

Up North Learning Center #6099 Total Special Education System (TSES)

This document serves as the Total Special Education System Plan for the Up North Learning Center #6099 in accordance with Minnesota Rule 3525.1100. This plan also includes an assurance for compliance with the federal requirements pertaining to districts’ special education responsibilities found in United States Code, title 20, chapter 33, sections 1400 et seq., and Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, part 300. This document is a companion to the Application for Special Education Funds – Statement of Assurances (ED-01350-29).

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I. Child Study Procedures

The district's identification system is developed according to the requirement of nondiscrimination as Up North Learning Center #6099 does not discriminate in education on the basis of race, color, creed, religion, national origin, sex, age, marital status, status with regard to public assistance, sexual orientation, or disability.

A. Identification

Up North Learning Center #6099 is a special education district which is approved to serve students who already have an IEP. It does not serve any students who are not receiving special education services. It does not serve any students not yet enrolled in kindergarten.

If staff at the Up North Learning Center #6099 become aware of a child/student who may be eligible for intervention or special education services, information regarding and receiving services will be shared with parents/guardians and the resident district responsible for the child. UNLC member districts Referral Process for children ages Birth-PreK is outlined in their district's TSES.

Up North Learning Center #6099's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is consistent with Minnesota Rule 3525.1341. Up North Learning Center #6099 implements its interventions consistent with that plan. Up North Learning Center #6099's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is attached as (Appendix A).

B. Evaluation

Evaluation of the child and assessment of the child and family will be conducted in a manner consistent with Code of Federal Regulations.

The team conducts an evaluation for special education purposes within a reasonable time not to exceed 30 school days from the date the district receives parental permission to conduct the evaluation or the expiration of the 14-calendar day parental response time in cases other than initial evaluation, unless a conciliation conference or hearing is requested.

Up North Learning Center #6099 is a Setting IV program so all students attending are already receiving services and all evaluations are reevaluations to be completed at least every three years. The District will not override the written refusal of a parent to consent to a re-evaluation.

Evaluation Procedures

Evaluations and reevaluations shall be conducted according to the following procedures:

- A. Up North Learning Center #6099 shall provide notice to the parents of the pupil, according to Code of Federal Regulations, title 34, sections 300.500 to 300.505, that describes any evaluation procedures the district proposes to conduct.
- B. In conducting the evaluation, Up North Learning Center #6099 shall:
 - (1) use a variety of evaluation tools and strategies to gather relevant functional and developmental information, including information provided by the parent, that are designed to assist in determining whether the child is a pupil with a disability and the content of the pupil's individualized education program, including information related to enabling the pupil to be involved in and progress in the general curriculum, or for preschool pupils, to participate in

appropriate activities;

- (2) not use any single procedure as the sole criterion for determining whether a child is a pupil with a disability or determining an appropriate education program for the pupil; and
- (3) use technically sound instruments that are designed to assess the relative contribution of cognitive and behavioral factors, in addition to physical or developmental factors.

C. Up North Learning Center #6099 ensures that:

- (1) tests and other evaluation materials used to evaluate a child under this part are selected and administered so as not be discriminatory on a racial or cultural basis, and are provided and administered in the pupil's native language or other mode of communication, unless it is clearly not feasible to do so;
- (2) materials and procedures used to evaluate a child with limited English proficiency are selected and administered to ensure that they measure the extent to which the child has a disability and needs special education and related services, rather than measure the child's English language skills;
- (3) any standardized tests that are given to the child have been validated for the specific purpose for which they are used, are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel, and are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of such tests;
- (4) the child is evaluated in all areas of suspected disability, including, if appropriate, health, vision, hearing, social and emotional status, general intelligence, academic performance, communicative status, and motor abilities;
- (5) evaluation tools and strategies that provide relevant information that directly assists persons in determining the educational needs of the pupil are provided;
- (6) if an evaluation is not conducted under standard conditions, a description of the extent to which it varied from standard conditions must be included in the evaluation report;
- (7) tests and other evaluation materials include those tailored to evaluate specific areas of educational need and not merely those that are designed to provide a single general intelligence quotient;
- (8) tests are selected and administered so as best to ensure that if a test is administered to a child with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, the test results accurately reflect the child's aptitude or achievement level or whatever other factors the test purports to measure, rather than reflecting the child's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, unless those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure; and
- (9) in evaluating each pupil with a disability, the evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive to identify all of the pupil's special education and related service needs, whether or not commonly linked to the disability category in which the pupil has been classified.

D. Upon completion of administration of tests and other evaluation materials, the determination of whether the child is a pupil with a disability as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.02, shall be made by a team of qualified professionals and the parent of the pupil in accordance with item E, and a copy of the evaluation report and the documentation of determination of eligibility will be given to the parent.

- E. In making a determination of eligibility under item D, a child shall not be determined to be a pupil with a disability if the determinant factor for such determination is lack of instruction in reading or math or limited English proficiency, and the child does not otherwise meet eligibility criteria under parts 3525.1325 to 3525.1351.

Additional requirements for evaluations and reevaluations

- A. As part of an initial evaluation, if appropriate, and as part of any reevaluation under this part, or a reinstatement under part 3525.3100, the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, shall:
- (1) review existing evaluation data on the pupil, including evaluations and information provided by the parents of the pupil, current classroom-based assessments and observations, and teacher and related services providers observation; and
 - (2) on the basis of the review, and input from the pupil's parents, identify what additional data, if any, are needed to determine whether the pupil has a particular category of disability, as described in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.02, or, in case of a reevaluation of a pupil, whether the pupil continues to have such a disability, the present levels of performance and educational needs of the pupil, whether the pupil needs special education and related services, or in the case of a reevaluation of a pupil, whether the pupil continues to need special education and related services, and whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the pupil to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the individualized education program of the pupil and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.
- B. The district shall administer such tests and other evaluation materials as may be needed to produce the data identified by the IEP team under item A, subitem (2).
- C. Each district shall obtain informed parental consent, in accordance with subpart 1, prior to conducting any reevaluation of a pupil, except that such informed parental consent need not be obtained if the district can demonstrate that it had taken reasonable measures to obtain such consent and the pupil's parent has failed to respond.
- D. If the IEP team and other qualified professionals, as appropriate, determine that no additional data are needed to determine whether the pupil continues to be a pupil with a disability, the district shall notify the pupil's parents of that determination and the reasons for it, and the right of such parents to request an evaluation to determine whether the pupil continues to be a pupil with a disability, and shall not be required to conduct such an evaluation unless requested to by the pupil's parents.
- E. A district shall evaluate a pupil in accordance with this part before determining that the pupil is no longer a pupil with a disability.

Procedures for determining eligibility and placement

- A. In interpreting the evaluation data for the purpose of determining if a child is a pupil with a disability under parts 3525.1325 to 3525.1351 and the educational needs of the child, the school district shall:
- (1) draw upon information from a variety of sources, including aptitude and achievement tests, parent input, teacher recommendations, physical condition, social or cultural background, and adaptive behavior; and

(2) ensure that the information obtained from all of the sources is documented and carefully considered.

B. If a determination is made that a child is a pupil with a disability who needs special education and related services, an IEP must be developed for the pupil according to part 3525.2810.

Evaluation Report

An evaluation report must be completed and delivered to the pupil's parents within the specified evaluation timeline. At a minimum, the evaluation report must include:

- A. a summary of all evaluation results;
- B. documentation of whether the pupil has a particular category of disability or, in the case of a reevaluation, whether the pupil continues to have such a disability;
- C. the pupil's present levels of performance and educational needs that derive from the disability;
- D. whether the child needs special education and related services or, in the case of a reevaluation, whether the pupil continues to need special education and related services; and
- E. whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the pupil to meet the measurable annual goals set out in the pupil's IEP and to participate, as appropriate, in the general curriculum.

C. Plan for Receiving Referrals

Up North Learning Center (UNLC) #6099 is a special education district which is approved to serve students grades kindergarten through 12th grade who already have an IEP. It does not serve any students who are not receiving special education services. It does not serve any students not yet enrolled in kindergarten. If staff at the UNLC become aware of a child/student who may be eligible for intervention or special education services, information regarding and receiving services will be shared with parents/guardians and the resident district responsible for the child.

UNLC member district Referral Process for children ages Birth-PreK is outlined in their district's TSES, which can be found at the resident district website. UNLC's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is consistent with Minnesota Rule 3525.1341. UNLC implements its interventions consistent with that plan. UNLC's plan for identifying a child with a specific learning disability is included within this document.

D. Procedures for Entrance Into and Exit Out of Up North Learning Center programs

Up North Learning Center (UNLC) #6099 requires that students are served in the least restrictive environment and that data regarding student progress (or lack of progress) be analyzed at an IEP meeting to determine that all possible options within the regular education school have been exhausted prior to a referral being made for the student to enroll in the UNLC. When data determines a student is ready to transition back to their resident district, the IEP team meets to determine next steps. This IEP team consists of representatives from both the UNLC, the resident district and the parents/guardians.

II. Method of Providing Special Education Services for the Identified Pupils

Up North Learning Center #6099 provides educational service alternatives to Up North Learning Center member districts. All students with disabilities are provided the special instruction and services which are appropriate to their needs. The following is representative of Up North Learning Center #6099's method of providing the special education services for the identified pupils, sites available at which service may occur, and instruction and related services that are available.

Appropriate program alternatives to meet the special education needs, goals, and objectives of a pupil are determined on an individual basis. Choice of specific program alternatives are based on the pupil's current levels of performance, pupil special education needs, goals, and objectives, and must be written in the IEP. Program alternatives are comprised of the type of services provided, the setting in which services occur, and the amount of time and frequency in which special education services occur. A pupil may receive special education services in more than one alternative based on the IEP.

