



NEWSLETTER

If you child is going to be late, absent, or needs to leave early for an appointment, please call or email the attendance office @ (608)374-7881 or sheilacruz@tomah.education.

Main office phone for other inquiries: 608-374-7885

When visiting TMS campus whether it be picking up a student, dropping off meds, or dropping off other items it is helpful to know which window to go to.

Counseling/attendance office (window on the right): picking up a student, dropping off meds, dropping off a doctor's note

Main Office (window on the left): coming for a meeting, dropping off money, or an item for your child that is not medicine.

CHECK OUT THE TMS FACEBOOK PAGE TO SEE WHAT EXCITING THINGS THE TMS STUDENTS ARE UP TO! OUR FACEBOOK PAGE ALSO HELPS NOTIFY FAMILIES OF SCHOOL CLOSURES, LATE STARTS, AND OTHER WEATHER RELATED INTERRUPTIONS IN OUR USUAL SCHEDULES.





HIGH QUALITY STUDENT LEARNING.
EVERY CHILD. EVERY DAY.

MESSAGE FROM ADMINISTRATION

Dear Parents/Guardians,

With spring finally here, believe it or not, this is our last newsletter of the year as we are quickly coming to a close for the 202–2026 school year.

As the year is ending, your children will be experiencing some amazing and unique learning opportunities and end-of-the-year experiences. Our 6th grade will be celebrating their learning with an end-of-the-year celebration. Our 7th grade will be going (or have already gone) to American Family Field and having other local adventures. Lastly, our 8th grade will close the year with a trip to the Kalahari as a way to wrap up their middle school experience and sailing in their cardboard boats with the boat launch. So many great experiences to look forward to yet this year!

While our regular school year is coming to a close, I urge you and your child to review the many opportunities being offered in our Summer PACK program. I would venture to guess there is something there for everyone—from core academics to enrichment and other exciting opportunities. All this information can be found on our district website for your convenience. Lastly, don't forget the importance of reading over the summer!

Please mark your calendars as our Fall Rally next year will be on **August 13th from 11:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m.** We look forward to seeing how much your children have grown over the summer and will be excited for another school year.

Important reminder: Families must complete general registration online prior to coming to the Fall Rally. This process was new last year, and we will continue it again this year. If registration is not completed ahead of time, families will need to return on a different day to finish the process.

On behalf of everyone here at TMS, thank you for all you have done to help make this school year memorable. We hope you have seen as much growth in your child as we have. Even more important, we hope the summer is enjoyable for you and your child and that everyone in your family finds time to relax, rejuvenate, and enjoy all that the summer has to offer. This tends to be a great time for reflection. I urge you and your child to reflect on their successes and challenges throughout the year, as we learn from both of these experiences—not just the successes.

As always, if you have questions about your child's progress this year or any questions about next year, please first ask your child critical questions about your concerns. In addition, please contact your child's teacher whenever you have a concern so they can assist you as soon as possible. Enjoy the rest of this school year and have a great summer!

Sincerely,

Amy Langner
Principal

Amy King
Assistant Principal

Jared Sasada
Dean of Students



STAY CONNECTED! FOLLOW US ON FACEBOOK: TOMAH MIDDLE SCHOOL



HIGH QUALITY STUDENT LEARNING.
EVERY CHILD. EVERY DAY.

MESSAGE FROM ADMINISTRATION

IMPORTANT DATES

May 7th-May 12th: Course Registration for 6th and 7th grade students.

May 12th: TMS Spring Band Concert

May 14th: TMS Spring Choir Concert

May 19th: 8th Grade Boat Launch

May 25th: Memorial Day-No School

May 29th: Last Day-Early Release

June 8-June 26th: Summer Pack-Session 1

July 6-24th: Summer Pack-Session 2

August 13th: Fall Rally (11:00 am-5:00 pm)

August 21st: WEB Day

-for incoming 6th graders and 8th grade WEB leaders

DID YOU KNOW?

Summer can feel like a big shift for middle schoolers, but their growth doesn't pause when school ends. Their brains are still developing—especially in areas like decision-making and impulse control—so they still need guidance, even as they seek more independence. Sleep schedules naturally shift later, but they still require 8–10 hours each night. While they may seem focused on friends, family connection still matters—just often in more low-key ways. A completely unstructured summer can lead to boredom and too much screen time, so a little balance goes a long way.

