Annual Comprehensive Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024



Scottsdale, Arizona

Annual Comprehensive Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

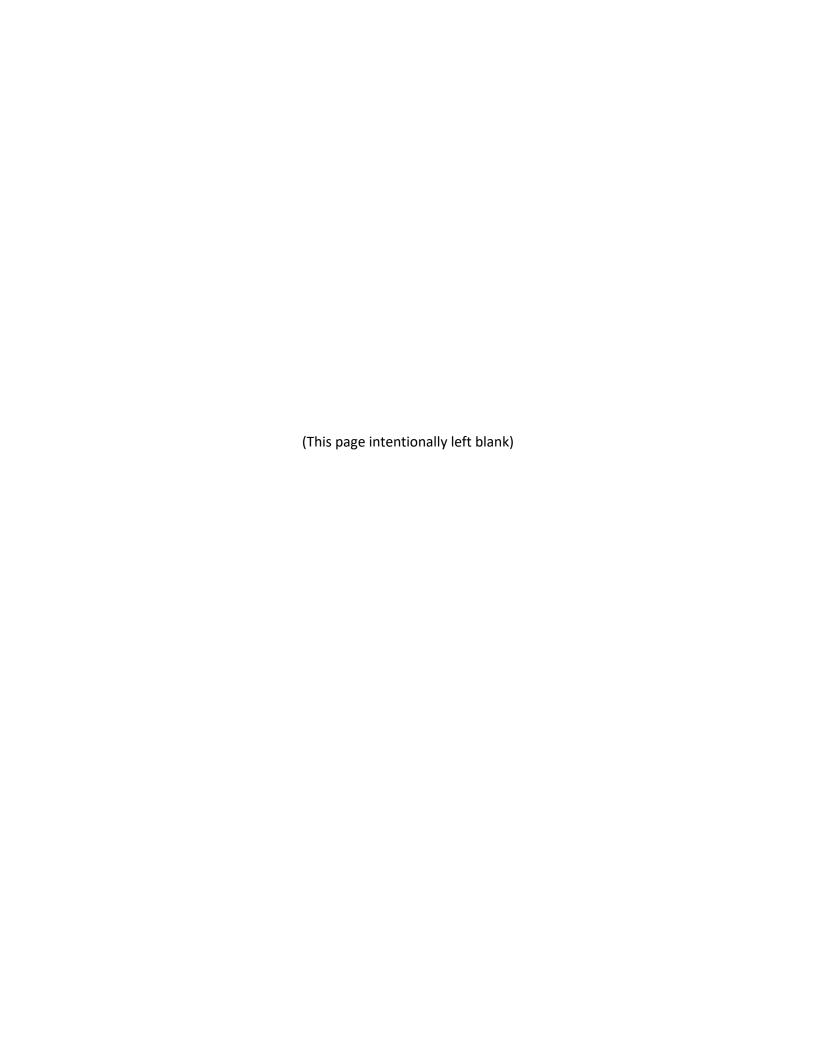
Issued by: Finance Department

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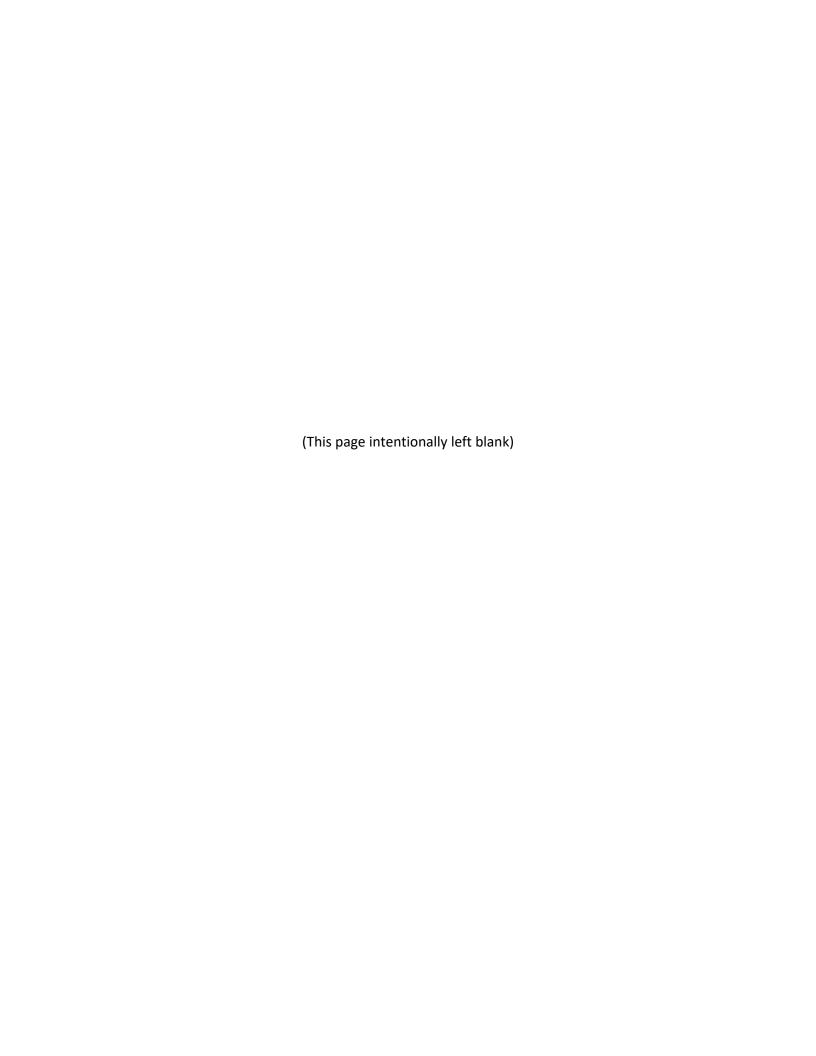
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December 18, 2024

Citizens and Governing Board Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 8500 E. Jackrabbit Rd. Scottsdale, Arizona 85250

State law mandates that school districts required to undergo an annual single audit publish a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States by a certified public accounting firm licensed in the State of Arizona. Pursuant to that requirement, we hereby issue the annual comprehensive financial report of the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 (District) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the District. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the District has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free of material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The District's financial statements have been audited by Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C., a certified public accounting firm. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditors concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion that the District's financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are fairly presented in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

The independent audit of the financial statements of the District was part of a broader, federally mandated Single Audit as required by the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). The standards governing Single Audit engagements require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the financial statements, but also on the District's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal awards. These reports are available in a separately issued Single Audit Report.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The District's MD&A can be found immediately following the report of the independent auditors.

Profile of the District

The District is one of 58 public school districts located in Maricopa County, Arizona. It provides a program of public education from Pre-Kindergarten through grade twelve, with an estimated current enrollment of 20,166 students.

The District's Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools. The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, the component unit combined with the District for financial statement purposes and the District are not included in any other governmental entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, food services, bookstore, and athletic functions.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> — Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the District's operations. The Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Insurance Trust is responsible for providing health insurance for the District employees. The District's Governing Board appoints the Trust's Board of Directors. The Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Insurance Trust provides services entirely to the District and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund in accordance with the criteria established by GASB.

The District was founded in 1896 and encompasses approximately 120 square miles. The District is situated in the central portion of Maricopa County, Arizona in the east sector of the greater Phoenix metropolitan area. The estimated population within the District is 254,995.

The District has 29 brick-and-mortar schools, as well an online learning high school. The District is proud of its 2023 Districtwide Cognia accreditation, becoming part of a global system of more than 36,000 schools and school systems in 85 countries that are dedicated to continuous improvement. Additionally, all 29 brick-and-mortar schools earned either an "A" or "B" school letter grades from the Arizona State Board of Education for the 2023-24 school year. The District also received an "A" rating and is the recent recipient of the Scottsdale-Area Chamber of Commerce Sterling Award in the Big Business category. The District employs more than 2,600 people. The District has a sizable tax base of above-average income and housing values. Sixty-four percent of the District lies in the City of Scottsdale but does not include the entire city. All of the Town of Paradise Valley, an eastern section of the City of Phoenix, and a small northern section of the City of Tempe also lie within District boundaries. The District's northeast section includes the fastest growing area in Scottsdale in both population and housing.

The City of Scottsdale was founded in 1894 and incorporated in 1951. It is located in the northeastern portion of the "Valley of the Sun". Scottsdale has an estimated population of 254,995. The Scottsdale economy today contains, in addition to its resorts, a diverse mix of financial services from banking to insurance and investments: business services from advertising and public relations to software development; computer service, professional services from major health care providers anchored by HonorHealth Scottsdale and the world-renowned Mayo clinic.

The Scottsdale Airpark is the 3rd largest employment center in the Valley. The Greater Scottsdale Airport Area is home to over 59,000 employees and more than 3,200 businesses. Strategically located along the loop 101 freeway, the Airpark is home to the Scottsdale Airpark. Downtown Scottsdale is considered by many as the Central Business District, featuring a roughly 2-mile square area. Visitors enjoy the close proximity to Scottsdale's Downtown district which is home to world class shopping at Scottsdale Fashion Square, vibrant nightlife, and luxury resorts like the Hotel Valley Ho and the W Hotel.

The District maintains budgetary controls as an integral part of its overall system of internal controls. The objective of these budgetary controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions included in the annual expenditure budget adopted by the District's Governing Board. The annual expenditure budget also serves as the foundation for the District's financial planning and control. Activities of the general fund, special revenue funds, and capital projects funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is the total adopted expenditure budget. Arizona Revised Statutes permits the adopted expenditure budget to be revised annually. The District additionally exercises management control and oversight of the budget at the fund level. The District may have over expenditures of budgeted funds as long as the necessary revenue is earned. The District is not required to prepare an annual budget of revenue; therefore, a deficit budgeted fund balance may be presented.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when it is considered from the broader perspective of the specific environment within which the District operates.

Local Economy

Despite the Global pandemic of 2020, Scottsdale remains a vital component of the State's economy. The City of Scottsdale retains fundamental economic strength due to its diversified employment base, attractiveness to new business, retail base, and strong tourism attraction. The City has seen an increase in both redevelopment in the Southern part of the City as well as continued growth in the housing and commercial sector.

Long-term Financial Planning

The Scottsdale Unified School District has on average seen student counts decline over the past several years. However, the District has comprehensive plans to mitigate and address the decline in student counts including marketing plans, signature educational programs, and site-specific community-based strategies.

The primary assessed value has grown at an average rate of 5.0 percent in the past eleven years. Due to the high primary assessed value, Scottsdale Unified School District has been able to maintain an attractively low tax rate for education. The Primary tax rate has been at 2.633 or below for the past four years, making it one of the lowest tax rates as compared to peer districts in the Valley.

In November of 2016, the voters of Scottsdale Unified School District approved a \$229 million bond authorization. The projects that this bond have provided include the rebuilding/remodeling of elementary schools, athletic field upgrades, security upgrades at all school sites, purchase of pupil transportation vehicles, and facilities maintenance improvements at all school sites. Most of these projects have already been completed. In November of 2022 the voters of Scottsdale approved the continuation and expansion of the District Capital Override, authorizing up to \$14.5 million starting in the 2023-2024 fiscal year and continuing for an additional seven years. The categories that these monies will be spent on include curriculum materials, school technology, furniture, fixtures, equipment, fine arts, athletics, library programs, playground equipment, and safety code compliance requirements. The average age of school buildings is 27 years.

In November of 2023, the voters of Scottsdale Unified School District approved the renewal of the Maintenance and Operations Override, which provides the District with an estimated \$23 million in additional funds. The additional funds allow the District to provide all day kindergarten, maintaining current class size ratios, music, art, world language, athletics, and co-curricular activities, as well as technology, staff professional development, and competitive teacher pay.

While the COVID-19 Pandemic did effect students nationwide, the District worked to address learning loss. In a recent review of the 2023 test scores, students attending Scottsdale Unified School District scored higher than the County and State average scores. Additionally, students from Scottsdale Unified School District also scored higher than those in peer districts.

Awards and Acknowledgment

<u>Awards</u>. The Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. This was the 16th consecutive year that the District has received this prestigious award. In addition, the Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the District for its annual comprehensive financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. In order to be awarded these certificates, the District published an easily readable and efficiently organized annual comprehensive financial report. This report satisfied both accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America and applicable legal requirements.

These certificates are valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current annual comprehensive financial report continues to meet the programs' requirements and we are submitting it to ASBO and GFOA to determine its eligibility for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 certificates.

<u>Acknowledgments</u>. The preparation of the annual comprehensive financial report on a timely basis was made possible by the dedicated service of the entire staff of the finance department. Each member of the department has our sincere appreciation for the contributions made in the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the leadership and support of the Governing Board of the District, preparation of this report would not have been possible.

Respectfully submitted,

Dr. Scott A. Menzel Superintendent

Shannon Crosier Chief Financial Officer

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The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

Scottsdale Unified School District

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.



Ryan S. Stechschulte President

Rosa S. Steckschults

James M. Rowan, CAE, SFO CEO/Executive Director



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Arizona

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

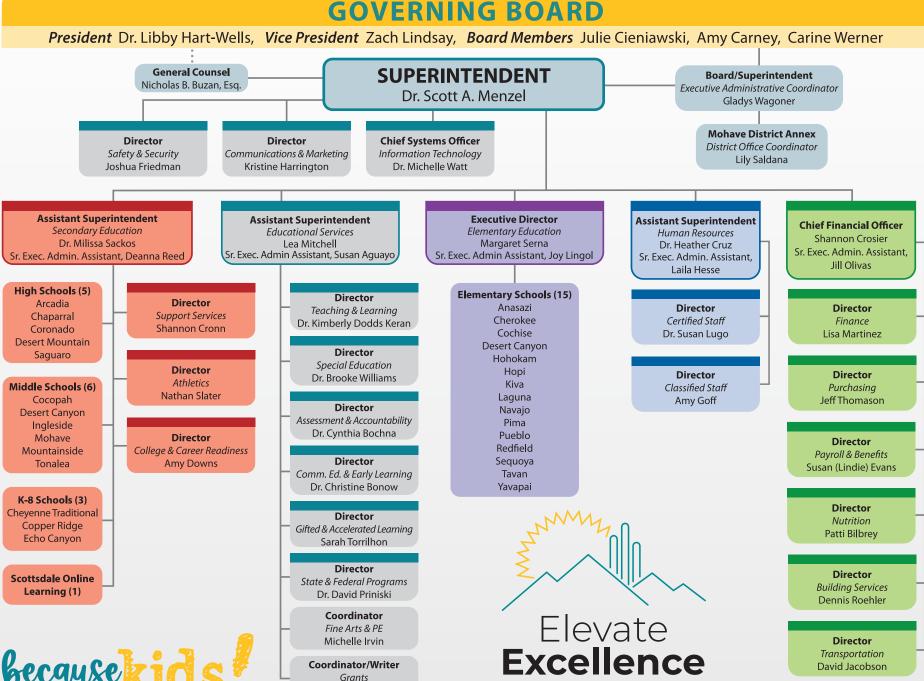
Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



2024 - 2025 ORGANIZATIONAL CHART

GOVERNING BOARD



Catherine Miller

Reaching New Heights Together

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 List of Principal Officials

Governing Board

Dr. Libby Hart-Wells, PresidentZach Lindsay, Vice PresidentJulie Cieniawski, MemberCarine Werner, MemberAmy Carney, Member

Administrative Staff

Dr. Scott A. Menzel, Superintendent

Lea Mitchell, Assistant Superintendent of Educational Services

Dr. Milissa Sackos, Assistant Superintendent, Secondary Education

Margaret Serna, Executive Director, Elementary Education

Dr. Heather Cruz, Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources

Shannon Crosier, Chief Financial Officer

Nicholas Buzan, General Counsel

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Financial Section

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Independent Auditor's Report

Governing Board Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48

Report on Audit of Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for one year beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements. In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
 expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, and net pension liability information as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory Section and Statistical Section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on other work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 18, 2024, on our consideration of Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Heinfeld Meach & Co. PC

Heinfeld, Meech & Co., P.C. Scottsdale, Arizona December 18, 2024 (This page intentionally left blank)

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplementary Information)

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As management of the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 (District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The management's discussion and analysis is presented as required supplementary information to supplement the basic financial statements. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found in the introductory section of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The District's total net position of governmental activities decreased \$7.7 million which represents a three percent decrease from the prior fiscal year which was not a significant change.
- General revenues accounted for \$260.2 million in revenue, or 78 percent of all current fiscal year revenues. Program specific revenue in the form of charges for services and grants and contributions accounted for \$73.7 million or 22 percent of total current fiscal year revenues.
- The District had approximately \$341.6 million in expenses related to governmental activities, an increase of 15 percent from the prior fiscal year.
- Among major funds, the General Fund had \$215.4 million current fiscal year revenues, which primarily consisted of state aid and property taxes, and \$233.7 million in expenditures. The General Fund's fund balance decrease from \$62.5 million at the prior fiscal year end to \$43.3 million at the end of the current fiscal year was primarily a result of the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment.
- Net position for the Internal Service Funds decreased \$9.1 million from the prior fiscal year. Operating expenses of \$32.3 million exceeded operating revenues of \$22.9 million at the end of the current fiscal year.