A. Method of providing the special education services for the identified pupils:

- (1) Direct
- (2) Indirect
- (3) Consultation
- (4) One to One
- (5) Small Group
- (6) Self-Contained
- (7) Related Services
- (8) Accommodations and modifications (in conjunction with a method of specialized instruction)

B. Sites available at which services may occur:

- (1) Up North Learning Center-Setting IV services for students with emotional, behavioral, and social needs that cannot be met in regular school sites. K-12 classrooms located at 5413 County 37 NW, Walker, MN 56484.

C. Available instruction and related services:

- (1) Audiology
- (2) Developmental/Adaptive Physical Education
- (3) Disability Specific Services
- (4) Occupational Therapy

- (5) Physical Therapy
- (6) Psychological Services
- (7) School Nursing Services
- (8) School Social Work Services
- (9) Social Emotional Behavioral Services
- (10) Special Education Teachers
- (11) Speech and Language Therapy

III. Administration and Management Plan

Up North Learning Center #6099 utilizes the following administration and management plan to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and method of providing special education services for the identified pupils:

- A. The following table illustrates the organization of administration and management to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and method of providing special education services for the identified pupils:

Staff Name and Title	Contact Information (phone/email/ mailing address/office location)	Brief Description of Staff Responsibilities Relating to Child Study Procedures and Method of Providing Special Education Services
Kevin Wellen Superintendent	(218)547-3500 Ext 103 kevinwellen@whaschools.org Walker-Hackensack-Akeley PO Box 4000 Walker, MN 56484	Oversee all district procedures and services
Eva Pohl Special Education Director	(218)237-6541 epohl@parkrapids.k12.mn.us PAWN Special Education 301 Huntsinger Avenue Park Rapids, MN 56470	Oversee all special education procedures, services and mandates set forth by Minnesota Department of Education and Office of Special Education Programs
Dawn Casteel Principal/Special Education Supervisor	(218)547-6525 dawncasteel@whaschools.org Up North Learning Center 5413 County 37 NW, Walker, MN 56484	Oversee implementation of building staff assignments. Oversee day to day operations of UNLC. Coordinates and supervises special education procedures.

Lindsay Kendall School Psychologist	(218)547-6525 lkendall@bric.k12.mn.us Up North Learning Center 5413 County 37 NW, Walker, MN 56484	Consult with staff, parents, and students. Serves as Child Study Team Committee member
Jennifer Clements Special Education Finance Manager	(218)237-6540 jclements@parkrapids.k12.mn.us PAWN Special Education 301 Huntsinger Avenue Park Rapids, MN 56470	Oversee special education financial mandates set forth by Minnesota Department of Education and Office of Special Education Programs

B. Due Process assurances available to parents: Up North Learning Center #6099 has appropriate and proper due process procedures in place to assure effective and efficient results of child study procedures and method of providing special education services for the identified pupils, including alternative dispute resolution and due process hearings. *A description of these processes are as follows:*

- (1) Prior written notice to a) inform the parent that except for the initial placement of a child in special education, the school district will proceed with its proposal for the child’s placement or for providing special education services unless the child’s parent notifies the district of an objection within 14 days of when the district sends the prior written notice to the parent; and b) state that a parent who objects to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice may request a conciliation conference or another alternative dispute resolution procedures.
- (2) Up North Learning Center #6099 will not proceed with the initial evaluation of a child, the initial placement of a child in a special education program, or the initial provision of special education services for a child without the prior written consent of the child’s parent. A district may not override the written refusal of a parent to consent to an initial evaluation or reevaluation.
- (3) A parent, after consulting with health care, education, or other professional providers, may agree or disagree to provide the parent’s child with sympathomimetic medications unless medical, dental, mental and other health services are necessary, in the professional's judgment, that the risk to the minor's life or health is of such a nature that treatment should be given without delay and the requirement of consent would result in delay or denial of treatment.
- (4) Parties are encouraged to resolve disputes over the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, interim alternative educational placement, or the provision of a free appropriate public education to a child with a disability through conciliation, mediation, facilitated team meetings, or other alternative process. All dispute resolution options are voluntary on the part of the parent and must not be used to deny or delay the right to a due process hearing. All dispute resolution processes are provided at no cost to the parent.
- (5) Conciliation Conference: a parent has the opportunity to meet with appropriate district staff in at least one conciliation conference if the parent objects to any proposal of which the parent receives prior written notice. Up North Learning Center #6099 holds a conciliation conference within ten calendar days from the date the district receives a parent’s objection to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice. All discussions held during a conciliation conference are confidential and are not admissible in a due process hearing. Within five school days after the final

conciliation conference, the district must prepare and provide the parent a conciliation conference memorandum that describes the district's final proposed offer of service. This memorandum is admissible in evidence in any subsequent proceeding.

- (6) In addition to offering at least one conciliation conference, Up North Learning Center #6099 informs parents of other dispute resolution processes, including at least mediation and facilitated team meetings. The fact that an alternative dispute resolution process was used is admissible in evidence at any subsequent proceeding. State-provided mediators and team meeting facilitators shall not be subpoenaed to testify at a due process hearing or civil action under special education law nor are any records of mediators or state-provided team meeting facilitators accessible to the parties.
- (7) Descriptions of the mediation process, facilitated team meetings, state complaint, and impartial due process hearings may be found in Up North Learning Center #6099's Procedure Safeguard Notice, attached as (Appendix B).

IV. Interagency Agreements the District has Entered

The Up North Learning Center #6099 is a joint powers cooperative district shared between the member districts of the Walker-Hackensack-Akeley, Park Rapids, Nevis, Northland Community Schools and Laporte, which have entered in the following interagency agreements or joint powers board agreements for eligible children, kindergarten to 8th grade, to establish agency responsibility that assures that coordinated interagency services are coordinated, provided, and paid for, and that payment is facilitated from public and private sources. (Appendix C)

V. Special Education Advisory Council (SEAC)

In order to increase the involvement of parents of children with disabilities in district policy making and decision making, Up North Learning Center #6099 has a special education advisory council (SEAC).

Up North Learning Center #6099's SEAC is established in cooperation with member districts. At least half of the members of the SEAC are parents of students with a disability. The SEAC meets one time per year. Operational procedures will be developed during the first year of operation and reviewed each subsequent year.

VI. Assurances

Code of Federal Regulations, section 300.201: Consistency with State policies. Up North Learning Center #6099, in providing for the education of children with disabilities within its jurisdiction, has in effect policies, procedures, and programs that are consistent with the State policies and procedures established under sections 300.101 through 300.163, and sections 300.165 through 300.174.

(Authority: 20 U.S.C. § 1413(a)(1)).

Yes: Assurance given.

Appendix A: PAWN Special Education Mission and Beliefs Statement

PAWN Special Education Mission Statement

The PAWN Special Education is an inclusive community where all persons will reside, grow, and benefit by being with each other at home, at school and in the community. The mission of the PAWN Special Education is to deliver an array of services, facilitate the education of students, and provide opportunities for successful, meaningful learning.

PAWN Special Education Belief Statements:

- All children can learn.
- All students have the right to learn.
- All students will respect the right of others to learn.
- Appropriate social behavior and communication skills are essential for success in all areas of life.
- Decisions about programming and curriculum will be based on the needs of the student.
- IEP teams must address the important need for students to have equal access and to be educated with their peers in the least restrictive environment.
- The quality education of students can only result through respectful collaboration and effort among students, parents, special service staff, general education staff, and the community.
- Students need the strategies and tools necessary to strive towards becoming responsible, independent learners, and productive members of society.

APPENDIX B: Identification of a Child with a Specific Learning Disability

A child is eligible and in need of special education and related services for a specific learning disability when the child meets the criteria in items A, B, and C. Information about each item must be sought from the parent and must be included as part of the evaluation data. The evaluation data must confirm that the effects of the child's disability occur in a variety of settings. The child must receive two interventions, as defined in Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.56, prior to evaluation, unless the parent requests an evaluation or the IEP team waives this requirement because it determines the child's need for an evaluation is urgent.

- A. The child does not achieve adequately in one or more of the following areas: oral expression, listening comprehension, written expression, basic reading skills, reading comprehension, reading fluency, mathematics calculation, or mathematical problem solving, in response to appropriate classroom instruction, and:
- the child exhibits a pattern of strengths and weaknesses in performance, achievement, or both, relative to age, state-approved grade-level standards, or intellectual development, that is determined by the group to be relevant to the identification of a specific learning disability.

The performance measures used to verify this finding must be representative of the child's curriculum or useful for developing instructional goals and objectives. Documentation is required to verify this finding. Such documentation includes evidence of low achievement from the following sources, when available: cumulative record reviews; classwork samples; anecdotal teacher records; statewide and districtwide assessments; formal, diagnostic, and informal tests; curriculum-based evaluation results; and results from targeted support programs in general education.

- B. The child has a disorder in one or more of the basic psychological processes which includes an information processing condition that is manifested in a variety of settings by behaviors such as inadequate: acquisition of information; organization; planning and sequencing; working memory, including verbal, visual, or spatial; visual and auditory processing; speed of processing; verbal and nonverbal expression; transfer of information; and motor control for written tasks.
- C. The child demonstrates a severe discrepancy between general intellectual ability and achievement in one or more of the following areas: oral expression, listening comprehension, written expression, basic reading skills, reading comprehension, reading fluency, mathematics calculation, or mathematical problem solving. The demonstration of a severe discrepancy shall not be based solely on the use of standardized tests. The group shall consider these standardized test results as only one component of the eligibility criteria. The instruments used to assess the child's general intellectual ability and achievement must be individually administered and interpreted by an appropriately licensed person using standardized procedures. For initial placement, the severe discrepancy must be equal to or greater than 1.75 standard deviations below the mean of the distribution of difference scores for the general population of individuals at the child's chronological age level.

