will be made by the Senior Class under the direction of the Class Sponsors, with final approval by the high school principal. Expenses for the commencement speaker will be paid by the Senior Class. Should the Class lack appropriate funds, the Class may request assistance from the Board of Education.

Any costs associated with staging of the graduation ceremonies, with the exception of those previously noted, will be paid by the Board of Education.

The principal is responsible for the selection of student speakers at commencement. Students to be considered for selection are the class officers, Valedictorian, Salutatorian, or others who have made significant contributions to the school or community.

Guidelines for Student Speakers

The principal shall be responsible for approving the topic, content, and length of all speeches delivered by students. A copy of the speech or address shall be given to the principal prior to graduation. The following should be considered:

- The speech should not mock, demean, or ridicule other persons or groups.
- The speech should not reflect obscenity, vulgarity, or inflammatory statements.

The Board of Education President or the President's designee will award the diplomas and certificates.

The following will be invited to sit on the platform:

Members of the Board of Education
Superintendent of Schools
District Directors
DAFB Wing Commander or designee
DAFB Liaison to Board of Education
Guests of the Board of Education

Speakers
High School Administrators
Class Sponsors
High School Dean of Students
High School Teacher of the Year

Student participation in graduation ceremonies is voluntary. Students who opt not to participate may pick up their diplomas or certificates at the high school office the next business day after graduation or may request that the diploma or certificate be mailed to their home address.

Students who have not completed all graduation requirements of the State of Delaware and the Board of Education, or who are not eligible for a certificate of competency, will not participate in graduation ceremonies.

Students who have met graduation requirements, but who have unpaid financial obligations to the school, may participate in graduation ceremonies. However, the diploma or certificate will not be awarded until the financial obligations are satisfied.

Current policy codified 1997

CROSS REFS.: IKF: Graduation Requirements
ICA: School Calendar

Revised: November 21, 2000

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

EVALUATION OF INSTRUCTIONAL PROGRAMS

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes the need for constant evaluation of the instructional program in order to comply with Delaware Department of Education requirements and to fulfill the educational needs of the students as well as the expectations of the community. Therefore, the Board authorizes the District's professional personnel, directed by the Superintendent, to plan and carry out the evaluation.

The evaluation will be designed to compare student progress with the aims and objectives established by the District's curriculum plan. Its focus is to determine if established goals are being met. Such means and instruments as are necessary to conduct this evaluation fairly, fully, and constructively with respect to all teachers and students may be used. Evaluative devices may include pre-tests and post-tests furnished by textbook publishers, teacher made tests, teacher judgments, standardized tests, skill checklists, and the tests of the State of Delaware or the District Testing Program.

The Board of Education realizes that a major component of the Curriculum Development Policy is assessment of the curriculum, which includes evaluation of instructional programs. The Board of Education reviews assessment and evaluation reports from the Curriculum Cabinet. The Superintendent shall schedule other reports, which will assist the Board of Education in its evaluation of the instructional program.

The Board of Education supports the following objectives for the District Testing Program. Testing is to be used to analyze the:

- effectiveness of the District Curriculum;
- needs of individuals as well as groups;
- effectiveness of programs;
- progress of individual students, grade levels and the District.

To protect individual students and the District, the test scores are generally regarded as confidential. Access and use of test results are to be limited as follows:

- Teachers shall have access only to the test scores of students assigned to their classes and the public reports prepared for the Board of Education.
- Parents/guardians shall have access only to the individual scores of their own student and the public reports prepared for the Board of Education.
- Except for comparisons made from group results reported to the Board of Education, no other group results may be distributed unless the distribution is authorized by the Board of Education.
- Teachers working on curriculum projects shall only have access to data that cannot be identified to an individual student or teacher.

Testing of individual students associated with identification or continuation of special education services is not a focus of this policy. Testing for special education needs shall be in accordance with the guidelines of policy IHBA, Special Education Program.

