

OLEAN CITY
SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
*Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary
Information and Supplementary Information for the Year
Ended June 30, 2025 and Independent Auditors' Reports*

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Education
Olean City School District, New York:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Olean City School District, New York (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2025, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAS") and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* ("GAS"), issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, during the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement issuance date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and GAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and GAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

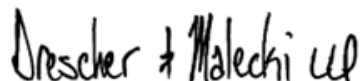
Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 18, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



September 18, 2025

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Management's Discussion and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2025

As management of the Olean City School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in the District's financial statements, which follow this narrative. For comparative purposes, certain items from the prior year have been reclassified to conform with current year presentation.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$65,213,694 (*net position*). Net position consists of \$43,415,325 net investment in capital assets, \$17,616,469 restricted for specific purposes, and unrestricted net position of \$4,181,900.
- The District's total net position increased by \$2,988,825 during the year ended June 30, 2025.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balance of \$21,867,450, a decrease of \$289,182 in comparison with the prior year's fund balance of \$22,156,632.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, *unassigned fund balance* of the General Fund was \$2,314,764, or approximately 4.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out. This total amount is available for spending at the District's discretion and constitutes approximately 11.7 percent of the General Fund's total fund balance of \$19,705,374 at June 30, 2025.
- The District's total serial bonds outstanding decreased by \$4,070,000 as a result of scheduled principal payments made during the year ended June 30, 2025.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis provided here are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements—The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the District that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all, or a significant portion, of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the District include general support, instruction, pupil transportation, school food service, and interest and other fiscal charges. The District does not engage in any business-type activities.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12 and 13 of this report.

Fund financial statements—A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds—*Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds' balance sheet and the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains five individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds' balance sheet and in the governmental funds' statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, Special Aid Fund, Student Activities Fund, School Lunch Fund, and Capital Projects Fund, which are considered major funds.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-17 of this report.

Fiduciary funds—Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the District. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purpose. The District maintains two fiduciary funds, the Private Purpose Trust Fund and the Custodial Fund.

The fiduciary fund statements can be found on pages 18 and 19 of this report.

Notes to the financial statements—The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 20-47 of this report.

Other information—In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* concerning the District’s net pension liabilities/(assets), the changes in the District’s total other postemployment benefits (“OPEB”) obligation, and the District’s budgetary comparison for the General Fund. Required supplementary information and the related notes to the required supplementary information can be found on pages 48-55 of this report.

Supplementary information is presented immediately following the required supplementary information in the Supplementary Information section of this report on pages 56-58.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of the District’s financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$65,213,694 at June 30, 2025, as compared to \$62,224,869, at the close of the year ended June 30, 2024, as restated.

Table 1, below, presents the condensed statements of net position of the District at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

Table 1 - Condensed Statements of Net Position

	June 30,	
	2025	2024 (as restated)
Current assets	\$ 24,686,567	\$ 25,546,037
Noncurrent assets	81,090,740	80,053,046
Total assets	<u>105,777,307</u>	<u>105,599,083</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>8,578,009</u>	<u>10,058,193</u>
Current liabilities	2,882,183	3,489,228
Noncurrent liabilities	<u>42,198,804</u>	<u>47,524,453</u>
Total liabilities	<u>45,080,987</u>	<u>51,013,681</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>4,060,635</u>	<u>2,418,726</u>
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	43,415,325	40,494,712
Restricted	17,616,469	17,524,697
Unrestricted	<u>4,181,900</u>	<u>4,205,460</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 65,213,694</u>	<u>\$ 62,224,869</u>

The largest portion of the District’s net position, \$43,415,325, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, construction in progress, buildings and site improvements, vehicles, furniture, equipment, and right-to-use lease equipment) net of accumulated depreciation/amortization, less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide a variety of services to students. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District’s

investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The next largest portion of the District’s net position, \$17,616,469, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

The remaining balance of the District’s net position, \$4,181,900, is considered unrestricted and represents resources that may be used to meet the District’s ongoing operations.

Table 2, as presented below, shows the changes in net position for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024.

Table 2—Condensed Statements of Changes in Net Position

	<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	
	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 434,247	\$ 365,474
Operating grants and contributions	6,535,716	8,831,267
Capital grants and contributions	619,393	1,421,393
General revenues	<u>53,363,682</u>	<u>50,950,262</u>
Total revenues	<u>60,953,038</u>	<u>61,568,396</u>
Program expenses	<u>57,964,213</u>	<u>54,360,903</u>
Change in net position	2,988,825	7,207,493
Net position—beginning	62,224,869	55,821,275
Restatement	<u>-</u>	<u>(803,899)</u>
Net position—ending	<u>\$ 65,213,694</u>	<u>\$ 62,224,869</u>

Overall revenues decreased 1.0 percent from the prior year, primarily due to decreases in operating and capital grants and contributions, partially offset by increases in unrestricted aid received from New York State. Total expenses increased 6.6 percent from the prior year ended June 30, 2024, largely as a result of an increase in general support and instruction costs.

A summary of sources of revenues for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 is presented in Table 3 on the following page.

Table 3—Summary of Sources of Revenues

	Year Ended June 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	
	2025	2024	Dollars	Percent (%)
Charges for services	\$ 434,247	\$ 365,474	\$ 68,773	18.8
Operating grants and contributions	6,535,716	8,831,267	(2,295,551)	(26.0)
Capital grants and contributions	619,393	1,421,393	(802,000)	0.0
Taxes	14,268,923	14,013,586	255,337	1.8
Use of money and property	432,480	460,446	(27,966)	(6.1)
Other items	748,265	1,168,522	(420,257)	(36.0)
State sources-unrestricted	<u>37,914,014</u>	<u>35,307,708</u>	<u>2,606,306</u>	7.4
Total program expenses	<u>\$ 60,953,038</u>	<u>\$ 61,568,396</u>	<u>\$ (615,358)</u>	(1.0)

The most significant sources of revenue for the year ended June 30, 2025 were State sources—unrestricted of \$37,914,014, or 62.2 percent of total revenues, taxes of \$14,268,923, or 23.4 percent of total revenues, and operating grants and contributions of \$6,535,716, or 10.7 percent of total revenues. Similarly, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the most significant sources of revenue were State sources—unrestricted of \$35,307,708, or 57.3 percent of total revenues, taxes of \$14,013,586, or 22.8 percent of total revenues, and operating grants and contributions of \$8,831,267, or 14.3 percent of total revenues.

A summary of program expenses for the years ended June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 is presented below in Table 4:

Table 4—Summary of Program Expenses

	Year Ended June 30,		Increase/(Decrease)	
	2025	2024	Dollars	Percent (%)
General support	\$ 11,853,292	\$ 9,087,564	\$ 2,765,728	30.4
Instruction	40,176,803	39,797,011	379,792	1.0
Pupil transportation	2,086,524	1,742,445	344,079	19.7
School food service	2,052,344	2,098,362	(46,018)	(2.2)
Student activities	123,768	91,424	32,344	35.4
Interest and other fiscal charges	<u>1,671,482</u>	<u>1,544,097</u>	<u>127,385</u>	8.2
Total program expenses	<u>\$ 57,964,213</u>	<u>\$ 54,360,903</u>	<u>\$ 3,603,310</u>	6.6

The most significant expense items for the year ended June 30, 2025 were instruction of \$40,176,803, or 69.3 percent of total expenses and general support of \$11,853,292, or 20.5 percent of total expenses. Similarly, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the most significant expense items were instruction of \$39,797,011, or 73.2 percent of total expenses and general support of \$9,087,564, or 16.7 percent of total expenses.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds—The focus of the District’s *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District’s financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* and *fund balance assigned to specific use* in special revenue funds may serve as a useful measure of a government’s net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by an external party, the District itself, or a group or individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for particular purposes by the Board of Education.

At June 30, 2025, the District’s governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$21,867,450, a decrease of \$289,182 from the prior year. Approximately 10.6 percent, \$2,314,764, of this amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance* which is available for spending at the District’s discretion. The remainder of fund balance is *nonspendable, restricted, or assigned*, to indicate that it is 1) not in spendable form, \$38,765, 2) restricted for particular purposes, \$17,591,161, or 3) assigned for particular purposes, \$1,922,760.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$2,314,764, while total fund balance decreased to \$19,705,374. As a measure of the General Fund’s liquidity, it may be useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures and transfers out. Unassigned fund balance represents 4.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures and transfers out, while total fund balance represents 36.4 percent of that same amount.

The total fund balance of the District’s General Fund decreased by \$173,143 during the current fiscal year. During the annual budget process, the District anticipated utilizing \$1,973,569 of unrestricted fund balance (this included funds appropriated from fund balance, the re-appropriation of prior year’s encumbrances, and appropriated reserves). As a result of spending less than anticipated, primarily on pupil transportation, instruction, central services, and employee benefits, the District’s General Fund fund balance ended \$1,800,156 higher than expected.

The Special Aid Fund maintains funds that are received by the State and Federal governments. Expenditures totaled \$4,689,903 and were used toward the instruction and transportation of students. Total revenues and transfers in were \$4,689,903 and were comprised of State, Federal, other local sources and transfers from the General Fund.

The Student Activities Fund reports a fund balance of \$88,428 at June 30, 2025, an increase of \$12,603 from the prior year. This total fund balance amount is classified as restricted fund balance for the future payment of extraclassroom activities on behalf of the students.

The School Lunch Fund total fund balance at June 30, 2025 was \$872,229, of which \$38,765 is considered nonspendable fund balance. The total fund balance of the School Lunch Fund decreased by \$167,869 during the current fiscal year due to an increase in transfers out coupled with a decrease in state aid.

At June 30, 2025, the District’s Capital Projects Fund fund balance increased by \$39,227 to an ending fund balance of \$1,201,419. The District’s Capital Projects Fund had transfers in from the General Fund in the amount of \$1,350,000, revenues of \$619,393, and incurred capital outlay expenditures in the amount of \$1,930,166 during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District’s General Fund budget generally contains budget amendments during the year. The budget is allowed to be amended upward (increased) for prior year’s encumbrances since the funds were allocated under the previous year’s budget, and the District has appropriately assigned an equal amount of fund balance at year-end for this purpose. A summary of revisions from adopted budget to final budget is presented in Table 5 below.