Appendix C: Part B Notice of Procedural Safeguards Parental Rights for Public School Special Education Students

The material contained in this document is intended to provide general information and guidance regarding special education rights and procedural safeguards afforded to parents of children age 3 through 21 under state and federal law. This document explains a selection of some of the rights and procedural safeguards provided to parents under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA), the implementing regulations at 34 C.F.R Part 300, and applicable Minnesota laws and regulations; it is not a complete list or explanation of those rights. This notice is not a substitute for consulting with a licensed attorney regarding your specific legal situation. This document does not purport to include a complete rendition of applicable state and federal law, and the law may have changed since this document was issued.

INTRODUCTION

This document provides an overview of parental special education rights, sometimes called procedural safeguards. These same procedural safeguards are also available for students with disabilities who have reached the age of 18. This Notice of Procedural Safeguards must be given to you at least one time per year. 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a). It must also be given to you:

1. The first time your child is referred for a special education evaluation or if you request an evaluation, 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a)(1);
2. The first time you file a complaint with the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE) in a school year, 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a)(2);
3. The first time you or the district requests a due process hearing in a school year, 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a)(2);
4. On the date the district decides to change the placement of your student by removing the student from school for a violation of the district discipline policy, 34 C.F.R § 300.504(a)(3); or
5. Upon your request, 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a)(4).

PRIOR WRITTEN NOTICE

The district must provide you with prior written notice each time it proposes to initiate or change, or refuses to initiate or change:

- the identification of your child;
- the evaluation and educational placement of your child;
- the provision of a free appropriate public education (FAPE) to your child; or
- when you revoke consent for services for your child in writing and before the district stops providing special education and related services, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.503(a)(1)-(2) and 300.300(b)(4)(i).

This written notice must include:

1. A description of the action proposed or refused by the district, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(1);
2. An explanation of why the district proposes or refuses to take the action, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503 (b)(2);
3. A description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the district used as a basis for its proposal or refusal, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(3);
4. A statement that you, as parents of a child with a disability, have protection under these procedural safeguards and information about how you can get a copy of the brochure describing the procedural safeguards, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(4);

5. Sources for you to contact to obtain assistance in understanding these procedural safeguards, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(5);
6. A description of other options the IEP team considered and the reasons why those options were rejected, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(6); and
7. A description of other factors relevant to the district's proposal or refusal, 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(b)(7).

In addition to federal requirements, prior written notice must inform you that, except for the initial placement of your child in special education, the school district will proceed with its proposal for your child's placement, or for providing special education services, unless you notify the district of an objection within 14 days of when the district sent you the prior written notice. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 3a (1). The district must also provide you with a copy of the proposed IEP whenever the district proposes to initiate or change the content of the IEP. Minn. R. 3525.3600.

The prior written notice must also state that, if you object to a proposal or refusal in the prior written notice, you must have an opportunity for a conciliation conference, and the school district must inform you of other alternative dispute resolution procedures, including mediation and facilitated IEP team meetings, under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.091, subdivisions 7-9. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 3a (2).

FOR MORE INFORMATION

If you need help understanding any of your procedural rights or anything about your child's education, please contact your district's special education director or the person listed below. This notice must be provided in your native language or other mode of communication you may be using. If your mode of communication is not a written language, the district must take steps to translate this notice orally or by other means. The district must ensure that you understand the content of this notice and maintain written evidence that this notice was provided to you in an understandable mode of communication and that you understood the content of this notice. 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(c).

If you have any questions or would like further information, please contact:

Name _____
Phone _____

For further information, you may contact one of the following organizations:

ARC Minnesota (advocacy for persons with developmental disabilities)

www.arcminnesota.org

952-920-0855

1-833-450-1494

Minnesota Association for Children's Mental Health

www.macmh.org

651-644-7333

1-800-528-4511

Minnesota Disability Law Center

www.mndlc.org

612-334-5970 (Twin Cities Metro)

1-800-292-4150 (Greater Minnesota)

612-332-4668 (TTY)

Rights)

www.pacer.org

952-838-9000

1-800-53-PACER,

952-838-0190 (TTY)

SMRLS Education Law Advocacy Project (Serves families with low-income in 33 southern Minnesota counties)

www.smrls.org

1-877-696-6529

Minnesota Department of Education

www.education.gov

651-582-8689

651-582-8201 (TTY)

PACER (Parent Advocacy Coalition for Educational

ELECTRONIC MAIL

If your school district gives parents the choice to receive notices by email, you can choose to receive your prior written notice, procedural safeguards notice, or notices related to a due process complaint via email. 34 C.F.R. § 300.505.

PARENTAL CONSENT

Definition of Consent

Consent means that you have been fully informed of all information relevant to the activity for which your consent is sought, in your native language, or through another mode of communication. 34 C.F.R. § 300.9(a). In order to consent you must understand and agree in writing to the carrying out of the activity for which your consent is sought. This written consent must list any records that will be released and to whom. 34 C.F.R. § 300.9(b).

Revocation of Consent

Consent is voluntary and may be revoked in writing at any time. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.9(c)(1) and 300.300(b)(4). However, revocation of consent is not retroactive; meaning revocation of consent does not negate an action that has occurred after the consent was given and before the consent was revoked. 34 C.F.R. § 300.9(c)(2).

When the District Must Obtain Your Consent

A. Initial Evaluation

The district must obtain your written and informed consent before conducting its initial evaluation of your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(a)(1)(i) and Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 5(a). You or a district can initiate a request for an initial evaluation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.301(b). If you do not respond to a request for consent or if you refuse to provide consent for an initial evaluation, the district cannot override your refusal to provide consent. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(a)(3)(i) and Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 5(a). An initial evaluation shall be conducted within 30 school days from the date the district receives your permission to conduct the evaluation unless a conciliation conference or hearing is requested. Minn. R. 3525.2550, subp. 2.

A district will not be found in violation of meeting its child find obligation or its obligations to conduct evaluations and reevaluations if you refuse to consent to or fail to respond to a request for consent for an initial evaluation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(a)(3)(ii).

If you consent to an initial evaluation, this consent cannot be construed as being consent for the initial provision of special education and related services. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(a)(1)(ii).

B. Initial Placement and Provision of Special Education Services and Related Services

The district must obtain your written consent before proceeding with the initial placement of your child in a special education program and the initial provision of special education services and related services to your child determined to be a child with a disability. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 3a(1) and 5(a); 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(b)(1).

If you do not respond to a request for consent, or if you refuse to consent to the initial provision of special education and related services to your child, the district may not override your written refusal. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 5(a).

If you refuse to provide consent for the initial provision of special education and related services, or you fail to respond to a request to provide consent for the initial provision of special education and related services, the district will not be considered in violation for failure to provide your child with special education and related services for which the district requested consent. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(b)(4)(i).

C. Reevaluations

Your consent is required before a district conducts a reevaluation of your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(c). If you refuse consent to a reevaluation, the district may not override your written refusal. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(c)(1)(ii) and Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 5(a). A reevaluation shall be conducted within 30 school days from the date the district receives your permission to conduct the evaluation or within 30 days from the expiration of the 14-calendar-day time period during which you can object to the district's proposed action. Minn. R. 3525.2550, subp. 2.

D. Transition Services

Your consent is required before personally identifiable information is released to officials of participating agencies providing or paying for transition services. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.622(a)(2) and 300.321(b)(3).

When Your Consent is not Required

Except for an initial evaluation and the initial placement and provision of special education and related services, if you do not notify the district of your objection within 14 days of when the district sends the notice of the district's proposal to you, the district's proposal goes into effect even without your consent. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 3a(1).

Additionally, your consent is not required for a district to review existing data in your child's educational file as part of an evaluation or a reevaluation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(d)(1)(i).

Your consent is also not required for the district to administer a test or other evaluation that is given to all children, unless consent is required from parents of all children. 34 C.F.R. § 300.300(d)(1)(ii).

Parent's Right to Object and Right to a Conciliation Conference

You have a right to object to any action the district proposes within 14 calendar days of when the district sends you the prior written notice of their proposal. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 3a(1). If you object to the district's proposal, you have the right to request a conciliation conference, mediation, facilitated IEP team meeting or a due process hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.507; Minn. Stat. §§ 125A.091, subd. 3a(2) and subd.14. Within ten calendar days from the date the district receives notice of your objection to its proposal or refusal in the district's prior written notice, the district will ask you to attend a conciliation conference. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 7.

Except as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 125A.091, all discussions held during a conciliation conference are confidential and are not admissible in a due process hearing. Within five days after the final conciliation conference, the district must prepare and provide to you a conciliation conference memorandum that describes the district's final proposed offer of service. This memorandum is admissible evidence in any subsequent proceeding. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 7.

You and the district may also agree to use mediation or a facilitated individualized education program (IEP) team meeting to resolve your disagreement. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 8. You or the district can also request a due process hearing (see section about Impartial Due Process Hearings later in this document). The district must continue to provide an appropriate education to your child during the proceedings of a due process hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.518.

Confidentiality and Personally Identifiable Information

Personally identifiable information is information that includes, but is not limited to, a student's name, the name of the student's parent or other family members, the address of the student or student's family, a personal identifier, such as the student's Social Security number, student number, or biometric record, another indirect identifier, such as the student's date of birth, place of birth, a mother's maiden name, other information that, alone or in combination, is linked to or linkable to a specific student that would allow a reasonable person in the school community, who does not have personal knowledge of the relevant circumstances, to identify the student with reasonable certainty, or information requested by a person who the educational agency or institution reasonably believes knows the identity of the student to whom the education record relates. 34 C.F.R. § 99.3.