Overview of Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. The accrual basis of accounting is used for the government-wide financial statements.

Overview of Financial Statements

The statement of net position presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences).

The government-wide financial statements outline functions of the District that are principally supported by property taxes and intergovernmental revenues. The governmental activities of the District include instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant services, student transportation services, operation of non-instructional services, and interest on long-term debt.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements use the modified accrual basis of accounting and focus on near-term inflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating the District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

Overview of Financial Statements

Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Other Special Revenue, Debt Service, and Other Capital Projects Funds, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements and schedules.

Proprietary funds. The District maintains one type of proprietary fund. The internal service funds is an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the District's various functions. The District uses its internal service fund to account for its insurance trust. Because this service predominantly benefits governmental functions, it has been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. The Insurance Trust, although a legally separate component unit, functions for all employees of the District, and therefore has been included as an internal service fund. Other internal service funds include (1) the Print Shop Fund which accounts for District charges to other departments for printing and copying services and (2) the Intergovernmental Agreements Fund which accounts for financial activities related to agreements with other governments where the District is the fiscal agent. Because these activities predominately benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The internal service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary fund financial statements.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found immediately following the basic financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the District's budget process and pension plan. The District adopts an annual expenditure budget for all governmental funds. A schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances — budget and actual has been provided for the General Fund and major Special Revenue Fund as required supplementary information. Schedules for the pension plan have been provided as required supplementary information.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

Net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$217.1 million at the current fiscal year end.

The largest portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land and improvements, buildings and improvements, vehicles, furniture and equipment and construction in progress), less any related outstanding debt used to acquire those assets. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to its students; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related outstanding debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. In addition, a portion of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance is unrestricted and may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations to its citizens and creditors.

The following table presents a summary of the District's net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

	As of June 30, 2024	As of June 30, 2023, As Restated
Current and other assets	\$ 234,574,200	\$ 244,481,400
Capital assets, net	551,583,800	533,686,987
Total assets	786,158,000	778,168,387
Deferred outflows	24,874,187	29,343,130
Current and other liabilities	57,355,719	24,165,875
Long-term liabilities	523,274,434	545,860,334
Total liabilities	580,630,153	570,026,209
Deferred inflows	13,274,875	12,634,510
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	209,442,381	198,544,599
Restricted	83,426,548	83,607,178
Unrestricted	(75,741,770)	(57,300,979)
Total net position	\$ 217,127,159	\$ 224,850,798

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District reported positive balances in two categories of net position however, unrestricted net position was in a deficit position. Unrestricted net position, which is normally used to meet the District's ongoing obligations reported a deficit of \$75.8 million. The deficit is due to the District's proportionate share of the state pension plan's unfunded liability. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The District's financial position is the product of several financial transactions including the net result of activities, the acquisition and payment of debt, the acquisition and disposal of capital assets, and the depreciation of capital assets. The following are significant current year transactions that had an impact on the Statement of Net Position.

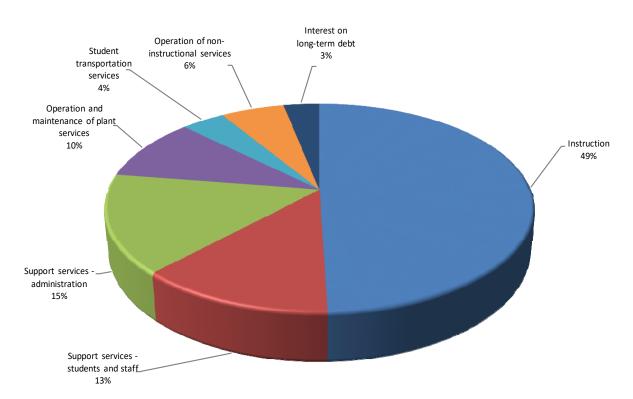
- The principal retirement of \$17.5 million of bonds and \$3.2 million of bond premium.
- The addition of \$47.2 million in capital assets through the rebuilding of schools, and other school improvements and purchases of vehicles, furniture and equipment.
- The increase of \$23.7 million in claims and judgments payables as a result of the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment.

Changes in net position. The District's total revenues for the current fiscal year were \$333.9 million. The total cost of all programs and services was \$341.6 million. The following table presents a summary of the changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024	Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023, As Restated
Revenues:		
Program revenues:		
Charges for services	\$ 21,241,179	\$ 22,494,240
Operating grants and contributions	29,578,404	34,416,465
Capital grants and contributions	22,898,230	2,448,916
General revenues:		
Property taxes	198,033,119	172,197,060
Investment income	4,384,703	3,087,747
Unrestricted state aid	55,193,269	48,566,055
Unrestricted federal aid	2,559,485	1,478,186
Total revenues	333,888,389	284,688,669
Expenses:	_	
Instruction	169,037,848	158,593,911
Support services - students and staff	43,186,299	39,661,112
Support services - administration	52,148,310	25,734,825
Operation and maintenance of plant services	33,656,058	30,168,333
Student transportation services	13,299,706	12,837,210
Operation of non-instructional services	19,478,088	18,595,934
Interest on long-term debt	10,805,719	11,590,928
Total expenses	341,612,028	297,182,253
Changes in net position	(7,723,639)	(12,493,584)
Net position, beginning	224,850,798	237,344,382
Net position, ending	\$ 217,127,159	\$ 224,850,798

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

The amount reported for expenses for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 have been restated due to the correction of an error. There was an error in the accrual of expenses in the Internal Service Funds. The ending net position was also adjusted as were the current assets and unrestricted net position reported on the prior page related to this correction. Additional information on this can be found in Note 15.



Expenses - Fiscal Year 2024

The following are significant current year transactions that have had an impact on the change in net position.

- The increase in property tax revenues of \$25.8 million was due to an increase in the net secondary assessed valuation of taxable property within the District.
- Capital grants and contributions increased \$20.4 million primarily due to increased grant funding from the School Facilities Board for school site renovations.
- An increase of \$26.4 million in support services administration expenses primarily due to the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment.

The following table presents the cost of the District's major functional activities. The table also shows each function's net cost (total cost less charges for services generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid provided for specific programs). The net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and District's taxpayers by each of these functions.

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

	Year Ended June 30, 2024		Year Ended June 30, 2023, As Restated			
	Total	Net (Expense)/ Total		Net (Expense)/ Total Net (t (Expense)/ Total	
	Expenses	Revenue	Expenses	Revenue		
Instruction	\$ 169,037,848	\$ (141,614,626)	\$ 158,593,911	\$ (130,802,743)		
Support services - students and staff	43,186,299	(38,200,680)	39,661,112	(32,227,973)		
Support services - administration	52,148,310	(51,975,556)	25,734,825	(25,599,614)		
Operation and maintenance of						
plant services	33,656,058	(12,579,124)	30,168,333	(27,527,879)		
Student transportation services	13,299,706	(13,279,610)	12,837,210	(12,814,016)		
Operation of non-instructional						
Services	19,478,088	(1,101,766)	18,595,934	825,325		
Interest on long-term debt	10,805,719	(9,142,853)	11,590,928	(9,675,732)		
Total	\$ 341,612,028	\$ (267,894,215)	\$ 297,182,253	\$ (237,822,632)		

- The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$341.6 million.
- Federal and State governments and charges for services subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions and other local revenues of \$73.7 million.
- Net cost of governmental activities of \$267.9 million was financed by general revenues, which are made up of primarily property taxes of \$198.0 million and state aid of \$55.2 million. Investment earnings accounted for \$4.4 million of funding.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds. As the District completed the year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$111.1 million, a decrease of \$42.3 million due primarily to an increase in expenses for support services – administration as a result of the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment as well as spending down previously issued bond proceeds.

Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

The General Fund comprises 39 percent of the total fund balance. Approximately \$34.3 million, or 79 percent of the General Fund's fund balance is unassigned.

The General Fund is the principal operating fund of the District. The decrease in fund balance of \$19.2 million to \$43.3 million as of fiscal year end was primarily a result of the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment. General Fund revenues increased \$22.2 million. General Fund expenditures increased \$35.8 million.

The fund balance decreased \$2.9 million in the Other Special Revenue Fund to \$18.3 million as of fiscal year end. The decrease was primarily a result of expenditures exceeding revenues.

The Debt Service Fund's fund balance decreased \$1.6 million primarily as a result of the District meeting debt service requirements.

The Other Capital Projects Fund's fund balance decreased \$2.9 million primarily due to the timing of grant reimbursements for the funding of school site renovations.

Proprietary funds. Unrestricted net position of the Internal Service Funds at the end of the fiscal year amounted to \$30.7 million. The decrease of \$9.1 million from the prior fiscal year was primarily due to an increase in insurance claims expenses.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revised the General Fund annual expenditure budget for changes in salaries and wages. The difference between the original budget and the final amended budget was a \$709,546 increase, or less than one percent.

Significant variances for the final amended budget and actual revenues resulted from the District not being required by the State of Arizona to prepare a revenue budget. A schedule showing the original and final budget amounts compared to the District's actual financial activity for the General Fund is provided in this report as required supplementary information. The significant favorable variance of \$10.6 million in instruction expenditures and \$3.5 million in expenditures for operation and maintenance of plant services was a result of less than expected expenditures primarily due to vacancies.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. At year end, the District had invested \$942.7 million in capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, buses and other vehicles, computers, and other equipment. This amount represents a net increase prior to depreciation of \$41.9 million from the prior fiscal year, primarily due to the rebuilding of various school sites. Total depreciation expense for the current fiscal year was \$28.9 million.

The following schedule presents a summary of capital asset balances for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023.

	As of		As of	
	June 30, 2024		Ju	ne 30, 2023
Capital assets - non-depreciable	\$	43,079,052	\$	59,270,406
Capital assets - depreciable, net		508,504,748		474,416,581
Total	\$	551,583,800	\$	533,686,987

The estimated cost to complete current construction projects is \$1.3 million.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note 7.

Debt Administration. At year end, the District had \$328.0 million in long-term debt outstanding, \$21.0 million due within one year. Long-term debt decreased by \$23.8 million due to the District meeting debt service requirements.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits; the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds (up to 30 percent of the total net full cash assessed valuation) and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds (the greater of 20 percent of the net full cash assessed valuation or \$1,500 per student). The current total debt limitation for the District is \$3.1 billion and the Class B debt limit is \$2.1 billion, which are more than the District's total outstanding general obligation and Class B debt, respectively.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note 10 through 12.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

Many factors were considered by the District's administration during the process of developing the fiscal year 2024-25 budget. Among them:

- Fiscal year 2023-24 budget balance carry forward (estimated \$19.5 million).
- District student population (estimated 19,404).
- Two percent increase in average teacher salary from the prior year.
- Actual 2023-24 expenditures for Desegregation and Dropout Prevention Programs.

Also considered in the development of the budget is the local economy and inflation of the surrounding area.

Budgeted expenditures in the General Fund remained stable at \$192.8 million in fiscal year 2024-25. Decreased expenditures for purchased services is the primary reason for the decrease. State aid and property taxes are expected to be the primary funding sources. No new programs were added to the 2024-25 budget.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the resources it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact the Finance Department, Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48, 7575 East Main Street, Scottsdale, Arizona 85251.

Basic Financial Statements

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Government-Wide Financial Statements

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Current assets:	å 100 001 010
Cash and investments	\$ 182,931,940
Deposits Accounts receivable	202,139
Accounts receivable Property taxes receivable	2,224,677 3,923,498
Due from governmental entities	18,608,526
Inventory	1,042,172
Leases receivable	1,851,319
Total current assets	210,784,271
Noncurrent assets:	
Cash and investments - restricted	17,787,935
Net other postemployment benefit plan assets	6,001,994
Capital assets not being depreciated	43,079,052
Capital assets, net accumulated depreciation	508,504,748
Total noncurrent assets	
Total assets	575,373,729
Total assets	786,158,000
Deferred outflows of resources	742.000
Deferred charge on refunding	712,833
Pension plan items	23,693,836
Other postemployment benefit plan items Total deferred outflows of resources	467,518
lotal deferred outflows of resources	24,874,187
Liabilities	
Current liabilities:	22.450.240
Accounts payable	22,458,218
Claims payable	180,572
Accrued payroll and employee benefits Unearned revenues	3,754,405
Claims and judgments payable	984,042
Compensated absences payable	23,749,224 2,683,598
Financed purchases payable	2,913,820
Bonds payable	18,080,000
Accrued interest payable	6,409,830
Total current liabilities	81,213,709
Noncurrent liabilities: Non-current portion of long-term obligations	499,416,444
Total noncurrent liabilities	499,416,444
Total liabilities	580,630,153
Deferred inflows of resources	
Pension plan items	8,881,860
Other postemployment benefit plan items	2,633,468
Leases	1,759,547
Total deferred inflows of resources	13,274,875
Net position	
Net investment in capital assets	209,442,381
Restricted for:	
Instruction	35,736,628
Food service	6,705,305
Civic activities	5,407,887
Non-instructional purposes	3,955,432
Debt service	19,288,857
Capital outlay	6,330,445
Other postemployment benefit plan assets	6,001,994
Unrestricted	(75,741,770)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net (Expense)
Revenue and
Changes in Net

			Program Revenue					Position		
					Оре	erating Grants	Ca	apital Grants		
			Charges for Services		and Contributions		and Contributions		G	overnmental
Functions/Programs		Expenses								Activities
Governmental activities										
Instruction	\$	169,037,848	\$	8,983,484	\$	15,734,690	\$	2,705,048	\$	(141,614,626)
Support services - students and staff		43,186,299				4,985,619				(38,200,680)
Support services - administration		52,148,310				172,754				(51,975,556)
Operation and maintenance of plant services		33,656,058		875,993		7,759		20,193,182		(12,579,124)
Student transportation services		13,299,706			20,096				(13,279,610)	
Operation of non-instructional services		19,478,088		11,381,702		6,994,620				(1,101,766)
Interest on long-term debt		10,805,719				1,662,866				(9,142,853)
Total governmental activities	\$	341,612,028	\$	21,241,179	\$	29,578,404	\$	22,898,230		(267,894,215)
	Ge	neral revenues								
	Р	roperty taxes								198,033,119
	Ir	nvestment inco	ne							4,384,703
	U	Inrestricted stat	e ai	d						55,193,269
	U	Inrestricted fed	eral	aid						2,559,485
		Total general r	eve	nues						260,170,576
	Cha	anges in net po	sitio	on						(7,723,639)
	Ne	t position, begi	nnin	ng of year, pre	vious	sly reported				232,354,531
	Adj	justments to be	ginr	ning net positio	n					(7,503,733)
	Ne	Net position, beginning of year, as restated					_	224,850,798		
	Ne	t position, end	of y	ear					<u>\$</u>	217,127,159

