

Financial Statements
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reedley, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kings Canyon Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Kings Canyon Unified School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2024, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated February 26, 2026 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
February 26, 2026



KINGS CANYON UNIFIED

1801 10th St. | Reedley, CA 93654

P: 559.305.7010 F: 559.823.3760

www.kcusd.com

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of Kings Canyon Unified School District's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2025, with comparative information for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

The District is committed to maximizing its fiscal resources for the purpose of increasing academic achievement for all students. The District continues to focus its fiscal resources to meet its mission of helping students attain their highest potential. The District continues to work together in collaboration with its educational partners to focus its revenues and expenditures on the most effective activities and practices to achieve this mission.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The *Government-Wide Financial Statements* present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities), and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for the governmental funds.

The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Kings Canyon Unified School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$186.7 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. Of this amount, \$66.6 million was restricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. The \$186.7 million in net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024*
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 139,653,081	\$ 125,001,720
Capital assets	281,375,041	282,372,526
Total assets	421,028,122	407,374,246
Deferred Outflows of Resources	53,645,751	54,443,288
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	20,232,743	19,559,966
Long-term liabilities	249,402,138	247,878,168
Total liabilities	269,634,881	267,438,134
Deferred Inflows of Resources	18,295,880	11,649,323
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	210,586,156	208,856,108
Restricted	66,593,499	59,528,838
Unrestricted (deficit)	(90,436,543)	(85,654,869)
Total net position	\$ 186,743,112	\$ 182,730,077

* Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 15 for further information.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities*. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024*
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 2,024,331	\$ 2,736,973
Operating grants and contributions	72,032,478	88,204,520
Capital grants and contributions	-	6,415,283
General revenues		
Federal and State aid not restricted	136,547,660	134,305,769
Property taxes	23,283,779	22,486,132
Other general revenues	13,309,122	5,927,468
Total revenues	247,197,370	260,076,145
Expenses		
Instruction-related	142,989,912	143,289,819
Pupil services	40,476,819	38,545,435
Administration	9,766,238	11,296,471
Plant services	26,262,948	23,959,337
Other	9,826,143	9,445,087
Total expenses	229,322,060	226,536,149
Change in net position	\$ 17,875,310	\$ 33,539,996

* The expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024, were not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 15 for further information.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities*, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$229.3 million. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$23.3 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs of \$2.0 million or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions totaling \$72.0 million. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$149.9 million in Federal and State unrestricted funds, and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements. Kings Canyon remains steady in building our reserves, maintaining efficiencies and maximizing categorical flexibilities. Our core values are safety for students and employees, student achievement, jobs for employees and fiscal responsibility.

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction-related, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2025	2024*	2025	2024*
Instruction-related	\$ 142,989,912	\$ 143,289,819	\$ (99,411,738)	\$ (84,512,954)
Pupil services	40,476,819	38,545,435	(17,820,774)	(20,576,563)
Administration	9,766,238	11,296,471	(6,818,672)	(9,333,335)
Plant services	26,262,948	23,959,337	(23,924,054)	(7,572,544)
All other services	9,826,143	9,445,087	(7,290,013)	(7,183,977)
Total	<u>\$ 229,322,060</u>	<u>\$ 226,536,149</u>	<u>\$ (155,265,251)</u>	<u>\$ (129,179,373)</u>

* The expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024, were not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 15 for further information.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$120.2 million, which is an increase of \$14.0 million from last year. The primary reasons for this overall increase are:

- The General Fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$67.2 million to \$80.0 million due to primarily to the completion of COVID-19 related capital projects.
- The non-major governmental funds increased by \$1.2 million, primarily due to receipt of school facilities apportionment funding and decreased spending.

Table 4

Governmental Funds	Balances and Activity			
	July 1, 2024	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2025
General	\$ 67,194,456	\$ 213,977,794	\$ 201,190,313	\$ 79,981,937
Student Activities	717,497	983,495	968,704	732,288
Charter Schools	6,116,119	6,461,155	5,043,040	7,534,234
Adult Education	744,655	1,749,267	2,142,530	351,392
Child Development	505,883	3,060,941	2,816,927	749,897
Cafeteria	4,798,489	11,801,158	10,885,989	5,713,658
Capital Facilities	1,907,105	526,265	893,193	1,540,177
County School Facilities	8,630,885	4,312,786	2,522,290	10,421,381
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	9,523,217	1,782,547	4,867,794	6,437,970
Bond Interest and Redemption	6,085,914	6,465,698	5,840,366	6,711,246
Total	<u>\$ 106,224,220</u>	<u>\$ 251,121,106</u>	<u>\$ 237,171,146</u>	<u>\$ 120,174,180</u>

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Throughout the past year, the District adjusted its budget to respond to unforeseen changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 10, 2025 (July 1, Budget Meeting date to the board). A schedule comparing the District's original and final budget amounts with actual expenditures and revenues is provided in our annual report.

The District budgeted a decrease in General Fund balance of approximately \$5.4 million. While revenues and transfers in were approximately \$2.3 million more than budgeted, expenditures and transfers out were approximately \$15.9 million less than budgeted, leaving the fund with an actual increase of approximately \$12.8 million.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$281.4 million in a broad range of capital assets and right-to-use leased assets, (net of depreciation and amortization expenses), including land, buildings, furniture, and equipment. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, depreciation, and amortization) of approximately \$1.0 million (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Land and construction in progress	\$ 16,489,446	\$ 62,874,056
Buildings and improvements	254,626,723	208,433,938
Equipment	8,957,259	9,397,171
Right-to-use leased assets	1,301,613	1,667,361
Total	<u>\$ 281,375,041</u>	<u>\$ 282,372,526</u>

This year, major investments included the completion of several new Office Buildings, Marquee projects at various sites, HVAC upgrades at various sites, Reedley High School Performing Arts Theatre remodel, Riverview Playground replacement and the Orange Cove High School Robotics Lab. More detailed information about our capital assets and right-to-use leased assets can be found in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$249.4 million in debt versus \$247.9 million last year, an increase of \$1.5 million. Those liabilities consisted of:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024*
Long-Term Liabilities		
General obligation bonds	\$ 79,498,876	\$ 82,131,139
Unamortized premiums	2,032,080	2,298,665
Leases	1,320,814	1,674,619
Compensated absences	14,963,276	853,474
Net OPEB liability	25,427,899	27,082,540
Aggregate net pension liability	126,159,193	133,837,731
Total	<u>\$ 249,402,138</u>	<u>\$ 247,878,168</u>

* Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 15 for further information.

The District's S&P bond rating as of the most recent bond issuance was "AA". The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that districts can issue to five percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries.

At year-end, the District has a net pension liability of \$126.2 million versus \$133.8 million last year, a decrease of \$7.7 million, or 5.7%. The District also reported deferred outflows of resources from pension activities of \$48.6 million, and deferred inflows of resources from pension activities of \$9.0 million. We present more detailed information regarding our long-term liabilities in the Notes to Financial Statements.

SIGNIFICANT ACCOMPLISHMENTS AND CHALLENGES OF FISCAL YEAR 2024-2025

Our Employees: District staff are dedicated professionals who are equipped and empowered to deliver high-quality services. Their continued commitment to excellence has been a cornerstone of our success.

Safety: The District remains committed to providing a secure and supportive learning environment that nurtures students' social, emotional, and academic growth. As we have enhanced these safety measures, student achievement has shown steady improvement.