- Middle school brains are still developing which means your guidance still matters
- Sleep shifts later, but 8–10 hours is still essential
- Independence increases, but structure is still important
- Friendships take center stage. Ensuring your child has a positive peer groups matter
- Connection with family still matters (even if it looks different)



FAMILY FOCUS: A BALANCED SUMMER

After a year of routines, summer is a great time to loosen the schedule but not remove it entirely. A flexible routine helps students stay engaged, reduces boredom, and builds responsibility without feeling restrictive. One simple approach is to focus on a few daily priorities that create balance while still allowing for plenty of summer fun.

Move: Aim for 30–60 minutes of physical activity each day

Grow: Encourage reading, creativity, or exploring new interests

Contribute: Include daily responsibilities at home (chores, helping others)

Plan Together: Create a simple weekly plan with your child to build ownership and reduce conflict



COUNSELOR'S CORNER

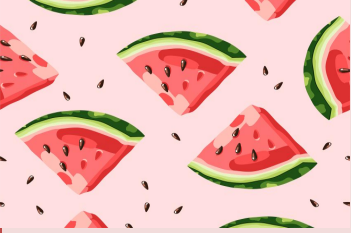
As the TMS school year winds down, it's easy for students to feel like the finish line is already crossed. Assignments may seem less important, routines start to loosen, and attention can drift toward summer plans. But these final weeks still matter—both academically and personally. Learning doesn't stop just because the calendar is nearing its end. In fact, this stretch is often when students pull together everything they've practiced all year. Final projects, reflections, and collaborative work help solidify skills that will carry into the next grade. Finishing strong builds confidence and sets a positive tone for what comes next. Just as important is maintaining respect—respect for teachers, classmates, and the learning environment. Energy can run high this time of year, but how students treat others leaves a lasting impression. Small choices—staying engaged, being kind, and following expectations—help create a supportive and enjoyable atmosphere for everyone.

For parents, this is a great opportunity to reinforce the value of perseverance. Encouraging consistent effort, checking in on assignments, and celebrating progress (not just results) can make a meaningful difference. As the year comes to a close, let's work together to ensure students finish with pride, carry forward what they've learned, and step confidently into the opportunities ahead!

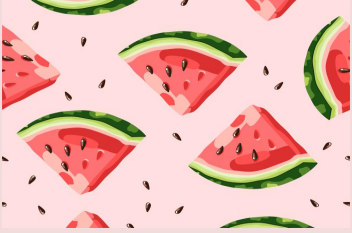
Amy Whitwam
Samantha Lynch

MAY 2026 EVENTS

Friday, May 1st	No school/PD Day
Monday, May 4th	Rtl: Behavior @ 3:35 pm. Rtl: Academic @ 3:35 pm. FFA meeting 5:15-7:00 pm @ THS. 7th grade softball game @ Holmen Middle-4:15 pm. 8th grade softball game vs. Holmen Middle @ Holmen Deerwood Park-4:15 pm.
Tuesday, May 5th	Staff meeting (teachers) @ 3:35 pm in the LMC. 6th-8th grade boys' tennis match @ Onalaska Middle.
Wednesday, May 6th	Guiding Coalition meeting from 3:45-4:45 pm. Early dismissal RA Schedule Mon/Thurs.
Thursday, May 7th	7th grade softball game vs West Salem Middle @ THS -4:30 pm. 8th grade softball game vs. West Salem Middle @ THS -5:30 pm. 6th-8th grade boys' tennis match vs Aquinas @ THS -4:30 pm. 6th-8th grade track and field meet @ Logan HS -4:30 pm. Chess and Gaming Club from 3:30-5:00 pm in room 200. Science Club from 3:30-4:30 pm in room 304.
Friday, May 8th	



MAY 2026 EVENTS CONT.



Monday, May 11th

TMS Crisis Team meeting @3:35 pm.
7th grade softball game vs Aquinas @ Lax Weigent
-4:30 pm.
8th grade softball game vs Aquinas @ Lax Weigent
-5:30 pm.
6th-8th track meet @ Central HS-4:30 pm.
6th-8th grade boys' tennis match vs Logan HS @
Central HS-4:30 pm.
Art Club from 3:30-4:30 in room 104.