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Fund Financial Statements

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

		General	C	Other Special Revenue		ebt Service	O	ther Capital
	-	General	-	Revenue		ebt Service		Projects
Assets Cash and investments	\$	66,827,233	Ċ	19,299,490	Ċ	25,475,663	Ļ	5,776,409
Cash and investments - restricted	Ş	00,827,233	Ş	19,299,490	\$	17,787,935	\$	5,776,409
Deposits						17,767,933		
Accounts receivable		109,030		53,926				
Property taxes receivable		3,408,309		33,320		515,189		
Due from governmental entities		5,656,239		1,123,521		313,103		6,469,473
Due from other funds		85,982		1,123,321				0,103,173
Inventory		771,386						
Leases receivable		1,851,319						
Total assets	\$	78,709,498	\$	20,476,937	\$	43,778,787	\$	12,245,882
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	5,836,810	\$	689,798	\$		\$	13,229,078
Due to other funds								85,982
Accrued payroll and employee benefits		2,403,764		313,856				
Unearned revenues								
Claims and judgments payable		23,749,224						
Bonds payable						18,080,000		
Bond interest payable						6,409,830		
Total liabilities		31,989,798		1,003,654		24,489,830		13,315,060
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenues - property taxes		1,673,389				245,025		
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental				1,123,521				
Leases		1,759,547						
Total deferred inflows of resources		3,432,936		1,123,521		245,025		
Fund balances								
Nonspendable		771,386						
Restricted		8,176,114		18,349,762		19,043,932		
Unassigned		34,339,264	_					(1,069,178)
Total fund balances		43,286,764		18,349,762		19,043,932		(1,069,178)
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	78,709,498	\$	20,476,937	\$	43,778,787	\$	12,245,882

_	Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Funds		Funds
\$	34,241,440	\$	151,620,235 17,787,935
	202,139		202,139
	310,585		473,541 3,923,498
	5,359,293		18,608,526 85,982
	270,786		1,042,172 1,851,319
\$	40,384,243	\$	195,595,347
\$	2,702,532	\$	22,458,218
			85,982
	1,036,785		3,754,405
	984,042		984,042
			23,749,224
			18,080,000
			6,409,830
	4,723,359		75,521,701
			1 010 414
	4 100 F20		1,918,414
	4,190,539		5,314,060 1,759,547
_	4,190,539	_	8,992,021
	4,130,333	_	0,332,021
	270,786		1,042,172
	31,199,559		76,769,367
			33,270,086
	31,470,345		111,081,625
	_		
\$	40,384,243	\$	195,595,347

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Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds			\$ 111,081,625
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation/amortization		,695,275 ,111,475)	FE1 F92 900
Some receivables are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenues in the funds.			551,583,800
Property taxes Intergovernmental		,918,414 ,314,060	7 222 474
The Net OPEB asset is not a current financial resource and, therefore, is not reported in the funds.			7,232,474 6,001,994
Deferred items related to the refunding of bonds are amortized over the life of the associated bond issue in the government-wide statements but not reported in the funds.			712,833
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions/OPEB		,161,354 ,515,328)	
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance and other services to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities			12,646,026
of the Internal Service Fund are included in the Statement of Net Position. Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			30,687,269
Compensated absences payable Financed purchases payable Bonds payable Net pension liability	(17 (292	,734,391) ,829,804) ,071,015) ,183,652)	
			 (502,818,862)
Net position of governmental activities			\$ 217,127,159

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Federal and State Grants	Other Special Revenue	Debt Service
Revenues	General	Grants	Revenue	Debt Service
Other local	\$ 6,886,052		\$ 13,170,558	\$ 1,077,773
Property taxes	170,856,562		7 13,170,330	26,508,262
State aid and grants	35,050,356		21,683	_0,500,_0_
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements	2,559,485		,	1,457,319
Total revenues	215,352,455		13,192,241	29,043,354
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	95,773,547		5,024,817	
Support services - students and staff	29,041,807		882,633	
Support services - administration	46,308,555		350,391	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	29,430,452		2,197,437	
Student transportation services	8,541,411		962,486	
Operation of non-instructional services	697,675		6,359,820	
Capital outlay	23,913,954		334,606	
Debt service:				
Principal retirement				18,080,000
Interest and fiscal charges				12,822,760
Total expenditures	233,707,401		16,112,190	30,902,760
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(18,354,946)		(2,919,949)	(1,859,406)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers in	1,183,205			210,949
Transfers out	(2,225,433)			,
Insurance recoveries	156,710			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	72,933			
Total other financing sources (uses)	(812,585)			210,949
3				
Changes in fund balances	(19,167,531)		(2,919,949)	(1,648,457)
Fund balances, beginning of year, previously reported Adjustments to beginning fund balances	62,454,295	4,612,921 (4,612,921)	21,269,711	20,692,389
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated	62,454,295		21,269,711	20,692,389
Fund balances, end of year	\$ 43,286,764	\$	\$ 18,349,762	\$ 19,043,932

		Non-Major	Total
	Other Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Bond Building	Projects	Funds	Funds
	\$ 458,287	\$ 5,916,116	\$ 27,508,786
			197,364,824
	19,699,832	22,524,029	77,295,900
	205,547	25,265,780	29,488,131
	20,363,666	53,705,925	331,657,641
		28,653,840	129,452,204
		11,218,881	41,143,321
		679,034	47,337,980
		70,572	31,698,461
		49,768	9,553,665
	24 720 546	11,191,864	18,249,359
	21,720,546	16,101,109	62,070,215
	3,103,301		21,183,301
	676,229		13,498,989
	25,500,076	67,965,068	374,187,495
	(5,136,410)	(14,259,143)	(42,529,854)
	2 225 422		2 640 507
	2,225,433	(4.204.454)	3,619,587
		(1,394,154)	(3,619,587)
			156,710
		(72,933
·	2,225,433	(1,394,154)	229,643
	(2,910,977)	(15,653,297)	(42,300,211)
15,382,170		28,970,350	153,381,836
(15,382,170)	1,841,799	18,153,292	•
	1,841,799	47,123,642	153,381,836
\$	\$ (1,069,178)	\$ 31,470,345	\$ 111,081,625

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$ (42,300,211)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:		
Governmental funds report the portion of capital outlay for capitalized assets as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the costs of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense.		
Expenditures for capitalized assets Less current year depreciation/amortization	\$ 47,249,447 (28,880,366)	18,369,081
Some revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.		13,303,001
Property taxes Intergovernmental	668,295 1,332,810	2,001,105
Repayments of long-term debt principal are expenditures in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.		2,001,103
Financed purchase principal retirement Bond principal retirement	3,103,301 18,080,000	21,183,301
Governmental funds report pension/OPEB contributions as expenditures. However, they are reported as deferred outflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position. The change in the net pension/OPEB liability, adjusted for deferred items, is reported as pension/OPEB expense in the Statement of Activities.		21,163,301
Current year pension/OPEB contributions Pension/OPEB expense	18,831,790 (17,745,563)	
Some expenses reported in the Statement of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds.		1,086,227
Deferred bond items on issuance of refunding debt Loss on disposal of assets Amortization of deferred bond items	(503,001) (472,268) 3,196,272	
Compensated absences	(1,146,449)	1,074,554
The Internal Service Fund is used by management to charge the cost of insurance and other services to the individual funds. The changes in net position of the Internal Service		, ,
Fund is reported with governmental activities in the Statement of Activities.		 (9,137,696)
Changes in net position in governmental activities		\$ (7,723,639)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Net Position Proprietary Funds June 30, 2024

	G	overnmental Activities
	Int	ernal Service
		Funds
Assets		
Current assets:		
Cash and investments	\$	31,311,705
Accounts receivable		1,751,136
Total current assets		33,062,841
Total assets		33,062,841
Liabilities		
Current liabilities:		
Claims payable		180,572
Total current liabilities		180,572
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Non-current portion of long-term obligations		2,195,000
Total noncurrent liabilities		2,195,000
Total liabilities	_	2,375,572
Net position		
Unrestricted		30,687,269
Total net position	\$	30,687,269

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities		
	Internal Service		
	Funds		
Operating revenues			
Other local	\$	928,487	
Contributions		21,986,463	
Total operating revenues		22,914,950	
Operating expenses			
Claims		21,179,295	
Adjustment to prior year claims reserves		24,289	
Premiums		7,925,506	
Administrative fees		1,373,776	
Cost of services		1,213,803	
Other		624,806	
Total operating expenses		32,341,475	
Operating income (loss)		(9,426,525)	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)			
Investment income		288,829	
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)		288,829	
Changes in net position		(9,137,696)	
Net position, beginning of year, previously reported		47,328,698	
Adjustments to beginning net position		(7,503,733)	
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	_	39,824,965	
Net position, end of year	\$	30,687,269	

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities	
	In	ternal Service
		Funds
Increase/Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Cash flows from operating activities		
Cash received from contributions	\$	21,683,747
Cash received from other sources		928,487
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(11,284,922)
Cash payments for claims		(21,071,817)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities		(9,744,505)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment income		288,829
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments		9,915,331
Net cash provided by/used for investing activities	_	10,204,160
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		459,655
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year, as restated		4,551,945
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	5,011,600
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement of Net Position		
Cash and investments	\$	31,311,705
Less investments not maturing in less than three months		26,300,105
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,011,600
Reconciliation of Operating Income/Loss to Net Cash Provided by/Used for Operating Activities		
Operating income/loss	\$	(9,426,525)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income/loss	·	(-, -,,
to net cash provided by/used for operating activities:		
Changes in assets and liabilities:		
Increase/decrease in accounts receivable		(302,716)
Increase/decrease in accounts payable		(147,031)
Increase/decrease in claims payable		131,767
Total adjustments	_	(317,980)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities	\$	(9,744,505)

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to government units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

The more significant of the District's accounting policies are described below.

A. Reporting Entity

The Governing Board is organized under Section 15-321 of the Arizona Revised Statutes (A.R.S.). Management of the District is independent of other state or local governments. The County Treasurer collects taxes for the District, but exercises no control over its expenditures/expenses.

The membership of the Governing Board consists of five members elected by the public. Under existing statutes, the Governing Board's duties and powers include, but are not limited to, the acquisition, maintenance and disposition of school property; the development and adoption of a school program; and the establishment, organization and operation of schools.

The Board also has broad financial responsibilities, including the approval of the annual budget, and the establishment of a system of accounting and budgetary controls.

The financial reporting entity consists of a primary government and its component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity that must be included in the reporting entity in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The District is a primary government because it is a special-purpose government that has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate, and is fiscally independent of other state or local governments. Furthermore, the component unit combined with the District for financial statement presentation purposes, and the District, are not included in any other governmental reporting entity. Consequently, the District's financial statements include only the funds of those organizational entities for which its elected governing board is financially accountable. The District's major operations include education, student transportation, construction and maintenance of District facilities, food services, bookstore, and athletic functions.

<u>Blended Component Unit</u> – Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the District's operations. The Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Insurance Trust is responsible for providing health insurance for the District employees. The District's Governing Board appoints the Trust's Board of Directors. The Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Insurance Trust provides services entirely to the District and therefore has been included as an Internal Service Fund in accordance with the criteria established by GASB.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Complete audited financial statements for the component unit may be obtained at the Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48's administrative offices at 7575 East Main Street, Scottsdale, Arizona 85251.

B. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) present financial information about the District as a whole. The reported information includes all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component unit. For the most part, the effect of internal activity has been removed from these statements. These statements are to distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, and are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. The District does not have any business-type activities or fiduciary activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to programs of functions. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes, unrestricted federal, state aid, and other items not included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

<u>Government-Wide Financial Statements</u> — The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. As a general rule, the effect of internal activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, the effects of interfund services provided and used between functions are reported as expenses and program revenues at amounts approximating their external exchange value.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Fund Financial Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. As permitted by generally accepted accounting principles the District applies the "early recognition" option for debt service payments. Property tax resources are provided in the Debt Service Fund during the current year for the payment of debt service principal and interest due early in the following year (less than one month). Therefore, the expenditures and related liabilities have been recognized in the current period. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuances of long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes, state aid, tuition and investment income associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Food services and miscellaneous revenues are not susceptible to accrual because generally they are not measurable until received in cash. Grants and similar awards are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the grantor or provider have been met. Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider.

Delinquent property taxes and other receivables that will not be collected within the available period have been reported as unavailable revenues on the governmental fund financial statements.

The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service funds are presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> – The General Fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all resources used to finance District maintenance and operation except those required to be accounted for in other funds. The General Fund includes the District's Maintenance and Operation Fund and the Unrestricted Capital Outlay Fund, as well as certain activities budgeted in separate funds in accordance with A.R.S. These funds are maintained as separate funds for budgetary purposes but do not meet the criteria for separate reporting in the financial statements.

Other Special Revenue Fund – The Other Special Revenue Fund accounts for the revenues and expenditures of other special revenue activities, including the following: civic center, community school, extracurricular activities fees tax credit, career technical education, and student activities.

<u>Debt Service Fund</u> – The Debt Service Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

<u>Other Capital Projects Funds</u> – The Other Capital Projects Fund account for the revenues and expenditures of other capital projects activities, including the following: energy and water savings and building renewal grant.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> — The Proprietary Funds are Internal Service Funds that account for activities related to the District's self-insurance program, the operation of the print shop, and activities related to intergovernmental agreements.

The Proprietary Fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting and are presented in a single column.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the District's internal service funds are charges for insurance benefits and charges to District departments for goods and services. Operating expenses for internal service funds include the cost of goods and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation/amortization on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

D. Cash and Investments

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents at year end were cash in bank, investments, and cash and investments held by the County Treasurer.

A.R.S. require the District to deposit all cash with the County Treasurer, except as discussed below. Cash with the County Treasurer is pooled for investment purposes, except for cash of the Debt Service and Bond Building Funds that may be invested separately. Interest earned from investments purchased with pooled monies is allocated to each of the District's funds based on their average balances. As required by statute, interest earnings of the Bond Building Fund are recorded initially in that fund, but then transferred to the Debt Service Fund. All investments are stated at fair value.

Statute authorizes the District to separately invest monies of the Bond Building and Debt Service Funds in the State Treasurer's investment pools; obligations issued and guaranteed by the United States or any of its agencies or instrumentalities; specified state and local government bonds and notes; and interest bearing savings accounts or certificates of deposit.

Statute authorizes the District to deposit monies of the Auxiliary Operations and Student Activities and Insurance Trust Funds in bank accounts. Monies in these funds may also be invested. In addition, statute authorizes the District to maintain various bank accounts such as clearing accounts to temporarily deposit receipts before they are transmitted to the County Treasurer; revolving accounts to pay minor disbursements; and withholdings accounts for taxes and employee insurance programs. Some of these bank accounts may be interest bearing.

Statute does not include any requirements for credit risk, concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, or foreign currency risk. Arizona statute requires a pooled collateral program for public deposits and a Statewide Collateral Pool Administrator (Administrator) in the State Treasurer's Office. The purpose of the pooled collateral program is to ensure that governmental entities' public deposits placed in participating depositories are secured with collateral of 102 percent of the public deposits, less any applicable federal depository insurance. An eligible depository may not retain or accept any public deposit unless it has deposited the required collateral with a qualified escrow agent or the Administrator. The Administrator manages the pooled collateral program, including reporting on each depository's compliance with the program.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Certain resources set aside for the repayment of debt are classified as cash and investments – restricted on the statement of net position/balance sheet, because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants. A trust account, recorded in the Debt Service Fund, is used to segregate resources accumulated for future debt service payments.

E. Investment Income

Investment income is composed of interest, dividends, and net changes in the fair value of applicable investments. Investment income is included in other local revenue in the governmental fund financial statements and in nonoperating revenues in the proprietary fund financial statements.

F. Receivables and Payables

Activity between funds that is representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year is referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Interfund balances between governmental funds are eliminated on the Statement of Net Position.

All receivables, including property taxes receivable, are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles.

