

Financial Statements
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Oakdale, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oakdale Joint Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Oakdale Joint Unified School District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2024, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.

- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the financial statements. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor’s report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 8, 2025 on our consideration of the District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Fresno, California
December 8, 2025

Teach, Learn, Every Day, No Excuses



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DISTRICT ADMINISTRATION

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Superintendent

Jose Sanchez
Assistant Superintendent
Human Resources

Gillian Wegener, Ed.D.
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Tracey Jakubowski
Assistant Superintendent
Pupil Services

Kassandra Booth
Chief Business Officer

Catherine Medlin
Director, Child
Welfare & Attendance

Armida Colon
Director, State
& Federal Programs

GOVERNING BOARD

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President

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Clerk

Diane Gilbert
Member

Tina Shatswell
Member

Terri Taylor
Member

This section of Oakdale Joint Unified School District's 2024-2025 annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2025, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Oakdale Joint Unified School District (the District).

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities), and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables and receivables.

The Fund Financial Statements include statements for each of the three categories of funds: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary.

The Governmental Funds are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Proprietary Funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Fiduciary Funds are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Oakdale Joint Unified School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - Most of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, adult education students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, federal, state and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Business-Type Activities - The District charges fees to help it cover the costs of certain services it provides. The District's before school programs and services are included here.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*. In fact, the financial information reported in District's Before School Program Enterprise Fund is the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide financial statements, but provides more detail and additional information, such as cash flows.

THE DISTRICT AS TRUSTEE

Reporting the District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for funds held on behalf of others. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in the Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements. We exclude these activities from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE PAST YEAR

During the 2024-2025 school year, challenges remained for school districts across the State as we saw a continued decrease in enrolled students. For Oakdale, our enrollment declined by 43 students from the prior year, which is about a 1% decline. Student attendance is an important factor to monitor, not just for funding purposes, but also for the educational benefit of students. Students who are absent for any reason miss important educational content and socialization with their grade-alike peers, and if they are chronically absent, they will be ill-prepared for advancing to the next grade level. Therefore, it was exciting to see that all sites attendance campaign is able to raise our attendance rates back to 94% and maintain this rate.

The ability for the District to maintain and improve facilities continues to be a local effort. Minimal state funds are available and while developer fee dollars are steady, they are dramatically insufficient for constructing a new school. In November of 2024, the Oakdale Joint Unified School Community passed its first bond since 2002. The first series of bond funds were sold in June of 2025. Plans are underway for the use of this first series of bonds.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position for governmental activities was \$53.0 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, and \$59.9 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024; a decrease of \$6.9 million. Of this amount, \$16.3 million was restricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School Board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2025	2024*	2025	2024*	2025	2024*
Assets						
Current and other assets	\$88,295,010	\$ 53,488,829	\$ 296,621	\$ 316,442	\$88,591,631	\$ 53,805,271
Capital assets	71,700,301	71,905,982	-	-	71,700,301	71,905,982
Total assets	159,995,311	125,394,811	296,621	316,442	160,291,932	125,711,253
Deferred Outflows of Resources						
	21,808,787	23,845,931	14,601	13,043	21,823,388	23,858,974
Liabilities						
Current liabilities	7,139,880	5,801,558	110	2,009	7,139,990	5,803,567
Long-term liabilities	109,734,340	76,664,602	45,366	36,908	109,779,706	76,701,510
Total liabilities	116,874,220	82,466,160	45,476	38,917	116,919,696	82,505,077
Deferred Inflows of Resources						
	11,939,173	6,921,494	3,722	1,262	11,942,895	6,922,756
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	64,568,720	65,048,435	-	-	64,568,720	65,048,435
Restricted	16,329,717	16,858,269	-	-	16,329,717	16,858,269
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(27,907,732)	(22,053,616)	262,024	289,306	(27,645,708)	(21,764,310)
Total net position	\$52,990,705	\$ 59,853,088	\$ 262,024	\$ 289,306	\$53,252,729	\$ 60,142,394

* Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 16 for further information.

The \$53.0 million net position of the governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Unrestricted (Deficit) net position – the part of net position that can be used to finance day-to-day operations without constraints established by debt covenants, enabling legislation, or other legal requirements decreased approximately \$5.9 million.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities*. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total	
	2025	2024*	2025	2024*	2025	2024*
Revenues						
Program revenues						
Charges for services	\$ 1,696,209	\$ 2,243,051	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,696,209	\$ 2,243,051
Operating grants and contributions	19,091,073	24,160,156	-	-	19,091,073	24,160,156
General revenues						
Federal and State aid not restricted	41,389,853	42,448,382	-	-	41,389,853	42,448,382
Property taxes	25,355,146	24,660,838	-	-	25,355,146	24,660,838
Other general revenues	2,612,117	2,674,760	36,995	39,699	2,649,112	2,714,459
Total revenues	<u>90,144,398</u>	<u>96,187,187</u>	<u>36,995</u>	<u>39,699</u>	<u>90,181,393</u>	<u>96,226,886</u>
Expenses						
Instruction-related	62,225,798	61,182,415	-	-	62,225,798	61,182,415
Pupil services	13,040,518	12,222,322	-	-	13,040,518	12,222,322
Administration	4,619,065	4,314,444	-	-	4,619,065	4,314,444
Plant services	7,683,009	7,929,259	-	-	7,683,009	7,929,259
All other services	3,151,472	2,513,319	64,277	43,182	3,215,749	2,556,501
Total expenses	<u>90,719,862</u>	<u>88,161,759</u>	<u>64,277</u>	<u>43,182</u>	<u>90,784,139</u>	<u>88,204,941</u>
Change in net position	<u>\$ (575,464)</u>	<u>\$ 8,025,428</u>	<u>\$ (27,282)</u>	<u>\$ (3,483)</u>	<u>\$ (602,746)</u>	<u>\$ 8,021,945</u>

* The expenses for the year ended June 30, 2024, were not restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 16 for further information.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities*, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$90.7 million as compared to \$88.2 million in the prior year. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$25.4 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs, \$1.7 million, or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions of \$19.1 million. We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$44.0 million in State and Federal unrestricted funds and with other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$81.2 million as compared to \$47.8 million in the prior year, which is an overall increase of approximately \$33.4 million from last year. The General Fund balance decreased \$1.3 million from the prior year due to increased salaries and benefits. The Building Fund increased by \$34.3 million due to the issuance of Measure G bonds. The remaining funds decreased by \$0.5 million.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 17, 2025. A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report.

- Student attendance is a driving factor for the majority of income for the General Fund. The 2024-2025 school year attendance was 4,719.80. Due to the new three year rolling average attendance calculation, we were funded on 4,883.51 (excluding District funded County programs).
- General Fund revenues decreased by \$3.6 million due primarily to the end of COVID-19 related funding.
- The expenditures for the General Fund increased \$2.6 million from the 2023-2024 year, primarily due to increased services.

The District budgeted a decrease General Fund balance of approximately \$7.0 million. However, revenues and other sources were about \$0.4 million more than budgeted, and expenditures and other uses were approximately \$5.3 million less than budgeted, resulting in a decrease of \$1.3 million to the fund balance from the prior year.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2025, the District had \$71.7 million in a broad range of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization expenses), including land, buildings, equipment, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets. This amount represents a net decrease (including additions, deductions, depreciation and amortization expenses) of \$0.2 million from last year. We present more detailed information about our capital assets and right-to-use leased assets in the Notes to Financial Statements.

Table 3

	Governmental Activities	
	2025	2024
Land and construction in progress	\$ 13,786,894	\$ 15,890,094
Buildings and improvements	50,818,365	50,481,473
Equipment	6,837,533	5,198,696
Right-to-use leased assets	109,788	158,608
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	147,721	177,111
Total	\$ 71,700,301	\$ 71,905,982

In 2024-2025, the District was able to purchase six new school buses partially from funds saved by taking back special education transportation services from an external contractor. The District also purchased new music instruments with one-time funds. Furthermore, the food service department received one-time funds to update its kitchen equipment to assist in preparing more meals for students on site.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$109.4 million in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$76.2 million last year, an increase of \$33.2 million primarily due to the issuance of the Measure G bonds. These liabilities consisted of:

Table 4

	Governmental and Business-Type Activities	
	2025	2024*
Long-Term Liabilities		
General obligation bonds	\$ 39,740,000	\$ 5,805,000
Unamortized premiums	1,208,598	565,749
Financed purchase agreement	363,848	416,558
Leases	114,859	163,248
Subscription-based IT arrangements	80,270	42,345
Compensated absences	8,924,785	138,438
Net OPEB liability	8,373,076	8,073,806
Aggregate net pension liability	50,580,286	60,988,574
Total	\$ 109,385,722	\$ 76,193,718

* Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 16 for further information.

