NEDERLAND
INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

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Nederland Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For The Year Ended August 31, 2019

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Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Nederland Independent School District	Jefferson	123-905
Name of School District	County	Co.-Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) _____approved _____disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2019, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the ____ day of _____, _____.

_____	_____
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):
(attach list as necessary)

Financial Section

West, Davis & Company, LLP
11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100
Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report

To the Board of Trustees
Nederland Independent School District
Nederland, Texas

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Nederland Independent School District ("the District") as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nederland Independent School District as of August 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and budgetary comparison information and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability and schedule of District pension contributions, and schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability and schedule of District OPEB contributions identified as Required Supplementary Information in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements**.** Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Nederland Independent School District's basic financial statements. The introductory section and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the individual nonmajor fund financial statements and other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 15, 2020 on our consideration of Nederland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Nederland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

West, Davis & Company, LLP
Austin, Texas
January 15, 2020

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

In this section of the Annual Financial and Compliance Report, the management of Nederland Independent School District (the District), discusses and analyzes the District's performance for the fiscal year ending August 31, 2019. Please read it in conjunction with the independent auditors' report on page 2, and the District's Basic Financial Statements, which begin on page 11.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements. The government-wide financial statements include the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities (on pages 11 and 12). These provide information about the activities of the District as a whole and present a longer-term view of the District's property and debt obligations and other financial matters. They reflect the flow of total economic resources in a manner similar to the financial reports of a business enterprise.

Fund financial statements, beginning on page 13, report the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements by providing information about the District's most significant funds. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short term as well as what resources remain for future spending. They reflect the flow of current financial resources, and supply the basis for tax levies and the appropriations budget. For proprietary activities, internal service fund financial statements tell how goods or services of the District were sold to departments within the District and how the revenues covered the expenses of the goods or services. Examples include Cafeteria Plan and Workers Compensation Insurance. The remaining statements, fiduciary statements, provide financial information about activities for which the District acts solely as a trustee or agent for the benefit of those outside of the District. Examples include Student Activities and Scholarships.

The notes to the financial statements, beginning on page 22 provide narrative explanations or additional data needed for full disclosure in the government-wide statements or the fund financial statements.

The Required Supplementary Information provides a budgetary comparison schedule of the District's General Fund. This schedule includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered as part of the basic financial statements.

In addition to the required supplementary information, the Other Supplementary Information Section contains data used by monitoring or regulatory agencies for assurance that the District is using funds supplied in compliance with the terms of the grants.

Reporting the District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The analysis of the District's overall financial condition and operations begins on page 11. Its primary purpose is to show whether the District is improving or not improving as a result of the year's activities. The Statement of Net Position includes all the District's assets and liabilities at the end of the year while the Statement of Activities includes all the revenues and expenses generated by the District's operations during the year. These apply the accrual basis of accounting which is the basis used by private sector companies.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid. The District's revenues are divided into those provided by outside parties who share the costs of some programs such as grants provided by the U.S. Department of Education to assist children with disabilities or from disadvantaged backgrounds (program revenues) and revenues provided by the taxpayers or by TEA in equalization funding processes (general revenues). All the District's assets are reported whether they serve the current year or future years. Liabilities are considered regardless of whether they must be paid in the current or future years.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. The District's net position (the difference between assets and liabilities) provide one measure of the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. To fully assess the overall health of the District, however, non-financial factors should be considered as well, such as changes in the District's average daily attendance or its property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports one governmental activity:

- Most of the District's basic services are reported here, including the instruction, counseling, co-curricular activities, food services, transportation, maintenance, community services, and general administration. Property taxes, state aid, and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements begin on page 13 and provide detailed information about the most significant funds–not the District as a whole. Laws and contracts require the District to establish some funds, such as grants received under the No Child Left Behind Act from the U.S. Department of Education. The District's administration establishes many other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (like campus activities). The District's three kinds of funds–governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary–use different accounting approaches.

- Governmental funds–Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds. These use modified accrual accounting (a method that measures the receipt and disbursement of cash and all other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash) and report balances that are available for future spending. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general operations and the basic services it provides. The differences between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds are reported in reconciliation schedules following each of the fund financial statements.

- Proprietary funds–The District reports the activities for which it charges users (whether outside customers or other units of the District) in proprietary funds using the same accounting methods employed in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. The internal service funds report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities–such as the District's workers' compensation program.

- Fiduciary funds-The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for money raised by student activities and alumnae scholarship programs. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position and Changes in Fiduciary Net Position on pages 20 and 21. These resources are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is only responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

This analysis focuses on net position (Table I) and changes in net position (Table II) of the District's governmental activities.

Net position of the District's governmental activities increased by $1.7 million to $10.4 million. Unrestricted net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements – was $(10.3) million at August 31, 2019. More information is presented in the paragraph following Table II on the next page.

Table I
Nederland Independent School District

NET POSITION
in thousands

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Current and other assets	27,997	23,337
Capital assets	43,106	44,266
Total assets	71,103	67,603
Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	8,044	3,367
Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	2,620	253
Total Deferred Outflows	10,664	3,620
Long-term liabilities outstanding	59,363	50,826
Other liabilities	5,114	3,775
Total liabilities	64,477	54,601
Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	806	1,248
Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	6,078	6,667
Total Deferred Inflows	6,884	7,915
Net position:		
Invested in capital assets, net of related debt	17,797	17,877
Restricted	2,940	2,498
Unrestricted	-10,331	-11,668
Total net position	10,406	8,707

Table II
Nederland Independent School District

CHANGES IN NET POSITION
in thousands

	Governmental Activities	
	2019	2018
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	1,288	1,212
Operating grants and contributions	7,163	680
General revenues:		
Maintenance and operations taxes	25,655	24,545
Debt service taxes	2,342	2,816
Grants and Contributions not restricted to specific functions	18,944	16,149
Investment Earnings	548	242
Miscellaneous	2,305	1,759
Total Revenues	58,245	47,403
Expenses:		
Instruction, curriculum and media services	33,176	20,138
Instructional and school leadership	3,445	1,921
Student support services	3,828	2,247
Child nutrition	2,745	2,832
Extracurricular activities	2,196	1,734
General administration	1,413	881
Plant maintenance, security and data processing	8,494	6,640
Community services	200	96
Debt services	769	820
Payments to juvenile justice AEP	42	42
Other Intergovernmental charges	238	181
Total Expenses	56,546	37,532
Change in Net Position	1,699	9,871

Changes in Operating grants revenue and in expenses for the year are not comparable to prior year due to the overall effects of GASB 75 on current year expenses. As discussed in Note A.3.m, current year on-behalf activity was negated by a total of $7.7 million. Therefore, nearly every functional category was affected by this significant net decrease in expenses.

NET OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLANS (OPEB) LIABILITY (GASB 75)

The District's net OPEB liability at year end totaled $19.2 million.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As of year end the District's governmental funds (as presented in the balance sheet on page 13) reported a combined fund balance of $21.5 million, which is $3.5 million more than last year.

Over the course of the year, the Board of Trustees revised the District's budget several times. These budget amendments fall into two categories. The first category includes amendments and supplemental appropriations that were approved shortly after the beginning of the year and reflect the actual beginning balances. The second category involved amendments moving funds from programs that did not need all the resources originally appropriated to them to programs with resource needs.

