
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

**Financial Report
with Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025**

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "School District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School District as of June 30, 2025 and the respective changes in its financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for 12 months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, the budgetary comparison schedule, and the schedules of the School District's contributions and share of the net pension and OPEB liabilities, as defined in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, which considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, is presented for the purpose of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

To the Board of Education
Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 17, 2025 on our consideration of the School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Plante & Moreau, PLLC

October 17, 2025

This section of Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan's (the "School District") annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance during the year ended June 30, 2025. Please read it in conjunction with the School District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Using This Annual Report

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those financial statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan financially as a whole. The government-wide financial statements provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant funds, the General Fund, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series IV, the 2010 Sinking Fund, and the Debt Service Fund, with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statements, the statements of fiduciary net position and changes in fiduciary net position, present financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for donor-sponsored scholarships. This report is composed of the following elements:

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

Basic Financial Statements

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statements

Required Supplementary Information

Budgetary Information for the General Fund

Schedules of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension and Net OPEB Liabilities

Schedules of Pension and OPEB Contributions

Other Supplementary Information

Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "As a whole, what is the School District's financial condition as a result of the year's activities?" The statement of net position and the statement of activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private sector companies. All of the current year's revenue and expenses are taken into account, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets plus deferred outflows of resources and liabilities plus deferred inflows of resources, as reported in the statement of net position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position, as reported in the statement of activities, are indicators of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenue and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools, to assess the overall health of the School District.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The statement of net position and the statement of activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, support services, community services, food services, athletics, recreation, child care, debt service, and capital projects. Property taxes, unrestricted state aid (foundation allowance revenue), and state and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the School District's Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds, not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by state law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (the Food Service Fund is an example) or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money (such as bond-funded construction funds used for voter-approved capital projects).

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the statement of net position and the statement of activities) and governmental funds in a reconciliation.

Fiduciary Fund

The School District has certain fiduciary responsibilities for its custodial fund. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in this fund are used for their intended purpose.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The School District as a Whole

Recall that the statement of net position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. The following table provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
	(in millions)	
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 502.2	\$ 270.6
Capital assets	377.0	352.4
Total assets	879.2	623.0
Deferred Outflows of Resources	113.5	163.0
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	63.3	75.8
Noncurrent liabilities	468.0	306.7
Net pension liability	347.6	463.6
Total liabilities	878.9	846.1
Deferred Inflows of Resources	200.2	147.1
Net Position (Deficit)		
Net investment in capital assets	247.8	213.7
Restricted	77.9	21.3
Unrestricted	(412.1)	(442.2)
Total net position (deficit)	<u>\$ (86.4)</u>	<u>\$ (207.2)</u>

The above analysis focuses on net position. The change in net position of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(86.4) million at June 30, 2025. Net investment in capital assets totaling \$247.8 million compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets, to long-term debt used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, a deficit of \$412.1 million, was unrestricted.

The \$(412.1) million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. A total of approximately \$347.6 million of this deficit in unrestricted net position is the School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability related to the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the condensed statement of activities below, which shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and 2024:

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
	(in millions)	
Revenue		
Program revenue:		
Charges for services	\$ 7.0	\$ 6.5
Operating grants	146.3	144.3
General revenue:		
Taxes	187.3	179.0
State aid not restricted to specific purposes	76.0	83.6
Other	16.4	15.0
Total revenue	433.0	428.4
Expenses		
Instruction	170.4	205.7
Support services	101.3	117.7
Athletics	4.1	4.2
Food services	8.2	8.8
Community services	1.1	1.2
Recreation and child care	5.4	5.4
Debt service	14.7	9.9
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	7.0	3.6
Total expenses	312.2	356.5
Change in Net Position	120.8	71.9
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year	(207.2)	(279.1)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year	<u><u>\$ (86.4)</u></u>	<u><u>\$ (207.2)</u></u>

As reported in the statement of activities, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$312.2 million. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the programs (\$7.0 million) or by other governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$146.3 million). We paid for the remaining public benefit portion of our governmental activities with \$187.3 million in taxes, \$76.0 million in state foundation allowance, and other revenue (i.e., interest and general entitlements).

The School District experienced an increase in net position of approximately \$120.8 million. Key reasons for the change in net position were a reduction in the School District's share of the net MPERS pension liability and OPEB asset and the related deferred inflow and outflows and an increase in net investments in capital assets.

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted state aid constitute the vast majority of district operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with state-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps the reader consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it and may provide more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

As the School District completed this year, the governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$380.5 million, which is an increase of \$192.1 million from last year. The primary reasons for the increase are as follows:

In the General Fund, our principal operating fund, fund balance increased from \$7.1 million to \$21.6 million. The change is mainly due to a reduction in staffing costs and purchased services.

The fund balance of our special revenue funds increased by \$0.3 million as a result of a reduction of expenses in all funds.

The fund balance of our debt service fund increased by \$0.6 million. Millage rates are determined annually to ensure that the School District accumulates sufficient resources to pay annual bond issue-related debt service. Debt service fund balances are reserved since they can be used only to pay debt service obligations.

Combined, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III, and the 2019 Bond Fund - Series IV fund balances increased by 173.1 million. The primary activities of these funds include the issuance of bonds and the related spending on capital improvements associated with the 2019 bond program.

Combined, the fund balance of our remaining capital projects funds (excluding the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III, and the 2019 Bond Fund - Series IV) increased by \$0.1 million. This increase is primarily due to fewer current year projects funded by the 2010 Sinking Fund while collecting the levied millage on the sinking fund.

General Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenue and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. The final amendment to the budget was adopted in June 2025. A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in the required supplementary information of these financial statements.

There were significant revisions made to the 2024-2025 General Fund original budget. Budgeted revenue decreased by \$1.3 million due to a reduction in State Revenue due to lower enrollment.

Budgeted expenditures also decreased by \$0.7 million due to lower wage and benefit costs due to a reduction in staff FTE.

Variances between the final budget and actual amounts are due to unanticipated additional allocations for state grants, reallocations of one-time retirement expenditures, and additional preventive maintenance investments for health and safety measures.

Capital Assets and Long-term Liability Administration

Capital Assets

As of June 30, 2025, the School District had \$377.0 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land and land improvements, construction, buildings, buses, and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, disposals, and depreciation) of approximately \$24.5 million, or 7.0 percent, from last year.

	2025	2024
Land	\$ 5,701,212	\$ 5,701,212
Construction in progress	38,084,499	76,824,704
Buildings and improvements	608,169,718	530,493,086
Furniture and equipment	48,231,870	47,090,922
Buses and other vehicles	15,299,724	12,686,910
Land improvements	48,906,831	46,035,051
Total capital assets	764,393,854	718,831,885
Less accumulated depreciation	387,404,267	366,382,509
Total capital assets - Net of accumulated depreciation	<u><u>\$ 376,989,587</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 352,449,376</u></u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Management's Discussion and Analysis (Continued)

This year's additions of \$45.6 million included a building, building renovations, equipment, technology, vehicles, and site improvements. Several major capital projects are planned for the 2025-2026 fiscal year. The School District adopted a capital improvement plan in alignment with the referendum and in coordination with the 2020 sale of the building and site bonds. We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the notes to the financial statements.

Long-term Liability Administration

At the end of this year, the School District had \$432.3 million in bonds outstanding versus \$283.6 million in the previous year - a change of 52.4 percent. Those bonds consisted of the following:

	2025	2024
General obligation bonds	\$ 432,330,000	\$ 283,630,000

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues qualified debt (i.e., debt backed by the State of Michigan), such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding unqualified general obligation debt is significantly below this statutorily imposed limit.

Other obligations include arbitrage, accrued compensated absences, workers' compensation, and debt issuance premiums. We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the notes to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2025-2026 fiscal year budget. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2025-2026 budget was adopted in June 2025 based on an estimate of students who will enroll in September 2025, an estimated per pupil foundation allowance, and projected state categorical funding. Approximately 79 percent of total General Fund revenue is from the foundation allowance and state categorical revenue. Under state law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data at the start of the 2025-2026 school year, we anticipate the fall student count will be in line with the estimates used in creating the 2025-2026 budget. Once the final student count and related state funding sources are validated, the School District will take steps to confirm the budget aligns with projected revenue. State law requires the School District to amend the budget if actual district resources are not sufficient to fund original appropriations.