Current policy codified 1997

CROSS REF: IG, Curriculum Revision, Adoption, and Review
IHBA, Special Education Program

TEACHING METHODS

It is the policy of the Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education to encourage and support variation and flexibility in the organization and teaching methods which promote and implement the basic philosophy of the Board of Education.

The educational needs of the District, the different rates at which students learn, the nature and variety of subjects taught in school, and the increasing body of knowledge suggest that there is not one teaching method or organization for instruction which could be used to advantage by all teachers for all courses and grade levels.

This policy recognizes the contributions made by educational researchers and affirms that teachers and administrators can meet the educational needs of the students by employing a variety of teaching methods and systems of organization for instruction. This policy encourages creative and constructive study of the teaching and learning processes.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

TEACHING ABOUT CONTROVERSIAL/SENSITIVE ISSUES

Education for effective citizenship is a major goal of the Caesar Rodney School District. To achieve this goal, students should have an opportunity to examine controversial/sensitive issues within the context of their formal education experiences. Accordingly, it will be the purpose of this policy to establish guidelines within which the District's professional staff and students can teach and learn about controversial/sensitive issues. In dealing with these issues, the concern is often about the instructional material rather than the issue. In the District, controversial/sensitive material is that material which, when introduced, arouses strong reactions representing differing points of view. There are many subjects which, by the nature of contemporary society, are intrinsically controversial/sensitive. To assist teachers, students, administrators and other interested parties, the Board of Education has established the following guidelines for handling controversial/sensitive issues:

Instructional Materials

- The topics selected for study must contribute to the purposes of the school curriculum.
- Indoctrination of specific beliefs will not be included in class discussions or in the curriculum. This should not prevent or discourage the study of the role of religion and its effect on history and culture.
- The content of the instructional materials must be appropriate to the developmental levels of the students.
- Problems and issues selected for discussion and study will be current, significant, and of interest to students.
- A reasonable effort will be made to provide sufficient materials for the thorough study of many facets of controversial/sensitive issues.

Rights and Responsibilities of the Student

- Students have the responsibility to learn and practice the techniques of participatory governance in preparation for carrying out the duties of intelligent, involved citizens.
- Students have a right to an explanation by the teacher if an issue is not to be studied.
- Students have a responsibility to undertake the study of all sides of an issue, to listen to other viewpoints with an open mind, and to evaluate issues on an intellectual, rather than an emotional basis.

Rights and Responsibilities of the Teacher

- The teacher will determine whether the issue raised is to be considered at the moment; whether there will be time to explore the issue sufficiently; the relationship of the problem to the curriculum; whether the students are prepared or ready to study the issue; and whether the teacher is prepared to discuss and present it effectively.
- The students will be instructed on the importance of the reason for considering controversial/sensitive issues. If an issue is not to be studied, the teacher has an obligation to explain the reason.
- The teacher as a moderator and a participant will point out the possibility of errors in statements of students and writers and the possibility of alternative points of view. The teacher will see that facts, evidence, and aspects of an issue are fairly presented and that students are helped to evaluate their sources of data as well as their methods for reaching conclusions.
- Teachers have the right to express their opinions providing the students understand that it is opinion and not an authoritative answer. Teachers will not attempt to limit or control the judgment of students, directly or indirectly, and they must avoid indoctrination.
- The teacher has a right to protection from pressures that demand withholding of important facts.
- The teacher will uphold, protect, and defend the fundamental freedoms of the U.S. Constitution.
- The teacher will seek the advice of the principal when in doubt about the appropriateness of introducing an issue in class.

Rights and Responsibilities of the Administration

- When a teacher has doubts about the appropriateness of discussing certain controversial/sensitive issues in the classroom and seeks the advice of the principal, the principal should offer guidance. If the principal and teacher are unable to agree, the matter will be referred to the District Director of Instruction.