Table 5—General Fund Budget

Adopted budget, 2024-2025	\$ 56,169,525
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	<u>745,056</u>
Original budget, 2024-2025	<u>56,914,581</u>
Budget revision:	
Voter approved use of capital reserve	<u>1,000,000</u>
Final budget, 2024-2025	<u><u>\$ 57,914,581</u></u>

More detailed information about the District’s General Fund budget is presented in the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance—Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual—General Fund within the Required Supplementary Information section of this report.

Capital and Right-to-Use Asset and Debt Administration

Capital and right-to-use assets—The District’s investment in capital and right-to-use assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2025, amounted to \$78,577,327 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and site improvements, furniture and equipment, vehicles, and right-to-use lease equipment. All depreciable/amortizable capital assets were depreciated/amortized from acquisition date to the end of the current year as outlined in the District’s capital asset policy.

Capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization for the governmental activities at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 are presented in Table 6 below:

Table 6 – Summary of Capital and Right-to-Use Lease Assets (Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization)

	June 30,	
	2025	2024
Land	\$ 379,782	\$ 379,782
Construction in progress	97,346	-
Building and site improvements	74,422,345	75,944,245
Furniture and equipment	1,691,250	1,840,345
Vehicles	544,166	348,436
Right-to-use lease equipment	<u>1,442,438</u>	<u>1,540,238</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 78,577,327</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 80,053,046</u></u>

Additional information on the District’s capital assets is presented in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-term liabilities—At June 30, 2025, the District reported total long-term liabilities of \$42,198,804, as compared to \$47,524,453 in the prior year, as restated. Of the total long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2025, \$31,715,000 represents serial bonds issued by the District. During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District made scheduled bond principal payments of \$4,070,000.

A summary of the District’s long-term liabilities at June 30, 2025 and June 30, 2024 is presented in Table 7 below:

Table 7—Summary of Long-Term Liabilities

	June 30,	
	2025	2024 (as restated)
Serial bonds	\$ 31,715,000	\$ 35,785,000
Premium on serial bonds	3,479,731	3,867,659
Lease liability	-	24,275
OPEB obligation	2,952,924	3,001,337
Health reimbursement accrual	405,213	372,182
Compensated absences	1,273,910	1,259,622
Net pension liability	2,372,026	3,214,378
Total	<u>\$ 42,198,804</u>	<u>\$ 47,524,453</u>

Additional information on the District’s long-term liabilities can be found in Note 10 to the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year’s Budget and Rates

The unemployment rate, not seasonally adjusted, for the region at June 30, 2025 was 3.5 percent. This compares to New York State’s average unemployment rate of 4.0 percent. These factors, as well as others, are considered in preparing the District’s budget.

During the current fiscal year, the District appropriated \$900,000 of the General Fund’s unassigned fund balance for spending in the District’s 2025-2026 fiscal year budget. The 2025-2026 adopted budget appropriations total of \$57,976,241 is an approximate increase of 3.2 percent as compared to \$56,169,525 in 2024-2025. The District’s total tax levy in 2025-2026 is \$14,026,979, remaining the same as the 2024-2025 year.

Request for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the District’s finances and to show the District’s accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Jenny Bilotta, Business Administrator, Olean City School District, 410 West Sullivan Street, Olean New York 14760.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

	<u>Primary Government Governmental Activities</u>
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 71,351
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	16,720,481
Receivables	10,003
Intergovernmental receivables	7,845,967
Inventories	38,765
Noncurrent net pension asset	2,513,413
Capital and right-to-use assets not being depreciated/amortized	477,128
Capital and right-to-use assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>78,100,199</u>
Total assets	<u>105,777,307</u>
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows—relating to pensions	7,668,852
Deferred outflows—relating to OPEB	851,120
Deferred charge on refunding	<u>58,037</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>8,578,009</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	497,199
Accrued liabilities	192,675
Due to retirement systems	2,171,730
Intergovernmental payables	192
Unearned revenue	20,387
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Due within one year	5,272,254
Due within more than one year	<u>36,926,550</u>
Total liabilities	<u>45,080,987</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows—relating to pensions	3,393,069
Deferred inflows—relating to OPEB	<u>667,566</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>4,060,635</u>
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	43,415,325
Restricted:	
Liability insurance	1,493,898
Tax certiorari	212,942
Unemployment insurance	382,413
Employee benefits	715,378
Debt service	405,333
Retirement contribution	4,919,340
Workers' compensation	308,849
Capital projects	9,089,888
Student activities	88,428
Unrestricted	<u>4,181,900</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 65,213,694</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

<u>Function/Program</u>	<u>Expenses</u>	<u>Program Revenues</u>			<u>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</u>
		<u>Charges for Services</u>	<u>Operating Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Capital Grants and Contributions</u>	<u>Primary Governmental Activities</u>
Governmental activities:					
General support	\$ 11,853,292	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (11,853,292)
Instruction	40,176,803	241,486	4,888,827	619,393	(34,427,097)
Pupil transportation	2,086,524	-	-	-	(2,086,524)
School food service	2,052,344	56,390	1,646,889	-	(349,065)
Student activities	123,768	136,371	-	-	12,603
Interest and other fiscal charges	1,671,482	-	-	-	(1,671,482)
Total primary government	<u>\$ 57,964,213</u>	<u>\$ 434,247</u>	<u>\$ 6,535,716</u>	<u>\$ 619,393</u>	<u>(50,374,857)</u>
General revenues:					
Real property taxes and other tax items					14,268,923
Use of money and property					432,480
Sale of property and compensation for loss					37,985
Miscellaneous					710,280
State sources—unrestricted					37,914,014
Total general revenues					<u>53,363,682</u>
Change in net position					2,988,825
Net position—beginning, as previously stated					63,028,768
Restatement for GASB implementation					<u>(803,899)</u>
Net position—beginning, as restated					<u>62,224,869</u>
Net position—ending					<u>\$ 65,213,694</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds
June 30, 2025

	<u>Special Revenue</u>				<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
	<u>General</u>	<u>Special Aid</u>	<u>Student Activities</u>	<u>School Lunch</u>		
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 71,351	\$ -	\$ 71,351
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	15,484,051	1,810	88,428	3,133	1,143,059	16,720,481
Receivables	10,003	-	-	-	-	10,003
Intergovernmental receivables	4,552,368	2,555,319	-	118,887	619,393	7,845,967
Due from other funds	3,346,651	309,784	-	659,340	51,351	4,367,126
Inventories	-	-	-	38,765	-	38,765
Total assets	<u>\$ 23,393,073</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,913</u>	<u>\$ 88,428</u>	<u>\$ 891,476</u>	<u>\$ 1,813,803</u>	<u>\$ 29,053,693</u>
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 415,361	\$ 43,018	\$ -	\$ 13,512	\$ 25,308	\$ 497,199
Accrued liabilities	127,199	-	-	2,410	-	129,609
Due to other funds	973,409	2,806,641	-	-	587,076	4,367,126
Due to retirement systems	2,171,730	-	-	-	-	2,171,730
Intergovernmental payables	-	-	-	192	-	192
Unearned revenue	-	17,254	-	3,133	-	20,387
Total liabilities	<u>3,687,699</u>	<u>2,866,913</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>19,247</u>	<u>612,384</u>	<u>7,186,243</u>
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable	-	-	-	38,765	-	38,765
Restricted	16,301,314	-	88,428	-	1,201,419	17,591,161
Assigned	1,089,296	-	-	833,464	-	1,922,760
Unassigned	2,314,764	-	-	-	-	2,314,764
Total fund balances	<u>19,705,374</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>88,428</u>	<u>872,229</u>	<u>1,201,419</u>	<u>21,867,450</u>
Total liabilities and fund balances	<u>\$ 23,393,073</u>	<u>\$ 2,866,913</u>	<u>\$ 88,428</u>	<u>\$ 891,476</u>	<u>\$ 1,813,803</u>	<u>\$ 29,053,693</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet—Governmental Funds
to the Government-wide Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position (page 12) are different because:

Total fund balances—governmental funds (page 14)	\$	21,867,450
Net pension assets are not current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements.		2,513,413
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. The cost of the assets is \$121,390,122 and the accumulated depreciation/amortization is \$42,812,795.		78,577,327
Deferred charges associated with refunding of bonds are not reported in governmental funds. The charge is reported as a deferred outflow of resources on the statement of net position and is recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the related debt.		58,037
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements:		
Deferred outflows related to employer contributions	\$ 2,119,400	
Deferred outflows related to experience, changes in assumptions and investment earnings	5,549,452	
Deferred inflows of resources related to pension plans	<u>(3,393,069)</u>	4,275,783
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements:		
Deferred outflows related to experience, changes of assumptions and benefits payments	\$ 851,120	
Deferred inflows related to experience and changes of assumptions	<u>(667,566)</u>	183,554
Net accrued interest expense for serial bonds is not reported in the fund statements.		(63,066)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. The effects of these items are:		
Serial bonds	\$ (31,715,000)	
Premium on serial bonds	(3,479,731)	
OPEB obligation	(2,952,924)	
Health reimbursement accrual	(405,213)	
Compensated absences	(1,273,910)	
Net pension liability	<u>(2,372,026)</u>	<u>(42,198,804)</u>
Net position of governmental activities		<u>\$ 65,213,694</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund
Balances—Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Special Revenue</u>				<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
	<u>General</u>	<u>Special Aid</u>	<u>Student Activities</u>	<u>School Lunch</u>		
REVENUES						
Real property taxes	\$ 14,035,455	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 14,035,455
Real property tax items	233,468	-	-	-	-	233,468
Charges for services	241,486	-	-	-	-	241,486
Use of money and property	432,468	-	-	12	-	432,480
Sale of property and compensation for loss	37,985	-	-	-	-	37,985
Miscellaneous	635,654	64,774	-	9,852	-	710,280
State sources	38,101,200	749,632	-	29,319	619,393	39,499,544
Federal sources	301,699	3,650,310	-	1,617,570	-	5,569,579
Student activity collections	-	-	136,371	-	-	136,371
Sales—food service	-	-	-	56,390	-	56,390
Total revenues	<u>54,019,415</u>	<u>4,464,716</u>	<u>136,371</u>	<u>1,713,143</u>	<u>619,393</u>	<u>60,953,038</u>
EXPENDITURES						
Current:						
General support	6,864,059	99,997	-	-	-	6,964,056
Instruction	29,052,375	3,898,393	-	-	-	32,950,768
Pupil transportation	1,838,532	42,505	-	-	-	1,881,037
Employee benefits	8,782,526	649,008	-	139,467	-	9,571,001
Debt service:						
Principal	4,094,275	-	-	-	-	4,094,275
Interest and other fiscal charges	2,035,604	-	-	-	-	2,035,604
Student activities	-	-	123,768	-	-	123,768
Cost of sales (school lunch)	-	-	-	1,691,545	-	1,691,545
Capital outlay	-	-	-	-	1,930,166	1,930,166
Total expenditures	<u>52,667,371</u>	<u>4,689,903</u>	<u>123,768</u>	<u>1,831,012</u>	<u>1,930,166</u>	<u>61,242,220</u>
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	<u>1,352,044</u>	<u>(225,187)</u>	<u>12,603</u>	<u>(117,869)</u>	<u>(1,310,773)</u>	<u>(289,182)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers in	-	225,187	-	-	1,350,000	1,575,187
Transfers out	<u>(1,525,187)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,575,187)</u>
Total other financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,525,187)</u>	<u>225,187</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(50,000)</u>	<u>1,350,000</u>	<u>-</u>
Net change in fund balances	(173,143)	-	12,603	(167,869)	39,227	(289,182)
Fund balances—beginning	<u>19,878,517</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>75,825</u>	<u>1,040,098</u>	<u>1,162,192</u>	<u>22,156,632</u>
Fund balances—ending	<u>\$ 19,705,374</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 88,428</u>	<u>\$ 872,229</u>	<u>\$ 1,201,419</u>	<u>\$ 21,867,450</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances—Governmental Funds to the Government-wide Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (page 13) are different because:

Net change in fund balances—total governmental funds (page 16) \$ (289,182)

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. This is the amount by which depreciation/amortization expense and loss on capital asset disposal exceeded capital outlays in the current period.

Capital asset additions	\$ 3,396,923	
Depreciation/amortization expense	(4,847,819)	
(Loss) on disposal of assets	(24,823)	(1,475,719)

Deferred charges and gains associated with refunding of bonds are not reported in the governmental funds. The charges and gains are reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources on the statement of net position and are recognized as a component of interest expense over the life of the related debt. (60,563)

Net differences between pension contributions recognized on the fund financial statements and the government-wide financial statements are as follows:

District pension contributions	\$ 2,327,601	
Cost of benefits earned net of employee contributions	(1,709,890)	617,711

Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB result from actuarial changes in the census, changes in medical premiums that are different than expected healthcare cost trend rates, and changes in assumptions and other inputs. This amount is shown net of current year amortization. (323,476)

In the statement of activities, interest expense is recognized as it accrues, regardless of when it is paid. 36,757

The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of the principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities. Additionally, in the statement of activities, certain operating expenses are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and the related items is as follows:

Repayment of serial bonds	\$ 4,070,000	
Amortization of premiums on serial bonds	387,928	
Repayment of lease liability	24,275	
Change in OPEB obligation	48,413	
Change in health reimbursement accrual	(33,031)	
Change in compensated absences	(14,288)	4,483,297

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ 2,988,825

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds
June 30, 2025

	<u>Private Purpose Trust</u>	<u>Custodial Fund</u>
ASSETS		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	\$ 8,571	\$ 5,472
Restricted investments	<u>81,938</u>	<u>-</u>
Total assets	<u>90,509</u>	<u>5,472</u>
NET POSITION		
Restricted for scholarships	90,509	-
Restricted for organizations and other governments	<u>-</u>	<u>5,472</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 90,509</u>	<u>\$ 5,472</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position—Fiduciary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	Private Purpose Trust	Custodial Fund
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
ADDITIONS		
Contributions	\$ 27,547	\$ 1,916
Total additions	<u>27,547</u>	<u>1,916</u>
DEDUCTIONS		
Scholarships and awards	30,515	-
Funds distributed to individuals	<u>-</u>	<u>944</u>
Total deductions	<u>30,515</u>	<u>944</u>
Change in fiduciary net position	(2,968)	972
Net position—beginning	<u>93,477</u>	<u>4,500</u>
Net position—ending	<u>\$ 90,509</u>	<u>\$ 5,472</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Notes to the Financial Statements
Year Ended June 30, 2025

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The basic financial statements of Olean City School District, New York (the “District”) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (“GASB”) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the District’s accounting policies are described below.

Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which are normally supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately from *business-type activities*, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges to external customers for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable. The District reports no business-type activities or component units.

Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the Education Law and other laws of the State of New York. The governing body is the Board of Education. The scope of activities included within the accompanying financial statements are those transactions which comprise District operations, and are governed by, or significantly influenced by, the Board of Education.

Essentially, the primary function of the District is to provide education for pupils. Support services such as transportation of pupils, food service, administration, finance, and plant maintenance are also included.

The financial reporting entity includes all funds, functions and organizations over which the District officials exercise oversight responsibility. Oversight responsibility is determined on the basis of financial interdependency, selection of governing authority, designation of management, ability to significantly influence operations and accountability for fiscal matters.

Extraclassroom Activity Funds—The Extraclassroom Activity Funds of the District represent funds of the students of the District. The Board of Education exercises general oversight of these funds. The Extraclassroom Activity Funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management; however, since the District has administrative involvement with these funds they are reported within the District’s Student Activities Fund. Separate audited financial statements (cash basis) of the Extraclassroom Activity Funds can be found at the District’s business office.

Joint Venture—The District is a participating school district in the Cattaraugus-Allegany-Erie-Wyoming Board of Cooperative Education Services (“BOCES”). BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs, and also provides educational and support activities. There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a component of BOCES.

BOCES is organized under §1950 of the New York State Education Law. The BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the New York State Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation (§1950 (6)). In addition, BOCES Boards are also considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n (a) of the New York State General Municipal Law.

A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative program and capital costs. Each component district’s share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment, as defined in the New York State Education Law, § 1950(4)(b)(7). In addition, component districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District was billed \$9,582,001 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District’s share of BOCES aid amounted to \$3,893,602. Financial statements for BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices.

Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds even though the fiduciary funds are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments and charges between the District’s various functions. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District’s funds. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All of the District’s governmental funds are considered major funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- ***General Fund***—The General Fund constitutes the primary operating fund of the District and includes all operations not required to be recorded in other funds. The principal source of revenue for the General Fund is State sources.
- ***Special Aid Fund***—The Special Aid Fund is used to account for special operating projects or programs supported in whole, or in part, with federal and state grants.

- *Student Activities Fund*—The Student Activities fund is used to account for Extraclassroom transactions, which represents funds of the students of the District. The District exercises administrative involvement over these funds.
- *School Lunch Fund*—The School Lunch Fund is used to account for transactions of the District’s food service operations.
- *Capital Projects Fund*—The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition, construction or renovation of major capital facilities or equipment.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

Fiduciary Funds—These funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units. Trust funds account for resources received and disbursements made in accordance with trust agreements or applicable legislative enactments for each particular fund. Fiduciary Funds include a *Private Purpose Trust Fund* and an *Custodial Fund*.

- *Private Purpose Trust Fund*—The Private Purpose Trust Fund is used to account for assets held by the District for scholarships.
- *Custodial Fund*—The Custodial Fund is used to account for assets held by the District as an agent for individuals, private organizations, and/or other governmental units.

During the course of operations the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year-end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in the fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are generally considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers most revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period and certain grant revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and pensions are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, charges for services provided, and state and federal aid associated with the current fiscal period are all considered susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met and the amount is received during the period or within the period of availability (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements are met and amount is received during the period of availability for this revenue source. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The Private Purpose Trust Fund and Custodial Fund are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—The District’s cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits, time deposits, and short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from date of acquisition. New York State law governs the District’s investment policies. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Government Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Investments are stated at fair value in accordance with GASB.

Restricted Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments—Restricted cash, cash equivalents, and investments represent amounts to support fund balance restrictions, unearned revenues, and amounts held on behalf of others.

Receivables—Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts, when applicable. No allowance or uncollectible accounts has been provided since it is believed that such an allowance would not be material.

Inventories—Inventories of food and/or supplies in the School Lunch Fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or, in the case of surplus food, at stated value which approximates market. Purchases of inventory items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and year-end balances are not maintained.

Capital and Right-to-Use Lease Assets—Capital and right-to-use assets, which include land, construction in progress, building and site improvements, furniture and equipment and vehicles, and right-to-use lease equipment are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital and right-to-use lease assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial individual cost of more than an established threshold of \$5,000 for the type of asset and an estimated useful life in excess of five years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs, which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are completed. Right-to-use lease equipment are initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs and are amortized on a straight line basis over their useful lives. In previous years, the District entered into and prepaid various lease liabilities and, accordingly reports right-to-use lease assets but no related liability.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The other property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government are depreciated/amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Capitalization Threshold	Estimated Useful Life (Years)
Land	\$ 1	n/a
Buildings	5,000	20-60
Site improvements	5,000	20
Furniture, equipment and vehicles	5,000	5-15
Right-to-use lease equipment	5,000	5-15

The *capital outlays* character classification is employed only for expenditures reported in the Capital Projects Fund. Routine capital expenditures in the General Fund and other governmental funds are included in the appropriate functional category (for example, the purchase of a new school bus included as part of *expenditures—pupil transportation*). The amount reported as *capital outlays* in the Capital Projects Fund will also include non-capitalized, project-related costs (for example, furnishings).

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources—In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2025, the District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions reported in the government-wide financial statements. This represents the effect of the net change in the District’s proportion of the collective net pension liability/(asset), and the difference during the measurement period between the District’s contributions, its proportionate share of total contribution to the pension systems not included in pension expense, and any contributions to the pension systems subsequent to the measurement date.

The second item is related to OPEB reported in the government-wide financial statements and represents the effects of the change in the District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective OPEB liability. The third item is a deferred charge on refunding which the District reports within its governmental activities. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2025, the District reports two deferred inflows of resources on the government-wide financial statements related to pensions and OPEB, respectively. The first item represents the effect of the net change in the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability/(asset) and the difference during the measurement periods between the District's contributions, and its proportionate share of total contributions to the pension systems not included in pension expense. The second item represents the effects of the change in the District's proportion of the collective OPEB liability and difference during the measurement period between certain of the employer's contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective OPEB liability.

