

EVERGREEN SCHOOL DISTRICT
COUNTY OF SANTA CLARA
SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA

AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2025



Chavan & Associates, LLP

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Evergreen School District
Santa Clara County

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Santa Clara County

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**FINANCIAL
SECTION**



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

The Honorable Board of Trustees
Evergreen School District
San Jose, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evergreen Elementary School District (the District), as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Evergreen Elementary School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the fiscal year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (GAS)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

District management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of CalPERS pension contributions, schedule of CalPERS proportionate share of net pension liability, schedule of STRS pension contributions, schedule of STRS proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted



in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, as required by the *Governmental Accounting Standards Board*, schedule of average daily attendance, schedule of instructional time, schedule of charter schools, schedule of financial trends and analysis, and the reconciliation of the Annual Financial and Budget Report (SACS) to the audited financial statements, as required by the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. This information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining and individual fund financial statements and schedules are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial report. The other information comprises the organization schedule but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon. In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 6, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and



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other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C & A LLP

January 6, 2026
Morgan Hill, California

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

This discussion and analysis of Evergreen School District's (the District's) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the fiscal year 2025 are as follows:

- Total net position increased by \$1,997,476 (5.8%) from June 30, 2024 to June 30, 2025, mainly due to GASB 68 adjustments.
- The District recorded deferred outflows of resources of \$35,577,749 and deferred inflows of resources of \$44,660,948 as required by GASB 68 and GASB 75 for pension and other postemployment benefit accounting and reporting. Deferred outflows of resources are technically not assets but increase the Statement of Net Position similar to an asset and deferred inflows of resources are technically not liabilities but decrease the Statement of Net Position similar to liabilities. See Note 1 in the notes to financial statements for a definition.
- The District had \$166,644,216 in government-wide expenses which is 99% of total government-wide revenues as compared to 86% in the prior year. Program specific revenues in the form of grants, contributions and charges for services accounted for \$27,647,989 (16%) of total revenues of \$168,641,692.
- General revenue of \$140,993,703 which includes property taxes, unrestricted federal and state grants and LCFF sources, was 84% of total revenues in 2025 and 77% in 2024.
- The fund balances of all funds decreased by \$20,417,922 which is a 14% decrease from 2024.
- Total governmental fund revenues and expenditures totaled \$168,641,692 and \$189,059,614, respectively.

Using the Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Evergreen School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities comprise the government-wide financial statements and provide information about the activities of the entire District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of Evergreen School District, the General Fund is by far the most significant fund. The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Overview of the Financial Statements

The full annual financial report is a product of three separate parts: the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and this section, the Management Discussion and Analysis. These three sections together provide a comprehensive financial overview of the District. The basic financials are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, Government-wide and funds.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. These fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
- Notes to the financials, which are included in the financial statements, provide more detailed data and explain some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information section provides further explanations and provides additional support for the financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Statements - Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year 2025?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answer this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting practices used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in those assets. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, and required educational programs.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities. Governmental activities are the activities where most of the District's programs and services are reported including, but not limited to, instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and extracurricular activities.

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins with the Balance Sheet. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. These fund financial statements focus on each of the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the General Fund, Building Fund, and Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.

Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end available for spending in the future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

The District as a Whole

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides a perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as of June 30, 2025 compared to June 30, 2024:

Table 1 - Summary of Net Position				
	<u>Governmental Activities</u>			
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>\$ Change</u>	<u>% Change</u>
Assets				
Current and Other Assets	\$ 123,643,081	\$ 144,191,795	\$ (20,548,714)	-14.25%
Capital Assets	177,532,463	180,648,236	(3,115,773)	-1.72%
Total Assets	\$ 301,175,544	\$ 324,840,031	\$ (23,664,487)	-7.28%
Deferred Outflows	\$ 35,577,749	\$ 37,104,951	\$ (1,527,202)	-4.12%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ 7,534,507	\$ 7,746,299	\$ (211,792)	-2.73%
Long-Term Liabilities	248,106,482	283,494,231	(35,387,749)	-12.48%
Total Liabilities	\$ 255,640,989	\$ 291,240,530	\$ (35,599,541)	-12.22%
Deferred Inflows	\$ 44,660,948	\$ 36,250,572	\$ 8,410,376	23.20%
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 97,603,243	\$ 91,811,883	\$ 5,791,360	6.31%
Restricted	83,654,844	96,005,595	(12,350,751)	-12.86%
Unrestricted	(144,806,731)	(153,363,598)	8,556,867	5.58%
Total Net Position	\$ 36,451,356	\$ 34,453,880	\$ 1,997,476	5.80%

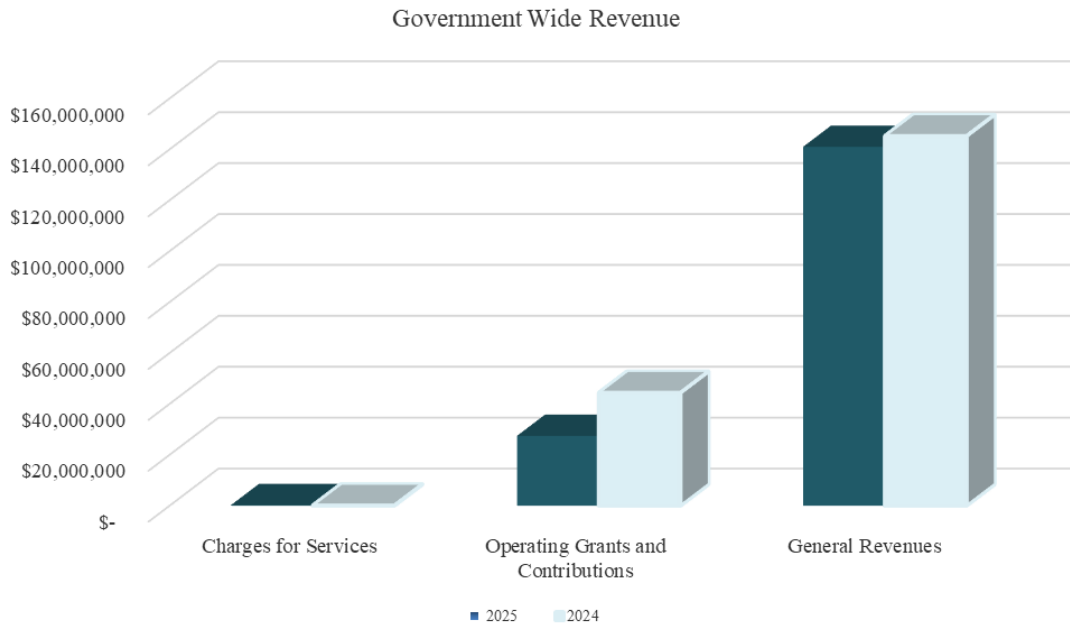
Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Table 2 compares the components of changes in net position for the fiscal year 2025 versus 2024:

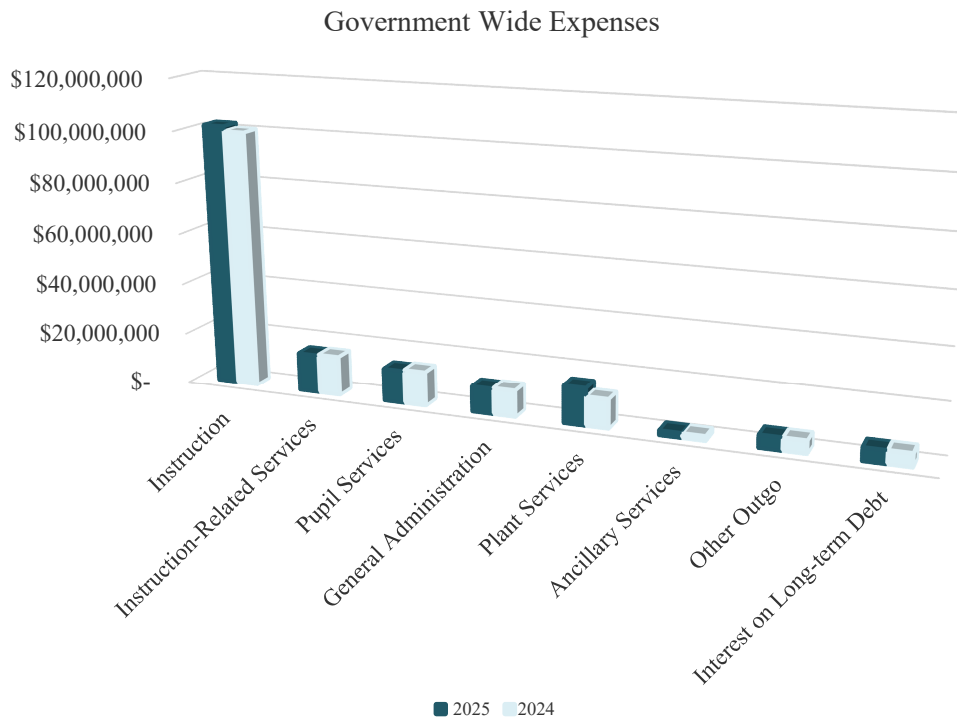
Table 2 - Change in Net Position				
	Governmental Activities			
	2025	2024	\$ Change	% Change
Revenues				
Program Revenues:				
Charges for Services	\$ 213,270	\$ 88,612	\$ 124,658	140.68%
Operating Grants and Contributions	27,434,719	44,380,708	(16,945,989)	-38.18%
General Revenues & Transfers	140,993,703	145,247,091	(4,253,388)	-2.93%
Total Revenues	168,641,692	189,716,411	(21,074,719)	-11.11%
Program Expenses				
Instruction	102,037,677	100,113,938	1,923,739	1.92%
Instruction-Related Services	15,109,628	15,431,177	(321,549)	-2.08%
Pupil Services	12,885,266	13,380,114	(494,848)	-3.70%
General Administration	10,044,404	10,362,246	(317,842)	-3.07%
Plant Services	14,668,324	11,390,342	3,277,982	28.78%
Ancillary Services	1,868,563	1,844,754	23,809	1.29%
Other Outgo	4,968,860	4,968,860	-	0.00%
Interest on Long-term Debt	5,061,494	5,141,280	(79,786)	-1.55%
Total Expenses	166,644,216	162,632,711	4,011,505	2.47%
Change in Net Position	1,997,476	27,083,700	(25,086,224)	-92.62%
Beginning Net Position	34,453,880	7,370,180	27,083,700	367.48%
Ending Net Position	\$ 36,451,356	\$ 34,453,880	\$ 1,997,476	5.80%

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

The following chart compares government-wide revenue by category for 2025 and 2024:



The next chart compares government-wide expenses by category for 2025 and 2024:



Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities

Direct Instruction, Instruction-Related Services, and Pupil Services represent 82% of total expenses in 2025 versus 78% in 2024. The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows the total cost of services and the net cost of services and identifies the cost of these services supported by revenues.

Table 3 - Net Cost of Services				
Function	2025	2024	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Instruction	\$ 87,416,042	\$ 76,397,888	\$ 11,018,154	14.4%
Instruction-Related Services	13,941,655	13,257,613	684,042	5.2%
Pupil Services	4,874,335	1,378,591	3,495,744	253.6%
General Administration	9,558,611	9,775,538	(216,927)	-2.2%
Plant Services	14,526,659	10,601,437	3,925,222	37.0%
Ancillary Services	1,749,070	1,652,693	96,377	5.8%
Other Outgo	1,868,361	(41,649)	1,910,010	102.2%
Interest on Long-term Debt	5,061,494	5,141,280	(79,786)	-1.6%
Total Net Cost of Services	\$ 138,996,227	\$ 118,163,391	\$ 20,832,836	17.6%

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

The District's Funds

Table 4 provides an analysis of the District's fund balances and the total change in fund balances from the prior year.

