

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

RUTHERFORD, TAYLOR & COMPANY, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants
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COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Commerce Independent School District
Name of School District

Hunt
County

116-903
Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached auditor's report of the above-named school district was reviewed and
✓ approved/ _____ disapproved for the year ended June 30, 2025, at a meeting of the board of school
trustees of such school district on February 16, 2026.

Wayne "Doc" Reed
Signature of Board Secretary

Kathleen S. Hooper
Signature of Board President

If the auditor's report was checked above as disapproved, the reasons(s) therefore is/are (attached list if necessary):

FINANCIAL SECTION

RUTHERFORD,
TAYLOR &
COMPANY, P.C.
Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Members of the Board
Commerce Independent School District

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures including examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information and schedules related to pension and other post-employment benefit activities be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information section of exhibits presented in the table of contents but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 12, 2026, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "Rutherdale, Taylor & Company PC". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

February 12, 2026
Greenville, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON
COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

Members of the Board
Commerce Independent School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Commerce Independent School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated February 12, 2026.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rutherford, Taylor & Company PC

February 12, 2026
Greenville, Texas

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM
AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Members of the Board
Commerce Independent School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Commerce Independent School District's (District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the type of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud, or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentation, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate,

Internal Control over Compliance with the Uniform Guidance – Continued

it would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weakness, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



February 12, 2026
Greenville, Texas

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Summary of Auditor's Results (Section I)

Financial Statements –

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified Opinion
Internal Control over Financial Reporting:	
Material Weaknesses identified	None
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None
Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted	None

Federal Awards –

Internal control over major programs:	
Material weaknesses identified	None
Significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses	None reported
Type of Auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance	None
Identification of Major Programs	Food Service Cluster: School Breakfast Program (10.553) National School Lunch Program (10.555) Supply Chain Grant (10.555) Child & Adult Food Care (10.558) ESSA Title I – Improving Basic Programs (84.010)
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and B programs	\$ 750,000
Entity qualifies as a low-risk auditee	Yes
Pass-through Entity	Texas Education Agency

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Financial Statement Findings (Section II)

NONE

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs (Section III)

NONE

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Prior Year Findings (Section IV)

NONE

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Corrective Action Plan (Section V)

NONE

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

This section of Commerce Independent School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the District's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

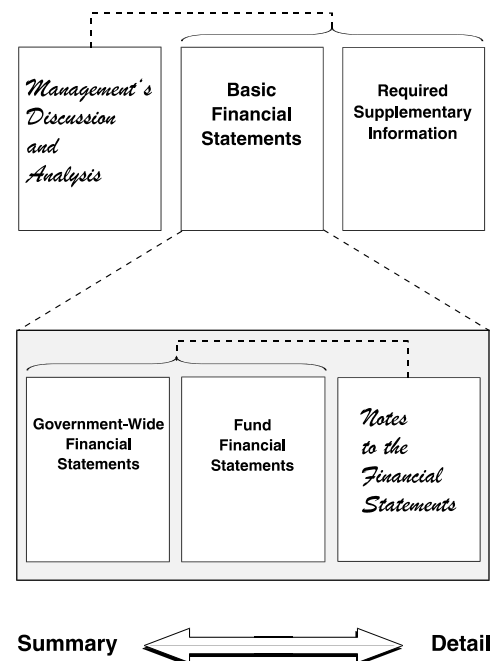
- The District's total combined net position was \$ (6,363,513) at June 30, 2025.
- During the year, the District's expenses were \$ 739,305 more than the \$ 32,584,222 generated in taxes and other revenues for governmental activities.
- The total cost of the District's programs increased 1.96% over the prior year while revenues decreased by 2.82%.
- The General Fund reported a fund balance this year of \$ 4,177,358, a decrease of \$ 908,197.
- The District issued no new debt this year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts—management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District:

- The first two statements are government-wide financial statements that provide both long-term and short-term information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are fund financial statements that focus on individual parts of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short term as well as what remains for future spending.
- Proprietary fund statements offer short- and long-term financial information about the activities the government operates like businesses, such as the print shop.
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the resources in question belong.

Figure A-1, Required Components of the District's Annual Financial Report



The basic financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the basic financial statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the basic financial statements. Figure A-1 shows how the required parts of this annual report are arranged and related to one another.

**COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025**

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the District's basic financial statements, including the portion of the District government they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net assets includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

Figure A-2. Major Features of the District's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<i>Type of Statements</i>	Fund Statements			
	Government-wide	Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds	Fiduciary Funds
<i>Scope</i>	Entire Agency's government (except fiduciary funds) and the Agency's component units	The activities of the district that are not proprietary or fiduciary	Activities the district operates similar to private businesses: self insurance	Instances in which the district is the trustee or agent for someone else's resources
<i>Required financial statements</i>	• Statement of net assets	• Balance sheet	• Statement of net assets	• Statement of fiduciary net assets
	• Statement of activities	• Statement of revenues, expenditures & changes in fund balances	• Statement of revenues, expenses and changes in fund net assets • Statement of cash flows	• Statement of changes in fiduciary net assets
<i>Accounting basis and measurement focus</i>	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus
<i>Type of asset/liability information</i>	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets included	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, and short-term and long-term	All assets and liabilities, both short-term and long-term; the Agency's funds do not currently contain capital assets, although they can
<i>Type of inflow/outflow information</i>	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid

The two government-wide statements report on the District's net assets and how they have changed. Net assets—the difference between the District's assets and liabilities—is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net assets are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base and student population.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the governmental activities. Most of the District's basic services are included here, such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, and general administration. Property taxes and grants finance most of these activities.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices that the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes and grants.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds—Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information on the subsequent page that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

- **Proprietary funds**—Services for which the District charges customers a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds, like the government-wide statements, provide both long-term and short-term financial information. We use internal service funds to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities.
- **Fiduciary funds**—The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net assets. We exclude these activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net assets were \$ (6,363,513) at June 30, 2025.

Commerce Independent School District's Net Position			Table A-1
	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2025	2024	2024-2025
Assets			
Cash and Investments	\$ 6,958,976	\$ 22,037,357	-68.42%
Other Assets	8,012,477	8,042,890	-0.38%
Capital Assets less Accumulated Depreciation	84,485,141	76,345,717	10.66%
Total Assets	\$ 99,456,594	\$ 106,425,964	-6.55%
Total Deferred Net Outflow s of Resources	\$ 5,163,623	\$ 6,248,101	-17.36%
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	\$ 4,581,082	\$ 8,735,330	-47.56%
Long-term Liabilities	101,331,862	103,435,754	-2.03%
Total Liabilities	\$ 105,912,944	\$ 112,171,084	-5.58%
Total Deferred Net Inflow s of Resources	\$ 5,070,786	\$ 6,137,836	-17.38%
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (2,754,976)	\$ (2,759,847)	0.18%
Restricted	3,783,335	3,848,018	-1.68%
Unrestricted	(7,391,872)	(6,712,379)	-10.12%
Total Net Position	\$ (6,363,513)	\$ (5,624,208)	-13.15%

Approximately \$ 3,394,014 of the District's restricted net assets represent funds collected for debt retirement. These funds are restricted for retirement of tax supported debt. The unrestricted net asset represents resources available to fund the programs of the District next year.

CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

The District's total revenues were \$ 32,584,222 32% of the District's revenue comes from local property taxes (See Table A-2). 66% comes from state aid and federal grants, while only 2% relates to charges for services and other sources including investment earnings.

The total cost of all programs and services was \$ 33,323,527. 48% of these costs are for instruction and instructional related student services.

The District's current tax collection rate (base tax only – current and delinquent) was 98.85%. The total collection rate (base tax and penalty and interest) was 100.95%.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