Net Position Flow Assumptions—Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted-net position and unrestricted-net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted-net position to have been depleted before unrestricted-net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions—Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies—Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board Education is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes, but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board of Education has by resolution authorized both the Business Administrator and the Superintendent to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance, as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenues and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Revenues and Expenses/Expenditures

Program Revenues—Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Property Taxes—Real property taxes are levied annually no later than September 1 by the Board of Education and attached as an enforceable lien. Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by the County of Cattaraugus. An amount representing uncollected real property taxes transmitted to the County for enforcement is paid by the County to the District no later than April 1st.

Unearned Revenue—Certain revenues have not met the revenue recognition criteria for government-wide or fund financial statement purposes. At June 30, 2025, the District reported \$17,254 and \$3,133 of unearned revenues in the Special Aid Fund and School Lunch Fund, respectively. The District has received grant and school lunch money in advance but has not performed the services and therefore recognizes a liability.

Health Reimbursement Accrual—The District labor agreements and District rules and regulations state that the District shall establish a health reimbursement account for any unit member who is participating in a District health insurance plan. The District shall choose the plan administrator and pay the administrative fees.

Compensated Absences—The District labor agreements and District rules and regulations provide for sick leave and vacation. Upon retirement certain eligible employees qualify for payment for fractional values of unused sick leave. These payments are budgeted annually without accrual.

Pension Plans—The District is mandated by New York State law to participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and the New York State Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS"). For purposes of measuring the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans, and changes thereof, have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the respective defined benefit pension plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. More information regarding pensions is included in Note 7.

Other Postemployment Benefits—In addition to providing pension benefits, the District provides health insurance coverage for certain retired employees, as discussed in Note 8.

Other

Estimates—The preparation of the financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (“GAAP”), requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenditures, assets, liabilities, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements during the reported period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Adoption of New Accounting Pronouncements—During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*; and GASB Statement No. 102, *Certain Risk Disclosures*. GASB Statement No. 101 improves financial reporting by better meeting the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. GASB Statement No. 102 improves financial reporting by providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not often provided. The disclosures will provide users with timely information regarding certain concentrations or constraints and related events that have occurred or have begun to occur that make a government vulnerable to a substantial impact. Except for the matter discussed in Note 2, the implementation of GASB Statements No. 101 and 102 did not have a material impact on the District’s financial position or results from operations.

Future Impacts of Accounting Pronouncements—The District has not completed the process of evaluating the impact that will result from adopting GASB Statement No. 103, *Financial Reporting Model Improvements*; and GASB Statement No. 104, *Disclosure of Certain Capital Asset*, effective for the year ending June 30, 2026. The District is, therefore, unable to disclose the impact that adopting GASB Statements No. 103 and 104 will have on its financial position and results of operations when such statements are adopted.

2. RESTATEMENT OF NET POSITION

During the year ended June 30, 2025, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. As a result of the implementation, the District’s compensated absences liability was restated as of June 30, 2024. Accordingly, net position for governmental activities at June 30, 2024 has been restated. The effect of this implementation is shown in the table below:

	Governmental Activities
Net position—June 30, 2024, as previously stated	\$ 63,028,768
Implementation of GASB Statement No. 101	(803,899)
Net position—June 30, 2025, as restated	<u>\$ 62,224,869</u>

3. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS, AND INVESTMENTS

The District’s investment policies are governed by State statutes. District monies must be deposited in FDIC-Insured commercial banks or trust companies located within New York State. The District’s Treasurer is authorized to use demand accounts and certificates of deposit. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements, and obligations of New York State or its localities.

Collateral is required for demand deposits, time deposits and certificates of deposit at 100 percent of all deposits not covered by Federal deposit insurance. The District has entered into custodial agreements with the various banks which hold their deposits. These agreements authorize the obligations that may be pledged as collateral. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are outlined in Chapter 623 of the laws of the State of New York. Cash and cash equivalents reported by the District at June 30, 2025, are shown below.

	Governmental Funds	Fiduciary Funds	Total
Petty cash (uncollateralized)	\$ 260	\$ -	\$ 260
Deposits	<u>16,791,572</u>	<u>14,043</u>	<u>16,805,615</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,791,832</u>	<u>\$ 14,043</u>	<u>\$ 16,805,875</u>

Deposits—All deposits are carried at fair value, and are classified by custodial credit risk at June 30, 2025 as follows:

	Bank Balance	Carrying Balance
FDIC insured	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000
Uninsured:		
Collateral held pledging bank's agent in the District's name	<u>17,178,097</u>	<u>16,305,615</u>
Total	<u>\$ 17,678,097</u>	<u>\$ 16,805,615</u>

Custodial Credit Risk—Deposits—Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As noted above, by State statute all deposits in excess of FDIC insurance coverage must be collateralized. At June 30, 2025, the District's deposits were either FDIC insured or collateralized with securities held by the pledging bank's agent in the District's name.

Restricted Cash and Cash Equivalents—The District reports unspent proceeds of debt, unearned revenues, amounts held on behalf of others, and amounts to support restricted fund balances as restricted cash and cash equivalents. At June 30, 2025, the District reported \$16,720,481 of restricted cash within its governmental funds and \$14,043 within its fiduciary funds.

Restricted Investments—The District categorizes its fair value measurements into the fair value hierarchy established by GASB.

The authoritative guidance on fair value measurements establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

- Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unadjusted quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access.
- Level 2: Inputs to the valuation methodology include the following:
 - Quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets.

- Quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in inactive markets.
- Inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability.
- Inputs that are derived principally from, or corroborated by, observable market data by correlation or other means.

If the asset or liability has a specified (contractual) term, the Level 2 input must be observable for substantially the full term of the asset or liability.

- Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement. The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement.

The District records restricted investments, including long-term money market funds at June 30, 2025, in the amount of \$81,938 in the Private Purpose Trust Fund which are considered to be Level 1 inputs.

Interest Rate Risk—In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages exposures by limiting investments to low risk type investments governed by New York State statutes.

4. RECEIVABLES

Major revenues accrued by the District at June 30, 2025 consisted of the following:

Receivables—Represents amounts due from various sources for out-of-district tuition, commissions, reimbursements and other services provided. At June 20, 2025, the District reported accounts receivable of \$10,033 in the General Fund.

Intergovernmental Receivables—Represent amounts due from other units of government, such as Federal, New York State and other local governments. Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2025 are presented in the table on the following page.

General Fund:		
New York State—General Aid	\$ 2,549,139	
New York State—Excess Cost Aid	904,993	
New York State—Medicaid	48,893	
Federal—Medicaid	48,893	
BOCES aid	876,060	
Other School Districts—Tuition	96,652	
Miscellaneous	<u>27,738</u>	\$ 4,552,368
Special Aid Fund:		
New York State—Summer Handicapped Program	123,401	
New York State—Universal Pre-k	238,694	
Federal Government—Title I	330,799	
Federal Government—Title IIA	74,137	
Federal Government—Title IVA	28,637	
Federal Government—Title V	25,400	
Federal Government—Section 611/619 IDEA	226,223	
Federal Government—CRSSA/ARP	1,336,101	
Miscellaneous	<u>171,927</u>	2,555,319
School Lunch Fund:		
Federal Government—Breakfast and lunch programs		118,887
Capital Projects Fund:		
New York State—Smart Schools Bond Act		<u>619,393</u>
Total governmental funds		<u>\$ 7,845,967</u>

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2025 was as follows:

	Balance 7/1/2024	Increases	Decreases	Balance 6/30/2025
Capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized:				
Land	\$ 379,782	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 379,782
Construction in progress	-	1,930,166	1,832,820	97,346
Total capital assets, not being depreciated/amortized	<u>379,782</u>	<u>1,930,166</u>	<u>1,832,820</u>	<u>477,128</u>
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and site improvements	110,151,607	2,491,906	79,135	112,564,378
Furniture and equipment	4,587,439	78,960	198,214	4,468,185
Vehicles	1,172,231	360,000	70,706	1,461,525
Right-to-use lease equipment	2,419,801	368,711	369,606	2,418,906
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	<u>118,331,078</u>	<u>3,299,577</u>	<u>717,661</u>	<u>120,912,994</u>
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and site improvements	34,207,362	4,013,806	79,135	38,142,033
Furniture and equipment	2,747,094	203,232	173,391	2,776,935
Vehicles	823,795	164,270	70,706	917,359
Right-to-use lease equipment	879,563	466,511	369,606	976,468
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	<u>38,657,814</u>	<u>4,847,819</u>	<u>692,838</u>	<u>42,812,795</u>
Total capital assets, being depreciated/amortized, net	<u>79,673,264</u>	<u>(1,548,242)</u>	<u>24,823</u>	<u>78,100,199</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 80,053,046</u>	<u>\$ 381,924</u>	<u>\$ 1,857,643</u>	<u>\$ 78,577,327</u>

Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to the functions and programs of governmental activities as follows:

General support	\$ 3,457,971
Instruction	1,225,578
Pupil transportation	164,270
Total	<u>\$ 4,847,819</u>

6. ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities reported by governmental funds at June 30, 2025, were as follows:

	General Fund	School Lunch Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 127,199	\$ 2,410	\$ 129,609
Total accrued liabilities	<u>\$ 127,199</u>	<u>\$ 2,410</u>	<u>\$ 129,609</u>

7. PENSION PLANS

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System ("TRS") and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System ("ERS") (the "Systems"). These cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement systems compute contribution retirements based on the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL").

Plan Descriptions and Benefits Provided

Teachers' Retirement System—TRS provides retirement benefits as well as, death and disability benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the Retirement and Social Security Law of the State of New York. TRS is governed by a 10 member Board of Trustees. TRS benefits are established under New York State Law. Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding TRS, may be obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395 or by referring to the NYSTRS Annual Comprehensive Financial report which can be found at the TRS website at www.nystrs.org.