Table 4 - Change in Fund Balances				
Funds	2025	2024	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
General Fund	\$ 48,752,095	\$ 66,791,692	\$ (18,039,597)	-27.0%
Building Fund	35,783,216	41,150,660	(5,367,444)	-13.0%
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	20,843,756	20,331,802	511,954	2.5%
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	12,206,993	9,729,828	2,477,165	25.5%
Total Fund Balances	\$ 117,586,060	\$ 138,003,982	\$ (20,417,922)	-14.8%

Capital Assets

Table 5 shows June 30, 2025 capital asset balances compared to June 30, 2024:

Table 5 - Summary of Capital Assets Net of Depreciation and Amortization				
	2025	2024		
	Net	Net		
Capital Asset	Capital Assets	Capital Assets	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change
Land	\$ 26,873,690	\$ 26,873,690	\$ -	0.0%
Subscription Right of Use Assets	204,272	353,263	(148,991)	-42.2%
Buildings and Improvements	148,433,939	151,200,988	(2,767,049)	-1.8%
Equipment	2,020,562	2,220,295	(199,733)	-9.0%
Totals	\$ 177,532,463	\$ 180,648,236	\$ (3,115,773)	-1.7%

See Note 5 for additional information related to the changes in capital assets.

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

Long Term Debt

Table 6 reports the balance and changes of long-term liabilities during the fiscal year 2025.

Table 6 - Long-term Debt					
Type of Debt	2025	2024	Increase (Decrease)	Percent Change	
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 142,556,440	\$ 159,177,271	\$ (16,620,831)	-10.4%	
Subscription Liabilities	211,462	361,415	(149,953)	-41.5%	
Net OPEB Liability	16,123,933	18,222,003	(2,098,070)	-11.5%	
Net Pension Liabilities	89,032,540	105,567,057	(16,534,517)	-15.7%	
Compensated Absences	182,107	166,485	15,622	9.4%	
Total Debt	\$ 248,106,482	\$ 283,494,231	\$ (35,387,749)	-12.5%	

See Note 8 to the financial statements for additional information.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's budget is prepared in accordance with California law and is based on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Over the course of the fiscal year, the District revised its budget based on updated financial information. The original budget, approved at the end of June for July 1, is based on May revised figures and updated 45 days after the State approves its final budget. In addition, the District revised its budget at First and Second Interim. The original budget presented in the required supplementary information section includes only new revenues for 2025. During the budget revision process the District accounts for prior year ending balances by budgeting to use the carryover. Budgeted revenue decreased by \$415,767 from adopted to final and budgeted expenditures decreased by \$6,459,106 from adopted to final during the fiscal year.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

The district continues to make diligent efforts to balance its budget and comply with all audit requirements. The FY 2024–25 ending fund balance reflects several ongoing financial challenges, including declining enrollment resulting in reduced Average Daily Attendance (ADA) revenue; increased costs associated with step and column salary advancements; rising medical and liability insurance premiums; and growing contributions to the district's special education program.

The ending balance of the Restricted General Fund increased due to unspent carryover funds, including State one-time allocations, federal grants, unrestricted and restricted lottery funds, routine restricted maintenance funds, and local site carryover balances. The district also recognizes that many one-time funding sources used to temporarily support enrichment programs during the COVID-19 pandemic have now expired. The impact of these expired funds will be reflected in the FY 2024–25 year-end financial statements and in the FY 2025–26 fiscal year.

Multi-year financial projections continue to show a steady decline in student enrollment. As a result, the district anticipates continued deficit spending in the Unrestricted General Fund during FY 2025–26.

Evergreen School District
Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2025

With one-time funding sources fully expended, the district's long-term financial stability will depend on identifying necessary adjustments to align ongoing expenditures with projected revenues. Reliance on one-time funds to support ongoing costs is not sustainable. Without appropriate reductions to operational expenses and staffing levels, the district risks depleting its reserves to a point that could jeopardize its financial solvency.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, employees, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Sheetal Mistry, Director of Fiscal Services, at Evergreen School District, 3188 Quimby Road, San Jose, CA 95148.

Basic Financial Statements

Evergreen School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 111,347,221
Accounts receivable	11,423,623
Inventory	25,335
Prepaid expenses	772,219
Leases receivable	74,683
Capital assets - net	177,532,463
Total Assets	<u><u>\$ 301,175,544</u></u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB plan adjustments	\$ 2,652,046
Pension plan adjustments	32,925,703
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 35,577,749</u></u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	\$ 5,552,127
Unearned revenue	433,162
Accrued interest	1,549,218
Long-term liabilities:	
Due within one year	18,841,628
Due after one year	229,264,854
Total Liabilities	<u><u>\$ 255,640,989</u></u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Leases	\$ 71,732
OPEB plan adjustments	24,795,810
Pension plan adjustments	19,793,406
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	<u><u>\$ 44,660,948</u></u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 97,603,243
Restricted for:	
Educational programs	18,979,861
Cafeteria programs	7,370,409
Debt service	17,567,068
Capital projects	39,737,506
Total restricted net position	83,654,844
Unrestricted	(144,806,731)
Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 36,451,356</u></u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Evergreen School District
Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

		Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$ 102,037,677	\$ 14,253	\$ 14,607,382	\$ (87,416,042)
Instruction-related services:				
Supervision of instruction	5,856,112	67	1,107,189	(4,748,856)
Instruction library, media and technology	1,122,105	-	-	(1,122,105)
School site administration	8,131,411	1,001	59,716	(8,070,694)
Pupil services:				
Home-to-school transportation	2,459,524	-	140,757	(2,318,767)
Food services	5,180,216	8,732	7,135,430	1,963,946
All other pupil services	5,245,526	1,159	724,853	(4,519,514)
General administration:				
Data processing	1,581,646	-	-	(1,581,646)
All other general administration	8,462,758	69	485,724	(7,976,965)
Plant services	14,668,324	304	141,361	(14,526,659)
Ancillary services	1,868,563	1,004	118,489	(1,749,070)
Other outgo	4,968,860	186,681	2,913,818	(1,868,361)
Interest on long-term debt	5,061,494	-	-	(5,061,494)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 166,644,216</u>	<u>\$ 213,270</u>	<u>\$ 27,434,719</u>	<u>(138,996,227)</u>
General revenues:				
Taxes and subventions:				
Taxes levied for general purposes				60,141,531
Taxes levied for debt service				21,696,044
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				2,974,579
Federal and state aid not restricted to specific purposes				49,484,273
Interest and investment earnings (loss)				5,824,582
Miscellaneous				872,694
Total general revenues				<u>140,993,703</u>
Change in net position				<u>1,997,476</u>
Net position beginning				34,453,880
Net position ending				<u>\$ 36,451,356</u>

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Evergreen School District

Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Cash and investments	\$ 43,216,078	\$ 36,317,342	\$ 20,736,827	\$ 11,076,974	\$ 111,347,221
Accounts receivable	9,798,193	330,332	106,929	1,188,169	11,423,623
Inventory	13,192	-	-	12,143	25,335
Prepaid items	772,219	-	-	-	772,219
Leases receivable	74,683	-	-	-	74,683
Due from other funds	10,077	928	-	71,733	82,738
Total Assets	\$ 53,884,442	\$ 36,648,602	\$ 20,843,756	\$ 12,349,019	\$ 123,725,819
Liabilities and Fund Balances					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 4,556,911	\$ 865,386	\$ -	\$ 129,830	\$ 5,552,127
Unearned revenue	433,162	-	-	-	433,162
Due to other funds	70,542	-	-	12,196	82,738
Total Liabilities	5,060,615	865,386	-	142,026	6,068,027
Deferred inflows of resources:					
Leases	71,732	-	-	-	71,732
Fund balances:					
Nonspendable:					
Revolving fund	75,000	-	-	300	75,300
Inventory	13,192	-	-	12,143	25,335
Prepaid items	772,219	-	-	-	772,219
Restricted for:					
Educational programs	18,979,861	-	-	-	18,979,861
Cafeteria programs	-	-	-	7,370,409	7,370,409
Debt service	-	-	20,843,756	869,851	21,713,607
Capital projects	-	35,783,216	-	3,954,290	39,737,506
Committed for:					
Supplemental grant programs	10,747,097	-	-	-	10,747,097
Declining enrollment	2,831,767	-	-	-	2,831,767
Assigned for:					
Educational programs	4,025,405	-	-	-	4,025,405
Unassigned:					
Reserve for economic uncert.	4,637,607	-	-	-	4,637,607
Unappropriated	6,669,947	-	-	-	6,669,947
Total Fund Balances	48,752,095	35,783,216	20,843,756	12,206,993	117,586,060
Total Liabilities, Fund Balances and Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 53,884,442	\$ 36,648,602	\$ 20,843,756	\$ 12,349,019	\$ 123,725,819

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Evergreen School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

Total fund balances - governmental funds	\$ 117,586,060
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Capital assets for governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

Cost of capital assets	\$ 379,889,443	
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(202,356,980)</u>	177,532,463

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period that it is incurred. The accrued interest at the end of the period was:

(1,549,218)

Deferred outflows of resources include amounts that will not be included in the calculation of the District's net pension liability of the plan year included in this report such as current fiscal year contributions as recorded in the fund statements.

32,925,703

The differences from pension plan assumptions in actuarial valuations are not included in the plans' actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position.

(19,793,406)

The differences between projected and actual amounts in the OPEB plan are not included in the plan actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the statement of net position as follows:

(22,143,764)

Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:

General obligation bonds	\$ 142,556,440	
Subscription Liabilities	211,462	
Net pension liabilities	89,032,540	
Net OPEB liability	16,123,933	
Compensated absences	<u>182,107</u>	<u>(248,106,482)</u>

Total net position - governmental activities	<u>\$ 36,451,356</u>
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The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Evergreen School District
Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:					
LCFF Sources	\$ 107,043,764	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 107,043,764
Federal	4,951,138	-	-	2,650,285	7,601,423
Other state	13,588,727	-	89,939	4,105,868	17,784,534
Other local	11,059,514	2,026,325	22,209,359	916,773	36,211,971
Total revenues	136,643,143	2,026,325	22,299,298	7,672,926	168,641,692
Expenditures:					
Current					
Instruction	100,489,208	-	-	-	100,489,208
Instruction-related services:					
Supervision of instruction	5,822,979	-	-	-	5,822,979
Instruction library, media and technology	1,097,439	-	-	-	1,097,439
School site administration	8,018,428	-	-	-	8,018,428
Pupil services:					
Home-to-school transportation	2,456,872	-	-	-	2,456,872
Food services	77,031	-	-	5,113,309	5,190,340
All other pupil services	5,484,550	-	-	-	5,484,550
General administration:					
Data processing	1,667,887	-	-	-	1,667,887
All other general administration	8,578,862	-	-	-	8,578,862
Plant services	11,428,177	236,901	-	72,375	11,737,453
Facility acquisition and construction	4,253,621	7,156,868	-	-	11,410,489
Ancillary services	187,103	-	-	-	187,103
Transfers between agencies	4,968,860	-	-	-	4,968,860
Debt service:					
Principal	149,953	-	17,895,000	-	18,044,953
Interest and fees	11,847	-	3,892,344	-	3,904,191
Total expenditures	154,692,817	7,393,769	21,787,344	5,185,684	189,059,614
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(18,049,674)	(5,367,444)	511,954	2,487,242	(20,417,922)
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	10,077	-	-	-	10,077
Transfers out	-	-	-	(10,077)	(10,077)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,077	-	-	(10,077)	-
Changes in fund balances	(18,039,597)	(5,367,444)	511,954	2,477,165	(20,417,922)
Fund balances beginning	66,791,692	41,150,660	20,331,802	9,729,828	138,003,982
Fund balances ending	\$ 48,752,095	\$ 35,783,216	\$ 20,843,756	\$ 12,206,993	\$ 117,586,060

The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Evergreen School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
to the Statement of Activities
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds	\$ (20,417,922)
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Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital assets additions were greater or less than depreciation expense during the period.