Tuesday, May 12th

Wednesday, May 13th

Support Staff meeting @ 3:45-4:45 pm.
Early dismissal.
RA Schedule Tue/Fri.

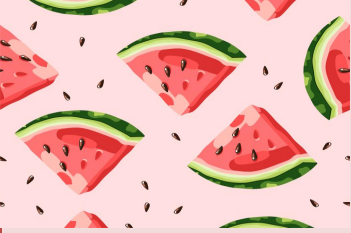
Thursday, May 14th

7th grade softball game vs Sparta Middle @ Tomah
Winnebago Park Ball Field-4:00 pm.
8th grade softball game vs Sparta Middle @ Tomah HS
-4:00 pm.
6th-8th grade tennis match @ Green Island Tennis
Courts-10:00 am.
Science Club from 3:30-4:30 pm in room 304.

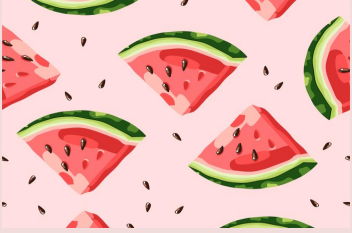
Friday, May 15th

Monday, May 18th

8th grade softball game vs Aquinas @ THS-4:30 pm.
6th-8th grade track meet @ THS-4:30 pm.
Grade level team visits
International Club from 3:30-4:15 pm.



MAY 2026 EVENTS CONT.



Tuesday, May 19th	7th grade softball game @ Westby Middle-4:30 pm. 8th grade softball game @ Westby Middle-4:30 pm. Staff meeting (all staff) @ 3:35 pm in the LMC
Wednesday, May 20th	Guiding Coalition meeting from 3:30-4:30 pm. District PD meeting. Early dismissal. RA Schedule Mon/Thurs.
Thursday, May 21st	Chess and Gaming Club from 3:30-5:00 pm in room 200. Science Club from 3:30 to 4:30 pm in room 304.
Friday, May 22nd	
Monday, May 25th	No school/Memorial Day
Tuesday, May 26th	
Wednesday, May 27th	Early dismissal. RA Schedule Tues/Fri.
Thursday, May 28th	
Friday, May 29th	LAST DAY OF SCHOOL!!!!!! EARLY DISMISSAL



NATIONAL
ASSOCIATION OF
SCHOOL
PSYCHOLOGISTS

Helping Children Cope With Loss, Death, and Grief

Tips for Teachers and Parents

Schools and communities around the country will be impacted by the loss of life associated with the war in Iraq. The effects may be significant for some people because of their emotional closeness to the war and/or their concern over terrorism. How school personnel handle the resulting distress can help shape the immediate and longer-term grieving process for students, staff, and families. Children, in particular, will need the love and support of their teachers and parents to cope with their loss and reach constructive grief resolution.

Expressions of Grief

Talking to children about death must be geared to their developmental level, respectful of their cultural norms, and sensitive to their capacity to understand the situation. Children will be aware of the reactions of significant adults as they interpret and react to information about death and tragedy. In fact, for primary grade children adult reactions will play an especially important role in shaping their perceptions of the situation. The range of reactions that children display in response to the death of significant others may include:

- ***Emotional shock*** and at times an apparent lack of feelings, which serve to help the child detach from the pain of the moment;
- ***Regressive (immature) behaviors***, such as needing to be rocked or held, difficulty separating from parents or significant others, needing to sleep in parent's bed or an apparent difficulty completing tasks well within the child's ability level;
- ***Explosive emotions and acting out behavior*** that reflect the child's internal feelings of anger, terror, frustration and helplessness. Acting out may reflect insecurity and a way to seek control over a situation for which they have little or no control;
- ***Asking the same questions over and over***, not because they do not understand the facts, but rather because the information is so hard to believe or accept. Repeated questions can help listeners determine if the child is responding to misinformation or the real trauma of the event.

Helping Children Cope

The following tips will help teachers, parents, and other caregivers support children who have experienced the loss of parents, friends, or loved ones. Some of these recommendations come from Dr. Alan Wolfelt, Director of the Center for Loss and Life Transition in Fort Collins, Colorado.