G. Property Tax Calendar

The County Treasurer is responsible for collecting property taxes for all governmental entities within the county. The county levies real and personal property taxes on or before the third Monday in August that become due and payable in two equal installments. The first installment is due on the first day of October and becomes delinquent after the first business day of November. The second installment is due on the first day of March of the next year and becomes delinquent after the first business day of May.

Pursuant to A.R.S., a lien against assessed real and personal property attaches on the first day of January preceding assessment and levy; however according to case law, an enforceable legal claim to the asset does not arise.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

H. Inventory

All inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. Inventories consist of expendable supplies held for consumption. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

The United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodity portion of the food services inventory consists of food donated by the USDA. It is valued at estimated market prices paid by the USDA.

I. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

J. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land and improvements; buildings and improvements; vehicles, furniture, and equipment; construction in progress; and intangible right-to-use assets, are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost in excess of \$5,000 and an estimated useful life of more than one year. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized.

Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of the asset. Intangible right-to-use assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease/subscription term or the underlying asset's useful life. The estimated useful lives and amortization periods are as follows:

Land improvements5-20 yearsBuildings and improvements7-75 yearsVehicles, furniture and equipment5-20 years

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position may report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

L. Compensated Absences

The District's employee vacation and sick leave policies generally provide for granting vacation and sick leave with pay in varying amounts. Only benefits considered vested are recognized in the financial statements. The liability for vacation and sick leave is reported in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee leave, resignations and retirements. Generally, resources from the General Fund are used to pay for compensated absences.

M. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, related deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position and additions to/deductions from the plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Deferred amounts on refunding result from the difference between the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.

Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

O. Interfund Activity

Flows of cash from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers between governmental funds are eliminated in the Statement of Activities. Interfund transfers in the fund financial statements are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after nonoperating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds.

P. Net Position Flow Assumption

In the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements the District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted amounts are available.

Q. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Note 2 – Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balances of the governmental funds are reported separately within classifications based on a hierarchy of the constraints placed on the use of those resources. The classifications are based on the relative strength of the constraints that control how the specific amounts can be spent. The classifications are nonspendable, restricted, and unrestricted, which includes committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance classifications.

Nonspendable. The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Note 2 - Fund Balance Classifications

Restricted. Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed. The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Governing Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of committed fund balance, accordingly, no committed fund balance amounts are reported.

Assigned. Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the General Fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the General Fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the Governing Board or a management official delegated that authority by the formal Governing Board action. The District does not have a formal policy or procedures for the utilization of assigned fund balance, accordingly, no assigned fund balance amounts are reported.

Unassigned. Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the General Fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

The District applies restricted resources first when outlays are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

Note 2 – Fund Balance Classifications

The table below provides detail of the major components of the District's fund balance classifications at year end.

							ſ	Non-Major
		О	ther Special		Ot	ther Capital	Go	vernmental
	 General		Revenue	 Debt Service	Projects		Funds	
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable:								
Inventory	\$ 771,386	\$		\$	\$		\$	270,786
Restricted:								
Debt service				19,043,932				
Capital projects	6,287,732							42,713
Bond building projects								3,286,202
Classroom site								19,010,969
Instructional improvement								1,714,896
Federal and state projects								710,260
Food service								6,434,519
Civic center			5,407,887					
Community schools			3,749,765					
Extracurricular activities			3,873,995					
Insurance refund			203,149					
Career technical education			2,267,782					
Student activities			2,150,087					
Other purposes	1,888,382		697,097					
Unassigned	 34,339,264			 		(1,069,178)		
Total fund balances	\$ 43,286,764	\$	18,349,762	\$ 19,043,932	\$	(1,069,178)	\$	31,470,345

Note 3 – Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

<u>Individual Deficit Fund Balance/Net Position</u> – At year end, the Other Capital Projects Fund reported a deficit in fund balance of \$1,069,178.

The deficit arose because of operations during the year and prior years because of pending grant reimbursements. Additional revenues received in fiscal year 2024-25 are expected to eliminate the deficit.

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits. Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of bank failure the District's deposits may not be returned to the District. The District does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At year end, the carrying amount of the District's deposits was \$5,362,348 and the bank balance was \$7,882,457. At year end, \$7,382,457 of the District's deposits were covered by collateral held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. The District also had \$316,545 of cash with the Trustee at year end.

Fair Value Measurements. The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets
- Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs
- Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs

Valuation Techniques. Equity securities classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued using prices quoted in active markets for those securities.

The County Treasurer's and Kairos investment pools are external investment pools with no regulatory oversight. The pools are not required to register (and are not registered) with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The fair value of each participants' position in the investment pools approximates the value of the participants' shares in the pool and the participants' shares are not identified with specific investments. Participants in the pools are not required to categorize the value of shares in accordance with the fair value hierarchy.

All investments in which the fair value hierarchy is applicable are measured at fair value on a recurring basis. At year end, the District's investments consisted of the following:

			nvestment Mat	uritie	s (in Years)	
Investment Type	Category	 Fair Value		Less than 1		1-5
Money Market	Level 1	\$ 16,579,809	\$	16,579,809	\$	
U.S. Treasury Notes and Bonds	Level 1	17,471,390				17,471,390
U.S. Agencies	Level 2	3,885,273		2,449,083		1,436,190
Certificates of Deposit	Level 1	7,680,052		3,459,420		4,220,632
			\$	22,488,312	\$	23,128,212
County Treasurer's investment pool	Not applicable	147,407,900	365	days		
Kairos investment pool	Not applicable	 2,016,558	.53 y	ears		
Total		\$ 195,040,982				

Note 4 – Cash and Investments

Interest Rate Risk. The District does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

Credit Risk. The District has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices. As of year end, the District's investment in the County Treasurer's investment pool did not receive a credit quality rating from a national rating agency. The District's investments in U.S. agencies were rated AAA by Moody's Investors Service and AA+ by Standard & Poor's.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments. The District's investment in the County Treasurer's investment pool and Kairos Investment Pool represents a proportionate interest in the pool's portfolio; however, the District's portion is not identified with specific investments and is not subject to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk. The District places no limit on the amount the District may invest in any one issuer. More than five percent of the District's investments are in U.S. Treasuries and Bonds, Certificates of Deposit and Federal Home Loan Bank. These investments are 38 percent, 17 percent and eight percent of the District's total investments, respectively.

Note 5 - Receivables

Receivable balances, net of allowance for uncollectibles, have been disaggregated by type and presented separately in the financial statements with the exception of due from governmental entities. Due from governmental entities, net of allowance for uncollectibles, as of year end for the District's individual major funds and non-major governmental funds in the aggregate were as follows:

							N	Ion-Major	
			C	Other Special	0	ther Capital	Go	vernmental	
	General			Revenue		Projects	Funds		
Due from other governmental entities:									
Due from federal government	\$	119,590	\$		\$		\$	4,570,919	
Due from state government		5,536,649				6,469,473		788,374	
Due from other districts				1,123,521					
Net due from governmental entities	\$	5,656,239	\$	1,123,521	\$	6,469,473	\$	5,359,293	

Note 6 – Leases Receivable

The District leases telecommunication towers, land, and building space under the provisions of contracts classified as leases. The related receivables under the lease agreements have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date. Lease revenue of \$414,003 and related interest revenue of \$32,644 are recorded as other local revenue in the General Fund and Other Special Revenue Fund.

Future minimum lease payments to be received under the lease agreements at year end are summarized as follows:

Year Ending June 30):		
2025	\$	2	33,445
2026		2	16,947
2027		1	76,376
2028		1	48,984
2029		1.	50,135
2030-3	4	6	80,485
2035-3	9	2	22,366
2040-4	4	1	24,642
2045-4	.9	!	90,774
2050-5	_	-	64,420
Total	9	2,1	08,574

`Note 7 – Capital Assets

A summary of capital asset activity for the current fiscal year follows:

		Beginning					Ending
Governmental Activities	al Activities Balance Increase Decr		Decrease	Balance			
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	25,458,720	\$	\$		\$	25,458,720
Construction in progress		33,811,686	 17,253,515		33,444,869		17,620,332
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		59,270,406	 17,253,515		33,444,869		43,079,052
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Land improvements		53,738,199	5,180,929		294,615		58,624,513
Buildings and improvements		753,652,158	52,768,668		2,650,556		803,770,270
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		34,131,274	 5,491,204		2,401,038		37,221,440
Total capital assets being depreciated		841,521,631	63,440,801		5,346,209		899,616,223
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Land improvements		(17,462,581)	(2,703,127)		(202,659)		(19,963,049)
Buildings and improvements		(324,429,642)	(23,598,036)		(2,277,225)		(345,750,453)
Vehicles, furniture and equipment		(25,212,827)	 (2,579,203)		(2,394,057)		(25,397,973)
Total accumulated depreciation		(367,105,050)	(28,880,366)		(4,873,941)		(391,111,475)
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		474,416,581	 34,560,435		472,268		508,504,748
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	533,686,987	\$ 51,813,950	\$	33,917,137	\$	551,583,800

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 26,448,526
Support services – students and staff	81,370
Support services – administration	598,553
Operation and maintenance of plant services	373,565
Student transportation services	635,285
Operation of non-instructional services	 743,067
Total depreciation expense – governmental activities	\$ 28,880,366

<u>Construction Commitments</u> – At year end, the District had contractual commitments related to various capital projects for the rebuilding of various school sites. At year end the District had spent \$17.6 million on the projects and had estimated remaining contractual commitments of \$1.3 million. These projects are being funded with bond proceeds and monies from the Building Renewal Grant Fund.

Note 8 – Claims and Judgments Payable

During fiscal year 2023-24, the District received notice that the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment had been finalized by the Tax Court. The District, along with all taxing districts in Maricopa County, was affected by the judgment. The Tax Court ruling spanned multiple tax years and, in most cases, resulted in a decrease to the Limited Property Value along with a corresponding refund to individual taxpayers.

As a result of the judgment, the County Treasurer's Office published the estimated financial impact for all taxing districts. This amount is reported as a claims and judgments payable in the District's General Fund. It is expected that the liability will be paid in the next fiscal year.

Note 9 – Short Term Debt – Revolving Line of Credit

The District has a revolving line of credit to provide cash flow during the year to mitigate the impact of timing differences of expenditures and the receipt of state aid and property tax revenues. At year end, the District had \$24.0 million in unused line of credit.

Note 10 – Financed Purchases Payable

The District has acquired energy upgrades under the provisions of contracts classified as financed purchases payables. Revenues from the General Fund are transferred to the Other Capital Projects Fund to pay the debt obligations when due. The District also receives a federal interest subsidy to fund the interest payments for the District-wide energy project.

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on financed purchases payable at year end are summarized as follows:

	Governmental Activities								
Year ending June 30:		Principal	Interest						
2025	\$	2,913,820	\$	557,432					
2026		2,769,215		453,989					
2027		2,872,489		354,284					
2028		2,959,828		251,426					
2029		2,143,284		145,759					
2030-32		4,171,168		198,173					
Total	\$	17,829,804	\$	1,961,063					

Note 11 – General Obligation Bonds Payable

Bonds payable at year end consisted of the following outstanding general obligation bonds. The bonds are both callable and noncallable with interest payable semiannually. Property taxes from the Debt Service Fund are used to pay bonded debt. The District's legal debt limit is \$3.1 billion and the available margin is \$2.8 billion. In addition, a portion of the District's school improvements bonds are Qualified Build America Bonds (BABS). The District receives a direct subsidy payment from the United States of America for a portion of the interest payment due on the bonds.

		Original			(Outstanding	
		Amount	Interest	Remaining		Principal	Due Within
Purpose	Issued		Rates	Maturities	June 30, 2024		 One Year
Governmental activities:							
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2010 Series A-2	\$	25,000,000	6.21%	7/1/28	\$	25,000,000	\$
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2010 Series A-3		24,000,000	5.73-6.41%	7/1/25-30		24,000,000	
Refunding Bonds, Series 2016		28,050,000	1.75-3.00%	7/1/2024		3,130,000	3,130,000
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2016, Series A		39,635,000	2.50-5.00%	7/1/24-31		31,385,000	800,000
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2016, Series B		42,745,000	2.00-5.00%	7/1/25-33		32,045,000	
Refunding Bonds, Series 2017		47,080,000	2.00-4.00%	7/1/24-31		44,480,000	1,400,000
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2016, Series C		54,490,000	2.00-5.00%	7/1/24-38		54,490,000	2,600,000
Refunding Bonds, Series 2020		9,020,000	5.00%	7/1/2024		8,150,000	8,150,000
School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2016, Series D		61,655,000	3.00-4.00%	7/1/24-37		60,655,000	 2,000,000
Total					\$	283,335,000	\$ 18,080,000

Annual debt service requirements to maturity on general obligation bonds at year end are summarized as follows:

		Governmental Activities							
Year ending June 30:		Principal	Interest						
2025	\$	18,080,000	\$	12,458,460					
2026		16,470,000		11,684,330					
2027		10,841,595							
2028		9,989,560							
2029		43,500,000		8,309,525					
2030-34		111,355,000		21,875,695					
2035-38		59,165,000		3,432,325					
Total	\$	283,335,000	\$	78,591,490					

Note 11 - General Obligation Bonds Payable

The School Improvement Bonds, Project of 2010, Series A-2 has a sinking fund requirement annually through July 1, 2028. The District is required to contribute \$1,481,250 (less any interest earned) to the sinking fund annually. The sinking fund is held in investments in the District's name and, therefore, the balance of those investments is reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet of the Governmental Funds as restricted assets. The principal balance (\$25,000,000) is reported as a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Position, until the bonds mature and are redeemed (July 1, 2028). Interest on the outstanding principal balance is due semi-annually (January 1 and July 1).

Note 12 - Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the current fiscal year was as follows:

		Beginning					Ending	- 1	Due Within
		Balance	 Additions Reducti		Reductions	Balance			One Year
Governmental activities:									
Bonds payable:									
General obligation bonds	\$	300,795,000	\$	\$	17,460,000	\$	283,335,000	\$	18,080,000
Premium		30,012,287	 		3,196,272		26,816,015		
Total bonds payable	_	330,807,287			20,656,272	_	310,151,015		18,080,000
Financed purchases payable		20,933,105			3,103,301		17,829,804		2,913,820
Net pension liability		182,288,195			104,543		182,183,652		
Claims payable		2,243,805	21,203,584		21,071,817		2,375,572		180,572
Compensated absences payable		9,587,942	 3,983,412		2,836,963		10,734,391		2,683,598
Total long-term liabilities	\$	545,860,334	\$ 25,186,996	\$	47,772,896	\$	523,274,434	\$	23,857,990

Note 13 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

At year end, interfund balances were as follows:

Due to/from other funds — At year end, the Other Capital Projects Fund, a non-major governmental fund, had a negative cash balance of \$85,982 in the Treasurer's pooled cash accounts. Negative cash on deposit with the County Treasurer was reduced by interfund borrowing with the General Fund. All interfund balances are expected to be paid within one year.

Note 13 – Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Interfund transfers:

	 Transfers in										
	Other Capital										
Transfers out	 General	De	ebt Service		Projects		Total				
General	\$	\$		\$	2,225,433	\$	2,225,433				
Non-Major Governmental Funds	 1,183,205		210,949				1,394,154				
Total	\$ 1,183,205	\$	210,949	\$	2,225,433	\$	3,619,587				

Transfers between funds were used to (1) move investment income earned in the Bond Building Fund that is required by statute to be expended in the Debt Service Fund, (2) to move federal grant funds restricted for indirect costs, and (3) to transfer savings from companies providing utility, energy and water services as required by statute.

Note 14 – Contingent Liabilities

<u>Compliance</u> – Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures/expenses that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

<u>Lawsuits</u> – The District is a party to a number of various types of lawsuits, many of which normally occur in governmental operations. The ultimate outcome of the actions is not determinable, however, District management believes that the outcome of these proceedings, either individually or in the aggregate, will not have a materially adverse effect on the accompanying financial statements.