Capital asset additions	\$ 8,148,773	
Depreciation expense	<u>(11,264,546)</u>	(3,115,773)

The governmental funds report long-term debt proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Also, governmental funds report the effect of prepaid issuance cost and premiums when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:

General obligation bond principal payments	\$ 17,895,000	
Accreted Interest	(2,328,355)	
Subscription principal payments	149,953	
Amortization of bond premiums	<u>1,054,186</u>	16,770,784

Interest on long-term debt in the statement of activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.	116,866
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In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned during the fiscal year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for those items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This year vacation earned was less than vacation used by:	(15,622)
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In governmental funds, actual contributions to pension plans are reported as expenditures in the fiscal year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year pension expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	8,901,295
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In governmental funds, actual contributions to OPEB plans are reported as expenditures in the fiscal year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year OPEB expense as noted in the plan's valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	<u>(242,152)</u>
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Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ 1,997,476</u>
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The notes to basic financial statements are an integral part of this statement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Accounting Principles

Evergreen School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The account policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the U. S. *Governmental Accounting Standards Board* ("GASB") and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA").

B. Reporting Entity

The Evergreen School District (the "District") was organized in 1860 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-8 as mandated by State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates fifteen elementary and three middle schools.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position. Eliminations have been made to minimize the effect of interfund activities.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include the reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Proprietary fund operating revenues result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The district did not report any fiduciary funds as of the end of the fiscal year.

D. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. To achieve comparability of reporting among California districts, and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns with specific respect to reimbursement grants and correction to state-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for district as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the fiscal year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The District applies all applicable GASB pronouncements for certain accounting and financial reporting guidance. In December of 2010, GASB issued Statement No. 62, *Codification of Accounting and Financial Reporting Guidance Contained in Pre-November 30, 1989 FASB and AICPA Pronouncements*. GASB 62 incorporates pronouncements issued on or before November 30, 1989 into GASB authoritative literature. In June of 2015, GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. GASB 76 supersedes Statement No. 55, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. GASB 76 also amends GASB 62 and AICPA Pronouncements paragraphs 64, 74, and 82. The GAAP hierarchy sets forth what constitutes GAAP for all state and local governmental entities. It establishes the order of priority of pronouncements and other sources of accounting and financial reporting guidance that a governmental entity should apply.

The sources of authoritative GAAP are categorized in descending order of authority as follows:

- a. Officially established accounting principles—*Governmental Accounting Standards Board* (GASB) Statements (Category A)
- b. GASB Technical Bulletins; GASB Implementation Guides; and literature of the AICPA cleared by the GASB (Category B).

If the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified by a pronouncement in Category A, a governmental entity should consider whether the accounting treatment is specified by a source in Category B.

Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflow of Resources:

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s), and as such will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. The District has recognized a deferred loss on refunding which is reported in the Statement of Net Position. A deferred loss on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shortened life of the refunded or refunding debt. Additionally, the District has recognized a deferred outflow of resources related to the recognition of the net pension liability reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has recognized a deferred inflow of resources related to the recognition of the pension liability reported which is in the Statement of Net Position.

Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets (such as cash) are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements (such as qualified expenditures) are met are recorded as liabilities from unearned revenue.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Unavailable Revenue:

In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows of resources as unavailable revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures:

Using the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

E. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund equity or retained earnings, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate. District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. The District's accounts are organized into governmental major and nonmajor, proprietary and fiduciary funds as follows:

Major Governmental Funds:

The *General Fund* is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund and includes transactions accounted for in the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits and Student Body Activity Fund as required by GASB.

The *Building Fund* is used to account for the acquisition of major governmental capital facilities and buildings from the sale of bond proceeds.

The *Bond Interest and Redemption Fund* is used to account for the interest and redemption of principal of general obligation bonds.

Non-major Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed for purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted or committed resources need to comprise a substantial portion of the inflows reported in the special revenue fund. The District maintains the following nonmajor special revenue fund:

- The *Cafeteria Fund* is used to account for revenues received and expenditures made to operate the District's food service programs.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for capital outlays. The District maintains the following nonmajor capital projects fund:

- The *Capital Facilities Fund* is used to account for resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA").

Debt Service Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- The *Debt Service Fund for Blended Component Units* is used to account for assets accumulated for interest and principal redemption of debt.

F. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's governing board during the fiscal year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the fiscal year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

G. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated on June 30.

H. Benefit Plans

Pensions:

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) plans and additions to/deductions from the plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS and CalSTRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined time frames.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

For this period, the following time frames were used:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Period	July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

Other Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB):

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Retiree Benefits Plan (the OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions are based on the when they are due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms for the measurement period included in the OPEB plan's actuarial reports. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost.

Valuation Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Measurement Period	July 1, 2023 to June 30, 2024

I. Assets, Liabilities, Net Position and Fund balance

a) Cash and Investments

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41001, the district maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

All District-directed investments are governed by Government Code Section 53601 and Treasury investment guidelines. The guidelines limit specific investments to government securities, domestic chartered financial securities, domestic corporate issues, and California municipal securities. The District's securities portfolio is held by the County Treasurer. Interest earned on investments is recorded as revenue of the fund from which the investment was made.

The county is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648. The funds maintained by the county are either secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The following is a summary of the District's authorized investments:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Bankers' Acceptances	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base value	None
Medium-Term Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Fund	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
JPA Pools (other investment pools)	N/A	None	None

b) Fair Value Measurements

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach - This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach - This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach - This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

c) Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method, in that inventory acquisitions are initially recorded in inventory (asset) accounts and are charged as expenditures when used. Reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

d) Prepaid Items

The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefiting period, thus recording a prepaid expense in the Statement of Net Position.

e) Leases Receivable

The District's leases receivable are measured at the present value of lease payments expected to be received during the lease terms. The present value, net of accumulated amortization, is reported as deferred inflows of resources is recorded for leases. Deferred inflows of resources are recorded at the initiation of the leases in an amount equal to the initial recording of the leases receivable, plus incentive payments received. Amounts recorded as deferred inflows of resources from the leases are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Capital Assets

Capital assets are those purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more and are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service concession arrangement are reported at acquisition value rather than fair value. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend the asset's lives are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred. Depreciation/amortization on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 5 to 50 years depending on the asset class.

Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or the useful life of the underlying asset, unless the lease contains a purchase option that the university has determined is reasonably certain of being exercised, then the right of use asset is amortized over the useful life of the underlying asset. Intangible right-to-use subscription assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or the useful life of the underlying IT asset.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

g) Compensated Absences

The District recognizes a liability for compensated absences for leave time that (1) has been earned for services previously rendered by employees, (2) accumulates and is allowed to be carried over to subsequent years, and (3) is more likely than not to be used as time off or settled during or upon separation from employment. Based on the criteria listed, vacation qualifies for liability recognition for compensated absences. The liability for compensated absences is reported as incurred in the governmentwide and proprietary fund financial statements. The liability for compensated absences includes salary-related taxes and benefits, where applicable. Compensated absences in the governmental activities are liquidated primarily by using general fund resources.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Vacation

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements.

Sick Leave

The District's policy permits employees to accumulate earned but unused sick leave. All sick leave lapses when employees leave the employ of the District and, upon separation from service, no monetary obligation exists. A liability for estimated value of sick leave that will be used by employees as time off is not included in the liability for compensated absences as employees typically use the most recently earned sick leave earned (Last in First Out). Therefore, it is not likely employees will use the remaining balance accumulated as of year-end.

h) Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts as well as issuance costs if related to prepaid insurance costs, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs, not related to prepaid insurance costs, are expensed in the period incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums, or discounts are reported as other financing sources/uses.

i) Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements

The District recognizes subscription liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$100,000 or more. The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate to measure subscription liabilities unless it can readily determine the interest rate in the arrangement. The District's estimated incremental borrowing rate is calculated as described above. The District's estimated incremental borrowing rate is based on its most recent public debt issuance.

j) Fund Balance Classifications

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's minimum fund balance policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, of 3 percent of general fund operating expenditures and other financing uses.

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable - includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

- **Restricted** - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- **Committed** - includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end. Committed fund balances are imposed by the District's board of education.
- **Assigned** - includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services.
- **Unassigned** includes positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

k) Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows, liabilities and deferred inflows. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position. As of June 30, 2025, capital assets net of accumulated depreciation totaling \$177,532,463 was reduced by related debt of \$79,929,220. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Educational Program restrictions reflect the amounts to be expended for federal and state funded educational programs.

Debt Service restrictions reflect the assets in the debt service funds of \$20,843,756 that are restricted for debt service payments by debt covenants, reduced by current liabilities and outstanding bond premiums of \$4,146,539.

Capital Projects restrictions will be used for the acquisition and construction of capital facilities.

Cafeteria Program restrictions reflect the amounts to be expended for federal and state funded cafeteria programs.

Unrestricted net position reflects amounts that are not subject to any donor-imposed restrictions. This class also includes restricted gifts whose donor-imposed restrictions were met during the fiscal

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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

year. A deficit unrestricted net position may result when significant cash balances restricted for capital projects exist. Once the projects are completed, the restriction on these assets are released and converted to capital assets.

l) Local Control Funding Formula and Property Taxes

The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) creates base, supplemental, and concentration grants in place of most previously existing K-12 funding streams, including revenue limits and most state categorical programs. The revenue limit was a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The county is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding March 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on August 31 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (March 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year. The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local revenue limit sources by the District.

m) Eliminations and Reclassifications

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated and reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities within the governmental activities column.

n) Accounting Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

J. Implemented Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences

This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. Leave is attributable to services already rendered when an employee has performed the services required to earn the leave. Leave that

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accumulates is carried forward from the reporting period in which it is earned to a future reporting period during which it may be used for time off or otherwise paid or settled. In estimating the leave that is more likely than not to be used or otherwise paid or settled, a government should consider relevant factors such as employment policies related to compensated absences and historical information about the use or payment of compensated absences. However, leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to defined benefit postemployment benefits should not be included in a liability for compensated absences.

This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absences—including parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave—not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. A liability for leave that has been used but not yet paid or settled should be measured at the amount of the cash payment or noncash settlement to be made. Certain salary-related payments that are directly and incrementally associated with payments for leave also should be included in the measurement of the liabilities.

With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures

This Statement requires a government to assess whether a concentration or constraint makes the primary government reporting unit or other reporting units that report a liability for revenue debt vulnerable to the risk of a substantial impact. Additionally, this Statement requires a government to assess whether an event or events associated with a concentration or constraint that could cause the substantial impact have occurred, have begun to occur, or are more likely than not to begin to occur within 12 months of the date the financial statements are issued.

If a government determines that those criteria for disclosure have been met for a concentration or constraint, it should disclose information in notes to financial statements in sufficient detail to enable users of financial statements to understand the nature of the circumstances disclosed and the government's vulnerability to the risk of a substantial impact. The disclosure should include descriptions for (1) the concentration or constraint (2) each event associated with the concentration or constraint that could cause a substantial impact if the event had occurred or had begun to occur prior to the issuance of the financial statements (3) actions taken by the government prior to the issuance of the financial statements to mitigate the risk. This statement did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

K. Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

The District is currently analyzing its accounting practices to determine the potential impact on the financial statements of the following recent GASB Statements:

GASB Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements

This Statement is to improve key components of the financial reporting model to enhance its effectiveness in providing information that is essential for decision making and assessing a government's accountability.

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This Statement establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to (a) Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) (b) Unusual or infrequent items (c) Presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenues, expenses, and changes in fund net position (d) Information about major component units in basic financial statements (5) Budgetary comparison information (6) Financial trend information in the statistical section. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter.

GASB Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

This Statement requires certain types of capital assets to be disclosed separately in the capital assets note disclosures required by Statement 34. Lease assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 87, Leases, and intangible right-to-use assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, should be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital as-sets note disclosures. Subscription assets recognized in accordance with Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, also should be separately disclosed. In addition, this Statement requires intangible assets other than those three types to be disclosed separately by major class.

This Statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. A capital asset is a capital asset held for sale if (a) the government has decided to pursue the sale of the capital asset and (b) it is probable that the sale will be finalized within one year of the financial statement date. Governments should consider relevant factors to evaluate the likelihood of the capital asset being sold within the established time frame. This Statement requires that capital assets held for sale be evaluated each reporting period. Governments should disclose (1) the ending balance of capital assets held for sale, with separate disclosure for historical cost and accumulated depreciation by major class of asset, and (2) the carrying amount of debt for which the capital assets held for sale are pledged as collateral for each major class of asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025, and all reporting periods thereafter.

2. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A summary of cash and investments as of June 30, 2025 is as follows:

Description	Carrying Amount	Fair Value
<i>Government-Wide Statements:</i>		
Cash in county treasury investment pool	\$ 111,128,558	\$ 111,128,558
Cash on hand and in banks	143,663	143,663
Cash in revolving fund	75,000	75,000
Total Cash and investments	<u>\$ 111,347,221</u>	<u>\$ 111,347,221</u>

Evergreen School District
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Cash in Banks and in Revolving Funds

Cash balances in banks and revolving funds are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). These accounts are held within various financial institutions. As of June 30, 2025, the bank balances of the District's accounts totaled \$301,550 of which \$28,883 was not insured by FDIC but collateralized as discussed in the in the next page.

Fair Value Measurements

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques above. This hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

Investments in the County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

Cash in County Treasury

The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to maintain substantially all of its cash with the County Treasurer in accordance with Education Code Section 41001. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code Section 53635 to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

The Policy, in addition to State statutes, establishes that funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized and investments shall (1) have maximum maturity not to exceed five years, (2) be laddered and based on cash flow forecasts; and (3) be subject to limitations to a certain percent of the portfolio for each of the authorized investments. The District's investments comply with the established policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to the changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains cash with the Santa Clara County Investment Pool. The pool has a fair value of approximately \$11.49 billion and an amortized book value of \$11.48 billion. The average

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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days to maturity for the County pool was 415 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the Santa Clara County Investment Pool is governed by the County's general investment policy. The investment with the Santa Clara County Investment Pool is exempt from rating requirements.

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The investment policy of the District contains no limitations on the amount that can be invested in any one issuer beyond the amount stipulated by the California Government code. District investments that are greater than 5 percent of total investments are in either an external investment pool or mutual funds and are therefore exempt.

3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Accounts Receivable	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Federal Government	\$ 2,497,725	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,133,530	\$ 3,631,255
State Government	1,535,398	-	106,929	12,176	1,654,503
Unrestricted	820,277	-	-	-	820,277
Local	4,944,793	330,332	-	42,463	5,317,588
Total Accounts Receivable	\$ 9,798,193	\$ 330,332	\$ 106,929	\$ 1,188,169	\$ 11,423,623

4. LEASES RECEIVABLE

The District leases a portion of its facilities to Rouleau Children's Center. This lease is noncancelable for a period of fifteen years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$35,928 in lease revenue and \$2,421 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2025, the lease receivable balance was \$74,683 and the related deferred inflows of resources was \$71,732. The District used an interest rate of 2.57%, based on the State and Local Government Series (SLGS) rates over the same time periods.

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The following summarizes the remaining lease payments as of June 30, 2025:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 36,862	\$ 1,487	\$ 38,349
2027	37,821	529	38,350
Total	<u>\$ 74,683</u>	<u>\$ 2,016</u>	<u>\$ 76,699</u>

5. CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 were as follows:

Capital Assets	Balance July 01, 2024	Additions	Transfers/ Deletions	Balance June 30, 2025
Land - not depreciable	\$ 26,873,690	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 26,873,690
Subscription Right of Use Assets	651,247	-	-	651,247
Building and improvements	334,832,565	7,310,764	-	342,143,329
Vehicle and equipment	9,383,168	838,009	-	10,221,177
Total capital assets	371,740,670	8,148,773	-	379,889,443
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Subscription Right of Use Assets	297,984	148,991	-	446,975
Building and improvements	183,631,577	10,077,813	-	193,709,390
Vehicle and equipment	7,162,873	1,037,742	-	8,200,615
Total accumulated dep/amortization	191,092,434	11,264,546	-	202,356,980
Total capital assets - net	<u>\$ 180,648,236</u>	<u>\$ (3,115,773)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 177,532,463</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental activities during the fiscal year as follows:

Instruction	\$ 7,312,886
Supervision of instruction	368,065
Instruction library, media and technology	87,790
School site administration	574,195
Home-to-school transportation	143,969
Food services	288,419
All other pupil services	76,442
Data process services	9,694
All other general administration	377,344
Plant services	344,282
Ancillary services	1,681,460
Total depreciation expense	<u>\$ 11,264,546</u>

6. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transactions are reported as loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables (Due From/To), as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated

Evergreen School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

as transfers. Transfers among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

The following summarizes the District's interfund balances as of June 30, 2025:

Fund	Due From	Due To
General Fund	\$ 10,077	\$ 70,542
Building Fund	928	-
Nonmajor Funds	71,733	12,196
Total	<u>\$ 82,738</u>	<u>\$ 82,738</u>

Interfund Transfers

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenues to funds through which the resources are to be expended. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, interfund included a transfers to reclassify the associated student body activities fund form a stand alone special revenue fund to the General Fund as required by GASB. The following summarizes the District's interfund transfers during the fiscal year:

Fund	Transfers In	Transfers Out
General Fund	\$ 10,077	\$ -
Nonmajor Funds	-	10,077
Total	<u>\$ 10,077</u>	<u>\$ 10,077</u>

7. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

Accounts payable consisted of the following as of June 30, 2025:

Accounts Payable	General Fund	Building Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Vendor payables	\$ 2,563,030	\$ 861,400	\$ 23,370	\$ 3,447,800
Due to other governments	219,433	-	-	219,433
Payroll related payables	1,774,448	3,986	24,119	1,802,553
Other	-	-	82,341	82,341
Total	<u>\$ 4,556,911</u>	<u>\$ 865,386</u>	<u>\$ 129,830</u>	<u>\$ 5,552,127</u>

Evergreen School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

8. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Schedule of Changes in Long-term Liabilities

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term liabilities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025:

Long-Term Liabilities	Balance July 01, 2024	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due Within One Year
General obligation bonds	\$ 159,177,271	\$ 2,328,355	\$ 18,949,186	\$ 142,556,440	\$ 18,555,026
Subscription liabilities	361,415	-	149,953	211,462	104,495
Net OPEB liability	18,222,003	26,592,287	28,690,357	16,123,933	-
Net pension liabilities	105,567,057	47,483,187	64,017,704	89,032,540	-
Compensated absences	166,485	15,622	-	182,107	182,107
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 283,494,231</u>	<u>\$ 76,419,451</u>	<u>\$ 111,807,200</u>	<u>\$ 248,106,482</u>	<u>\$ 18,841,628</u>

The other post-employment benefits, compensated absences, and net pension obligations are paid for by the fund in which the employee worked. Subscription liabilities were paid by the General Fund. Payments on the general obligation bonds, which includes accreted interest, were paid by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund from local revenues.

General Obligation Bonds Payable

The Bonds are general obligations of the District. The Board of Supervisors of Santa Clara County is empowered and is obligated to levy ad valorem taxes, without limitation of rate or amount, upon all property within the District subject to taxation by the District for the payment of interest on and principal of the Bonds when due. The District has defeased various bond issues by creating separate irrevocable trust funds. New debt has been issued and the proceeds have been used to purchase U.S. Government Securities that were placed in the trust funds. The investments and fixed earnings from the investments are sufficient to fully service the defeased debt until the debt is called or matures. For financial reporting purposes, advance refundings met the requirements of an in-substance debt defeasance and therefore the deferred debt was removed as a liability from the District's government-wide financial statements.

The following summarizes the bonds outstanding as of June 30, 2025:

Description	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 01, 2024	Accreted Interest/ Issued	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2025
2009 GOB, Series B	8/1/2031	3.26-6.53%	\$ 22,498,712	\$ 40,846,546	\$ 2,328,355	\$ 6,350,000	\$ 36,824,901
2014 GORB	9/1/2024	2-5%	33,990,000	3,000,000	-	3,000,000	-
2016 GOB	8/1/2045	2-5%	50,000,000	38,600,000	-	-	38,600,000
2018 GOB	8/1/2046	3.1-5%	35,000,000	28,970,000	-	420,000	28,550,000
2018 GORB	8/1/2031	3.5-5%	11,140,000	5,475,000	-	-	5,475,000
2020 GO Refunding bond	8/1/2033	2.13-5%	7,525,000	6,810,000	-	165,000	6,645,000
GOB Series 2020	8/1/2030	0.05-3%	15,000,000	10,775,000	-	1,460,000	9,315,000
GOB Series 2021	6/1/2026	2-3%	32,050,000	19,500,000	-	6,500,000	13,000,000
Subtotal General Obligation Bonds			207,203,712	153,976,546	2,328,355	17,895,000	138,409,901
Unamortized Bond Premium			-	5,200,725	-	1,054,186	4,146,539
Total General Obligation Bonds			<u>\$ 207,203,712</u>	<u>\$ 159,177,271</u>	<u>\$ 2,328,355</u>	<u>\$ 18,949,186</u>	<u>\$ 142,556,440</u>

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

The annual debt service requirements of current interest bonds were as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30:</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 8,790,000	\$ 3,594,539	\$ 12,384,539
2027	9,020,000	3,381,197	12,401,197
2028	2,900,000	3,259,698	6,159,698
2029	3,140,000	3,180,600	6,320,600
2030	6,115,000	3,005,500	9,120,500
2031-2035	21,475,000	11,982,519	33,457,519
2036-2040	16,465,000	8,853,875	25,318,875
2041-2045	23,455,000	4,952,275	28,407,275
2046-2050	10,225,000	462,074	10,687,074
Total	<u>\$ 101,585,000</u>	<u>\$ 42,672,277</u>	<u>\$ 144,257,277</u>

The annual debt service requirements of capital appreciation bonds were as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30:</u>	<u>Initial Bond Value</u>	<u>Accreted Interest</u>	<u>Accreted Obligations</u>	<u>Unaccreted Interest</u>	<u>Maturity Value</u>
2026	\$ 3,392,498	\$ 5,318,342	\$ 8,710,840	\$ 314,160	\$ 9,025,000
2027	3,081,482	4,998,657	8,080,139	769,861	8,850,000
2028	2,977,575	4,951,340	7,928,915	1,321,085	9,250,000
2029	3,115,563	5,283,625	8,399,188	2,050,812	10,450,000
2030	491,320	845,521	1,336,841	438,159	1,775,000
2031-2035	857,535	1,511,443	2,368,978	1,106,022	3,475,000
Total	<u>\$ 13,915,973</u>	<u>\$ 22,908,928</u>	<u>\$ 36,824,901</u>	<u>\$ 6,000,099</u>	<u>\$ 42,825,000</u>

Subscription Based Information Technology Agreements (SBITAs)

The following summarizes the District's SBITAs as of June 30, 2025:

	<u>Mosyle</u>	<u>Powerschool</u>
Start	7/1/2022	7/1/2022
End	6/30/2025	6/30/2027
Annual Rate	2.18%	2.37%
Principal Paid	\$ 47,873	\$ 102,080
Interest Paid	\$ 1,046	\$ 7,418
Lease Amortization	\$ 46,857	\$ 102,135

Evergreen School District
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The following summarizes the District's subscription based right of use assets as of June 30, 2025:

	Mosyle	Powerschool	Total
Beginning	\$ 140,570	\$ 510,677	\$ 651,247
Additions	-	-	-
Deletions	-	-	-
Ending	140,570	510,677	651,247
Accumulated Amortization	(140,570)	(306,405)	(446,975)
Subscription ROA, Net	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 204,272</u>	<u>\$ 204,272</u>

The following summarizes the District's subscription based liabilities as of June 30, 2025:

	Mosyle	Powerschool	Total
Beginning	\$ 47,873	\$ 313,542	\$ 361,415
Additions	-	-	-
Principal Paid	(47,873)	(102,080)	(149,953)
Ending	-	211,462	211,462
Due Within One Year	-	104,495	104,495
Due in More Than One Year	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 106,967</u>	<u>\$ 106,967</u>

The annual debt service requirements of the SBITAs are as follows:

Year ending:	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 104,495	\$ 5,003	\$ 109,498
2027	106,967	2,531	109,498
Total Debt Service	<u>\$ 211,462</u>	<u>\$ 7,534</u>	<u>\$ 218,996</u>

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; life and health of employees; and natural disasters. The District purchases commercial insurance for property damage with coverage up to a maximum of \$1 billion, subject to various policy sub limits generally ranging from \$1 million to \$50 million and deductible of \$10,000 per occurrence. The District also purchases commercial insurance for general liability claims with coverage up to \$1 million per occurrence and \$2 million aggregate, with excess liability coverage with \$24 million per occurrence limit, subject to deductible of \$5,000 per occurrence. Employee health benefits are covered by a commercial insurance policy purchased by the District. The District provides health insurance benefits to District employees electing to participate in the plan by paying a monthly premium based on the number of District employees participating in the plan.