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets

At year-end, the District had $43.1 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including facilities and equipment for instruction, transportation, athletics, administration, and maintenance. This amount represents an decrease of $1.2 million over last year.

More detailed information is contained in Note D to the financial statements.

Debt

At year-end, the District had $25.3 million in bonds.

Other obligations include accrued compensated absences. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in Note F to the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET AND RATES

The District's Board of Trustees and Superintendent considered many factors when setting the 2019-2020 budget tax rate. Factors included the following:

- Local Property Values
- Chapter 313 Agreement
- Foreign Trade Zone Payments in Lieu of Taxes
- State Aid Revenue
- Projected Fund Balance at year end
- Staffing and Facility Needs
- House Bill 3

The District proposed to decrease the Maintenance and Operations (M&O) tax rate of $1.06 per $100 value to $0.97 per $100 value. This tax rate combined with the property value increase of 10.6 % generated an additional $418,000 in tax revenue.

State Aid increased $2,250,000 as a result of House Bill 3 (HB 3). HB 3 highlights provided funding increases on average - $635 per average daily attendance (ADA) in the following areas:

- Support of Teachers and Rewards Teacher Excellence
- Increases Funding and Equity
- Focuses on Learning and Improving Student Outcomes
- Reduces and Reforms Property Taxes and Recapture

The General Fund revenue increased overall $3,266,000.

The General Fund payroll expenditures increased $3,153,000 as a result of an approximate salary increase for employees on the teacher pay scale of 10.34 % and all other employees a general pay increase of 8.0 % from the midpoint of the individual pay grade, and an increase in the health insurance contribution from $375 to $400 monthly.

The General Fund operating expenditures increased $113,000 resulting from an increase in property insurance, and extracurricular budgets due to growth in student participation.

The General Fund expenditures overall increased $ 3,266,000.

The Interest and Sinking Fund (I&S) tax rate increased from $ .0.09/$100 value to $0.36/$100 value to meet the debt service payment in 2019-2020. The District passed a Bond Election on May 4, 2019 in the amount of $155,600,000 for construction and equipping of new school buildings and the renovation, upgrades, expansion and equipping of existing school buildings. It also included the upgrades, renovations, and improvements of the District's Stadium.

The District operates a self-supporting Child Nutrition Program within the guidelines of the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA), Texas Department of Agriculture (TDA), and the Texas Education Agency (TEA). The annual budget supports updates and renovations to the District's Child Nutrition Program.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions about this report or additional financial information may be obtained by contacting the District's Business Office, at Nederland Independent School District, 220 N. 17th Street, Nederland, Texas 77627.

Basic Financial Statements

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		1 Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	*Cash and Cash Equivalents*	$ 1,931,812
1120	*Current Investments*	24,124,279
1225	*Property Taxes Receivable (Net)*	706,922
1240	*Due from Other Governments*	783,591
1290	*Other Receivables (Net)*	368,877
1300	*Inventories*	82,141
	Capital Assets:	
1510	*Land*	3,938,165
1520	*Buildings and Improvements, Net*	37,550,888
1530	*Furniture and Equipment, Net*	1,438,543
1580	*Construction in Progress*	178,062
1000	Total Assets	71,103,280
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	8,044,143
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	2,619,361
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,663,504
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	*Accounts Payable*	220,256
2140	*Interest Payable*	33,719
2165	*Accrued Liabilities*	3,729,433
2180	*Due to Other Governments*	1,036,271
2300	*Unearned Revenue*	93,777
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	*Due Within One Year*	730,000
2502	*Due in More Than One Year*	25,053,836
2540	*Net Pension Liability*	14,360,126
2545	*Net OPEB Liability*	19,219,351
2000	Total Liabilities	64,476,769
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	806,217
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	6,077,622
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	6,883,839
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	17,797,380
	Restricted For:	
3820	State and Federal Programs	807,979
3850	Debt Service	2,131,722
3900	Unrestricted	(10,330,905)
3000	Total Net Position	$ 10,406,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	1 Expenses	3 Program Revenues: Charges for Services	4 Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:				
11	*Instruction*	$ 31,749,610	$ 72,578	$ 2,668,304	$ (29,008,728)
12	*Instructional Resources and Media Services*	661,072	--	14,803	(646,269)
13	*Curriculum and Staff Development*	759,835	--	22,672	(737,163)
21	*Instructional Leadership*	803,696	--	42,406	(761,290)
23	*School Leadership*	2,640,718	--	47,272	(2,593,446)
31	*Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services*	2,473,886	--	415,709	(2,058,177)
32	*Social Work Services*	21,207	--	13,504	(7,703)
33	*Health Services*	568,759	--	379,285	(189,474)
34	*Student Transportation*	763,940	--	25,319	(738,621)
35	*Food Service*	2,745,311	972,036	1,722,619	(50,656)
36	*Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities*	2,196,271	243,031	85,944	(1,867,296)
41	*General Administration*	1,413,019	--	9,836	(1,403,183)
51	*Facilities Maintenance and Operations*	7,019,616	--	--	(7,019,616)
52	*Security and Monitoring Services*	471,738	--	48,936	(422,802)
53	*Data Processing Services*	1,002,243	--	1,617,588	615,345
61	*Community Services*	199,701	--	43,014	(156,687)
72	*Interest on Long-term Debt*	764,650	--	--	(764,650)
73	*Bond Issuance Costs and Fees*	4,500	--	--	(4,500)
95	*Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative Ed. Programs*	42,000	--	--	(42,000)
99	*Other Intergovernmental Charges*	238,401	--	--	(238,401)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	56,540,173	1,287,645	7,157,211	(48,095,317)
TP	Total Primary Government	$ 56,540,173	$ 1,287,645	$ 7,157,211	(48,095,317)
	General Revenues:				
MT	*Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes*				25,654,710
DT	*Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service*				2,342,382
IE	*Investment Earnings*				547,971
GC	*Grants and Contributions Not Restricted to Specific Programs*				18,944,425
MI	*Miscellaneous*				2,305,020
TR	Total General Revenues				49,794,508
CN	Change in Net Position				1,699,191
NB	Net Position - Beginning				8,706,985
NE	Net Position - Ending				$ 10,406,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
	ASSETS:			
1110	*Cash and Cash Equivalents*	$ 1,016,904	$ 817,059	$ 1,833,963
1120	*Current Investments*	22,195,164	1,348,324	23,543,488
1225	*Taxes Receivable, Net*	649,556	57,366	706,922
1240	*Due from Other Governments*	14,034	769,557	783,591
1260	*Due from Other Funds*	264,253	--	264,253
1290	*Other Receivables*	2,592	366,285	368,877
1300	*Inventories*	78,595	3,546	82,141
1000	Total Assets	24,221,098	3,362,137	27,583,235
	LIABILITIES:			
	Current Liabilities:			
2110	*Accounts Payable*	$ 161,865	$ 58,391	$ 220,256
2150	*Payroll Deductions & Withholdings*	654,006	--	654,006
2160	*Accrued Wages Payable*	3,011,716	7,662	3,019,378
2170	*Due to Other Funds*	--	264,253	264,253
2180	*Due to Other Governments*	1,034,825	1,446	1,036,271
2200	*Accrued Expenditures*	56,049	--	56,049
2300	*Unearned Revenue*	743,333	57,366	800,699
2000	Total Liabilities	5,661,794	389,118	6,050,912
	FUND BALANCES:			
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:			
3410	*Inventories*	78,595	3,546	82,141
	Restricted Fund Balances:			
3450	*Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions*	--	807,979	807,979
3470	*Capital Acquisitions & Contractual Obligations*	--	26,722	26,722
3480	*Retirement of Long-Term Debt*	--	2,134,772	2,134,772
3600	Unassigned	18,480,709	--	18,480,709
3000	Total Fund Balances	18,559,304	2,973,019	21,532,323
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	$ 24,221,098	$ 3,362,137	$ 27,583,235