Fiscal Responsibility: The District upholds strong fiscal stewardship, adhering to a Board policy that ensures a minimum ten percent reserve. Our focus on long-term stability enables us to prioritize student learning and success. We are grateful for continued State and Federal support including our State and Federal Categoricals, the introduction of Prop 28 funding, Community Schools Grant funding and the continuation of Expanding Learning Opportunities funding. These funds have allowed us to continue to invest in supplemental technology, expand student support services, enhance Social Emotional Learning initiatives, and improve conditions for student success through partnerships with our community and families.

Facilities: The District continues to invest in infrastructure, ensuring our facilities support enhanced learning opportunities, extracurricular programs, and athletic activities.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

When preparing the District's budget for the 2025-2026 school year, the Governing Board and District Administration considered the following key factors:

- **LCAP:** Our Local Control and Accountability Plan (LCAP) is available on the District's website. Meaningful involvement of parents, students, and other stakeholders—especially those representing subgroups identified under *Education Code* Section 52052—continues to be essential during the LCAP planning process.
- **Conservative Budgeting Practices**
- **Maintaining a Minimum 10% Reserve**
- **Enrollment and ADA Projections:** Student enrollment and ADA figures are expected to remain stable for the upcoming year.

HOW TO CONTACT THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT STAFF

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Shaun L. Rodriguez, Director of Fiscal Services, at (559) 305-7033.

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 121,281,722
Receivables	18,059,732
Stores inventories	311,627
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	16,489,446
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	264,885,595
Total assets	<u>421,028,122</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	1,657,396
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	3,390,044
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	48,598,311
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>53,645,751</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	17,592,765
Interest payable	753,842
Unearned revenue	1,886,136
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	8,074,189
OPEB liability due within one year	732,890
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	89,740,857
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability due in more than one year	24,695,009
Aggregate net pension liabilities	126,159,193
Total liabilities	<u>269,634,881</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	9,248,132
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	9,047,748
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>18,295,880</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	210,586,156
Restricted for	
Debt service	5,957,404
Capital projects	11,961,558
Educational programs	42,423,412
Child nutrition	5,518,837
Student activities	732,288
Unrestricted (deficit)	(90,436,543)
Total net position	<u><u>\$ 186,743,112</u></u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position Governmental Activities
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 119,056,835	\$ 1,364,099	\$ 36,273,787	\$ (81,418,949)
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	3,325,103	9,656	648,131	(2,667,316)
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,374,636	-	131,951	(2,242,685)
School site administration	18,233,338	17,739	5,132,811	(13,082,788)
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	9,746,767	56,903	1,806,545	(7,883,319)
Food services	10,871,206	371,190	10,372,566	(127,450)
All other pupil services	19,858,846	59,618	9,989,223	(9,810,005)
Administration				
Data processing	2,167,613	-	181,908	(1,985,705)
All other administration	7,598,625	66,880	2,698,778	(4,832,967)
Plant services	26,262,948	23,979	2,314,915	(23,924,054)
Ancillary services	3,982,790	54,267	1,864,110	(2,064,413)
Community services	756,598	-	583,433	(173,165)
Interest on long-term liabilities	3,272,681	-	-	(3,272,681)
Other outgo	1,814,074	-	34,320	(1,779,754)
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 229,322,060</u>	<u>\$ 2,024,331</u>	<u>\$ 72,032,478</u>	<u>(155,265,251)</u>
General Revenues and Subventions				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				16,724,138
Property taxes, levied for debt service				6,121,939
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				437,702
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes				136,547,660
Interest and investment earnings				6,508,267
Miscellaneous				<u>6,800,855</u>
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions				<u>173,140,561</u>
Change in Net Position				<u>17,875,310</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported				182,730,077
Adjustments (Note 15)				<u>(13,862,275)</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as restated				<u>168,867,802</u>
Net Position - Ending				<u>\$ 186,743,112</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 82,947,343	\$ 38,334,379	\$ 121,281,722
Receivables	14,730,469	3,329,263	18,059,732
Due from other funds	666,136	727,333	1,393,469
Stores inventories	117,456	194,171	311,627
Total assets	<u>\$ 98,461,404</u>	<u>\$ 42,585,146</u>	<u>\$ 141,046,550</u>
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 16,365,494	\$ 1,227,271	\$ 17,592,765
Due to other funds	544,073	849,396	1,393,469
Unearned revenue	1,569,900	316,236	1,886,136
Total liabilities	<u>18,479,467</u>	<u>2,392,903</u>	<u>20,872,370</u>
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	267,456	194,821	462,277
Restricted	33,952,183	33,395,158	67,347,341
Committed	2,059,432	164,294	2,223,726
Assigned	470,907	6,437,970	6,908,877
Unassigned	43,231,959	-	43,231,959
Total fund balances	<u>79,981,937</u>	<u>40,192,243</u>	<u>120,174,180</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 98,461,404</u>	<u>\$ 42,585,146</u>	<u>\$ 141,046,550</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 120,174,180
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 420,995,792	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	<u>(139,620,751)</u>	
Net capital assets		281,375,041
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		(753,842)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	1,657,396	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	3,390,044	
Net pension liability	<u>48,598,311</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources to pensions		53,645,751
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(9,248,132)	
Net pension liability	<u>(9,047,748)</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources to pensions		(18,295,880)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(126,159,193)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(25,427,899)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds including unamortized premiums	(71,125,467)	
Leases	(1,320,814)	
Compensated absences	(14,963,276)	
In addition, capital appreciation general obligation bonds were issued. The accretion of interest to date on the general obligation bonds is	<u>(10,405,489)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(97,815,046)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 186,743,112</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)	\$ 143,309,075		\$ 5,499,706	\$ 148,808,781
Federal sources	11,288,814		9,568,618	20,857,432
Other State sources	41,668,449		10,633,998	52,302,447
Other local sources	17,711,456		10,940,990	28,652,446
Total revenues	213,977,794		36,643,312	250,621,106
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	107,688,715		6,832,203	114,520,918
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	3,290,736		109,437	3,400,173
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,369,720		22,397	2,392,117
School site administration	17,242,957		1,533,024	18,775,981
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	7,956,480		34,740	7,991,220
Food services	479,393		10,023,627	10,503,020
All other pupil services	20,084,396		489,571	20,573,967
Administration				
Data processing	1,925,751		-	1,925,751
All other administration	6,915,398		654,810	7,570,208
Plant services	21,006,032		2,200,875	23,206,907
Ancillary services	3,040,750		968,934	4,009,684
Community services	770,762		-	770,762
Other outgo	1,814,074		-	1,814,074
Facility acquisition and construction	5,751,344		7,270,849	13,022,193

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Debt service				
Principal	353,805		3,835,000	4,188,805
Interest and other	-		2,005,366	2,005,366
Total expenditures	200,690,313		35,980,833	236,671,146
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	13,287,481		662,479	13,949,960
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	-		500,000	500,000
Transfers out	(500,000)		-	(500,000)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(500,000)		500,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	12,787,481		1,162,479	13,949,960
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	67,194,456	-	29,506,547	96,701,003
Adjustment (Note 15)	-	(9,523,217)	9,523,217	-
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	67,194,456	-	39,029,764	106,224,220
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 79,981,937	\$ -	\$ 40,192,243	\$ 120,174,180

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 13,949,960

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different because

Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization expense in the period.

Capital outlay	\$ 12,177,592
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>(13,175,077)</u>

Net expense adjustment	(997,485)
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The District issued capital appreciation general obligation bonds. The accretion of interest on the general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year was (1,202,737)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between compensated absences earned and used. (247,527)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net pension liability during the year. 3,525,903

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on benefit payments made for OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows/inflows of resources and OPEB liability during the year. (1,543,616)

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities Year Ended June 30, 2025

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium amortization	266,585
Deferred charge on refunding amortization	(93,202)

Payments of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	3,835,000
Leases	353,805

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is due.