Contacting the School District's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our taxpayers, parents, and investors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to illustrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or need additional information, we welcome you to contact the business office at 3700 Earhart Road, Ann Arbor, MI 48105.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

Governmental Activities

Assets

Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 39,730,961
Receivables:	
Accounts receivable	493,209
Due from other governments	30,142,412
Inventory	167,301
Prepaid expenses and other assets	453,907
Restricted assets (Note 4)	370,818,159
Net OPEB asset (Note 11)	60,431,716
Capital assets - Net (Note 6)	376,989,587
Total assets	879,227,252

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred pension costs (Note 11)	97,643,905
Deferred OPEB costs (Note 11)	15,899,586
Total deferred outflows of resources	113,543,491

Liabilities

Accounts payable	19,545,593
Accrued liabilities and other	31,350,986
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	12,357,304
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year (Note 8)	39,580,762
Due in more than one year (Note 8)	428,448,727
Net pension liability (Note 11)	347,607,014
Total liabilities	878,890,386

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date (Note 11)	18,980,773
Deferred pension cost reductions (Note 11)	101,993,972
Deferred OPEB cost reductions (Note 11)	79,260,258
Total deferred inflows of resources	200,235,003

Net Position (Deficit)

Net investment in capital assets	247,808,615
Restricted:	
Debt service	1,243,515
Capital projects	16,284,330
Net OPEB asset	60,431,716
Unrestricted	(412,122,822)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ (86,354,646)

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Expenses	Program Revenue		Governmental
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
Functions/Programs				
Primary government - Governmental activities:				
Instruction	\$ 170,363,486	\$ 409,740	\$ 86,446,737	\$ (83,507,009)
Support services	101,272,469	-	53,852,066	(47,420,403)
Athletics	4,146,387	894,021	-	(3,252,366)
Food services	8,180,124	347,151	4,580,161	(3,252,812)
Community services	1,067,625	-	1,417,160	349,535
Recreation and child care	5,392,117	5,334,228	-	(57,889)
Interest	8,926,201	-	-	(8,926,201)
Other debt costs	5,748,050	-	-	(5,748,050)
Depreciation expense (unallocated)	6,961,665	-	-	(6,961,665)
Total primary government	\$ 312,058,124	\$ 6,985,140	\$ 146,296,124	(158,776,860)
General revenue:				
Taxes:				
Property taxes levied for general purposes				106,274,971
Property taxes levied for debt service				51,184,211
Property taxes levied for sinking fund				29,801,798
State aid not restricted to specific purposes				75,999,912
Federal grants and contributions not restricted to specific purposes				298,512
Interest and investment earnings				11,385,040
Gain on sale of capital assets				91,650
Other				4,603,169
Total general revenue				279,639,263
Change in Net Position				120,862,403
Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of year				(207,217,049)
Net Position (Deficit) - End of year				\$ (86,354,646)

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	2019 Bond Fund - Series III	2019 Bond Fund - Series IV	2010 Sinking Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets							
Cash and investments (Note 4)	\$ 36,631,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,099,910	\$ 39,730,961
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable	219,390	-	-	-	-	273,819	493,209
Due from other governments	29,951,644	-	-	-	-	190,768	30,142,412
Due from other funds (Note 7)	-	285,488	-	-	-	-	285,488
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	167,301	167,301
Prepaid expenses and other assets	284,586	-	-	-	-	169,321	453,907
Restricted assets (Note 4)	-	77,555,971	200,114,051	86,453,893	3,395,756	3,298,488	370,818,159
Total assets	\$ 67,086,671	\$ 77,841,459	\$ 200,114,051	\$ 86,453,893	\$ 3,395,756	\$ 7,199,607	\$ 442,091,437
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 3,787,204	\$ 982,449	\$ -	\$ 14,280,685	\$ 32,312	\$ 462,943	\$ 19,545,593
Due to other funds (Note 7)	285,488	-	-	-	-	-	285,488
Accrued liabilities and other	29,231,057	-	-	-	-	-	29,231,057
Unearned revenue (Note 5)	11,947,453	-	-	-	-	409,851	12,357,304
Total liabilities	45,251,202	982,449	-	14,280,685	32,312	872,794	61,419,442
Deferred Inflows of Resources - Unavailable revenue (Note 5)	192,730	-	-	-	-	-	192,730
Total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources	45,443,932	982,449	-	14,280,685	32,312	872,794	61,612,172
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	-	-	-	-	-	167,301	167,301
Prepays	284,586	-	-	-	-	169,321	453,907
Restricted:							
Debt service	-	-	-	-	3,363,444	-	3,363,444
Capital projects	-	76,859,010	200,114,051	72,173,208	-	3,298,488	352,444,757
Food service	-	-	-	-	-	778,971	778,971
Committed:							
Student/School activities	-	-	-	-	-	1,425,015	1,425,015
Community services	-	-	-	-	-	487,717	487,717
Unassigned	21,358,153	-	-	-	-	-	21,358,153
Total fund balances	21,642,739	76,859,010	200,114,051	72,173,208	3,363,444	6,326,813	380,479,265
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	\$ 67,086,671	\$ 77,841,459	\$ 200,114,051	\$ 86,453,893	\$ 3,395,756	\$ 7,199,607	\$ 442,091,437

See notes to financial statements.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2025

Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 380,479,265
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:	
Cost of capital assets	764,393,854
Accumulated depreciation	<u>(387,404,267)</u>
Net capital assets used in governmental activities	376,989,587
Receivables that are not collected soon after year end are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds	192,730
Bonds payable are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds	(460,091,739)
Accrued interest is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported in the funds	(2,119,929)
Some employee fringe benefits are payable over a long period of years and do not represent a claim on current financial resources; therefore, they are not reported as fund liabilities:	
Employee compensated absences	(1,972,855)
Termination pay	(882,719)
Self-insurance liability	(218,796)
Net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows	(351,957,081)
Net OPEB asset and related deferred inflows and outflows	<u>(2,928,956)</u>
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in the statement of net position and is not reported in the funds	(18,980,773)
Other long-term liabilities, such as arbitrage liabilities, do not present a claim on current financial resources and are not reported as fund liabilities	<u>(4,863,380)</u>
Net Position (Deficit) of Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ (86,354,646)</u></u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	2019 Bond Fund - Series III	Formerly Major - 2019 Bond Fund - Series II	2019 Bond Fund - Series IV	2010 Sinking Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenue								
Local sources	\$ 112,756,637	\$ 4,141,350	\$ -	\$ 636,936	\$ 33,709,866	\$ 51,468,203	\$ 7,525,132	\$ 210,238,124
State sources	149,545,042	-	-	-	-	-	4,218,025	153,763,067
Federal sources	9,770,886	800,000	-	-	-	-	4,452,430	15,023,316
Interdistrict sources	44,284,598	-	-	-	-	-	-	44,284,598
Total revenue	316,357,163	4,941,350	-	636,936	33,709,866	51,468,203	16,195,587	423,309,105
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction	181,248,156	-	-	-	-	-	7,799	181,255,955
Support services	114,329,515	694,554	-	-	1,197,892	118,421	1,455,975	117,796,357
Athletics	4,706,926	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,706,926
Food services	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,200,197	8,200,197
Community services	1,182,752	-	-	-	-	-	154,720	1,337,472
Recreation and child care	-	-	-	-	-	-	5,392,117	5,392,117
Debt service:								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	40,355,000	-	40,355,000
Interest	395,817	-	-	-	-	10,264,661	-	10,660,478
Other debt costs	-	-	-	807,678	-	201,899	-	1,009,577
Capital outlay	223,479	26,271,069	-	-	29,057,682	-	5,390,334	60,942,564
Total expenditures	302,086,645	26,965,623	-	807,678	30,255,574	50,939,981	20,601,142	431,656,643
Excess of Revenue Over (Under)								
Expenditures	14,270,518	(22,024,273)	-	(170,742)	3,454,292	528,222	(4,405,555)	(8,347,538)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Face value of debt issued	-	-	-	189,625,000	-	11,205,000	-	200,830,000
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	91,650	-	-	-	-	-	-	91,650
Premium on debt issued	-	-	-	10,659,793	-	495,748	-	11,155,541
Transfers in	183,099	1,378,201	-	-	-	-	44,720	1,606,020
Payment to bond refunding escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	(11,650,093)	-	(11,650,093)
Transfers out	(44,720)	-	-	-	-	-	(1,561,300)	(1,606,020)
Total other financing sources (uses)	230,029	1,378,201	-	200,284,793	-	50,655	(1,516,580)	200,427,098
Net Change in Fund Balances	14,500,547	(20,646,072)	-	200,114,051	3,454,292	578,877	(5,922,135)	192,079,560
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported	\$ 7,142,192	\$ 97,505,082	\$ 6,335,168	\$ -	\$ 68,718,916	\$ 2,784,567	\$ 5,913,780	\$ 188,399,705

See notes to financial statements.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Continued)