Districts and MDE must protect the confidentiality of any personally identifiable data, information, and records they collect, maintain, disclose, and destroy. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.610 and 300.623.

Generally, your written consent is required before a district may disclose personally identifiable information from your child's educational record with anyone other than officials of participating agencies collecting or using the information under the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) or for any purpose other than meeting a requirement of that law. 34 C.F.R. §§ 99.3 and 99.31.

When your consent is not required to share personally identifiable information. Your consent, or the consent of an eligible student (age 18 or older), is not required before personally identifiable information contained in education records is released to officials of a school district or the state department of education for meeting IDEA requirements. 34 C.F.R. § 300.622(a).

Your child's educational records, including disciplinary records, can be transferred without your consent to officials of another school, district, or postsecondary institution if your child seeks to enroll in or attend the school or institution or a school in that district. 34 C.F.R. § 99.31(a)(2).

Disclosures made without your consent must be authorized under the Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA). Please refer to 34 C.F.R. Part 99 for additional information on consent requirements concerning data privacy under federal law.

Directory Information

Directory information can be shared without your consent. This type of information is data contained in an education record of your child that would not generally be considered harmful or an invasion of privacy if disclosed. 34 C.F.R. § 99.3.

Directory information includes, but is not limited to, a student's address, telephone number, email address, date and place of birth, major field of study, grade level, enrollment status, dates of attendance, participation in official activities and sports, weight and height of athletic team members, degrees, honors, and awards received, the most recent educational agency or institution attended, and a student ID number, user ID, or other unique personal identifier used for accessing or communicating electronically if certain criteria are met. Directory information does not include a student's Social Security number or a student ID number not used in connection with accessing or communicating electronically as provided under federal law. 34 C.F.R. § 99.3.

Districts must give you the option to refuse to let the district designate any or all data about your child as directory information. This notice can be given to you by any means reasonably likely to inform you or an eligible student of this right. Minn. Stat. § 13.32, subd. 5. If you do not refuse to release the above information as directory information, that information is considered public data and can be shared without your consent.

Data about you (meaning parents) is private data but can be treated as directory information if the same procedures that are used by a district to designate student data as directory information are followed. Minn. Stat. § 13.32, subd. 2(c).

WRITTEN ANNUAL NOTICE RELATING TO THIRD PARTY BILLING FOR IEP HEALTH-RELATED SERVICES

Before billing Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare for health-related services the first time, and each year, the district must inform you in writing that:

1. The district will share data related to your child and health-related services on your child's IEP with the Minnesota Department of Human Services to determine if your child is covered by Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare and whether those services may be billed to Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare.
2. Before billing Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare for health-related services the first time, the district must obtain your consent, including specifying the personally identifiable information that may be disclosed (e.g., records or information about the services that may be provided), the purpose of the disclosure, the agency to which the disclosure may be made (i.e., the Department of Human Services) and which specifies that you understand and agree that the school district may access your (or your child's) public benefits or insurance to pay for health-related services.

3. The district will bill Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare for the health-related services on your child's IEP. Minn. Stat. § 125A.21, subd. 2(c)(1).
4. The district may not require you to sign up for or enroll in Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare or other insurance programs in order for your child to receive special education services.
5. The district may not require you to incur an out-of-pocket expense such as the payment of a deductible or co-pay amount incurred in filing a claim for health services provided but may pay the cost that you otherwise would be required to pay.
6. The district may not use your child's benefits under Medical Assistance or MinnesotaCare if that use would: decrease available lifetime coverage or any other insured benefit; result in your family paying for services that would otherwise be covered by the public benefits or insurance program and that are required for the child outside of the time your child is in school; increase your premiums or lead to the discontinuation of benefits or insurance; or risk your loss of eligibility for home and community-based waivers, based on aggregate health-related expenditures.
7. You have the right to receive a copy of education records the district shares with any third party when seeking reimbursement for IEP health-related services. Minn. Stat. § 125A.21, subd. 2(c)(2).

You have the right to stop your consent for disclosure of your child's education records to a third party, including the Department of Human Services, at any time. If you stop consent, the district may no longer share your child's education records to bill a third party for IEP health-related services. You can withdraw your consent at any time, and your child's IEP services will not change or stop. Minn. Stat. § 125A.21, subd. 2(c)(3).

INDEPENDENT EDUCATIONAL EVALUATIONS

An independent educational evaluation (IEE) is an evaluation by a qualified person(s) who is not an employee of your district. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(a)(3)(i). You may ask for an IEE at school district expense if you disagree with the district's evaluation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(b)(1). A hearing officer may also order an independent educational evaluation of your child at school district expense during a due process hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(d).

Upon request for an IEE, the district must give you information regarding its criteria for selection of an independent examiner and information about where an independent education evaluation may be obtained. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(a)(2).

If you request an IEE, the district must, without delay, ensure that it is provided at public expense or request a hearing to determine the appropriateness of its evaluation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(b)(2). If the district goes to hearing and the hearing officer determines the district's evaluation is appropriate, you still have the right to an independent evaluation, but not at public expense. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(b)(3).

If you obtain an IEE, the results of the evaluation must be considered by the IEP team and may be presented as evidence at a due process hearing regarding your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.502(c).

EDUCATION RECORDS

Definition of an Education Record

Under federal law an education record means those records that are directly related to a student and that are maintained by the department or the district.

Your Access to Records

If you want to look at your child's education records, the district must give you access to those records for your review. Education records include most of the information about your child that is held by the school. 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(a). However, information held solely by your child's teacher for his or her own instructional use may not be included in the education records. Minn. Stat. § 13.32, subd. 1(a).

The district must allow you to review the records without unnecessary delay, and before any meeting regarding an IEP, or any hearing or resolution session about your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(a). In addition, the district must comply with

your request to review your child's education records immediately, if possible, or within 10 days of the date of the request (excluding Saturdays, Sundays, and legal holidays), if immediate compliance is not possible. Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 3.

Your right to inspect and review records includes the right to:

1. An explanation or interpretation from the district of your child's records upon request, 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(b)(1); Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 3;
2. Have your representative inspect and review the records on your behalf, 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(b)(3);
3. Request that the district provide copies of your child's educational records to you, 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(b)(2); Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 3; and
4. Review your child's records as often as you wish in accordance with state law, 34 C.F.R. § 300.613(c). State law provides that if you have been shown private data and have been informed of its meaning, that data does not need to be disclosed to you for a period of 6 months unless a dispute or action is pending or new information is created or collected. Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 3.

Transfer of Rights

Your rights regarding accessing your child's education records generally transfer to your child at age 18. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.625 and 99.5(a). Notice must be provided to you and your child regarding this transfer of rights. 34 C.F.R. § 300.520(a)(3).

Records on More Than One Child

If any education record includes information on more than one child, you have the right to inspect and review only information relating to your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.615. You can seek consent to review and inspect education records that include information about children in addition to your own, but those parents of those children have a right to refuse your request for consent.

List of Types and Locations of Information

Upon your request, the district and the department must provide you with a list of the types and locations of education records they collect, maintain or use. 34 C.F.R. § 300.616.

Record of Access by Others

The district must keep a record of each request for access to, and each disclosure of, personally identifiable information in your child's education records. This record of access must include the name of the individual who made the request or received personally identifiable information from your child's education records, the date access was given and the purpose of the disclosure or the individual's legitimate interest in the information. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.614 and 99.32.

Consent to Release Records

Generally, your consent is required before personally identifiable information is released to unauthorized individuals or agencies. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.622(a) and 99.30(a); Minn. Stat. § 13.05, subd. 4(d). The consent must be in writing and must specify the individuals or agencies authorized to receive the information: the nature of the information to be disclosed; the purpose for which the information may be used; and a reasonable expiration date for the authorization to release information. 34 C.F.R. § 99.30(b); Minn. Stat. § 13.05, subd. 4(d). Upon request, the district must provide you with a copy of records it discloses after you have given this consent. 34 C.F.R. § 99.30(c).

The district may not disclose information contained in your child's IEP, including diagnosis and treatment information, to a health plan company without your signed and dated consent. Minn. Stat. § 125A.21, subd. 7.

Fees for Searching, Retrieving and Copying Records

The district may not charge a fee to search or retrieve records. However, if you request copies, the district may charge a reasonable fee for the copies, unless charging that fee would prevent you from exercising your right to inspect and

review the education records because you cannot afford to pay it. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.617 and 99.11; Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 3.

Amendment of Records at Parent's Request

If you believe that information in your child's records is inaccurate, misleading, incomplete or in violation of your child's privacy or other rights, you may request in writing that the district amend or remove the information. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.618(a) and 99.20(a); Minn. Stat. § 13.04, subd. 4.

The district must decide within a reasonable time whether it will amend the records. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.618(b) and 99.20(b). If the district decides not to amend the records, it must inform you that you have the right to a hearing to challenge the district's decision. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.618(c), 300.619 and 99.20(c). If, as a result of that hearing, the district decides that the information is not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of your child's privacy right, it must inform you that you have the right to include a statement of your comments and disagreements alongside the challenged information in your child's education records. 34 C.F.R. § 300.620(b). A hearing to challenge information in education records must be conducted according to the procedures for such hearings under FERPA. 34 C.F.R. § 300.621.

Transfer of Records

Minnesota Statutes require that a district, a charter school, or a nonpublic school transfer a student's educational records, including disciplinary records, from a school a student is transferring from to a school in which a student is enrolling within 10 business days of a request. Minn. Stat. § 120A.22, subd. 7.