28,624

Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 17,875,310</u></u>
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Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**Financial Reporting Entity**

The Kings Canyon Unified School District was organized on July 1, 1972, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected seven-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates twelve elementary schools, three middle schools, two high schools, one continuation school, two charter schools, one independent study school, and an adult education school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Kings Canyon Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, charter schools, and student related activities of the District.

Other Organizations

The District has approved charters for Kings Canyon Online Charter School and Reedley Middle College High Charter School pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Kings Canyon Online Charter School and Reedley Middle College High Charter School are operated by the District, and their financial activities are presented in the Charter Schools Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are comprised of governmental funds.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Fund

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

One fund currently defined as special revenue funds in the *California State Accounting Manual* (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits, was not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been consolidated with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$470,907.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activities Fund** The Student Activities Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Charter Schools Fund** The Charter Schools Fund may be used by authorizing districts to account separately for the operating activities of district-operated charter schools that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing district's General Fund.
- **Adult Education Fund** The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Child Development Fund** The Child Development Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues to operate child development programs and is to be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the

purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

- **County School Facilities Fund** The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070.10 et seq.).
- **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued by the District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting; which differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide Statement of Activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, of the District and for each governmental function. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation and amortization of capital assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Investments

Investments held at June 30, 2025, with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county pools are determined by the program sponsor.

The District's investment in the county treasury is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in this investment pool are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Stores Inventories

Stores inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years. Land is not depreciated.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Right-to-use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right-to-use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right-to-use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the leased asset into service. Right-to-use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 2 to 5 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned for leave balances that are more likely than not to be used for compensated leave or settled through cash or noncash means. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, a liability for compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, only the portion of accumulated sick leave that is more likely than not to be used by the employee for paid leave is recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive 0.004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time. The portion of sick leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to service credit for employee retirement plans is not included in the District's liability for compensated absences.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Premiums

Debt premiums are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt premiums related to those obligations are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate to differences between expected and actual earnings on investments, changes of assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The District recognizes a lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2025, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business official may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than ten percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position related to net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$66,593,499 of restricted net position.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Fresno bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard**Implementation of GASB Statement No. 101**

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 15.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments**Summary of Deposits and Investments**

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	<u>\$ 121,281,722</u>
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Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 742,678
Cash in revolving	150,650
Investments	<u>120,388,394</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u>\$ 121,281,722</u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies; certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their county treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the county treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the county treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and which also times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$120,388,394 in the Fresno County Treasury Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 703 days.

Credit Risk - Investments

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligations to the holder of the investment. The is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment with the Fresno County Treasury Investment Pool is currently not rated, nor is it required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2025, the District's bank balance of \$374,614 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 3 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2025, consists of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal Government			
Categorical aid	\$ 2,736,374	\$ 1,870,206	\$ 4,606,580
State Government			
LCFF apportionment	-	390,671	390,671
Other State	10,009,649	567,108	10,576,757
Local Sources	1,984,446	501,278	2,485,724
Total	<u>\$ 14,730,469</u>	<u>\$ 3,329,263</u>	<u>\$ 18,059,732</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized				
Land	\$ 7,032,322	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 7,032,322
Construction in progress	55,841,734	10,007,277	(56,391,887)	9,457,124
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	62,874,056	10,007,277	(56,391,887)	16,489,446
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized				
Land improvements	40,327,990	180,911	-	40,508,901
Buildings and improvements	275,909,628	56,650,726	-	332,560,354
Furniture and equipment	28,703,932	1,730,565	(813,609)	29,620,888
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	1,842,480	-	(26,277)	1,816,203
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized	346,784,030	58,562,202	(839,886)	404,506,346
Total capital assets	409,658,086	68,569,479	(57,231,773)	420,995,792
Accumulated depreciation and amortization				
Land improvements	(15,257,701)	(1,806,903)	-	(17,064,604)
Buildings and improvements	(92,545,979)	(8,831,949)	-	(101,377,928)
Furniture and equipment	(19,306,761)	(2,170,477)	813,609	(20,663,629)
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	(175,119)	(365,748)	26,277	(514,590)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	(127,285,560)	(13,175,077)	839,886	(139,620,751)
Net depreciable and amortizable capital assets	219,498,470	45,387,125	-	264,885,595
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 282,372,526	\$ 55,394,402	\$ (56,391,887)	\$ 281,375,041

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged as a direct expense to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 8,256,392
Supervision of instruction	125,919
Home-to-school transportation	1,762,872
Food services	377,758
Data processing	251,839
All other administration	133,747
Plant services	<u>2,266,550</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 13,175,077</u></u>

Note 5 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2025, between major and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Funds	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
Major Governmental Fund		
General	\$ 666,136	\$ 544,073
Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Charter Schools	531,276	142,723
Adult Education	-	68,150
Child Development	3,880	156,156
Cafeteria	81,252	337,437
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	<u>110,925</u>	<u>144,930</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,393,469</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,393,469</u></u>

All remaining balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025, consists of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for various capital projects.	<u><u>\$ 500,000</u></u>
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Note 6 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2025, consists of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Vendor payables	\$ 7,487,386	\$ 1,071,038	\$ 8,558,424
State apportionment	1,150,831	-	1,150,831
Salaries and benefits	7,727,277	156,233	7,883,510
Total	<u><u>\$ 16,365,494</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,227,271</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 17,592,765</u></u>

Note 7 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2025, consists of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 914,207	\$ 6,554	\$ 920,761
State categorical aid	655,693	309,682	965,375
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,569,900</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 316,236</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 1,886,136</u></u>

Note 8 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2024 as Restated	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 82,131,139	\$ 1,202,737	\$ (3,835,000)	\$ 79,498,876	\$ 4,220,000
Unamortized debt					
premiums	2,298,665	-	(266,585)	2,032,080	-
Leases	1,674,619	-	(353,805)	1,320,814	358,226
Compensated absences	14,715,749	247,527	-	14,963,276	3,495,963
	<u>100,820,172</u>	<u>1,450,264</u>	<u>(4,455,390)</u>	<u>97,815,046</u>	<u>8,074,189</u>
Total	<u>\$ 100,820,172</u>	<u>\$ 1,450,264</u>	<u>\$ (4,455,390)</u>	<u>\$ 97,815,046</u>	<u>\$ 8,074,189</u>

The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local tax revenues. The unamortized premium will be amortized over the life of the related debt. The leases are paid by the fund using the right-to-use leased asset.