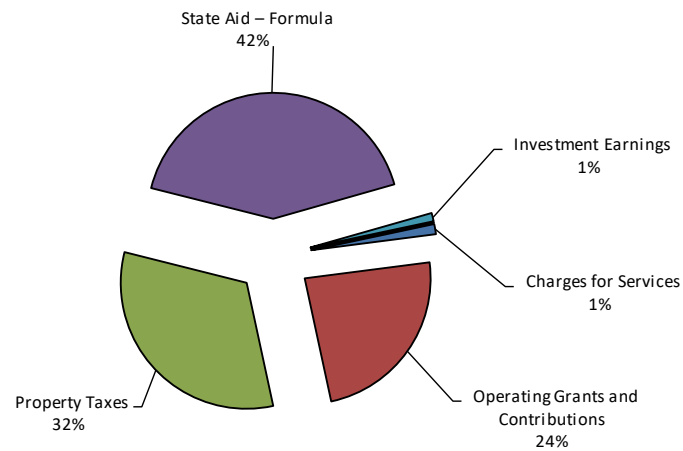
Table A-2

Changes in Commerce Independent School District's Net Position

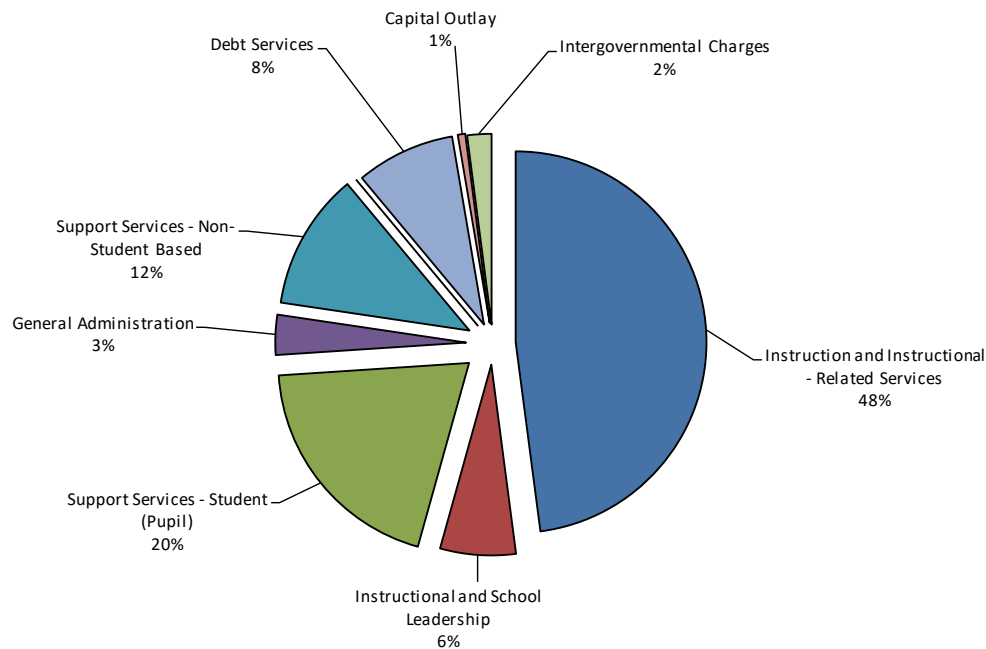
	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change 2024 - 2025
	2025	2024	
Program Revenues:			
Charges for Services	\$ 422,632	\$ 1,978,284	-78.64%
Operating Grants and Contributions	7,707,111	7,767,271	-0.77%
General Revenues:			
Property Taxes	10,526,064	9,660,505	8.96%
State Aid – Formula	13,577,387	12,362,440	9.83%
Investment Earnings	349,420	1,649,230	-78.81%
Miscellaneous	1,608	112,584	-98.57%
Total Revenues	<u>\$ 32,584,222</u>	<u>\$ 33,530,314</u>	-2.82%
Expenses:			
Instruction	\$ 15,525,442	\$ 15,672,901	-0.94%
Instructional Resources and Media Services	100,125	103,184	-2.96%
Curriculum and Staff Development	334,503	431,171	-22.42%
Instructional Leadership	831,387	801,100	3.78%
School Leadership	1,300,827	1,282,703	1.41%
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,954,712	1,878,450	4.06%
Social Work Services	16,811	15,751	6.73%
Health Services	283,855	274,755	3.31%
Student Transportation	996,598	997,998	-0.14%
Food Services	1,421,142	1,247,030	13.96%
Co-curricular/Extracurricular Activities	1,862,633	1,447,579	28.67%
General Administration	1,129,178	1,058,334	6.69%
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,866,025	2,416,042	18.62%
Security and Monitoring Services	425,407	390,176	9.03%
Data Processing Services	569,950	528,546	7.83%
Community Services	22,695	26,127	-13.14%
Debt Service	2,789,696	2,730,424	2.17%
Capital Outlay	209,442	689,522	-69.63%
Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	459,624	470,348	-2.28%
Other Intergovernmental Charges	223,475	220,105	1.53%
Total Expenses	<u>\$ 33,323,527</u>	<u>\$ 32,682,246</u>	1.96%
Excess (Deficiency) and Transfers	<u>\$ (739,305)</u>	<u>\$ 848,068</u>	-187.18%
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	<u>\$ (739,305)</u>	<u>\$ 848,068</u>	-187.18%
Net Position - Beginning (July 1)	<u>(5,624,208)</u>	<u>(6,472,276)</u>	13.10%
Net Position - Ending (June 30)	<u><u>\$ (6,363,513)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (5,624,208)</u></u>	-13.15%

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Sources of Revenue for Fiscal Year 2025 - See Table A-2



Functional Expenses for Fiscal Year 2025 - See Table A-2



COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

- Table A-3 presents the cost of selected District functions as well as the selected function's net cost (total cost less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid). The net cost reflects what was funded by state revenues as well as local tax dollars.
- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$ 33,323,527.
- However, the amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through local property taxes was only \$ 10,526,064.
- Some of the cost was paid by those who directly benefited from the programs \$ 422,632, or
- By grants and contributions \$ 7,707,111.

Commerce Independent School District Net Cost of Selected District Functions							Table A-3
	Total Cost of Services		%	Net Cost of Services		%	
	2025	2024		2025	2024		
Instruction	\$ 15,525,442	\$ 15,672,901	-0.94%	\$ 11,796,814	\$ 9,972,887	18.29%	
School Leadership	1,300,827	1,282,703	1.41%	1,272,275	1,225,673	3.80%	
General Administration	1,129,178	1,058,334	6.69%	1,105,665	1,022,242	8.16%	
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,866,025	2,416,042	18.62%	2,771,006	2,368,131	17.01%	
Debt Service	2,789,696	2,730,424	2.17%	2,723,108	2,207,110	23.38%	

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

Revenues from governmental fund types totaled \$ 33,460,462, which is a \$ 317,302 decrease from the prior year total of \$ 33,777,764. The decrease is generally attributed to federal grants for learning loss that expired in the current year.

Expenditures for governmental fund types totaled \$ 44,404,545, which is a \$ 21,402,708 decrease from the prior year total of \$ 65,807,253. The decrease results from the closing out of bond construction projects in the prior year.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

Over the course of the year, the District revised its General Fund budget several times. With these adjustments, actual expenditures were \$ 811,382 more than final General Fund budget amounts. The most significant unfavorable variance was in the facilities maintenance and operations functional classification.

Resources available were \$ 1,318,308 above the final General Fund budgeted amount. The favorable variance was the result of better than anticipated state revenue due to the enrollment and attendance numbers. The effects of the state mandated tax compression and increased homestead exemption created a shortfall of local revenues as compared to the final budget.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

CAPITAL ASSETS

At year end, the District had invested \$ 123,427,108 in a broad range of capital assets, including land, equipment, buildings, and vehicles (See Table A-4).

Commerce Independent School District's Capital Assets			Table A-4
	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2025	2024	2024-2025
Land	\$ 302,850	\$ 302,850	0.00%
Construction in Progress	-	54,901,366	-100.00%
Buildings and Improvements	117,532,889	51,793,759	126.92%
Vehicles	2,632,062	2,993,095	-12.06%
Equipment	2,944,787	2,727,781	7.96%
Right of Use Lease Assets	14,520	14,520	0.00%
Totals at Historical Cost	\$ 123,427,108	\$ 112,733,371	9.49%
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(38,941,967)	(36,377,007)	7.05%
Net Capital Assets	\$ 84,485,141	\$ 76,356,364	10.65%

DEBT

At year end, the District had \$ 89,045,032 in debt outstanding as shown in Table A-5. More detailed information about the District's debt is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Bond Ratings -
The District's bonds presently carry "AAA" ratings.

Commerce Independent School District's Debt			Table A-5
	Governmental Activities		Total Percentage Change
	2025	2024	2024-2025
Bonds Payable	\$ 81,960,000	\$ 83,275,000	-1.58%
Direct Borrowings Payable	3,353,535	3,684,650	-8.99%
Right of Use Lease Payable	8,483	11,176	-24.10%
Other Debt Payable	3,723,014	3,912,075	-4.83%
Total Debt Payable	\$ 89,045,032	\$ 90,882,901	-2.02%

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The District's property valuation has continued to increase as economic conditions have improved in the region. This has provided stable tax revenues to the District. Local property tax rates for maintenance and operations are restricted by statute to \$.97, without local elections. In prior years, the State Legislature passed House Bill 2 (HB2) which included various changes to the property tax rate structure limiting school districts' opportunities for tax modifications and requires compressing the rates charged to taxpayers. During the latest session of the Texas Legislature, the bodies passed Senate Bill 2 (SB2) which provides various increases in the homestead exemption. These changes affecting debt retirement are to be funded with additional state funds. The legislature mandated various levels of compensation increases to teachers beginning in the 2025-2026 fiscal year along with limited funding for the base payroll. Benefits generated from these increases are the responsibility of the district. This and additional changes required under the new legislation could impact on the District's financial operations, including cash flows.

The State has increased funding levels for the 2025 - 2027 biennium, which will affect the revenue levels of the District. The level of funding per attendance credits increased but the continued tax compression rate and expanded homestead exemption level will reduce the local effort for revenues. This reduction is to be supported by the State in its annual foundation support. With these changes in funding, the District anticipates monitoring expenditure levels to ensure financial stability remains strong.

Student population has remained at a steady historical growth rate in the District. The economic outlook for the area is for growth to be fairly stable, as indicated by property value increases in prior years. Housing has begun expanding thus providing additional tax base and student population growth. The District's location is in a geographic position to see further population growth. These economic conditions should allow the District to maintain constant funding and staffing levels in future years but must plan for increased student populations and facility needs.

With the state's failure to provide a meaningful increase in funding for changing economic conditions, increased spending for personnel salaries and other necessary costs will continue to place pressure on the finances of all school districts operating across the state. The District is monitoring these conditions and will continue to seek options to control spending while maintaining educational programs for its student population.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Steve Drummond, Superintendent of the District.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	1	Governmental Activities
ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 6,958,976
1225	Property Taxes Receivable, Net	970,646
1240	Due from Other Governments	6,972,978
1250	Accrued Interest	1,344
1290	Other Receivables, Net	40,146
1300	Inventories	24,675
1410	Unrealized Expenses	2,688
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	302,850
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	82,131,913
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	2,042,635
1550	Right of Use Assets, Net	7,743
1000	Total Assets	\$ 99,456,594
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
1701	Deferred Outflows - Undesignated	\$ 663,027
1705	Deferred Outflows - Pensions	2,208,155
1706	Deferred Outflows - OPEB	2,292,441
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 5,163,623
LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 911,487
2140	Interest Payable	1,111,999
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	193,321
2160	Accrued Liabilities	1,964,216
2180	Due to Other Governments	409
2300	Unearned Revenues	399,650
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due within one year	2,094,004
2502	Due in more than one year	86,951,028
2540	Net Pension Liability	7,404,075
2545	Net OPEB Liability	4,882,755
2000	Total Liabilities	\$ 105,912,944
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
2605	Deferred Inflows - Pensions	\$ 676,657
2606	Deferred Inflows - OPEB	4,394,129
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 5,070,786
NET POSITION		
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ (2,754,976)
	Restricted For:	
3820	Federal and State Programs	12
3850	Debt Service	3,393,014
3890	Other Purposes	390,309
3900	Unrestricted	(7,391,872)
3000	Total Net Position	\$ (6,363,513)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		1	3	4	6
			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Data				Operating	
Control			Charges for	Grants and	Governmental
Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Activities
	Governmental Activities:				
11	Instruction	\$ 15,525,442	\$ 10,930	\$ 3,717,698	\$ (11,796,814)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	100,125	-	1,533	(98,592)
13	Curriculum and Staff Development	334,503	-	5,045	(329,458)
21	Instructional Leadership	831,387	-	877,831	46,444
23	School Leadership	1,300,827	-	28,552	(1,272,275)
31	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	1,954,712	-	1,525,045	(429,667)
32	Social Work Services	16,811	-	25	(16,786)
33	Health Services	283,855	-	5,501	(278,354)
34	Student Transportation	996,598	-	85,453	(911,145)
35	Food Services	1,421,142	37,132	1,073,925	(310,085)
36	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities	1,862,633	305,359	19,711	(1,537,563)
41	General Administration	1,129,178	-	23,513	(1,105,665)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,866,025	69,211	25,808	(2,771,006)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	425,407	-	241,450	(183,957)
53	Data Processing	569,950	-	6,072	(563,878)
61	Community Services	22,695	-	578	(22,117)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	1,375,050	-	66,588	(1,308,462)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	1,414,646	-	-	(1,414,646)
81	Capital Outlay	209,442	-	-	(209,442)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	459,624	-	2,783	(456,841)
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges	223,475	-	-	(223,475)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	\$ 33,323,527	\$ 422,632	\$ 7,707,111	(25,193,784)
TP	Total Primary Government	\$ 33,323,527	\$ 422,632	\$ 7,707,111	\$ (25,193,784)
	General Revenues:				
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purpose				\$ 6,339,961
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				4,186,103
IE	Investment Earnings				349,420
SF	State Aide - Formula Grants				13,577,387
MI	Miscellaneous				1,608
TR	Total General Revenues				\$ 24,454,479
CN	Change in Net Position				\$ (739,305)
NB	Net Position - Beginning (July 1)				(5,624,208)
NE	Net Position - Ending (June 30)				\$ (6,363,513)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