<u>Arbitrage</u> – Under the Tax Reform Act of 1986, interest earned on the debt proceeds in excess of interest expense or expenditure prior to the disbursement of the proceeds must be rebated to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS). Management believes there is no tax arbitrage rebate liability at year end.

Note 15 – Restatements of Beginning Balances

<u>Correction of an Error</u> - In the prior fiscal year, the District omitted expenses in the Insurance Trust Fund, a non-major fund, for \$7,503,733 that were for claims related to fiscal year 2022-23. The financial statements have been restated accordingly.

Change within the Financial Reporting Entity – In the current fiscal year, there has been a change in major funds. Liabilities in the Other Capital Projects Fund exceed 10 percent of total liabilities, and other account balances exceed five percent of total account balances. Additionally, the Federal and State Grants Fund and Bond Building Fund no longer meet the requirements of a major fund. The change is reflected on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances as a restatement to beginning of year fund balances.

The effect of the matters noted above resulted in adjustments to and restatements of beginning net position and fund net position, as follows:

	June 30, 2023, As Previously Reported		Change within the Financial Reporting Entity		Correction of an Error	June 30, 2023, As Restated			
Government-Wide	 Керопеч		reporting Entity	. Or direction			715 Nestated		
Governmental activities	\$ 232,354,531	\$		\$	(7,503,733)	\$	224,850,798		
Governmental Funds									
Major Funds:									
General Fund	62,454,295						62,454,295		
Federal and State Grants	4,612,921		(4,612,921)						
Other Special Revenue	21,269,711						21,269,711		
Debt Service	20,692,389						20,692,389		
Bond Building	15,382,170		(15,382,170)						
Other Capital Projects			1,841,799				1,841,799		
Non-Major Governmental and Other Funds	76,299,048		18,153,292		(7,503,733)		86,948,607		
Total Governmental Funds	\$ 200,710,534	\$		\$	(7,503,733)	\$	193,206,801		

Note 16 - Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

Note 16 – Risk Management

The District established an Insurance Trust Fund (an Internal Service Fund) to account for risk financing of certain benefits and losses through combinations of cost-reimbursement, self – insurance for losses above certain limits, and the purchase of insurance for losses above the limits. In June 2019, the District amended the previous Trust Agreement to include employee medical, dental, disability and/or life insurance programs, and other employee benefit programs as deemed appropriate.

The District was unable to obtain general property and liability insurance at a cost it considered to be economically justifiable. Therefore, the District joined the Arizona School Risk Retention Trust, Inc. (ASRRT) for property and liability claims up to \$10,000 and for claims in varying amounts. ASRRT is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts and community colleges in the State. The District pays an annual premium to ASRRT for its general insurance coverage. The agreement provides that ASRRT will be self-sustaining through member premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts. Under this program, the fund provides coverage for up to a maximum of \$10,000 for each claim, not to exceed an annual aggregate of \$10,000,000. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District joined the Arizona School Alliance for Workers' Compensation, Inc. (Alliance) together with other school districts in the state for risks of loss related to workers' compensation claims. The Alliance is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for school districts in the State. The District pays quarterly premiums to the Alliance for its employee workers' compensation coverage. The agreement provides that the Alliance will be self-sustaining through members' premiums and will reinsure through commercial companies for claims in excess of specified amounts for each insured event. The District has not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District established a self-insured health care program through the Kairos Health Arizona, Inc. program. Kairos Health is a public employee benefit pool formed under Arizona Revised Statute Section 11-952.01. The Insurance Trust pays claims and other costs. All claims handling procedures are performed by a third-party claim's administrator. The District has reinsurance that limits exposure of any single claim to \$300,000.

Note 16 - Risk Management

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from salvage or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. Changes in the balances of claims liabilities during the past two years are as follows:

		Claims	С	urrent Year					
	P	ayable at	(Claims and			Claims		
	Ве	ginning of	(Changes in Claim		Payable at			
		Year		Estimates	Payments		End of Year		
2023-24	\$	2,243,805	\$	21,203,584	\$	21,071,817	\$	2,375,572	
2022-23		3,410,661		21,465,797		22,632,653		2,243,805	

Note 17 – Pensions

Plan Description. District employees participate in the Arizona State Retirement System (ASRS). The ASRS administers a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit health insurance premium benefit (OPEB) plan, and a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit long-term disability (OPEB) plan. The Arizona State Retirement System Board governs the ASRS according to the provisions of A.R.S. Title 38, Chapter 5, Articles 2 and 2.1. ASRS is a component unit of the State of Arizona. The ASRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes its financial statements and required supplementary information. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Aggregate Amounts. At June 30, 2024, the District reported the following aggregate amounts related to pensions and OPEB for all plans to which it contributes:

	Pension	 OPEB	Total		
Net assets	\$	\$ 6,001,994	\$	6,001,994	
Net liability	182,183,652			182,183,652	
Deferred outflows of resources	23,693,836	467,518		24,161,354	
Deferred inflows of resources	8,881,860	2,633,468		11,515,328	
Expense	21,410,975	(3,665,412)		17,745,563	
Contributions	18,661,158	170,632		18,831,790	

Note 17 – Pensions

The ASRS OPEB plans are not further disclosed because of their relative insignificance to the District's financial statements.

Benefits Provided. The ASRS provides retirement, health insurance premium supplement, long-term disability, and survivor benefits. State statute establishes benefit terms. Retirement benefits are calculated on the basis of age, average monthly compensation, and service credit as follows:

Retirement Initial Membership Date:

	Before July 1, 2011	On or After July 1, 2011
Years of service and age	Sum of years and age equals 80	30 years, age 55
required to receive	10 years, age 62	25 years, age 60
benefit	5 years, age 50*	10 years, age 62
	Any years, age 65	5 years, age 50*
		Any years, age 65
Final average salary is	Highest 36 months of last	Highest 60 months of last
based on	120 months	120 months
Benefit percent per	2.1% to 2.3%	2.1% to 2.3%
year of service		
	*\^/:+ +	-

^{*}With actuarially reduced benefits

Retirement benefits for members who joined the ASRS prior to September 13, 2013, are subject to automatic cost-of-living adjustments based on excess investment earnings. Members with a membership date on or after September 13, 2013, are not eligible for cost-of-living adjustments. Survivor benefits are payable upon a member's death. For retired members, the survivor benefit is determined by the retirement benefit option chosen. For all other members, the beneficiary is entitled to the member's account balance that includes the member's contributions and employer's contributions, plus interest earned.

Contributions. In accordance with state statutes, annual actuarial valuations determine active member and employer contribution requirements. The combined active member and employer contribution rates are expected to finance the costs of benefits employees earn during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. For the current fiscal year, active ASRS members were required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.14 percent for retirement and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the members' annual covered payroll, and the District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 12.29 percent (12.03 percent for retirement, 0.11 percent for health insurance premium benefit, and 0.15 percent for long-term disability) of the active members' annual covered payroll. The District's contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$18,661,158.

Note 17 – Pensions

Employers are also required to pay an Alternate Contribution Rate (ACR), for retired members who return to work in positions that would typically be filled by an employee who contributes to ASRS. The District was required by statute to contribute at the actuarially determined rate of 9.99 percent (9.94 for retirement and 0.05 percent for long-term disability). ACR contributions are included in employer contributions presented above.

The District's pension plan contributions are paid by the same funds as the employee's salary, with the largest component coming from the General Fund.

Pension Liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total liability used to calculate the net liability was determined using update procedures to roll forward the total liability from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net liability was based on the District's actual contributions to the applicable plan relative to the total of all participating employers' contributions to the plan for the year ended June 30, 2023.

At June 30, 2023, the District reported the following amounts for its proportionate share of the pension plan net liability. In addition, at June 30, 2023, the District's percentage proportion for the plan and the related change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2022 was:

Net	District	Increase			
Liability	% Proportion	(Decrease)			
\$ 182,183,652	1.126	0.009			

Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources. The District has deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the net pension liability. Certain changes in the net pension liability are recognized as pension expense over a period of time rather than the year of occurrence. The District's pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$21,410,975.

Note 17 – Pensions

The District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred			Deferred	
	Outflows of			Inflows of	
	F	Resources	Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	4,116,624	\$		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings					
on pension investments				6,445,816	
Changes in proportion and differences between					
contributions and proportionate share of contributions		916,054		2,436,044	
Contributions subsequent to the measurement date		18,661,158			
Total	\$	23,693,836	\$	8,881,860	

The amounts of deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date as reported in the table above will be recognized as an adjustment of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

2025	\$ (2,855,836)
2026	(7,139,036)
2027	6,946,684

2028 (800,994)

Actuarial Assumptions. The significant actuarial assumptions used to measure the total pension liability are as follows:

Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2022
Actuarial roll forward date	June 30, 2023
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Investment rate of return	7.0%
Inflation	2.3%
Projected salary increases	2.9-8.4%
Permanent base increases	Included
Mortality rates	2017 SRA Scale U-MP

Year Ending June 30:

Note 17 – Pensions

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

The long-term expected rate of return on ASRS plan investments was determined to be 7.0 percent using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage, excluding any expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

		Long-Term
		Expected
	Target	Geometric Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Public equity	44%	3.50%
Credit	23%	5.90
Interest rate sensitive	6%	1.50
Private equity	10%	6.70
Real estate	17%	5.90
Total	100%	

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from participating employers will be made based on the actuarially determined rates based on the ASRS Board's funding policy, which establishes the contractually required rate under Arizona statute. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Note 17 – Pensions

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what the proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rate:

	Current							
	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase					
Rate	6.0%	7.0%	8.0%					
Net liability	\$ 272,884,354	\$ 182,183,652	\$ 106,555,312					

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued ASRS financial report. The report is available on the ASRS website at www.azasrs.gov.

Note 18 – Subsequent Event

In September 2024, the District issued \$6.0 million of tax anticipation notes in advance of property tax collections, depositing the proceeds in its General Fund. The tax anticipation notes were issued specifically related to the District's expenses related to its share of the judgment resulting from the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County lawsuit as discussed in Note 8.

Required Supplementary Information

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual General

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget			
			Non-GAAP	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 1,655,914	\$ 1,655,914
Property taxes			155,506,933	155,506,933
State aid and grants			35,050,356	35,050,356
Total revenues			192,213,203	192,213,203
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	108,075,618	104,496,939	93,888,254	10,608,685
Support services - students and staff	27,199,839	28,948,868	25,625,804	3,323,064
Support services - administration	19,474,001	20,322,144	19,339,805	982,339
Operation and maintenance of plant services	28,324,594	29,798,979	26,342,441	3,456,538
Student transportation services	8,599,250	8,639,311	8,286,224	353,087
Operation of non-instructional services	482,402	659,009	659,951	(942)
Total expenditures	192,155,704	192,865,250	174,142,479	18,722,771
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(192,155,704)	(192,865,250)	18,070,724	210,935,974
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(2,225,433)	(2,225,433)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(2,225,433)	(2,225,433)
Changes in fund balances	(192,155,704)	(192,865,250)	15,845,291	208,710,541
Fund balances, beginning of year			15,776,992	15,776,992
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (192,155,704)	\$ (192,865,250)	\$ 31,622,283	\$ 224,487,533

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Special Revenue For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget	_		
				Variance with	
	Original Final		Actual	Final Budget	
Revenues					
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 13,170,558	\$ 13,170,558	
State aid and grants			21,683	21,683	
Total revenues			13,192,241	13,192,241	
Expenditures					
Current:					
Instruction	7,679,110	7,249,973	5,024,817	2,225,156	
Support services - students and staff	1,348,872	1,273,492	882,633	390,859	
Support services - administration	535,480	505,556	350,391	155,165	
Operation and maintenance of plant services	3,358,204	3,170,535	2,197,437	973,098	
Student transportation services	1,470,906	1,388,707	962,486	426,221	
Operation of non-instructional services	9,719,310	9,176,160	6,359,820	2,816,340	
Capital outlay	511,357	482,781	334,606	148,175	
Total expenditures	24,623,240	23,247,203	16,112,190	7,135,013	
Changes in fund balances	(24,623,240)	(23,247,203)	(2,919,949)	20,327,254	
Fund balances, beginning of year			21,269,711	21,269,711	
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (24,623,240)) \$ (23,247,203)	\$ 18,349,762	\$ 41,596,965	

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability Arizona State Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>
Measurement date	J	une 30, 2023	J	une 30, 2022	J	une 30, 2021	J	une 30, 2020
District's proportion of the net pension (assets) liability		1.13%		1.12%		1.17%		1.18%
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability	\$	182,183,652	\$	182,288,195	\$	153,426,653	\$	204,154,920
District's covered payroll	\$	147,036,711	\$	132,945,296	\$	131,149,167	\$	123,428,535
District's proportionate share of the net pension (assets) liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		123.90%		137.12%		116.99%		165.40%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.47%		74.26%		78.58%		69.33%

Schedule of Pension Contributions Arizona State Retirement System Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2024</u>			2023	2022		<u>2021</u>	
Actuarially determined contribution	\$	18,661,158	\$	17,526,776	\$	15,966,730	\$	15,278,878
Contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution		18,661,158		17,526,776		15,966,730		15,278,878
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	155,121,845	\$	147,036,711	\$	132,945,296	\$	131,149,167
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		12.03%		11.92%		12.01%		11.65%

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		2018 2017		<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>			<u>2015</u>		
J	une 30, 2019	Jı	une 30, 2018	June 30, 2017		June 30, 2017 June 30		une 30, 2016	June 30, 2015		Jı	une 30, 2014		
	1.14%		1.13%		1.17%		1.22%		1.17%		1.24%			
\$	165,653,356	\$	157,146,156	\$	181,834,797	\$	196,352,093	\$	181,977,042	\$	183,082,840			
\$	119,892,075	\$	110,776,716	\$	113,657,811	\$	113,755,493	\$	104,304,527	\$	111,900,215			
	138.17%		141.86%		159.98%		172.61%		174.47%		163.61%			
	73.24%		73.40%		69.92%		67.06%		68.35%		69.49%			

	<u>2020</u>		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
\$	14,132,567	\$	13,403,934	\$	12,074,662	\$	12,252,312	\$	12,342,471	\$	11,358,763
	14,132,567		13,403,934		12,074,662		12,252,312		12,342,471		11,358,763
\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
\$	122 420 525	۲.	110 002 075	ċ	110 776 716	۲.	112 (57 011	Ļ	112 755 402	۲.	104,304,527
•	123,428,535	\$	119,892,075	\$	110,776,716	\$	113,657,811	\$	113,755,493	\$	104,304,327

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Notes to Required Supplementary Information June 30, 2024

Note 1 – Budgetary Basis of Accounting

The District budget is prepared on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, except for the following items.

- Certain activities reported in the General Fund are budgeted in separate funds in accordance with Arizona Revised Statutes.
- Prepaid items are budgeted in the year prepaid.
- Employee insurance expenditures are budgeted in the year the employee insurance account is funded.
- Expenditures for claims and judgments are not budgeted.

The following schedule reconciles expenditures and fund balances at the end of year:

				Fund	
		Total	Balances		
	E	xpenditures	End of Year		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in					
Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$	233,707,401	\$	43,286,764	
Activity budgeted as other fund types		(34,815,726)		(34,912,659)	
Current-year prepaid items		500,000		(500,000)	
Prior-year prepaid items		(1,500,000)			
Employee insurance account		28		(1,046)	
Claims and judgments expenditures		(23,749,224)		23,749,224	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in					
Fund Balances – Budget and Actual - General Fund	\$	174,142,479	\$	31,622,283	

Note 2 – Pension Plan Schedules

Actuarial Assumptions for Valuations Performed. The information presented in the required supplementary schedules was determined as part of the actuarial valuations at the dates indicated, which is the most recent actuarial valuation. The actuarial assumptions used are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Factors that Affect Trends. The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020. The purpose of the experience study was to review actual experience in relation to the actuarial assumptions in effect. The ASRS Board adopted the experience study recommended changes which were applied to the June 30, 2020, actuarial valuation.

Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules

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Governmental Funds

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Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds

<u>Classroom Site</u> – to account for the financial activity for the portion of state sales tax collections and permanent state school fund earnings.

<u>Instructional Improvement</u> – to account for the activity of monies received from gaming revenue.

<u>Federal and State Grants</u> – to account for financial assistance received for federal and state grants and projects.

<u>Food Service</u> – to account for the financial activity of school activities that have as their purpose the preparation and serving of regular and incidental meals and snacks in connection with school functions.

Capital Projects Funds

<u>Adjacent Ways</u> – to account for monies received to finance improvements of public ways adjacent to school property.

Bond Building – to account for proceeds from District bond issues that are expended on the acquisition or lease of sites; construction or renovation of school buildings; supplying school buildings with furniture, equipment, and technology; improving school grounds; or purchasing pupil transportation vehicles.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Combining Balance Sheet Non-Major Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

Special Revenue Funds

			In	Instructional Federal and State		eral and State		
	Cla	assroom Site	lm	provement		Grants	Fo	od Service
Assets					-,	_		
Cash and investments	\$	19,010,969	\$	1,025,193	\$	3,049,332	\$	6,185,937
Deposits								202,139
Accounts receivable								310,585
Due from governmental entities				689,703		4,327,968		341,622
Inventory								270,786
Total assets	\$	19,010,969	\$	1,714,896	\$	7,377,300	\$	7,311,069
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$		\$		\$	1,061,438	\$	
Accrued payroll and employee benefits						932,967		103,818
Unearned revenues						482,096		501,946
Total liabilities						2,476,501		605,764
Deferred inflows of resources								
Unavailable revenues - intergovernmental						4,190,539		
Total deferred inflows of resources	_					4,190,539		
Fund balances								
Nonspendable								270,786
Restricted		19,010,969		1,714,896		710,260		6,434,519
Total fund balances		19,010,969		1,714,896		710,260		6,705,305
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources								
and fund balances	\$	19,010,969	\$	1,714,896	\$	7,377,300	\$	7,311,069

Capital	Proie	cts Fui	nds
---------	-------	---------	-----

				Tot	al Non-Major
		Вс	ond Building	G	overnmental
Adj	acent Ways		Fund		Funds
\$	129,687	\$	4,840,322	\$	34,241,440
					202,139
					310,585
					5,359,293
					270,786
\$	129,687	\$	4,840,322	\$	40,384,243
\$	86,974	Ş	1,554,120	\$	2,702,532
					1,036,785
				_	984,042
	86,974	_	1,554,120		4,723,359
					4,190,539
-					4,190,539
-					.,200,000
					270,786
	42,713		3,286,202		31,199,559
	42,713		3,286,202		31,470,345
\$	129,687	\$	4,840,322	\$	40,384,243

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Non-Major Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Special Revenue Funds							
				structional	Fed	leral and State		
	Cla	ssroom Site	lm	provement		Grants	F	ood Service
Revenues								
Other local	\$	437,316	\$	33,091	\$	57,654	\$	5,175,603
State aid and grants		18,653,344		1,489,569		2,381,116		
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements						19,006,780		6,259,000
Total revenues		19,090,660		1,522,660		21,445,550		11,434,603
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		15,945,666		889,941		11,818,233		
Support services - students and staff		1,992,999		163,769		9,062,113		
Support services - administration				2,737		608,723		67,574
Operation and maintenance of plant services						14,959		55,613
Student transportation services						49,768		
Operation of non-instructional services		215,836				805,677		10,170,351
Capital outlay				12,245	_	2,705,048		418,829
Total expenditures		18,154,501		1,068,692		25,064,521	_	10,712,367
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		936,159		453,968		(3,618,971)		722,236
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers out						(283,690)		(899,515)
Total other financing sources (uses)						(283,690)	_	(899,515)
Changes in fund balances		936,159	_	453,968		(3,902,661)		(177,279)
Fund balances, beginning of year, previously reported		18,074,810		1,260,928				6,882,584
Adjustments to beginning fund balances						4,612,921		
Fund balances, beginning of year, as restated		18,074,810		1,260,928		4,612,921		6,882,584
Fund balances, end of year	\$	19,010,969	\$	1,714,896	\$	710,260	\$	6,705,305

Capital Projects Funds

	apitai Projects Fund	as	•
			Total Non-Major
	Bond Building	Other Capital	Governmental
Adjacent Ways	Fund	Projects	Funds
\$	\$ 212,452		\$ 5,916,116
			22,524,029
			25,265,780
	212,452		53,705,925
			28,653,840
			11,218,881
			679,034
			70,572
			49,768
867,516	12,097,471		11,191,864 16,101,109
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
867,516	12,097,471		67,965,068
(867,516)	(11,885,019)		(14,259,143)
	(24.0.0.40)		(4.204.454)
	(210,949)		(1,394,154)
	(210,949)		(1,394,154)
(867,516)	(12,095,968)		(15,653,297)
910,229		1,841,799	28,970,350
	15,382,170	(1,841,799)	18,153,292
910,229	15,382,170		47,123,642
\$ 42,713	\$ 3,286,202	\$	\$ 31,470,345

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Classroom Site For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget							
							Va	ariance with
		Original		Final		Actual	F	inal Budget
Revenues								
Other local	\$		\$		\$	437,316	\$	437,316
State aid and grants						18,653,344		18,653,344
Total revenues			_		_	19,090,660	_	19,090,660
Expenditures								
Current:								
Instruction		36,300,803		34,572,823		15,945,666		18,627,157
Support services - students and staff		500,815		2,027,440		1,992,999		34,441
Operation of non-instructional services				215,784		215,836		(52)
Total expenditures		36,801,618		36,816,047		18,154,501	_	18,661,546
Changes in fund balances		(36,801,618)		(36,816,047)		936,159		37,752,206
Fund balances, beginning of year			_			18,074,810		18,074,810
Fund balances, end of year	\$	(36,801,618)	\$	(36,816,047)	\$	19,010,969	\$	55,827,016

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Instructional Improvement For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget	_	
			-	Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 33,091	\$ 33,091
State aid and grants			1,489,569	1,489,569
Total revenues			1,522,660	1,522,660
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	166,175	2,059,313	889,941	1,169,372
Support services - students and staff	30,580	378,960	163,769	215,191
Support services - administration	511	6,333	2,737	3,596
Capital outlay	2,286	28,335	12,245	16,090
Total expenditures	199,552	2,472,941	1,068,692	1,404,249
Changes in fund balances	(199,552)	(2,472,941)	453,968	2,926,909
Fund balances, beginning of year			1,260,928	1,260,928
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (199,552)	(2,472,941)	\$ 1,714,896	\$ 4,187,837

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Federal and State Grants For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Buc	dget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 57,654	\$ 57,654
State aid and grants			2,381,116	2,381,116
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements			19,006,780	19,006,780
Total revenues			21,445,550	21,445,550
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction	14,134,219	15,497,918	11,818,233	3,679,685
Support services - students and staff	10,837,990	11,883,662	9,062,113	2,821,549
Support services - administration	728,013	798,253	608,723	189,530
Operation and maintenance of plant services	17,890	19,617	14,959	4,658
Student transportation services	59,521	65,264	49,768	15,496
Operation of non-instructional services	963,563	1,056,530	805,677	250,853
Capital outlay	3,235,149	3,547,283	2,705,048	842,235
Total expenditures	29,976,344	32,868,525	25,064,521	7,804,004
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(29,976,344)	(32,868,525)	(3,618,971)	29,249,554
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(283,690)	(283,690)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(283,690)	(283,690)
Changes in fund balances	(29,976,344)	(32,868,525)	(3,902,661)	28,965,864
Fund balances, beginning of year			4,612,921	4,612,921
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (29,976,344)	\$ (32,868,525)	\$ 710,260	\$ 33,578,785

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Food Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bu	dget	_	
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 5,175,603	\$ 5,175,603
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements			6,259,000	6,259,000
Total revenues			11,434,603	11,434,603
Expenditures				
Current:				
Support services - administration	78,850	85,158	67,574	17,584
Operation and maintenance of plant services	64,893	70,085	55,613	14,472
Operation of non-instructional services	11,867,535	12,816,938	10,170,351	2,646,587
Capital outlay	488,721	527,819	418,829	108,990
Total expenditures	12,500,000	13,500,000	10,712,367	2,787,633
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(12,500,000)	(13,500,000)	722,236	14,222,236
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(899,515)	(899,515)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(899,515)	(899,515)
Changes in fund balances	(12,500,000)	(13,500,000)	(177,279)	13,322,721
Fund balances, beginning of year			6,882,584	6,882,584
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (12,500,000)	\$ (13,500,000)	\$ 6,705,305	\$ 20,205,305

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Debt Service

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budget		
			Variance with
	Original and Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues			
Other local	\$ \$	1,077,773	\$ 1,077,773
Property taxes		26,508,262	26,508,262
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements		1,457,319	1,457,319
Total revenues		29,043,354	29,043,354
Expenditures			
Debt service:			
Principal retirement	18,080,000	18,080,000	
Interest and fiscal charges	14,300,910	12,822,760	1,478,150
Total expenditures	32,380,910	30,902,760	1,478,150
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(32,380,910)	(1,859,406)	30,521,504
Other financing sources (uses)			
Transfers in	<u> </u>	210,949	210,949
Total other financing sources (uses)		210,949	210,949
Changes in fund balances	(32,380,910)	(1,648,457)	30,732,453
Fund balances, beginning of year		20,692,389	20,692,389
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (32,380,910) \$	19,043,932	\$ 51,424,842

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Adjacent Ways For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

Budget Variance with Original **Final** Actual Final Budget **Expenditures** 910,229 \$ 42,713 Capital outlay 3,317,376 \$ 867,516 **Total expenditures** 3,317,376 910,229 867,516 42,713 **Changes in fund balances** (3,317,376)(910,229)(867,516) 42,713 Fund balances, beginning of year 910,229 910,229 Fund balances, end of year \$ 42,713 952,942 (3,317,376) \$ (910,229)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Bond Building

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Bud	dget		
				Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Revenues				
Other local	\$	\$	\$ 212,452	\$ 212,452
Total revenues			212,452	212,452
Expenditures				
Capital outlay	18,431,082	14,793,374	12,097,471	2,695,903
Total expenditures	18,431,082	14,793,374	12,097,471	2,695,903
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(18,431,082)	(14,793,374)	(11,885,019)	2,908,355
Other financing sources (uses)				
Transfers out			(210,949)	(210,949)
Total other financing sources (uses)			(210,949)	(210,949)
Changes in fund balances	(18,431,082)	(14,793,374)	(12,095,968)	2,697,406
Fund balances, beginning of year			15,382,170	15,382,170
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (18,431,082)	\$ (14,793,374)	\$ 3,286,202	\$ 18,079,576

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Other Capital Projects For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

		Buc	dget					
							Vari	iance with
	Ori	ginal	Fin	al	Actual		Fin	al Budget
Revenues								
Other local	\$		\$!	\$ 458	,287	\$	458,287
State aid and grants					19,699	,832		19,699,832
Federal aid, grants and reimbursements					205	,547		205,547
Total revenues				<u>-</u>	20,363	,666		20,363,666
Expenditures								
Capital outlay	1	,899,732	23,6	595,058	21,720	,546		1,974,512
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	3	,103,301	3,2	103,301	3,103	,301		
Interest and fiscal charges		676,229		576,229	676	,229		
Total expenditures	5	,679,262	27,4	174,588	25,500	,076		1,974,512
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	(5	,679,262)	(27,4	174,588)	(5,136	<u>5,410</u>)		22,338,178
Other financing sources (uses)								
Transfers in					2,225	,433		2,225,433
Total other financing sources (uses)					2,225	,433		2,225,433
Changes in fund balances	(5	,679,262 <u>)</u>	(27,4	174,588)	(2,910) <u>,977</u>)		24,563,611
Fund balances, beginning of year					1,841	,799		1,841,799
Fund balances, end of year	\$ (5	<u>,679,262)</u>	\$ (27,4	174,588)	\$ (1,069	<u>,178</u>)	\$	26,405,410

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Internal Service Funds

<u>Intergovernmental Agreements</u> - to account for the financial activities relating to agreements with other governments not required to be accounted for elsewhere.

<u>Print Shop</u> - to account for charges to other departments for printing and copying services.

<u>Insurance Trust</u> - to account for the financial activity associated with the District's self-insurance program for employee workers' compensation and for property and casualty losses.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Combining Statement of Net Position Internal Service Funds June 30, 2024

	Inte	rgovernmental					•	Total Internal
		Agreements		Print Shop	In	surance Trust		Service Funds
Assets								
Current assets:								
Cash and investments	\$	1,079,797	\$	96,315	\$	30,135,593	\$	31,311,705
Accounts receivable		440,353				1,310,783		1,751,136
Total current assets		1,520,150		96,315		31,446,376		33,062,841
Total assets		1,520,150		96,315		31,446,376	-	33,062,841
Liabilities								
Current liabilities:								
Claims payable			_			180,572		180,572
Total current liabilities			_			180,572	_	180,572
Noncurrent liabilities:								
Non-current portion of long-term obligations			_			2,195,000		2,195,000
Total noncurrent liabilities						2,195,000		2,195,000
Total liabilities						2,375,572	_	2,375,572
Net position								
Unrestricted		1,520,150		96,315		29,070,804		30,687,269
Total net position	\$	1,520,150	\$	96,315	\$	29,070,804	\$	30,687,269

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Inter	governmental					Т	otal Internal
	Α	greements		Print Shop	In	surance Trust	S	ervice Funds
Operating revenues								_
Other local	\$	841,705	\$	86,782	\$		\$	928,487
Contributions						21,986,463		21,986,463
Total operating revenues		841,705		86,782		21,986,463		22,914,950
Operating expenses								
Claims						21,179,295		21,179,295
Adjustment to prior year claims reserves						24,289		24,289
Premiums						7,925,506		7,925,506
Administrative fees						1,373,776		1,373,776
Cost of services		1,164,301		49,502				1,213,803
Other			_			624,806		624,806
Total operating expenses		1,164,301	_	49,502		31,127,672		32,341,475
Operating income (loss)		(322,596)	_	37,280	_	(9,141,209)		(9,426,525)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)								
Investment income			_			288,829		288,829
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)			_			288,829		288,829
Changes in net position		(322,596)		37,280		(8,852,380)		(9,137,696)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		1,842,746		59,035		45,426,917		47,328,698
Adjustments to beginning net position			_			(7,503,733)		(7,503,733)
Net position, beginning of year, as restated		1,842,746	_	59,035		37,923,184		39,824,965
Net position, end of year	\$	1,520,150	\$	96,315	\$	29,070,804	\$	30,687,269

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Combining Statement of Cash Flows Internal Service Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Inter	governmental				Т	otal Internal
	A	greements		Print Shop	Insurance Trust	S	ervice Funds
Increase/Decrease in Cash and Cash Equivalents							
Cash flows from operating activities							
Cash received from contributions	\$	(440,353)	\$		\$ 22,124,100	\$	21,683,747
Cash received from other sources		841,705		86,782			928,487
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,202,510)		(49,502)	(10,032,910)		(11,284,922)
Cash payments for claims					(21,071,817)		(21,071,817)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities		(801,158)	_	37,280	(8,980,627)		(9,744,505)
Cash flows from investing activities							
Investment income					288,829		288,829
Proceeds from sales and maturities of investments					9,915,331		9,915,331
Net cash provided by/used for investing activities					10,204,160		10,204,160
Net increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(801,158)		37,280	1,223,533		459,655
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year, as restated		1,880,955		59,035	2,611,955		4,551,945
Cash and cash equivalents, end of year	\$	1,079,797	\$	96,315	\$ 3,835,488	\$	5,011,600
Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents to the Statement	of Net P	<u>osition</u>					
Cash and investments	\$	1,079,797	\$	96,315	\$ 30,135,593	\$	31,311,705
Less investments not maturing in less than three months	·	, ,	·	,	26,300,105	•	26,300,105
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,079,797	\$	96,315	\$ 3,835,488	\$	5,011,600
Reconciliation of Operating Income/Loss to Net Cash Provided	d by/Use	d for Operatin	g Ac	ctivities_			
Operating income /less	¢	(222 506)	۲	27 200	ć (0.141.200)	۲.	(0.426.525)
Operating income/loss Adjustments to reconcile operating income/loss	\$	(322,596)	>	37,280	\$ (9,141,209)	>	(9,426,525)
to net cash provided by/used for operating activities:							
Changes in assets and liabilities:							
Increase/decrease in accounts receivable		(440,353)			137,637		(302,716)
Increase/decrease in accounts payable		(38,209)			(108,822)		(147,031)
Increase/decrease in claims payable					131,767		131,767
Total adjustments		(478,562)			160,582		(317,980)
Net cash provided by/used for operating activities	\$	(801,158)	\$	37,280	\$ (8,980,627)	\$	(9,744,505)

Statistical Section

The statistical section presents financial statement trends as well as detailed financial and operational information not available elsewhere in the report. The statistical section is intended to enhance the reader's understanding of the information presented in the financial statements, notes to the financial statements, and other supplementary information presented in this report. The statistical section is comprised of the five categories of statistical information presented below.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain information on financial trends to help the reader understand how the District's financial position and financial activities have changed over time.