The District's general obligation bond S&P rating at the time of their last issuance was "AA-". We present more detailed information about our capital assets in the Notes to Financial Statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2025-2026 year, the District Board and management used the following criteria:

The key assumption in our adopted budget revenue forecast is:

1. State aid included 2.3% cost of living adjustment from prior year.
2. Average Daily Attendance funded a three-year average: 2022-2023 through 2024-2025.
3. State and Federal Career Technical Education grants continue.
4. Federal grants updated with preliminary funding levels until final information is known.

The key assumptions in our expenditure forecast are:

1. Step and column increase for all contracted employees eligible for salary improvement.
2. Continued full funding of the Restricted Maintenance Account.
3. Slight decrease in pension costs for CalPERS members as well as Workers Compensation.
4. Spending priorities outlined in the Local Control Accountability Plan adopted on June 17, 2025.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Cassandra Booth, Chief Business Officer, at Oakdale Joint Unified School District, 168 S. Third Avenue, Oakdale, California 95361, or e-mail at kbooth@ojusd.org.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 83,590,903	\$ 296,719	\$ 83,887,622
Receivables	4,267,458	(98)	4,267,360
Prepaid expense	205,680	-	205,680
Stores inventories	230,969	-	230,969
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	13,786,894	-	13,786,894
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	57,913,407	-	57,913,407
Total assets	<u>159,995,311</u>	<u>296,621</u>	<u>160,291,932</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred charge on refunding	84,107	-	84,107
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	893,590	421	894,011
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	20,831,090	14,180	20,845,270
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>21,808,787</u>	<u>14,601</u>	<u>21,823,388</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	6,846,674	110	6,846,784
Interest payable	75,875	-	75,875
Unearned revenue	217,331	-	217,331
Long-term liabilities			
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	3,208,600	-	3,208,600
OPEB liability due within one year	348,618	196	348,814
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	47,223,760	-	47,223,760
Net other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability due in more than one year	8,373,076	3,336	8,376,412
Aggregate net pension liabilities	50,580,286	41,834	50,622,120
Total liabilities	<u>116,874,220</u>	<u>45,476</u>	<u>116,919,696</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	2,997,303	1,240	2,998,543
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	8,941,870	2,482	8,944,352
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>11,939,173</u>	<u>3,722</u>	<u>11,942,895</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	<u>Governmental Activities</u>	<u>Business-Type Activities</u>	<u>Total</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	64,568,720	-	64,568,720
Restricted for			
Debt service	1,937,257	-	1,937,257
Capital projects	2,522,291	-	2,522,291
Educational programs	9,695,496	-	9,695,496
Food service	1,762,170	-	1,762,170
Student activities	412,503	-	412,503
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(27,907,732)</u>	<u>262,024</u>	<u>(27,645,708)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 52,990,705</u>	<u>\$ 262,024</u>	<u>\$ 53,252,729</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total
Governmental Activities						
Instruction	\$ 54,704,162	\$ 880,668	\$ 10,574,912	\$ (43,248,582)	\$ -	\$ (43,248,582)
Instruction-related activities						
Supervision of instruction	983,921	7,522	312,657	(663,742)	-	(663,742)
Instructional library, media, and technology	629,048	-	5,342	(623,706)	-	(623,706)
School site administration	5,908,667	-	552,777	(5,355,890)	-	(5,355,890)
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation	3,043,538	191	687	(3,042,660)	-	(3,042,660)
Food services	3,476,973	30,022	3,216,794	(230,157)	-	(230,157)
All other pupil services	6,520,007	624,275	1,650,036	(4,245,696)	-	(4,245,696)
Administration						
Data processing	582,138	-	-	(582,138)	-	(582,138)
All other administration	4,036,927	51,406	485,603	(3,499,918)	-	(3,499,918)
Plant services	7,683,009	55,707	388,697	(7,238,605)	-	(7,238,605)
Ancillary services	1,715,825	-	1,723,295	7,470	-	7,470
Community services	26,135	-	-	(26,135)	-	(26,135)
Enterprise services	(890)	-	-	890	-	890
Interest on long-term liabilities	532,395	-	-	(532,395)	-	(532,395)
Other outgo	878,007	46,418	180,273	(651,316)	-	(651,316)
Total governmental activities	90,719,862	1,696,209	19,091,073	(69,932,580)	-	(69,932,580)
Business-Type Activities						
Enterprise services	64,277	-	-	-	(64,277)	(64,277)
Total primary government	\$ 90,784,139	\$ 1,696,209	\$ 19,091,073	(69,932,580)	(64,277)	(69,996,857)

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position		
	Governmental Activities	Business- Type Activities	Total
General Revenues and Subventions			
Property taxes, levied for general purposes	23,657,594	-	23,657,594
Property taxes, levied for debt service	1,269,801	-	1,269,801
Taxes levied for other specific purposes	427,751	-	427,751
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes	41,389,853	-	41,389,853
Interest and investment earnings	1,583,850	13,106	1,596,956
Interagency revenues	207,153	-	207,153
Miscellaneous	821,114	23,889	845,003
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions	<u>69,357,116</u>	<u>36,995</u>	<u>69,394,111</u>
Change in Net Position	<u>(575,464)</u>	<u>(27,282)</u>	<u>(602,746)</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported	59,853,088	289,306	60,142,394
Restatement (Note 16)	<u>(6,286,919)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(6,286,919)</u>
Net Position - Beginning, as restated	<u>53,566,169</u>	<u>289,306</u>	<u>53,855,475</u>
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 52,990,705</u>	<u>\$ 262,024</u>	<u>\$ 53,252,729</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds

June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Deposits and investments	\$ 39,183,049	\$ 34,291,887	\$ 10,115,967	\$ 83,590,903
Receivables	3,848,679	-	418,779	4,267,458
Due from other funds	26,108	-	-	26,108
Prepaid expenditures	204,795	-	885	205,680
Stores inventories	5,110	-	225,859	230,969
Total assets	\$ 43,267,741	\$ 34,291,887	\$ 10,761,490	\$ 88,321,118
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$ 6,657,114	\$ -	\$ 189,560	\$ 6,846,674
Due to other funds	-	-	26,108	26,108
Unearned revenue	217,331	-	-	217,331
Total liabilities	6,874,445	-	215,668	7,090,113
Fund Balances				
Nonspendable	219,905	-	226,744	446,649
Restricted	9,569,424	34,291,887	6,836,168	50,697,479
Committed	12,076,981	-	849,447	12,926,428
Assigned	3,580,319	-	2,633,463	6,213,782
Unassigned	10,946,667	-	-	10,946,667
Total fund balances	36,393,296	34,291,887	10,545,822	81,231,005
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 43,267,741	\$ 34,291,887	\$ 10,761,490	\$ 88,321,118

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2025

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 81,231,005
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 123,264,950	
Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	<u>(51,564,649)</u>	
Net capital assets		71,700,301
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		
		(75,875)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	84,107	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	893,590	
Net pension liability	<u>20,831,090</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources		21,808,787
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(2,997,303)	
Net pension liability	<u>(8,941,870)</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resources		(11,939,173)
Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		
		(50,580,286)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		
		(8,721,694)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds including unamortized premiums	(40,948,598)	
Financed purchase agreement	(363,848)	
Leases	(114,859)	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	(80,270)	
Compensated absences	<u>(8,924,785)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(50,432,360)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 52,990,705</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)	\$ 62,266,809	\$ -	\$ 548,888	\$ 62,815,697
Federal sources	2,904,295	-	1,635,549	4,539,844
Other State sources	10,617,362	-	2,005,398	12,622,760
Other local sources	7,799,189	(357,563)	4,230,789	11,672,415
Total revenues	<u>83,587,655</u>	<u>(357,563)</u>	<u>8,420,624</u>	<u>91,650,716</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Instruction	54,872,266	-	587,852	55,460,118
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	1,005,682	-	-	1,005,682
Instructional library, media, and technology	641,810	-	8,181	649,991
School site administration	5,751,071	-	196,064	5,947,135
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	3,587,612	-	-	3,587,612
Food services	36	-	3,500,767	3,500,803
All other pupil services	6,765,961	-	-	6,765,961
Administration				
Data processing	516,311	-	-	516,311
All other administration	3,671,448	-	115,372	3,786,820
Plant services	7,311,156	-	253,135	7,564,291
Ancillary services	-	-	1,715,825	1,715,825
Community services	26,373	-	-	26,373
Other outgo	878,007	-	-	878,007
Facility acquisition and construction	527,997	50,000	281,827	859,824
Debt service				
Principal	182,107	-	1,065,000	1,247,107
Interest and other	2,281	334,975	204,610	541,866
Total expenditures	<u>85,740,118</u>	<u>384,975</u>	<u>7,928,633</u>	<u>94,053,726</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(2,152,463)</u>	<u>(742,538)</u>	<u>491,991</u>	<u>(2,403,010)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	1,319,213	-	600,000	1,919,213
Proceeds from bonds	-	35,000,000	-	35,000,000
Proceeds from bond premium	-	-	725,644	725,644
Proceeds from subscription-based IT arrangements	118,933	-	-	118,933
Transfers out	(600,000)	-	(1,319,213)	(1,919,213)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>838,146</u>	<u>35,000,000</u>	<u>6,431</u>	<u>35,844,577</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(1,314,317)</u>	<u>34,257,462</u>	<u>498,422</u>	<u>33,441,567</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	37,707,613	-	10,081,825	47,789,438
Adjustments (Note 16)	-	34,425	(34,425)	-
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	<u>37,707,613</u>	<u>34,425</u>	<u>10,047,400</u>	<u>47,789,438</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 36,393,296</u>	<u>\$ 34,291,887</u>	<u>\$ 10,545,822</u>	<u>\$ 81,231,005</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 33,441,567

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of
Activities are Different Because

Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization expense exceed capital outlay in the period.