Data	10	50	60	onmf	98
Control	General	Debt	Capital	Other	Total
Codes	Fund	Service	Projects	Governmental	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS					
1110 Cash and Investments	\$ 1,738,971	\$ 4,976,879	\$ 485,742	\$ -	\$ 7,201,592
1225 Taxes Receivable, Net	633,479	337,167	-	-	970,646
1240 Due from Other Governments	5,688,571	-	-	1,284,407	6,972,978
1250 Accrued Interest	-	1,344	-	-	1,344
1260 Due from Other Funds	514,429	-	1,351,173	-	1,865,602
1290 Other Receivables	40,146	-	-	-	40,146
1300 Inventories	-	-	-	24,675	24,675
1410 Unrealized Expenditures	799	-	-	1,889	2,688
1000 Total Assets	\$ 8,616,395	\$ 5,315,390	\$ 1,836,915	\$ 1,310,971	\$ 17,079,671
LIABILITIES					
Current Liabilities:					
2110 Accounts Payable	\$ 782,476	\$ -	\$ 32,000	\$ 339,627	\$ 1,154,103
2150 Payroll Deductions & Withholdings	148,661	-	-	44,660	193,321
2160 Accrued Wages Payable	1,523,248	-	-	440,968	1,964,216
2170 Due to Other Funds	1,351,173	514,429	-	-	1,865,602
2180 Due from Other Governments	-	-	-	409	409
2300 Unearned Revenues	-	372,574	-	27,076	399,650
2000 Total Liabilities	\$ 3,805,558	\$ 887,003	\$ 32,000	\$ 852,740	\$ 5,577,301
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
2610 Deferred Property Taxes	\$ 633,479	\$ 337,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 970,646
2600 Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 633,479	\$ 337,167	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 970,646
FUND BALANCES					
Nonspendable Fund Balances:					
3410 Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,185	\$ 7,185
3430 Prepaid Items	799	-	-	1,889	2,688
Restricted Fund Balances:					
3450 Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions	-	-	-	(7,173)	(7,173)
3480 Retirement of Long-Term Debt	-	4,091,220	-	-	4,091,220
3490 Other Restrictions of Fund Balances	-	-	1,804,915	390,309	2,195,224
Committed Fund Balances:					
3545 Other Committed Fund Balances	-	-	-	66,021	66,021
3600 Unassigned	4,176,559	-	-	-	4,176,559
3000 Total Fund Balances	\$ 4,177,358	\$ 4,091,220	\$ 1,804,915	\$ 458,231	\$ 10,531,724
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	\$ 8,616,395	\$ 5,315,390	\$ 1,836,915	\$ 1,310,971	\$ 17,079,671

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET (GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS)
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
JUNE 30, 2025

Total fund balances - Governmental Funds Balance Sheet	\$ 10,531,724
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position ("SNP") are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	84,477,398
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.	970,646
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(81,960,000)
Payables for right of use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(8,483)
Payable for debt interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(1,111,999)
Payables for direct borrowings which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.	(3,353,535)
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current period expenditures and are deferred in the funds.	663,027
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.	(7,404,075)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	(676,657)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.	2,208,155
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNA but not in the funds.	(3,723,014)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.	(4,882,755)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	(4,394,129)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	2,292,441
Right of use lease assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.	<u>7,743</u>
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	<u>\$ (6,363,513)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	10 General Fund	50 Debt Service Fund	60 Capital projects Fund	onmf Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					
5700 Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,569,612	\$ 4,269,867	\$ 240,221	\$ 1,847,376	\$ 12,927,076
5800 State Program Revenues	14,543,754	66,588	-	702,316	15,312,658
5900 Federal Program Revenues	488,808	-	-	4,731,920	5,220,728
5020 Total Revenues	\$ 21,602,174	\$ 4,336,455	\$ 240,221	\$ 7,281,612	\$ 33,460,462
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
0011 Instruction	\$ 10,916,125	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,263,194	\$ 14,179,319
0012 Instructional Resources and Media Services	86,130	-	-	-	86,130
0013 Curriculum and Staff Development	322,358	-	-	13,216	335,574
0021 Instructional Leadership	235,650	-	-	616,492	852,142
0023 School Leadership	1,352,476	-	-	-	1,352,476
0031 Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	430,844	-	-	1,586,786	2,017,630
0032 Social Work Services	3,546	-	-	-	3,546
0033 Health Services	269,873	-	-	11,874	281,747
0034 Student Transportation	874,144	-	-	50,520	924,664
0035 Food Services	-	-	-	1,374,371	1,374,371
0036 Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities	1,075,324	-	-	244,556	1,319,880
0041 General Administration	1,036,779	-	-	136,253	1,173,032
0051 Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,817,725	-	-	17,401	2,835,126
0052 Security and Monitoring Services	377,156	-	-	161,057	538,213
0053 Data Processing Services	579,065	-	-	-	579,065
0061 Community Services	24,232	-	-	-	24,232
0071 Principal on Long-term Debt	333,808	1,315,000	-	-	1,648,808
0072 Interest on Long-term Debt	158,710	2,788,091	-	-	2,946,801
0073 Debt Issuance Costs and Fees	-	7,050	-	-	7,050
0081 Capital Outlay	697,193	-	10,201,996	342,451	11,241,640
0093 Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	459,624	-	-	-	459,624
0099 Other Intergovernmental Charges	223,475	-	-	-	223,475
6030 Total Expenditures	\$ 22,274,237	\$ 4,110,141	\$ 10,201,996	\$ 7,818,171	\$ 44,404,545
1100 Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (672,063)	\$ 226,314	\$ (9,961,775)	\$ (536,559)	\$ (10,944,083)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7912 Sale of Real or Personal Property	23,845	-	-	-	\$ 23,845
7915 Transfers In	-	-	-	259,979	259,979
8911 Transfers Out	(259,979)	-	-	-	(259,979)
7080 Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ (236,134)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 259,979	\$ 23,845
1200 Net Change in Fund Balances	\$ (908,197)	\$ 226,314	\$ (9,961,775)	\$ (276,580)	\$ (10,920,238)
0100 Fund Balances - Beginning (July 1)	5,085,555	3,864,906	11,766,690	734,811	21,451,962
3000 Fund Balances - Ending (June 30)	\$ 4,177,358	\$ 4,091,220	\$ 1,804,915	\$ 458,231	\$ 10,531,724

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
 RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
 AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
 TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
 YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ (10,920,238)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities ("SOA") are different because:	
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	11,224,669
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(3,049,598)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.	(22,449)
All proceeds from the sale of capital assets are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(23,845)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	(63,898)
Expenses not requiring the use of current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the funds.	134,565
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	1,315,000
Repayment of right of use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	2,693
Repayment of direct borrowings principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	331,115
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest expense from beginning of year to end of year.	29,590
Pension contributions in the current year are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	639,814
Pension ccontributions deferred in the prior year are expended in the current period.	(568,806)
Pension expenses relating to GASB 68 were recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	(439,653)
OPEB contributions in the current year are de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows.	131,308
OPEB contributions deferred in the prior year were expended in the current year.	(122,411)
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.	<u>662,839</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	<u>\$ (739,305)</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS
JUNE 30, 2025

Data		Custodial
Control		Fund
<u>Codes</u>		<u>Student</u>
		<u>Activity</u>
ASSETS		
1110	Cash and Investments	\$ 11,322
1290	Other Receivables	<u>1,712</u>
1000	Total Assets	<u>\$ 13,034</u>
LIABILITIES		
2110	Accounts Payable	<u>\$ 400</u>
2000	Total Liabilities	<u>\$ 400</u>
NET POSITION		
	Restricted for:	
3800	Student Groups	<u>\$ 13,034</u>
3000	Total Net Position	<u><u>\$ 13,034</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - FIDUCIARY FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

<u>Data Control Codes</u>		<u>Custodial Fund Student Activity</u>
	ADDITIONS	
5700	Fundraising	\$ 64,396
1000	Total Additions	\$ 64,396
	DEDUCTIONS	
6400	Group Activities	\$ 56,735
2000	Total Deductions	\$ 56,735
1300	Changes in Net Position	\$ 7,661
0100	Net Position, Beginning (July 1)	5,373
3000	Net Position, Ending (June 30)	\$ 13,034

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of the Commerce Independent School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide (Guide)*. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees (Board), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and as a body corporate has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency (Agency) or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the Agency may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District is not included in any other governmental "reporting entity" as defined by GASB in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity." There are no component units included within the reporting entity.

The District receives funding from local, state, and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of these funding source entities.

2. Basis of Presentation – Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements – The statement of net position (SNA) and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities (SOA) presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements – The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The District reports on the following major governmental funds:

General Fund – This is the District’s primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term Debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Capital Projects Fund- This fund accounts for local funds set aside by the Board and are committed for future construction and improvement projects.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds – The District accounts for resources restricted to or designated for specific purposes by the District or a grantor in a special revenue fund. Most Federal and some State financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund, and sometimes unused balances must be returned to the grantor at the close of specified project years. The Board can commit specific types of resources to specific purposes which are included as special revenue funds.