Employees' Retirement System—ERS provides retirement benefits as well as death and disability benefits. The net position of ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the "Fund"), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to ERS. The Comptroller of the State of New York serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of ERS. ERS benefits are established under the provisions of the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law ("NYSRSSL"). Once a public employer elects to participate in ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan ("GLIP"), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided, may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

The Systems are noncontributory except for employees who joined after July 27, 1976, who contribute three percent (3.0%) of their salary for the first ten years of membership, and employees who joined on or after January 1, 2010, who generally contribute three percent (3.0%) to three and one half percent (3.5%) of their salary for their entire length of service. In addition, employee contribution rates under ERS Tier VI vary based on a sliding salary scale. For TRS, contribution rates are established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board pursuant to Article 11 of the Education law. For ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions based on salaries paid during the Systems' fiscal year ending March 31.

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions—At June 30, 2025, the District reported the following liability/(asset) for its proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) for each of the Systems. The net pension liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2024 for TRS and March 31, 2025 for ERS. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability/(asset) was determined by actuarial valuations as of June 30, 2023 and April 1, 2024, respectively, with update procedures used to rollforward the total pension liability to the measurement dates. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability/(asset) was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the Systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and ERS Systems in reports provided to the District.

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Measurement date	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2025
Net pension liability/(asset)	\$ (2,513,413)	\$ 2,372,026
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension liability/(asset)	0.084241%	0.0138345%

For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District recognized pension expense of \$1,388,608 and \$564,252 for TRS and ERS, respectively. At June 30, 2025, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from sources shown below:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>		<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	
	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Difference between expected and actual experiences	\$ 2,706,484	\$ 588,753	\$ -	\$ 27,772
Changes of assumptions	1,503,530	99,478	252,908	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	186,103	2,792,616	-
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions	295,145	169,959	158,152	161,621
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u>1,899,732</u>	<u>219,668</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 6,404,891</u>	<u>\$ 1,263,961</u>	<u>\$ 3,203,676</u>	<u>\$ 189,393</u>

District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
2026	\$ (1,276,963)	\$ 433,623
2027	3,097,730	622,699
2028	(480,461)	(211,586)
2029	(533,946)	10,164
2030	365,729	-
Thereafter	129,394	-

Actuarial Assumptions—The total pension liability as of the measurement dates were determined by using actuarial valuations as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension liability to the respective measurement dates. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	<u>TRS</u>	<u>ERS</u>
Measurement date	June 30, 2024	March 31, 2025
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2023	April 1, 2024
Interest rate	6.95%	5.90%
Salary scale	1.95%-5.18%	4.30%
Decrement tables	July 1, 2015 - June 30, 2020	April 1, 2015 - March 31, 2020
Inflation rates	2.40%	2.90%
Cost-of-living adjustments	1.30%	1.50%

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020 System experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries Scale MP2021, applied on a generational basis. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 System’s experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Society of Actuaries’ Scale MP-2021.

For TRS, the actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions used in the April 1, 2024 valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by each the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation are summarized on the following page.

Measurement date	Target Allocation		Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return	
	TRS	ERS	TRS	ERS
			June 30, 2024	March 31, 2025
Asset class:				
Domestic equities	33.0 %	25.0 %	6.6 %	3.5 %
International equities	15.0	14.0	7.4	6.6
Global equities	4.0	0.0	6.9	0.0
Private equity	9.0	15.0	10.0	7.3
Real estate	11.0	12.0	6.3	5.0
Opportunistic portfolio/Absolute return strategy	0.0	3.0	0.0	5.3
Credit	0.0	4.0	0.0	5.4
Domestic fixed income securities	16.0	0.0	2.6	0.0
Global bonds	2.0	0.0	2.5	0.0
High-yield bonds	1.0	0.0	4.8	0.0
Private debt	2.0	0.0	5.9	0.0
Real assets	0.0	4.0	0.0	5.6
Real estate debt	6.0	0.0	3.9	0.0
Fixed income	0.0	22.0	0.0	2.0
Cash	1.0	1.0	0.5	0.3
Total	<u>100.0 %</u>	<u>100.0 %</u>		

Discount Rate—The discount rate used to calculate the total pension liability was 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially. Based upon the assumptions, the Systems’ fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore the long term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset) to the Discount Rate Assumption—The chart on the following page presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage-point lower (5.95% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or one percentage-point higher (7.95% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current assumption.

	1% Decrease (5.95%)	Current Assumption (6.95%)	1% Increase (7.95%)
<u>TRS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 11,609,599	\$ (2,513,413)	\$ (14,391,245)
	1% Decrease (4.90%)	Current Assumption (5.90%)	1% Increase (6.90%)
<u>ERS</u>			
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	\$ 6,864,943	\$ 2,372,026	\$ (1,379,562)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position—The components of the current-year net pension liability/(asset) of the employers as of the respective valuation dates, were as follows:

	(Dollar in Thousands)	
	TRS	ERS
Valuation date	June 30, 2023	April 1, 2024
Employers' total pension liability	\$ 142,837,827	\$ 247,600,239
Plan fiduciary net position	145,821,435	230,454,512
Employers' net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ (2,983,608)</u>	<u>\$ 17,145,727</u>
System fiduciary net position as a percentage of total pension liability	102.1%	93.1%

Payables to the Pension Plan—For TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 are paid to the System in September, October and November 2025 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 represent employee and employer contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025 based on paid TRS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS System. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$1,899,731.

For ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the System's fiscal year which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2025 through June 30, 2025 based on paid ERS wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2025 amounted to \$271,999.

8. OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT ("OPEB") OBLIGATION

Plan Description—In addition to pension benefits, the District provides postemployment health insurance coverage to retired employees at the cost of the retiree in accordance with the provisions of various employment contracts. The benefit level, employee contributions and employer contributions are governed by the District's contractual agreements.

The Olean City School District administers the Olean City School District Retiree Medical Plan (the “Plan”) as a single-employer defined benefit other post-employment benefit plan. The plan provides for continuation of medical insurance benefits for certain retirees at the cost of the retirees. The plan and required contributions and benefits thereof can be amended by action of the District subject to an applicable collective bargaining and employment agreements. The plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report since there are no assets legally segregated for the sole purpose of paying the benefits under the plan.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms—At July 1, 2024, the valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	69
Active employees	<u>307</u>
Total	<u>376</u>

Under GASB Statement No. 75, the total OPEB liability represents the sum of expected future benefit payments which may be attributed to past service (or “earned”), discounted to the end of the fiscal year using the current discount rate. The total OPEB liability is analogous to the Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (“AAL”) under GASB Statement No. 45.

Total OPEB Liability

The District’s total OPEB liability of \$2,952,924 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2024.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions—Calculations are based on the types of benefits provided under the terms of the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and the plan members) at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of cost sharing between the employee and plan members. Calculations reflect a long-term perspective, so methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility.

In the July 1, 2024 actuarial valuation, the entry age normal method, over a level percent of salary was used. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2024 valuation were based on the results of a June 30, 2024 measurement date, and were reported as of June 30, 2025. The discount rate of 4.21% was used which is based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. This is a change from the prior year’s discount rate of 4.13%. The salary scale for non-teacher employees is based on the NYSERS valuation as of March 31, 2023. Teacher and Administration employees’ payroll growth is based on the NYSTRS valuation as of June 30, 2023. The initial healthcare trend rate was based on a combination of employer history, national trend surveys, and professional judgment. The ultimate trend rate was selected based on historical medical CPI information. An initial health care trend rate of 7.50% was used, decreasing by 0.50% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability—The following table presents the changes to the total OPEB liability during the fiscal year, by source:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$ 3,001,337
Changes for the year:	
Service cost	186,052
Interest	129,308
Changes of assumptions	(17,186)
Differences between expected and actual experience	(232,546)
Benefit payments	(114,041)
Net changes	(48,413)
Balance at June 30, 2025	\$ 2,952,924

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to the Change in the Discount Rate and Healthcare Cost Trend Rate—The discount rate assumption can have an impact on the total OPEB liability. The following table presents the effect a 1% change in the discount rate assumption would have on the total OPEB liability:

	1% Decrease (3.21%)	Current Discount Rate (4.21%)	1% Increase (5.21%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 3,153,889	\$ 2,952,924	\$ 2,761,934

Additionally, healthcare costs can be subject to considerable volatility over time. The following table presents the effect on the total OPEB liability of a 1% change in the initial (8.00%) and ultimate (4.50%) healthcare cost trend rates.

	1% Decrease (6.5%/3.5%)	Current Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (7.5%/4.5%)	1% Increase (8.5%/5.5%)
Total OPEB liability	\$ 2,659,725	\$ 2,952,924	\$ 3,289,765

Funding Policy—Authorization for the District to pay a portion of retiree health insurance premiums was enacted through various union contracts as specified above, which were ratified by the District’s Board of Education. The District recognizes the cost of providing these benefits by expensing the annual insurance premiums when invoiced by the health insurance provider. District governmental activities contributed \$114,041 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025. The District’s contributions to the OPEB plan are based on negotiated contracts with three bargaining units, as discussed in Note 13. Any amendments to the employer’s contributions are subject to the collective bargaining units.

OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB—The District reports deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources due to differences during the measurement period between certain of the employer’s contributions and its proportionate share of the total of certain contributions from employers included in the collective total OPEB liability are required to be determined. The table below presents the District’s deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources at June 30, 2025:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 443,436	\$ 378,225
Changes of assumptions	336,411	289,341
Benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date	<u>71,273</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 851,120</u>	<u>\$ 667,566</u>

The District’s benefit payments subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2026. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	
2026	\$ 30,979
2027	(7,062)
2028	21,500
2029	40,286
2030	46,227
Thereafter	(19,649)

9. RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets, vehicle liability, injuries to employees, health insurance, unemployment insurance, and natural disasters. These risks are covered by commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. The District purchases insurance for: real and business personal property for direct physical loss including mechanical breakdown, flood and earthquake; commercial general liability; educators’ legal liability; business automobile; crime and miscellaneous property; and umbrella liability. The blanket buildings’ and contents’ coverage is \$132,481,475. There have not been any significant changes in any of the insurance coverage from the prior year, nor have there been any settlements which have exceeded insurance coverage in the past three fiscal years.

Workers’ Compensation—The District is one of twenty-two participants in a risk sharing pool, Allegany Cattaraugus Workmen’s Compensation, to insure workers’ compensation claims. This is a public entity risk pool created under Article 5, Workers’ Compensation Law, to finance liability and risk related to workers’ compensation claims. For the year ended June 30, 2025, the District paid premiums or contribution expenditures totaling \$79,731.