Capital outlay	\$ 3,318,362
Depreciation and amortization expense	<u>(3,476,232)</u>

Net expense adjustment	(157,870)
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A loss on disposal of capital assets is reported in the government-wide Statement of Net Position, but is not recorded in the governmental funds. (47,811)

Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. (118,933)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between compensated absences earned and used. (2,499,428)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net pension liability during the year. 3,380,221

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on benefit payments made for OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows/inflows of resources and net OPEB liability during the year. (186,939)

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Proceeds received from general obligation bonds or certificates of participation are a revenue in the governmental funds, but increase long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and do not affect the Statement of Activities. (35,000,000)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium on issuance recognized	(725,643)
Premium amortization	82,794
Deferred charge on refunding amortization	(16,821)

Payments of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduce long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds	1,065,000
Financed purchases	52,710
Leases	48,389
Subscription-based IT arrangements	81,008

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of activities. 26,292

Change in net position of governmental activities	<u>\$ (575,464)</u>
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Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Before School Program
Assets	
Current assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 296,719
Receivables	(98)
Total assets	296,621
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	421
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	14,180
Total deferred outflows of resources	14,601
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Accounts payable	110
Noncurrent liabilities	
Net other postemployment benefits liabilities	3,532
Aggregate net pension liabilities	41,834
Total noncurrent liabilities	45,366
Total liabilities	45,476
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	1,240
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	2,482
Total deferred inflows of resources	3,722
Net Position	
Unrestricted	\$ 262,024

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Before School Program
Operating Revenues	
Local and intermediate sources	\$ 23,889
Operating Expenses	
Payroll costs	63,246
Supplies and materials	1,031
Total operating expenses	64,277
Operating Loss	(40,388)
Nonoperating Revenues	
Fair market value adjustments	1,897
Interest income	11,209
Total nonoperating revenues	13,106
Change in Net Position	(27,282)
Net Position - Beginning	289,306
Net Position - Ending	\$ 262,024

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Fund Before School Program
Operating Activities	
Cash receipts from parents and guardians	\$ 23,889
Cash payments to other suppliers of goods or services	(2,930)
Cash payments to employees for services	(53,886)
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	(32,927)
Investing Activities	
Fair market value adjustments	1,897
Interest on investments	11,209
Net Cash From Investing Activities	13,106
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	(19,821)
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	316,540
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 296,719
Reconciliation of Operating Profit to Net	
Cash Used for Operating Activities	
Operating loss	\$ (40,388)
Changes in assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, and deferred inflows	
Deferred outflows of resources	(1,558)
Accounts payable	(1,899)
Net other postemployment benefits liabilities	1,650
Aggregate net pension liabilities	6,808
Deferred inflows of resources	2,460
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	\$ (32,927)

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>	<u>Scholarship Trust Fund</u>
Assets		
Deposits and investments	<u>\$ 468,497</u>	<u>\$ 2,317,141</u>
Liabilities		
Net Position		
Held for scholarships	<u>\$ 468,497</u>	<u>\$ 2,317,141</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Statement of Changes in Net Position – Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Custodial Fund</u>	<u>Scholarship Trust Fund</u>
Additions		
Contributions		
Private donations	\$ 90,978	\$ -
Net change in market value	645	126,952
Interests and dividends	<u>5,186</u>	<u>112,278</u>
Total contributions	<u>96,809</u>	<u>239,230</u>
Deductions		
Scholarships awarded	67,539	67,792
Services and other operating expenses	<u>-</u>	<u>21</u>
Total deductions	<u>67,539</u>	<u>67,813</u>
Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position	29,270	171,417
Net Position - Beginning	<u>439,227</u>	<u>2,145,724</u>
Net Position - Ending	<u><u>\$ 468,497</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 2,317,141</u></u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Oakdale Joint Unified School District (the District) was unified under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K - 12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates one comprehensive high school, one junior high school, four elementary schools, an independent study high school, a charter school, and one continuation high school.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Oakdale Joint Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Related Entity

The District has an approved Charter for the Oakdale Charter School pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The Oakdale Charter School is operated by the District, and its financial activities are presented in the Charter School Special Revenue Fund.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into three broad fund categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the *California State Accounting Manual* (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 17, Special Reserve Non-Capital Fund, and Fund 20, Special Reserve Postemployment Benefits Fund, are not substantially composed of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been consolidated with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements. As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$4,921,761.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activities Fund** The Student Activities Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Charter School Fund** The Charter School Fund may be used by authorizing districts to account separately for the operating activities of a district-operated charter school that would otherwise be reported in the authorizing district's General Fund.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).
- **Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).

- **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued by the District (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service. The District has the following proprietary fund.

- **Enterprise Fund** Enterprise funds may be used to account for any activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. The only enterprise fund of the District accounts for the financial transactions related to the Before School Program operations of the District.

Fiduciary Funds Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District and are not available to support the District's own programs. The District's fiduciary funds are split into two classifications: scholarship trust funds and custodial funds. The trust funds are distinguished from custodial funds by the existence of a trust agreement or equivalent arrangement that has certain characteristics.

Trust funds are used to account for resources held by the District under a trust agreement for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The District's trust fund is the Leo Volz Scholarship Trust Fund. Custodial funds are used to account for resources, not in a trust, that are held by the District for other parties outside the District's reporting entity. The District's custodial funds are for the Oakdale Joint Unified School District scholarships.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements, but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each governmental function and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the Statement of Activities, except for depreciation and amortization of capital assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or

capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. The major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. The Statement of Cash Flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.
- **Fiduciary Funds** Fiduciary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements because they do not represent resources of the District.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the financial statements and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 60 days. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization expenses, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide financial statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of the Statement of Cash Flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

The District's investment in the county treasury is measured at fair value on a recurring basis, which is determined by the fair value per share of the underlying portfolio determined by the program sponsor. Positions in this investment pool are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy.

Stores Inventories

Store inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the first-in, first-out basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental type funds.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

General capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide Statement of Net Position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation of capital assets is computed and recorded by the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years. Land is not depreciated.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Right-to-use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right-to-use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right-to-use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the leased asset into service. Right-to-use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 2 to 5 years.

Right-to-use subscription IT assets are recognized at the subscription commencement date and represent the District's right-to-use the underlying IT asset for the subscription term. Right-to-use subscription IT assets are measured at the initial value of the subscription liability plus any payments made to the vendor at the commencement of the subscription term, less any subscription incentives from the vendor at or before the commencement of the subscription term, plus any capitalizable initial implementation costs necessary to place

the subscription asset into service. Right-to-use subscription IT assets are amortized over the shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period varies from 2 to 5 years.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned for leave balances that are more likely than not to be used for compensated leave or settled through cash or noncash means. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide Statement of Net Position. For governmental funds, a liability for compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, only the portion of accumulated sick leave that is more likely than not to be used by the employee for paid leave is recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive 0.004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time. The portion of sick leave that is more likely than not to be settled through conversion to service credit for employee retirement plans is not included in the District's liability for compensated absences.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources, are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, compensated absences, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs and Premiums

Debt premiums and debt issuance costs related to prepaid insurance are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Debt premiums related to those obligations are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In governmental fund financial statements, debt premiums, and debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the debt is issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Lease Liabilities

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. The District recognizes a lease liability in the government-wide financial statements. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Subscription Liabilities

Subscription liabilities represent the District's obligation to make subscription payments arising from the subscription contract. Subscription liabilities are recognized at the subscription commencement date based on the present value of future subscription payments expected to be made during the subscription term. The present value of the subscription payments is discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2025, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board, chief business official or superintendent may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board maintains a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a reserve for economic uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts and it is the Board's desire to keep this level at five percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses, however, it shall not be lower than the requirements of 5 CCR 15450.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position related to net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. The District has no related debt outstanding as of June 30, 2025. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$16,329,717 of restricted net position.

Operating Revenues and Expenses – Proprietary Funds

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are fees for the before school program. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities column of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Stanislaus bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 101

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 16.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 83,590,903
Proprietary funds	296,719
Fiduciary funds	<u>2,785,638</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 86,673,260</u></u>

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 1,013,890
Cash in revolving	10,000
Investments	<u>85,649,370</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 86,673,260</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their county treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District’s investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District’s pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the county treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the county treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker’s Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool which purchases a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and which also times cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$83,596,295 in the Stanislaus County Treasury Investment Pool that has an average weighted maturity of 242 days.