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, the District was a member of South Bay Area Schools Insurance Authority (SBASIA) for property and liability insurance coverage. The joint powers agreement provides that SBASIA will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will insure through commercial insurance companies for claims in excess of

Evergreen School District
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self-insured levels. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2025, the District participated in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA. Participation in the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA is limited to districts that can meet the CSAC Excess Insurance Authority JPA's selection criteria. The firm of Alliant Insurance Services provides administrative, cost control, and actuarial services to the JPA.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the Kaiser and Blue Shield to provide employee health benefits. The rates are set through an annual calculation process. The claims have not exceeded coverages for any of the past three years nor has there been a reduction of coverage to date.

10. JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS

The District is a member of the South Bay Area School Insurance Authority (SBASIA), the PRISM Excess Insurance Authority (PRISM), and the East Valley Transportation Agency (EVT). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its worker's compensation, property liability coverage, or services provided. The relationship between the Evergreen School District and the JPAs is such that the JPAs are not a component unit of the Evergreen School District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA's arrange for and provides coverage for their members. Each JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. Each board controls the operations of their JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the members beyond their representation on the Board. Each member pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in each JPA.

11. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Litigation

The District may be exposed various claims and litigation. Management believes, based on consultation with legal counsel, that the ultimate resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations.

Federal and State Allowances, Award, and Grants

The District has received federal and state funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursement will not be material.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Commitments

As of June 30, 2025, the District encumbered \$3,610,710 towards capital projects. These commitments are not a liability of the District's until services or goods have been rendered.

12. EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

The following summarizes the District's pension related balances as of June 30, 2025:

	PERS	STRS	Total
Deferred outflows of resources	\$ 9,995,134	\$ 22,930,569	\$ 32,925,703
Deferred inflows of resources	\$ 1,663,041	\$ 18,130,365	\$ 19,793,406
Net pension liabilities	\$ 29,929,100	\$ 59,103,440	\$ 89,032,540
Pension expense	\$ 5,332,669	\$ 8,118,363	\$ 13,451,032

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS/PERS) Pension Plan

General Information about the PERS Pension Plan

Plan Description - All qualified permanent and probationary employees are eligible to participate in the District's Miscellaneous Employee Pension Plan (the Plan), a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

Benefits Provided - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is one of the following: the Basic Death Benefit, the 1957 Survivor Benefit, or the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost-of-living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	CalPERS	
	Classic	PEPRA
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age: minimum	50	52
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	(1)	(1)
Required employee contribution rates	7.000%	8.000%
Required employer contribution rates	27.050%	27.050%

(1) Monthly benefit is a product of benefit factor, years of service, and final compensation

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Contributions - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the fiscal year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, the State enacted Senate Bill No. 90 which appropriated funding to the Public Employees' Retirement Fund on behalf of the District.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 the District's contributions were as follows:

	<u>CalPERS</u>
Contributions - employer	<u>\$ 4,946,985</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to PERS

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
CalPERS	<u>\$ 29,929,100</u>

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2025 was as follows:

	<u>CalPERS</u>
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.08910%
Proportion - June 30, 2025	0.08374%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	<u>-0.00535%</u>

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$5,332,669 for the Plan.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 661,534	\$ -
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	2,509,117	214,202
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	1,162,573	-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	-	258,496
Change in Employer's Proportion	714,925	1,190,343
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	4,946,985	-
Total	\$ 9,995,134	\$ 1,663,041

The District reported \$4,946,985 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 1,269,587
2027	2,574,654
2028	(91,276)
2029	(367,856)
2030	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ 3,385,109

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.90%
Inflation	2.30%
Payroll Growth	2.80%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	6.8% (2)
Mortality	(3)

- (1) Varies by entry age and service
- (2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation
- (3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.9%. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for the Plan, CalPERS stress tested employer rate plans within the Plan that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested employer rate plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 6.9% discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary.

According to Paragraph 30 of GASB 68, the long-term discount rate should be determined without reduction for pension plan administrative expense. For the CalPERS Plan, the 6.9% investment return assumption used in this accounting valuation is net of administrative expenses. Administrative expenses are assumed to be 15 basis points. An investment return excluding administrative expenses would have been 6.9%. Using this lower discount rate has resulted in a slightly higher total pension liability and net pension liability. CalPERS checked the materiality threshold for the difference in calculation and did not find it to be a material difference.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the Plan's asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 11 years) and the long-term (60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for the Plan. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class (a)	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Return (1)(2)
Global Equity Cap Weighted	30.00%	4.54%
Global Equity NonCap Weighted	12.00%	3.84%
Private Equity	13.00%	7.28%
Treasury	5.00%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5.00%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10.00%	1.56%
High Yield	5.00%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5.00%	2.48%
Private Debt	5.00%	3.57%
Real Assets	15.00%	3.21%
Leverage	-5.00%	-0.59%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

(1) An expected inflation of 2.3% used for this period.

(2) Figures are based on the 2021-22 Asset Liability Study.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	<u>CalPERS</u>
1% Decrease	5.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 44,459,928
Current	6.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 29,929,100
1% Increase	7.90%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 17,925,480

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

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Notes to Basic Financial Statements
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California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) Pension Plan

General Information about the CalSTRS Pension Plan

Plan Description - The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by the CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. STRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information.

Benefits Provided - STRS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full time employment. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the retirement Law.

The Plan's provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	CalSTRS	
	Tier 1	Tier 2
Benefit formula	2% @ 60	2% @ 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life
Retirement age:	60	62
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	2%	2%
Required employee contribution rates	10.250%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rates	19.100%	19.100%
Required State contribution rates	19.100%	19.100%

Contributions - As part of the annual valuation process, the Normal Cost rate is determined as the basis for setting the base member contribution rate for the following fiscal year. Generally, the base member contribution rate is one-half of the Normal Cost rate within certain parameters. Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District's contributions were as follows:

	CalSTRS
Employer Contributions	\$ 11,871,058
State Contributions	5,463,194
Total	<u>\$ 17,334,252</u>

Evergreen School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to CalSTRS

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

	Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability/(Asset)
District	\$ 59,103,440
State	27,116,658
Total	\$ 86,220,098

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 rolled forward to June 30, 2024 using standard update procedures.

The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. The state contributed 9.71 percent of the members' creditable earnings from the fiscal year ending in the prior calendar year. Also, as a result of AB 1469, the additional state appropriation required to fully fund the benefits in effect as of 1990 by 2046 is specific in subdivision (b) of Education Code Section 22955.1. The increased contributions end as of fiscal year 2045-2046.

The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of June 30, 2024 and 2025 was as follows:

	CalSTRS
Proportion - June 30, 2024	0.09626%
Proportion - June 30, 2025	0.08800%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	-0.00826%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$8,118,363 for the Plan, of which, a total of \$5,463,194 came from state contributions.

Evergreen School District
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For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$ 258,720	\$ 4,036,560
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience	6,685,360	2,584,560
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	-	238,480
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions	200,543	1,391,536
Change in Employer's Proportion	3,914,888	9,879,229
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date	11,871,058	-
Total	\$ 22,930,569	\$ 18,130,365

The District reported \$11,871,058 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2026.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30:	Deferred Outflows/ (Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (6,116,855)
2027	2,852,985
2028	(1,544,285)
2029	(1,517,984)
2030	381,411
Thereafter	(1,126,125)
Total	\$ (7,070,853)

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.10%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.25%
Wage Growth	3.50%
Postretirement Benefit Increases ⁽¹⁾	
Investment Rate of Return ⁽²⁾	7.10%
Mortality ⁽³⁾	

⁽¹⁾ 2% simple for DB (annually), maintain 85% purchasing power level for DB. Not applicable for DBS/CBB

⁽²⁾ Net of investment expense but gross of administrative expenses.

⁽³⁾ Uses a base year of 2023 and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

Discount Rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return (a) (b)
Public Equity	38.00%	5.25%
Real Estate	15.00%	4.05%
Private Equity	14.00%	6.75%
Fixed Income	14.00%	2.45%
Risk Mitigation Strategies	10.00%	2.25%
Inflation Sensitive	7.00%	3.65%
Liquidity	2.00%	0.05%
Total	<u>100.00%</u>	

- (a) In the System's ACFR, Fixed Income is included in Global Debt Securities; Liquidity is included in Short-term Investments; Inflation Assets are included in both Global Equity Securities and Global Debt Securities.
- (b) Real return is net of assumed 2.75% inflation.
- (c) 20-to 30-year geometric average.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate -

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1-percentage point higher than the current rate:

	CalSTRS
1% Decrease	6.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 105,125,680
Current	7.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 59,103,440
1% Increase	8.10%
Net Pension Liability	\$ 20,672,960

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial reports.

13. POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

Plan Description - The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Benefits - The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms - The benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	648
Inactive employees	<u>62</u>
Total employees	<u><u>710</u></u>

Contributions - The District makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate and are approved by the authority of the District's Board. Total contributions to the OPEB plan during the fiscal year were \$813,841. The District's contributions were 1.48% of covered employee payroll during the measurement period June 30, 2024 (reporting period June 30, 2025). Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Actuarial Assumptions - The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2024
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal, Level % of pay
Amortization Method:	Level % of Pay
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	4.21%
Payroll Growth	Certificated 3.25% / Classified 2.80%
General Inflation	2.30%
Medical Trend	Non-Medicare – 7.85%/7.10% HMO/PPO for 2024, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 5.00% in 2031
Mortality	CalPERS 2021 experience study for CalPERS School members; CalSTRS 2024 experience study for certificated members.
Mortality Improvement	Mortality projected fully generational with Scale MP-2021
Retirement, Termination Rates	CalPERS 2021 experience study for CalPERS schools members; CalSTRS 2024 experience study for certificated members. Separate rates for Classic vs. PEPPRA

Notes:

The discount rate increased from 4.13% to 4.21%.