Custodial Funds – These funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

b. Measurement Focus – Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements – These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements – Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available.

The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally measurable until received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on long-term debt, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital lease are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District’s policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

3. Budgetary Data

The official budget was prepared for adoption for the general, food service and debt service funds. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

- a. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1.
- b. A meeting of the Board is called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget with public notice given at least 10 days prior to the meeting.
- c. Prior to the expenditure of funds, the budget is adopted by the Board.

After adoption, the budget may be amended through action by the Board. Budget amendments are approved at the functional expenditure level. All amendments are before the fact and reflected in the official minutes of the Board. Budgets are controlled at the function level by personnel responsible for organizational financial reporting. All budget appropriations lapse at the year end. Budget amendments throughout the year were not significant.

4. Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or services purchased are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either canceled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

End-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget are:

General Fund	\$	-0-
Special Revenue Fund		-0-
Debt Service Fund		-0-
Total	\$	<u>-0-</u>

5. Financial Statement Amounts

Cash and Investments

The District pools cash resources of its various funds in order to facilitate the management of cash. Cash applicable to a particular fund is readily identifiable. The balance in the pooled accounts is available to meet current operating requirements. Cash in excess of current requirements is invested in various interest-bearing securities and disclosed as a part of the District's cash and temporary investments.

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

Fund Balance

Governmental funds utilize a fund balance presentation for equity. Fund balance is categorized as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable fund balance – represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaids) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted fund balance – represents amounts with external constraints placed on the use of these resources (such as debt covenants, grantors, other governments, etc.) or imposed by enabling legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed fund balance – represents amounts that can only be used for specific purposes imposed by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority, the Board. Committed resources cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board removes or changes the specific use by taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Assigned fund balance – represents amounts the District intends to use for specific purposes as expressed by the Board or an official delegated the authority. The Board has delegated the authority to assign fund balances to the Superintendent.

Unassigned fund balance – represents the residual classification for the general fund or deficit balances in other funds.

In circumstances where an expenditure is to be made for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications, the order in which resources will be expended is as follows: restricted fund balance, followed by committed fund balance, assigned fund balance, and lastly, unassigned fund balance.

The following schedule provides information about the specific fund balance classification by fund:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Totals
Nonspendable					
Inventory	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,185	\$ 7,185
Prepaid Item	799	-	-	1,889	2,688
Restricted					
Retirement of Long Term Debt	-	4,091,220	-	-	4,091,220
Scholarship Fund	-	-	-	142,843	142,843
Child Nutrition Program	-	-	-	(7,185)	(7,185)
Capital Acquisition Obligations	-	-	1,804,915	-	1,804,915
NETCAT SSA	-	-	-	87,782	87,782
Laura Bush Literacy	-	-	-	9,037	9,037
Special Education SSA	-	-	-	150,647	150,647
AP Incentive	-	-	-	12	12
Committed					
Campus Activity Funds	-	-	-	66,021	66,021
Unassigned	4,176,559	-	-	-	4,176,559
Totals	<u>\$ 4,177,358</u>	<u>\$ 4,091,220</u>	<u>\$ 1,804,915</u>	<u>\$ 458,231</u>	<u>\$ 10,531,724</u>

Inventories

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at cost using the weighted average method and are expensed when used. On fund financial statements, inventories of governmental funds are valued at cost. For all funds, cost is determined using the weighted average method, and are determined by physical count. Inventory in governmental funds consists of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost is recorded as an expenditure at the time of purchase. Reported inventories in these funds are equally offset by a fund balance reserve, which indicates they do not represent available spendable resources.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect cost applicable to future accounting years and are recorded as prepaid items. Prepaid items are recorded as expenditures when the items are consumed or occur.

Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of \$ 5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Useful Lives</u>
Buildings and Improvements	15-50
Vehicles	5-10
Other Equipment	3-15

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Right of Use Assets and Liabilities

GASB Statement 87, *Leases* created new financial statement accounts "Right of Use" assets and similar offsetting liabilities. A "right of use" asset accounts for the net present value of future payments attached to a leased asset. Common examples of "Right of Use" assets are copiers, printers, and other types of equipment that the District does not take ownership of but uses under the lease agreement. The assets value will be amortized over the life of the lease using a straight-line method. The liability offsetting the "Right of Use" is presented as lease payable.

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITA)

GASB Statement 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements* created new financial statement assets and offsetting liabilities. A SBITA asset accounts for the net present value of future payments required for right of use subscription assets. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITA's are based on the standards established by GASB Statement 87, *Leases*. A SBITA is defined as a contract that conveys control of the right of use of another party's information technology (software) as specified in the contract for a period of time in an exchange or exchange-like transaction. The asset will be amortized over the life of the contract allowing the use of the information technology over a straight line method. The asset is included in the financial statement caption right of use asset with the offsetting liability identified as SBITA payable.

Unearned Revenues

Unearned revenues include state funds received but have not been earned in the year. The balance will be earned in the future year and not returned as liabilities.

6. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The District implemented GASB Statement Number 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions* and GASB Statement Number 75, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits and Other Pensions*. In addition to assets and liabilities, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental fund Balance Sheet report separate sections for deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represent the acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future year and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District reports certain deferred inflows and outflows related to pensions on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. At the governmental fund level, earned but unavailable revenue is reported as a deferred inflow of resources.

The District also implemented GASB Statement Number 71, *Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date*, which amends the transition provisions of GASB 68. GASB 71 requires that, at transition, governments recognize a beginning deferred outflow of resource for pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning Net Pension Liability. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the prior year adjustment.

7. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activities

Interfund activity results from loans, service provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfer" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

9. Vacation, Sick Leave, and Other Compensated Absences

District employees are entitled to certain compensated absences based on their length of employment. Sick leave accrues at various rates established by the State and adopted by the Board of Trustees. Sick leave vests, accumulates, and is recorded as expense as it is incurred. Sick leave is paid upon separation from the District.

The District reimbursed employees who voluntarily retire through the Texas Retirement System, for up to 100 days of accrued local leave at a rate approved by the Board of Trustees. Currently the approved rate is \$ 60 per day.

10. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and additions to/ deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by TRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

11. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expenses, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit term. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

12. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could vary from these estimates.

13. New Accounting Pronouncements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued various new accounting standards to better meet the information needed for users of financial statements by improving accounting and financial reporting. The GASB does this by issuing statements that cover various issues identified as needing additional clarification or direction to maintain standardization and comparability of financial information. During the year, the GASB issued no new standards. The following statements with varying effective dates noted are to be implemented in the coming periods:

Statement 103: *Financial Reporting Model Improvements* (Effective FY beginning after June 15, 2025)

14. Data Control Codes

Data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by the Agency in the *Guide*. The Agency requires the District to display these codes in its financial statements filed with the Agency in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

15. Accounting System

In accordance with Texas Education Code, Chapter 44, Subchapter A, the District adopted and implemented an accounting system which at least meets the minimum requirements prescribed by the State Board of Education and approved by the State Auditor. The District's accounting system uses codes, and the code structure is presented in the accounting code section of the *Guide*. Mandatory codes are utilized in the form provided in that section.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The contract requires the depository to pledge approved securities in an amount significant to protect the District's day-to-day balances. The pledge is waived only to the extent of the dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance District (FDIC) insurance. At year end, all District cash deposits appear to have been adequately covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District or the depository in the District's name. The District's deposits appear to have been properly secured throughout the year.

Investments

The District's investment policies and types of investments are governed by the Public Funds Investment Act (PFIA). The Act requires specific training reporting and establishment of local policies. The District appears to be in compliance with all the requirements of the Act.

The PFIA (Government Code Chapter 256) contains specific provisions in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies. Among other things, it requires a governmental entity to adopt, implement and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversifications, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk level, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the state maturity date of portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, (9) and bid solicitation preference for certificates of deposit. Statutes authorize the District to invest in (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, certain U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) money market savings accounts, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) banker's acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, (10) and common trust funds. The PFIA governs the District's investment policies and types of investments.

The District's management believes that it complies with the requirements of the PFIA and the District's investment policies.

District investments include investments in Lone Star Investment Pool, which is local government investment pools and certificates of deposit at the local depository. All investments are reported at fair value and are presented as cash and investments.

The following table lists the District's investments at year end:

Governmental Activities	Fair Value/ Amortized Cost	Weighted Average Maturity (Days)
Investments:		
CD - Guaranty Bank & Trust	\$ 163,265	N/A
Lone Star Investment Pool	2,393,978	34
Total	<u>\$ 2,557,243</u>	

Lone Star Investment Pool

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the PFIA, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAM by Standard and Poor's. Lone Star has no limitations or restrictions on withdrawals. The District is invested in the Corporate Overnight Plus Fund of Lone Star. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government and Corporate Overnight maintain a net asset value of one dollar and the Corporate Overnight Plus maintains a net Asset value of 50 cents. The Government Overnight and Corporate Overnight Funds value all investments at amortized cost and are operated in accordance with GASB 79. The Corporate Overnight Plus Fund values all investments at fair value and is operated in accordance with GASB 72.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

B. Deposits, Securities, and Investments (Continued)

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Districts' name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

The largest combined balances of cash, saving and time deposit accounts amounted to \$ 7,787,750 and occurred in January 2025. The amount of bond or market value of securities pledged as of the date of the highest combine balance on deposit was \$ 8,022,762. The total amount of FDIC coverage at the time of the highest combined balance was \$ 750,000. Guaranty Bank and Trust of Mt. Pleasant, Texas is the District's depository.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. District investments are limited to short term maturities to limit any potential interest rate risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. State statutes do not allow for foreign investments, thus eliminating foreign currency rate risk. The District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

f. Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements with the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments that are measured at fair value using the net asset value per share (or equivalent) as practical expedient are not classified in the fair value hierarchy.

In instances where inputs used to measure fair value fall into different levels in the above fair value hierarchy, fair value measurements in their entirety are categorized based on the lowest level input that is significant to the valuation. The District's assessment of the significance of particular inputs to these fair value measurements require judgement and considers factors specific to each asset or liability.

The fair value of the certificates of deposit at year end was determined based on level 2 inputs. The District estimated the fair value of these investments using inputs such as interest rates and yield curves that are observable at commonly quoted intervals.