At June 30, 2025, the General Fund maintains a restricted fund balance in the amount of \$308,849 for the purpose of funding the District’s future claim liabilities.

10. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as noncurrent liabilities in the statement of net position.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Further, the unmatured principal of general long-term debt does not require current appropriation and expenditure of governmental fund financial resources.

The District’s outstanding long-term liabilities include serial bonds, premiums on serial bonds, other postemployment benefits obligation (“OPEB”), health reimbursement accrual, compensated absences and net pension liability. The serial bonds of the District are secured by its general credit and revenue raising powers, as per State statute.

A summary of changes in the District’s long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2025 follows:

	Balance 7/1/2024 (as restated)	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/2025	Due Within One Year
Serial bonds	\$ 35,785,000	\$ -	\$ 4,070,000	\$ 31,715,000	\$ 4,570,000
Premiums on serial bonds	3,867,659	-	387,928	3,479,731	382,885
Bonds payable, net	39,652,659	-	4,457,928	35,194,731	4,952,885
Lease liability	24,275	-	24,275	-	-
OPEB obligation	3,001,337	315,360	363,773	2,952,924	-
Health reimbursement accrual	372,182	169,289	136,258	405,213	134,003
Compensated absences*	1,259,622	14,288	-	1,273,910	185,366
Net pension liability*	3,214,378	-	842,352	2,372,026	-
Total	<u>\$ 47,524,453</u>	<u>\$ 498,937</u>	<u>\$ 5,824,586</u>	<u>\$ 42,198,804</u>	<u>\$ 5,272,254</u>

(*Additions to the net pension and compensated absences liabilities are shown net of reductions.)

Serial Bonds—The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition, construction, and renovation of major capital facilities. Serial bonds have been issued for governmental activities. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. These bonds generally are issued as serial bonds with equal amounts of principal maturing each year with maturities that range from 8 to 16 years.

Principal is paid annually, interest is paid semi-annually; these payments are recorded in the General Fund. A summary of additions and payments for the year ended June 30, 2025 is shown below:

Description	Year		Balance 7/1/2024	Additions	Payments	Balance 6/30/2025
	of Issue/ Maturity	Interest Rate (%)				
Reconstruction of school buildings 2015	2015/2031	2.00 - 3.12	\$ 1,285,000	\$ -	\$ 205,000	\$ 1,080,000
Refunding 2018 bonds	2018/2026	1.30 - 5.00	3,630,000	-	1,800,000	1,830,000
Reconstruction of school buildings 2019	2019/2035	3.00 - 5.00	5,695,000	-	440,000	5,255,000
Reconstruction of school buildings 2024	2024/2039	3.00 - 4.00	25,175,000	-	1,625,000	23,550,000
Total			<u>\$ 35,785,000</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 4,070,000</u>	<u>\$ 31,715,000</u>

In the event of a default in the payment of the principal of or interest on the serial bonds, the State Comptroller is required to withhold, under certain conditions prescribed by Section 99-b of the State Finance Law, state aid and assistance to the District and to apply the amount thereof so withheld to the payment of such defaulted principal and/or interest, which requirement constitutes a covenant by the State with the holders from time to time of the Bonds.

The District does not hold any lines of credit.

Premiums on Serial Bonds—The District has outstanding premiums related to the 2018 refunding bonds, 2019 serial bonds, and 2024 serial bonds. These premiums are being amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the bonds. The total remaining unamortized premium on bonds at June 30, 2025 is \$3,479,731.

Lease Liability—The District entered into long-term leases for various equipment in prior years. The District satisfied the outstanding obligation during the year ended June 30, 2025.

OPEB Obligation—As explained in Note 8, the District provides health insurance coverage for certain retirees. The District’s annual OPEB cost is calculated based on the annual required contributions of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB. The long-term OPEB obligation is estimated to be \$2,952,924 at June 30, 2025.

Health Reimbursement Accrual—As explained in Note 1, the District records the value of its health reimbursement accrual. The annual budgets of the operating funds provide funding for these benefits as they become payable. The value recorded in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2025 for governmental activities is \$405,213. Management estimates that \$134,003 is due within one year. Since payment of the health reimbursement accrual is dependent upon many factors, the timing of future payments is not readily determinable.

Compensated Absences—As explained in Note 1, the District records the value of compensated absences. The annual budgets of the operating funds provide funding for these benefits as they become payable. The value recorded in the government-wide financial statements at June 30, 2025 for governmental activities is \$1,273,910. Management estimates that \$185,366 is due within one year and since payment of compensated absences is dependent upon many factors, the timing of future payments is not readily determinable.

Net Pension Liability—The District reported a liability, \$2,372,026, for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Employees’ Retirement System, respectively. Refer to Note 7 for additional information related to the District’s net pension liability.

The following is a maturity schedule of the District’s indebtedness:

Year Ending June 30,	Serial Bonds	Premiums on Serial Bonds	OPEB Obligation	Health Reimbursement Accrual	Compensated Absences	Net Pension Liability	Total
2026	\$ 4,570,000	\$ 382,885	\$ -	\$ 134,003	\$ 185,366	\$ -	\$ 5,272,254
2027	2,870,000	267,034	-	-	-	-	3,137,034
2028	2,085,000	267,034	-	-	-	-	2,352,034
2029	2,190,000	267,034	-	-	-	-	2,457,034
2030	2,245,000	267,034	-	-	-	-	2,512,034
2031-2035	11,400,000	1,335,199	-	-	-	-	12,735,199
2036-2040	6,355,000	693,511	-	-	-	-	7,048,511
2041 and beyond	-	-	2,952,924	271,210	1,088,544	2,372,026	6,684,704
Total	<u>\$ 31,715,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,479,731</u>	<u>\$ 2,952,924</u>	<u>\$ 405,213</u>	<u>\$ 1,273,910</u>	<u>\$ 2,372,026</u>	<u>\$ 42,198,804</u>

Interest requirements on serial bonds are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Serial Bonds
2026	\$ 1,513,588
2027	1,312,726
2028	1,174,212
2029	1,074,800
2030	969,976
2031-2035	3,241,124
2036-2040	813,500
Total	<u>\$ 10,099,926</u>

11. NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCE

The government-wide financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- ***Net Investment in Capital Assets***—This category groups all capital assets into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation/amortization and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- ***Restricted Net Position***—This category presents external restriction imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- ***Unrestricted Net Position***—This category represents net position of the District not restricted for any project or other purpose.

In the fund financial statements, nonspendable amounts represent net current financial resources that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance maintained by the District at June 30, 2025 includes:

- ***Inventory***—Representing the portion of fund balance, \$38,765 composed of inventory. This balance is nonspendable as the inventory does not represent an available resource.

In the fund financial statements, restricted fund balances are amounts constrained to specific purposes (such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments) through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At June 30, 2025, the District had restricted funds as shown in the table on the following page.

	General Fund	Student Activities Fund	Capital Projects Fund	Total
Liability insurance	\$ 1,493,898	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,493,898
Tax certiorari	212,942	-	-	212,942
Unemployment insurance	382,413	-	-	382,413
Employee benefits	715,378	-	-	715,378
Debt service	405,333	-	-	405,333
Retirement contribution	4,919,340	-	-	4,919,340
Workers' compensation	308,849	-	-	308,849
Capital projects	7,863,161	-	1,201,419	9,064,580
Student activities	-	88,428	-	88,428
Total	<u>\$ 16,301,314</u>	<u>\$ 88,428</u>	<u>\$ 1,201,419</u>	<u>\$ 17,591,161</u>

- Restricted for Liability Insurance***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-n, this reserve must be used to pay liability, casualty and other types of losses, except losses incurred for which the following types of insurance may be purchased: life, accident, health, annuities, fidelity and surety, credit, title residual value and mortgage guarantee. In addition, this reserve may not be used for any purpose for which a special reserve may be established pursuant to law (for example, for unemployment compensation insurance). The reserve may be established by Board action, and funded by budgetary appropriations, or such other funds as may be legally appropriated. There is no limit on the amount that may be accumulated in the Insurance Reserve; however, the annual contribution to this reserve may not exceed the greater of \$33,000 or 5% of the budget. Settled or compromised claims up to \$25,000 may be paid from the reserve without judicial approval.
- Restricted for Tax Certiorari***—According to Education Law Section 3651.1-a, this restriction must be used to establish a reserve fund for tax certiorari and to expend from the fund without voter approval. The monies held in the restriction shall not exceed the amount that might reasonably be deemed necessary to meet anticipated judgments and claims arising out of tax certiorari proceedings. Any resources deposited to the reserve which are not expended for tax certiorari proceeds in the year such monies are deposited must be returned to the General Fund on or before the first day of the fourth fiscal year after deposit of these monies.
- Restricted for Unemployment Insurance***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-m, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The restriction may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund.

- ***Restricted for Employee Benefits***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-p, this restriction must be used for the payment of accrued employee benefit due an employee upon termination of the employee’s service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated.
- ***Restricted for Debt Service***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-1, the mandatory reserve for debt service must be established for the purpose of retiring the outstanding obligations upon the sale of District property or capital improvement that was financed by obligations that remain outstanding at the time of sale. The funding of the reserve is from the proceeds of the sale of District property or capital improvement.
- ***Restricted for Retirement Contribution***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-r, this restriction must be used for financing retirement contributions within the ERS and TRS. The reserve must be accounted for separate and apart from all other funds and a detailed report of the operation and condition of the fund must be provided to the Board.
- ***Restricted for Workers’ Compensation***—According to General Municipal Law Section 6-j, this restriction must be used to pay for compensation benefits and other expenses authorized by Article 2 of the Workers’ Compensation Law, and for payment of expenses of administering this self-insurance program. The reserve may be established by Board action, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of the fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year’s budget.
- ***Restricted for Capital Projects***—According to Education Law Section 3651, this restriction must be used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve, the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the restriction only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in Section 3651 of the Education Law.
- ***Restricted for Student Activities***—Amounts generated by the Extraclassroom Activities at the District which are restricted for use only within the Student Activities Fund for specified student activities.

In the fund financial statements, commitments are amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint imposed by a formal action of the District’s highest level of decision-making authority. As of June 30, 2025, the District reported no committed fund balance.