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2019

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	$	21,532,323
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position ("SNP") are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		43,105,658
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		706,922
The assets and liabilities of internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		678,640
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(25,335,000)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(33,719)
Payables for compensated absences which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(55,377)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(14,360,126)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(806,217)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		8,044,143
Bond premiums are reported in the SNA but not in the funds.		(393,459)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(19,219,351)
Deferred Resource Inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(6,077,622)
Deferred Resource Outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		2,619,361
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	$	10,406,176

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
	REVENUES:			
5700	*Local and Intermediate Sources*	$ 28,447,198	$ 3,714,465	$ 32,161,663
5800	*State Program Revenues*	19,070,714	727,422	19,798,136
5900	*Federal Program Revenues*	621,891	4,179,229	4,801,120
5020	Total Revenues	48,139,803	8,621,116	56,760,919
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
0011	*Instruction*	26,248,344	2,532,709	28,781,053
0012	*Instructional Resources and Media Services*	598,737	--	598,737
0013	*Curriculum and Staff Development*	611,159	93,507	704,666
0021	*Instructional Leadership*	702,964	32,700	735,664
0023	*School Leadership*	2,398,212	--	2,398,212
0031	*Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services*	1,862,990	372,919	2,235,909
0033	*Health Services*	504,823	--	504,823
0034	*Student Transportation*	828,381	2,427	830,808
0035	*Food Service*	--	2,668,079	2,668,079
0036	*Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities*	1,956,721	--	1,956,721
0041	*General Administration*	1,314,770	--	1,314,770
0051	*Facilities Maintenance and Operations*	6,538,394	--	6,538,394
0052	*Security and Monitoring Services*	407,607	48,938	456,545
0053	*Data Processing Services*	956,435	--	956,435
0061	*Community Services*	161,386	42,994	204,380
0071	*Principal on Long-term Debt*	--	1,080,000	1,080,000
0072	*Interest on Long-term Debt*	--	790,574	790,574
0073	*Bond Issuance Costs and Fees*	--	4,500	4,500
0081	*Capital Outlay*	92,849	166,614	259,463
0095	*Payments to Juvenile Justice Altermative*			
0095	*Education Programs*	42,000	--	42,000
0099	*Other Intergovernmental Charges*	238,401	--	238,401
6030	Total Expenditures	45,464,173	7,835,961	53,300,134
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	2,675,630	785,155	3,460,785
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):			
7915	*Transfers In*	181,757	--	181,757
8911	*Transfers Out*	--	(181,757)	(181,757)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	181,757	(181,757)	--
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	2,857,387	603,398	3,460,785
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	15,701,917	2,369,621	18,071,538
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	$ 18,559,304	$ 2,973,019	$ 21,532,323

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	$	3,460,785
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		650,677
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(1,562,048)
The gain or loss on the sale of capital assets is not reported in the funds.		(249,000)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		(23,935)
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		1,080,000
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.		1,032
The net revenue (expense) of internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.		(115,460)
Compensated absences are reported as the amount earned in the SOA but as the amount paid in the funds.		1,113
Reverse fund-level accrual of TRS onbehalf contributions..		(1,609,180)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.		27,788
The accounting loss on the defeasance of debt is not reported in the funds.		(2,896)
Implementing GASB 68 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource c		878,879
Pension contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.		44,931
The District's share of the unrecognized deferred inflows and outflows for the pension plan was amortized.		5,073,170
Pension expense relating to GASB 68 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		(5,632,056)
Implementing GASB 75 required certain expenditures to be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource c		(250,200)
OPEB contributions made after the measurement date but in current FY were de-expended & reduced NPL.		266,800
OPEB expense relating to GASB 75 is recorded in the SOA but not in the funds.		(341,208)
Rounding difference		(1)
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	$	1,699,191

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		Internal Service Funds
	ASSETS:	
	Current Assets:	
1110	*Cash and Cash Equivalents*	$ 97,849
1120	*Investments*	580,791
	Total Current Assets	678,640
1000	Total Assets	678,640
	LIABILITIES:	
2000	Total Liabilities	--
	NET POSITION:	
3900	*Unrestricted*	$ 678,640
3000	Total Net Position	$ 678,640

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		Internal Service Funds
	OPERATING REVENUES:	
5700	*Local and Intermediate Sources*	$ 284,694
5020	Total Revenues	284,694
	OPERATING EXPENSES:	
6100	*Payroll Costs*	127,333
6200	*Professional and Contracted Services*	272,822
6030	Total Expenses	400,155
1300	Change in Net Position	(115,461)
0100	Total Net Position - Beginning	794,101
3300	Total Net Position - Ending	$ 678,640

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
PROPRIETARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Internal Service Funds
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Cash Received from Other Funds	$ 284,694
Cash Payments to Employees	(127,333)
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	(272,822)
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	(115,461)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(115,461)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year	794,101
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	$ 678,640
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities:	
Operating Income (Loss)	$ (115,461)
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	
Depreciation	--
Provision for Uncollectible Accounts	--
Change in Assets and Liabilities:	--
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	--
Increase (Decrease) in Accrued Expenses	--
Total Adjustments	--
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	$ (115,461)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		Private-purpose Trust Funds	Agency Funds Student Activity
	ASSETS:		
1110	*Cash and Cash Equivalents*	$ 26,452	$ 244,542
1800	*Restricted Assets*	7,000	--
1000	Total Assets	33,452	244,542
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	*Accounts Payable*	$ --	$ 498
2190	*Due to Student Groups*	--	244,044
2000	Total Liabilities	--	244,542
	NET POSITION:		
3800	*Held in Trust*	33,452	--
3000	Total Net Position	$ 33,452	$ --

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

	Private-Purpose Trusts
Additions:	
Investment Income	$ --
Gifts & Bequests	21,575
Total Additions	21,575
Deductions:	
Scholarship Awards	17,050
Total Deductions	17,050
Change in Net Position	4,525
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	28,927
Net Position-End of the Year	$ 33,452

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Nederland Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities**.** However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Nonoperating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from nonexchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Funds: These funds are used to account for revenues and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal services are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the government-wide financial statements.

Private-Purpose Trust Funds: These funds are used to report trust arrangements under which principal and income benefit individuals, private organizations, or other governments not reported in other fiduciary fund types.

Agency Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity (assets equal liabilities). Agency funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee or agent capacity and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide, Proprietary, and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end**.** Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes. Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Cash and Cash Equivalents

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, highly liquid investments are considered to be cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less when purchased.

b. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed**.** Property tax revenues are considered available when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period.

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

c. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories of supplies on the balance sheet are stated at weighted average cost, while inventories of food commodities are recorded at market values supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services. Inventory items are recorded as expenditures when they are consumed. Supplies are used for almost all functions of activity, while food commodities are used only in the food service program. Although commodities are received at no cost, their fair market value is supplied by the Texas Department of Human Services and recorded as inventory and deferred revenue when received. When requisitioned, inventory and deferred revenue are relieved, expenditures are charged, and revenue is recognized for an equal amount. Inventories also include plant maintenance and operation supplies as well as instructional supplies.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

d. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of the donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of $5,000 is used.