The District's investment in the various local government investment pools is not required to be measured at fair value but is measured at amortized cost.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

C. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1, in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the October 1 levy date. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period.

Property taxes are prorated between maintenance and debt service based on rates adopted for the year of the levy. Allowances for uncollectible taxes within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Section 33.05, Property Tax Code, requires the tax collector for the District to cancel and remove from the delinquent tax rolls a tax on real property that has been delinquent for more than 20 years or a tax on personal property that has been delinquent for more than 10 years. Delinquent taxes meeting these criteria may not be canceled if litigation concerning these taxes is pending.

The District levied taxes on property within the District at \$ 0.7375 to fund general operations and \$ 0.5000 for the payment of principal and interest on long term debt. The rates were levied on property assessed totaling \$ 847,731,440. The District contracts with a tax attorney for the collection of all delinquent taxes. Delinquent taxes are subject to both penalty and interest plus a 20% delinquent tax attorney collection fee.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
<u>Governmental Activities:</u>				
Capital Assets not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 302,850	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 302,850
Construction in Progress	54,901,366	8,574,509	63,475,875	-
Total Capital Assets not being Depreciated	\$ 55,204,216	\$ 8,574,509	\$ 63,475,875	\$ 302,850
Capital Assets being Depreciated:				
Building and Improvements	\$ 51,793,759	\$ 65,739,130	\$ -	\$ 117,532,889
Equipment	2,727,781	217,006	-	2,944,787
Vehicles	2,993,095	169,899	530,932	2,632,062
Right of Use Lease Assets	14,520	-	-	14,520
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated	\$ 57,529,155	\$ 66,126,035	\$ 530,932	\$ 123,124,258
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and Improvements	\$ 32,673,552	\$ 2,727,424	\$ -	\$ 35,400,976
Equipment	1,673,939	172,199	-	1,846,138
Vehicles	2,025,643	147,071	484,638	1,688,076
Right of Use Lease Assets	3,873	2,904	-	6,777
Total Accumulated Depreciation	\$ 36,377,007	\$ 3,049,598	\$ 484,638	\$ 38,941,967
Total Capital Assets being Depreciated, Net	\$ 21,152,148	\$ 63,076,437	\$ 46,294	\$ 84,182,291
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 76,356,364	\$ 71,650,946	\$ 63,522,169	\$ 84,485,141

Depreciation and amortization was charged to governmental activities functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 2,039,529
Instructional Resources and Media Services	21,433
Curriculum and Staff Development	13,265
Instructional Leadership	13,265
School Leadership	29,283
Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	14,323
Social Work Services	13,265
Health Services	16,786
Student (Pupil) Transportation	108,719
Food Services	55,741
Co-Curricular/Extracurricular Activities	579,333
General Administration	9,556
Plant Maintenance and Operations	70,179
Security and Monitoring Services	63,879
Data Processing	1,042
Totals	\$ 3,049,598

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

E. Long Term Obligations

Long Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligation activities during the year were as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 83,275,000	\$ -	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 81,960,000	\$ 1,745,000
Right of Use Leases	11,176	-	2,693	8,483	2,946
Direct Borrowings Payable	3,684,650	-	331,115	3,353,535	346,058
Unamortized Premium (Discount)	3,912,075	-	189,061	3,723,014	-
Total Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 90,882,901</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,837,869</u>	<u>\$ 89,045,032</u>	<u>\$ 2,094,004</u>

Bonds

The District has issued various series of general obligation bonds to fund facility construction and improvements. Bonds mature at various times with varying rates of interest. The bonds issued require the District to levy an ad valorem tax annually to retire the current maturities. The District is required to make annual interest payments along with annual principal payments.

The following bonded debt issues are outstanding at year end:

Description	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Obligations Outstanding
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2015	1.5 - 3.5%	\$ 8,810,000	\$ 5,980,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2017	2.7 - 4.0%	9,390,000	6,195,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2018	2.63%	3,620,000	2,340,000
Unlimited Tax School Building & Refunding Bonds, Series 2022	2.53%	42,775,000	42,280,000
Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds Series 2023	3.8122%	25,165,000	25,165,000
Total			<u>\$ 81,960,000</u>

Maturity requirements on bonded debt at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 1,745,000	\$ 2,732,616	\$ 4,477,616
2027	1,930,000	2,656,316	4,586,316
2028	1,900,000	2,577,539	4,477,539
2029	1,970,000	2,503,006	4,473,006
2030	2,055,000	2,426,726	4,481,726
2031-2035	11,580,000	10,785,883	22,365,883
2036-2040	14,010,000	8,388,671	22,398,671
2041-2045	16,390,000	6,027,170	22,417,170
2046-2050	19,030,000	3,369,076	22,399,076
2051-2055	11,350,000	503,732	11,853,732
Totals	<u>\$ 81,960,000</u>	<u>\$ 41,970,735</u>	<u>\$ 123,930,735</u>

There are a number of limitations and restrictions contained in the general obligation bond indentures. The District appears to be in compliance with all significant limitations and restrictions as of year-end.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

E. Long Term Obligations (Continued)

Direct Borrowings

The District issued various agreements identified here as direct borrowings. Direct borrowings include loans, leases that transfer ownership, maintenance tax notes, and other financing arrangements.

The following schedule lists personal property acquired through direct borrowings:

Description	Interest Rate	Date of Agreement	Original Property Value	Outstanding Balance
Government Capital, Electric Retrofit 7227	4.07%	11/16/2015	\$ 1,500,000	\$ 969,257
Government Capital, Electric Retrofit 7300	4.17%	11/16/2015	3,060,426	1,976,417
US Bancorp - School Buses	5.15%	9/14/2023	680,911	407,861
Totals				<u>\$ 3,353,535</u>

The terms included in the agreements require annual payments of interest and principal. Interest on the agreements is implied at the rate identified above. The final payment will be made in the 2036 fiscal period.

Maturity requirements on the direct borrowings at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 346,058	\$ 142,870	\$ 488,928
2027	361,683	127,245	488,928
2028	378,022	110,906	488,928
2029	244,917	93,820	338,737
2030	255,049	83,688	338,737
2031-2035	1,442,526	251,160	1,693,686
2036-2040	325,280	13,457	338,737
Totals	<u>\$ 3,353,535</u>	<u>\$ 823,146</u>	<u>\$ 4,176,681</u>

Right of Use Leases

The District executed various agreements identified here as leases. Leases represent an obligation that represents the net present value of the obligations to be paid over a specified term with no transfer of ownership.

The District executed an agreement for the use of copiers and postage machines at various locations throughout the District. The various agreements require monthly payments over the term of the agreement. The lease obligations incur an implicit rate of interest as noted below. The detailed schedule of the life and outstanding lease obligations is below:

Description	Term	Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Amount	Outstanding Balance
LEAF Capital Funding - Copier	60 mo	3/1/2028	9.0%	\$ 14,519	\$ 8,483

Maturity requirements on the right of use lease liabilities at year end are as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Principal	Interest	Total Requirements
2026	\$ 2,946	\$ 644	\$ 3,590
2027	3,222	368	3,590
2028	2,315	79	2,394
Totals	<u>\$ 8,483</u>	<u>\$ 1,091</u>	<u>\$ 9,574</u>

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan

1. *Plan Description*

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. *Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position*

Detailed information about the System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report(ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about/publications.aspx>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592. The information provided in the Notes to the Financial Statements in the 2024 ACFR for TRS provides the following information regarding the Pension Plan fiduciary net position as of August 31, 2024, and 2023.

Net Pension Liability	2024	2023
Total Pension Liability	\$ 271,627,434,294	\$ 255,860,886,500
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(210,543,258,495)	(187,170,535,558)
Net Pension Liability	<u>\$ 61,084,175,799</u>	<u>\$ 68,690,350,942</u>
Net Position as percentage of Total Pension Liability	77.51%	73.15%

3. *Benefits Provided*

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLA). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

State law requires the plan to be actuarially sound in order for the legislature to consider a benefit enhancement, such as a supplemental payment to retirees. The plan became actuarially sound in May 2019 when the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill that provided gradual contribution increase from the state, participating employers, and active employees for fiscal year 2019 through 2024.

4. *Contributions*

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Texas Government Code Section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the TRS's actuary.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code, Section 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code Section 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 thru 2025.

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2025</u>
Member	8.25%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.25%	8.25%
Employers	8.25%	8.25%
Current Year Employer Contributions		\$ 754,076
Current Year Member Contributions		\$ 1,357,249
Measurement Period NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 822,692

Contributors to the plan include members, employers, and the State of Texas (State) as the only non-employed contributing entity. The State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers, including public schools, are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- A Public Education Employer contribution surcharge of 1.7% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2024, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025 on all covered payroll.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2023. For full description of these assumption please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022 and located at <https://www.trs.texas.gov>.

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2024, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Investment Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate - August 31, 2022	3.87% - The source for the rate is the Bond Buyers 20 Index which represents the estimated yield of a portfolio of 20 general obligation bonds maturing in 20 years based on a survey of municipal bond traders.
Projection Period Ending August 31 in projection Period (100 years)	2123
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 legislative session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.54% of payroll in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net pension plan investment expense, and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2024, are summarized below:

Asset Class*	Target Allocation %**	Long -Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return***	Expected Contribution to Long Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.4%	1.0%
Non-US Developed	13.00%	4.2%	0.8%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	5.2%	0.7%
Private Equity*	14.00%	6.7%	1.2%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	1.9%	0.4%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	3.0%	0.2%
Absolute Return*	0.00%	4.0%	0.0%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	6.6%	1.2%
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	5.6%	0.4%
Commodities	0.00%	2.5%	0.0%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.0%	0.4%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	1.0%	0.0%
Asset Allocation Leverage	(6.00%)	1.3%	-0.1%
Inflation Expectation			2.4%
Volatility Drag****			0.7%
Expected Return	<u>100%</u>		<u>7.9%</u>

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

** Target allocations are based on the FY2024 policy model.

*** Capital Market Assumptions (CMA) come from 2024 SSA Study CMA Survey as of 12/31/2023

**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

6. *Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis*

The following presents the District's share of the net pension liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the District's share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 – percentage point lower (6.00%) or 1 – percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 11,826,184	\$ 7,404,075	\$ 3,740,044

7. *Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions*

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 7,404,075 for its proportionate share of the System's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 7,404,075
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>8,917,539</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,321,614</u>

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and rolled to August 31, 2024 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The employer's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contribution to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023 thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024, the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0121211021%, which was a decrease of 0.0007934106% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2023.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability.