- No group or individual has the right, without authorization of the principal, to present arguments for or against any issue under study directly to students or to the class. The teacher, however, may invite representatives of different viewpoints to appear before the class to discuss their opinions after obtaining approval of the principal.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

CROSS REFS.: KEC, Public Concerns/Complaints about Instructional Resources

EXEMPTIONS FROM REQUIRED INSTRUCTION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education has determined that if the religious beliefs and teachings of a student, the parents or legal guardians are contrary to the content of a school subject or to any part of a school activity, the student may be exempt from participation. To receive such an exemption, the parent or legal guardian must present to the principal a written explanation from an appropriate religious leader identifying the conflict.

If a student is physically unable to participate in a physical education class activity, the parent must present to the principal a statement from a physician stating the reason for the exemption.

Exemptions from required instruction do not excuse a student from the total credits required for graduation. Exemption from a class activity will be replaced by an appropriate activity if a grade or credit for the class is to be awarded.

Current policy and practice codified: November, 1997

LEGAL REFS.: Handbook for Delaware K-12 Education

SCHOOL CEREMONIES AND OBSERVANCES

The State of Delaware directs that specific activities be incorporated into the public schools, including the Caesar Rodney School District. These recognize the U.S. Constitution, individual conscience, and patriotism. Principals are to schedule appropriate ceremonies to meet this requirement of the Delaware Code.

The Board of Education expects the principal of each school to lead the faculty in organizing appropriate ceremonies and observances to recognize the plural characteristics of the American culture. The meaning of certain days and customs must be understood by all and presented fairly and in an unbiased way to foster the unifying principle of American culture.

Special days which are not scheduled as school holidays should be recognized in the curricular activities of a school to enable students to understand the significance and rationale for such days.

To illustrate this, the evolution and special significance of November 11th is cited. Following World War I, the day was identified as Armistice Day and was a national holiday. Following World War II, it evolved into Veterans' Day. It is still a national holiday, but the observance of the day at the local level has changed dramatically over time. Currently, November 11th is a school day because the calendar has adjusted to the fact that not all special days can be observed as school holidays. These days have special meaning to the total fabric of the American culture and their significance should be evident in the schools.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

LEGAL REFS.: 14 Delaware Code, Section 4101
Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education

SCHOOL ASSEMBLIES

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education recognizes that assembly programs are conducted at the discretion of the building principal. The content of the program should be directly related to the instructional program, to the general operation of the school, or to the celebration of special events of local, state or national importance.

Current policy adopted: date of manual adoption

Reviewed: October 12, 2026

ANIMALS IN SCHOOLS

With the principal's authorization, live animals may be housed or brought to schools in the Caesar Rodney School District. When such authorization is given, the following guidelines are to be followed:

- It is the responsibility of the principal or designee to assure a specific and appropriate educational purpose before any animal is housed in a classroom.
- School staff will be responsible for the proper control of animals brought to school for instructional purposes, and the principal will be responsible for ensuring the effective protection of students when animals are in the school.
- Specific guidelines for the care of animals and the recognition of hazards related to animals housed in a classroom must be available and taught to all students who will be in contact with the animals.
- Special attention should be given to furred and feathered animals in the classroom in terms of their effect on students with allergies.
- It will be the responsibility of the principal or designee to provide for a plan of care for classroom-housed animals when school is closed.

Note: Nothing in this policy prohibits the use of leader dogs or other animals used to assist physically disabled persons in the schools.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware

ANIMAL DISSECTION

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education expects that principals of schools where dissection of animals is a curriculum activity shall provide a meaningful alternate activity for students who have a moral objection to animal dissection. When such an objection is presented, the following guidelines are to be followed:

- A written request from the parents of the student wishing to be excused from dissection must be submitted to the teacher. The request must state the reasons for not participating in the dissection.
- A committee comprised of the principal or designee, guidance counselor, and classroom teacher will review the request to ensure its legitimacy. The committee may request an interview with the parent and/or student in order to gain information needed to act on the request.
- An alternate activity closely related, and of comparable rigor, will be assigned in lieu of the laboratory dissection. (Computer simulations and research are some examples of alternate activities.)
- The student will be responsible for the material covered in the alternate activity and the student will be evaluated on that material.
- The alternate activity will be equivalent to the dissection activity in determining the grade for the class.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

CLASS INTERRUPTIONS

Teachers will not be called from the classroom or interrupted while teaching except under emergency situations in schools in the Caesar Rodney School District.