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate %	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2024	Interest Accreted	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2025
2020 GORB							
5/12/20	8/1/47	1.31-1.61	\$ 17,120,000	\$ 16,495,000	\$ -	\$ (130,000)	\$ 16,365,000
2019 GORB							
8/7/19	8/1/32	4.00	1,840,000	1,840,000	-	-	1,840,000
8/7/19	8/1/51	3.48-3.91	15,332,915	15,332,914	-	-	15,332,914
Accreted interest				3,150,249	709,241	-	3,859,490
2016 GORB							
1/21/16	8/1/31	2.00-5.00	14,740,000	11,125,000	-	(930,000)	10,195,000
2012 GOB							
6/6/13	8/1/32	3.50-4.00	15,000,000	1,425,000	-	(40,000)	1,385,000
9/18/14	8/1/44	3.63-5.00	8,300,000	5,495,000	-	-	5,495,000
1/21/16	8/1/43	2.00-5.00	16,700,000	15,920,000	-	(345,000)	15,575,000
2006 GOB							
11/29/07	8/1/32	3.95-5.00	2,404,967	1,188,120	-	(124,132)	1,063,988
Accreted interest				1,747,335	133,013	(130,868)	1,749,480
2002 GOB							
7/31/02	8/1/27	3.00-5.68	17,996,488	2,472,698	-	(631,213)	1,841,485
Accreted interest				5,939,823	360,483	(1,503,787)	4,796,519
Total				<u>\$ 82,131,139</u>	<u>\$ 1,202,737</u>	<u>\$ (3,835,000)</u>	<u>\$ 79,498,876</u>

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The capital appreciation bonds mature as follows:

Bonds Maturing Fiscal Year	Initial Bond Value	Accreted Interest	Accreted Obligation	Unaccreted Interest	Maturity Value
2026	\$ 745,699	\$ 1,809,301	\$ 2,555,000	\$ -	\$ 2,555,000
2027	735,733	1,796,561	2,532,294	142,706	2,675,000
2028	726,936	1,781,584	2,508,520	291,480	2,800,000
2029	121,312	198,960	320,272	49,728	370,000
2030	118,036	194,856	312,892	67,108	380,000
2031-2035	2,699,244	1,292,701	3,991,945	1,773,055	5,765,000
2036-2040	4,225,239	1,044,488	5,269,727	3,935,273	9,205,000
2041-2045	4,104,388	1,045,686	5,150,074	6,089,926	11,240,000
2046-2050	3,973,000	1,035,720	5,008,720	8,691,280	13,700,000
2051-2052	788,800	205,632	994,432	1,725,568	2,720,000
Total	<u>\$ 18,238,387</u>	<u>\$ 10,405,489</u>	<u>\$ 28,643,876</u>	<u>\$ 22,766,124</u>	<u>\$ 51,410,000</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

<u>Fiscal Year</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest to Maturity</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 1,665,000	\$ 1,919,353	\$ 3,584,353
2027	1,885,000	1,840,043	3,725,043
2028	2,115,000	1,750,171	3,865,171
2029	2,365,000	1,652,635	4,017,635
2030	2,630,000	1,543,174	4,173,174
2031-2035	12,395,000	5,802,196	18,197,196
2036-2040	10,365,000	3,976,118	14,341,118
2041-2045	13,585,000	1,972,421	15,557,421
2046-2048	3,850,000	203,011	4,053,011
Total	<u>\$ 50,855,000</u>	<u>\$ 20,659,122</u>	<u>\$ 71,514,122</u>

Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

<u>Lease</u>	<u>Leases Outstanding July 1, 2024</u>	<u>Payments</u>	<u>Leases Outstanding June 30, 2025</u>
Postage meter	\$ 2,666	\$ (2,666)	\$ -
Copiers	1,671,953	(351,139)	1,320,814
Total	<u>\$ 1,674,619</u>	<u>\$ (353,805)</u>	<u>\$ 1,320,814</u>

Postage Meter

The District entered into an agreement to lease a postage meter for five years beginning November 2019. Under the terms of the lease, the District paid the quarterly payments of \$1,347, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$28,287. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 3.0%. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recorded \$2,508 in amortization expense and \$30 in interest expense for the right-to-use the postage meter.

Copiers

The District entered into agreements to lease copiers for five years. Under the terms of the leases, the District paid monthly payment of \$31,781. This amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$1,906,860. The annual interest rate charged on the leases are 0.2%. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized a right-to-use leased asset of \$1,816,203 and a lease liability of \$1,320,814 related to this agreement. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recorded \$363,240 in amortization expense and \$30,233 in interest expense for the right-to-use the copiers.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 358,226	\$ 23,146	\$ 381,372
2027	365,458	15,914	381,372
2028	372,836	8,536	381,372
2029	224,294	1,514	225,808
Total	<u>\$ 1,320,814</u>	<u>\$ 49,110</u>	<u>\$ 1,369,924</u>

Note 9 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported a Net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 25,007,931	\$ 3,390,044	\$ 9,248,132	\$ 2,157,575
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	419,968	-	-	(46,467)
Total	<u>\$ 25,427,899</u>	<u>\$ 3,390,044</u>	<u>\$ 9,248,132</u>	<u>\$ 2,111,108</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan**Plan Administration**

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2024, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	140
Active employees	<u>1,031</u>
Total	<u><u>1,171</u></u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, dental, and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Kings Canyon Education Association (KCEA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, KCEA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the measurement period of June 30, 2025, the District paid \$514,054 in benefits, including credit for an implicit subsidy totaling \$53,438.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The total OPEB liability of \$25,007,931 was measured as of June 30, 2025, by applying certain roll-forward procedures to the June 30, 2024 valuation.

Actuarial Assumptions

The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	5.20%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table and the 2021 CalPERS Mortality for Miscellaneous and School Employees Table. Mortality rates vary by age and sex (and sometimes retirement and disability). If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer. Retirement rates for certificated employees were based on the 2020 CalSTRS retirement rates. Retirement rates for classified and management employees were based on the 2021 CalSTRS retirement rates. The rates are usually based on age and/or length of service.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2024 valuation were based on the results of an actual experience study as of the same date.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	<u>Total OPEB Liability</u>
Balance, June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 26,616,105</u>
Service cost	1,349,260
Interest	1,061,375
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(3,451,317)
Benefit payments	<u>(567,492)</u>
Net change in total OPEB liability	<u>(1,608,174)</u>
Balance, June 30, 2025	<u><u>\$ 25,007,931</u></u>

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes in Assumptions - The discount rate increased from 3.93% to 5.20% since the previous measurement.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (4.20%)	\$ 27,729,619
Current discount rate (5.20%)	25,007,931
1% increase (6.20%)	22,863,596

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.0%)	\$ 21,524,810
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.0%)	25,007,931
1% increase (5.0%)	28,931,492

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$2,157,575. The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 738,370	\$ 2,672,860
Changes of assumptions	2,651,674	6,575,272
Total	<u>\$ 3,390,044</u>	<u>\$ 9,248,132</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows or resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2026	\$ 480,202	\$ 749,718
2027	332,196	749,718
2028	332,196	749,718
2029	332,196	749,718
2030	332,196	749,718
Thereafter	1,581,058	5,499,542
Total	\$ 3,390,044	\$ 9,248,132

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$419,968 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was 0.1576% and 0.1537%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0039%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(46,467).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.93%	3.65%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.00%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	6.50%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2023, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 154 or an average of 0.12% of the potentially eligible population (132,333).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2024, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer's 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2024, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2024, was 3.93%, which is an increase of 0.28% from 3.65% as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.93%)	\$ 453,135
Current discount rate (3.93%)	419,968
1% increase (4.93%)	390,803

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (4.00% Part A and 5.50% Part B)	\$ 389,056
Current Medicare costs trend rates (5.00% Part A and 6.50% Part B)	419,968
1% increase (6.00% Part A and 7.50% Part B)	454,481