Segmented Time Distribution

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the District’s investments to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following schedule that shows the distribution of the District’s investments by maturity:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	12 Months or Less	13 - 24 Months	25 - 60 Months	More Than 60 Months
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 2,053,075	\$ 2,053,075	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
County Pool	83,596,295	83,596,295	-	-	-
Total	<u>\$ 85,649,370</u>	<u>\$ 85,649,370</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District’s deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California *Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2025, \$523,746 of the District’s bank balance was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution’s trust department or agent, but not in the name of the District.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. Of the investment in Money Market Mutual Funds of \$2,053,075, the District has a custodial credit risk exposure of \$2,053,075 because the related securities are uninsured, unregistered and held by the brokerage firm which is also the counterparty for these securities. The District does not have a policy limiting the amount of securities that can be held by counterparties.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset’s fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District’s own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

The District’s fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2025:

Investment Type	Reported Amount	Fair Value Measurements Using		
		Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Money Market Mutual Funds	\$ 2,053,075	\$ 2,053,075	\$ -	\$ -

All assets have been valued using a market approach, with quoted market prices.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2025, consist of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, and local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Federal Government				
Categorical aid	\$ 1,366,703	\$ 131,982	\$ 1,498,685	\$ -
State Government				
LCFF apportionment	-	96,393	96,393	-
Categorical aid	1,920,169	19,404	1,939,573	-
Local Sources	561,807	171,000	732,807	(98)
Total	\$ 3,848,679	\$ 418,779	\$ 4,267,458	\$ (98)

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2024	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated or amortized				
Land	\$ 13,755,591	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 13,755,591
Construction in progress	2,134,503	31,303	(2,134,503)	31,303
Total capital assets not being depreciated or amortized	<u>15,890,094</u>	<u>31,303</u>	<u>(2,134,503)</u>	<u>13,786,894</u>
Capital assets being depreciated and amortized				
Land improvements	20,653,360	532,308	-	21,185,668
Buildings and improvements	74,316,303	2,543,888	-	76,860,191
Furniture and equipment	9,654,917	2,226,433	(1,010,095)	10,871,255
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	251,750	-	(10,317)	241,433
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	263,305	118,933	(62,729)	319,509
Total capital assets being depreciated and amortized	<u>105,139,635</u>	<u>5,421,562</u>	<u>(1,083,141)</u>	<u>109,478,056</u>
Total capital assets	<u>121,029,729</u>	<u>5,452,865</u>	<u>(3,217,644)</u>	<u>123,264,950</u>
Accumulated depreciation and amortization				
Land improvements	(13,668,874)	(907,474)	-	(14,576,348)
Buildings and improvements	(30,819,316)	(1,831,830)	-	(32,651,146)
Furniture and equipment	(4,456,221)	(539,785)	962,284	(4,033,722)
Right-to-use leased furniture and equipment	(93,142)	(48,820)	10,317	(131,645)
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	(86,194)	(148,323)	62,729	(171,788)
Total accumulated depreciation and amortization	<u>(49,123,747)</u>	<u>(3,476,232)</u>	<u>1,035,330</u>	<u>(51,564,649)</u>
Net depreciable and amortizable capital assets	<u>56,015,888</u>	<u>1,945,330</u>	<u>(47,811)</u>	<u>57,913,407</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 71,905,982</u>	<u>\$ 1,976,633</u>	<u>\$ (2,182,314)</u>	<u>\$ 71,700,301</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities		
Instruction	\$	1,649,065
Supervision of instruction		125,455
Home-to-school transportation		752,732
Food services		250,911
Data processing		62,728
All other administration		227,612
Plant services		<u>407,729</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expense - governmental activities	\$	<u><u>3,476,232</u></u>

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2025, between the major fund and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Funds	Due from Other Funds	Due to Other Funds
Major Governmental Fund		
General	\$ 26,108	\$ -
Non-Major Governmental Fund		
Cafeteria	<u>-</u>	<u>26,108</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 26,108</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 26,108</u></u>

The Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund owes the General Fund for indirect costs.

\$ 26,108

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2025, consist of the following:

The General Fund transferred to the Deferred Maintenance Non-Major Governmental Fund for future maintenance costs.	\$ 300,000
The General Fund transferred to the Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay Projects for capital projects.	300,000
The Special Reserve Non-Major Governmental Fund for Capital Outlay transferred to the General Fund for new buses.	1,270,947
The Charter Schools Non-Major Governmental Fund transferred to the General Fund for District services.	<u>48,266</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,919,213</u></u>

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2025, consists of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	Proprietary Funds
Vendor payables	\$ 690,021	\$ 131,008	\$ 821,029	\$ 110
LCFF apportionment	5,632,313	41,330	5,673,643	-
Salaries and benefits	<u>334,780</u>	<u>17,222</u>	<u>352,002</u>	-
Total	<u><u>\$ 6,657,114</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 189,560</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 6,846,674</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 110</u></u>

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2025, consists of the following:

	General Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$ 43,264
State categorical aid	174,067
Total	\$ 217,331

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District’s long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2024, as Restated	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2025	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 5,805,000	\$35,000,000	\$ (1,065,000)	\$ 39,740,000	\$ 1,110,000
Unamortized debt premiums	565,749	725,643	(82,794)	1,208,598	-
Financed purchase agreement	416,558	-	(52,710)	363,848	52,703
Leases	163,248	-	(48,389)	114,859	49,535
Subscription-based IT arrangements	42,345	118,933	(81,008)	80,270	39,534
Compensated absences	6,425,357	2,499,428	-	8,924,785	1,956,828
Total	\$13,418,257	\$38,344,004	\$ (1,329,901)	\$ 50,432,360	\$ 3,208,600

The change in compensated absences is presented as a net change.

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local tax revenues. The premiums are being amortized over the life of the related debt. The financed purchase agreement is paid by the General Fund. The leases are paid by the fund using the right-to-use asset. Payments on the subscription-based IT agreements are made from the General Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2024	Issued	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2025
5/3/2017	8/1/2030	4.0-2.0%	\$ 11,555,000	\$ 5,805,000	\$ -	\$ (1,065,000)	\$ 4,740,000
6/18/2025	8/1/2054	2.6 - 4.5%	35,000,000	-	35,000,000	-	35,000,000
Total				<u>\$ 5,805,000</u>	<u>\$ 35,000,000</u>	<u>\$ (1,065,000)</u>	<u>\$ 39,740,000</u>

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2026	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 1,248,907	\$ 2,358,907
2027	2,315,000	1,830,900	4,145,900
2028	2,110,000	1,732,950	3,842,950
2029	525,000	1,662,200	2,187,200
2030	550,000	1,641,200	2,191,200
2031 - 2035	455,000	8,093,125	8,548,125
2036 - 2040	2,590,000	7,753,500	10,343,500
2041 - 2045	5,455,000	6,768,375	12,223,375
2046 - 2050	9,490,000	4,955,657	14,445,657
2051 - 2055	15,140,000	1,927,437	17,067,437
Total	<u>\$ 39,740,000</u>	<u>\$ 37,614,251</u>	<u>\$ 77,354,251</u>

Financed Purchase Agreement

The District has entered into an agreement to finance the retrofit of LED lighting. Such an agreement is, in substance, a purchase and is reported as a financed purchase agreement. The District's liability on the agreement is summarized below:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal
2026	\$ 52,703
2027	52,683
2028	52,680
2029	52,680
2030	52,671
2031-2033	100,431
Total	\$ 363,848

Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

Lease	Leases Outstanding July 1, 2024	Payments	Leases Outstanding June 30, 2025
Copiers	\$ 155,719	\$ (44,699)	\$ 111,020
Postage machine	7,529	(3,690)	3,839
Total	\$ 163,248	\$ (48,389)	\$ 114,859

Copiers

The District entered into agreements to lease copiers for five years. Under the terms of the leases, the District paid total monthly payments of \$4,823, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$289,380. The annual interest rate charged on the leases range from 3.4% to 4.0%. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized right-to-use leased assets of \$223,677 and lease liability of \$111,020 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$45,268 in amortization expense and \$4,705 in interest expense for the right-to-use the copiers. The District also pays per each additional copy in excess of the contracted amount, which are not included in the measurement of the lease liability as they are variable in nature.