Capital assets are being depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Infrastructure	30
Buildings	50
Building Improvements	20
Vehicles	2-15
Office Equipment	3-15
Computer Equipment	3-15

e. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide Statement of Net Position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

f. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

g. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

h. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

i. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements. The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

j. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action**.** Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget**.** Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority**.** Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

k. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

l. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the District implemented the following new standards. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB 88 - Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowing and Direct Placements

The primary objective of this statement is to improve the information that is disclosed in notes to government financial statements related to debt, including direct borrowings and direct placements. It also clarifies which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt.

This statement defines debt for purposes of disclosure in notes to financial statements as a liability that arises from a contractual obligation to pay cash (or other assets that may be used in lieu of cash) in one or more payments to settle an amount that is fixed at the date the contractual obligation is established. This statement requires that additional essential information related to debt be disclosed in notes to financial statements, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses.

For notes to financial statements related to debt, this Statement also requires that existing and additional information be provided for direct borrowings and direct placements of debt separately from other debt.

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*

This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this statement.

The District does not currently have any AROs and does not expect that implementation of the pronouncement will have an impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests - an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 61*

The primary objectives of this Statement are to improve the consistency and comparability of reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and to improve the relevance of financial statement information for certain component units. It defines a majority equity interest and specifies that a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization should be reported as an investment if a government's holding of the equity interest meets the definition of an investment. This Statement also establishes that ownership of a majority equity interest in a legally separate organization results in the government being financially accountable for the legally separate organization and, therefore, the government should report that organization as a component unit.

GASB Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*

This statement establishes standards of accounting and financial reporting by establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. The focus of the criteria generally is on whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists**.** Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities.

B. Compliance and Accountability

1. Finance-Related Legal and Contractual Provisions

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, "Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures," violations of finance-related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
None reported	Not applicable

2. Deficit Fund Balance or Fund Net Position of Individual Funds

Following are funds having deficit fund balances or fund net position at year end, if any, along with remarks which address such deficits:

Fund Name	Deficit Amount	Remarks
None reported	Not applicable	Not applicable

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was $1,931,812 and the bank balance was $2,675,697. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2019 and during the year ended August 31, 2019, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, 2) certificates of deposit, 3) certain municipal securities, 4) securities lending program, 5) repurchase agreements, 6) bankers acceptances, 7) mutual funds, 8) investment pools, 9) guaranteed investment contracts, and 10) commercial paper.

* Not all assets meeting the definition of an investment are required to be reported at fair value. Included among excepted investments are certain investments held by 2a7-like external investment pools. As detailed below, the District has invested funds in specific 2a7-like external investment pools that are valued at amortized cost and not subject to the fair value hierarchy levels.

** Certificates of Deposit ("CD's") and time deposits at FDIC insured banks are not subject to the fair value hierarchy levels.

The District's investments at August 31, 2019 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	Rating	Maturity	Using Level		Fair Value
Lone Star Investment Pool	AAAm	27 days	*	$	20,950,814
TexPool	AAAm	38 days	*		3,173,465
Total Investments				$	24,124,279

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

At August 31, 2019, the District's investments, other than those which are obligations of or guaranteed by the U. S. Government, are rated as to credit quality above.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Public Funds Investment Pools

Public funds investment pools in Texas ("Pools") are established under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 79 of the Texas Government Code, and are subject to the provisions of the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. In addition to other provisions of the Act designed to promote liquidity and safety of principal, the Act requires Pools to: 1) have an advisory board composed of participants in the pool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with the pool and are qualified to advise the pool; 2) maintain a continuous rating of no lower than AAA or AAA-m or an equivalent rating by at least one nationally recognized rating service; and 3) maintain the market value of its underlying investment portfolio within one half of one percent of the value of its shares.

The District's investments in Pools are reported at an amount determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio, unless the pool is 2a7-like, in which case they are reported at share value. A 2a7-like pool is one which is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") as an investment company, but nevertheless has a policy that it will, and does, operate in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940.

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool (Lone Star) is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 791, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Texas Government Code, Chapter 2256. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards (TASB), with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the board of trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both pool members and non-members. Lone Star is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of one dollar. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight and Corporate Overnight Plus maintain a net asset value of one dollar.

TexPool

The District invests in the Texas Local Government Investment Pool (TexPool), which is a local government investment pool that was established in conformity with the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and operates under the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts oversees TexPool. Federated Investors, Inc. is the administrator and investment manager of TexPool under a contract with the State Comptroller. In accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the State Comptroller has appointed the TexPool Investment Advisory Board to advise with respect to TexPool. The board is composed equally of participants in TexPool Portfolios and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool Portfolios and are qualified to advise in respect to TexPool Portfolios. The Advisory Board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. TexPool is rated AAAm by Standard & Poor's and operates in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. All investments are stated at amortized cost, which usually approximates the market value of the securities**.** The stated objective of TexPool is to maintain a stable average $1.00 per unit net asset value; however, the $1.00 net asset value is not guaranteed or insured. The financial statements can be obtained from the Texas Trust Safekeeping Trust Company website at www.ttstc.org.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2019, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	$ 3,938,165	$ --	$ --	$ 3,938,165
Construction in progress	151,061	270,911	243,910	178,062
Total capital assets not being depreciated	4,089,226	270,911	243,910	4,116,227
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	73,803,498	243,910	249,000	73,798,408
Furniture and equipment	3,814,606	379,766	--	4,194,372
Total capital assets being depreciated	77,618,104	623,676	249,000	77,992,780
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(34,852,006)	(1,395,514)	--	(36,247,520)
Furniture and equipment	(2,589,295)	(166,534)	--	(2,755,829)
Total accumulated depreciation	(37,441,301)	(1,562,048)	--	(39,003,349)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	40,176,803	(938,372)	249,000	38,989,431
Governmental activities capital assets, net	$ 44,266,029	$ (667,461)	$ 492,910	$ 43,105,658

Depreciation was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	$ 889,921
Instructional Resources and Media Services	21,064
Curriculum and Staff Development	21,114
Instructional Leadership	24,003
School Leadership	81,099
Guidance, Counseling, & Evaluation Services	62,929
Health Services	17,784
Student Transportation	35,648
Extracurricular Activities	67,830
General Administration	46,071
Plant Maintenance and Operations	241,561
Security and Monitoring Services	15,193
Data Processing Services	32,306
Community Services	5,525
	$ 1,562,048

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Amount	Purpose
General Fund	Other Governmental Funds	$ 264,253	Temporary advances
	Total	$ 264,253	

All amounts due are scheduled to be repaid within one year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2019, consisted of the following:

Transfers From	Transfers To		Amount	Reason
Other Governmental Funds	General fund		$ 181,757	Transfer of federal grant reimbursen
		Total	$ 181,757	