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

Note 10 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable			
Revolving cash	\$ 150,000	\$ 650	\$ 150,650
Stores inventories	117,456	194,171	311,627
Total nonspendable	267,456	194,821	462,277
Restricted			
Educational programs	33,952,183	8,471,229	42,423,412
Student activities	-	732,288	732,288
Food service	-	5,518,837	5,518,837
Capital projects	-	11,961,558	11,961,558
Debt services	-	6,711,246	6,711,246
Total restricted	33,952,183	33,395,158	67,347,341
Committed			
Adult education program	-	164,294	164,294
Instructional resources	2,059,432	-	2,059,432
Total committed	2,059,432	164,294	2,223,726
Assigned			
Other postemployment benefits	470,907	-	470,907
Capital projects	-	6,437,970	6,437,970
Total assigned	470,907	6,437,970	6,908,877
Unassigned			
Reserve for economic uncertainties	43,231,959	-	43,231,959
Total	\$ 79,981,937	\$ 40,192,243	\$ 120,174,180

Note 11 - Risk Management**Property and Liability**

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, the District contracted with the California Risk Management Authority (CRMA) and School Excess Liability Fund (SELF) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2025, the District participated in the California Risk Management Authority (CRMA), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of SIA is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in CRMA. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in CRMA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of CRMA. Participation in the CRMA is limited to districts that can meet CRMA selection criteria.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with California Valued Trust (CVT) to provide employee medical benefits for management, confidential employees, and certificated and classified employees. CVT is a shared risk pool. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Note 12 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

Pension Plan	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
CalSTRS	\$ 72,539,401	\$ 31,122,396	\$ 8,418,991	\$ 9,010,917
CalPERS	53,619,792	17,475,915	628,757	10,133,963
Total	<u>\$ 126,159,193</u>	<u>\$ 48,598,311</u>	<u>\$ 9,047,748</u>	<u>\$ 19,144,880</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$13,989,547.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 72,539,401
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	33,281,327
Total	<u>\$ 105,820,728</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating member districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was 0.1080% and 0.1039%, resulting in a net increase in the proportionate share of 0.0041%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$9,010,917. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$3,029,876 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 13,989,547	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	8,610,173	-
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	292,694
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	8,205,141	3,172,107
Changes of assumptions	317,535	4,954,190
Total	<u>\$ 31,122,396</u>	<u>\$ 8,418,991</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (4,862,836)
2027	5,856,660
2028	(477,832)
2029	(808,686)
Total	<u>\$ (292,694)</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 1,893,909
2027	1,747,502
2028	1,654,987
2029	1,893,538
2030	1,731,156
Thereafter	85,460
Total	<u>\$ 9,006,552</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP-2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2024 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. The assumed asset allocation and best estimates of the expected rates of return for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 129,023,858
Current discount rate (7.10%)	72,539,401
1% increase (8.10%)	25,372,536

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)**Plan Description**

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	27.050%	27.050%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$8,681,236.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$53,619,792. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively was 0.1500% and 0.1511%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0011%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$10,133,963. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 8,681,236	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	1,031,446	245,002
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	2,082,819	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	4,495,236	383,755
Changes of assumptions	1,185,178	-
Total	<u>\$ 17,475,915</u>	<u>\$ 628,757</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2025

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (17,956)
2027	3,238,310
2028	(478,500)
2029	(659,035)
Total	<u>\$ 2,082,819</u>

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 3,330,180
2027	1,825,993
2028	926,930
Total	<u>\$ 6,083,103</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10%	1.56%
High yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.48%
Private debt	5%	3.57%
Real assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the

current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, SEP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on SEP investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 79,652,648
Current discount rate (6.90%)	53,619,792
1% increase (7.90%)	32,114,580

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$6,720,197 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves, and have been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2025, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Projects	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Reedley High School Field Turf Replacement	\$ 648,221	September 2025
Reedley High School Electrical Improvements	423,648	September 2025
McCord Elementary Playground Installation	69,375	August 2025
Sheridan Elementary Playground Installation	43,260	August 2025
Washington Elementary Playground Installation	66,146	August 2025
HVAC Phase III	66,367	August 2025
Silas Bartsh School Fire Alarm	460,800	December 2025
Orange Cove High School Gym HVAC	572,094	December 2025
Total	<u>\$ 2,349,911</u>	

Note 14 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of the California Valued Trust (CVT), California Risk Management Authority (CRMA), and the School Excess Liability Fund (SELF) joint powers authorities (JPAs). The District pays an annual premium to the applicable entity for its health, workers' compensation, and property liability coverage. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPAs are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

The District does not have any board members appointed to the governing board of CVT.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made payments of \$16,795,935 to CVT for employee medical benefits.

The District does not have any board members appointed to the governing board of CRMA.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made payments of \$1,445,486 CRMA for workers' compensation insurance

The District does not have any board members appointed to the governing board of CRMA and SELF.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made payments of \$1,261,351 to CRMA and SELF for property and liability insurance coverage.

Note 15 - Restatement

Change in Accounting Principle

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. Therefore, compensated absences were increased by \$13,862,275 as of July 1, 2024. The effect of this change in accounting principle is described in the table below.

	Governmental Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on July 1, 2024	\$ 182,730,077
Change in accounting principle	<u>(13,862,275)</u>
Net Position - Beginning as Restated on July 1, 2024	<u><u>\$ 168,867,802</u></u>

Change within the Reporting Entity

During year ended June 30, 2025, there was a change within the financial reporting entity which resulted in the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects being reported as a nonmajor fund instead of major fund which resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance in the table below:

	Governmental Funds	
	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Beginning, as previously reported on July 1, 2024	\$ 9,523,217	\$ 29,506,547
Change to or within the financial reporting entity	<u>(9,523,217)</u>	<u>9,523,217</u>
Beginning, as Restated on July 1, 2024	<u><u>\$ -</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 39,029,764</u></u>

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative) Final to Actual
	Original	Final		
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 142,434,275	\$ 142,782,664	\$ 143,309,075	\$ 526,411
Federal sources	10,327,853	13,003,438	11,288,814	(1,714,624)
Other State sources	37,335,640	41,834,957	41,668,449	(166,508)
Other local sources	9,513,417	14,069,944	17,711,456	3,641,512
Total revenues ¹	199,611,185	211,691,003	213,977,794	2,286,791
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	75,675,513	74,843,509	74,634,693	208,816
Classified salaries	30,409,436	29,729,738	28,998,033	731,705
Employee benefits	47,824,172	49,671,833	47,950,669	1,721,164
Books and supplies	13,961,106	12,546,750	8,720,816	3,825,934
Services and operating expenditures	32,406,204	37,884,236	32,037,735	5,846,501
Other outgo	639,130	989,321	841,131	148,190
Capital outlay	2,346,646	10,964,864	7,153,431	3,811,433
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	-	-	353,805	(353,805)
Total expenditures ¹	203,262,207	216,630,251	200,690,313	15,939,938
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(3,651,022)	(4,939,248)	13,287,481	18,226,729
Other Financing Uses				
Transfers out	(500,000)	(500,000)	(500,000)	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,151,022)	(5,439,248)	12,787,481	18,226,729
Fund Balance - Beginning	67,194,456	67,194,456	67,194,456	-
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 63,043,434	\$ 61,755,208	\$ 79,981,937	\$ 18,226,729