Postage Machine

The District entered into an agreement to lease a postage machine for five years. Under the terms of the lease, the District binder paid monthly payments of \$327, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$19,622. The annual interest rate charged on the lease is 4.0%. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized a right-to-use leased asset of \$17,756 and a lease liability of \$3,839 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$3,552 in amortization expense and \$234 in interest expense for the right-to-use the postage machine.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 49,535	\$ 3,211	\$ 52,746
2027	45,291	1,523	46,814
2028	<u>20,033</u>	<u>282</u>	<u>20,315</u>
Total	<u>\$ 114,859</u>	<u>\$ 5,016</u>	<u>\$ 119,875</u>

Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District entered into SBITAs for the use of various software. At June 30, 2025, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset of \$319,509 and a SBITA liability of \$80,270 related to these agreements. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$148,323 in amortization expense. The subscriptions have an interest rate of 3.0%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2025, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2026	\$ 39,534	\$ 1,304	\$ 40,838
2027	<u>40,736</u>	<u>102</u>	<u>40,838</u>
Total	<u>\$ 80,270</u>	<u>\$ 1,406</u>	<u>\$ 81,676</u>

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 8,544,325	\$ 894,011	\$ 2,998,543	\$ 682,634
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	180,901	-	-	(52,166)
Total	<u>\$ 8,725,226</u>	<u>\$ 894,011</u>	<u>\$ 2,998,543</u>	<u>\$ 630,468</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District’s governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2023, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	46
Active employees	<u>497</u>
Total	<u><u>543</u></u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the Plan. The District’s governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Contributions

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Oakdale Teachers Association (OTA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements as determined annually through the agreements with the District, OTA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the measurement period of June 30, 2024, the District paid \$377,728 in benefits.

Actuarial Assumption

The total OPEB liability was determined based on an actuarial measurement as of June 30, 2024, by applying certain roll-forward procedures to the actuarial valuation completed as of June 30, 2023. The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2024, actuarial measurement, was determined by using the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%
Discount rate	3.93%
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.00%

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer 20-bond General Obligation Index.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified and miscellaneous employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. (Unisex mortality rates are not often used as individual OPEB benefits do not depend on the mortality table used.) If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

Retirement rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Retirement Rates for certificated employees, the 2021 CalPERS Retirement Rates for classified employees hired before 2013, and the 2021 CalPERS two percent at 62 Retirement Rates for classified employees hired after 2012 (adjusted to reflect minimum retirement age of 55.)

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 8,313,505
Service cost	524,398
Interest	305,203
Differences between expected and actual experience	(50,219)
Changes of assumptions	(170,834)
Benefit payments	(377,728)
Net change in total OPEB liability	230,820
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 8,544,325

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.93%)	\$ 9,119,903
Current discount rate (3.93%)	8,544,325
1% increase (4.93%)	8,032,221

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.0%)	\$ 7,663,748
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.0%)	8,544,325
1% increase (5.0%)	9,567,638

Changes in Benefit Terms - There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.

Changes of Assumptions - The discount rate was changed from 3.65% to 3.93% since the previous measurement.

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$682,634. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 348,814	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	1,723,802
Changes of assumptions	545,197	1,274,741
Total	\$ 894,011	\$ 2,998,543

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to differences between expected and actual experience and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period.

The remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
2026	\$ 76,209	\$ 315,811
2027	76,209	315,811
2028	76,209	315,811
2029	76,209	315,811
2030	76,209	315,811
Thereafter	164,152	1,419,488
Total	\$ 545,197	\$ 2,998,543

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012 and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability of \$180,901 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2024, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was 0.0679% and 0.0768%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0089%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(52,166).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2024 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023
Valuation Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022
Experience Study	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.93%	3.65%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.00%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	6.50%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2023, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP–2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the probability of enrollment diminishing as the members’ age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 154 or an average of 0.12% of the potentially eligible population (132,333).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2024, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis, the OPEB plan’s fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, the MPP Program used the Bond Buyer’s 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2024, as the discount rate, which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate as of June 30, 2024, was 3.93%, which is an increase of 0.28% from 3.65% as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.93%)	\$ 195,187
Current discount rate (3.93%)	180,901
1% increase (4.93%)	168,338

Sensitivity of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Costs Trend Rates

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Costs Trend Rates	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (4.00% Part A and 5.50% Part B)	\$ 167,585
Current Medicare costs trend rates (5.00% Part A and 6.50% Part B)	180,901
1% increase (6.00% Part A and 7.50% Part B)	195,767

Note 11 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable				
Revolving cash	\$ 10,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,000
Stores inventories	5,110	-	225,859	230,969
Prepaid expenditures	204,795	-	885	205,680
Total nonspendable	<u>219,905</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>226,744</u>	<u>446,649</u>
Restricted				
Legally restricted programs	9,569,424	-	126,072	9,695,496
Student activities	-	-	412,503	412,503
Food service	-	-	1,762,170	1,762,170
Capital projects	-	34,291,887	2,522,291	36,814,178
Debt service	-	-	2,013,132	2,013,132
Total restricted	<u>9,569,424</u>	<u>34,291,887</u>	<u>6,836,168</u>	<u>50,697,479</u>
Committed				
Deferred maintenance program	-	-	849,447	849,447
Stabilization	6,870,933	-	-	6,870,933
Textbook and technology	1,341,442	-	-	1,341,442
Lottery carryover	1,839,606	-	-	1,839,606
BP 3100 - District minimum reserve	1,725,000	-	-	1,725,000
Special education contingency	300,000	-	-	300,000
Total committed	<u>12,076,981</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>849,447</u>	<u>12,926,428</u>
Assigned				
Retiree health benefits	3,580,319	-	-	3,580,319
Stabilization	-	-	548,220	548,220
Capital projects	-	-	2,085,243	2,085,243
Total assigned	<u>3,580,319</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,633,463</u>	<u>6,213,782</u>
Unassigned				
Reserve for economic uncertainties	2,587,000	-	-	2,587,000
Remaining unassigned	8,359,667	-	-	8,359,667
Total unassigned	<u>10,946,667</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,946,667</u>
Total	<u>\$ 36,393,296</u>	<u>\$ 34,291,887</u>	<u>\$ 10,545,822</u>	<u>\$ 81,231,005</u>

Note 12 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, the District contracted with Central Region School Insurance Group (CRSIG) for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2025, the District participated in the Central Region School Insurance Group (CRSIG), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of CRSIG is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in CRSIG. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in CRSIG. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District has contracted with the California's Valued Trust (CVT) to provide employee medical benefits. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claim payments are made for all participating Districts. Claims are paid for all participants regardless of claims flow. The Board of Directors has a right to return monies to a district subsequent to the settlement of all expenses and claims if a district withdraws from the pool.

Note 13 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

<u>Pension Plan</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
CalSTRS	\$ 31,246,283	\$ 14,277,440	\$ 7,794,640	\$ 3,079,926
CalPERS	19,375,837	6,567,830	1,149,712	3,289,245
Total	<u>\$ 50,622,120</u>	<u>\$ 20,845,270</u>	<u>\$ 8,944,352</u>	<u>\$ 6,369,171</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <https://www.calstrs.com/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program, thus disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	December 31, 2012	January 1, 2013
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers’ Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the District’s total contributions were \$6,397,806.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2025, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 31,246,283
State’s proportionate share of the net pension liability	14,335,902
Total	\$ 45,582,185

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating member districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was 0.0465% and 0.0519%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0054%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,079,926. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$1,305,116 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 6,397,805	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	4,208,500	4,168,167
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	126,078
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	3,534,357	1,366,382
Changes of assumptions	136,778	2,134,013
Total	\$ 14,277,440	\$ 7,794,640

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (2,094,662)
2027	2,522,751
2028	(205,827)
2029	(348,340)
Total	\$ (126,078)

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 83,681
2027	209,720
2028	92,881
2029	53,581
2030	437,060
Thereafter	(665,850)
Total	\$ 211,073

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2022
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which is based off generational mortality tables that reflect expected future improvements in mortality and includes a base table and a projection table. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among our members. The projection table reflects the expected annual reduction in mortality rates at each age. The current mortality assumption uses a base year of 2023, and projected improvement is based on the MP–2021 Ultimate Projection Scale.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the

process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2024 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. The assumed asset allocation and best estimates of the expected rates of return for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2024, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 55,576,912
Current discount rate (7.10%)	31,246,283
1% increase (8.10%)	10,929,197

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2023, annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at:
<https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member’s final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member’s beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee’s eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2025, are summarized as follows:

	School Employer Pool (CalPERS)	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	27.050%	27.050%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees’ Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2025, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$3,344,307.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2025, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$19,375,837. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2024. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively, was 0.0542% and 0.0593%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0051%.

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,289,245. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 3,344,307	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions	418,232	1,011,040
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	752,640	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	1,624,380	138,672
Changes of assumptions	428,271	-
Total	\$ 6,567,830	\$ 1,149,712

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ (6,488)
2027	1,170,183
2028	(172,910)
2029	(238,145)
Total	\$ 752,640

The deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2026	\$ 883,203
2027	389,126
2028	48,842
Total	\$ 1,321,171

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2024. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2023
Measurement date	June 30, 2024
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed securities	5%	0.50%
Investment grade corporates	10%	1.56%
High yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging market debt	5%	2.48%
Private debt	5%	3.57%
Real assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, SEP’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on SEP investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 28,782,968
Current discount rate (6.90%)	19,375,837
1% increase (7.90%)	11,604,799

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 6.2% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.2% of his or her gross earnings to Social Security.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$2,894,229 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves and in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2025.