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	2019 Bond Fund - Series III	Formerly Major - 2019 Bond Fund - Series II	2019 Bond Fund - Series IV	2010 Sinking Fund	Debt Service Fund	Nonmajor Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (6,335,168)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,335,168	\$ -
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as restated (Note 2)	7,142,192	97,505,082	-	-	68,718,916	2,784,567	12,248,948	188,399,705
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$ 21,642,739</u>	<u>\$ 76,859,010</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 200,114,051</u>	<u>\$ 72,173,208</u>	<u>\$ 3,363,444</u>	<u>\$ 6,326,813</u>	<u>\$ 380,479,265</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Governmental Funds Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Net Change in Fund Balances Reported in Governmental Funds	\$ 192,079,560
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures; however, in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation:	
Capitalized capital outlay	45,561,969
Depreciation expense	(21,021,758)
Revenue in the statement of activities that does not provide current financial resources is not reported as revenue in the funds until it is available	188,141
Revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date	9,331,631
Issuing debt, net of premiums and discounts, provides current financial resources to governmental funds but increases long-term liabilities in the statement of net position	(211,985,541)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but not in the statement of activities (where it reduces long-term debt); amortization of premium/discounts and inflows/outflows related to bond refundings are not expenses in the governmental funds	54,273,429
Interest expense is recognized in the government-wide statements as it accrues	(409,152)
Some employee costs (pension, OPEB, or compensated absences) do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	57,707,504
Claims and similar costs that do not use current financial resources are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds	<u>(4,863,380)</u>
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	<u>\$ 120,862,403</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

**Fiduciary Fund
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position**

	June 30, 2025
	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
Assets - Cash and investments	\$ 340,993
Liabilities - Accounts payable	<u>123</u>
Net Position - Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	<u>\$ 340,870</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Fiduciary Fund Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
Additions - Contributions and fundraising	\$ 113,768
Deductions - Expenses	<u>145,388</u>
Net Decrease in Fiduciary Net Position	(31,620)
Net Position - Beginning of year	<u>372,490</u>
Net Position - End of year	<u><u>\$ 340,870</u></u>

June 30, 2025

Note 1 - Nature of Business

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan (the "School District") is a school district in the state of Michigan that provides educational services to students.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies

Accounting and Reporting Principles

The School District follows accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP), as applicable to governmental units. Accounting and financial reporting pronouncements are promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District:

Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected seven-member Board of Education. In accordance with government accounting principles, there are no separate legal entities appropriate to be reported within these financial statements.

Report Presentation

Governmental accounting principles require that financial reports include two different perspectives - the government-wide perspective and the fund-based perspective. The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. The government-wide financial statements are presented on the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The statements also present a schedule reconciling these amounts to the modified accrual-based presentation found in the fund-based statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenue. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenue includes: (1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenue are reported instead as general revenue.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

The governmental funds use the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting is intended to better demonstrate accountability for how the School District has spent its resources.

Expenditures are reported when the goods are received or the services are rendered. Capital outlays are reported as expenditures (rather than as capital assets) because they reduce the ability to spend resources in the future; conversely, employee benefit costs that will be funded in the future (such as pension and retiree health care-related costs or sick and vacation pay) are not counted until they come due for payment. In addition, debt service expenditures, claims, and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Revenue is not recognized until it is collected or collected soon enough after the end of the year that it is available to pay for obligations outstanding at the end of the year. For this purpose, the School District considers amounts collected within 60 days of year end to be available for recognition. Revenue not meeting this definition is classified as a deferred inflow of resources.

Fiduciary funds use the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned, and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Fund Accounting

The School District accounts for its various activities in several different funds in order to demonstrate accountability for how it spends certain resources; separate funds allow the School District to show the particular expenditures for which specific revenue is used. The various funds are aggregated into the following fund types:

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds include all activities that provide general governmental services that are not business-type activities. This includes the General Fund, special revenue funds, the Debt Service Fund, and capital projects funds. The School District reports the following funds as major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the primary operating fund because it accounts for all financial resources used to provide government services other than those specifically assigned to another fund.
- The 2019 Bond Fund - Series III and 2019 Bond Fund - Series IV are used to record bond proceeds and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for upgrading school facilities, enhancing building security, and upgrading learning environments throughout the School District. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.
- The 2010 Sinking Fund is used to record sinking fund millage tax revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for the purchase of real estate and construction or repairs of school buildings, in accordance with the applicable provisions of §1212 of the State of Michigan Revised School Code.
- The Debt Service Fund is used to record tax, interest, and other revenue for payment of interest, principal, and other expenditures on long-term debt.

Additionally, the School District reports the following nonmajor governmental fund types:

- Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes. The School District's special revenue funds include the Food Service Fund, the Community Services Fund, and the School/Student Activity Fund. Any operating deficit generated by these activities is the responsibility of the General Fund.
- Capital projects funds are used to record bond proceeds, or other revenue and the disbursement of invoices specifically designated for acquiring new school sites, buildings, and equipment; technology upgrades; and remodeling and repairs. The funds operate until the purpose for which they were created is accomplished.

Fiduciary Funds

Fiduciary funds include amounts held in a fiduciary capacity for others. These amounts are not used to operate the School District's programs. The School District maintains a custodial fund to record the transactions of scholarship funds.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Interfund Activity

During the course of operations, the School District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Furthermore, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Specific Balances and Transactions

Cash and Investments

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term money market fund investments with a maturity of three months or less when acquired. Investments are stated at fair value except for investments in external investment pools and commercial paper with a maturity of less than 270 days, which are valued at amortized cost.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements, when applicable.

Restricted Assets

The unspent bond proceeds of the capital projects and sinking funds require amounts to be set aside for construction or bond-related purchases. In addition, cash and investments in the Debt Service Fund are required to be set aside for future bond principal and interest payments. These amounts have been classified as restricted assets.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$10,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Costs of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

	Depreciable Life - Years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50
Furniture and equipment	5 to 20
Vehicles	5 to 10

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bond using the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed at the time they are incurred. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond issuances and premiums as other financing sources and bond discounts as other financing uses. The Debt Service Fund is generally used to liquidate governmental long-term debt.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenditure) until then. The School District reports deferred outflows related to deferred charges on bond refundings and deferred pension and OPEB costs.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and/or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to future periods and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The School District reports deferred inflows related to unavailable revenue, revenue in support of pension contributions made subsequent to the measurement date, and deferred pension and OPEB plan costs.

Net Position

Net position of the School District is classified in three components. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and is reduced by the current balances of any outstanding borrowings used to finance the purchase or construction of those assets. The restricted component of net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the remaining net position that does not meet the definition of invested in capital or restricted.

Net Position Flow Assumption

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

The School District will sometimes fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the School District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Furthermore, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The nonspendable fund balance component represents amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Restricted fund balance represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation for use for a specific purpose. The School District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the School District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the School District that can, by passing a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once passed, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the passing of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the government for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The School District has, by resolution, authorized the Board of Education to assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist only temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential either to remove or revise a commitment.

Property Tax Revenue

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. The School District considers all receivables to be fully collectible; accordingly, no allowance for uncollectible amounts is recorded. Property taxes are levied on July 1 and December 1 on the taxable valuation of property as of the preceding March 1. Taxes are considered delinquent on March 1 of the following year. At that time, penalties and interest are assessed, and the total obligation is added to the county tax rolls.

Grants and Contributions

The School District receives federal, state, and local grants, as well as contributions from individuals and private organizations. Revenue from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) is recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements, are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as nonoperating revenue. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after nonoperating revenue and expenses.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability and net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to each plan, and pension and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPERS) and additions to/deductions from the MPERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPERS. MPERS uses the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Contribution revenue is recorded as contributions are due, pursuant to legal requirements. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized as expenses when due and payable in accordance with the plan benefit terms. Related plan investments are reported at fair value.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Compensated Absences

It is the School District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused sick and vacation pay benefits. In accordance with GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*, the School District has accrued a liability for future absences, recognizing the obligation relating to compensation for absences attributable to services already rendered. A leave liability is recognized on the government-wide statements due to the leave attributable to services already rendered, leave that accumulates, and leave that is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means.

Accumulated Vacation

Employees other than instructors accrue vacation based on number of days worked and seniority. Accumulated vacation days lapse at year end for school district administrators and unclassified personnel. However, such groups are permitted to carry over a maximum of 20 unused vacation days. All other noninstructor employee groups accrue vacation days during the current fiscal year.

Sick Leave

School district employees are entitled to accumulate unused sick leave days. Subject to variations among different classes of personnel, employees with 10 or more years of service who retire or terminate employment are paid a per diem rate for a percentage (50 percent to 70 percent range) of their accumulated sick leave days, based on contract language.