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these funds are included in the actual revenues and expenditures, however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,349,260	\$ 1,358,290	\$ 1,350,759	\$ 1,872,213
Interest	1,061,375	940,469	871,986	652,866
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	487,625	-	(3,602,552)
Changes of assumptions	(3,451,317)	(823,511)	(274,803)	(3,266,211)
Benefit payments	(567,492)	(867,774)	(767,874)	(1,209,130)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(1,608,174)	1,095,099	1,180,068	(5,552,814)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	26,616,105	25,521,006	24,340,938	29,893,752
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 25,007,931</u>	<u>\$ 26,616,105</u>	<u>\$ 25,521,006</u>	<u>\$ 24,340,938</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>	<u>N/A ¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2025	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 1,809,105	\$ 1,084,173	\$ 1,052,595	\$ 838,328
Interest	635,550	727,444	761,914	747,519
Difference between expected and actual experience	-	462,316	302,452	-
Changes of assumptions	114,101	4,031,970	996,786	-
Benefit payments	(1,298,171)	(743,332)	(1,537,019)	(1,470,303)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,260,585	5,562,571	1,576,728	115,544
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	28,633,167	23,070,596	21,493,868	21,378,324
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 29,893,752</u>	<u>\$ 28,633,167</u>	<u>\$ 23,070,596</u>	<u>\$ 21,493,868</u>
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Year ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023	2022
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1576%	0.1537%	0.1482%	0.1401%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 419,968	\$ 466,435	\$ 488,117	\$ 558,751
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(1.02%)	(0.96%)	(0.94%)	(0.80%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Year ended June 30,	2021	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1563%	0.1567%	0.1527%	0.1513%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 662,370	\$ 583,634	\$ 584,464	\$ 636,688
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalSTRS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1080%	0.1039%	0.0987%	0.0932%	0.0897%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 72,539,401	\$ 79,149,632	\$ 68,605,869	\$ 42,410,709	\$ 86,927,494
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	33,281,327	37,922,814	34,357,551	21,339,424	44,811,134
Total	\$ 105,820,728	\$ 117,072,446	\$ 102,963,420	\$ 63,750,133	\$ 131,738,628
Covered payroll	\$ 71,421,199	\$ 63,045,602	\$ 55,914,332	\$ 52,429,065	\$ 49,194,602
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	101.57%	125.54%	122.70%	80.89%	176.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	84%	81%	81%	87%	72%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0886%	0.0851%	0.0836%	0.0838%	0.0831%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 80,014,382	\$ 78,186,294	\$ 77,305,980	\$ 67,788,614	\$ 55,971,347
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	43,653,187	44,765,310	45,733,565	38,590,849	29,602,672
Total	\$ 123,667,569	\$ 122,951,604	\$ 123,039,545	\$ 106,379,463	\$ 85,574,019
Covered payroll	\$ 48,337,967	\$ 46,635,218	\$ 44,519,141	\$ 42,242,563	\$ 39,923,063
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	165.53%	167.66%	173.65%	160.47%	140.20%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73%	71%	69%	70%	74%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalPERS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1500%	0.1511%	0.1471%	0.1396%	0.1377%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 53,619,792	\$ 54,688,099	\$ 50,630,659	\$ 28,380,581	\$ 42,239,689
Covered payroll	\$ 29,527,425	\$ 26,125,514	\$ 22,559,664	\$ 20,020,643	\$ 19,845,799
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	181.59%	209.33%	224.43%	141.76%	212.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	70%	70%	81%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1373%	0.1349%	0.1306%	0.1302%	0.1333%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 40,014,167	\$ 35,957,046	\$ 31,170,711	\$ 25,706,149	\$ 19,649,573
Covered payroll	\$ 19,060,165	\$ 17,785,281	\$ 16,656,185	\$ 15,601,249	\$ 14,718,571
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	209.94%	202.17%	187.14%	164.77%	133.50%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions – CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalSTRS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 13,989,547	\$ 13,641,449	\$ 12,041,710	\$ 9,460,705	\$ 8,467,294
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	13,989,547	13,641,449	12,041,710	9,460,705	8,467,294
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 73,243,702	\$ 71,421,199	\$ 63,045,602	\$ 55,914,332	\$ 52,429,065
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.10%	19.10%	19.10%	16.92%	16.15%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,412,277	\$ 7,869,421	\$ 6,729,462	\$ 5,600,508	\$ 4,532,627
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,412,277	7,869,421	6,729,462	5,600,508	4,532,627
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 49,194,602	\$ 48,337,967	\$ 46,635,218	\$ 44,519,141	\$ 42,242,563
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	17.10%	16.28%	14.43%	12.58%	10.73%

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalPERS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 8,681,236	\$ 7,877,917	\$ 6,628,043	\$ 5,168,419	\$ 4,144,273
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	8,681,236	7,877,917	6,628,043	5,168,419	4,144,273
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 32,093,294	\$ 29,527,425	\$ 26,125,514	\$ 22,559,664	\$ 20,020,643
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	27.050%	26.680%	25.370%	22.910%	20.700%
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,913,790	\$ 3,442,647	\$ 2,762,232	\$ 2,313,211	\$ 1,848,280
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	3,913,790	3,442,647	2,762,232	2,313,211	1,848,280
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Covered payroll	\$ 19,845,799	\$ 19,060,165	\$ 17,785,281	\$ 16,656,185	\$ 15,601,249
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	19.721%	18.062%	15.531%	13.888%	11.847%

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous measurement.
- Changes in Assumptions - The discount rate increased from 3.93% to 5.20% since the previous measurement.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - MPP Program and the plan fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.65% to 3.93% since the previous valuation. The Medicare Part A premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 4.50% to 5.00%, while the Medicare Part B premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 5.40% to 6.50% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution.

Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Defense Naval Junior ROTC	12.000	N/A	\$ 45,994
U.S. Department of Education Passed Through Fresno County SELPA Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	1,961,452
Special Education Grants to States - Mental Health Allocation Plan	84.027A	15197	115,513
Special Education Grants to States - Private School ISP	84.027	10115	144,326
Subtotal FFAL 84.027 programs			2,221,291
Special Education Preschool Grants - Part B, Section 619	84.173	13430	86,023
Total Special Education Cluster			2,307,314
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Adult Education - Adult Basic Education & ELA	84.002A	14508	59,718
Adult Education - Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	216,194
Subtotal FFAL 84.002 programs			275,912

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Migrant Education State Grant Program	84.011	14326	201,865
Migrant Education State Grant Program - Summer	84.011	10005	45,896
			<u>247,761</u>
Subtotal FFAL 84.011 programs			
COVID-19, Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund III (ESSER III) Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	870,172
COVID-19, Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER III State Reserve, Learning Loss	84.425U	15621	157
COVID-19, American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II)	84.425W	15566	21,658
			<u>891,987</u>
Subtotal FFAL 84.425 programs			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	5,414,922
ESEA: ESSA School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010	15438	491,947
			<u>5,906,869</u>
Subtotal FFAL 84.010 programs			
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	114,042
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	14346	521,026
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	543,563
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.424	15396	588,980
			<u>11,397,454</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through California Department of Social Services			
Child Care and Development Fund Cluster			
COVID-19, Child Development ARP California State			
Preschool Program Rate Supplements	93.575	15641	<u>3,191</u>
Total U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			<u>3,191</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California State Controller			
Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			
Forest Reserve	10.665	10044	<u>121,434</u>
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Local Food for Schools	10.555	15708	57,921
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	13523	633,232
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	13524	4,977,405
National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements	10.555	13755	529,940
National School Lunch Program - Commodity			
Supplemental Food	10.555	13524	<u>777,781</u>
Subtotal FFAL 10.555 programs			<u>6,976,279</u>
National School Lunch Program - Basic Breakfast	10.553	13525	9
National School Lunch Program - Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	<u>1,967,538</u>
Subtotal FFAL 10.553 programs			<u>1,967,547</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
Fresh Fruit and Vegetable Program	10.582	14968	202,925
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			9,146,751
Passed Through California Department of Social Services			
Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	13529	136,551
Cash In-Lieu of Commodities	10.558	13534	9,247
Subtotal FFAL 10.558 programs			145,798
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			9,413,983
Total Federal Financial Assistance			\$ 20,860,622