Destruction of Records

The district must inform you when personally identifiable information is no longer needed in order to provide education services to your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.624(a). That information must be destroyed at your request. However, the school may retain a permanent record of your child's name, address, phone number, grades, attendance records, classes attended, grade level completed, and year completed. 34 C.F.R. § 300.624(b).

Under federal law, destruction means the physical removal of personal identifiers from information so that the information is no longer personally identifiable. Thus, the student's record does not need to be physically destroyed to comply with your request to destroy special education related records. Districts can appropriately comply with this requirement by removing personally identifiable information from the student's records. The choice of destruction method generally lies with the school district. 34 C.F.R. § 300.611; Letter to Purcell, 211 IDELR 462 (OSEP, 1987); and Klein Indep. Sch. Dist., 17 IDELR 359 (SEA TC, 1990).

The district shall not destroy any education records if there is an outstanding request to inspect or review the records. 34 C.F.R. § 99.10(e).

Despite your request to destroy records, a district can keep certain records necessary to comply with the General Education Provision Act (GEPA), which requires that recipients of federal funds keep records related to the use of those funds. Letter to New, 211 IDELR 473 (OSEP, 1987); 34 C.F.R. §300.611(a); and 20 U.S.C. Ch. 31, sec. 1232(f)(a). You may want to maintain certain special education records about your child for documentation purposes in the future, such as for applying for SSI benefits.

MEDIATION

Mediation is a free, voluntary process to help resolve disputes. You or your district may request mediation at no charge from the Minnesota Department of Education's Special Education Alternative Dispute Resolution program at 651-582-8689. Mediation uses a neutral third party trained in dispute resolution techniques. Mediation may not be used to deny or delay your right to a due process hearing. Both you and district staff must agree to try mediation before a mediator can be assigned. At any time during the mediation, you or the district may end the mediation. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.506 and 300.152(a)(3)(ii).

If you and the district resolve all or a portion of the dispute or agree to use another procedure to resolve the dispute, the mediator shall ensure that the resolution or agreement is in writing and signed by both you and the district and that both

parties receive a copy of the document. The written resolution or agreement shall state that all discussions that occurred during mediation are confidential and may not be used as evidence in any hearing or civil proceeding. The resolution or agreement is legally binding on both you and the district and is enforceable in state or federal district court. You or the district can request another mediation to resolve a dispute over implementing the mediation agreement, if needed. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 10.

FILING A WRITTEN COMPLAINT

Any organization or individual may file a complaint with the Minnesota Department of Education (MDE). 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(a). Complaints sent to MDE must:

1. Be in writing and be signed by the individual or organization filing the complaint, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(a);
2. Allege violations of state or federal special education law or rule, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(1);
3. State the facts upon which the allegation is based, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(2);
4. Include the name, address and telephone number of the person or organization making the complaint, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(3);
5. Include the name and address of the residence of the child and the name of the school the child is attending, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(4)(i)(ii);
6. A description of the nature of the child's problem; including facts relating to the problem, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(4)(iv);
7. A proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to the party at the time the complaint is filed, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(b)(4)(v); and
8. Be forwarded to the public agency providing services to the child at the same time the complaint is sent to MDE, 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(d).

The complaint must be sent to:

Minnesota Department Education
Division of Assistance and Compliance
Due Process Supervisor
400 NE Stinson Blvd
Minneapolis, MN 55413
Phone: 651.582.8689/Fax: 651.582.8725

The complaint must be received by MDE no later than one year after the alleged violation occurred. 34 C.F.R. § 300.153(c). MDE will issue a written decision within 60 days unless exceptional circumstances require a longer time or you or the district agree to extend the time to participate in mediation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.152(a) and (b). The final complaint decision may be appealed to the Minnesota Court of Appeals by you (the parent) or the school district injured-in-fact by the decision within 60 days of receiving notice of the final decision.

IMPARTIAL DUE PROCESS HEARING

Both you and the district have a right to file a due process complaint and request an impartial due process hearing in writing within two years of the date you or the agency knew or should have known about the alleged action that forms the basis of the due process complaint. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(a) and 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.507 and 300.511(e).

A due process complaint can be filed regarding a proposal or refusal to initiate or change a child's evaluation, IEP, educational placement, or to provide FAPE. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(a).

A due process complaint may address any matter related to the identification, evaluation, educational placement, manifestation determination, or provision of a free and appropriate public education of your child. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 12. Within 15 days of receiving notice of your due process complaint, and prior to the due process hearing, the school district must arrange for a resolution meeting with you and the relevant members of the IEP team

who have knowledge of the facts alleged in the due process complaint. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(a).

The purpose of this meeting is for you to discuss the due process complaint, and the facts that form the basis of the due process complaint, and to allow the school district an opportunity to resolve the dispute that is the basis for the due process complaint. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(a)(2).

The resolution meeting need not be held if you and the school district agree in writing to waive the meeting or agree to mediation. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(a)(3). A resolution meeting is also not required to be held when the district is the filing party. 34 C.F.R. 300.510(a) cmts. at 71 F.R. 46700 (2006).

If the matter is not resolved within 30 days of receipt of the due process complaint, the hearing timelines begin. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(b)(1).

If the school district is unable to obtain your participation in the resolution meeting or mediation after reasonable efforts have been made, and the school district does not agree to waive the meeting in writing, the school district may, at the conclusion of the 30-day period, request that a hearing officer dismiss your due process complaint. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(b)(4).

Loss of Right to a Due Process Hearing

NOTE: Due to an interpretation of state law by the 8th Circuit Court of Appeals, if your child changes school districts and you do not file a due process complaint before your child enrolls in a new district, you may lose the right to have a due process hearing about any special education issues that arose in the previous district. See *Thompson v. Bd. of the Special Sch. Dist. No. 1*, 144 F.3d.574 (8th Cir. 1998). You do still have a right to file a due process complaint about special educational issues that may arise in the new district where your child is attending.

Procedures for Initiation of a Due Process Hearing

Upon filing a written due process complaint, the district must give you a copy of this procedural safeguard notice and a copy of your rights at hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.504(a)(2). If you or the district file a due process complaint, the other party must be provided with a copy of the complaint and submit the complaint to MDE. Once it receives the request, MDE must give a copy of the procedural safeguards notice to you. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(d). All written requests must include:

1. The name of your child, 34 C.F.R. § 300.508(b)(1); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(b);
2. The address of your child, 34 C.F.R. § 300.508(b)(2); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(b);
3. The name of the school your child is attending, 34 C.F.R. § 300.508(b)(3); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(b);
4. A description of the problem(s), including your view of the facts, 34 C.F.R. § 300.508(b)(5); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(b); and
5. A proposed resolution of the problem to the extent known and available to you at the time, 34 C.F.R. § 300.508(b)(6); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(b).

MDE maintains a list of qualified hearing officers. Upon receipt of a written due process complaint, MDE will appoint a hearing officer from that list to conduct the hearing. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 13. Below are a few of your rights at hearing. This is not a complete list of rights.

Both you and the district have the right to:

1. Be accompanied and advised by counsel and by individuals with special knowledge or training with respect to the problems of children with disabilities, 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(a)(1);
2. Present evidence and confront, cross-examine, and compel the attendance of witnesses, 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(a)(2);
3. Prohibit the introduction of any evidence at the hearing that has not been disclosed at least five business days before the hearing, including evaluation data and recommendations based on that data, 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(a)(3); and
4. Receive a free copy of the hearing transcript or electronic recording of findings of fact and decisions, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.512(a)(4)-(a)(5) and (c)(3).

As a parent, you, specifically, have the right to:

1. Have your child, who is the subject of the hearing, present, 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(c)(1);
2. Open the hearing to the public, 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(c)(2); and
3. Have the record or transcript of the hearing and the hearing officer's findings of fact, conclusions of law and decisions made provided to you at no cost. 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(c)(3); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 12.

Responding to a Due Process Complaint

If you file a due process complaint and you did not previously receive a prior written notice from the district about the subject matter of the complaint, the district must send you a written explanation of why the district refused to take the action raised in the complaint within 10 days of receiving your complaint. This explanation must include a description of other options considered by the IEP team, why those options were rejected, a description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report that the district used as the basis for the proposed or refused action, and a description of the factors relevant to the district's proposal or refusal decision. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(e)(1).

The district can assert that the due process complaint does not meet the requirements under state law. A due process complaint is considered sufficient unless the party who received the request notifies the hearing officer in writing within 15 days of receiving the request that they believe the request does not meet statutory requirements. The hearing officer must determine whether the due process complaint meets statutory requirements within five days of receiving the complaint and notify the parties. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(e) (1) and (2).

Upon receiving your due process complaint, the district must also send you a written response that addresses the issues you raised in the complaint within 10 days of receiving the request. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(f).

Disclosure of Additional Evidence Before a Hearing

A prehearing conference must be held within five business days of the date the commissioner appoints a hearing officer. This conference can be held in person, at a location within the district, or by telephone. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 15. At least five business days before a hearing, you and the district must disclose to each other all evaluations of your child completed by that date and recommendations based on those evaluations that are intended to be used at the hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(b)(1). A hearing officer may refuse to allow you to introduce any undisclosed evaluations or recommendations at the hearing without consent of the other party. 34 C.F.R. § 300.512(b)(2).