Termination Pay

The liability for termination is a future benefit that consists of amounts due to eligible employees based on their respective contracts. Because the termination benefits do not have determinable payment dates, the cost of these benefits are calculated at the undiscounted total of estimated future benefit payments at current cost levels. All of these are reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only for employee terminations as of year end. Certain employees are entitled to receive a lump-sum payment upon termination of employment with the School District. The amount is generally based on the employees' current wage rate and number of years of service accumulated as of June 30, 2003.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Accounting Changes

Changes to or within the Financial Reporting Entity

Change in Major Funds

The 2019 Bond Fund - Series II was previously reported as a major fund but is now reported as a nonmajor fund for fiscal year 2025. The effects of this change in major funds are shown in the table below.

June 30, 2025

Note 2 - Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**Adjustments to and Restatements of Beginning Balances**

During fiscal year 2025, the changes noted above resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance as follows:

	June 30, 2024		June 30, 2024
	As Previously Reported	Change within the Financial Reporting Entity	As Restated
Governmental funds:			
Major funds:			
General Fund	\$ 7,142,192	\$ -	\$ 7,142,192
2019 Bond Fund - Series III	97,505,082	-	97,505,082
2010 Sinking Fund	68,718,916	-	68,718,916
Debt Service Fund	2,784,567	-	2,784,567
2019 Bond Fund - Series II	6,335,168	(6,335,168)	-
Nonmajor funds	5,913,780	6,335,168	12,248,948
Total governmental funds	<u>\$ 188,399,705</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 188,399,705</u>

Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

In April 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*, which establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements or modifies existing requirements related to the following: management's discussion and analysis; unusual or infrequent items; presentation of the proprietary fund statement of revenue, expenses, and changes in fund net position; information about major component units in basic financial statements; budgetary comparison information; and financial trends information in the statistical section. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

In September 2024, the Governmental Accounting Standards Board issued Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets*, which requires certain types of capital assets, such as lease assets, intangible right-of-use assets, subscription assets, and other intangible assets, to be disclosed separately by major class of underlying asset in the capital assets note. This statement also requires additional disclosures for capital assets held for sale. The provisions of this statement are effective for the School District's financial statements for the year ending June 30, 2026.

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability**Budgetary Information**

The School District adopts annual budgets on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the General Fund and all special revenue funds. In addition, the School District approved the Capital Improvement Plan - Phase I budget in 2020 and Phase II budget in 2022; it is anticipated the School District will approve budgets for future phases and adjustments to the current phases of the plan.

June 30, 2025

Note 3 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (Continued)

All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. The School District budgets and reports capital outlay expenditures within the related function in the budgetary comparison schedule - General Fund. In accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, the School District reports capital outlay separately in the statement of revenue, expenditures, and changes in fund balances. Various administrators are authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within functions with any fund. State law requires the School District to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted are a violation of Michigan law. State law permits districts to amend their budgets during the year. During the year, the budget was amended in a legally permissible manner. The School District amended budgeted amounts during the year in response to changes in budgeted expectations.

The policy of the Board of Education requires the budgeted year-end fund balance of the General Fund to fall within the range of 6 to 15 percent of the preceding year's expenditures.

Encumbrance accounting is employed in governmental funds. Encumbrances (e.g., purchase orders or contracts) outstanding at year end are reported as restrictions, commitments, or assignments of fund balances and do not constitute expenditures or liabilities because the goods or services have not been received as of year end; the commitments will be reappropriated and honored during the subsequent year. There were no encumbrances outstanding at year end.

Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds

The School District did not have significant expenditure budget variances.

Capital Projects Fund Compliance

The 2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II, 2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III, 2019 Bond Fund - Series II, 2019 Bond Fund - Series III, and 2019 Bond Fund - Series IV include capital project activities funded with bonds issued after May 1, 1994. For these capital projects, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1351a of the State of Michigan's School Code. These funds are not yet considered substantially complete, and subsequent year audits are expected.

Beginning with the year of bond issuance, the School District has reported the annual construction activity in the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II. The projects for which this bond was issued were considered complete on June 30, 2025, and the cumulative expenditures recognized for the construction period were \$57,806,827.

The 2010 Sinking Fund records capital projects activities funded with sinking fund millage. For this fund, the School District has complied with the applicable provisions of §1212 of the State of Michigan Revised School Code.

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments

State statutes and the School District's investment policy authorize the School District to make deposits in the accounts of federally insured banks, credit unions, and savings and loan associations that have offices in Michigan. The School District is allowed to invest in U.S. Treasury or agency obligations, U.S. government repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, certificates of deposit, commercial paper rated prime at the time of purchase that matures no more than 270 days after the date of purchase, mutual funds, and investment pools that are composed of authorized investment vehicles. The School District's deposits are in accordance with statutory authority.

The Board of Education has authorized 11 financial institutions for the deposit of its funds. The School District has designated 3 of those financial institutions for its deposits.

June 30, 2025

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

There are no limitations or restrictions on participant withdrawals for the investment pools that are recorded at amortized cost except for 1-day minimum investment period for Michigan Liquid Asset Fund (MILAF) cash management funds and a 14-day redemption limitation on MILAF MAX Class funds.

The School District's cash and investments are subject to several types of risk, which are examined in more detail below:

Custodial Credit Risk of Bank Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. The School District's investment policy prequalifies the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy. At year end, the School District had bank deposits of \$6,145,343 (certificates of deposit and checking and savings accounts) that were uninsured and uncollateralized. The School District believes that, due to the dollar amounts of cash deposits and the limits of FDIC insurance, it is impractical to insure all deposits.

Custodial Credit Risk of Investments

Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the School District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The School District's credit risk is minimized by limiting investments to types of securities allowed by state law and by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and advisors with which the School District will do business using the criteria established in the investment policy.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of investments will decrease as a result of a rise in interest rates. The School District minimizes interest rate risk by investing funds in primarily shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the School District's requirements.

At year end, the School District had the following investments:

Investment	Carrying Value	Weighted-average Maturity (Years)
Primary Government		
MILAF Term Series	\$ 91,897,333	0.04 - 0.30

Credit Risk

State law limits investments in commercial paper to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The School District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the credit quality ratings of debt securities (other than the U.S. government) are as follows:

Investment	Carrying Value	Rating	Rating Organization
MILAF Term Series	\$ 91,897,333	AAAf	Standard & Poor's
MILAF bank investment pool	312,779,782	AAAm	Standard & Poor's
Total	<u>\$ 404,677,115</u>		

June 30, 2025

Note 4 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk

The School District places no limit on the amount the School District may invest in any one issuer. The School District's investment policy minimizes concentration of credit risk by requiring diversification of the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized. The School District does not have any investments subject to concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that an investment denominated in the currency of a foreign country could reduce its U.S. dollar value as a result of changes in foreign currency exchange rates. State law and the School District's investment policy prohibit investments in foreign currency.

Investments in Entities that Calculate Net Asset Value per Share

The School District holds shares in the Michigan Liquid Asset Fund Term Series where the fair value of the investment held is estimated based on net asset value per share (or its equivalent) of the investment pool as a practical expedient.

As of June 30, 2025, the net asset value of the School District's investment in the MILAF Term Series was \$91,897,333. The investment pool had no unfunded commitments. The MILAF Term Series allows for the School District to set a specific redemption date set upon initiation of investment. Early redemptions are permitted; however, an early redemption fee would apply.

The MILAF Term Series includes investments that the School District does not control. The investment pool invests primarily in high-quality money market instruments, including certificates of deposit, commercial paper, and U.S. government and agency obligations, to protect the investment principal and provide liquidity.

Note 5 - Unavailable/Unearned Revenue

Governmental funds report unavailable revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that is not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also report unearned revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned.

At June 30, 2025, the various components of unearned and unavailable revenue were as follows:

	Governmental Funds	
	Deferred Inflow - Unavailable	Liability - Unearned
Grant receipts not available to liquidate liabilities of the current period	\$ 192,730	\$ -
Grant, categorical aid, tuition, and food services program payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements	-	12,357,304

June 30, 2025

Note 6 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity of the School District's governmental activities was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Disposals and Reclassifications	Balance June 30, 2025
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 5,701,212	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,701,212
Construction in progress	76,824,704	37,805,801	(76,546,006)	38,084,499
Subtotal	82,525,916	37,805,801	(76,546,006)	43,785,711
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	530,493,086	1,130,626	76,546,006	608,169,718
Furniture and equipment	47,090,922	1,140,948	-	48,231,870
Buses and other vehicles	12,686,910	2,612,814	-	15,299,724
Land improvements	46,035,051	2,871,780	-	48,906,831
Subtotal	636,305,969	7,756,168	76,546,006	720,608,143
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings and improvements	286,878,008	16,308,690	-	303,186,698
Furniture and equipment	39,476,575	1,191,376	-	40,667,951
Buses and other vehicles	9,190,484	1,683,964	-	10,874,448
Land improvements	30,837,442	1,837,728	-	32,675,170
Subtotal	366,382,509	21,021,758	-	387,404,267
Net capital assets being depreciated	269,923,460	(13,265,590)	76,546,006	333,203,876
Net governmental activities capital assets	<u>\$ 352,449,376</u>	<u>\$ 24,540,211</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 376,989,587</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:	
Instruction	\$ 13,333,611
Support services	726,482
Unallocated	6,961,665
Total governmental activities	<u>\$ 21,021,758</u>

Construction Commitments

The School District has active construction projects at year end. At June 30, 2025, the School District's commitments with contractors and vendors totaled approximately \$9,074,000. In addition, the School District has executed construction management contracts with several companies in connection with the 2019 Bond Program and sinking fund projects.