- ***Allow children to be the teachers about their grief experiences:*** Give children the opportunity to tell their story and be a good listener.
- ***Don't assume that every child in a certain age group understands death in the same way or with the same feelings:*** All children are different and their view of the world is unique and shaped by different experiences. (Developmental information is provided below.)
- ***Grieving is a process, not an event:*** Parents and schools need to allow adequate time for each child to grieve in the manner that works for that child. Pressing children to resume "normal" activities without the chance to deal with their emotional pain may prompt additional problems or negative reactions.

- ***Don't lie or tell half-truths to children about the tragic event:*** Children are often bright and sensitive. They will see through false information and wonder why you do not trust them with the truth. Lies do not help the child through the healing process or help develop effective coping strategies for life's future tragedies or losses.
- ***Help all children, regardless of age, to understand loss and death:*** Give the child information at the level that he/she can understand. Allow the child to guide adults as to the need for more information or clarification of the information presented. Loss and death are both part of the cycle of life that children need to understand.
- ***Encourage children to ask questions about loss and death:*** Adults need to be less anxious about not knowing all the answers. Treat questions with respect and a willingness to help the child find his or her own answers.
- ***Don't assume that children always grieve in an orderly or predictable way:*** We all grieve in different ways and there is no one "correct" way for people to move through the grieving process.
- ***Let children know that you really want to understand what they are feeling or what they need:*** Sometimes children are upset but they cannot tell you what will be helpful. Giving them the time and encouragement to share their feelings with you may enable them to sort out their feelings.
- ***Children will need long-lasting support:*** The more losses the child or adolescent suffers, the more difficult it will be to recover. This is especially true if they have lost a parent who was their major source of support. Try to develop multiple supports for children who suffer significant losses.
- ***Keep in mind that grief work is hard:*** It is hard work for adults and hard for children as well.
- ***Understand that grief work is complicated:*** Deaths that result from a terrorist act or war can bring forth many issues that are difficult, if not impossible, to comprehend. Grieving may also be complicated by a need for vengeance or justice and by the lack of resolution of the current situation: the conflict may continue and the nation may still feel at risk. The sudden or violent nature of the death or the fact that some individuals may be considered missing rather than dead can further complicate the grieving process.
- ***Be aware of your own need to grieve:*** Focusing on the children in your care is important, but not at the expense of your emotional needs. Adults who have lost a loved one will be far more able to help children work through their grief if they get help themselves. For some families, it may be important to seek family grief counseling, as well as individual sources of support.

Developmental Phases in Understanding Death

It is important to recognize that all children are unique in their understanding of death and dying. This understanding depends on their developmental level, cognitive skills, personality characteristics, religious or spiritual beliefs, teachings by parents and significant others, input from the media, and previous experiences with death. Nonetheless, there are some general considerations that will be helpful in understanding how children and adolescents experience and deal with death.

- ***Infants and Toddlers:*** The youngest children may perceive that adults are sad, but have no real understanding of the meaning or significance of death.
- ***Preschoolers:*** Young children may deny death as a formal event and may see death as reversible. They may interpret death as a separation, not a permanent condition. Preschool and even early elementary children may link certain events and magical thinking with the causes of death. For instance, as a result of the World Trade Center disaster, some children may imagine that going into tall buildings may cause someone's death.

- **Early Elementary School:** Children at this age (approximately 5-9) start to comprehend the finality of death. They begin to understand that certain circumstances may result in death. They can see that, if large planes crash into buildings, people in the planes and buildings will be killed. In case of war images, young children may not be able to differentiate between what they see on television, and what might happen in their own neighborhood. However, they may over-generalize, particularly at ages 5-6—if jet planes don't fly, then people don't die. At this age, death is perceived as something that happens to others, not to oneself or one's family.
- **Middle School:** Children at this level have the cognitive understanding to comprehend death as a final event that results in the cessation of all bodily functions. They may not fully grasp the abstract concepts discussed by adults or on the TV news but are likely to be guided in their thinking by a concrete understanding of justice. They may experience a variety of feelings and emotions, and their expressions may include acting out or self-injurious behaviors as a means of coping with their anger, vengeance and despair.
- **High School:** Most teens will fully grasp the meaning of death in circumstances such as an automobile accident, illness and even the World Trade Center or Pentagon disasters. They may seek out friends and family for comfort or they may withdraw to deal with their grief. Teens (as well as some younger children) with a history of depression, suicidal behavior and chemical dependency are at particular risk for prolonged and serious grief reactions and may need more careful attention from home and school during these difficult times.