Litigation

The District is not currently a party to any legal proceedings.

Note 15 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Powers Authorities

The District is a member of the Central Region School Insurance Group (CRSIG) joint powers authority and the California's Valued Trust (CVT). The District pays annual premiums to these entities for its vision, dental, health, workers' compensation, and property and liability coverage. The relationships between the District and the entities are such that the entities are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities.

The District has appointed one member to the governing board of CRSIG.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made payments of \$1,480,831 to CRSIG for workers' compensation, and property and liability coverage. At June 30, 2025, the District has recorded no accounts receivable or accounts payable due from/to CRSIG.

The District has no members appointed to the governing board of CVT.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made payments of \$2,619,781 to CVT for employee health benefits. At June 30, 2025, the District has recorded no accounts receivable or accounts payable due from/to CVT.

Note 16 - Restatement

Change in Accounting Principle

As of June 30, 2025, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The provisions of this standard modernize the types of leave that are considered a compensated absence and provides guidance for a consistent recognition and measurement of the compensated absence liability. Therefore, compensated absences were increased by \$6,286,919, as of July 1, 2024. The effect of this change in accounting principle is described in the table below.

	Governmental Activities
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on July 1, 2024	\$ 59,853,088
Change in accounting principle	(6,286,919)
Net Position - Beginning as Restated on July 1, 2024	\$ 53,566,169

Change within the Reporting Entity

During year ended June 30, 2025, there was a change within the financial reporting entity which resulted in the Building Fund being reported as a major fund instead of as a non-major fund which resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning fund balance in the table below:

	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Beginning, as previously reported on July 1, 2024	\$ -	\$ 10,081,825
Change to or within the financial reporting entity	34,425	(34,425)
Beginning, as Restated on July 1, 2024	\$ 34,425	\$ 10,047,400

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 62,019,443	\$ 62,242,053	\$ 62,266,809	\$ 24,756
Federal sources	2,543,618	3,377,514	2,904,295	(473,219)
Other State sources	9,899,195	10,822,702	10,617,362	(205,340)
Other local sources	6,106,406	6,721,752	7,799,189	1,077,437
Total revenues ¹	<u>80,568,662</u>	<u>83,164,021</u>	<u>83,587,655</u>	<u>423,634</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	33,395,390	34,637,048	34,618,116	18,932
Classified salaries	12,364,086	13,673,518	13,365,170	308,348
Employee benefits	18,608,366	19,034,276	18,209,152	825,124
Books and supplies	3,591,514	6,936,924	3,434,762	3,502,162
Services and operating expenditures	12,283,561	12,989,088	12,874,253	114,835
Other outgo	348,636	2,727,900	715,592	2,012,308
Capital outlay	1,042,030	1,022,663	2,338,685	(1,316,022)
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	-	-	182,107	(182,107)
Debt service - interest and other	-	-	2,281	(2,281)
Total expenditures ¹	<u>81,633,583</u>	<u>91,021,417</u>	<u>85,740,118</u>	<u>5,281,299</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>(1,064,921)</u>	<u>(7,857,396)</u>	<u>(2,152,463)</u>	<u>5,704,933</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	218,452	1,489,400	1,319,213	(170,187)
Proceeds from SBITAs	-	-	118,933	118,933
Transfers out	(400,000)	(600,000)	(600,000)	-
Net financing sources (uses)	<u>(181,548)</u>	<u>889,400</u>	<u>838,146</u>	<u>(51,254)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(1,246,469)	(6,967,996)	(1,314,317)	5,653,679
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>37,707,613</u>	<u>37,707,613</u>	<u>37,707,613</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 36,461,144</u>	<u>\$ 30,739,617</u>	<u>\$ 36,393,296</u>	<u>\$ 5,653,679</u>

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other than Capital Outlay Projects, and Fund 20, Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these other funds are included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2025	2024	2023	2022
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 524,398	\$ 551,825	\$ 665,838	\$ 973,804
Interest	305,203	323,525	209,658	231,417
Difference between expected and actual experience	(50,219)	(1,177,879)	(25,317)	(829,122)
Changes of assumptions	(170,834)	(67,308)	(934,820)	(389,366)
Benefit payments	(377,728)	(402,622)	(431,023)	(417,159)
Net change in total OPEB liability	230,820	(772,459)	(515,664)	(430,426)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	8,313,505	9,085,964	9,601,628	10,032,054
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 8,544,325</u>	<u>\$ 8,313,505</u>	<u>\$ 9,085,964</u>	<u>\$ 9,601,628</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability				
Service cost	\$ 766,775	\$ 726,937	\$ 707,481	\$ 688,546
Interest	309,262	310,228	294,906	253,646
Difference between expected and actual experience	(142,931)	(14,872)	-	-
Changes of assumptions	800,664	136,692	(171,334)	-
Benefit payments	(451,689)	(418,875)	(456,244)	(438,696)
Net change in total OPEB liability	1,282,081	740,110	374,809	503,496
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	8,749,973	8,009,863	7,635,054	7,131,558
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	<u>\$ 10,032,054</u>	<u>\$ 8,749,973</u>	<u>\$ 8,009,863</u>	<u>\$ 7,635,054</u>
Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>	<u>N/A¹</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Year ended June 30,	2025	2024	2023	2022
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0679%	0.0768%	0.0689%	0.0720%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 180,901	\$ 233,067	\$ 226,817	\$ 287,370
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(1.02%)	(0.96%)	(0.94%)	(0.80%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Year ended June 30,	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0781%	0.0788%	0.0795%	0.0802%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 333,939	\$ 290,777	\$ 304,474	\$ 337,375
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.71%)	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalSTRS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0465%	0.0519%	0.0459%	0.0479%	0.0452%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 31,246,283	\$ 39,549,312	\$ 31,879,647	\$ 21,812,175	\$ 43,825,174
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	14,335,902	18,949,188	15,965,202	10,975,041	22,591,882
Total	<u>\$ 45,582,185</u>	<u>\$ 58,498,500</u>	<u>\$ 47,844,849</u>	<u>\$ 32,787,216</u>	<u>\$ 66,417,056</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 32,572,366</u>	<u>\$ 31,011,995</u>	<u>\$ 28,443,729</u>	<u>\$ 27,156,359</u>	<u>\$ 25,103,234</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>95.93%</u>	<u>127.53%</u>	<u>112.08%</u>	<u>80.32%</u>	<u>174.58%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>84%</u>	<u>81%</u>	<u>81%</u>	<u>87%</u>	<u>72%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0441%	0.0443%	0.0443%	0.0457%	0.0463%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 39,864,600	\$ 40,730,838	\$ 40,963,715	\$ 36,961,317	\$ 31,199,553
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	21,748,800	23,320,310	24,233,787	21,041,419	16,501,124
Total	<u>\$ 61,613,400</u>	<u>\$ 64,051,148</u>	<u>\$ 65,197,502</u>	<u>\$ 58,002,736</u>	<u>\$ 47,700,677</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 24,467,783</u>	<u>\$ 24,014,012</u>	<u>\$ 23,621,224</u>	<u>\$ 22,982,507</u>	<u>\$ 22,008,671</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>162.93%</u>	<u>169.61%</u>	<u>173.42%</u>	<u>160.82%</u>	<u>141.76%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>73%</u>	<u>71%</u>	<u>69%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>74%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalPERS	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0542%	0.0593%	0.0572%	0.0557%	0.0559%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 19,375,837	\$ 21,474,288	\$ 19,678,221	\$ 11,330,604	\$ 17,157,973
Covered payroll	\$ 11,324,367	\$ 10,342,495	\$ 9,255,779	\$ 8,149,179	\$ 8,061,361
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	171.10%	207.63%	212.60%	139.04%	212.84%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	72%	70%	70%	81%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0553%	0.0570%	0.0575%	0.0588%	0.0607%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 16,109,049	\$ 15,201,576	\$ 13,723,890	\$ 11,605,259	\$ 8,945,959
Covered payroll	\$ 7,451,224	\$ 7,527,725	\$ 7,331,063	\$ 7,057,939	\$ 6,750,854
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	216.19%	201.94%	187.20%	164.43%	132.52%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	71%	72%	74%	79%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions – CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalSTRS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 6,397,805	\$ 6,221,322	\$ 5,923,291	\$ 4,812,679	\$ 4,385,752
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>6,397,805</u>	<u>6,221,322</u>	<u>5,923,291</u>	<u>4,812,679</u>	<u>4,385,752</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 33,496,361</u>	<u>\$ 32,572,366</u>	<u>\$ 31,011,995</u>	<u>\$ 28,443,729</u>	<u>\$ 27,156,359</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>16.92%</u>	<u>16.15%</u>
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 4,292,653	\$ 3,983,355	\$ 3,465,222	\$ 2,971,550	\$ 2,466,023
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>4,292,653</u>	<u>3,983,355</u>	<u>3,465,222</u>	<u>2,971,550</u>	<u>2,466,023</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 25,103,234</u>	<u>\$ 24,467,783</u>	<u>\$ 24,014,012</u>	<u>\$ 23,621,224</u>	<u>\$ 22,982,507</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>	<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions – CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2025