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances for the year ended June 30, 2025 included a due from the General Fund to the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III for \$285,488. This balance results from the time lag between the dates that goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and payments between funds are made.

June 30, 2025

Note 7 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers (Continued)

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the Community Services Fund transferred \$76,330 to the General Fund to cover various current year administrative and overhead costs. The General Fund transferred \$44,720 of at-risk categorical grant funds to the Food Service Fund for its share of the program. The Food Service Fund transferred \$106,769 to the General Fund as a reimbursement for indirect operating costs. The 2019 Bond Fund - Series II transferred \$1,378,201 to the 2019 Bond Fund - Series III as part of the close out of the 2019 Bond Fund - Series II to transfer the remaining proceeds to the next series of the 2019 voter-approved bonds.

Note 8 - Long-term Debt

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2025 can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due within One Year
Bonds payable:					
General obligations	\$ 283,630,000	\$ 200,830,000	\$ (52,130,000)	\$ 432,330,000	\$ 36,385,000
Unamortized bond premiums	19,395,664	11,155,541	(2,789,466)	27,761,739	2,363,899
Total bonds payable	303,025,664	211,985,541	(54,919,466)	460,091,739	38,748,899
Compensated absences	2,060,062	-	(87,207)	1,972,855	423,555
Self-insurance	384,161	-	(165,365)	218,796	218,796
Termination pay	1,287,785	-	(405,066)	882,719	189,512
Arbitrage liability	-	4,863,380	-	4,863,380	-
Total governmental activities long-term debt	<u>\$ 306,757,672</u>	<u>\$ 216,848,921</u>	<u>\$ (55,577,104)</u>	<u>\$ 468,029,489</u>	<u>\$ 39,580,762</u>

The School District's deferred outflows related to deferred charges on bond refundings at June 30, 2025 were fully amortized.

General Obligation Bonds and Contracts

The School District issues general obligation bonds to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the School District. The School District's qualified bonds are fully guaranteed by the State of Michigan. The primary source of any required repayment is from the School District's property tax levy; however, the State of Michigan may withhold the School District's state aid funding in order to recover amounts it has paid on behalf of the School District. Other long-term obligations include arbitrage, compensated absences, and self-insured workers' compensation claims.

June 30, 2025

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

General obligations outstanding at June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Purpose	Remaining Annual Installments	Interest Rates (Percent)	Maturing May 1	Outstanding at June 30, 2025
\$9,485,000 2017 refunding serial bonds	\$900,000 - \$955,000	3%	2029	\$ 3,760,000
\$12,775,000 2018 issuance serial bonds	\$1,470,000	5%	2026	1,470,000
\$140,000,000 2019 issuance serial bonds	\$4,975,000 - \$7,500,000	3%	2040	92,800,000
\$55,500,000 2020 refunding serial bonds	\$7,690,000 - \$8,305,000	2.4% - 2.5%	2029	31,870,000
\$50,000,000 2022 issuance serial bonds	\$1,550,000 - \$2,250,000	5%	2042	32,250,000
\$100,000,000 2023 issuance serial bonds	\$2,725,000 - \$5,175,000	4%	2043	69,350,000
\$200,830,000 2025 issuance serial bonds	\$2,755,000 - \$17,075,000	5%	2047	<u>200,830,000</u>
Total governmental activities				<u><u>\$ 432,330,000</u></u>

Other Long-term Liabilities

Arbitrage liability attributable to the governmental activities will be liquidated from the applicable capital projects funds when payable to the Internal Revenue Service.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

Annual debt service requirements to maturity for the above bonds and note obligations are as follows:

Years Ending June 30	Governmental Activities		
	Principal	Interest	Total
2026	\$ 36,385,000	\$ 17,294,034	\$ 53,679,034
2027	21,105,000	16,712,512	37,817,512
2028	21,645,000	16,005,226	37,650,226
2029	22,320,000	15,277,852	37,597,852
2030	14,825,000	14,526,000	29,351,000
2031-2035	87,910,000	62,816,250	150,726,250
2036-2040	109,340,000	42,950,250	152,290,250
2041-2045	86,895,000	19,946,500	106,841,500
Thereafter	<u>31,905,000</u>	<u>2,415,500</u>	<u>34,320,500</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 432,330,000</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 207,944,124</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 640,274,124</u></u>

June 30, 2025

Note 8 - Long-term Debt (Continued)

Current Bond Refunding

During the year, the School District issued \$200,830,000 in general obligation bonds, of which \$11,205,000 was applied toward the refunding of \$11,775,000 of outstanding general obligation bonds with an average interest rate of 5 percent. The net proceeds of \$11,650,093 (including original issuance premium of \$495,748 after payment of \$50,656 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs) plus an additional \$185,000 of School District moneys were used to purchase U.S. government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent until the call date of the refunded bonds has occurred, which is not to exceed 90 days from the refunding. As a result, the bonds are considered to be defeased, and the liability for the bonds has been removed from long-term debt. The refunding reduced total debt service payments over the next four years by approximately \$511,800, which represents an economic gain of approximately \$446,200.

Note 9 - Self-insurance

The School District has a self-insurance plan for workers' compensation. Under the plan, the maximum claim loss of the School District is limited to the amount not covered by the School District's excess insurance carrier. Generally accepted accounting principles require an amount to be determined for claims that have been incurred but not yet been reported (IBNR) as of the date of the financial statements. The School District's workers' compensation expenditures for the General Fund were \$340,790 for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Changes in the balances of potential claims of the School District during the past year are as follows:

	2025	2024
Potential claims, including IBNR - Beginning of year	\$ 384,161	\$ 227,474
(Decrease) increase in estimated liability - Net of claims incurred and claims paid	(165,365)	156,687
Estimated liability - End of year	<u>\$ 218,796</u>	<u>\$ 384,161</u>

In addition, the School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, and errors and omissions. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for these potential losses. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

Note 10 - Contingent Liabilities

Legal Actions

The School District is subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of its business. The School District believes that the amount, if any, of ultimate liability with respect to legal actions will be insignificant or will be covered by insurance.

Property Tax Appeals

Several appeals of property tax assessments are currently pending before the Michigan Tax Tribunal. The School District would become liable to refund any taxes collected due to overassessment but would subsequently be reimbursed by the State for any refunded amounts related to operating levies (but not for amounts related to debt or sinking fund levies). Management is unable to estimate the amount of property tax revenue that could be subject to refund if the tax tribunal determines that an overassessment has occurred.

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The School District participates in the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (the "System"), a statewide, cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit public employee retirement system governed by the State of Michigan that covers substantially all employees of the School District. Certain school district employees also receive defined contribution retirement and health care benefits through the System. The System provides retirement, survivor, and disability benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The System also provides postemployment health care benefits to retirees and beneficiaries who elect to receive those benefits.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS). The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the pension and postemployment health care plans. That report is available on the web at <http://www.michigan.gov/orsschools>.

Benefits Provided

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit (DB) pension plan and the postemployment health care plan are established by state statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit pension plan and the postemployment health care plan.

Depending on the plan option selected, member retirement benefits are calculated as final average compensation times years of services times a pension factor ranging from 1.25 percent to 1.50 percent. The requirements to retire range from attaining the age of 46 to 60 with years of service ranging from 5 to 30 years, depending on when the employee became a member. Early retirement is computed in the same manner as a regular pension but is permanently reduced by 0.50 percent for each full and partial month between the pension effective date and the date the member will attain age 60. There is no mandatory retirement age.

Depending on the member's date of hire, MPSERS offers the option of participating in the defined contribution (DC) plan that provides a 50 percent employer match (up to 3 percent of salary) on employee contributions.