F. Long-Term Obligations

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General obligation bonds	$ 26,415,000	$ --	$ 1,080,000	$ 25,335,000	$ 730,000
Premium on bonds issued	421,247	--	27,788	393,459	--
Accounting loss on refunding	(2,896)	--	(2,896)	--	--
Compensated absences *	56,490	--	1,113	55,377	--
	26,889,841	--	1,106,005	25,783,836	730,000
Net Pension Liability *	7,997,769	7,241,236	878,879	14,360,126	--
Net OPEB Liability *	15,938,567	3,546,323	265,539	19,219,351	--
Total governmental activities	$ 50,826,177	$ 10,787,559	$ 2,250,423	$ 59,363,313	$ 730,000

Due within one year	$ 730,000
Due in more than one year	25,053,836
	$ 25,783,836

* Other long-term liabilities
The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Compensated absences	Governmental	General
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	General
Net OPEB Liability *	Business-type	General

Details of outstanding bonded debt at August 31, 2016, are as follows:

Date of Issue	Description	Interest Rates	Original Issue	Final Maturity Date	Debt Principal
11/1/2012	Series 2012	3.8	$ 7,320,000	8/15/2035	$ 7,320,000
5/1/2013	Series 2013	1.0 to 3.0	9,110,000	8/15/2037	7,510,000
5/1/2014	Series 2014	2.0 to 4.0	6,080,000	8/15/2038	5,240,000
5/1/2015	Series 2015	2.0 to 3.25	6,080,000	8/15/2038	5,265,000
					$ 25,335,000

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2019, are as follows:

	Governmental Activities		
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	$ 730,000	$ 767,099	$ 1,497,099
2021	750,000	752,499	1,502,499
2022	775,000	737,498	1,512,498
2023	800,000	721,999	1,521,999
2024	820,000	705,999	1,525,999
2025-2029	4,515,000	3,248,944	7,763,944
2030-2034	5,280,000	2,610,494	7,890,494
2035-2038	11,665,000	629,097	12,294,097
Totals	$ 25,335,000	$ 10,173,629	$ 35,508,629

The Series 2012 bonds are callable in whole or in part on any date beginning August 15, 2022. The bonds are subject to special mandatory and extraordinary optional redemption. The District is required to make cumulative sinking fund deposits with the Paying Agent/Registrar as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Principal
2020	$ 406,667
2021	406,667
2022	406,667
2023	406,667
2024	406,667
2025	406,667
2026	406,667
2027	406,667
2028	406,667
2029	406,667
2030	406,667
2031	406,667
2032	406,667
2033	406,667
2034	406,667
2035	406,661
Totals	$ 6,506,666

	Sinking Fund Requirements		
Year Ending August 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2020	$ 1,136,667	$ 767,099	$ 1,903,766
2021	1,156,666	752,499	1,909,165
2022	1,181,667	737,498	1,919,165
2023	1,206,667	721,999	1,928,666
2024	1,226,667	705,999	1,932,666
2025-2029	6,548,333	3,248,943	9,797,276
2030-2034	7,313,333	2,610,494	9,923,827
2035-2038	4,751,667	629,097	5,380,764
Totals	$ 24,521,667	$ 10,173,628	$ 34,695,295

G. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2019, the District purchased commercial insurance to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

H. Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) and is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately-issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1.) above.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year. Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. Senate Bill 1458 of the 83rd Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and established employee contribution rates for fiscal years 2014 through 2017. The 85th Texas Legislature, General Appropriations Act (GAA) affirmed that the employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2018 and 2019 would remain the same.

Contribution Rates

	2018	2019
Member	7.7%	7.7%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (NECE - State)	6.8%	6.8%
Employers	6.8%	6.8%

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	$	982,027
District's 2019 Member Contributions	$	3,875,695
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	$	1,561,712

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

--- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.

--- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.

--- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.

--- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges an employer is subject to:

--- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

--- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the Federal Old-Age, Survivors and Disability Insurance (OASDI) Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation rolled forward to August 31, 2018 was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Market Value
Single Discount Rate	6.907%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.25%
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	3.05% to 9.05%
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Benefit Changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are based primarily on a study of actual experience for the three year period ending August 31, 2017 and adopted in July, 2018.

6. Discount Rate

The single discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.907%. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on the pension plan investments of 7.25% and a municipal bond rate of 3.69%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was sufficient to finance the benefit payments until the year 2069. As a result, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through the year 2069, and the municipal bond rate was applied to all benefit payments after that date. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by

weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2018 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas
Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
As of August 31, 2016

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return	Expected Contribution to Long-term Portfolio Returns *
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.0%	5.7%	1.0%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	6.9%	0.9%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	8.9%	0.8%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.5%	0.1%
Private Equity	13.0%	10.2%	1.3%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries	11.0%	1.1%	0.1%
Absolute Return	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	3.1%	0.1%
Cash	1.0%	-0.3%	0.0%
Real Return			
Global Inflation Linked Bonds	3.0%	0.7%	0.0%
Real Assets	14.0%	5.2%	0.7%
Energy & Natural Resources	5.0%	7.5%	0.4%
Commodities	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	3.7%	0.2%
Inflation Expectation			2.3%
Alpha			-0.8%
Total	**100.0%**		**7.2%**

* Target allocation are based on the FY 2016 policy model.

** The expected contribution to Returns incorporates the volatility drag resulting from the conversion between Arithmetic and Geometric mean returns.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net Pension Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (6.907%) in measuring the Net Pension Liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate 5.907%	Discount Rate 6.907%	1% Increase in Discount Rate 7.907%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 21,672,874	$ 14,360,126	$ 8,440,023

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of $14,360,126 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	$	14,360,126
State's proportionate share that is associated with District		25,532,923
Total	$	39,893,049

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 through August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2018 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0260892%. which was an increase (decrease) of 0.0010763229% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2017.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation -
The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability since the prior measurement period.

--- The Total Pension Liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

--- Demographic assumptions including post-retirement mortality, termination rates, and rates of retirement were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

--- Economic assumptions including rates of salary increase for individual participants was updated based on the same experience study.

--- The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 6.907% as of August 31, 2018.

--- The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% to 7.25%.

--- The change in the long-term assumed rate of return combined with the change in the single discount rate was the primary reason for the increase in the Net Pension Liability.

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of $4,753,362 and revenue of $2,527,079 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS' deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:
(The amounts below will be the cumulative layers from the current and prior years combined)

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	$ 89,509	$ 352,341
Changes in actuarial assumptions	5,177,517	161,798
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings	--	272,473
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,795,090	19,605
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	982,027	--
Total	$ 8,044,143	$ 806,217

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended August 31	Pension Expense Amount
2020	$ 1,666,515
2021	$ 1,093,114
2022	$ 927,203
2023	$ 1,002,524
2024	$ 962,026
Thereafter	$ 604,517

I. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered through a trust by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Board of Trustees. It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately-issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information**.** That report may be obtained on the Internet at http://www.trs.state.tx.us/about/documents/cafr.pdf#CAFR; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage (TRS-Care 1), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits (TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes, including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for the optional health insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees January 1, 2018 thru December 31, 2018		
	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree*	$ 135	$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree* and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

* or surviving spouse

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75 percent of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates		
	2018	2019
Active Employee	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%

District's 2019 Employer Contributions	$	266,800
District's 2019 Member Contributions	$	2,432,634
2018 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (state)	$	362,868

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether they participate in the TRS Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay to TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of $535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of $182.6 million in fiscal year 2018. The 85th Texas Legislature, House Bill 30 provided an additional $212 million in one-time, supplemental funding for the FY2018-19 biennium to continue to support the program. This was also received in FY2018 bringing the total appropriations received in fiscal year 2018 to $394.6 million.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2017 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2018. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuations performed on the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation, salary increases, and general payroll growth, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. Since the assumptions were based upon a recent actuarial experience study performed and they were reasonable for this OPEB valuation, they were employed in the 2018 CAFR for the Teacher Retirement System of Texas.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2017 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2018:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	Expected Payroll Growth
Rates of Disability Incidence	

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2017 rolled forward to August 31, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate *	3.69% *
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Payroll Growth Rate	3.00%
Projected Salary Increases	3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation ***
Healthcare Trend Rates **	8.50% **
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 70% participation prior to age 65 and 75% after age 65.
Ad Hoc Post-Employment Benefit Changes	None

*Sourced from fixed income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federal tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2018.