Changes in Benefit Provisions Since Prior Measurement Date

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the Net Pension Liability of TRS. In addition, the legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which was paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Pension Expense

For the current year, the District recognized pension expense of \$ 2,074,254 and revenue of \$ 1,065,795 for support provided by the State.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

F. Defined Benefits Pension Plan (Continued)

The District reported its proportionate share of the system's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources at year end:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$ 408,103	\$ 57,807
Changes of actuarial assumptions	382,288	51,252
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	45,007	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	732,943	567,598
Total as of August 31, 2024 measurement date	\$ 1,568,341	\$ 676,657
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	639,814	-
Total at fiscal year end	\$ 2,208,155	\$ 676,657

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30	Pension Expense Amount
2026	\$ 124,698
2027	840,734
2028	147,414
2029	(198,800)
2030	(22,362)
Thereafter	-

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans

1. *Plan Description*

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group health insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. *OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position*

Detailed Information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required information. That report may be obtained on the internet at <http://www.trs.texas.gov/pages/about/publications.aspx>; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

The components of the Net OPEB Liability of the TRS-Care plan as of August 31, 2024, and 2023 are as follows:

Net OPEB Liability	2024	2023
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 35,168,178,563	\$ 26,028,070,267
Less: Plan Fiduciary Net Position	(4,816,646,311)	(3,889,765,203)
Net OPEB Liability	<u>\$ 30,351,532,252</u>	<u>\$ 22,138,305,064</u>
Net Position as percentage of Net OPEB Liability	13.70%	14.94%

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

3 *Benefits Provided*

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage for retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

4. *Contributions*

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board of Trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, Section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer (public school) contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the State Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contribution rates and amounts provided to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2024	2025
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%
Current year Employer Contributions		\$ 155,027
Current year Member Contributions		\$ 106,938
Measurement year NECE On-Behalf Contributions		\$ 183,098

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When employers hire a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$ 535 per retiree.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates		
	Medicare	Non Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$ 135	\$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

5. *Actuarial Assumptions*

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2023. Updated procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to August 31, 2024.

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, rates of retirement, termination, and disability including general inflation and salary increases are identical to those used in the respective TRS Pension valuation. These assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the measurement period ended August 31, 2021. The following assumptions used for members of TRS are identical to the assumptions employed in the August 31, 2023 TRS annual pension actuarial valuation:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation	Rates of Retirement
Wage Inflation	Rates of Termination	Salary Increases
Rates of Disability		

The active mortality rates were based on PUB (2010) Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male, and female tables (with a two year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP – 2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2023 rolled forward to August 31, 2024
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	3.87% as of August 31, 2024
Aging Factors	Based on the Society of Actuaries 2013 Study "Health Care Costs - From Birth to Death."
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age- adjusted claims costs.
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

Health Care Trend Rates

The initial medical trend rates were 7.75% for Medicare retirees and 7.00% for Non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 7.75% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a period of 12 years.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.87% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 0.26% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

6. *Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis*

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (3.87%) in measuring the net OPEB liability as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of 1% less than the rate used.

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 5,800,941	\$ 4,882,755	\$ 4,140,847

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

7. *Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis*

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the plan using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate (8.25%), as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is one-percentage point lower or one-percentage point higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate.

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 3,976,279	\$ 4,882,755	\$ 6,063,983

8. *OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB*

At year end, the District reported a liability of \$ 4,882,755 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 4,882,755
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	<u>6,118,025</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,000,780</u>

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2023 and rolled forward to August 31, 2024 and the total OPEB Liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB Liability was based on the employer's contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2023 thru August 31, 2024.

At August 31, 2024, the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0160873416%, which was a decrease of 0.0005436901% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2023.

Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changed to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate changed from 4.13% as of August 31, 2023 to 3.87% as of August 31, 2024, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

OPEB Expense

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was \$ (1,335,658) and revenue \$ (795,230) for support provided by the State.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

G. Other Post-Employment Defined Benefit Plans (Continued)

At year end, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources at year:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Differences between expected and actual actuarial experiences	\$ 935,860	\$ 2,436,759
Changes in actuarial assumptions	624,935	1,593,186
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	-	13,673
Changes in proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	<u>600,338</u>	<u>350,511</u>
Total as of August 31, 2024 measurement date	\$ 2,161,133	\$ 4,394,129
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	<u>131,308</u>	<u>-</u>
Total at year end	<u>\$ 2,292,441</u>	<u>\$ 4,394,129</u>

The net amounts of the employer's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30</u>	<u>OPEB Expense Amount</u>
2026	\$ (643,801)
2027	(422,654)
2028	(475,877)
2029	(378,314)
2030	(256,646)
Thereafter	(55,704)

H. Medicare Part D Coverage

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. Under Medicare Part D, TRS-Care receives retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the years ended June 30, 2025, 2024 and 2023, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$ 120,165, \$ 83,294, and \$ 82,774, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statement of the District.

I. Risk Management

Health Care

During the year, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of \$ 250 per month per employee and employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to provide dependents coverage under the Plan. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the Commerce Independent School District and Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas is renewable September 1 of each year and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for Blue Cross Blue Shield of Texas are available for the year ended December 31, 2024, and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

I. Risk Management (Continued)

Workers Compensation

During the year end, the District met its statutory worker's compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All Members participating in the fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The District participates in the Fund's Fully Funded Worker's Compensation Program. As such the Fund is responsible for claims and payments while the District pays an annual Estimated Contribution based on the Estimated Payroll for the year. The District agrees to use the fund's contractors for services related to the administration of claims and to follow the Fund's election under Section 504.053 of the Labor Code to direct care through the Political Subdivision Worker's Compensation Alliance.

The fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$ 2 million. The Fund uses the service of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds the reserves. As of August 31, 2024, the Fund carries a discount reserve of \$ 50,247,590 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been insured but not yet reported. For the current year, the fund anticipates no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2024, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Unemployment Compensation Pool

During the current year, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued each month until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for Unemployment Compensation pool.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2024, are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Auto, Liability and Property Programs

During the year, the District participated in the following TASB Risk Management Fund (the Fund) programs:

Auto Liability and Physical Damage	General and School Board Liability
Privacy & Information Security	Cyber Security
Property & Casualty	

The Fund was created and is operated under the provision of the interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund purchases stop-loss coverage for protection against catastrophic and larger than anticipated claims for its Auto, Liability and Property programs. The terms and limits of the stop-loss program vary by line of coverage. The fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine the adequacy of reserves and fully funds those reserves. For the current year, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligations for payment of contributions.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

II. Risk Management (Continued)

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2024, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

Other Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2025, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover these liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year, and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

J. Litigation

The District appears to have no pending litigation as of June 30, 2025.

K. Commitments and Contingencies

The District participates in numerous state and federal grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, if any, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable at year end, may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying combined financial statements for such contingencies.

L. Shared Service Arrangements

The District participates in cooperative programs with other local districts. The District does not account for revenue or expenditures of these programs and does not disclose them in these financial statements.

Member Districts	County District Number	Fund 313 IDEA-B Formula	Fund 314 IDEA-B Preschool	Fund 437 Tri County Sp Ed Coop
Bland ISD	116915	\$ 179,671	\$ 4,110	\$ 231,514
Boles ISD	116916	141,064	1,217	181,767
Campbell ISD	116910	114,336	1,607	147,327
Celeste ISD	116902	158,883	1,263	204,727
Commerce ISD	116903	411,314	4,179	529,994
Cooper ISD	060902	160,368	6,590	206,640
Cumby ISD	112905	118,791	2,135	153,067
Lone Oak ISD	116906	200,460	1,859	258,300
Totals		\$ 1,484,887	\$ 22,960	\$ 1,913,336

Member Districts	County District Number	Fund 331 Voc Ed Basic Grant	Fund 458 NetCAT Voc Coop
Bland ISD	116915	\$ 9,173	\$ 2,051
Boles ISD	116916	5,573	1,887
Caddo Mills ISD	116901	14,978	3,445
Campbell ISD	116910	4,180	1,367
Celeste ISD	116902	6,038	1,887
Commerce ISD	116903	20,319	3,472
Cooper ISD	060902	11,843	1,832
Cumby ISD	112905	5,573	1,504
Fannindel ISD	060914	3,134	1,184
Honey Grove ISD	074907	8,360	2,105
Leonard ISD	074909	8,940	2,194
Lone Oak ISD	116906	10,334	2,387
Wolfe City ISD	116909	7,663	2,026
Totals		\$ 116,108	\$ 27,341

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

M. Revenue from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the year, the District received revenue from local and intermediate in the District's major funds and aggregate non major funds consisting of the following:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total
Property Tax Collections	\$ 6,387,947	\$ 4,202,016	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,589,963
Investment Income	14,475	67,851	240,221	26,874	349,421
Tuition and Fees	4,320	-	-	-	4,320
Food Service Income	-	-	-	32,467	32,467
Gifts and Bequests	38,973	-	-	5,000	43,973
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	49,498	-	-	255,860	305,358
Facilities Rental	22,953	-	-	-	22,953
Shared Service Fees	-	-	-	1,516,245	1,516,245
Insurance Recovery	46,258	-	-	-	46,258
Other Revenues	5,188	-	-	10,930	16,118
Total	<u>\$ 6,569,612</u>	<u>\$ 4,269,867</u>	<u>\$ 240,221</u>	<u>\$ 1,847,376</u>	<u>\$ 12,927,076</u>

N. Receivables

Receivables at year end for the District's individual major funds and aggregate nonmajor funds, including any applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts are as follows:

	General	Debt Service	Capital Projects	Other Governmental	Total
Due from Other Governments	\$ 5,688,571	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,284,407	\$ 6,972,978
Property Taxes	703,866	374,630	-	-	1,078,496
Less Allowance for Uncollectible					
Property Taxes	(70,387)	(37,463)	-	-	(107,850)
Other Receivables	40,146	1,344	-	-	41,490
Net Receivables	<u>\$ 6,362,196</u>	<u>\$ 338,511</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 1,284,407</u>	<u>\$ 7,985,114</u>

O. State Aid Reconciliation

The State provides various types of funding for local school districts as provided for in state statute. The following reconciliation presents funding earned by the District in each category presented. Because of the State's delay in reconciling the funding to local districts, the summary below represents an estimate of earnings. The settle up with the State will occur some 9 to 10 months following the fiscal year end.