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the District's ability to generate revenue.

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader evaluate the District's current levels of outstanding debt as well as assess the District's ability to make debt payments and/or issue additional debt in the future.

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules present various demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment in which the District's financial activities take place and to help make comparisons with other school districts.

Operating Information

These schedules contain information about the District's operations and various resources to help the reader draw conclusions as to how the District's financial information relates to the services provided by the District.

Due to cost considerations for the accumulation of data, the District has elected to present less than ten years of data, or data from less than nine years prior, for certain statistical schedules. This information will be accumulated and reported each year until the complete ten years of data is presented.

Note: For locally assessed property (i.e., excluding mines, utilities, etc.) Proposition 117, approved by voters in 2012, amended the Arizona Constitution to require that all property taxes after fiscal year 2014-15 be based upon property values limited to five percent in annual growth. The aggregate assessed value of all taxable properties within a taxing jurisdiction (i.e., after applying assessment ratios based on the use of a property), including property values with a growth limit, is currently referred to as net limited assessed value and formerly as primary assessed value. In accordance with Proposition 117, this value is used for all taxing purposes beginning fiscal year 2015-16. Aggregate assessed value without a growth limit is currently referred to as net full cash assessed value and formerly as secondary assessed value. This remains the value utilized for determining debt capacity limits.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Net Position by Component Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2024 2023 2022 2021 2020 **Net Position:** \$ 186,588,859 185,921,421 209,442,381 \$ 198,544,599 \$ 190,447,507 Net investment in capital assets Restricted 83,426,548 83,607,178 98,149,688 88,375,866 71,564,455 Unrestricted (75,741,770)(57,300,979)(51,252,813) (58,024,605)(46,589,259) 237,344,382 210,896,617 217,127,159 224,850,798 216,940,120 Total net position **2019 2018 2017 2016 2015 Net Position:** Net investment in capital assets 205,777,662 200,147,334 \$ 185,095,984 \$ 197,944,820 \$ 195,006,815 Restricted 45,963,153 39,392,475 47,244,196 34,030,712 33,068,218 Unrestricted (47,491,788) (90,052,804) (115,306,113) (136,001,313) (145,194,347) Total net position 204,249,027 149,487,005 117,034,067 95,974,219 82,880,686

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2021 2024 2023 2022 2020 **Expenses** Instruction \$ 169,037,848 \$ 158,593,911 \$ 150,224,646 \$ 153,859,210 \$ 140,233,685 Support services - students and staff 43,186,299 39,661,112 34,874,452 31,495,867 29,211,095 Support services - administration 22,806,692 20,798,801 52,148,310 25,734,825 24,026,490 Operation and maintenance of plant services 33,656,058 30,168,333 27,171,177 28,583,792 24,233,561 Student transportation services 13,299,706 12,837,210 8,404,572 7,774,511 8,415,215 Operation of non-instructional services 19,478,088 18,595,934 15,482,140 10,618,761 12,863,278 Interest on long-term debt 10,805,719 11,590,928 12,513,963 12,779,702 13,206,889 341,612,028 297,182,253 Total expenses 271,477,642 265,910,644 252,190,213 **Program Revenues** Charges for services: Instruction 8,983,484 9,126,616 2,349,540 1,040,426 1,316,929 Operation of non-instructional services 11,381,702 12,239,564 4,342,009 1,739,291 7,444,024 Other activities 875,993 2,273,758 827,819 997,561 1,128,060 Operating grants and contributions 29,578,404 34,416,465 64,205,789 48,406,468 36,130,209 Capital grants and contributions 22,898,230 2,448,916 330,958 701,551 1,144,466 Total program revenues 73,717,813 59,359,621 73,502,054 52,715,555 47,033,189 Net (Expense)/Revenue \$ (237,822,632) \$ (197,975,588) \$ (213,195,089) \$ (205,157,024) \$ (267,894,215)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Expenses, Program Revenues, and Net (Expense)/Revenue Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Expenses					
Instruction	\$ 126,532,534	\$ 109,056,406	\$ 114,725,348	\$ 109,188,667	\$ 117,541,974
Support services - students and staff	24,942,534	23,410,915	23,957,599	25,098,967	25,599,028
Support services - administration	17,969,937	18,747,241	16,718,363	15,709,948	15,332,132
Operation and maintenance of plant services	25,162,453	26,256,972	24,672,485	25,141,793	24,099,572
Student transportation services	10,355,487	9,508,767	8,610,273	9,149,102	10,208,578
Operation of non-instructional services	13,194,920	12,933,229	14,015,044	13,583,555	12,657,613
Interest on long-term debt	11,773,097	11,747,055	11,199,596	11,449,356	12,745,183
Total expenses	229,930,962	211,660,585	213,898,708	209,321,388	218,184,080
Program Revenues					
Charges for services:					
Instruction	5,481,648	4,760,850	4,225,553	4,491,538	7,082,919
Operation of non-instructional services	10,679,837	10,698,997	12,116,940	11,284,312	10,293,195
Other activities	1,938,700	1,844,729	2,387,873	3,524,872	2,305,074
Operating grants and contributions	22,217,379	23,335,702	19,060,061	21,841,876	18,437,093
Capital grants and contributions	1,056,170	1,072,584	239,802	606,750	455,734
Total program revenues	41,373,734	41,712,862	38,030,229	41,749,348	38,574,015
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (188,557,228)	\$ (169,947,723)	\$ (175,868,479)	\$ (167,572,040)	\$ (179,610,065)

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Support services – administration were higher than normal in fiscal year 2023-24 due to the claims and judgments payment related to the Qasimyar v. Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

		11.	scar rear Enaca June 3	U .	
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (267,894,215)	\$ (237,822,632)	\$ (197,975,588)	\$ (213,195,089)	\$ (205,157,024)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes	198,033,119	172,197,060	186,118,790	185,426,941	176,201,500
Investment income	4,384,703	3,087,747	5,278,744	3,633,561	4,261,245
Unrestricted state aid	55,193,269	48,566,055	26,924,117	26,695,531	25,639,104
Unrestricted federal aid	2,559,485	1,478,186	58,199	1,620,530	4,791,794
Total general revenues	260,170,576	225,329,048	218,379,850	217,376,563	210,893,643
Changes in Net Position	\$ (7,723,639)	\$ (12,493,584)	\$ 20,404,262	\$ 4,181,474	\$ 5,736,619

(Continued)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 General Revenues and Total Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (Accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Net (Expense)/Revenue	\$ (188,557,228)	\$ (169,947,723)	\$ (175,868,479)	\$ (167,572,040)	\$ (179,610,065)
General Revenues:					
Property taxes	174,189,796	161,311,581	158,846,492	143,185,550	156,639,720
Investment income	3,499,775	1,566,478	574,560	732,065	404,459
Unrestricted state aid	38,172,517	38,140,470	36,282,702	35,297,650	35,007,040
Unrestricted federal aid	1,591,132	1,352,372	1,224,573	1,450,308	1,300,326
Total general revenues	217,453,220	202,370,901	196,928,327	180,665,573	193,351,545
Changes in Net Position	\$ 28,895,992	\$ 32,423,178	\$ 21,059,848	\$ 13,093,533	\$ 13,741,480

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

			FIS	cai i	ear Lilueu Julie s	3 0		
	<u> </u>	2024	2023		2022		<u>2021</u>	2020
General Fund:								
Nonspendable	\$	771,386	\$ 31,739	\$		\$		\$
Restricted		8,176,114	5,557,063		7,845,867		7,586,978	7,187,850
Unassigned		34,339,264	56,865,493		63,368,740		48,847,728	44,879,930
Total General Fund	\$	43,286,764	\$ 62,454,295	\$	71,214,607	\$	56,434,706	\$ 52,067,780
All Other Governmental Funds:								
Nonspendable	\$	270,786	\$ 227,072	\$	263,868	\$	202,983	\$ 195,635
Restricted		68,593,253	90,700,469		116,406,491		137,304,810	110,955,692
Unassigned		(1,069,178)			(2,051,184)			
Total all other governmental funds	\$	67,794,861	\$ 90,927,541	\$	114,619,175	\$	137,507,793	\$ 111,151,327

(Continued)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u> 2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
General Fund:					
Nonspendable	\$	\$	\$ 2,153,417	\$ 2,206,022	\$ 86,878
Restricted	6,807,952		856,913	722,228	555,684
Unassigned	35,164,590	44,535,635	24,257,608	17,636,814	15,550,600
Total General Fund	\$ 41,972,542	\$ 44,535,635	\$ 27,267,938	\$ 20,565,064	\$ 16,193,162
All Other Governmental Funds:					
Nonspendable	\$ 158,885	\$ 148,554	\$ 132,688	\$ 218,936	\$ 196,020
Restricted	73,438,469	89,664,704	84,040,300	29,835,903	31,030,425
Unassigned	(1,201,279)	(1,384,638)		(8,100)	(34,833)
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 72,396,075	\$ 88,428,620	\$ 84,172,988	\$ 30,046,739	\$ 31,191,612
Total General Fund All Other Governmental Funds: Nonspendable Restricted Unassigned	\$ 41,972,542 \$ 158,885 73,438,469 (1,201,279)	\$ 44,535,635 \$ 148,554 89,664,704 (1,384,638)	\$ 27,267,938 \$ 132,688 84,040,300	\$ 20,565,064 \$ 218,936 29,835,903 (8,100)	\$ 16,193, \$ 196, 31,030, (34,

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30 2024 2020 2023 2022 2021 Federal sources: Federal grants 23,229,131 \$ 20,368,683 \$ 27,857,090 24,722,772 15,451,548 **National School Lunch Program** 6,259,000 6,265,313 12,684,021 7,262,986 4,060,658 26,633,996 19,512,206 Total federal sources 29,488,131 40,541,111 31,985,758 State sources: 35,050,356 26,924,118 25,639,104 State equalization assistance 27,568,313 26,695,531 State grants 2,381,116 2,274,898 2,509,888 2,595,761 2,661,148 School Facilities Oversight Board 19,699,832 Other revenues 20,164,596 22,855,551 12,492,882 18,579,138 12,179,424 52,698,762 Total state sources 77,295,900 48,013,144 41,470,716 40,793,134 Local sources: Property taxes 197,364,824 188,431,882 185,464,208 178,729,699 183,360,459 Food service sales 5,005,055 4,734,782 986,611 252,394 3,428,550 Investment income 4,384,703 3,087,747 1,110,196 1,444,793 3,474,797 Other revenues 18,119,028 20,819,059 16,164,049 9,335,382 14,400,927 Total local sources 204,664,733 224,873,610 217,073,470 203,725,064 189,762,268 **Total revenues** 331,657,641 296,406,228 292,279,319 264,970,073 263,218,742

(Continued)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Governmental Funds Revenues Last Ten Fiscal Years (Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u> 2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Federal sources:					
Federal grants	\$ 17,919,278	\$ 19,930,968	\$ 13,946,836	\$ 13,200,035	\$ 17,554,507
National School Lunch Program	 4,762,414	 4,725,622	 4,532,738	4,523,402	4,219,458
Total federal sources	22,681,692	24,656,590	18,479,574	17,723,437	21,773,965
State sources:					_
State equalization assistance	25,535,891	26,360,969	25,651,137	23,640,801	24,598,190
State grants	2,029,341	2,126,238	121,881	148,868	89,285
School Facilities Oversight Board	142,747	186,044	184,934	423,506	820,397
Other revenues	 12,493,879	 11,593,457	 10,446,631	11,233,343	9,588,453
Total state sources	40,201,858	40,266,708	36,404,583	35,446,518	35,096,325
Local sources:					
Property taxes	171,852,169	161,593,653	158,319,968	151,538,134	156,732,246
Food service sales	4,622,098	4,600,324	4,570,267	4,665,826	4,344,038
Investment income	3,049,008	1,506,837	526,224	346,431	231,665
Other revenues	 17,527,681	 16,751,786	 17,459,861	17,218,897	16,550,558
Total local sources	 197,050,956	184,452,600	180,876,320	173,769,288	177,858,507
Total revenues	\$ 259,934,506	\$ 249,375,898	\$ 235,760,477	\$ 226,939,243	\$ 234,728,797

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

(Concluded)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fisc	al Ye	ar Ended June 3	0		
	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Expenditures:							
Current -							
Instruction	\$ 129,452,204	\$ 120,752,968	\$	123,866,382	\$	123,781,497	\$ 119,300,332
Support services - students and staff	41,143,321	37,793,163		35,045,667		30,953,109	29,984,142
Support services - administration	47,337,980	21,686,154		22,882,968		20,547,226	25,113,049
Operation and maintenance of plant services	31,698,461	27,807,533		27,231,667		28,643,643	24,978,029
Student transportation services	9,553,665	9,081,291		8,925,809		8,335,703	8,593,360
Operation of non-instructional services	18,249,359	17,143,065		15,258,073		10,284,699	13,086,827
Capital outlay	62,070,215	60,151,261		32,217,209		51,855,822	33,744,593
Debt service -							
Principal retirement	21,183,301	20,707,986		19,813,914		19,984,327	19,924,047
Interest and fiscal charges	13,498,989	14,284,196		15,190,732		14,596,451	14,353,317
Bond issuance costs	 	 		16,500		556,877	 658,012
Total expenditures	\$ 374,187,495	\$ 329,407,617	\$	300,448,921	\$	309,539,354	\$ 289,735,708
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 47,249,447	\$ 45,301,318	\$	34,765,571	\$	55,699,036	\$ 34,088,105
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	11%	12%		13%		14%	13%

(Continued)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Governmental Funds Expenditures and Debt Service Ratio Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Expenditures:					
Current -					
Instruction	\$ 107,635,988	\$ 91,143,801	\$ 96,656,781	\$ 94,081,688	\$ 94,441,929
Support services - students and staff	26,562,948	24,775,840	25,183,090	26,100,469	25,795,471
Support services - administration	17,013,228	17,076,219	18,406,546	16,440,773	15,081,500
Operation and maintenance of plant services	24,903,619	24,723,888	25,205,052	26,253,354	24,019,553
Student transportation services	7,800,074	7,045,142	7,634,586	8,148,491	8,259,803
Operation of non-instructional services	13,240,016	13,059,082	14,236,998	13,992,011	12,719,706
Capital outlay	43,972,466	60,062,523	13,956,840	10,297,860	11,472,270
Debt service -					
Principal retirement	21,017,806	20,884,510	23,236,023	21,118,256	21,206,218
Interest and fiscal charges	13,252,976	13,226,934	11,309,720	11,730,035	13,025,861
Bond issuance costs		669,590	310,586	243,100	
Total expenditures	\$ 275,399,121	\$ 272,667,529	\$ 236,136,222	\$ 228,406,037	\$ 226,022,311
Expenditures for capitalized assets	\$ 31,556,448	\$ 49,372,784	\$ 9,280,224	\$ 3,919,439	\$ 3,962,060
Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	14%	15%	15%	15%	15%

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Support services – administration were higher than normal in fiscal year 2023-24 due to the claims and judgments payment related to the Qasimyar v.