Discount Rate - The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set to be equal to the long-term expected rate of return which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability - The District's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2025 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 (reporting date). The following summarizes the changes in the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025	Total OPEB Liability	Plan Fiduciary Net Position	Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 18,222,003	\$ -	\$ 18,222,003
Service cost	674,434	-	674,434
Interest in Total OPEB Liability	763,787	-	763,787
Balance of diff between actual/exp experience	(241,641)	-	(241,641)
Balance of changes in assumptions	(2,480,809)	-	(2,480,809)
Benefit payments	(813,841)	-	(813,841)
Net changes	(2,098,070)	-	(2,098,070)
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 16,123,933	\$ -	\$ 16,123,933

Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 55,100,570
TOL as a % of Covered Employee Payroll	29.26%
Service Cost as a % of Covered Emp Payroll	1.22%
Contributions as % of Covered Emp Payroll	1.48%

Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources - At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$ 119,175	\$ 18,471,219
Change in assumptions	1,669,214	6,324,591
OPEB contribution subsequent to measurement date	863,657	-
Total	\$ 2,652,046	\$ 24,795,810

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	
2026	\$ (3,327,914)
2027	(3,327,914)
2028	(3,327,914)
2029	(3,189,740)
2030	(3,033,046)
Thereafter	(6,800,893)
Total	<u>\$ (23,007,421)</u>

OPEB Expense/(Credit) - The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Service cost	\$ 674,434
Interest in TOL	763,787
Difference between actual and expected experience	(2,586,381)
Change in assumptions	(741,533)
OPEB Credit	<u>\$ (1,889,693)</u>

The following summarizes changes in the total OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Total OPEB liability ending	\$ 16,123,933
Total OPEB liability beginning	(18,222,003)
Change in total OPEB liability	(2,098,070)
Changes in deferred outflows	277,540
Changes in deferred inflows	(932,820)
Employer contributions and implicit subsidy	863,657
OPEB Credit	<u>\$ (1,889,693)</u>

Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate - The total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

	Municipal Bond Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	4.21%	(1% Increase)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 17,029,528	\$ 16,123,933	\$ 15,232,007

Evergreen School District
Notes to Basic Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates - The total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate		
	(1% Decrease)	7.85%	(1% Increase)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 14,724,012	\$ 16,123,933	\$ 17,709,005

**REQUIRED
SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION**

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes
in Fund Balance - Budget and Actual (GAAP)
General Fund
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive - (Negative)
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	
Revenues:				
LCFF sources	\$ 107,223,539	\$ 107,120,712	\$ 107,043,764	\$ (76,948)
Federal	5,458,463	5,464,694	4,951,138	(513,556)
Other state	17,718,999	16,666,318	13,588,727	(3,077,591)
Other local	6,289,653	7,023,163	11,059,514	4,036,351
Total revenues	136,690,654	136,274,887	136,643,143	368,256
Expenditures:				
Certificated salaries	60,620,216	63,280,322	63,802,480	(522,158)
Classified salaries	16,669,888	17,876,146	18,958,443	(1,082,297)
Employee benefits	38,027,690	42,088,501	39,867,684	2,220,817
Books and supplies	8,887,775	4,845,075	2,637,921	2,207,154
Services and other operating expenditures	33,467,013	25,539,457	23,507,217	2,032,240
Capital outlay	2,725,401	903,749	603,842	299,907
Other outgo	5,746,345	5,151,972	5,315,230	(163,258)
Total expenditures	166,144,328	159,685,222	154,692,817	4,992,405
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	(29,453,674)	(23,410,335)	(18,049,674)	5,360,661
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	2,100	2,100	10,077	7,977
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	2,100	2,100	10,077	7,977
Changes in fund balance	<u>\$ (29,451,574)</u>	<u>\$ (23,408,235)</u>	(18,039,597)	<u>\$ 5,368,638</u>
Fund balance beginning			<u>66,791,692</u>	
Fund balance ending			<u>\$ 48,752,095</u>	

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the fiscal year by the Board of Education to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of CalPERS Pension Plan Contributions
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,189,093	\$ 2,324,586	\$ 2,324,586	\$ 2,533,260	\$ 2,773,555
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	2,189,093	2,324,586	2,324,586	2,533,260	2,773,555
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 18,478,037	\$ 16,738,090	\$ 14,967,394	\$ 14,025,357	\$ 14,063,967
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	11.85%	13.89%	15.53%	18.06%	19.72%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 2,898,469	\$ 2,204,575	\$ 3,916,839	\$ 4,432,818	\$ 4,946,985
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	2,898,469	2,204,575	3,916,839	4,432,818	4,946,985
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,984,121	\$ 13,081,603	\$ 15,438,861	\$ 16,614,760	\$ 18,288,299
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	24.19%	16.85%	25.37%	26.68%	27.05%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2023

Assumptions Used: Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
3.9 Years Remaining Amortization Period
Inflation Assumed at 2.30%
Investment Rate of Returns set at 6.80%
CalPERS mortality table based on CalPERS' experience and include 15 years of projected ongoing mortality improvement using 90 percent of Scale MP 2016 published by the Society of Actuaries.

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in the District's fiscal year 2016, to 7.15% in FY18, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY24.

The CalPERS inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50% during the District's fiscal year 2019, and to 2.30% in FY24.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in the District's fiscal year 2021.

In 2019, the amortization period for actuarial gains and losses was shortened from 30 years to 20 years.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalPERS in compliance with GASB 68.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of CalPERS Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.12475%	0.11132%	0.09210%	0.08891%	0.08175%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 18,387,896	\$ 21,986,534	\$ 21,986,534	\$ 23,706,893	\$ 23,826,741
Covered Payroll	\$ 13,716,566	\$ 18,478,037	\$ 16,738,090	\$ 14,967,394	\$ 14,025,357
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	134.06%	118.99%	131.36%	158.39%	169.88%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	79.43%	73.90%	71.87%	70.85%	70.05%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.08098%	0.08291%	0.08460%	0.08910%	0.08374%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 24,847,967	\$ 16,858,423	\$ 29,110,774	\$ 32,252,462	\$ 29,929,100
Covered Payroll	\$ 14,063,967	\$ 11,984,121	\$ 13,081,603	\$ 15,438,861	\$ 16,614,760
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	176.68%	140.67%	222.53%	208.90%	180.14%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	70.00%	80.97%	69.76%	69.96%	72.29%

The CalPERS discount rate was increased from 7.5% to 7.65% in the District's fiscal year 2016, to 7.15% in FY18, and then decreased to 6.90% in FY24.

The CalPERS inflation assumption was decreased from 2.75% to 2.50% during the District's fiscal year 2019, and to 2.30% in FY24.

The CalPERS mortality assumptions was adjusted in the District's fiscal year 2024.

In 2019, the amortization period for actuarial gains and losses was shortened from 30 years to 20 years.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalPERS in compliance with GASB 68.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of CalSTRS Pension Plan Contribution
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Plan Measurement Date	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019
Fiscal Year Ended	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 6,083,935	\$ 7,093,698	\$ 7,915,167	\$ 8,799,672	\$ 8,906,622
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	6,083,935	7,093,698	7,915,167	8,799,672	8,906,622
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 56,700,233	\$ 56,388,696	\$ 54,852,162	\$ 54,052,039	\$ 52,085,509
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	10.73%	12.58%	14.43%	16.28%	17.10%
Plan Measurement Date	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
Fiscal Year Ended	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 8,647,637	\$ 8,566,474	\$ 10,882,074	\$ 11,261,247	\$ 11,871,058
Contributions in Relation to					
Contractually Required Contributions	8,647,637	8,566,474	10,882,074	11,261,247	11,871,058
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 53,545,740	\$ 50,629,279	\$ 56,974,209	\$ 58,959,408	\$ 62,152,136
Contributions as a					
% of Covered Payroll	16.15%	16.92%	19.10%	19.10%	19.10%

Notes to Schedule:

Valuation Date: June 30, 2023

Assumptions Used: Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method

Level Percentage of Payroll Basis

7 Years Remaining Amortization Period

Inflation Assumed at 2.75%

Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.10%

Mortality tables use a base year of 2023 and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The CalSTRS discount rate was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% in the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS investment rate of return was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS inflation rate was decreased from 3% to 2.75% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS wage growth was decreased from 3.75% to 3.5% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

This schedule provides information about the District's required and actual contributions to CalSTRS during the year.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of CalSTRS Proportionate Shares of Net Pension Liability
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2015 2016	2016 2017	2017 2018	2018 2019	2019 2020
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.12051%	0.11323%	0.10707%	0.10239%	0.10093%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 81,132,322	\$ 91,580,535	\$ 99,016,964	\$ 94,106,071	\$ 91,155,467
State's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	<u>42,910,074</u> <u>\$ 124,042,396</u>	<u>52,134,967</u> <u>\$ 143,715,502</u>	<u>58,577,446</u> <u>\$ 157,594,410</u>	<u>53,880,431</u> <u>\$ 147,986,502</u>	<u>49,731,688</u> <u>\$ 140,887,155</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 50,656,791	\$ 56,700,233	\$ 56,388,696	\$ 54,852,162	\$ 54,052,039
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	160.16%	161.52%	175.60%	171.56%	168.64%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	74.02%	70.04%	69.46%	70.99%	72.56%
Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2020 2021	2021 2022	2022 2023	2023 2024	2024 2025
District's Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.09617%	0.09775%	0.09015%	0.09626%	0.08800%
District's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 93,200,226	\$ 44,483,481	\$ 62,640,707	\$ 73,314,595	\$ 59,103,440
State's Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability Associated with the District	<u>48,044,717</u> <u>\$ 141,244,943</u>	<u>22,382,308</u> <u>\$ 66,865,789</u>	<u>31,370,466</u> <u>\$ 94,011,173</u>	<u>35,127,222</u> <u>\$ 108,441,817</u>	<u>27,116,658</u> <u>\$ 86,220,098</u>
Covered Payroll	\$ 52,085,509	\$ 53,545,740	\$ 50,629,279	\$ 56,974,209	\$ 58,959,408
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payroll	178.94%	83.08%	123.72%	128.68%	100.24%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	71.82%	87.21%	81.20%	80.62%	83.55%

The CalSTRS discount rate was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% in the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS investment rate of return was decreased from 7.6% to 7.1% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS inflation rate was decreased from 3% to 2.75% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

The CalSTRS wage growth was decreased from 3.75% to 3.5% during the District's fiscal year 2017.

This schedule presents information on the District's portion of the net pension liability of CalSTRS in compliance with GASB 68.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fiscal Year Ended	2018	2019	2020	2021
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 2,110,864	\$ 1,900,883	\$ 1,752,557	\$ 1,840,185
Interest	1,070,163	1,317,288	1,477,722	1,474,423
Changes of benefit terms	-	-	-	22,006
Diff. between expected/actual experience	-	307,347	-	(9,904,534)
Changes of assumptions	(2,581,380)	(1,054,569)	1,382,985	1,429,099
Benefit payments	(1,158,977)	(1,547,925)	(617,444)	(724,367)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	(559,330)	923,024	3,995,820	(5,863,188)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	38,129,051	37,569,721	38,492,745	42,488,565
Total OPEB Liability - ending	37,569,721	38,492,745	42,488,565	36,625,377
Plan fiduciary net position				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 37,569,721	\$ 38,492,745	\$ 42,488,565	\$ 36,625,377
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 58,649,118	\$ 67,529,396	\$ 67,817,403	\$ 66,356,869
TOL as a % of covered employee payroll	64.06%	57.00%	62.65%	55.19%

Continued

Other Notes

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

Discount rates changed from 3.5% to 2.21% in FY2020, to 2.16% in FY2021, to 4.09% in FY2023, to 4.13% in FY2024 and then to 4.21% in FY2025.

