



2026-2027 Important Water Safety Information for Families

Dear Families,

As we begin the 2026–2027 school year, we are sharing important water safety information with all families as required by New York State Education Law. Please take a few moments to review the attached **Safe Swimming Tips for Everyone**.

These resources provide valuable information on drowning prevention, water safety and safe and healthy swimming practices to help keep children and families safe around pools, lakes, rivers and other bodies of water.

We encourage you to review these materials together with your child and discuss ways to stay safe whenever you are near or in the water.

If you have any questions regarding water safety, please contact Christina Nourlil, Director of Operations at (860) 781-4824 or christina.nourlil@capitalprepnewrochelle.org

Thank you for helping us protect the well-being of our students!

In Partnership,

Ebony Byas
Principal

Safe Swimming



Tips for Everyone

- Always swim with someone else and keep an eye on each other.
- Pay extra attention to your children around water.
- Consider your health. Medical conditions like a seizure disorder or heart condition can put people at greater risk of drowning.
- Avoid water that is greater than chest deep if you can't swim.
- Don't use alcohol or drugs if you plan to swim.
- Don't dive into water less than eight feet deep or of unknown depth.
- Pay attention to the weather and never swim during storms or lightning.
- The safest place to swim is at a public beach or at a pool with lifeguards.

Know the Signs of Drowning

Each year, hundreds of New Yorkers drown. It can happen to anyone, anywhere there is water. Drowning occurs quickly and silently. Someone drowning may appear to be splashing or waving when they are struggling to stay afloat.

Reduce your risk. Learn basic swimming skills. Consider taking a CPR class. Rescue breathing, first aid, and calling 911 could save a life.



Keep Kids Safe

Kids and teens have the greatest risk of drowning. Always keep little ones within arm's reach, even in the shallow end.

Lifeguards and life jackets don't take the place of close adult supervision. Make sure your pool has a secure enclosure that makes it inaccessible to children.

Stay Healthy

Germs can spread through water. Avoid getting sick by not swallowing water, and rinsing off before and after you swim. Never swim in cloudy or discolored water.

Stay out of the water if you are sick with diarrhea, or if you have open cuts or wounds. Don't pee or poop in the water. Take children on frequent bathroom breaks.

When Boating

Always follow safe boating practices and wear a U.S. Coast Guard-approved (I-III label) life jacket. Air-filled swimming aids, like water wings and floats, should never be used.

More Information

www.health.ny.gov/SwimSafe



**Department
of Health**