Intercom communications other than for emergencies should be made at scheduled times and not in a way that disrupts the total school or individual classrooms.

Current policy adopted: date of manual adoption

LEGAL REFS.: CREA Negotiated Agreement

SCHOOL STORES

Principals may authorize the operation of school stores in the Caesar Rodney School District. The stores may be a function of the school administration, sponsored by a parent or student organization, club or class. Items sold in the stores should be associated with student school needs or items associated with providing students access to merchandise which foster school spirit.

Profits, if any, are to be directed to support the mission of the school or services to students provided by the sponsoring organization, club or class.

Principals who authorize school stores are responsible to see that funds are collected and supplies are purchased according to appropriate District fiscal management policies.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

CROSS REFS.: Section D, Fiscal Management, District Policy Manual

COLLECTION OF MONEY BY TEACHERS

Using teachers for the collection of money is generally discouraged within the Caesar Rodney School District. The Board of Education recognizes that money must be collected by teachers for certain activities. It is the desire of the Board of Education that this practice be kept to a minimum. Whenever teachers must collect money, the procedures for handling monies as listed in Section D, Fiscal Management of the District Policy Manual, are to be followed.

The Board of Education does not support using teachers as the collectors of monies for fund raising projects of the parent organizations. When a parent organization sponsors a fund raising activity, a parent volunteer should handle the money. The principal needs to schedule parent volunteer visits to classrooms for collection of such money in a way as to minimize the loss of instructional time.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

CROSS REFS.: Section D, Fiscal Management, of the District Policy Manual

PLANNING AND RECORD KEEPING BY CLASSROOM TEACHERS

Lesson Plans

The Caesar Rodney School District Board of Education believes that quality lesson planning is necessary to help ensure that key elements of an effective lesson are presented. Lesson plans assist the principal, supervisor and substitute teachers in understanding the regular classroom teacher's plan for teaching the Course of Study as adopted by the Board of Education. Lesson plans should also be prepared by teachers whose assignment may vary from regular classroom work in order that their scheduled activities may be observed with understanding or replicated by a substitute teacher. Generally, teachers will prepare lesson plans on a weekly basis, although they are expected to have general plans which cover the length of the course. Plans will be kept by the classroom teacher in a place known to, and accessible to, the building administrators. The principal may further require teachers to provide copies of lesson plans to the school office at reasonable times.

The lesson plan should be of sufficient length and substance to allow a substitute teacher to carry on the course of study and to provide a means by which principals and supervisors may monitor instruction to assure that the educational program in a particular class or activity is related to the District-approved course of study.

Although the District will provide lesson plan books, principals may request another system or format for the presentation of lesson plans provided it meets the purpose of planning. Principals may also require more detail or specific plans to assist individual teachers, or they may minimize the use of lesson plans when such action will not compromise the stated purpose of lesson planning.

Lesson plans may be prepared by teaching teams. It is recognized that provision for flexibility is essential within the lesson plan to allow for unexpected changes and varying learning rates. It is further recognized that there may be many effective lesson designs.

Record Keeping

Accurate records of student academic work, attendance, and participation in activities associated with classroom instruction are all part of record keeping. Teachers are provided grade books or other data forms for the collection and/or maintenance of needed records. Teachers are responsible for the accuracy of records associated with these assignments.

Grade books and other data forms are to be available as directed by the principal and filed for retention as directed by the principal.

Planning Time

Principals are to schedule planning time for teachers in accordance with the provisions of the Negotiated Agreement between the CREA and the Board of Education.

Adopted: December 16, 1997

Current practice codified 1997

LEGAL REFS.: Delaware Handbook for K-12 Education
State of Delaware Records Retention Manual
CREA Negotiated Agreement

Caesar Rodney School District, Wyoming, Delaware