Tips for Children and Teens with Grieving Friends and Classmates

Seeing a friend try to cope with a loss may scare or upset children who have had little or no experience with death and grieving. Following are some suggestions teachers and parents can provide to children and youth to deal with this “secondary” loss.

- Particularly with younger children, it will be important to help clarify their understanding of death. See tips above under “helping children cope.”
- Seeing their classmates’ reactions to loss may bring about some fears of losing their own parents or siblings, particularly for students who have family in the military or other risk related professions. Children need reassurance from caregivers and teachers that their own families are safe. For children who have experienced their own loss (previous death of a parent, grandparent, sibling), observing the grief of a friend can bring back painful memories. These children are at greater risk for developing more serious stress reactions and should be given extra support as needed.
- Children (and many adults) need help in communicating condolence or comfort messages. Provide children with age-appropriate guidance for supporting their peers. Help them decide what to say (e.g., “Steve, I am so sorry about your father. I know you will miss him very much. Let me know if I can help you with your paper route....”) and what to expect (see “expressions of grief” above).
- Help children anticipate some changes in friends’ behavior. It is important that children understand that their grieving friends may act differently, may withdraw from their friends for a while, might seem angry or very sad, etc., but that this does not mean a lasting change in their relationship.
- Explain to children that their “regular” friendship may be an important source of support for friends and classmates. Even normal social activities such as inviting a friend over to play, going to the park, playing sports, watching a movie, or a trip to the mall may offer a much needed distraction and sense of connection and normalcy.
- Children need to have some options for providing support—it will help them deal with their fears and concerns if they have some concrete actions that they can take to help. Suggest making cards, drawings,

helping with chores or homework, etc. Older teens might offer to help the family with some shopping, cleaning, errands, etc., or with babysitting for younger children.

- Encourage children who are worried about a friend to talk to a caring adult. This can help alleviate their own concern or potential sense of responsibility for making their friend feel better. Children may also share important information about a friend who is at risk of more serious grief reactions.
- Parents and teachers need to be alert to children in their care who may be reacting to a friend's loss of a loved one. These children will need some extra support to help them deal with the sense of frustration and helplessness that many people are feeling at this time.

Resources for Grieving and Traumatized Children

At times of severe stress, such as the trauma of war or terrorist attacks, both children and adults need extra support. Children who are physically and emotionally closest to this tragedy may very well experience the most dramatic feelings of fear, anxiety and loss. They may have personally lost a loved one or know of friends and schoolmates who have been devastated by these treacherous acts. Adults need to carefully observe these children for signs of traumatic stress, depression or even suicidal thinking, and seek professional help when necessary.

Resources to help you identify symptoms of severe stress and grief reactions are available at the National Association of School Psychologists' website— www.nasponline.org. See also:

For Caregivers

- Deaton, R.L. & Berkan, W.A. (1995). *Planning and managing death issues in the schools: A handbook*. Westport, CT: Greenwood Publishing Group.
- Mister Rogers Website: www.misterrogers.org (see booklet on Grieving for children 4-10 years)
- Webb, N.B. (1993). *Helping bereaved children: A handbook for practitioners*. New York: Guilford Press.
- Wolfelt, A. (1983). *Helping children cope with grief*. Bristol, PA: Accelerated Development.
- Wolfelt, A. (1997). *Healing the bereaved child: Grief gardening, growth through grief and other touchstones for caregivers*. Ft. Collins, CO: Companion.
- Worden, J.W. (1996). *Children and grief: When a parent dies*. New York: Guilford Press
- Helping Children Cope With Death, The Dougy Center for Grieving Children, www.dougy.org.

For Children

- Gootman, M.E. (1994). *When a friend dies: A book for teens about grieving and healing*. Minneapolis: Free Spirit Publishing.
- Greenlee, S. (1992). *When someone dies*. Atlanta: Peachtree Publishing. (Ages 9-12).
- Wolfelt, A. (2001). *Healing your grieving heart for kids*. Ft. Collins, CO: Companion. (See also similar titles for teens and adults)

Adapted from material first posted on the NASP website after September 11, 2001.

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