**8.50% for FY2019, decreasing 0.5% per year to 4.50% for FY2027 and later years.

*** Includes inflation at 2.5%.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 3.69% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of .27% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because the plan is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the non-employer contributing entity are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (2.69%)	Current Single Discount Rate (3.69%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (4.69%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	$ 22,877,631	$ 19,219,351	$ 16,325,416

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2019, the District reported a liability of $19,219,351 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	$ 19,219,351
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	$ 26,301,396
Total	$ 45,520,747

The Net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2017 and rolled forward to August 31, 2018 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2017 thru August 31, 2018.

At August 31, 2019 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0384919, compared to 0.0018399169% as of August 31, 2017.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the assumed 8.5% rate is used.

	1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate (7.5%)	Current Single Healthcare Trend Rate (8.5%)	1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate (9.5%)
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	$ 15,961,984	$ 19,219,351	$ 23,509,374

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

--- Adjustments were made for retirees that were known to have discontinued their health care coverage in fiscal year 2018. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

--- The health care trend rate assumption was updated to reflect the anticipated return of the Health Insurer Fee (HIF) in 2020. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

--- Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. This change increased the Total OPEB Liability.

--- The discount rate was changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018. This change lowered the Total OPEB Liability $2.3 billion.

--- Change of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - Please see the 2018 TRS CAFR, page 68, section B for a list of changes made effective September 1, 2017 by the 85th Texas Legislature.

In this valuation the impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

--- 2018 thresholds of $850 / $2,292 were indexed annually by 2.50%.

--- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.

--- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25 basis-point addition to the long term trend rate assumption.

Future actuarial measurements may differ significantly from the current measurements due to such factors as the following: plan experience differing from that anticipated by the economic or demographic assumptions; changes in economic or demographic assumptions; increases or decreases expected as part of the natural operation of the methodology used for these measurements; and changes in plan provision or applicable law.

Changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability during the measurement period are listed below:

The 85th Legislature, Regular Session, passed the following statutory changes in House Bill 3976 which became effective on September 1, 2017:

--- Created a high-deductible health plan that provides a zero cost for generic prescriptions for certain preventive drugs and provides a zero premium for disability retirees who retired as a disability retiree on or before January 1, 2017 and are not eligible to enroll in Medicare.

--- Created a single Medicare Advantage plan and Medicare prescription drug plan for all Medicare-eligible participants.

--- Allowed the System to provide other appropriate health benefit plans to address the needs of enrollees eligible for Medicare.

--- Allowed eligible retirees and their eligible dependents to enroll in TRS-Care when the retiree reaches 65 years of age, rather than waiting for the next enrollment period.

--- Eliminated free coverage under TRS-Care, except for certain disability retirees enrolled during Plan Years 2018 through 2021, requiring members to contribute $200 per month toward their health insurance premiums.

For the year ended August 31, 2019, the District recognized OPEB expense of $1.548.095 and revenue of $956,687 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2019, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	$ 1,019,900	$ 303,310
Changes in actuarial assumptions	320,719	5,774,312
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings	3,361	--
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions and the proportionate share of contributions	1,008,581	--
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date	266,800	
Total	$ 2,619,361	$ 6,077,622

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ended August 31,	Amount
2020	$ (630,961)
2021	$ (630,961)
2022	$ (630,961)
2023	$ (631,596)
2024	$ (631,960)
Thereafter	$ (568,623)

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the current fiscal year ended August 31, 2019, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was $97,016.

J. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year employees of the District were covered by a statewide health insurance plan, TRS Active Care. The District paid premiums of $375 per month per participating employee to the Plan.

Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. The Teacher Retirement System (TRS) manages TRS Active Care. Administration of the Plan is provided by two companies**.** Aetna administers the medical plan while Caremark was assigned the prescription drug plan.

The latest financial information on TRS Active Care is available from TRS (see note H1).

K. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies**.** Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectibility of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

2. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2019.

L. Tax Abatements

On September 16, 2013, the District's Board of Trustees approved an Agreement with Sunoco Partners NGL Facilities LLC for a Limitation On Appraised Value of Property for School District Maintenance and Operations Taxes pursuant to the Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, i.e., the Texas Economic Development Act, as set forth in Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code, as amended. Sunoco Partners NGL Facilities LLC qualified for a tax limitation agreement under Texas Tax Code 313.024(b)(5), as a manufacturing project.

Value limitation agreements are a part of a state program, originally created in 2001, which allows school districts to limit the taxable value of an approved project for Maintenance and Operations (M&O) for a period of years specified in statute. The project(s) under the Chapter 313 agreement must be consistent with the state's goal to "encourage large scale capital investments in this state." Chapter 313 of the Texas Tax Code grants eligibility to companies engaged in manufacturing, research and development, renewable electric energy production, clean coal projects, nuclear power generation and data centers.

In order to qualify for a value limitation agreement, each applicant, including Sunoco Partners NGL Facilities LLC has been required to meet a series of capital investment, job creation, and wage requirements specified by state law**.** At the time of the application's approval, the agreement was found to have done so by both the District's Board of Trustees and the Texas Comptroller's Office, which recommended approval of the project. The application, the agreements, and state reporting requirement documentation can be viewed online at the website for the Texas Comptroller: https://www.comptroller.texas.gov/economy/local/ch313/agreement-docs.php. The agreement and all supporting documentation was assigned Texas Comptroller Application No. 279.

After approval, the applicant company must maintain a viable presence in the District for the entire period of the value limitation plus a period of years thereafter. In addition, there are specific reporting requirements, which are monitored on an annual and biennial basis in order to ensure relevant job, wage, and operational requirements are being met.

In the event that Sunoco Partners NGL Facilities LLC terminates this Agreement without the consent of the District, or in the event that the company or its successor-in-interest fails to comply in any material respect with the terms of this Agreement or to meet any material obligation under this Agreement, then the District shall be entitled to the recapture of all ad valorem tax revenue lost as a result of this Agreement together with the payment of penalty and interest, on that recaptured ad valorem tax revenue. Penalties on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code 33.01(a), or its successor statute. Interest on said amounts shall be calculated in accordance with the methodology set forth in Texas Tax Code 33.01(c), or its successor statute. The Agreement provides an administrative procedure to determine any company liability. Ultimately, enforcement of any payment obligation is through the local state district court.

As of July 11, 2019, the applicant company is in full compliance with all of its obligations under law and the Agreement itself.

Following is the information is required by GASB 77 for M&O purposes. It includes the net benefit to the District but does not include any Interest & Sinking (I&S) impact.