In the fund financial statements, assignments are not legally required segregations, but are segregated for a specific purpose by the District at June 30, 2025 and include:

	General Fund	School Lunch Fund	Total
Subsequent year's expenditures	\$ 900,000	\$ -	\$ 900,000
Encumbrances	189,296	-	189,296
Specific use:			
School lunch	-	833,464	833,464
Total	<u>\$ 1,089,296</u>	<u>\$ 833,464</u>	<u>\$ 1,922,760</u>

- **Assigned to Subsequent Year's Expenditures**—Representing available fund balance being appropriated to meet expenditure requirements in the 2025-26 fiscal year.
- **Assigned to Encumbrances**—Representing amounts related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods and services.
- **Assigned for Specific Use**—Representing fund balance within the special revenue funds that is assigned for a specific purpose. The assignment's purpose relates to each fund's operations and represents the remaining amounts within the funds that is not restricted or committed.

If the District must use funds for emergency expenditures the Board of Education shall authorize the District Business Administrator to expend funds first from funds classified under GASB as nonspendable (if funds become available) then restricted funds. The use of committed and assigned funds as classified by GASB will occur after the exhaustion of available restricted funds. Finally, if no other fund balances are available, the District will use unassigned fund balance.

12. INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY

Interfund receivables and payables are short-term in nature and exist because of temporary advances or payments made on behalf of other funds. The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2025 is presented below.

	Interfund	
	Receivable	Payable
Governmental Funds:		
General Fund	\$ 3,346,651	\$ 973,409
Special Aid Fund	309,784	2,806,641
School Lunch Fund	659,340	-
Capital Projects Fund	51,351	587,076
Total governmental funds	<u>\$ 4,367,126</u>	<u>\$ 4,367,126</u>

The outstanding balances between funds result from payments made on behalf of other funds or temporary advances. All of these balances are expected to be collected/paid within the subsequent year.

The District made the following transfers during the year ended June 30, 2025:

Fund	Transfers out:		
	General Fund	School Lunch	Total
Transfers in:			
Special Aid Fund	\$ 225,187	\$ -	\$ 225,187
Capital Projects Fund	<u>1,300,000</u>	<u>50,000</u>	<u>1,350,000</u>
Total	<u>\$ 1,525,187</u>	<u>\$ 50,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,575,187</u>

Transfers are used primarily to support deficits in the Special Aid Fund and capital project expenditures.

13. LABOR CONTRACTS

District employees are represented by three bargaining units, with the balance governed by Board of Education rules and regulations. Negotiated contracts are in place through August 31, 2025 for the Olean Teachers Association, June 30, 2025 for the Olean Educational Support Personnel Association and June 30, 2026 for the Olean Administrators/Supervisory Association.

14. COMMITMENTS

Encumbrances—Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expended in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year’s budget pursuant to state regulations. The District considers encumbrances significant if they are in excess of \$20,000. The significant encumbrances of the District as of June 30, 2025 are as follows:

Fund	Purpose	Amount Encumbered
General Fund	Paving Construction	\$ 44,445
General Fund	Classroom furniture/supplies	42,001

15. TAX ABATEMENTS

The District is subject to tax abatements granted by the Cattaraugus County Industrial Development Agency (“CCIDA”) and the City of Olean (the “City”). These programs have the stated purpose of increasing business activity and employment in the region. Economic development agreements are entered into by the CCIDA and the City and include the abatement of state, county, local and school district taxes, in addition to other assistance. In the case of the District, the abatements have resulted in reductions of property taxes, which the District administers as a temporary reduction in the assessed value of the property involved. The abatement agreements stipulate a percentage reduction of property taxes, which can be as much as 100 percent. Under the agreements entered into by CCIDA the District collected \$190,845 during the 2024-2025 fiscal year in payments in lieu of taxes (“PILOT”), these collections were made in lieu of \$323,426 in property taxes. Additionally, through an agreement entered into by the City, the District collected \$44,895 of PILOT revenue. The amount of property taxes that would be collected if this agreement was not in place is not known.

16. CONTINGENCIES

Litigation—Various legal actions are pending against the District. The outcome of these matters is not presently determinable, but in the opinion of management, the ultimate liability will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition or results of operation of the District.

Grants—In the normal course of operations, the District receives grant funds from various federal and state agencies. These grant programs are subject to audit by agents of the granting authority, the purpose of which is to ensure compliance with conditions precedent to granting of funds. Any disallowed expenditures resulting from such audits could become a liability of the District. While the amount of expenditures, if any, which may be disallowed cannot be determined at this time, management expects any such amounts to be immaterial.

Other—The District is also involved in litigation arising in the ordinary course of its operations. The District believes that its ultimate liability, if any, in connection with these matters will not have a material effect on the District's financial condition or results of operations.

17. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 18, 2025, which is the date the financial statements are available for issuance, and have determined there are no subsequent events that require disclosure under generally accepted accounting principles.

* * * * *

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)—
Teachers' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Measurement date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.084241%	0.084944%	0.091386%	0.087255%	0.088797%	0.087843%	0.087739%	0.086393%	0.088325%	0.089180%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ (2,513,413)</u>	<u>\$ 971,406</u>	<u>\$ 1,753,604</u>	<u>\$ (15,120,383)</u>	<u>\$ (2,453,692)</u>	<u>\$ (2,282,167)</u>	<u>\$ (1,586,549)</u>	<u>\$ (656,671)</u>	<u>\$ 946,002</u>	<u>\$ (9,262,912)</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 16,866,802	\$ 16,452,444	\$ 16,750,252	\$ 15,114,723	\$ 15,448,591	\$ 15,069,854	\$ 14,680,906	\$ 13,992,173	\$ 13,931,398	\$ 13,675,885
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	(14.9%)	5.9%	10.5%	(100.0%)	(15.9%)	(15.1%)	(10.8%)	-4.7%	6.8%	(67.7%)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	102.1%	99.2%	98.6%	113.2%	97.8%	102.2%	101.5%	100.7%	99.0%	110.5%

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of District's Contributions—
Teachers' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 1,569,850	\$ 1,614,337	\$ 1,586,555	\$ 1,411,384	\$ 1,335,345	\$ 1,557,149	\$ 1,400,583	\$ 1,604,517	\$ 1,807,272	\$ 2,348,315
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(1,569,850)</u>	<u>(1,614,337)</u>	<u>(1,586,555)</u>	<u>(1,411,384)</u>	<u>(1,335,345)</u>	<u>(1,557,149)</u>	<u>(1,400,583)</u>	<u>(1,604,517)</u>	<u>(2,348,315)</u>	<u>(2,140,254)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 17,614,559	\$ 16,866,802	\$ 16,452,444	\$ 16,750,252	\$ 15,114,723	\$ 15,448,591	\$ 15,069,854	\$ 14,680,906	\$ 13,992,173	\$ 13,931,398
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	8.9%	9.6%	9.6%	8.4%	8.8%	10.1%	9.3%	10.9%	12.9%	16.9%

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)—
Employees' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Measurement date	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024	March 31, 2023	March 31, 2022	March 31, 2021	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019	March 31, 2018	March 31, 2017	March 31, 2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability/(asset)	0.0138345%	0.0152334%	0.0156564%	0.0136764%	0.0138282%	0.0134959%	0.0135533%	0.0136056%	0.0137673%	0.0142399%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset)	<u>\$ 2,372,026</u>	<u>\$ 2,242,972</u>	<u>\$ 3,357,374</u>	<u>\$ (1,117,992)</u>	<u>\$ 13,769</u>	<u>\$ 3,573,783</u>	<u>\$ 960,293</u>	<u>\$ 439,112</u>	<u>\$ 1,293,602</u>	<u>\$ 482,706</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,273,902	\$ 5,887,844	\$ 3,043,622	\$ 2,549,407	\$ 3,386,240	\$ 2,639,502	\$ 4,301,576	\$ 4,109,867	\$ 3,971,491	\$ 3,909,364
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability/(asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	37.8%	38.1%	110.3%	(43.9%)	0.4%	135.4%	22.3%	10.7%	32.6%	58.5%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	93.1%	93.9%	90.8%	103.7%	100.0%	86.4%	96.3%	98.2%	94.7%	90.7

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of District's Contributions—
Employees' Retirement System
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Year Ended June 30,									
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016
Contractually required contribution	\$ 757,751	\$ 626,033	\$ 545,803	\$ 695,869	\$ 626,063	\$ 604,618	\$ 585,160	\$ 580,493	\$ 590,430	\$ 706,201
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>(757,751)</u>	<u>(626,033)</u>	<u>(545,803)</u>	<u>(695,869)</u>	<u>(626,063)</u>	<u>(604,618)</u>	<u>(585,160)</u>	<u>(580,493)</u>	<u>(706,201)</u>	<u>(681,186)</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's covered payroll	\$ 6,399,011	\$ 6,041,424	\$ 3,115,075	\$ 2,567,377	\$ 3,577,358	\$ 4,123,471	\$ 4,294,452	\$ 4,275,277	\$ 4,020,579	\$ 3,984,937
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	11.8%	10.4%	17.5%	27.1%	17.5%	14.7%	13.6%	13.6%	14.7%	17.7%

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OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios—
Last Nine Fiscal Years*

	Year Ended June 30,								
	2025	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Total OPEB Liability									
Service cost	\$ 186,052	\$ 170,212	\$ 186,111	\$ 173,662	\$ 120,907	\$ 116,055	\$ 126,702	\$ 141,350	\$ 99,874
Interest	129,308	112,065	55,449	63,813	64,365	69,741	67,809	61,517	69,624
Changes of assumptions	(17,186)	143,800	(332,562)	76,218	252,067	44,463	(79,898)	(85,576)	305,467
Differences between expected and actual experience	(232,546)	66,254	426,364	(91,593)	171,499	(103,985)	(107,882)	(200,116)	59,780
Benefit payments	(114,041)	(120,288)	(103,232)	(99,879)	(92,722)	(105,961)	(91,704)	(117,295)	(115,422)
Net changes in total OPEB liability	(48,413)	372,043	232,130	122,221	516,116	20,313	(84,973)	(200,120)	419,323
Total OPEB liability—beginning	3,001,337	2,629,294	2,397,164	2,274,943	1,758,827	1,738,514	1,823,487	2,023,607	1,604,284
Total OPEB liability—ending	<u>\$ 2,952,924</u>	<u>\$ 3,001,337</u>	<u>\$ 2,629,294</u>	<u>\$ 2,397,164</u>	<u>\$ 2,274,943</u>	<u>\$ 1,758,827</u>	<u>\$ 1,738,514</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,487</u>	<u>\$ 2,023,607</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position									
Contributions—employer	\$ (114,041)	\$ (120,288)	\$ 103,232	\$ 99,879	\$ 92,722	\$ 105,961	\$ 91,704	\$ 117,295	\$ 115,422
Benefit payments	114,041	120,288	(103,232)	(99,879)	(92,722)	(105,961)	(91,704)	(117,295)	(115,422)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position—beginning	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Plan fiduciary net position—ending	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
District's net OPEB liability—ending	<u>\$ 2,952,924</u>	<u>\$ 3,001,337</u>	<u>\$ 2,629,294</u>	<u>\$ 2,397,164</u>	<u>\$ 2,274,943</u>	<u>\$ 1,758,827</u>	<u>\$ 1,738,514</u>	<u>\$ 1,823,487</u>	<u>\$ 2,023,607</u>
Covered-employee payroll	\$ 18,356,866	\$ 18,119,719	\$ 17,677,774	\$ 17,861,975	\$ 17,426,317	\$ 16,495,542	\$ 16,093,212	\$ 15,008,790	\$ 14,816,180
District's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll	16.1%	16.6%	14.9%	13.4%	13.1%	10.7%	10.8%	12.1%	13.7%

*Information prior to the year ended June 30, 2017 is not available.

The notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this schedule.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—
Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual—General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u> <u>Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u> <u>Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
REVENUES				
Local sources:				
Real property taxes	\$ 14,026,979	\$ 14,026,979	\$ 14,035,455	\$ 8,476
Real property tax items	133,448	133,448	233,468	100,020
Charges for services	150,000	150,000	241,486	91,486
Use of money and property	146,000	146,000	432,468	286,468
Sale of property and compensation for loss	-	-	37,985	37,985
Miscellaneous	<u>563,000</u>	<u>563,000</u>	<u>635,654</u>	<u>72,654</u>
Total local sources	15,019,427	15,019,427	15,616,516	597,089
State sources	38,886,585	38,886,585	38,101,200	(785,385)
Federal sources:				
Medicaid assistance	<u>500,000</u>	<u>500,000</u>	<u>301,699</u>	<u>(198,301)</u>
Total revenues	<u>54,406,012</u>	<u>54,406,012</u>	<u>54,019,415</u>	<u>(386,597)</u>
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES				
Transfers in	535,000	535,000	-	(535,000)
Appropriated reserves	<u>628,513</u>	<u>628,513</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(628,513)</u>
Total other financing sources	<u>1,163,513</u>	<u>1,163,513</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(1,163,513)</u>
Total revenues and other financing sources	<u>\$ 55,569,525</u>	<u>\$ 55,569,525</u>	<u>\$ 54,019,415</u>	<u>\$ (1,550,110)</u>

(continued)

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance—
Budget (Non-GAAP) and Actual—General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2025

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual</u> <u>Amounts</u>	<u>Encumbrances</u>	<u>Variance with</u> <u>Final Budget</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>			
EXPENDITURES					
General support:					
Board of education	\$ 60,396	\$ 60,396	\$ 40,065	\$ 4,200	\$ 16,131
Central administration	290,320	299,320	298,118	-	1,202
Finance	450,562	471,681	462,529	-	9,152
Staff	1,092,967	1,247,320	1,194,455	-	52,865
Central services	4,537,967	4,559,702	4,057,235	76,393	426,074
Special items	794,759	886,955	811,657	-	75,298
Instruction:					
Instruction, administration and improvement	2,525,067	2,709,842	2,595,061	22,124	92,657
Teaching—regular school Programs for students with handicapping conditions	13,779,941	13,695,626	13,168,455	71,275	455,896
Occupational education	8,641,566	8,563,170	8,080,712	8,657	473,801
Teaching—special schools	1,145,748	1,102,620	1,102,062	-	558
Instructional media	261,765	215,145	85,370	-	129,775
Pupil services	1,751,889	1,773,812	1,654,876	1,428	117,508
Pupil transportation	2,430,014	2,526,943	2,365,839	5,219	155,885
Employee benefits	2,019,999	2,085,400	1,838,532	-	246,868
Debt service:	10,220,951	9,453,517	8,782,526	-	670,991
Principal	3,960,000	4,094,275	4,094,275	-	-
Interest	2,753,670	2,643,670	2,035,604	-	608,066
Total expenditures/encumbrances	<u>56,717,581</u>	<u>56,389,394</u>	<u>52,667,371</u>	<u>189,296</u>	<u>3,532,727</u>
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Transfers out	<u>197,000</u>	<u>1,525,187</u>	<u>1,525,187</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>
Total expenditures/encumbrances and other financing uses	<u>56,914,581</u>	<u>57,914,581</u>	<u>54,192,558</u>	<u>189,296</u>	<u>3,532,727</u>
Net change in fund balance*	(1,345,056)	(2,345,056)	(173,143)		
Fund balance—beginning	<u>19,878,517</u>	<u>19,878,517</u>	<u>19,878,517</u>		
Fund balance—ending	<u>\$ 18,533,461</u>	<u>\$ 17,533,461</u>	<u>\$ 19,705,374</u>		

*The net change in fund balance was included as an appropriation (i.e., spenddown) of fund balance and re-appropriation of prior year encumbrances.

The notes to the Required Supplementary Information are an integral part of this statement.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information
Year Ended June 30, 2025

1. OPEB LIABILITY

Changes of Assumptions—Changes of assumptions reflect the effects of changes in the long-term bond rate, the mortality rate, and the healthcare cost trend rate. The long-term bond rate is based on the S&P Municipal Bond 20-Year High Grade rate as of the measurement date, which increased from 4.13% to 4.21% at the June 30, 2025 measurement date. Mortality rates were updated to rates based on the SOA Pub-2010 Total Dataset Mortality Table fully generational using Scale MP-2021. Finally, the healthcare cost trend rate has an initial rate of 7.50%, decreasing by 0.50% annually to an ultimate rate of 4.50%.

2. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Basis of Accounting—Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles in the United States of America for the General Fund. The Capital Projects Fund is appropriated on a project-length basis. No formal annual budget is adopted for the Special Aid, Student Activities, and School Lunch funds. Appropriation limits, where applicable, for the Special Aid Fund are maintained based on debt schedules and individual grants accepted by the Board of Education. The periods of such grants may vary from the District's fiscal year. No budget is adopted for the Student Activities Fund as the extraclassroom activities of the District are maintained by the individual clubs. A budget is maintained for the School Lunch Fund as a management tool for internal control purposes.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function, and department. The District's department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the departmental level.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executory) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). Encumbrance accounting is utilized to the extent necessary to assure effective budgetary control and accountability and to facilitate effective cash planning and control. While all appropriations and encumbrances lapse at year end, valid outstanding encumbrances (those for which performance under the executory contract is expended in the next year) are re-appropriated and become part of the subsequent year's budget pursuant to state regulations.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget
and the Real Property Tax Limit—General Fund
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Changes from Adopted Budget to Final Budget

Adopted budget, 2024-2025	\$ 56,169,525
Add: Prior year's encumbrances	<u>745,056</u>
Original budget, 2024-2025	<u>56,914,581</u>
Budget revision:	
Voter approved use of capital reserve	<u>1,000,000</u>
Final budget, 2024-2025	<u><u>\$ 57,914,581</u></u>

Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law Limit Calculation

2025-2026 voter approved expenditure budget	\$ <u>57,976,241</u>	
Maximum allowed (4% of 2025-2026 budget)		\$ 2,319,050
General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law*:		
Unrestricted fund balance:		
Assigned fund balance	\$ 1,089,296	
Unassigned fund balance	<u>2,314,764</u>	
Total unrestricted fund balance		\$ 3,404,060
Less:		
Appropriated fund balance	\$ 900,000	
Encumbrances included in assigned fund balance	<u>189,296</u>	
Total adjustments		<u>1,089,296</u>
General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of Real Property Tax Law		<u><u>\$ 2,314,764</u></u>
Actual percentage		3.99%

* Per the Office of the State Comptroller's "Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions", updated April 2011 (originally issued November 2010), the portion of General Fund fund balance subject to Section 1318 of the Real Property Tax Law is: unrestricted fund balance (i.e., the total of the committed, assigned, and unassigned classifications), minus appropriated fund balance, amounts reserved for insurance recovery, amounts reserved for tax reduction, and encumbrances included in committed and assigned fund balance.

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Schedule of Capital Projects Expenditures
Year Ended June 30, 2025

Project Title	Original Appropriation	Revised Appropriation	Expenditures to Date			Unexpended Balance
			Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
2020 Capital Project	\$ 24,800,000	\$ 30,350,000	\$ 29,115,008	\$ 1,234,833	\$ 30,349,841	\$ 159
Smart Schools Bond Act	2,040,786	2,040,786	1,547,087	493,699	2,040,786	-
2024-2025 Capital Outlay	100,000	100,000	-	100,000	100,000	-
2025 Capital Project	<u>53,395,000</u>	<u>53,395,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>101,634</u>	<u>101,634</u>	<u>53,293,366</u>
Total	<u>\$ 80,335,786</u>	<u>\$ 85,885,786</u>	<u>\$ 30,662,095</u>	<u>\$ 1,930,166</u>	<u>\$ 32,592,261</u>	<u>\$ 53,293,525</u>

OLEAN CITY SCHOOL DISTRICT, NEW YORK
Net Investment in Capital Assets
June 30, 2025

Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization		\$ 78,577,327
Add:		
Deferred charge on refunding		58,037
Deduct:		
Serial bonds	(31,715,000)	
Premium on serial bonds	(3,479,731)	
Capital Projects Fund accounts payable	(25,308)	<u>(35,220,039)</u>
Net investment in capital assets		<u>\$ 43,415,325</u>

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

The Board of Education
Olean City School District, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States ("*Government Auditing Standards*"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Olean City School District, New York (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2025, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 18, 2025 (which report includes an emphasis of matter paragraph regarding the implementation of GASB Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*).

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

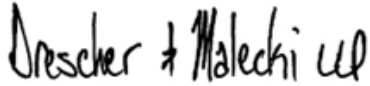
Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District’s financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



September 18, 2025