Benefit term changes included the following in FY2023:

The maximum amount paid by the District was increased from \$350 per month to \$500 per month

Retired certificated and management employees amounts increased from \$1,471 to a range of \$780 to \$1,544.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Fiscal Year Ended	2022	2023	2024	2025
Total OPEB liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,763,132	\$ 1,833,038	\$ 668,846	\$ 674,434
Interest	797,562	814,094	707,937	763,787
Changes of benefit terms	-	(3,000,298)	-	-
Diff. between expected/actual experience	-	(15,454,379)	-	(241,641)
Changes of assumptions	166,101	(3,577,401)	(57,649)	(2,480,809)
Benefit payments	(1,073,180)	(1,178,952)	(812,225)	(813,841)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	1,653,615	(20,563,898)	506,909	(2,098,070)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	36,625,377	38,278,992	17,715,094	18,222,003
Total OPEB Liability - ending	38,278,992	17,715,094	18,222,003	16,123,933
Plan fiduciary net position				
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	-	-	-	-
Net OPEB liability (asset)	<u>\$ 38,278,992</u>	<u>\$ 17,715,094</u>	<u>\$ 18,222,003</u>	<u>\$ 16,123,933</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of the total OPEB liability	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
Covered Employee Payroll	\$ 71,109,934	\$ 65,454,237	\$ 65,371,783	\$ 55,100,570
TOL as a % of covered employee payroll	53.83%	27.06%	27.87%	29.26%
				Concluded

**SUPPLEMENTARY
INFORMATION**

***Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Schedules***

Evergreen School District
Combining Balance Sheet
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Comp. Units	Totals
Assets				
Cash and investments	\$ 6,297,395	\$ 3,917,447	\$ 862,132	\$ 11,076,974
Accounts receivable	1,133,530	46,920	7,719	1,188,169
Inventory	12,143	-	-	12,143
Due from other funds	71,733	-	-	71,733
	<u>7,514,801</u>	<u>3,964,367</u>	<u>869,851</u>	<u>12,349,019</u>
Total Assets	<u>\$ 7,514,801</u>	<u>\$ 3,964,367</u>	<u>\$ 869,851</u>	<u>\$ 12,349,019</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 129,830	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 129,830
Due to other funds	2,119	10,077	-	12,196
	<u>131,949</u>	<u>10,077</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>142,026</u>
Total Liabilities	<u>131,949</u>	<u>10,077</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>142,026</u>
Fund balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Revolving fund	300	-	-	300
Inventory	12,143	-	-	12,143
Restricted for:				
Cafeteria programs	7,370,409	-	-	7,370,409
Debt service	-	-	869,851	869,851
Capital projects	-	3,954,290	-	3,954,290
	<u>7,382,852</u>	<u>3,954,290</u>	<u>869,851</u>	<u>12,206,993</u>
Total Fund Balances	<u>7,382,852</u>	<u>3,954,290</u>	<u>869,851</u>	<u>12,206,993</u>
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$ 7,514,801</u>	<u>\$ 3,964,367</u>	<u>\$ 869,851</u>	<u>\$ 12,349,019</u>

Evergreen School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and
Changes in Fund Balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Debt Service Fund for Blended Comp. Units	Totals
Revenues:				
Federal	\$ 2,650,285	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,650,285
Other state	4,105,868	-	-	4,105,868
Other local	479,732	393,863	43,178	916,773
Total revenues	7,235,885	393,863	43,178	7,672,926
Expenditures:				
Current				
Pupil services:				
Food services	5,113,309	-	-	5,113,309
Plant services	72,375	-	-	72,375
Total expenditures	5,185,684	-	-	5,185,684
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	2,050,201	393,863	43,178	2,487,242
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	(10,077)	-	(10,077)
Total other financing sources (uses)	-	(10,077)	-	(10,077)
Changes in fund balances	2,050,201	383,786	43,178	2,477,165
Fund balances beginning	5,332,651	3,570,504	826,673	9,729,828
Fund balances ending	\$ 7,382,852	\$ 3,954,290	\$ 869,851	\$ 12,206,993

**STATE AND FEDERAL
AWARD COMPLIANCE
SECTION**

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Average Daily Attendance:		
Grades TK/K through three	3,212.92	3,216.10
Grades four through six	2,807.93	2,807.39
Grades seven and eight	2,072.42	2,070.79
Extended year special education:		
Grades TK/K through three	7.50	7.50
Grades four through six	3.78	3.78
Grades seven and eight	0.70	0.70
Special education; nonpublic, nonsec:		
Grades TK/K through three	3.79	3.72
Grades four through six	2.45	2.36
Grades seven and eight	4.23	3.95
Extended year special education; nonpublic, nonsec:		
Grades TK/K through three	0.68	0.68
Grades four through six	0.32	0.32
Grades seven and eight	0.36	0.36
Total ADA	8,117.08	8,117.65

** All classroom based attendance

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Instructional Time
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Grade Level	Minutes Requirements	Actual Minutes	Actual Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Number of Days Multitrack Calendar	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	42,710	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	50,400	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	50,400	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	50,400	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,000	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,000	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	54,000	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	56,700	180	0	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	56,700	180	0	In Compliance

School districts and charter schools must maintain their instructional minutes as defined in Education Code Section 46207. This schedule is required of all districts and charter schools, including basic aid districts.

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instruction time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46200 through 46206. The District has met or exceeded its target funding.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit. There were no charter schools in the Evergreen Elementary School District.

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	(Budget) ⁽¹⁾			
	2026	2025	2024	2023
<u>General Fund</u>				
Revenues	\$ 136,756,201	\$ 136,643,143	\$ 158,057,759	\$ 157,626,468
Other sources and transfers in	2,100	10,077	6,267	137,700
Total Revenues and Other Sources	136,758,301	136,653,220	158,064,026	157,764,168
Expenditures	147,887,342	154,692,817	150,501,167	135,312,452
Other uses and transfers out	-	-	17	-
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	147,887,342	154,692,817	150,501,184	135,312,452
Change in fund balance	(11,129,041)	(18,039,597)	7,562,842	22,451,716
Ending fund balance	\$ 37,623,054	\$ 48,752,095	\$ 66,791,692	\$ 59,228,850
Available reserves ⁽²⁾	\$ 4,436,620	\$ 11,307,554	\$ 17,111,658	\$ 17,237,720
Reserved for economic uncertainty	\$ -	\$ 4,637,607	\$ -	\$ 4,098,303
Unassigned fund balance	\$ 4,436,620	\$ 6,669,947	\$ 17,111,658	\$ 13,139,417
Available reserves as a percentage of total outgo	3.00%	7.31%	11.37%	12.74%
Total long-term liabilities	\$ 229,264,854	\$ 248,106,482	\$ 283,494,231	\$ 285,823,698
Average daily attendance at P-2	7,842	8,117	8,378	8,403

Average daily attendance has decreased by 286 over the past three years. The district anticipates a decrease of 275 ADA in FY 2026.

The general fund balance has decreased by \$10,476,755 over the past three years. For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total general fund expenditures, transfers out and other uses (total outgo).

Total long-term liabilities has decreased by \$37,717,216 over the past three years. The District has had operating surpluses in two of the last three fiscal years.

⁽¹⁾ Budget numbers are based on the first adopted budget of the fiscal year 2025/26.

⁽²⁾ Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances in the general fund, which includes the reserve for economic

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Program Name	Assistance Listing		Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Program Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				
Passed Through California Department of Education				
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	(1)	14329	\$ 1,406,802
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part C, Migrant Ed (Regular and Summer Program)	84.011		14326	15,289
Title II: Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367		14341	426,420
Title III, English Learning Student Program	84.365		14346	467,693
Education Stabilization Fund (ESF)				
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425D		15559	30,956
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U		10155	100,030
After School Education and Safety (ASES) Rate Increase: ESSER III	84.425D		15662	4,899
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant: ESSER III State Reserve Emergency Needs	84.425D		15620	22,922
Total Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) Subprograms				<u>158,807</u>
Special Education Cluster				
Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Section 619 (Age 3-4-5)	84.173	(1)	13430	48,127
Special Ed: IDEA Preschool Staff Development, Part B, Sec 619	84.173	(1)	13431	417
IDEA Basic Local Assistance	84.027	(1)	13379	1,724,844
Special Ed: IDEA Local Assistance, Part B, Sec 611, Early Intervening Services	84.027	(1)	10119	338,122
IDEA Mental Health Average Daily Attendance (ADA) Allocation	84.027A	(1)	15197	107,311
Total Special Education Cluster				<u>2,218,821</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION				<u><u>4,693,832</u></u>
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				
Passed Through California Department of Education				
Child Nutrition Cluster				
Child Nutrition: School Programs (School Breakfast Basic)	10.553		13525	419,780
Child Nutrition: School Programs (School Breakfast Needy)	10.553		13526	260,613
Child Nutrition: School Programs (NSL Sec 4)	10.555		13391	1,522,267
Child Nutrition: Local Food for Schools	10.555		15708	25,290
Child Nutrition: School Programs (NSL Sec 4) - Commodities	10.555		13391	419,271
Total Child Nutrition Cluster				<u>2,647,221</u>
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE				<u>2,647,221</u>
TOTAL FEDERAL PROGRAMS				<u><u>\$ 7,341,053</u></u>

(1) Audited as major program

Note: There were no federal grants passed through to subrecipients

Evergreen School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report (SACS)
to the Audited Financial Statements
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest & Redemption Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025 Annual Financial and Budget Report (SACS) Fund Balances	\$ 48,852,157	\$ 35,739,748	\$ 20,818,937	\$ 12,193,759
Adjustments and Reclassifications:				
Fair value adjustments	(100,002)	43,468	24,819	13,234
Leases receivable, net of deferred inflows	(60)	-	-	-
June 30, 2025 Audited Financial Statements Fund Balances	<u>\$ 48,752,095</u>	<u>\$ 35,783,216</u>	<u>\$ 20,843,756</u>	<u>\$ 12,206,993</u>

Evergreen School District
Notes to State and Federal Award Compliance Sections
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

1. PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes in the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments in state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

B. Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day and Longer Instructional Year. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46206 and whether the Charter Schools complied with Education Code Sections 47612 and 47612.5.

C. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

D. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

E. Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance) requires a disclosure of the financial activities of all federally funded programs. This schedule was prepared to comply with Uniform Guidance requirements.

F. Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds reported on the SACS report to the audited financial statements.

2. RESULTS OF RECONCILIATIONS OF EXPENDITURES PER SCHEDULE OF GRANT ACTIVITY WITH THE DISTRICT'S ACCOUNTING SYSTEM

There were no material unreconciled differences between the District's records and the Schedule of Federal Grant Activity as shown on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

Evergreen School District
Notes to State and Federal Award Compliance Sections
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

3. BASIS OF PRESENTATION – SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Regulations, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance).

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The District has elected not to use the 15 percent de minimus indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

**OTHER
INFORMATION**

Evergreen School District

Organization

June 30, 2025

The District was organized in 1860 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 8 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates fifteen elementary, and three middle schools. There were no boundary changes during the fiscal year.

Governing Board

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Mary Hien Pollett	President	2026
Jim Zito	President Pro Tem	2026
Dr. Stan Rose	Clerk	2026
Patti Andrade	Member	2028
Jeremy Barousse	Member	2028

Administration

Dr. Antoine Hawkins
Superintendent

Sheetal Mistry
Director of Fiscal Services

**OTHER INDEPENDENT
AUDITOR'S REPORTS**



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS
BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN
ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

Board of Trustees
Evergreen School District
San Jose, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Evergreen Elementary School District (the District) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 6, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.



Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

January 6, 2026
Morgan Hill, California



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH
MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER
COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

Board of Trustees
Evergreen School District
San Jose, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Evergreen Elementary School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Programs

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Evergreen Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal programs. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Evergreen Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal programs.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Evergreen Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Evergreen Elementary School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Evergreen Elementary School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal



program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

January 6, 2026
Morgan Hill, California



**INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE**

The Honorable Board of Trustees
Evergreen School District
San Jose, California

Report of State Compliance

Qualified Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited the Evergreen School District's (the District)'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the District complied, in all material respects, with the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Qualified Opinion on State Compliance Requirements

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting (Audit Guide)*, published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the Evergreen Elementary School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the state programs identified in the *Audit Guide*. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Evergreen Elementary School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matters Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on State Compliance

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2025-001. The District did not comply with requirements regarding Expanded Learning Opportunities Program. Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements applicable to the program.



Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Evergreen Elementary School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *Audit Guide* will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the Evergreen Elementary School District's compliance with the requirements of applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the 2024-25 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit;
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances;
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the 2024-25 *Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:



<u>2024-25 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures</u>	<u>Procedures Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other than Districts:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Independent Study	N/A
Continuation Education	N/A
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	N/A
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools:	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	N/A
Immunizations	N/A
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	N/A
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study for Charter Schools	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom - Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A



We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit, we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, we identified deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2025-001 that we consider to be significant deficiency.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2024-25 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

C & A LLP

January 6, 2026
Morgan Hill, California

FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weaknesses? Yes x No

Significant deficiencies identified not
considered to be material weaknesses? Yes x No

Non-compliance material to financial statements noted? Yes x No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weaknesses? Yes x No

Significant deficiencies identified not
considered to be material weaknesses? Yes x None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance over major programs Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in
accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a) Yes x No

Identification of Major Programs:

<u>Assistance Listing</u>	<u>Name of Federal Program</u>
84.010	ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected
84.173/84.027/84.027A	Special Education Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between
type A and type B programs: \$ 750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee? Yes x No

State Awards

Internal control over state programs:

Material weaknesses? Yes x No

Significant deficiencies identified not
considered to be material weaknesses? x Yes None Reported

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance over state programs: Modified

Evergreen School District
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2025-001: Expanded Learning Opportunities Program (70000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: Education Code Section 46120 requires LEAs offer comprehensive after school and intersessional Expanded Learning Opportunities Programs (ELOP) to all unduplicated pupils in Transitional Kindergarten/Kindergarten through sixth grade (TK/K–6) classroom-based instructional programs starting in 2021–22. The requirements include offering the programs on all school days and on at least 30 nonschooldays with no less than 9 hours of instructional time per day. In addition, the District should provide transportation to and from ELOP sites for all eligible pupils. Furthermore, the Programs should maintain a pupil-to-staff ratio of no more than 10 to 1 for TK/K levels, and no more than 20 to 1 for grades 1 through 6.

Condition: School sites shredded all signed ELOP registration forms during 2025 school year.

Questioned Costs: None

Effect: The signed registration form is missing for the sample students to verify the District had provided access to the eligible students. Compensated controls were tested for the sample students to ensure the District met the compliance requirements.

Cause: The noncompliance of requirement is caused by an oversight in record keeping.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District work with the school sites to ensure the site kept records for the registration forms in paper or electronic forms.

Corrective Action Plan and Response to Finding: The District confirms that the school sites shredded all ELOP registration forms. The District agrees with the auditor's recommendation and will work with the school sites to implement the required corrective actions. The District will also provide sufficient training to key personnel to ensure future compliance on offering the programs.

Evergreen School District
Status of Prior Year Findings and Recommendations
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2025

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

None

Section IV - State Award Findings and Questioned Costs

Finding 2024-001: After School Education and Safety Program (70000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: Education Code Section 8482 requires LEAs offer After School Education and Safety Program (ASES Program) to pupils in kindergarten and grades 1 to 9. The ASES Program requirements include family fees being charged on a sliding scale that considers family income and ability to pay, and the cost of these fees waived for pupils who are eligible for free or reduced-price meals, homeless youth, or foster care.

Condition: The family fees for the ASES Program were charged on a flat rate across the District in fiscal year 2023-24 instead of on a sliding scale and were not waived the fees for unduplicated pupils.

Questioned Costs: None

Effect: The District is not in compliance with the ASES Program requirements.

Cause: The District was not aware of the family fees requirements and thus did not meet all the ASES Program requirements.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District work with the ASES Program provider to ensure that family fees are charged on a sliding scale in fiscal year 2024-25 and refunded the family fees to the unduplicated pupils.

Corrective Action Plan and Response to Finding: The District confirmed that the family fees were not charged on a sliding scale in fiscal year 2023-24. The District found that the service provider only charges families if they don't qualify for free/reduced, homeless, or foster care. The service provider allocates financial assistance scholarships to families based on their income if they qualify for the subsidy. The District will monitor the service provider to ensure fees are not inappropriately in the future.

Status: Implemented.

Finding 2024-002: Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula (70000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: Education Code Section 42238 requires that the District collect alternative income forms for new enrollees and update CALPADS data correctly for fiscal year 2023-24 to ensure correct calculation of funding. Students enrolled after the base year (which is fiscal year 2022-23) should have supporting documentation from the fiscal year they enrolled.

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Condition: The District, operating as Provision 2 under NSLP, did not collect alternative income forms for new enrollees in the audited fiscal year and update CALPADS data timely, as required for Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) funding.

Questioned Costs: None

Effect: This oversight, crucial for determining eligibility for supplemental and concentration grants, has potentially resulted in missed funding opportunities. The full impact remains unclear pending a review of the number and eligibility of affected students. We have calculated the potential loss of LCFF funding opportunities \$384,192 as shown below.

Total Adjusted Enrollment from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	\$ 26,924
Total Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count from the UPP exhibit as of P-2	11,131
Audit Adjustment - Number of Enrollment	-
Audit Adjustment - Number of Unduplicated Pupil Count	537
Revised Adjusted Enrollment	26,924
Revised Adjusted Unduplicated Pupil Count	11,668
UPP calculated as of P-2	0.4134
Revised UPP for audit finding	0.4334
Supplemental and Concentration Grant TK/K-3 ADA	3,619
Supplemental and Concentration Grant 4-6 ADA	3,211
Supplemental and Concentration Grant 7-8 ADA	2,324
Supplemental and Concentration Grant 9-12 ADA	-
Adjusted Base Grant per TK/K-3 ADA	10,951
Adjusted Base Grant per 4-6 ADA	10,069
Adjusted Base Grant per 7-8 ADA	10,367
Adjusted Base Grant per 9-12 ADA	12,327
Revised Supplemental Grant Funding for audit finding	\$ 8,325,420
Supplemental Grant Funding calculated as of P-2	(7,941,228)
Supplemental Grant Funding audit adjustment	<u><u>\$ 384,192</u></u>

Cause: The District did not collect alternative income forms for new enrollees.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District collect the alternative income forms and revise the CALPADS data for fiscal year 2023-24, and collect the forms and update CALPADS data timely in fiscal year 2024-25 to ensure proper funding.

Corrective Action Plan and Response to Finding: The District has collected the alternative income forms and revised the CALPADS data for fiscal year 2023-24, and agreed with the auditor's recommendation to properly follow the requirements for fiscal year 2024-25. In addition, the District is adding an additional step in the school district enrollment process. During enrollment families will be required to fill out the alternative income survey forms as a process of enrollment.

Status: Implemented.

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Finding 2024-003: Expanded Learning Opportunities Program (70000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: Education Code Section 46120 requires LEAs offer comprehensive after school and intersessional Expanded Learning Opportunities Programs (ELOP) to all unduplicated pupils in Transitional Kindergarten/Kindergarten through sixth grade (TK/K–6) classroom-based instructional programs starting in 2021–22. The requirements include offering the programs on all school days and on at least 30 non-school days with no less than 9 hours of instructional time per day. In addition, the District should provide transportation to and from ELOP sites for all eligible pupils. Furthermore, the Programs should maintain a pupil-to-staff ratio of no more than 10 to 1 for TK/K levels, and no more than 20 to 1 for grades 1 through 6.

Condition: The District did not meet the 30 non-school days and the 9-hour per day requirements. In addition, the non-school days programs were only offered on specific school sites, however, the District did not provide transportation to and from ELOP sites for eligible pupils due to a driver shortage in the District. Furthermore, the pupil-to-staff ratio exceeded the requirements for some classes in fiscal year 2023-24.

Questioned Costs: The questioned costs were \$2,977,474, which is the amount apportioned to the District in the audited fiscal year.

LEA Funding Rate	Rate 2
ELO-P Entitlement Calculation based on Rate 1 or Rate 2	\$4,811,407
Section A - Offering and Access	
Total Classroom-Based Enrollment, Grades TK/K-6	
Total Classroom-Based UPC, Grades TK/K-6	2,614
Students Eligible for ELO-P Offering and Access	2,614
Number of Eligible Students Not Offered and Provided Access to ELO-P	1,500
Proportional Penalty Factor	0.573833
ELO-P Offering and Access Penalty [EC 46120(c)(2)]	\$2,760,945
Section B - Days	
Instructional Days	180
ELO-P offered on instructional days totaling 9 hours [EC 46120(b)(1)(A)]	180
Required Intersession ELO-P days	30
Actual ELO-P intersession days totaling 9 hours	8
ELO-P days short	22
Penalty Factor	0.0048
Penalty Calculation	\$216,529
Total Penalty	\$2,977,474

Effect: This noncompliance with ELOP requirements may reduce the effectiveness of the program in meeting students needs for extended learning and enrichment. Additionally, it could jeopardize compliance with state guidelines, potentially impacting funding or program eligibility.

Cause: The noncompliance of requirement is caused by an oversight in planning and scheduling.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District work with the County and the State to clarify the corrective action plans the District should implement in order to qualify for the penalty waiver.

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Corrective Action Plan and Response to Finding: The District confirms that not all ELO Program compliance requirements were met. The District agrees with the auditor's recommendation and will work with the County and the State to implement the required corrective actions to qualify for the penalty waiver. The District will also provide sufficient training to key personnel to ensure future compliance on offering the programs.

Status: Partially Implemented, see Finding 2025-001.

Finding 2024-004 - Instructional Minutes (40000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: School districts shall offer 180 days or more of instruction per school year as defined in Education Code Section 46208.

Condition: The District had one emergency closure day at Katherine R. Smith Elementary School and thus fell short of the instructional day requirements by one day.

Questioned Costs: The District's penalty for not meeting the instructional day requirements is \$399,680 and was calculated as follows:

Affected grade level(s)	Katherine R. Smith Elementary School	
	K-3	4-6
Affected grade level ADA	3,312.20	2,944.59
Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span	\$ 11,856.43	\$ 10,901.50
Affected LCFF Apportionment by Grade Span	\$ 39,270,867	\$ 32,100,448
Number of required days	180	180
Number of days short	1	1
Instructional Day Penalty by Grade Span	\$ 219,917	\$ 179,763
Total Instructional Day Penalty		\$ 399,680

Context: For the school sites that were not in compliance with the instructional days requirements, we are required to prepare a separate schedule for each school showing only those grade levels that were not in compliance and calculate the penalty or penalties pursuant to Education Code section 46208.

Effect: The District has incurred a penalty of \$399,680. However, the District can submit a J-13A for the emergency closure day and remove the penalty incurred.

Cause: There was an emergency on February 5th, 2024 at Katherine R. Smith Elementary School due to a power outage caused by the storm in the San Jose area.

Recommendation: For fiscal year 2023-24, the District should submit to the State a J-13A for Katherine R. Smith Elementary School for the emergency closure day to meet the 180 instructional days requirement. In addition, the District should carefully monitor its school sites to ensure that the District offers the required amount of instructional days and minutes. Finally, the District should submit the J-13A forms for any emergency closure events timely to ensure compliance.

Corrective Action Plan: The District has filled out and will also submit a J-13A to the State to claim for the emergency closure day incurred in fiscal year 2023-24. The District will provide written guidance to

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key staff regarding CDE guidance and/or training to key personnel on correct and timely submission of the J-13As to ensure future compliance per the Education Code requirements.

Status: Implemented.

Finding 2024-005: School Accountability Report Card (72000)

Criteria or Specific Requirements: According to California Education Code Section 33126(b), school districts must accurately report teacher assignments in the School Accountability Report Card (SARC). The Every Student Succeeds Act (ESSA) also requires correct reporting of teacher misassignments to ensure compliance with credentialing requirements.

Condition: During our audit of the 2022-2023 SARC, we identified discrepancies in the reported teacher misassignments for the 2021-2022 school year when compared to the district's Williams Quarterly Reports for the same period.

- The 2022-2023 SARC reported 1 teacher misassignment for Cedar Grove Elementary and 3.5 teacher misassignments for Quimby Oak Middle.
- The Williams Quarterly Reports for the same period recorded zero misassignments for all schools.

Questioned Costs: None

Effect: The misstatement of teacher misassignments in the SARC results in noncompliance with state reporting requirements and misleading public disclosures regarding the district's teacher credentialing status. This could impact transparency, accountability, and regulatory compliance.

Cause: The District copy and paste the number of teacher misassignments from 2021-2022 SARC to 2022-2023 SARC for Cedar Grove Elementary and Quimby Oak Middle without updating the correct number of teacher misassignments.

Recommendation: We recommend that the district reconcile misassignment data between CALSASS, Williams Reports, and the SARC before submission to ensure accuracy in future reporting.

Corrective Action Plan: The district has acknowledged the discrepancy and stated that they will implement a reconciliation process between the CALSASS system and the Williams Reports moving forward to prevent similar errors in future SARC reporting.

Status: Implemented.