Project: First Year Value Limitation: Fi Sunoco Partners NGL Facilities LLC (Application # 279)

(A) Project Value 2018	(B) Project's Value Limitation Amount 2018	(C) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Paid 2018	(D) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Reduced 2018	(E) Company Revenue Loss Paymt to School District 2018	(F) Company Supplemental Payment To School District 2018	(G) Net Benefit (Loss) to the School District 2018 (C+E+F)
$209,502,000	$30,000,000	$318,000	$1,902,721	$0	$804,514	$804,514

Project: First Year Value Limitation: Fi Orbit Gulf Coast NGL Exprots, LLC (Application # 1247)

(A) Project Value 2018	(B) Project's Value Limitation Amount 2018	(C) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Paid 2018	(D) Amount of Applicant's M&O Taxes Reduced 2018	(E) Company Revenue Loss Paymt to School District 2018	(F) Company Supplemental Payment To School District 2018	(G) Net Benefit (Loss) to the School District 2018 (C+E+F)
$0	$0	$0	$0	$0	$519,910	$519,910

M. Subsequent Events

On September 18, 2019 the District issued $69,970,000 in general obligation bonds. The Board of Trustees adopted an order on August 19, 2019 authorizing the issuance of the bonds. Voters approved the bonds at an election held on May 4, 2019. Interest on the bonds accrue from the date of delivery September 18, 2019.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT G-1

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		1 Budgeted Amounts Original	2 Budgeted Amounts Final	3 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	*Local and Intermediate Sources*	$ 27,090,000	$ 28,587,100	$ 28,447,198	$ (139,902)
5800	*State Program Revenues*	17,850,000	17,437,000	19,070,714	1,633,714
5900	*Federal Program Revenues*	570,000	625,000	621,891	(3,109)
5020	Total Revenues	45,510,000	46,649,100	48,139,803	1,490,703
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:				
0011	*Instruction*	26,439,929	26,350,529	26,248,344	102,185
0012	*Instructional Resources and Media Services*	622,004	623,692	598,737	24,955
0013	*Curriculum and Staff Development*	698,583	625,183	611,159	14,024
	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	27,760,516	27,599,404	27,458,240	141,164
	Instructional and School Leadership:				
0021	*Instructional Leadership*	650,717	710,717	702,964	7,753
0023	*School Leadership*	2,381,323	2,401,323	2,398,212	3,111
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	3,032,040	3,112,040	3,101,176	10,864
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):				
0031	*Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services*	1,698,318	1,863,318	1,862,990	328
0033	*Health Services*	526,585	526,585	504,823	21,762
0034	*Student (Pupil) Transportation*	845,381	1,055,532	828,381	227,151
0036	*Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities*	1,852,629	2,008,429	1,956,721	51,708
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	4,922,913	5,453,864	5,152,915	300,949
	Administrative Support Services:				
0041	*General Administration*	1,193,648	1,364,148	1,314,770	49,378
	Total Administrative Support Services	1,193,648	1,364,148	1,314,770	49,378
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:				
0051	*Plant Maintenance and Operations*	6,846,412	7,152,582	6,538,394	614,188
0052	*Security and Monitoring Services*	357,304	449,857	407,607	42,250
0053	*Data Processing Services*	991,568	956,568	956,435	133
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	8,195,284	8,559,007	7,902,436	656,571
	Ancillary Services:				
0061	*Community Services*	103,599	163,599	161,386	2,213
	Total Ancillary Services	103,599	163,599	161,386	2,213
	Capital Outlay:				
0081	*Capital Outlay*	--	92,849	92,849	--
	Total Capital Outlay	--	92,849	92,849	--
	Intergovernmental Charges:				
0095	*Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative*				
0095	*Education Programs*	42,000	42,000	42,000	--
0099	*Other Intergovernmental Charges*	260,000	260,000	238,401	21,599
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	302,000	302,000	280,401	21,599
6030	Total Expenditures	45,510,000	46,646,911	45,464,173	1,182,738

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		1 Budgeted Amounts Original	2 Budgeted Amounts Final	3 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	--	2,189	2,675,630	2,673,441
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7915	*Transfers In*	--	215,295	181,757	(33,538)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	--	215,295	181,757	(33,538)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	--	217,484	2,857,387	2,639,903
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	15,701,917	15,701,917	15,701,917	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ 15,701,917	$ 15,919,401	$ 18,559,304	$ 2,639,903

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
*LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **

	Measurement Year Ended August 31,				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)	0.026089196%	0.025012873%	0.023781989%	0.025257000%	0.014758900%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	$ 14,360,126	$ 7,997,769	$ 8,986,860	$ 8,928,013	$ 3,942,307
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District	25,532,923	15,435,493	17,760,713	17,766,674	15,320,529
Total	$ 39,893,049	$ 23,433,262	$ 26,747,573	$ 26,694,687	$ 19,262,836
District's covered-employee payroll	$ 30,315,248	$ 29,377,046	$ 27,090,583	$ 27,065,668	$ 26,022,284
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	47.37%	27.22%	33.17%	32.99%	15.15%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

Measurement Year Ended August 31,				
2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
--	--	--	--	--
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
--	--	--	--	--
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
--	--	--	--	--
--	--	--	--	--

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
*LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **

	Fiscal Year				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	$ 982,027	$ 937,096	$ 819,776	$ 1,025,594	$ 752,202
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(982,027)	(937,096)	(819,776)	(1,025,594)	(752,202)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered-employee payroll	$ 31,589,473	$ 30,315,248	$ 29,377,046	$ 27,090,853	$ 27,065,668
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	3.11%	3.09%	2.79%	3.79%	2.78%

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

Fiscal Year				
2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
--	--	--	--	--
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
--	--	--	--	--

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
*LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **

	Measurement Year Ended				
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.038491887%	0.036651970%	--	--	--
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	$ 19,219,351	$ 15,938,567	$ --	$ --	$ --
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	$ 26,301,396	$ 23,114,220	$ 1	$ --	$ --
Total	$ 45,520,747	$ 39,052,787	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered-employee payroll	$ 30,315,248	$ 29,377,046	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	63.40%	54.26%	--	--	--
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	1.57%	0.91%	--	--	--

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

	Measurement Year Ended				
	2013	2012	2011	2010	2009
	--	--	--	--	--
$	--	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
$	--	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
$	--	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
	--	--	--	--	--
	--	--	--	--	--

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
*LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	$ 266,800	$ 250,200	$ --	$ --	$ --
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	(266,800)	(250,200)	--	--	--
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ 533,600	$ 500,400	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered-employee payroll	$ 31,589,473	$ 30,315,248	$ --	$ --	$ --
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	0.84%	0.83%	--	--	--

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

EXHIBIT G-5

	Fiscal Year Ended				
	2014	2013	2012	2011	2010
	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
	--	--	--	--	--
	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
	--	--	--	--	--

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types. The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data.:

a. Prior to August 21 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.

c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level**.** Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Changes of benefit terms

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Changes of assumptions

There were no changes of assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability during the measurement period.