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Second Period Report</u>	<u>Annual Report</u>
Kings Canyon Unified School District		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	2,675.44	2,707.96
Fourth through sixth	2,073.54	2,081.42
Seventh and eighth	1,413.51	1,418.73
Ninth through twelfth	<u>2,720.03</u>	<u>2,694.46</u>
Total regular ADA	<u><u>8,882.52</u></u>	<u><u>8,902.57</u></u>
Kings Canyon Online Charter School		
All non-classroom based attendance		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	7.89	8.19
Fourth through sixth	7.77	7.67
Seventh and eighth	12.24	13.23
Ninth through twelfth	<u>112.94</u>	<u>113.11</u>
Total Charter School ADA	<u><u>140.84</u></u>	<u><u>142.20</u></u>
Reedley Middle College High Charter School		
All classroom based attendance		
Regular ADA		
Ninth through twelfth	<u><u>249.98</u></u>	<u><u>250.33</u></u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Schedule of Instructional Time

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2024-2025 Actual Minutes	Number of Actual Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	50,370	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400			
Grade 1		53,630	180	Complied
Grade 2		58,470	180	Complied
Grade 3		61,080	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000			
Grade 4		61,980	180	Complied
Grade 5		61,980	180	Complied
Grade 6		61,980	180	Complied
Grade 7		61,980	180	Complied
Grade 8		61,980	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800			
Grade 9		65,402	180	Complied
Grade 10		65,402	180	Complied
Grade 11		65,402	180	Complied
Grade 12		65,402	180	Complied

Reedley Middle College High School Charter School

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2024-2025 Actual Minutes	Number of Actual Days	Status
Grades 9 - 12	64,800			
Grade 9		65,460	180	Complied
Grade 10		65,460	180	Complied
Grade 11		65,460	180	Complied
Grade 12		65,460	180	Complied

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Schedule of Instructional Time

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Online Charter School

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>Number of Actual Days</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3		
Grade 1	180	Complied
Grade 2	180	Complied
Grade 3	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8		
Grade 4	180	Complied
Grade 5	180	Complied
Grade 6	180	Complied
Grade 7	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12		
Grade 9	180	Complied
Grade 10	180	Complied
Grade 11	180	Complied
Grade 12	180	Complied

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2025

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2025.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	(Budget) 2026 ¹	2025	2024 ¹	2023 ¹
General Fund ⁴				
Revenues	\$ 208,157,710	\$ 213,955,162	\$ 220,103,337	\$ 223,641,308
Other sources	-	-	1,096,127	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources	<u>208,157,710</u>	<u>213,955,162</u>	<u>221,199,464</u>	<u>223,641,308</u>
Expenditures	221,845,024	200,690,313	217,750,210	198,877,885
Other uses and transfers out	<u>4,850,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>5,407,460</u>	<u>4,591,869</u>
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>226,695,024</u>	<u>201,190,313</u>	<u>223,157,670</u>	<u>203,469,754</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>(18,537,314)</u>	<u>12,764,849</u>	<u>(1,958,206)</u>	<u>20,171,554</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 60,973,716</u>	<u>\$ 79,511,030</u>	<u>\$ 66,746,181</u>	<u>\$ 68,704,387</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 22,669,502</u>	<u>\$ 43,231,959</u>	<u>\$ 35,809,340</u>	<u>\$ 11,585,986</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>10.00%</u>	<u>21.49%</u>	<u>16.05%</u>	<u>5.69%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities ⁵	<u>Not Available</u>	<u>\$ 249,402,138</u>	<u>\$ 247,878,168</u>	<u>\$ 233,251,563</u>
Average Daily Attendance at P-2 ³	<u>8,883</u>	<u>8,883</u>	<u>8,839</u>	<u>8,737</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$10,806,643 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2025-2026 budget projects a decrease of \$18,537,314 (23.3%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.0% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surplus in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2025-2026 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$16,150,575 over the past two years primarily due to changes in the net pension obligation.

Average daily attendance has increased by 146 over the past two years. No change in ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2025-2026.

¹ Financial information for 2026, 2024, and 2023 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all undesignated fund balances and all funds designated for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

³ Excludes charter schools ADA.

⁴ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

⁵ Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 15 for further information.

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Name of Charter School</u>	<u>Charter Number</u>	<u>Included in Audit Report</u>
Kings Canyon Online	1074	Yes
Reedley Middle College High	1513	Yes

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 732,288	\$ 6,755,021	\$ 203,223	\$ 1,240,690	\$ 4,058,182
Receivables	-	581,954	319,738	16,503	2,165,151
Due from other funds	-	531,276	-	3,880	81,252
Stores inventories	-	-	-	-	194,171
Total assets	<u>\$ 732,288</u>	<u>\$ 7,868,251</u>	<u>\$ 522,961</u>	<u>\$ 1,261,073</u>	<u>\$ 6,498,756</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 191,294	\$ 103,419	\$ 45,338	\$ 441,107
Due to other funds	-	142,723	68,150	156,156	337,437
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	309,682	6,554
Total liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>334,017</u>	<u>171,569</u>	<u>511,176</u>	<u>785,098</u>
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	194,821
Restricted	732,288	7,534,234	187,098	749,897	5,518,837
Committed	-	-	164,294	-	-
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-
Total fund balances	<u>732,288</u>	<u>7,534,234</u>	<u>351,392</u>	<u>749,897</u>	<u>5,713,658</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 732,288</u>	<u>\$ 7,868,251</u>	<u>\$ 522,961</u>	<u>\$ 1,261,073</u>	<u>\$ 6,498,756</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 1,525,233	\$ 10,594,942	\$ 6,557,720	\$ 6,667,080	\$ 38,334,379
Receivables	20,817	79,425	101,509	44,166	3,329,263
Due from other funds	-	-	110,925	-	727,333
Stores inventories	-	-	-	-	194,171
Total assets	<u>\$ 1,546,050</u>	<u>\$ 10,674,367</u>	<u>\$ 6,770,154</u>	<u>\$ 6,711,246</u>	<u>\$ 42,585,146</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 5,873	\$ 252,986	\$ 187,254	\$ -	\$ 1,227,271
Due to other funds	-	-	144,930	-	849,396
Unearned revenue	-	-	-	-	316,236
Total liabilities	<u>5,873</u>	<u>252,986</u>	<u>332,184</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,392,903</u>
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	194,821
Restricted	1,540,177	10,421,381	-	6,711,246	33,395,158
Committed	-	-	-	-	164,294
Assigned	-	-	6,437,970	-	6,437,970
Total fund balances	<u>1,540,177</u>	<u>10,421,381</u>	<u>6,437,970</u>	<u>6,711,246</u>	<u>40,192,243</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 1,546,050</u>	<u>\$ 10,674,367</u>	<u>\$ 6,770,154</u>	<u>\$ 6,711,246</u>	<u>\$ 42,585,146</u>