Funding is earned for: 1) Available – annual allocation based on prior year enrollment; 2) Foundation – annual allocation based on student attendance, property tax collections and valuations, and special student population; 3) Instructional Facilities Allotment – based on property wealth; and 4) Existing Debt Allotment – based on eligible debt, student attendance, and property wealth. Various other sources are received but not reconciled here as these are the major sources of funding.

	Available	Foundation	IFA	EDA
Current Year Earnings (SOF)	\$ 862,957	\$ 12,054,427	Not	\$ -
Prior Years Settle Up	-	660,003	Eligible	66,588
Financial Statement Earnings	<u>\$ 862,957</u>	<u>\$ 12,714,430</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 66,588</u>
Financial Statement Amounts				
SOF Receivable (Overpayment)	\$ -	\$ 2,295,150	\$ -	\$ (372,574)
Scheduled Payments	185,318	2,979,485	-	-

* Overpayments are represented in the financial statements as Unearned Revenue in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

P. Compliance, Stewardship, and Accountability

Expenditures over Appropriations

The following individual funds incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations at functional expenditure levels:

	Budget	Actual	Excess
General Fund:			
Instruction	\$ 10,775,485	\$ 10,916,125	\$ 140,640
Instructional Leadership	232,910	235,650	2,740
Health Services	263,052	269,873	6,821
Student Transportation	807,644	874,144	66,500
Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	891,643	1,075,324	183,681
General Administration	1,035,474	1,036,779	1,305
Facilities Maintenance and Operations	2,562,114	2,817,725	255,611
Security and Monitoring Services	358,540	377,156	18,616
Data Processing Services	363,792	579,065	215,273
Debt Service	488,928	492,518	3,590
Capital Outlay	679,316	697,193	17,877
Payments to Shared Services Arrangements	449,759	459,624	9,865
Other Intergovernmental Charges	223,474	223,475	1
Child Nutrition Fund:			
Food Service	1,018,640	1,374,371	355,731

Q. Interfund Balances and Activities

Transfer to and from Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds during the year consisted of the following:

Transfer From	Transfer To	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	\$ 259,979	Annual Support

Interfund Receivables and Payables

The composition of interfund balances at year-end is as follows:

Receivable Fund	Payable Fund	Amount
General Fund	Debt Service Fund	\$ 514,429
General Fund	Payroll Clearing Fund	167,836
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund	1,351,173
Campus Activity Fund	Child Nutrition Fund	1,215
	Total	\$ 2,034,653

R. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated all events or transactions that occurred after June 30, 2025, up through February 12, 2026, the date the financial statements were issued.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Data Control Codes	1		2	3	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	Budgeted Amounts		Actual		
	Original	Final			
REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 6,790,709	\$ 6,841,967	\$ 6,569,612	\$ (272,355)
5800	State Program Revenues	12,510,452	13,104,899	14,543,754	1,438,855
5900	Federal Program Revenues	337,000	337,000	488,808	151,808
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 19,638,161	\$ 20,283,866	\$ 21,602,174	\$ 1,318,308
EXPENDITURES					
Instruction and Instructional Related Services:					
0011	Instruction	\$ 10,729,227	\$ 10,775,485	\$ 10,916,125	\$ (140,640)
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	116,061	116,061	86,130	29,931
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development	333,923	333,923	322,358	11,565
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	\$ 11,179,211	\$ 11,225,469	\$ 11,324,613	\$ (99,144)
Instructional and School Leadership:					
0021	Instructional Leadership	\$ 232,910	\$ 232,910	\$ 235,650	\$ (2,740)
0023	School Leadership	1,361,467	1,361,467	1,352,476	8,991
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	\$ 1,594,377	\$ 1,594,377	\$ 1,588,126	\$ 6,251
Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	\$ 489,915	\$ 489,915	\$ 430,844	\$ 59,071
0032	Social Work Services	3,551	3,551	3,546	5
0033	Health Services	263,052	263,052	269,873	(6,821)
0034	Student Transportation	805,509	807,644	874,144	(66,500)
0036	Cocurricular / Extracurricular Activities	815,386	891,643	1,075,324	(183,681)
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	\$ 2,377,413	\$ 2,455,805	\$ 2,653,731	\$ (197,926)
Administrative Support Services:					
0041	General Administration	\$ 1,035,474	\$ 1,035,474	\$ 1,036,779	\$ (1,305)
	Total Administrative Support Services	\$ 1,035,474	\$ 1,035,474	\$ 1,036,779	\$ (1,305)
Support Services - Nonstudent Based:					
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	\$ 2,164,293	\$ 2,562,114	\$ 2,817,725	\$ (255,611)
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	358,540	358,540	377,156	(18,616)
0053	Data Processing Services	301,328	363,792	579,065	(215,273)
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	\$ 2,824,161	\$ 3,284,446	\$ 3,773,946	\$ (489,500)
Ancillary Services:					
0061	Community Services	\$ 25,807	\$ 25,807	\$ 24,232	\$ 1,575
	Total Community Services	\$ 25,807	\$ 25,807	\$ 24,232	\$ 1,575
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 223,447	\$ 358,447	\$ 333,808	\$ 24,639
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	130,481	130,481	158,710	(28,229)
	Total Debt Service	\$ 353,928	\$ 488,928	\$ 492,518	\$ (3,590)
Capital Outlay:					
0081	Capital Outlay	\$ 57,433	\$ 679,316	\$ 697,193	\$ (17,877)
	Total Capital Outlay	\$ 57,433	\$ 679,316	\$ 697,193	\$ (17,877)
Intergovernmental Changes:					
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist. - SSA	\$ 300,000	\$ 449,759	\$ 459,624	\$ (9,865)
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	150,000	223,474	223,475	(1)
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	\$ 450,000	\$ 673,233	\$ 683,099	\$ (9,866)
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 19,897,804	\$ 21,462,855	\$ 22,274,237	\$ (811,382)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ (259,643)	\$ (1,178,989)	\$ (672,063)	\$ 506,926
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 23,845	\$ 23,845
8911	Transfers Out	-	-	(259,979)	(259,979)
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (236,134)	\$ (236,134)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ (259,643)	\$ (1,178,989)	\$ (908,197)	\$ 270,792
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	5,085,555	5,085,555	5,085,555	-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 4,825,912	\$ 3,906,566	\$ 4,177,358	\$ 270,792

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>2024*</u>	<u>2023*</u>	<u>2022*</u>	<u>2021*</u>	<u>2020*</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0121211021%	0.0129145127%	0.01177191069%	0.0102803126%	0.0115841695%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 7,404,075	\$ 8,871,024	\$ 6,957,332	\$ 2,618,032	\$ 6,204,245
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	<u>8,917,539</u>	<u>10,109,597</u>	<u>8,741,653</u>	<u>4,444,286</u>	<u>8,371,156</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,321,614</u>	<u>\$ 18,980,621</u>	<u>\$ 15,698,985</u>	<u>\$ 7,062,318</u>	<u>\$ 14,575,401</u>
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 15,380,573	\$ 15,191,589	\$ 13,604,657	\$ 13,249,674	\$ 12,830,003
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	48.14%	58.39%	51.14%	19.76%	48.36%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	77.51%	73.15%	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%
	<u>2019*</u>	<u>2018*</u>	<u>2017*</u>	<u>2016*</u>	<u>2015*</u>
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.0106649185%	0.0108602100%	0.0109274487%	0.0106514332%	0.0111733000%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 5,543,958	\$ 5,977,723	\$ 3,494,009	\$ 4,025,018	\$ 3,949,613
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	<u>7,276,262</u>	<u>7,732,400</u>	<u>4,738,834</u>	<u>5,465,058</u>	<u>5,287,441</u>
Total	<u>\$ 12,820,220</u>	<u>\$ 13,710,123</u>	<u>\$ 8,232,843</u>	<u>\$ 9,490,076</u>	<u>\$ 9,237,054</u>
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 10,843,187	\$ 10,502,285	\$ 10,428,505	\$ 9,702,350	\$ 9,492,432
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	51.13%	56.92%	33.50%	41.48%	41.61%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%

* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 68

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contributions	\$ 754,076	\$ 667,811	\$ 653,696	\$ 532,264	\$ 441,503
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	<u>(754,076)</u>	<u>(667,811)</u>	<u>(653,696)</u>	<u>(532,264)</u>	<u>(441,503)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 16,460,052	\$ 15,235,742	\$ 14,970,952	\$ 13,566,199	\$ 13,231,586
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	4.58%	4.38%	4.37%	3.92%	3.34%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contributions	\$ 469,664	\$ 368,700	\$ 359,702	\$ 355,634	\$ 337,155
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	<u>(469,664)</u>	<u>(368,700)</u>	<u>(359,702)</u>	<u>(355,634)</u>	<u>(337,155)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 12,500,837	\$ 10,765,476	\$ 10,463,295	\$ 10,297,025	\$ 9,695,291
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	3.76%	3.42%	3.44%	3.45%	3.48%

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>2024*</u>	<u>2023*</u>	<u>2022*</u>	<u>2021*</u>
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0160873416%	0.0166310317%	0.0160362173%	0.0161026157%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 4,882,755	\$ 3,681,829	\$ 3,839,713	\$ 6,211,498
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	<u>6,118,025</u>	<u>4,442,692</u>	<u>4,683,846</u>	<u>8,322,024</u>
Total	<u>\$ 11,000,780</u>	<u>\$ 8,124,521</u>	<u>\$ 8,523,559</u>	<u>\$ 14,533,522</u>
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 15,380,573	\$ 15,191,589	\$ 13,604,657	\$ 13,249,674
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	31.75%	24.24%	28.22%	46.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	13.70%	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%

	<u>2020*</u>	<u>2019*</u>	<u>2018*</u>	<u>2017 *</u>
District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.0162369283%	0.0150515020%	0.0150209376%	0.0152557856%
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 6,172,390	\$ 7,118,041	\$ 7,500,092	\$ 6,634,169
State's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) associated with the District	<u>8,294,212</u>	<u>9,458,283</u>	<u>7,773,088</u>	<u>7,115,288</u>
Total	<u>\$ 14,466,602</u>	<u>\$ 16,576,324</u>	<u>\$ 15,273,180</u>	<u>\$ 13,749,457</u>
District's covered-employee payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 12,830,003	\$ 10,843,187	\$ 10,502,285	\$ 10,428,505
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of it's covered-employee payroll	48.11%	65.65%	71.41%	63.62%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75 paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

* The years above present data for the measurement period ending date. The measurement period represents the period for which the pension plan prepares its reports which provides a 10 month delay for financial reporting in accordance with GASB 75

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 155,027	\$ 144,836	\$ 142,818	\$ 131,407
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	<u>(155,027)</u>	<u>(144,836)</u>	<u>(142,818)</u>	<u>(131,407)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 16,460,052	\$ 15,235,742	\$ 14,970,952	\$ 13,566,199
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.94%	0.95%	0.95%	0.97%
	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Contractually required contributions	\$ 126,013	\$ 120,139	\$ 105,988	\$ 97,780
Contributions in relations to the contractual required contributions	<u>(126,013)</u>	<u>(120,139)</u>	<u>(105,988)</u>	<u>(97,780)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered employee payroll	\$ 13,231,586	\$ 12,500,837	\$ 10,765,476	\$ 10,463,295
Contributions as a percentage of covered employee payroll	0.95%	0.96%	0.98%	0.93%

Note: Only eight years of data is presented in accordance with GASB 75, paragraph 245. "The information for all periods for the 10-year schedules that are required to be presented as required supplementary information may not be available initially. In these cases, during the transition period, that information should be presented for as many years as are available. The schedules should not include information that is not measured in accordance with the requirements of this Statement."