Members are eligible for nonduty disability benefits after 10 years of service and for duty-related disability benefits upon hire. Disability retirement benefits are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but are payable immediately without an actuarial reduction. The disability benefits plus authorized outside earnings are limited to 100 percent of the participant's final average compensation, with an increase of 2 percent each year thereafter.

Benefits may transfer to a beneficiary upon death and are determined in the same manner as retirement benefits but with an actuarial reduction.

Benefit terms provide for annual cost of living adjustments to each employee's retirement allowance subsequent to the employee's retirement date. The annual adjustment, if applicable, is 3 percent. Some members who do not receive an annual increase are eligible to receive a supplementary payment in those years when investment earnings exceed actuarial assumptions.

MPSERS provides medical, prescription drug, dental, and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by MPSERS, with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. Depending on the member's date of hire, this subsidized portion ranges from 80 percent to the maximum allowed by the statute.

June 30, 2025

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Contributions

Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, required the School District to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of pension benefits of active and retired members. Contribution provisions are specified by state statute and may be amended only by action of the state Legislature. Under these provisions, each school district's contribution is expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance a portion of the unfunded accrued liability.

Under the OPEB plan, retirees electing this coverage contribute an amount equivalent to the monthly cost for Part B Medicare and 10 percent, or 20 percent for those not Medicare eligible, of the monthly premium amount for the health, dental, and vision coverage at the time of receiving the benefits. The MPSERS board of trustees annually sets the employer contribution rate to fund the benefits. Participating employers are required to contribute at that rate.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3 percent contribution and, instead, opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming participants in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay health care expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2 percent employee contribution into their 457 accounts as of their transition date, earning them a 2 percent employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stopped paying the 3 percent contribution to retiree health care as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions were deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

The School District's contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are multiple different pension and health care benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire and the elections available at that time. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS.

The range of rates is as follows:

	Pension	OPEB
October 1, 2023 - September 30, 2024	13.90% - 23.03%	7.06% - 8.31%
October 1, 2024 - September 30, 2025	20.96% - 30.11%	0.00% - 1.25%

Depending on the plan selected, member pension contributions range from 0 percent up to 7.0 percent of gross wages. For certain plan members, a 4 percent employer contribution to the defined contribution pension plan is required. In addition, for certain plan members, a 3 percent employer match is provided to the defined contribution pension plan.

The School District's required and actual pension contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$60,465,132, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District's required and actual pension contributions include an allocation of \$18,980,773 in revenue received from the State of Michigan and remitted to the System to fund the MPSERS unfunded actuarial accrued liability (UAAL) stabilization rate as well as \$3,515,351 of a one-time state payment received and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

The School District's required and actual OPEB contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2025 were \$5,276,039, which includes the School District's contributions required for those members with a defined contribution benefit.

June 30, 2025

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)***Net Pension Liability***

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a liability of \$347,607,014 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 1.42 and 1.43 percent, respectively, representing a change of (0.87) percent.

Net OPEB Asset

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported an asset of \$60,431,716 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset for fiscal year 2025 was measured as of September 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023, which used update procedures to roll forward the estimated liability to September 30, 2024. The School District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2024 and 2023, the School District's proportion was 1.40 and 1.43 percent, respectively, representing a change of (1.76) percent.

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For 2025, the School District recognized pension expense of \$25,781,232, inclusive of payments to fund the MPSERS UAAL stabilization rate. At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 9,430,823	\$ (3,776,798)
Changes in assumptions	36,240,091	(25,468,601)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	(66,338,153)
Changes in proportion and differences between the School District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	1,249,449	(6,410,420)
The School District's contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	50,723,542	-
Total	<u>\$ 97,643,905</u>	<u>\$ (101,993,972)</u>

The \$18,980,773 reported as deferred inflows of resources resulting from the pension portion of state aid payments received pursuant to the UAAL payment will be recognized as state appropriations revenue for the year ending June 30, 2026. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending	Amount
2026	\$ (11,942,862)
2027	482,036
2028	(25,949,755)
2029	(17,663,028)
Total	<u>\$ (55,073,609)</u>

June 30, 2025

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

In addition, the contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the next year.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the School District recognized OPEB recovery of \$22,958,863.

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (64,039,164)
Changes in assumptions	13,199,156	(1,517,134)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	-	(11,440,417)
Changes in proportionate share or difference between amount contributed and proportionate share of contributions	1,410,420	(2,263,543)
Employer contributions to the plan subsequent to the measurement date	1,290,010	-
Total	<u>\$ 15,899,586</u>	<u>\$ (79,260,258)</u>

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows (note that employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will increase the net OPEB asset and, therefore, will not be included in future OPEB expense):

Years Ending	Amount
2026	\$ (21,352,792)
2027	(12,311,305)
2028	(12,508,463)
2029	(11,211,701)
2030	(6,106,224)
Thereafter	(1,160,197)
Total	<u>\$ (64,650,682)</u>

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability and total OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation as of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward. The total pension liability and OPEB liability were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Actuarial cost method		Entry age normal
Investment rate of return - Pension	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Investment rate of return - OPEB	6.00%	Net of investment expenses based on the groups
Salary increases	2.75% - 11.55%	Including wage inflation of 2.75 percent
Health care cost trend rate - OPEB	6.50% - 7.25%	Year 1 graded to 3.5 percent in year 15
Mortality basis		PubT-2010 Male and Female Employee Mortality Tables, scaled 100 percent (retirees: 116 percent for males and 116 percent for females) and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2021 from 2010
Cost of living pension adjustments	3.00%	Annual noncompounded for MIP members

June 30, 2025

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)

Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods from 2017 to 2022 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension and OPEB valuations beginning with the September 30, 2023 valuation. The total pension liability and OPEB liability as of September 30, 2024 are based on the results of an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2023 and rolled forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures, including the experience study.

Significant assumption changes since the measurement date, September 30, 2023, for the OPEB plan include a decrease in the health care cost trend rate of 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and an increase of 0.25 percent for members over 65. There were no significant benefit terms changes for the pension or OPEB plans since the prior measurement date of September 30, 2023.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension and OPEB liabilities was 6.00 percent as of September 30, 2024. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that district contributions will be made at statutorily required rates.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position and the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position were projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability and total OPEB liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan and OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity pools	25.00 %	5.30 %
Private equity pools	16.00	9.00
International equity pools	15.00	6.50
Fixed-income pools	13.00	2.20
Real estate and infrastructure pools	10.00	7.10
Absolute return pools	9.00	5.20
Real return/opportunistic pools	10.00	6.90
Short-term investment pools	2.00	1.40
Total	100.00 %	

Long-term rates of return are net of administrative expense and inflation of 2.3 percent.

June 30, 2025

Note 11 - Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (Continued)***Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate***

The following presents the net pension liability of the School District, calculated using the discount rate depending on the plan option. The following also reflects what the School District's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net pension liability of the School District	\$ 509,595,618	\$ 347,607,014	\$ 212,720,335

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current discount rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease (5.00%)	Current Discount Rate (6.00%)	1 Percentage Point Increase (7.00%)
Net OPEB asset of the School District	\$ 46,702,129	\$ 60,431,716	\$ 72,302,396

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB asset of the School District, calculated using the current health care cost trend rate. It also reflects what the School District's net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a health care cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1 Percentage Point Decrease	Current Rate	1 Percentage Point Increase
Net OPEB asset of the School District	\$ 72,302,525	\$ 60,431,716	\$ 47,700,339

Pension Plan and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued MPSERS financial report.

Payable to the Pension Plan and OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2025, the School District reported a payable of \$10,557,454 and \$288,738 for the outstanding amount of contributions to the pension plan and OPEB plan, respectively, required for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Note 12 - Tax Abatements

The School District receives reduced property tax revenue as a result of industrial facilities tax exemptions (PA 198 of 1974) and brownfield redevelopment agreements granted by cities, villages, and townships within the boundaries of the School District. Industrial facility exemptions are intended to promote construction of new industrial facilities or to rehabilitate historical facilities; brownfield redevelopment agreements are intended to reimburse taxpayers that remediate environmental contamination on their properties.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the School District's property tax revenue was reduced by approximately \$444,000 under these programs.

June 30, 2025

Note 12 - Tax Abatements (Continued)

The School District is reimbursed for lost revenue caused by tax abatements on the operating millage of nonhomestead properties from the State of Michigan under the school aid formula. The School District received approximately \$326,000 in reimbursements from the State of Michigan. The School District is not reimbursed for lost revenue from the sinking fund or debt service millages. There are no abatements made by the School District.

Note 13 - Short-term Debt

State Aid Anticipation Note

The School District obtained a state aid anticipation note during the prior fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 for \$15,000,000 from the Michigan Finance Authority to provide sufficient resources before receiving its scheduled state aid. This liability was recorded as a fund liability in the General Fund. The note bore interest at 5.08 percent and matured on June 11, 2025. The School District paid the note in its entirety and had no obligations remaining as of June 30, 2025.