CalPERS	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually required contribution	\$ 3,344,307	\$ 3,021,341	\$ 2,623,891	\$ 2,120,499	\$ 1,686,880
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>3,344,307</u>	<u>3,021,341</u>	<u>2,623,891</u>	<u>2,120,499</u>	<u>1,686,880</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 12,363,427</u>	<u>\$ 11,324,367</u>	<u>\$ 10,342,495</u>	<u>\$ 9,255,779</u>	<u>\$ 8,149,179</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>27.050%</u>	<u>26.680%</u>	<u>25.370%</u>	<u>22.910%</u>	<u>20.700%</u>
	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,589,781	\$ 1,345,840	\$ 1,169,131	\$ 1,018,138	\$ 836,154
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>1,589,781</u>	<u>1,345,840</u>	<u>1,169,131</u>	<u>1,018,138</u>	<u>836,154</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 8,061,361</u>	<u>\$ 7,451,224</u>	<u>\$ 7,527,725</u>	<u>\$ 7,331,063</u>	<u>\$ 7,057,939</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>19.721%</u>	<u>18.062%</u>	<u>15.531%</u>	<u>13.888%</u>	<u>11.847%</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United State of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The discount rate assumption was changed from 3.65% to 3.93% since the previous measurement.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability - MPP Program and the plan fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.65% to 3.93% since the previous valuation. The Medicare Part A premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 4.50% to 5.00%, while the Medicare Part B premium cost trend rate assumption was changed from 5.40% to 6.50% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans since the previous valuations.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution.

Supplementary Information
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through Stanislaus SELPA			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education: Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	\$ 1,289,431
Special Education: Basic Local Assistance, Private School ISPs	84.027	10115	8,292
Special Education: Mental Health Allocation Plan	84.027A	15197	<u>60,898</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>1,358,621</u>
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
COVID-19: Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	172,460
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	1,087,111
ESEA (ESSA): Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	14341	118,042
ESEA (ESSA): Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	36,836
ESEA (ESSA): Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	80,841
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century	84.048	14894	<u>50,384</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>2,904,295</u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
National School Lunch Program - Section 4	10.555	13523	232,745
National School Lunch Program - Section 11	10.555	13524	761,722
National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements	10.555	13755	55,282
National School Lunch Program - Commodity Supplemental Food	10.555	13524	231,546
Local Food for Schools	10.555	15708	8,502
Subtotal - National School Lunch Programs, CFDA# 10.555			<u>1,289,797</u>
School Breakfast Program - Basic School Breakfast	10.553	13525	152,272
School Breakfast Program - Especially Needy Breakfast	10.553	13526	193,218
Subtotal - National School Lunch Programs, CFDA# 10.553			<u>345,490</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,635,287</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,635,287</u>
U.S. Department of the Interior			
Payments in Lieu of Taxes	15.226	Direct	262
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>262</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u><u>\$ 4,539,844</u></u>

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
 Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
 Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Oakdale Joint Unified School District		
Regular ADA		
Transitional kindergarten through third	1,389.71	1,392.85
Fourth through sixth	1,038.02	1,038.99
Seventh and eighth	722.67	721.27
Ninth through twelfth	1,569.40	1,561.93
Total ADA	4,719.80	4,715.04
Oakdale Charter School		
Regular ADA, all Non-Classroom Based		
Seventh and eighth	13.80	13.99
Ninth through twelfth	45.89	46.22
Total charter school ADA	59.69	60.21

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Schedule of Instructional Time

Year Ended June 30, 2025

Oakdale Unified School District

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>1986-1987 Minutes Requirement</u>	<u>2024-2025 Actual Minutes</u>	<u>Number of Actual Days</u>	<u>Status</u>
Kindergarten	36,000	50,833	180	Complied
Grades 1 - 3	50,400			
Grade 1		50,833	180	Complied
Grade 2		50,833	180	Complied
Grade 3		50,833	180	Complied
Grades 4 - 8	54,000			
Grade 4		54,093	180	Complied
Grade 5		54,093	180	Complied
Grade 6		54,093	180	Complied
Grade 7		57,640	180	Complied
Grade 8		57,640	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12	64,800			
Grade 9		67,833	180	Complied
Grade 10		67,833	180	Complied
Grade 11		67,833	180	Complied
Grade 12		67,833	180	Complied

Oakdale Charter School, all nonclassroom based

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>Number of Actual Days</u>	<u>Status</u>
Grades 7 - 8		
Grade 7	180	Complied
Grade 8	180	Complied
Grades 9 - 12		
Grade 9	180	Complied
Grade 10	180	Complied
Grade 11	180	Complied
Grade 12	180	Complied

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2025

There were no adjustments to the Unaudited Actual Financial Report, which required reconciliation to the audited financial statements at June 30, 2025.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	(Budget) 2026 ¹	2025	2024 ¹	2023 ¹
General Fund ³				
Revenues	\$ 80,833,136	\$ 83,372,504	\$ 88,056,815	\$ 86,835,617
Other sources	222,319	1,603,569	193,283	374,178
Total Revenues and Other Sources	<u>81,055,455</u>	<u>84,976,073</u>	<u>88,250,098</u>	<u>87,209,795</u>
Expenditures	82,803,643	85,621,185	82,634,037	77,370,683
Other uses	600,000	600,000	800,000	1,242,156
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	<u>83,403,643</u>	<u>86,221,185</u>	<u>83,434,037</u>	<u>78,612,839</u>
Increase in Fund Balance	<u>(2,348,188)</u>	<u>(1,245,112)</u>	<u>4,816,061</u>	<u>8,596,956</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 29,122,792</u>	<u>\$ 31,470,980</u>	<u>\$ 32,716,092</u>	<u>\$ 27,900,031</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 20,407,116</u>	<u>\$ 10,946,667</u>	<u>\$ 7,814,648</u>	<u>\$ 7,276,261</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>24.47%</u>	<u>12.70%</u>	<u>9.37%</u>	<u>9.26%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities ⁵	<u>Not Available</u>	<u>\$ 109,779,706</u>	<u>\$ 76,193,718</u>	<u>\$ 69,136,574</u>
Average Daily Attendance at P-2 ⁴	<u>4,715</u>	<u>4,720</u>	<u>4,770</u>	<u>4,773</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$3,570,949 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2025-2026 budget projects a decrease of \$2,348,188 (7.46%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3.0% of total General Fund expenditures and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2025-2026 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$40,643,132 over the past two years primarily due to the issuance of general obligation bonds.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 53 over the past two years. A decrease of five ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2025-2026.

¹ Financial information for 2026, 2024, and 2023 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained within the General Fund.

³ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Special Reserve Non-Capital Outlay Fund and the Special Reserve Postemployment Benefits Fund as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

⁴ Excludes charter school average daily attendance.

⁵ Amounts have not been restated for the effects of the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101 for comparative purposes. See Note 16 for further information.

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Name of Charter School</u>	<u>Charter Number</u>	<u>Included in Audit Report</u>
Oakdale Charter	0103	Yes

Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 412,503	\$ 615,779	\$ 1,601,558	\$ 849,447	\$ 2,538,305	\$ 2,085,243	\$ 2,013,132	\$ 10,115,967
Receivables	-	101,308	317,471	-	-	-	-	418,779
Prepaid expenditures	-	885	-	-	-	-	-	885
Stores inventories	-	-	225,859	-	-	-	-	225,859
Total assets	\$ 412,503	\$ 717,972	\$ 2,144,888	\$ 849,447	\$ 2,538,305	\$ 2,085,243	\$ 2,013,132	\$ 10,761,490
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 42,795	\$ 130,751	\$ -	\$ 16,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 189,560
Due to other funds	-	-	26,108	-	-	-	-	26,108
Total liabilities	-	42,795	156,859	-	16,014	-	-	215,668
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	885	225,859	-	-	-	-	226,744
Restricted	412,503	126,072	1,762,170	-	2,522,291	-	2,013,132	6,836,168
Committed	-	-	-	849,447	-	-	-	849,447
Assigned	-	548,220	-	-	-	2,085,243	-	2,633,463
Total fund balances	412,503	675,177	1,988,029	849,447	2,522,291	2,085,243	2,013,132	10,545,822
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 412,503	\$ 717,972	\$ 2,144,888	\$ 849,447	\$ 2,538,305	\$ 2,085,243	\$ 2,013,132	\$ 10,761,490