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Year Ended August 31	1 Tax Rates Maintenance	2 Tax Rates Debt Service	3 Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes
2010 and Prior Years	$ Various	$ Various	$ Various
2011	1.04	.073	1,898,194,340
2012	1.04	.0695	2,022,506,534
2013	1.04	.065	2,078,774,299
2014	1.04	.08	2,242,455,089
2015	1.04	.105	2,125,549,345
2016	1.04	.12	2,296,853,707
2017	1.04	.12	2,183,491,379
2018	1.04	.11	2,366,926,261
2019 (School Year Under Audit)	1.06	.09	2,400,432,435
1000 Totals			
9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code			

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/18	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/19
$ 218,630	$ --	$ 20,941	$ 1,323	$ (60,991)	$ 135,375
42,147	--	3,921	275	--	37,951
47,577	--	6,145	411	--	41,021
49,291	--	10,116	632	344	38,887
65,170	--	15,423	1,186	353	48,914
84,453	--	22,626	2,284	384	59,927
108,977	--	17,912	2,067	(13,198)	75,800
159,601	--	43,919	5,068	(8,595)	102,019
298,944	--	98,950	10,466	(27,678)	161,850
--	27,604,973	25,213,537	2,302,328	248,739	337,847
$ 1,074,790	$ 27,604,973	$ 25,453,490	$ 2,326,040	$ 139,358	$ 1,039,591
$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT J-2

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:			
5700	*Local and Intermediate Sources*	$ (1,067,000)	$ 990,940	$ 2,057,940
5800	*State Program Revenues*	(13,000)	13,258	26,258
5900	*Federal Program Revenues*	(1,650,000)	1,699,570	3,349,570
5020	Total Revenues	(2,730,000)	2,703,768	5,433,768
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):			
0035	*Food Services*	2,738,139	2,668,079	70,060
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	2,738,139	2,668,079	70,060
6030	Total Expenditures	2,738,139	2,668,079	70,060
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	(5,468,139)	35,689	5,503,828
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(5,468,139)	35,689	5,503,828
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	775,836	775,836	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ (4,692,303)	$ 811,525	$ 5,503,828

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT J-3

DEBT SERVICE FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:			
5700	*Local and Intermediate Sources*	$ (2,417,000)	$ 2,401,116	$ 4,818,116
5800	*State Program Revenues*	(42,500)	41,062	83,562
5020	Total Revenues	(2,459,500)	2,442,178	4,901,678
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Debt Service:			
0071	*Principal on Long-Term Debt*	1,080,000	1,080,000	--
0072	*Interest on Long-Term Debt*	790,575	790,574	1
0073	*Bond Issuance Costs and Fees*	6,000	4,500	1,500
	Total Debt Service	1,876,575	1,875,074	1,501
6030	Total Expenditures	1,876,575	1,875,074	1,501
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	(4,336,075)	567,104	4,903,179
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,336,075)	567,104	4,903,179
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	1,567,668	1,567,668	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ (2,768,407)	$ 2,134,772	$ 4,903,179

West, Davis & Company, LLP
11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100
Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and On Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees
Nederland Independent School District
Nederland, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Nederland Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Nederland Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 15, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Nederland Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nederland Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nederland Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Nederland Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

West, Davis & Company, LLP
Austin, Texas
January 15, 2020

West, Davis & Company, LLP
11824 Jollyville Road, Suite 100
Austin, Texas 78759

Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees
Nederland Independent School District
Nederland, Texas

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited the Nederland Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Nederland Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2019**.** Nederland Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Nederland Independent School District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S**.** *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the Nederland Independent School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the Nederland Independent School District's compliance.

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the Nederland Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2019.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

Management of the Nederland Independent School District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the Nederland Independent School District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Nederland Independent School District's internal control over compliance.

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we considered to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

West, Davis & Company, LLP
Austin, Texas
January 15, 2020

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1. Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
One or more material weaknesses identified?	____ Yes	X No	
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ Yes	X No	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	____ Yes	X No	

2. Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:			
One or more material weaknesses identified?	____ Yes	X No	
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ Yes	X No	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Version of compliance supplement used in audit:	August 2019		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?	____ Yes	X No	

Identification of major programs:

CFDA Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
	CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER
10.553	School Breakfast Program
10.555	National School Lunch Program (Non-cash)
10.555	National School Lunch Program

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	$750,000		
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	____ No	

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT K-1

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

(1)	(2)	(2A)		(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed Through to Subrecipients	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Agriculture				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71401901	$ --	$ 328,767
National School Lunch Program (Non-cash)	10.555	123-905	--	178,004
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71301901	--	1,192,799
Total CFDA Number 10.555			--	1,370,803
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			--	1,699,570
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			--	1,699,570
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			--	1,699,570
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:				
U. S. Department of Education				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	186600011239056000	--	123,555
IDEA-B Formula	84.027A	196600011239056000	--	1,114,598
IDEA-B Discretionary	84.027A	196600121239056000	--	172,761
Total CFDA Number 84.027A			--	1,410,914
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	186610011239056000	--	5,490
IDEA-B Preschool	84.173A	196610011239056000	--	50,386
Total CFDA Number 84.173A			--	55,876
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			--	1,466,790
Total U. S. Department of Education			--	1,466,790
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			--	1,466,790
OTHER PROGRAMS:				
U. S. Department of Education				
Passed Through State Department of Education:				
ESEA Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	19610101123905	--	550,052
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048A	19420006123905	--	48,040
Title III Part A English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancem	84.365A	18671001123905	--	3,915
Title III Part A English Language Acquisition and Language Enhancem	84.365A	19671001123905	--	38,590
Total CFDA Number 84.365A			--	42,505
Summer School LEP	84.369A	69551802	--	2,503
ESEA Title II Part A, Supporting EF	84.367A	19694501123905	--	91,300
ESEA TITLE IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.410A	19610101123905	--	49,631
Texas Hurricane Homeless Youth	84.938B	19513701123905	--	49,584
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			--	833,615
Total U. S. Department of Education			--	833,615
Federal Emergency Management Administration:				
Direct Program:				
Disaster Grants-FEMA Hurricane IKE Reimbursement	97.036	123-905	--	179,254
Total Federal Emergency Management Administration			--	179,254
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			$ --	$ 4,179,229

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2019

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Nederland Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Nederland Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Reconciliation to Financial Statements

Reported in Exhibit C-2:		
Total Federal Grant Revenue	$	4,801,120
Federal Grant Reimbursement Transfers-Disaster Recovery Grants		--
Federal Grant Reimbursement Transfers-LEP Summer School Grants		--
Total Federal Revenues		4,801,120
LESS: Reported in General Fund:		
SHARS		337,815
Medicare Adm. Claims		23,162
QSCB Subsidies		260,914
Total Reported in General Fund		621,891
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (EXHIBIT K-1)	$	4,179,229

Nederland Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

NEDERLAND INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2019

Data Control Codes		Responses
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF4	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report?	Yes
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teachers Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other governmental agencies?	Yes
SF8	Did the school district not receive an adjusted repayment schedule for more than one fiscal year for an over allocation of Foundation School Program (FSP) funds as a result of a financial hardship?	Yes
SF10	What was the total accumulated accretion on capital appreciation bonds (CABs) included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end?	$ --
SF11	Net Pension Assets (object 1920) at fiscal year-end.	$ --
SF12	Net Pension Liabilities (object 2540) at fiscal year-end.	$ 14,360,126
SF13	Pension Expense (object 6147) at fiscal year-end.	$
	In correspondence to all school administrators dated November 1, 2017, the TEA's Director of Financial Compliance stated "For 2017, and until further notice, no data should be entered in the field for data feed Schedule L-1 question SF13. If the AFR and data feed has been submitted no additional steps need to be taken."	