Required Supplementary Information

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Final Budget
Revenue				
Local sources	\$ 108,394,379	\$ 111,746,079	\$ 112,756,637	\$ 1,010,558
State sources	156,790,898	150,201,472	149,545,042	(656,430)
Federal sources	10,975,715	10,954,833	9,770,886	(1,183,947)
Interdistrict sources	42,331,168	44,290,521	44,284,598	(5,923)
Total revenue	318,492,160	317,192,905	316,357,163	(835,742)
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Basic programs	140,557,885	142,391,870	139,978,903	(2,412,967)
Added needs	42,001,329	40,456,520	41,001,212	544,692
Adult/Continuing education	305,704	348,918	304,467	(44,451)
Support services:				
Pupil	38,258,865	35,760,932	34,583,556	(1,177,376)
Instructional staff	13,593,477	15,432,689	14,475,459	(957,230)
General administration	3,945,239	3,435,906	3,697,353	261,447
School administration	18,178,298	16,756,263	16,809,741	53,478
Business	3,977,932	3,137,771	2,795,590	(342,181)
Operations and maintenance	23,549,212	23,847,038	23,301,941	(545,097)
Pupil transportation services	9,336,199	10,632,864	10,547,583	(85,281)
Central	7,648,238	8,269,028	8,281,184	12,156
Athletics	4,258,024	4,487,694	4,731,087	243,393
Community services	1,353,218	1,034,571	1,182,752	148,181
Debt service - Interest	-	-	395,817	395,817
Total expenditures	306,963,620	305,992,064	302,086,645	(3,905,419)
Excess of Revenue Over Expenditures	11,528,540	11,200,841	14,270,518	3,069,677
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	-	-	91,650	91,650
Transfers in	-	-	183,099	183,099
Transfers out	(121,603)	(367,850)	(44,720)	323,130
Total other financing (uses) sources	(121,603)	(367,850)	230,029	597,879
Net Change in Fund Balance	11,406,937	10,832,991	14,500,547	3,667,556
Fund Balance - Beginning of year	7,142,192	7,142,192	7,142,192	-
Fund Balance - End of year	<u>\$ 18,549,129</u>	<u>\$ 17,975,183</u>	<u>\$ 21,642,739</u>	<u>\$ 3,667,556</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Ten Plan Years									
	Plan Years Ended September 30									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
School District's proportion of the net pension liability	1.41985 %	1.43228 %	1.44935 %	1.43620 %	1.43607 %	1.48754 %	1.47009 %	1.40802 %	1.32793 %	1.27127 %
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 347,607,014	\$ 463,571,164	\$ 545,083,327	\$ 340,027,039	\$ 493,306,120	\$ 492,622,188	\$ 441,935,887	\$ 364,878,575	\$ 331,306,659	\$ 310,508,345
School District's covered payroll	\$ 148,391,810	\$ 143,110,468	\$ 139,269,080	\$ 132,044,548	\$ 126,016,404	\$ 129,262,694	\$ 129,172,261	\$ 120,309,307	\$ 114,252,448	\$ 104,701,750
School District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	234.25 %	323.93 %	391.39 %	257.51 %	391.46 %	381.10 %	342.13 %	303.28 %	289.98 %	296.56 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	74.44 %	65.91 %	60.77 %	72.32 %	59.49 %	60.08 %	62.12 %	63.96 %	63.01 %	62.92 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Pension Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Ten Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 58,793,813	\$ 61,337,687	\$ 68,189,334	\$ 50,481,999	\$ 44,026,557	\$ 40,068,888	\$ 40,073,251	\$ 37,893,647	\$ 32,516,905	\$ 29,618,370
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	58,793,813	61,337,687	68,189,334	50,481,999	44,026,557	40,068,888	40,073,251	37,893,647	32,516,905	29,618,370
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 141,856,822	\$ 149,713,424	\$ 146,191,230	\$ 138,215,285	\$ 130,986,956	\$ 125,495,569	\$ 129,370,099	\$ 127,969,324	\$ 116,978,719	\$ 106,641,677
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	41.45 %	40.97 %	46.64 %	36.52 %	33.61 %	31.93 %	30.98 %	29.61 %	27.80 %	27.77 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Eight Plan Years Plan Years Ended September 30							
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's proportion of the net OPEB (asset) liability	1.40395 %	1.42911 %	1.42943 %	1.45752 %	1.41905 %	1.47691 %	1.51567 %	1.40536 %
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability	\$ (60,431,716)	\$ (8,084,428)	\$ 30,276,206	\$ 22,247,267	\$ 76,022,083	\$ 106,009,015	\$ 120,480,255	\$ 124,451,090
School District's covered payroll	\$ 148,391,810	\$ 143,110,468	\$ 139,269,080	\$ 132,044,548	\$ 126,016,404	\$ 129,262,694	\$ 129,172,261	\$ 120,309,307
School District's proportionate share of the net OPEB (asset) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	(40.72)%	(5.65)%	21.74 %	16.85 %	60.33 %	82.01 %	93.27 %	103.44 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	143.08 %	105.04 %	83.09 %	88.87 %	59.76 %	48.67 %	43.10 %	36.53 %

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System

	Last Eight Fiscal Years Years Ended June 30							
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Statutorily required contribution	\$ 4,223,787	\$ 12,299,594	\$ 11,767,224	\$ 11,263,440	\$ 10,900,407	\$ 10,084,322	\$ 10,162,054	\$ 9,242,872
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution	4,223,787	12,299,594	11,767,224	11,263,440	10,900,407	10,084,322	10,162,054	9,242,872
Contribution Deficiency	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
School District's Covered Payroll	\$ 141,856,822	\$ 149,713,424	\$ 146,191,230	\$ 138,215,285	\$ 130,986,956	\$ 125,495,569	\$ 129,370,099	\$ 127,969,324
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	2.98 %	8.22 %	8.05 %	8.15 %	8.32 %	8.04 %	7.86 %	7.22 %

June 30, 2025

Pension Information

The required contributions for the year ended June 30, 2025 include a one-time contribution of \$3,515,351, referred to as 147c(2), related to funding received from the State and remitted to the System for the purpose of contributing additional assets to the System.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes of benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2023 - The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 - The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.80 percentage points.
- 2019 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points.
- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.45 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017.
- 2017 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points.

OPEB Information

Ultimately, 10 years of data will be presented in both of the OPEB-related schedules. The number of years currently presented represents the number of years since the accounting standard requiring these schedules first became applicable.

Benefit Changes

There were no changes in benefit terms for each of the reported plan years ended September 30.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no significant changes of assumptions for each of the reported plan years ended September 30 except for the following:

- 2024 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2024 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 0.25 percentage points for members over 65.
- 2023 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2022 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.25 percentage points for members under 65 and increased by 1.00 percentage point for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. The valuation includes the impact of an updated experience study for periods from 2017 to 2022.
- 2022 - The discount rate and investment rate of return used in the September 30, 2021 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.95 percentage points. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit costs to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.1 billion in 2022.
- 2021 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2020 actuarial valuation increased by 0.75 percentage points for members under 65 and decreased by 1.75 percentage points for members over 65. In addition, actual per person health benefit costs were lower than projected. This reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.3 billion in 2021.

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Notes to Required Supplementary Information (Continued)

June 30, 2025

- 2020 - The health care cost trend rate used in the September 30, 2019 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.50 percentage points. This, in addition to actual per person health benefit costs being lower than projected, reduced the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.8 billion in 2020.
- 2019 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2018 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.20 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by an additional \$1.4 billion in 2019.
- 2018 - The discount rate used in the September 30, 2017 actuarial valuation decreased by 0.35 percentage points. The valuation also includes the impact of an updated experience study for the periods from 2012 to 2017. This resulted in a lower than projected per person health benefit cost to reduce the plan's total OPEB liability by \$1.4 billion in 2018.