The Hearing Decision

A hearing decision must be issued and provided to each party within 45 calendar days, or within an appropriately extended time period, upon the expiration of the 30-day resolution period after the due process complaint was received by the state agency. 34 C.F.R. § 300.515; Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 20(a). A hearing officer may extend the time beyond the 45-day period if requested by either party for good cause shown on the record. 34 C.F.R. § 300.515(c); Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 18, 20(a). A hearing officer must conduct oral arguments in a hearing at a time and place that is reasonably convenient to you and your child. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 20(a). A hearing officer's decision on whether your child received FAPE must be based on evidence and arguments that directly relate to FAPE. 34 C.F.R. § 300.513. The hearing decision is final unless you or the district files a civil action. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.514(a)-(b) and 300.516(a). A hearing officer lacks the authority to amend a decision except for clerical and mathematical errors. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 20(b).

Separate Due Process Complaint

You have the right to file a separate due process complaint on an issue separate from a due process complaint already filed. 34 C.F.R. § 300.513(c).

Free or Low-Cost Legal Resources

The district must inform you of any free or low-cost legal and other relevant services available in the area if you request

the information or if you or the school district file a due process complaint. 34 C.F.R. § 300.507(2)(b). A legal resource list is also available on MDE's Special Education Hearings webpage (MDE > Select Students and Families > Special Education > Conflicts in Special Education > Special Education Due Process Hearings).

COMPLAINT AND HEARING DATABASE

Final decisions on special education complaints and due process hearings are available to the public on the MDE website. 34 C.F.R. § 300.513(d). MDE maintains a public database and makes decisions available that are redacted, removing all personally identifiable information. This database is available on MDE's website > Data Center > Data Reports and Analytics > [Complaints and Hearing Decisions](https://public.education.mn.gov/MDEAnalytics/DataTopic.jsp?TOPICID=366) (<https://public.education.mn.gov/MDEAnalytics/DataTopic.jsp?TOPICID=366>).

CIVIL ACTION

When you or the district disagrees with the findings or decisions made by a hearing officer, either party may file a court action. The action may be brought in federal district court or the state court of appeals. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.514(b) and 300.516(a). Different standards of review apply in each court. An appeal to the state court of appeals must be made within 60 calendar days of your receipt of the decision. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 24. An appeal to federal district court must be made within 90 days of the date of the decision. 34 C.F.R. § 300.516(b); Minn. Stat. § 125a.091, subd. 24.

PLACEMENT DURING A HEARING OR CIVIL ACTION

During a hearing or court action, unless you and the district agree otherwise, your child will remain in the educational placement where he/she is currently placed and must not be denied initial admission to school. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.518(a) and (b) and 300.533. This is commonly referred to as the "stay-put" rule.

Two exceptions to the "stay-put" rule exist:

1. Students may be removed from their educational setting for not more than 45 school days to an interim alternative educational placement for certain weapon, drug, or serious bodily injury violations, 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(g)(1)-(3); and
2. A hearing officer's decision agreeing with you that a change in placement is appropriate as the "stay-put" placement during subsequent appeals, 34 C.F.R. § 300.518(d).

EXPEDITED HEARINGS

You (the parent) or the district can file a due process complaint and request an expedited hearing in the following situations:

1. Whenever you dispute the district's proposal to initiate or change the identification, evaluation or educational placement of your child or the district's provision of FAPE to your child, Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(a); 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(a) and (c)(1); 34 C.F.R. 300.507(a) and 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(a)(1);
2. Whenever you dispute the district's refusal to initiate or change the identification, evaluation or educational placement of your child or the district's provision of FAPE to your child, Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 14(a); 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(a) and (c)(1); 34 C.F.R. § 300.507(a); 34 C.F.R. § 300.503(a)(2);
3. Whenever you dispute the manifestation determination, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.530 and 300.532(a); and
4. Whenever the district believes that maintaining the current placement of your child is substantially likely to result in injury to the child or to others, 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(b)(2)(ii).

You or a school district may file a written due process complaint and request an expedited due process hearing as described above. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 19; 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(c)(1).

Timelines for Expedited Hearings

Expedited hearings must be held within 20 school days of the date the expedited due process complaint is filed. The hearing officer must issue a decision within 10 school days after the hearing. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, Subd. 19; 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(c)(2). A resolution meeting must occur within 7 days of receiving the expedited due process complaint unless you and the school district agree in writing to either waive the resolution meeting or use the mediation process. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 19; 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(c)(3) and (3)(i). The expedited due process hearing may proceed unless the matter has been resolved to the satisfaction of both parties within 15 days of receiving the request. Minn. Stat. § 125A.091, subd. 19; 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(c)(3)(ii).

Dismissal of Due Process Complaint

If the school district is unable to obtain your participation in the resolution meeting or mediation after reasonable efforts have been made and the school district does not agree to waive the meeting in writing, the school district may, at the conclusion of the 30-day period, request that a hearing officer dismiss your due process complaint. 34 C.F.R. § 300.510(b)(4).

Placement by a Hearing Officer

A hearing officer may decide to move your child to an interim alternative educational setting for up to 45 school days if the hearing officer determines your child is substantially likely to injure themselves or others if they remain in the current placement. 34 C.F.R. § 300.532(b)(2)(ii).

Right to Appeal Decision

You or the district can appeal the decision of a hearing officer in an expedited due process hearing. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.532(c)(5) and 300.514.

INTERIM ALTERNATIVE EDUCATIONAL PLACEMENT

The district may change your child's educational placement for up to 45 school days, if your child:

1. Carries a dangerous weapon to or possesses a dangerous weapon at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the school district or MDE as defined in federal law, 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(g)(1);
2. Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the school district or MDE. This does not include alcohol or tobacco, 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(g)(2); or
3. Inflicts serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of the school district or MDE as defined in federal law, 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(g)(3).

On the date the district decides to remove your child and the removal is a change of placement of a child with a disability because of a violation of a code of student conduct, the school district must notify you of that decision, and provide you with the procedural safeguards notice. 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(h).

The IEP team determines the interim alternative educational setting and appropriate special education services. 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.530(d)(5) and 300.531. Even though this is a temporary change, it must allow your child:

1. To continue to participate in the general education curriculum and progress towards meeting goals set out in your child's IEP, although in a different setting, 34 C.F.R. §§ 300.530(d)(1)(i) and (d)(4); and
2. Include services and modifications designed to prevent the behavior from recurring, 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(d)(1)(ii).

If your child is placed in an interim alternative educational setting, an IEP meeting must be convened within 10 school days of the decision. 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(e)(1). At this meeting, the team must discuss behavior and its relationship to your child's disability. The team must review evaluation information regarding your child's behavior and determine the appropriateness of your child's IEP and behavior plan. The team will then determine if your child's conduct was caused by or had a direct relationship to his or her disability, or if your child's conduct was the direct result of the school district's failure to implement the IEP. 34 C.F.R. § 300.530(e)(1).

ATTORNEY'S FEES FOR HEARINGS

You may be able to recover attorney fees if you prevail in a due process hearing. 34 C.F.R. § 300.517(a)(1)(i). A judge may make an award of attorney's fees based on prevailing rates in your community. 34 C.F.R. § 300.517(c)(1). The court may reduce an award of attorney's fees if it finds that you unreasonably delayed the settlement or decision in the case. 34 C.F.R. § 300.517(c)(4)(i). If the district prevails and a court agrees that your request for a hearing was for any improper purpose, you may be required to pay the district's attorney's fees. 34 C.F.R. § 300.517(a)(iii).

EXCLUSIONS AND EXPULSIONS OF PUPILS WITH A DISABILITY

Before your child with a disability can be expelled or excluded from school, a manifestation determination must be held. Minn. Stat. § 121A.43(d). If your child's misbehavior is related to his or her disability, your child cannot be expelled.

When a child with a disability is excluded or expelled under the Pupil Fair Dismissal Act, Minnesota Statutes Sections 121A.41-56, for misbehavior that is not a manifestation of the child's disability, the district shall continue to provide special education and related services after the period a period of suspension, if imposed. Minn. Stat. § 121A.43(d).

DISCIPLINARY REMOVALS

If a child with a disability is removed from his or her current educational placement, this is considered a change of placement if:

1. The removal is for more than 10 school days in a row, 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(a)(1); or
2. Your child has been subjected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern because:
 - a. The series of removals total more than 10 school days in a year, 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(a)(2)(i);
 - b. Your child's behavior is substantially similar to your child's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in a series of removals, 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(a)(2)(ii); and
 - c. Of additional factors such as the length of each removals, the total amount of time your child has been removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another, 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(a)(2)(iii).

The determination of whether a pattern of removals constitutes a change of placement is made by the district. 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(b)(1). If this determination is challenged it is subject to review through due process and judicial proceedings. 34 C.F.R. § 300.536(b)(2).

CHILDREN NOT DETERMINED ELIGIBLE FOR SPECIAL EDUCATION AND RELATED SERVICES

If your child has not been determined eligible for special education and related services and violates a code of student conduct, and the school district knew before the discipline violation that your child was a child with a disability then your child can utilize the protections described in this notice. 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(a).

A district is deemed to have knowledge that your child is a child with a disability if, before the behavior that brought about the disciplinary action occurred:

1. You expressed concern in writing to supervisory or administrative personnel at the district or to your child's teacher that your child is in need of special education and related services, 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(b)(1);
2. You requested an evaluation related to eligibility for special education and related services under Part B of the IDEA, 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(b)(2); or
3. Your child's teacher or other district personnel expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by your child directly to the district's director of special education or to other district supervisory staff, 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(b)(3).

Exceptions to a District's Knowledge

A district would not be deemed to have such knowledge if:

1. You have previously refused consent for an evaluation of your child, or you have previously refused special education services, 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(c)(1)(i)-(ii); or
2. Your child has already been evaluated and determined to not be a child with a disability under Part B of IDEA, 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(c)(2).