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Government Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the basic financial statements:

1. Prior to June 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
3. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board, and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or services purchased are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse on June 30, and encumbrances outstanding at the time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

B. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

No actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year net pension liability.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

C. OPEB Healthcare Plan

1. Changes of Assumptions Since the Prior Measurement Date

The single discount rate changed from 4.13% as of last year to 3.87% at August 31, 2024.

2. Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement date.

OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Tax Roll Year	Last Ten Periods Ended June 30	1 Tax Rates		3 Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes	10 Beginning Balance 7/1/2024	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Tax Collections	32 Debt Service Tax Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 6/30/2025	Section 26.115 Tax Refunds
		Maintenance	Debt Service								
XXX	Various	Various	Various	Various	\$ 157,064	\$ -	\$ 9,208	\$ 3,141	\$ (2)	\$ 144,713	\$ -
2016	2017	1.170000	0.373600	404,081,645	34,320	-	1,079	345	-	32,896	-
2017	2018	1.170000	0.391000	423,611,980	33,483	-	771	258	(510)	31,944	-
2018	2019	1.170000	0.391000	460,437,524	32,725	-	1,463	489	(740)	30,033	-
2019	2020	1.068350	0.374930	503,457,210	36,992	-	2,630	923	(1,047)	32,392	-
2020	2021	1.010900	0.348900	552,469,643	52,319	-	3,522	1,215	(977)	46,605	-
2021	2022	0.960300	0.348900	608,072,786	72,266	-	7,078	2,571	(2,273)	60,344	-
2022	2023	0.942900	0.500000	739,034,860	175,403	-	6,535	3,465	(59,012)	106,391	-
2023	2024	0.757500	0.500000	780,554,179	554,921	-	193,882	127,974	(59,929)	173,136	-
2024	2025	0.737500	0.500000	847,731,440	-	10,490,677	5,961,909	4,041,965	(66,761)	420,042	18,660
					\$ 1,149,493	\$ 10,490,677	\$ 6,188,077	\$ 4,182,346	\$ (191,251)	\$ 1,078,496	\$ 18,660

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts			
		Original	Final	Actual	
REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 78,829	\$ 78,829	\$ 33,774	\$ (45,055)
5800	State Program Revenues	5,600	5,600	7,330	1,730
5900	Federal Program Revenues	<u>885,254</u>	<u>945,254</u>	<u>1,073,288</u>	<u>128,034</u>
5020	Total Revenues	<u>\$ 969,683</u>	<u>\$ 1,029,683</u>	<u>\$ 1,114,392</u>	<u>\$ 84,709</u>
EXPENDITURES					
Current:					
Support Services - Student (Pupil):					
0035	Food Service	<u>\$ 958,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,371</u>	<u>\$ (355,731)</u>
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	<u>\$ 958,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,371</u>	<u>\$ (355,731)</u>
6030	Total Expenditures	<u>\$ 958,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,018,640</u>	<u>\$ 1,374,371</u>	<u>\$ (355,731)</u>
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>\$ 11,043</u>	<u>\$ 11,043</u>	<u>\$ (259,979)</u>	<u>\$ (271,022)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)					
7915	Transfers In	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 259,979</u>	<u>\$ 259,979</u>
7080	Net Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 259,979</u>	<u>\$ 259,979</u>
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 11,043	\$ 11,043	\$ -	\$ (11,043)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	<u>\$ 11,043</u>	<u>\$ 11,043</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (11,043)</u>

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

		1	2	3	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Data Control Codes		Budgeted Amounts		Actual	
		Original	Final		
REVENUES					
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,269,867	\$ (23,723)
5800	State Program Revenues	-	-	66,588	66,588
5020	Total Revenues	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,336,455	\$ 42,865
EXPENDITURES					
Debt Service:					
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$ 1,315,000	\$ -
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	2,788,091	2,788,091	2,788,091	-
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	190,499	190,499	7,050	183,449
	Total Debt Service	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,110,141	# \$ 183,449
6030	Total Expenditures	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,293,590	\$ 4,110,141	\$ 183,449
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,314	\$ 226,314
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 226,314	\$ 226,314
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning (July 1)	3,864,906	3,864,906	3,864,906	-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending (June 30)	\$ 3,864,906	\$ 3,864,906	\$ 4,091,220	\$ 226,314

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS
AS OF JUNE 30, 2025

<u>Data Control Codes</u>		<u>Response</u>
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property value at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget? ☐	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO
STATE MANDATED PROGRAM REQUIREMENTS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

<u>Data Control Codes</u>		<u>Response</u>
<u>Section A: Compensatory Education Programs</u>		
<u>AP1</u>	Did your District expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?	Yes
<u>AP2</u>	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?	Yes
<u>AP3</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 1,773,464
<u>AP4</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30)	\$ 972,531
<u>Section B: Bilingual Education Programs</u>		
<u>AP5</u>	Did your District expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the District's	Yes
<u>AP6</u>	Does the District have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?	Yes
<u>AP7</u>	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year.	\$ 117,877
<u>AP8</u>	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the District's fiscal year. (PIC's 25)	\$ 29,492

FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/ Pass Through Grantor/ Program Title	(02) Federal ALN Number	(02A) Pass-Through Grantor's Number	(03) Expenditures, Indirect Costs and Refunds
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION</u>			
Passed through the Texas Education Agency:			
ESSA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs*	84.010a	25610101116903	\$ 717,535
Total ALN 84.010			717,535
IDEA-B Formula - B	84.027a	246600011169036000	55,000
IDEA-B Formula - B	84.027a	256600011169036000	1,554,633
Total ALN 84.027			1,609,633
IDEA-B Preschool - B	84.173a	256610011169036000	22,961
Total ALN 84.173			22,961
Elementary & Secondary Schools Emergency Relief - II - D*	84.425d	21528001116903	970,731
Total ALN 84.425			970,731
Carl Perkins- Perkins V: Strengthening	84.048	24420006116903	3,874
Carl Perkins- Perkins V: Strengthening	84.048	25420006116903	120,906
Total ALN 84.048			124,780
ESSA Title II Part A -Supporting Effective Education	84.367a	24694501116903	409
ESSA Title II Part A -Supporting Effective Education	84.367a	25694501116903	69,426
Total ALN 84.367			69,835
ESSA Title IV Part A -Student Support & Academic Achievement	84.424a	25680101116903	70,096
Total ALN 84.424			70,096
ESSA Title V Part B - Rural & Low Income	84.358b	24696001116903	5,063
Total ALN 84.58			5,063
Summer School LEP	84.369	69552302	1,363
Total ALN 84.369			1,363
Total passed through Texas Education Agency			3,591,997
Passed through Education Service Center, Region X:			
ESSA Title III - English Lanuaage Acquisition	84.365a	25671001057950	17,617
Total ALN 84.365			17,617
Passed through Boles Independent School District:			
21st Century Grant	84.287	246950267110007	20,254
21st Century Grant	84.287	256950267110007	382,520
Total ALN 84.287			402,774
Total Department of Education			4,012,388
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH AND HUMAN SERVICES</u>			
Passed through Greenville Independent School District:			
Head Start	93.600	87CH6997/122	155,312
Total Department of Health and Human Services			155,312
<u>U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE</u>			
Passed through the Texas Department of Agriculture:			
School Breakfast Program-A*	10.553	00621	240,937
National School Lunch Program - A*	10.555	00621	525,643
TDA - OEBT Administrative Expense Reimbursement*	10.555	00621	1,918
USDA Commodity Food Distribution	10.565	00621	91,675
NSLP Supply Chain Grant - A*	10.555	00621	85,277
Child and Adult Care Food Program - A*	10.558	00621	127,837
Total Department of Agriculture			1,073,287
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 5,240,987

* Indicates Major Program

A - Child Nutrition Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 981,612

B - Special Education Cluster - Total Cluster \$ 1,507,849

The accompanying notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards are an integral part of this statement.

COMMERCE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2025

A. Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (Schedule) includes the federal activity of the Commerce Independent School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which a fund liability occurs. Funds are considered earned to the extent of expenditures made.

The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District. Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements.

B. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. The governmental fund types are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. All federal expenditures were accounted for in the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds which are governmental fund types. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance; wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowed or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Federal grants are considered to be earned to the extent of expenditures made under the provisions of the grant.

C. Food Distribution

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in the Schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and used. No provision has been made for amounts on hand on June 30, 2025.

D. Indirect Cost

The District has elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

E. Reconciliation of Federal Revenue with Financial Statements

The District records amounts received from the federal government or other recipients of federal grant as federal revenue in the financial statements. This reconciliation identifies the difference between the financial statement revenues and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards:

Total Federal Expenditures (Exhibit K-1)	\$ 5,240,987
School Health and Resource Refunds	<u>(20,259)</u>
Federal Revenue (Exhibit C-3)	<u>\$ 5,220,728</u>