Other Supplementary Information

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds			
	Food Service Fund	Community Services Fund	School/Student Activity Fund	2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II	2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III	2019 Bond Fund - Series II	Total
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$ 1,001,344	\$ 684,604	\$ 1,413,962	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,099,910
Receivables:							
Accounts receivable	148,512	85,291	40,016	-	-	-	273,819
Due from other governments	190,768	-	-	-	-	-	190,768
Inventory	167,301	-	-	-	-	-	167,301
Prepaid expenses and other assets	-	169,321	-	-	-	-	169,321
Restricted assets	-	-	-	2,218,210	1,074,746	5,532	3,298,488
Total assets	\$ 1,507,925	\$ 939,216	\$ 1,453,978	\$ 2,218,210	\$ 1,074,746	\$ 5,532	\$ 7,199,607
Liabilities							
Accounts payable	\$ 335,493	\$ 98,487	\$ 28,963	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 462,943
Unearned revenue	226,160	183,691	-	-	-	-	409,851
Total liabilities	561,653	282,178	28,963	-	-	-	872,794
Fund Balances							
Nonspendable:							
Inventory	167,301	-	-	-	-	-	167,301
Prepays	-	169,321	-	-	-	-	169,321
Restricted:							
Capital projects	-	-	-	2,218,210	1,074,746	5,532	3,298,488
Food service	778,971	-	-	-	-	-	778,971
Committed:							
Student/School activities	-	-	1,425,015	-	-	-	1,425,015
Community services	-	487,717	-	-	-	-	487,717
Total fund balances	946,272	657,038	1,425,015	2,218,210	1,074,746	5,532	6,326,813
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,507,925	\$ 939,216	\$ 1,453,978	\$ 2,218,210	\$ 1,074,746	\$ 5,532	\$ 7,199,607

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information Combining Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Special Revenue Funds			Capital Projects Funds			
	Food Service Fund	Community Services Fund	School/Student Activity Fund	2015 Building and Site Bond Fund - Series II	2012 Technology Bond Fund - Series III	2019 Bond Fund - Series II	Total
Revenue							
Local sources	\$ 347,151	\$ 5,436,227	\$ 1,459,473	\$ 101,211	\$ 7,167	\$ 173,903	\$ 7,525,132
State sources	4,132,734	85,291	-	-	-	-	4,218,025
Federal sources	4,452,430	-	-	-	-	-	4,452,430
Total revenue	8,932,315	5,521,518	1,459,473	101,211	7,167	173,903	16,195,587
Expenditures							
Current:							
Instruction	825	6,849	125	-	-	-	7,799
Support services	111,427	2,564	1,335,983	-	-	6,001	1,455,975
Food services	8,200,197	-	-	-	-	-	8,200,197
Community services	-	154,720	-	-	-	-	154,720
Recreation and child care	-	5,392,117	-	-	-	-	5,392,117
Capital outlay	227,567	-	-	-	43,430	5,119,337	5,390,334
Total expenditures	8,540,016	5,556,250	1,336,108	-	43,430	5,125,338	20,601,142
Excess of Revenue Over (Under) Expenditures	392,299	(34,732)	123,365	101,211	(36,263)	(4,951,435)	(4,405,555)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
Transfers in	44,720	-	-	-	-	-	44,720
Transfers out	(106,769)	(76,330)	-	-	-	(1,378,201)	(1,561,300)
Total other financing uses	(62,049)	(76,330)	-	-	-	(1,378,201)	(1,516,580)
Net Change in Fund Balances	330,250	(111,062)	123,365	101,211	(36,263)	(6,329,636)	(5,922,135)
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as previously reported	616,022	768,100	1,301,650	2,116,999	1,111,009	-	5,913,780
Change within Financial Reporting Entity (Note 2)	-	-	-	-	-	6,335,168	6,335,168
Fund Balances - Beginning of year, as restated (Note 2)	616,022	768,100	1,301,650	2,116,999	1,111,009	6,335,168	12,248,948
Fund Balances - End of year	<u>\$ 946,272</u>	<u>\$ 657,038</u>	<u>\$ 1,425,015</u>	<u>\$ 2,218,210</u>	<u>\$ 1,074,746</u>	<u>\$ 5,532</u>	<u>\$ 6,326,813</u>

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness

June 30, 2025

Years Ending June 30	2017 Refunding Debt Payment		2018 Bond Debt Payment		2019 Bond Debt Payment		2020 Refunding Debt Payment		2022 Bond Debt Payment	
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest
2026	\$ 900,000	\$ 112,800	\$ 1,470,000	\$ 73,500	\$ 4,975,000	\$ 2,784,000	\$ 7,690,000	\$ 788,312	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,612,500
2027	950,000	85,800	-	-	5,125,000	2,634,750	7,850,000	604,212	1,600,000	1,535,000
2028	955,000	57,300	-	-	5,275,000	2,481,000	8,025,000	409,926	1,625,000	1,455,000
2029	955,000	28,650	-	-	5,450,000	2,322,750	8,305,000	209,702	1,675,000	1,373,750
2030	-	-	-	-	5,625,000	2,159,250	-	-	1,725,000	1,290,000
2031	-	-	-	-	5,800,000	1,990,500	-	-	1,775,000	1,203,750
2032	-	-	-	-	5,975,000	1,816,500	-	-	1,800,000	1,115,000
2033	-	-	-	-	6,150,000	1,637,250	-	-	1,850,000	1,025,000
2034	-	-	-	-	6,325,000	1,452,750	-	-	1,900,000	932,500
2035	-	-	-	-	6,525,000	1,263,000	-	-	1,950,000	837,500
2036	-	-	-	-	6,725,000	1,067,250	-	-	2,000,000	740,000
2037	-	-	-	-	6,925,000	865,500	-	-	2,050,000	640,000
2038	-	-	-	-	7,125,000	657,750	-	-	2,100,000	537,500
2039	-	-	-	-	7,300,000	444,000	-	-	2,150,000	432,500
2040	-	-	-	-	7,500,000	225,000	-	-	2,200,000	325,000
2041	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,250,000	215,000
2042	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,050,000	102,500
2043	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2044	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2045	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2046	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2047	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total remaining payments	<u>\$ 3,760,000</u>	<u>\$ 284,550</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,000</u>	<u>\$ 73,500</u>	<u>\$ 92,800,000</u>	<u>\$ 23,801,250</u>	<u>\$ 31,870,000</u>	<u>\$ 2,012,152</u>	<u>\$ 32,250,000</u>	<u>\$ 15,372,500</u>
Principal payments due	May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1		May 1	
Interest payments due	May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1	
Interest rate	2.00 - 3.00%		3.00 - 5.00%		3.00%		1.00 - 3.00%		4.00 - 5.00%	
Original issue	<u>\$ 9,485,000</u>		<u>\$ 12,775,000</u>		<u>\$ 140,000,000</u>		<u>\$ 55,500,000</u>		<u>\$ 50,000,000</u>	

Public Schools of the City of Ann Arbor, Michigan

Other Supplementary Information Schedule of Bonded Indebtedness (Continued)

June 30, 2025

Years Ending June 30	2023 Bond Debt Payment		2025 Bond Debt Payment		Total
	Principal	Interest	Principal	Interest	
2026	\$ 2,725,000	\$ 2,774,000	\$ 17,075,000	\$ 9,148,922	\$ 53,679,034
2027	2,825,000	2,665,000	2,755,000	9,187,750	37,817,512
2028	2,925,000	2,552,000	2,840,000	9,050,000	37,650,226
2029	3,050,000	2,435,000	2,885,000	8,908,000	37,597,852
2030	3,175,000	2,313,000	4,300,000	8,763,750	29,351,000
2031	3,300,000	2,186,000	4,950,000	8,548,750	29,754,000
2032	3,425,000	2,054,000	5,650,000	8,301,250	30,136,750
2033	3,575,000	1,917,000	6,020,000	8,018,750	30,193,000
2034	3,725,000	1,774,000	6,355,000	7,717,750	30,182,000
2035	3,850,000	1,625,000	7,010,000	7,400,000	30,460,500
2036	4,000,000	1,471,000	7,405,000	7,049,500	30,457,750
2037	4,175,000	1,311,000	7,815,000	6,679,250	30,460,750
2038	4,350,000	1,144,000	8,255,000	6,288,500	30,457,750
2039	4,525,000	970,000	8,760,000	5,875,750	30,457,250
2040	4,675,000	789,000	9,305,000	5,437,750	30,456,750
2041	4,850,000	602,000	12,305,000	4,972,500	25,194,500
2042	5,025,000	408,000	12,905,000	4,357,250	24,847,750
2043	5,175,000	207,000	13,505,000	3,712,000	22,599,000
2044	-	-	14,065,000	3,036,750	17,101,750
2045	-	-	14,765,000	2,333,500	17,098,500
2046	-	-	15,500,000	1,595,250	17,095,250
2047	-	-	16,405,000	820,250	17,225,250
Total remaining payments	<u>\$ 69,350,000</u>	<u>\$ 29,197,000</u>	<u>\$ 200,830,000</u>	<u>\$ 137,203,172</u>	<u>\$ 640,274,124</u>
Principal payments due	May 1		May 1		
Interest payments due	May 1 and November 1		May 1 and November 1		
Interest rate	4.00%		5.00%		
Original issue	<u>\$ 100,000,000</u>		<u>\$ 200,830,000</u>		