Conditions that Apply if There is No Basis of Knowledge

If a district does not have knowledge that your child is a child with a disability prior to taking disciplinary measures against your child, your child may be subjected to similar disciplinary consequences that are applied to children without disabilities who engage in similar behaviors. 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(d).

If a request is made for an evaluation of your child during the time period in which your child is subjected to disciplinary measures, the evaluation must be conducted in an expedited manner. 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(d)(2)(i). Until the evaluation is complete, your child remains in the educational placement determined by the district, which can include suspension or expulsion without educational services. 34 C.F.R. § 300.534(d)(2)(ii). In Minnesota, regular special education services are provided on the sixth day of a suspension and alternative education services are provided.

REFERRAL TO AND ACTION BY LAW ENFORCEMENT AND JUDICIAL AUTHORITIES

A district can report a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities and State law enforcement and judicial authorities can exercise their responsibilities under the law related to crimes committed by a child with a disability. 34 C.F.R. § 300.535(a).

Transmittal of Records

If a district reports a crime committed by a child with a disability, the district must ensure that copies of the child's special education and disciplinary records are transmitted to the appropriate authorities to whom the crime is reported for consideration. However, the district may only transmit copies of your child's special education and disciplinary records to the extent permitted by FERPA. 34 C.F.R. § 300.535(b).

PRIVATE SCHOOL PLACEMENT

IDEA does not require the district to pay for the cost of educating your child, including special education and related services, at a private school if the district made FAPE available to your child and you chose to place your child in a private school. 34 C.F.R. § 300.148(a). However, you may be able to recover tuition expenses for a private school placement if you informed the district of your intent to enroll your child in a private school at public expense in a timely manner and if a hearing officer finds that the district did not promptly make FAPE available to your child prior to your child being enrolled in the private school and if the private placement is appropriate. You must inform the district of your intent to place your child in a private placement at public expense at the most recent IEP meeting prior to removal of your child from public school or by written notice to the district at least 10 business days prior to removal of your child from public school. 34 C.F.R. § 300.148(c)-(d).

Your notice must state why you disagree with the district's proposed IEP or placement. If a hearing officer or court finds that the district failed to provide or is unable to provide your child with an appropriate education and that the private placement is appropriate, you may be reimbursed for the cost of the private placement. Failure to tell the school of your intent to enroll your child in a private school at public expense, failure to make your child available for evaluation prior to placing your child in a private school after the district has given you notice of its intent to evaluate your child, or other unreasonable delay on your part could result in a reduction or denial of reimbursement for the private school placement. 34 C.F.R. § 300.148(d).

A hearing officer cannot reduce or deny the cost of reimbursement if: the district prevented you from being provided with this notice; you did not receive notice of your responsibilities as discussed above in this section; or if compliance with the above requirements would likely result in physical harm to your child and if you failed to provide the required notice because you cannot write in English or if compliance with the above requirements would likely result in serious emotional harm to your child. 34 C.F.R. § 300.148(e).

Appendix D: Up North Learning Center Joint Powers Agreement

THIS AGREEMENT is made by and between the political subdivisions organized and existing under the Constitution and laws of the State of Minnesota, hereafter collectively referred to as “Members” and individually as “Member,” which are signatories to this “Agreement.”

ARTICLE I ENABLING AUTHORITY AND PURPOSE

- 1.1 Minnesota Statutes section 471.59 provides that two or more governmental units may by agreement jointly exercise any power common to the contracting parties.
- 1.2 The purpose of this Agreement is to provide a Level IV special education setting for students of the member districts and districts in the surrounding areas, as well as other special education and related programs for the member districts.
- 1.3 The Up North Learning Center is established as a governmental unit under the above-referenced authority and requirements of state law to jointly exercise the powers common to the signatories for the provision of special education services and to provide other similar and related programs as determined by the Joint Board.
- 1.4 The Joint Board shall have the authority to explore and implement additional programs and services and alternate methods for the delivery of services and programs to students.

ARTICLE II DEFINITION OF TERMS

For the purposes of this Agreement, the terms defined in this article shall have the meanings given them.

- 2.1. “Up North Learning Center” or “Learning Center” means the Joint Powers Organization created pursuant to this Agreement.
- 2.2. “Member” or “Member District” means a School District that is a signatory to this Agreement and has not given notice to withdraw pursuant to Article VIII.
- 2.3. “Board” means the governing body of the Up North Learning Center, consisting of one current School Board Member from each Member School District, and one alternate current School Board who may attend in the place of the Board Member in place of the Board Member.
- 2.4 “MDE” means the Minnesota Department of Education.
- 2.5 “Resident District” means the District where a student resides, which may be a Member District or another District that the Learning Center agrees to accept a student for placement.
- 2.6 Day or days shall refer to calendar days. Fiscal Year shall be July 1 to June 30.

ARTICLE III JOINT POWERS BOARD

- 3.1 The Joint Powers Board (“Board”) shall take such action as it deems necessary and proper to accomplish the purposes of the Up North Learning Center and any other action necessary and incidental to the implementation of said purpose or action. The Board is hereby authorized to exercise such authority and powers common to the Parties as are necessary and proper to fulfill its purposes and perform its duties. Such authority shall include the specific powers enumerated in this Agreement and such powers set forth in the Bylaws that are consistent with the terms of this Agreement.
- 3.2 Member Districts, by executing this Agreement, recognize the Board as the governing authority of the Up North Learning Center.
- 3.3 The Board shall be made up of one School Board member of each Member District. The Board Member shall be a current School Board Member of the Member District. Any Board Member or Alternate shall be subject to removal by the appointing School Board at any time, with or without cause. A vacancy of a Board Member or Alternate shall be filled by the Member School Board that appointed the Board Member or Alternate.

ARTICLE IV POWERS AND DUTIES OF THE BOARD

- 4.1 The Board shall take such action as it deems necessary and appropriate to accomplish the general purposes of the Up North Learning Center including development and implementation of necessary educational programs, necessary supplies, equipment, vehicles, services and employing necessary or advisable personnel or consultants, and operating and maintaining any systems necessary for the provision of educational services and data management. Any of the foregoing activities, or any other activities authorized by this Agreement, may be accomplished by entering into contracts, leases, or other agreements with others, whenever the Board shall deem this to be advisable.
- 4.2 The Board shall approve and oversee programs and services consistent with the purpose of this agreement.
- 4.3 The Board shall adopt such policies and procedures that it deems necessary and prudent to govern the operation of the Up North Learning Center and its programs, consistent with applicable law.
- 4.4 The Board may adopt such policies and procedures to allow students of non- member School Districts to attend programs so long as students of Member Districts are given preference for such programs, and sufficient space is reserved for Member Districts.
- 4.5 The Board shall have the power to make contracts as it deems necessary to make effective any power to be exercised by the Learning Center pursuant to this Agreement; to provide for the prosecution and defense or other participation in actions or proceedings at law in which it may have an interest; to employ or contract with a School District for the employment of such persons as it deems necessary to accomplish its duties and powers on a full-time, part-time or consulting basis; to conduct such research and investigation as it deems necessary on any matter related to or affecting the general purposes of the Learning Center; to acquire, hold and dispose of property both as the Board deems necessary; and to contract for space, materials, supplies and personnel either with a Member District or with a number of Member Districts or elsewhere.

- 4.6 The Board may establish and collect fees for its services to Members and to others.
- 4.7 The Board may apply for and receive educational funding, including state and federal funds and reimbursements as may be applicable.
- 4.8 The Board may accept gifts, apply for and use grants or loans of money or other property from the state, or any other governmental units or organizations and may enter into agreements required in connection therewith and may hold, use and dispose of such monies or property in accordance with the terms of the gift, grant, loan or agreement relating thereto.
- 4.9 The Board shall cause a regular, periodic independent audit of the books to be made and shall make a regular, periodic financial accounting and report in writing to the Members. Its books and records shall be available for and open to examination by its Members at all reasonable times.
- 4.10 The Board shall establish the annual budget for the Learning Center as provided in this Agreement.
- 4.11 The Board shall adopt and follow such bylaws as may be appropriate and consistent with this agreement and law. Bylaws shall be adopted by and amended by a majority vote of the full Board after review of the proposed amendment at a prior meeting and distribution of the proposed amendment to all Directors in advance.
- 4.12 Committees shall be appointed by the Board and shall be delegated such authority as the Board deems appropriate.
- 4.13 The Board may accumulate and maintain reasonable working capital reserves and may invest and reinvest funds not currently needed for the purposes of the Learning Center. Such investment and reinvestment shall be in accordance with and subject to the laws applicable to the investment of School District funds.
- 4.14 The Board may pay reasonable and necessary expenses of Board Members and Alternates incurred in connection with their duties as such and as committee members, and may elect to pay per diems on such terms as it deems advisable and consistent with applicable law.
- 4.15 The Board shall purchase public liability insurance and such other bonds or insurance as it may deem necessary.
- 4.16 The Board may develop additional rules concerning the financing of the Learning Center and the disbursement of funds may be adopted by the Board provided they are not inconsistent with the provisions contained in this Agreement or state statutes.
- 4.17 The Board may exercise any power necessary and incidental to the implementation of its powers and duties.