Kings Canyon Unified School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues										
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ -	\$ 5,499,706	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,499,706
Federal sources	-	157	275,912	-	9,292,549	-	-	-	-	9,568,618
Other State sources	-	450,662	1,410,782	3,017,790	1,921,010	-	3,802,314	-	31,440	10,633,998
Other local sources	983,495	510,630	62,573	43,151	587,599	526,265	510,472	1,282,547	6,434,258	10,940,990
Total revenues	983,495	6,461,155	1,749,267	3,060,941	11,801,158	526,265	4,312,786	1,282,547	6,465,698	36,643,312
Expenditures										
Current										
Instruction	-	3,111,256	1,242,614	2,478,333	-	-	-	-	-	6,832,203
Instruction-related activities										
Supervision of instruction	-	103,705	3,933	1,799	-	-	-	-	-	109,437
Instructional library, media, and technology	-	157	22,240	-	-	-	-	-	-	22,397
School site administration	-	811,252	530,280	191,492	-	-	-	-	-	1,533,024
Pupil services										
Home-to-school transportation	-	34,740	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34,740
Food services	-	-	-	-	10,023,627	-	-	-	-	10,023,627
All other pupil services	-	489,571	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	489,571
Administration										
All other administration	-	135,797	58,044	143,123	317,846	-	-	-	-	654,810
Plant services	-	292,445	73,419	2,180	544,516	-	-	1,288,315	-	2,200,875
Ancillary services	968,704	230	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	968,934
Facility acquisition and construction	-	63,887	212,000	-	-	893,193	2,522,290	3,579,479	-	7,270,849
Debt service										
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,835,000	3,835,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,005,366	2,005,366
Total expenditures	968,704	5,043,040	2,142,530	2,816,927	10,885,989	893,193	2,522,290	4,867,794	5,840,366	35,980,833
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	14,791	1,418,115	(393,263)	244,014	915,169	(366,928)	1,790,496	(3,585,247)	625,332	662,479

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Other Financing Sources (Uses)										
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	500,000	-	500,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	14,791	1,418,115	(393,263)	244,014	915,169	(366,928)	1,790,496	(3,085,247)	625,332	1,162,479
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	717,497	6,116,119	744,655	505,883	4,798,489	1,907,105	8,630,885	-	6,085,914	29,506,547
Adjustment (Note 15)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,523,217	-	9,523,217
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	717,497	6,116,119	744,655	505,883	4,798,489	1,907,105	8,630,885	9,523,217	6,085,914	39,029,764
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 732,288</u>	<u>\$ 7,534,234</u>	<u>\$ 351,392</u>	<u>\$ 749,897</u>	<u>\$ 5,713,658</u>	<u>\$ 1,540,177</u>	<u>\$ 10,421,381</u>	<u>\$ 6,437,970</u>	<u>\$ 6,711,246</u>	<u>\$ 40,192,243</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Kings Canyon Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Kings Canyon Unified School District, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or fund balances of Kings Canyon Unified School District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the year ending June 30, 2025, the District disbursed food commodities totaling \$529,940.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District, and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Other Information
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Organization

The Kings Canyon Unified School District was organized on July 1, 1966, and consists of an area comprising approximately 600 square miles. The District operates twelve elementary schools, three middle schools, two high schools, one continuation school, two charter schools, one independent study school, and an adult education school. There were no boundary changes during the year.

Governing Board

Member	Office	Term Expires
Sarah Rola	President	2026
Clotilda Mora	Clerk	2028
Craig Cooper	Member	2028
Nancy Hernandez	Member	2028
Monica Benner	Member	2026
Noel Remick	Member	2026
Robin Tyler	Member	2026

Administration

Name	Title
John Campbell	Superintendent
Roberto Gutierrez	Deputy Superintendent
Jose Guzman	Assistant Superintendent of Business and Educational Operations
Lori Botkin	Assistant Superintendent-Elementary Education
Eddie Nolen	Assistant Superintendent-Secondary Education
Sergio Rodriguez	Student Services Administrator
Ronnie Pack	Administrator of Resource Development
Sharon Matsuzaki	Data Systems and Accountability Coordinator
Shaun Rodriguez	Director of Fiscal Services

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District



**Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Governing Board
Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reedley, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kings Canyon Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated February 26, 2026.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 15 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2024, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
February 26, 2026



Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reedley, California

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Kings Canyon Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
February 26, 2026



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control Over Compliance

To the Governing Board
Kings Canyon Unified School District
Reedley, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Kings Canyon Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2024-2025 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes

2024-2025 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Not Applicable
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Yes
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term “Not Applicable” is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2025-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with a compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention from those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Fresno, California
February 26, 2026

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2025

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Kings Canyon Unified School District

Summary of Auditor's Results

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>Federal Financial Assistance Listing</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555, 10.582
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Other matters to be reported	Yes
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

None reported.

None reported.

The following finding represents an instance of noncompliance that is required to be reported by the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries

2025-001 61000 – Classroom Teacher Salaries

Criteria

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41372, the District is required to expend at least 55% of General Fund expenditures on classroom teacher salaries.

Condition

In reviewing Form CEA, it was noted the District did not meet the minimum percentage required for payment of classroom teachers. Form CEA reported total current expense (Column 5) of \$179,627,579 and minimum classroom compensation (Part II) of \$84,857,115 which represented 47.24% of current expense, resulting in a deficiency of 7.76% or \$13,939,100.

Cause

As a result of the District receiving significant sources of funding to be used specifically for expenditures related to non-instructional direct services to students, the District’s ratio was not maintained.

Effect

The noncompliance resulted in the District being deficient by 7.76% or \$13,939,100.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs related to this finding.

Repeat Finding

Yes, this is a repeat finding related to Finding 2024-002.

Recommendation

The District should request a waiver from the Fresno County Superintendent of Schools for this issue.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District continues to utilize one-time funding to be used specifically for COVID-19 related expenditures. This injection of funds continues to impact the ratio for Current Expense of Education. A waiver was submitted with Fresno County Superintendent of Schools office. The Director of Fiscal Services will conduct an analysis to identify and evaluate ways to maximize resources for the purposes of increasing the Current Expense of Education to meet the 55% requirement.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

State Compliance Findings

2024-001 40000 - Expanded Learning Opportunities Program

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Education Code Section 46120(b)(2)(D) requires that if the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program (ELOP) serve transitional kindergarten or kindergarten pupils, it maintains a pupil-to-staff member ratio of no more than 10:1 and all other grade levels maintain a pupil-to-staff member ratio of no more than 20:1.

Condition

During our audit, we discovered that two out of the three Expanded Learning Opportunities Program transitional kindergarten or kindergarten classes at A.L. Conner have a pupil-to-staff member ratio of 11:1. Additionally, one out of the three transitional kindergarten or kindergarten classes at Riverview Elementary has a pupil-to-staff member ratio of 11:1.

Cause

The noncompliance is due to a current shortage of qualified staff.

Effect

The District is out of compliance with *Education Code* Section 46120(b)(2)(D).

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs related to this finding.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

We recommend the District continue to work towards meeting the required pupil-to-staff ratio of 10:1 for the transitional kindergarten and kindergarten classes.

Current Status

Implemented.

2024-002 61000 - Classroom Teacher Salaries

Criteria or Specific Requirements

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41372, the District is required to expend at least 55% of General Fund expenditures on classroom teacher salaries.

Condition

In reviewing Form CEA, it was noted the District did not meet the minimum percentage required for payment of classroom teachers. Form CEA reported total current expense (Column 5) of \$173,858,630 and minimum classroom compensation (Part II) of \$81,795,810 which represented 47.05% of current expense, resulting in a deficiency of 7.95% or \$13,821,761.

Cause

As a result of the District receiving significant sources of one-time funding to be used specifically for COVID-19 related expenditures, the District's ratio was not maintained.

Effect

The noncompliance resulted in the District being deficient by 7.95% or \$13,821,761.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs related to this finding.

Repeat Finding

Yes, this is a repeat finding related to Finding 2023-002.

Recommendation

The District should request a waiver from the Fresno County Superintendent of Schools for this issue.

Current Status

Not implemented, see current year findings and recommendations.