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ -	\$ 548,888	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 548,888
Federal sources	-	-	1,635,287	-	-	-	262	1,635,549
Other State sources	-	61,307	1,935,952	-	-	-	8,139	2,005,398
Other local sources	1,723,295	33,552	91,229	13,546	588,127	494,043	1,286,997	4,230,789
Total revenues	1,723,295	643,747	3,662,468	13,546	588,127	494,043	1,295,398	8,420,624
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction	-	587,852	-	-	-	-	-	587,852
Instruction-related activities								
Instructional library, media, and technology	-	8,181	-	-	-	-	-	8,181
School site administration	-	196,064	-	-	-	-	-	196,064
Pupil services								
Food services	-	-	3,500,767	-	-	-	-	3,500,767
Administration								
All other administration	-	-	96,961	-	18,411	-	-	115,372
Plant services	-	1,553	81,283	-	-	170,299	-	253,135
Ancillary services	1,715,825	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,715,825
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	22,968	138,400	120,459	-	-	281,827
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,065,000	1,065,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	204,610	204,610
Total expenditures	1,715,825	793,650	3,701,979	138,400	138,870	170,299	1,269,610	7,928,633
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	7,470	(149,903)	(39,511)	(124,854)	449,257	323,744	25,788	491,991
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	300,000	-	300,000	-	600,000
Other sources	-	-	-	-	-	-	725,644	725,644
Transfers out	-	(48,266)	-	-	-	(1,270,947)	-	(1,319,213)

See Notes to Supplementary Information

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Student Activities Fund	Charter Schools Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	-	(48,266)	-	300,000	-	(970,947)	725,644	6,431
Net Change in Fund Balances	7,470	(198,169)	(39,511)	175,146	449,257	(647,203)	751,432	498,422
Fund Balance - Beginning, as previously reported	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	10,081,825
Adjustments (Note 16)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(34,425)
Fund Balance - Beginning, as restated	405,033	873,346	2,027,540	674,301	2,073,034	2,732,446	1,261,700	10,047,400
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 412,503</u>	<u>\$ 675,177</u>	<u>\$ 1,988,029</u>	<u>\$ 849,447</u>	<u>\$ 2,522,291</u>	<u>\$ 2,085,243</u>	<u>\$ 2,013,132</u>	<u>\$ 10,545,822</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Oakdale Joint Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2025. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the Oakdale Joint Unified School District, it is not intended to and does not present the net position, changes in net position or fund balances of Oakdale Joint Unified School District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. For the fiscal year ending June 30, 2025, the District expanded food commodities totaling \$231,547.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Combining Balance Sheet and Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Other Information
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Organization

The Oakdale Joint Unified School District was established in 1998 and consists of an area comprising approximately 336 square miles. The District operates one comprehensive high school, one junior high school, four elementary schools, an independent study high school, a charter school, and one continuation high school. There were no school boundary changes during the year.

Governing Board

Member	Office	Term Expires
Clayton Schemper	President	2026
Bill Duvall	Clerk	2026
Diane Gilbert	Member	2026
Tina Shatswell	Member	2028
Terri Taylor	Member	2028

Administration

Larry Mendonca	Superintendent
Gillian Wegener, Ed.D.	Assistant Superintendent, Curriculum and Instruction
Kassandra Booth	Chief Business Officer
Jose Sanchez	Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources
Tracey Jaubowski	Assistant Superintendent, Pupil Services

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District



**Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Governing Board
Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Oakdale, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Oakdale Joint Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 8, 2025.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences* for the year ended June 30, 2025. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2024, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in black ink and is positioned above the typed name and date.

Fresno, California
December 8, 2025



Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Oakdale, California

Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Oakdale Joint Unified School District’s (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on the District’s major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025. The District’s major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor’s results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Fresno, California
December 8, 2025



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control Over Compliance

To the Governing Board
Oakdale Joint Unified School District
Oakdale, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Oakdale Joint Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2025.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District’s compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District’s compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District’s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2024-2025 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes

2024-2025 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	Yes
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Yes
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Mode of Instruction	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Yes
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	Yes
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Yes
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

The term “Not Applicable” is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identify during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed an instance of noncompliance, which is described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2025-001. Our opinion on state compliance is not modified with respect to this matter.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District’s response to the noncompliance finding identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District’s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiency in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2025-001 to be a material weakness.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the Oakdale Joint Unified School District's response to the internal control over compliance finding identified in our compliance audit described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The Oakdale Joint Unified School District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Fresno, California
December 8, 2025

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2025

Oakdale Joint Unified School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing
ESEA (ESSA): Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$ 750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs	
Material weaknesses identified	Yes
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Other Matters to be reported	Yes
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

None reported.

None reported.

The following finding represents a material weakness in internal controls over State Compliance and an instance of noncompliance, including questioned costs, that is required to be reported by the *2024-2025 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
40000	State Compliance

2025-001 40000 - Expanded Learning Opportunities Program

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Per *Education Code* Section 46120(b)(1), local educational agencies shall offer to at least unduplicated pupils in classroom-based instructional programs in kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, inclusive, access to expanded learning opportunity program (ELO-P) and shall provide access to any unduplicated pupil whose parent or guardian requests their placement in the program. Additionally, the expanded learning opportunity program shall include at least 30 non-school days, inclusive of extended school year, for no fewer than nine hours per day.

Condition

The following conditions were noted during our audit of the ELO-P program:

- The District did not offer ELO-P to transitional kindergarten pupils.
- The District only operated ELO-P for 27 non-school days.

Cause

Due to limited capacity, the District opted not to offer ELO-P to transitional kindergarten pupils and not to operate for all 30 non-school days.

Effect

The District is out of compliance with *Education Code* Section 46120(b)(1) and 46120(g)(6).

Questioned Costs

There is a questioned cost of \$170,638 associated with not offering ELOP to transitional kindergarten pupils and operating for only 27 non-school days as calculated below:

ELO-P Entitlement, Rate 2	<u>\$ 2,114,482</u>	
Total Classroom-Based Enrollment, Grades TK/K-6	2,657	
Total Classroom-Based UPC, Grades TK/K-6	1,219	
Number of Eligible Students Not Offered and Provided Access to ELO-P	82	
Proportional Penalty Factor	0.0673	
ELO-P Offering and Access Penalty [EC 46120(c)(2)]		\$ 142,238
Required Intersession ELO-P days	30	
Actual ELO-P intersession days totaling 9 hours	27	
ELO-P days short	3	
Penalty Factor	0.0048	
Penalty Calculation		<u>28,400</u>
 Total Penalty		 <u><u>\$ 170,638</u></u>

Repeat Finding

Yes

Recommendation

We recommend the District to continue searching for resources available that will allow them to offer the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program to all eligible students and to operate during all required non-operating school days.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District will continue working with staff to increase the number of non-school days during the summer in order to reach the required 30 days for ELOP.

The District does not have the staffing capacity to serve TK students during the after school or summer programs. The District will continue to closely monitor the staffing situation for the opportunity to serve TK students.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

State Compliance Findings

2024-001 40000 - Expanded Learning Opportunities Program

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Per *Education Code* Section 46120(b)(1), local educational agencies shall offer to at least unduplicated pupils in classroom-based instructional programs in kindergarten and grades 1 to 6, inclusive, access to expanded learning opportunity program (ELOP), and shall provide access to any unduplicated pupil whose parent or guardian requests their placement in the program. Additionally, the expanded learning opportunity program shall include at least 30 non-school days, inclusive of extended school year, for no fewer than nine hours per day.

In addition, *Education Code* Section 46120(g)(6) requires that transportation shall be provided for any pupil who attends a school that is not operating ELOP to attend a location that is providing ELOP and return to their original location or another location established by the local education agency.

Condition

The following conditions were noted during our audit of the ELOP program:

- The District did not offer ELOP to transitional kindergarten.
- The District only operated ELOP for 26 non-school days.
- The availability of transportation was not offered or communicated during 7 of the 26 non-school days.

Cause

Due to limited capacity, the District opted not to offer ELOP to transitional kindergarten pupils and not to operate for all 30 non-school days. No transportation requests were made during the July 2023 non-school days; thus transportation was not offered.

Effect

The District is out of compliance with *Education Code* Section 46120(b)(1) and 46120(g)(6).

Questioned Costs

There is a questioned cost of \$122,267 associated with not offering ELOP to transitional kindergarten pupils and operating for only 26 non-school days.

Entitlement, Rate 2	\$ 1,880,973	
Total Classroom-Based TK/K-6 enrollment	2,560	
Total Classroom-Based UPC TK/K-6	1,242	
Students not Offered Services	58	
Proportional Penalty Factor	0.046699	
ELO-P Offering and Access Penalty		\$ 87,839
Required Intersession Days	30	
Intersession Days Offered	26	
ELO-P Intersession Days Short	4	
Penalty Factor	0.0048	
ELO-P Day Offering Penalty		34,428
Total Penalty		<u>\$ 122,267</u>

Although the of transportation was not offered or communicated during seven of the 26 non-school days, there is no questioned costs associated with the condition. Auditor verified that transportation was not a barrier for participation in ELOP during those seven days. All pupils had access to participate in the program and no requests were made by the community to provide access.

Repeat Finding

No

Recommendation

We recommend the District to continue searching for resources available that will allow them to offer the Expanded Learning Opportunities Program to all eligible students and to operate during all required non-operating school days. Additionally, we recommend the District to provide transportation to participants as required.

Current Status

Not implemented, see current year findings and recommendations.