ARTICLE V FINANCING AND DISBURSEMENT OF FUNDS

- 5.1 The Board shall have exclusive control over all monies credited to any Learning Center fund in accordance with state and federal laws and rules. Expenditures shall be made in accordance with

- the approved budget, and contractual obligations.
- 5.2 The Up North Learning Center will ensure strict accountability for all funds of the organization and will report on all receipts and disbursements made to, or on behalf of the Learning Center.
 - 5.3 The Up North Learning Center shall be responsible for collecting and accounting for all revenue and reporting, including but not limited to state and federal regular education, special education, Medical Assistance, as well as reporting and tracking all expenses, the prompt payment of bills, and invoicing Resident Districts obtaining services from the Learning Center for services that it has not received full funding for directly from MDE. The Learning Center shall maintain all financial record which shall be available to Members upon request and shall be provided for auditing purposes consistent with state law. The Board may employ necessary staff to perform these functions or contract with a Member District to serve as Fiscal Agent to perform these functions.
 - 5.4 Resident Districts shall be primarily responsible for the transportation of students to and from the Learning Center. The Learning Center will invoice the Resident District for any excess transportation costs incurred on behalf of the enrolled student.
 - 5.5 The Board shall adopt an annual operating budget no later than May 1. The budget must be approved by two-thirds (2/3) of Board Members.
 - 5.6 The adopted budget, which shall describe projected income and expenditures, shall be submitted to each Member School Boards. The adopted annual budget shall include a request to each Member District for a budget contribution to operating expenses as may be deemed necessary and appropriate by the Board.
 - 5.7 Each Member School Board shall establish the revenue that it will provide to the Learning Center for operating expenses, considering the budget request made in the adopted budget submitted in May of each year, and shall notify the Learning Center of the approval or modification of the budget request no later than June 1.
 - 5.8 The Learning Center shall finance expenses incurred that are not fully funded by state or federal monies, by invoicing each Resident District as may be applicable for all expenses related to their resident student enrolled in the Learning Center. All costs associated with due process proceedings, including, but not limited to, MDE or OCR complaints, hearings or mediations including attorneys' fees, shall be billed to the Resident District.
 - 5.9 Each Member District will pay a proportionate share of operating capital which may be used for cash flow and other purposes, including but not limited to operational expenses, legal fees, consultant fees. The Learning Center shall maintain an accounting of the original contribution of each member to the operating capital fund. Operating capital funds contributed may be reimbursed to the Members as determined by the Board.

ARTICLE VI FACILITIES, EQUIPMENT AND PROPERTY

- 6.1 Independent School District No. 113, Walker-Hackensack-Akeley, shall lease a building to the Learning Center. In the event that ISD 113 withdraws from this agreement, the obligation to continue leasing a building to the Learning Center shall cease upon the lease term ending. Any

property provided by a Member District to the Learning Center shall be considered a gift. Any property owned by the Learning Center shall be disposed of pursuant to Article VIII in the event of dissolution.

- 6.2 The Learning Center shall only be responsible for insuring property owned by the Learning Center. Furniture, buildings, automobiles, equipment, and other assets owned by Member Districts will not be insured by the Learning Center.

ARTICLE VII PROCEDURE TO JOIN

- 7.1 If a School District wishes to join the Learning Center as a Member, it may make written application to the Board. The application shall consist of the School Board applying adopting a resolution containing language to indicate full acceptance (without deviation) of the contents of this Joint Powers Agreement.

The applying School Board shall formally submit the adopted resolution under cover to the Chair of the Learning Center. Upon a two-thirds (2/3) approval of the Board Members representing the Members who have not given a notice to withdraw, the request will be approved, subject to the provisions of Section 7.3.

The Board shall notify all Members in writing of its decision.

- 7.2 All Members agree to abide by the terms and conditions of this Joint Powers Agreement, the Bylaws and the Policies or Procedures adopted by the Board.
- 7.3 At the time of application, the Learning Center shall notify the applying School Board of the amount of operating capital the joining member will be required to contribute upon becoming a Member. Approval of membership by the Board shall be contingent upon agreement of the joining School District to contribute its proportionate share of operating capital.

ARTICLE VIII RIGHT TO WITHDRAW

- 8.1 A Member District may withdraw from this Agreement by adopting a resolution which specifically contains language of its "Notice to Withdraw." The approved Member School Board's resolution shall be submitted under cover letter and sent via certified mail to each party to this Agreement and to the Joint Powers Board Chair. The Notice must be received by January 1 of an odd numbered year to be effective June 30 of the following even numbered year, providing at least eighteen (18) months for the withdrawal process.
- 8.2 Withdrawal may occur at an earlier time by mutual agreement of a two-thirds (2/3) majority vote of the non-withdrawing Members of the Joint Board and the withdrawing School District.
- 8.3 If any party exercises its right to withdraw, this Agreement shall remain in full force and effect between the remaining parties.
- 8.4 Following its withdrawal from this Agreement, the withdrawing Member Districts shall fulfill any outstanding contractual responsibilities it may have with the State of Minnesota, the federal

government, other Member Districts, and the Learning Center. The withdrawing School District shall be responsible for notifying the State of Minnesota and any other appropriate governmental authority of its intent to withdraw.

- 8.5 All private data regarding students enrolled in the Learning Center shall be returned, but the withdrawing party may obtain copies at its expense if authorized to do so by law.
- 8.6 The withdrawing District shall not be entitled to any funds from the Learning Center upon withdrawal.

ARTICLE IX AMENDMENT

- 9.1 Amendments to this Agreement may be proposed either by the Board or by Member Districts. Some changes may be mandated by law. Notice of proposed changes shall be served on all Member Boards by certified mail not later than November 1 of an even numbered year unless an earlier date is mandated by a change in law.
- 9.2 Amendments to this Agreement must be approved by a two-thirds (2/3) vote of Member Boards who have not given a notice to withdraw, and shall be approved by the Member Boards no later than December 15 in an even numbered year to be effective June 30 in the next even numbered year, eighteen months later, in order to give any Member not in agreement with the change the opportunity to withdraw, unless an earlier date is mandated by law or the parties unanimously agree to an earlier effective date.
- 9.3 Adopted amendments shall remain in full force and effect, subject to the terms stated herein, until such time as the Member Districts terminate this Agreement.

ARTICLE X INDEMNIFICATION AND HOLD HARMLESS

- 10.1 The Up North Learning Center shall be considered a separate and distinct public entity to which the Members have transferred all responsibility and control for actions taken pursuant to this Agreement. The Learning Center shall comply with all laws and rules that govern a public entity in the State of Minnesota and shall be entitled to the protections of Minnesota Statutes Chapter 466.
- 10.2 The Up North Learning Center shall fully defend, indemnify, and hold harmless the signatory Members and Board Members against all claims, losses, liability, suits, judgments, costs, and expenses by reasons of the action or inaction of the employees or agents of the Learning Center. This agreement to indemnify and hold harmless does not constitute a waiver by any Party/Member of limitations on liability under Minnesota Statutes section 466.04.
- 10.3 To the full extent permitted by law, actions by the Parties/Members pursuant to this Agreement are intended to be and shall be construed as a “cooperative activity” and it is the intent of the Members that they shall be deemed a “single governmental unit” for the purposes of liability, all as set forth in Minnesota Statutes section 471.59, subdivision 1a(a); provided further that for purposes of that statute, each Member party to this Agreement expressly declines responsibility for the acts or omissions of the other party.
- 10.4 The Parties/Members to this Agreement are not liable for the acts or omissions of the other

Party/Member to this Agreement except to the extent to which they have agreed in writing to be responsible for acts or omissions of the other Party/Member.

ARTICLE XI TERMINATION

- 11.1 The effective date of this Agreement is the 1st day of July 2021.
- 11.2 This Agreement shall be effective with respect to a School District upon approval of the governing body and the signature of the official with authority to bind the entity. This Agreement shall be in effect only with respect to the Members who have approved and signed it.
- 11.3 This Agreement continues in force until terminated by the respective School Boards of two-thirds (2/3) of the Member Districts who have not given a notice to withdraw.
- 11.4 A Member District that has given notice of withdrawal shall not be counted under this subsection.
- 11.5 Winding-up and Distribution. Upon termination of this Agreement, the Learning Center shall be dissolved. The Joint Board shall continue to exist after dissolution as long as is necessary to wind-up and conclude the affairs subject to this Agreement. After payment of all claims and expenses, any surplus shall be prorated and distributed to the Member Districts based upon the percentage of the budget contributed and the overall percentage of services provided to the Member Districts. Additionally, any joint property acquired shall also be liquidated and resulting funds distributed based on the overall percentage of services provided to each Member District.

ARTICLE XII GOVERNING LAW, FINALITY, SEVERABILITY

- 12.1 Governing Law. This Agreement shall be governed by and construed according to the laws of the State of Minnesota. Any legal proceedings taken arising out of the terms and conditions of the Agreement shall be venued in the district courts of the State of Minnesota.
- 12.2 Severability. The provisions of this Agreement are severable. If any section, paragraph, subdivision, sentence, clause, or phrase of the Agreement is held to be contrary to law, rule, or regulation having the force and effect of law, such decision shall not affect the remaining portions of this Agreement.
- 12.3 Final Agreement. It is understood and agreed that the entire agreement of the parties is contained here and that this contract supersedes all oral or written agreements and negotiations between the parties relating to this subject matter. All items referred to in this Agreement are incorporated or attached and deemed to be part of the Agreement.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, this Agreement has been executed by the parties by the authority in them vested in them.

By: _____
Board Chair
Independent School District #113

By: _____
School Board Clerk
Independent School District #113

By: _____
Board Chair
Independent School District #118

By: _____
School Board Clerk
Independent School District #118

By: _____
Board Chair
Independent School District #306

By: _____
School Board Clerk
Independent School District #306

By: _____
Board Chair
Independent School District #308

By: _____
School Board Clerk
Independent School District #308

By: _____
Board Chair
Independent School District #309

By: _____
School Board Clerk
Independent School District #309