Maricopa County, Class Action Judgment.

(Concluded)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48

Other Financing Sources and Uses and Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years

(Modified accrual basis of accounting)

		Fis	cal Ye	ar Ended June 3	0		
	2024	<u>2023</u>		2022		<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures	\$ (42,529,854)	\$ (33,001,389)	\$	(8,169,602)	\$	(46,320,612)	\$ (24,765,635)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of school improvement bonds						61,655,000	
Issuance of refunding bonds							63,510,000
Premium on sale of bonds						13,519,287	7,237,452
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	456740	22.255					(10,247,798)
Insurance recoveries	156,710	29,955					
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	72,933	506,058		2.416.065		2 15 4 055	4 000 025
Transfers in Transfers out	3,619,587 (3,619,587)	4,931,352 (4,931,352)		2,416,965 (2,416,965)		3,154,055 (3,154,055)	4,880,825 (4,880,825)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 229,643	 536,013		(2,410,903)		75,174,287	 60,499,654
Total other illianting sources (uses)	 229,043	 330,013				73,174,287	 00,499,034
Changes in fund balances	\$ (42,300,211)	\$ (32,465,376)	\$	(8,169,602)	\$	28,853,675	\$ 35,734,019
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures	\$ (15,464,615)	\$ (23,291,631)	\$	(375,745)	\$	(1,466,794)	\$ 8,706,486
Other financing sources (uses):							
Issuance of school improvement bonds		42,745,000		39,635,000			
Issuance of refunding bonds		47,080,000				28,050,000	
Premium on sale of bonds		16,786,411		6,150,446		1,122,540	
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent		(54,960,331)				(28,639,830)	
Financed purchase agreements				15,558,275			
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	4,299,551	27,053				2,019,053	
Transfers in	6,054,202	6,878,267		4,329,327		4,076,854	3,844,475
Transfers out	 (8,732,693)	 (6,878,267)		(4,349,327)		(4,076,854)	 (3,844,475)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 1,621,060	 51,678,133		61,323,721		2,551,763	
Changes in fund balances	\$ (13,843,555)	\$ 28,386,502	\$	60,947,976	\$	1,084,969	\$ 8,706,486

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Net Limited Assessed Value and Full Cash Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_					Fiscal Year				
Class		<u>2024</u>		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	1,245,818,125	\$	1,243,561,683	\$	1,235,283,289	\$	1,189,361,024	\$	1,152,415,845
Agricultural and Vacant		135,311,670		129,416,134		129,798,893		129,295,509		147,162,757
Residential (Owner Occupied)		3,501,528,779		3,380,800,807		3,237,922,371		3,085,311,367		2,932,912,548
Residential (Rental)		1,823,852,685		1,651,273,134		1,520,874,113		1,434,586,178		1,346,017,764
Historical Property		1,815,644		1,739,247		1,557,989		1,475,438		1,356,907
Certain Government Property Improvements	_		_	26,781	_	26,133	_	20,425	_	19,976
Total	\$	6,708,326,903	\$	6,406,817,786	\$	6,125,462,788	\$	5,840,049,941	\$	5,579,885,797
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	101,412,833,325	\$	80,157,861,674	\$	75,530,144,838	\$	70,995,356,361	\$	66,412,132,392
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		7%		8%		8%		8%		8%
Total Direct Rate		3.38		3.34		3.46		3.62		3.64
	_					Fiscal Year				
Class		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	1,097,366,510	\$	1,022,425,765	\$	983,200,972	\$	972,696,552	\$	990,499,452
Agricultural and Vacant		150,702,297		136,672,073		129,084,361		139,211,449		140,688,195
Residential (Owner Occupied)		2,851,039,875		2,720,008,880		2,587,628,373		2,501,359,331		2,446,660,111
Residential (Rental)		1,205,948,606		1,117,746,555		1,039,863,452		906,403,894		779,123,703
Historical Property		1,230,806		1,200,567		1,144,681		1,087,411		849,921
Certain Government Property Improvements	_	38,773	_	42,018	_	74,307	_	70,768	_	67,399
Total	\$	5,306,326,867	\$	4,998,095,858	\$	4,740,996,146	\$	4,520,829,405	\$	4,357,888,781
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	62,457,343,421	\$	59,191,385,923	\$	54,895,716,821	\$	50,881,041,132	\$	43,446,311,231
Ratio of Net Limited Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		8%		8%		9%		9%		10%
Total Direct Rate		3.70		3.97		3.86		3.84		4.11

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. Primary taxes are used for general District operations. Secondary taxes are used to service District bonded debt requirements and other voter-approved overrides.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Net Full Cash Assessed Value of Taxable Property by Class Last Ten Fiscal Years

	_					Fiscal Year				
Class		2024		<u>2023</u>		<u>2022</u>		<u>2021</u>		2020
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	1,758,912,007	\$	1,550,707,933	\$	1,638,214,640	\$	1,560,309,135	\$	1,485,423,926
Agricultural and Vacant		243,472,495		200,020,980		203,872,837		204,546,799		227,034,741
Residential (Owner Occupied)		5,261,693,027		4,139,086,077		3,877,826,451		3,657,399,356		3,432,210,369
Residential (Rental)		3,036,382,693		2,322,660,514		2,078,594,501		1,905,864,069		1,732,463,897
Historical Property		3,433,853		2,661,538		2,282,642		2,237,567		1,945,825
Certain Government Property Improvements		1	_	28,518	_	28,158	_	20,515		20,183
Total	\$	10,303,894,076	\$	8,215,165,560	\$	7,800,819,229	\$	7,330,377,441	\$	6,879,098,941
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	101,412,833,325	\$	80,157,861,674	\$	75,530,144,838	\$	70,995,356,361	\$	66,412,132,392
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		10%		10%		10%		10%		10%
Estimated Net Full Cash Value		92,688,523,323		72,997,656,227		68,250,176,363		63,948,236,201		59,854,248,214
Total Direct Rate		3.38		3.34		3.46		3.62		3.64
						Fiscal Year				
Class		<u>2019</u>		<u>2018</u>		<u>2017</u>		<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	\$	1,389,585,680	\$	1,290,333,619	\$	1,143,780,546	\$	1,048,494,743	\$	1,002,917,989
Agricultural and Vacant		228,532,459		207,424,819		180,917,658		177,452,588		159,863,729
Residential (Owner Occupied)		3,308,251,881		3,180,784,049		3,026,658,003		2,944,151,295		2,550,276,824
Residential (Rental)		1,535,753,529		1,408,905,237		1,288,017,388		1,109,586,552		842,264,959
Historical Property		1,748,264		1,657,055		1,497,862		1,392,146		928,541
Certain Government Property Improvements		41,946	_	95,055	_	81,443	_	72,225	_	67,399
Total	\$	6,463,913,759	\$	6,089,199,834	\$	5,640,952,900	\$	5,281,149,549	\$	4,556,319,441
Gross Full Cash Value	\$	62,457,343,421	\$	59,191,385,923	\$	54,895,716,821	\$	50,881,041,132	\$	43,446,311,231
Ratio of Net Full Cash Assessed Value to Gross Full Cash Value		10%		10%		10%		10%		10%
Estimated Net Full Cash Value		56,200,703,548		52,987,393,741		49,391,906,908		45 004 462 424		20 020 470 000
Estimated Net Full Cash Value		30,200,703,346		52,987,393,741		49,391,906,908		45,981,463,434		39,038,479,809

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value. The net full cash assessed value is used for determining the District's bonding capacity and as the ceiling for net limited assessed value.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Property Tax Assessment Ratios Last Ten Fiscal Years

Class	2024	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	17 %	18 %	18 %	18 %	18 %
Agricultural and Vacant	15	15	15	15	15
Residential (Owner Occupied)	10	10	10	10	10
Residential (Rental)	10	10	10	10	10
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines	14	15	15	15	15

Fiscal Year

Class	2019	2018	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	2015
Commercial, Industrial, Utilities and Mining	18 %	18 %	18 %	19 %	19 %
Agricultural and Vacant	15	15	15	16	16
Residential (Owner Occupied)	10	10	10	10	10
Residential (Rental)	10	10	10	10	10
Railroad, Private Cars and Airlines	14	15	14	15	16

Source: The source of this information is the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue.

Note: Additional classes of property exist, but do not amount to a significant portion of the District's total valuation, therefore they are not included on this schedule.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

Overlapping Rates

			11 0								
Fiscal Year Ended	State		Community College	Community Facilities	City of	City of	City of		Dis	strict Direct Ra	tes
June 30	Equalization	County	District	Districts	Scottsdale	Phoenix	Tempe	EVIT	Primary	Secondary	Total
2024		1.20	1.14	4.75	0.98	2.10	2.41	0.05	2.45	0.93	3.38
2023		1.25	1.19	4.34	0.91	2.11	2.38	0.05	2.43	0.92	3.34
2022	0.43	1.35	1.23	0.19	0.91	2.11	2.38	0.05	2.53	0.93	3.46
2021	0.43	1.35	1.23	0.53	1.01	2.12	2.37	0.05	2.63	0.99	3.62
2020	0.46	1.40	1.33	1.58	1.04	2.22	2.40	0.05	2.59	1.05	3.64
2019	0.47	1.40	1.38	0.06	1.10	2.14	2.42	0.05	2.57	1.14	3.70
2018	0.49	1.40	1.20	0.38	1.08	2.16	2.49	0.05	3.08	0.89	3.97
2017	0.50	1.40	1.24	1.35	1.13	2.17	2.53	0.05	2.86	1.00	3.86
2016	0.51	1.36	1.49	0.82	1.15	1.82	2.52	0.05	2.83	1.00	3.84
2015	0.51	1.32	1.52	0.76	1.24	1.82	2.44	0.05	3.11	1.00	4.11

Source: The source of this information is the Property Tax Rates and Assessed Values, Arizona Tax Research Foundation.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Principal Property Taxpayers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

		2024	2015				
Taxpayer	Net Limited Assessed Valuation	Percentage District's No Limited Asses Valuation	et sed		Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	Percentage of District's Net Full Cash Assessed Valuation	
Arizona Public Service Company	\$ 60,138,63	31 0.90	%	\$	42,829,403	0.94	%
Scottsdale Fashion Square LLC	46,507,63	16 0.69			45,563,194	1.00	
ASUF Scottsdale LLC (Lease)	23,462,22	29 0.35					
Host Camelback I LLC	18,762,97	78 0.28					
Camden USA Inc	17,998,89	99 0.27					
Portales Corporation Center LLC	17,265,86	0.26			12,757,694	0.28	
Weingarten Nostat Inc.	16,200,49	94 0.24					
XHR Scottsdale Ranch LLC	13,782,08	32 0.21					
Stockdale Galleria Project Owner LLC	13,762,87	70 0.21					
Sonoran Village LLC	13,624,89	99 0.20					
Starwood Phoenician CMBA LLC					22,781,597	0.50	
Qwest Corporation					18,225,278	0.40	
General Dynamics System					14,124,590	0.31	
W J Small Grandchildren Trust					13,668,958	0.30	
M I Resort Holding LLC					12,302,062	0.27	
Scottsdale Fashion Square Partnership					12,302,062	0.27	
Drug (AZ) QRS 14-42 Inc.					11,390,799	0.25	
Total	\$ 241,506,50	3.60	%	\$	205,945,637	4.52	%

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Assessor's records.

Note: On November 6, 2012, voters approved Proposition 117, an amendment to the Arizona Constitution. Beginning with Tax Year 2015 (Fiscal Year 2016), both primary and secondary taxes are levied against the net limited assessed value.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal		Collected wi			Collected to the End of the Current Fiscal Year		
Year Ended June 30	Taxes Levied for the Fiscal Year	Amount	Percentage of Levy	Collections in Subsequent Fiscal Years	Amount	Percentage of Levy	
2024	\$ 228,673,230	\$ 217,201,593	94.98 %	\$	\$ 217,201,593	94.98 %	
2023	214,831,285	206,179,691	95.97	8,623,406	214,803,097	99.99	
2022	212,361,921	202,327,702	95.27	10,012,048	212,339,750	99.99	
2021	211,548,363	209,085,670	98.84	2,445,681	211,531,351	99.99	
2020	202,026,680	191,661,774	94.87	10,338,456	202,000,230	99.99	
2019	195,501,329	186,037,202	95.16	9,436,876	195,474,078	99.99	
2018	187,082,999	176,777,893	94.49	10,277,043	187,054,936	99.98	
2017	183,177,675	172,416,394	94.13	10,747,408	183,163,802	99.99	
2016	174,672,995	171,784,675	98.35	2,883,650	174,668,325	100.00	
2015	180,985,544	170,131,504	94.00	10,843,801	180,975,305	99.99	

Source: The source of this information is the Maricopa County Treasurer's records.

Notes: 1) Amounts collected are on a cash basis.

2) Unsecured personal property taxes are not included in this schedule because the dates of the monthly rolls vary each year. On the average, 90% of unsecured property taxes are collected within 90 days after the due date.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Outstanding Debt by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	General Obligation Bonds						Total Outstanding Debt						
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	General Obligation Bonds	Less: Amounts Restricted for Principal	Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)		Per Capita	Financed Purchases		Total	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value (Full Cash Value)		Per Capita	Percentage of Personal Income
2024	\$ 310,151,015	\$ 19,288,857	\$ 290,862,158	0.29 %	\$	1,141	\$ 17,829,804	\$	327,980,819	0.32 %	\$	1,286	N/A %
2023	330,807,287	20,900,630	309,906,657	0.39		1,285	20,933,105		351,740,392	0.44		1,459	0.13
2022	350,673,557	19,242,463	331,431,094	0.44		1,365	24,181,094		374,854,651	0.50		1,544	0.15
2021	370,809,828	19,958,383	350,851,445	0.49		1,355	27,325,005		398,134,833	0.56		1,537	0.15
2020	314,987,169	17,483,178	297,503,991	0.45		1,197	30,369,332		345,356,501	0.52		1,389	0.15
2019	263,222,969	1,274,508	261,948,461	0.42		1,054	33,318,379		296,541,348	0.47		1,193	0.15
2018	283,098,204	2,969,923	280,128,281	0.47		995	36,444,935		319,543,139	0.54		1,135	0.17
2017	252,171,253	6,516,362	245,654,891	0.45		874	39,478,195		291,649,448	0.53		1,038	0.16
2016	225,533,675	5,972,699	219,560,976	0.43		781	26,079,693		251,613,368	0.49		895	0.14
2015	243,725,829	4,556,953	239,168,876	0.55		852	28,466,699		272,192,528	0.63		970	0.16

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: N/A indicates that the information is not available.

Note: The provisions of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87 were adopted in fiscal year 2022. The standard replaces the previous capital and operating lease designations with financed purchases or leases depending on the substance of the transactions. The fiscal year 2015-2021 information within this column relates to the transactions previously designated as capital leases.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt June 30, 2024

Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable to School District	Estimated Amount Applicable to School District
Overlapping:			
Maricopa County Community College District	\$ 135,585,000	12.92 %	\$ 17,517,582
Maricopa County Special Health Care District	600,335,000	12.92	77,563,282
DC Ranch Communities Facilities District	4,740,000	100.00	4,740,000
Waterfront Community Facilities District	1,843,000	100.00	1,843,000
City of Scottsdale	419,615,000	69.79	292,849,309
City of Phoenix	740,890,000	5.89	43,638,421
City of Tempe	421,175,000	0.73	3,074,578
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt			441,226,172
Direct: Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Total Direct and Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt			\$ 769,206,991
Direct and Overlapping Genera	al Bonded Debt Ratios		
Net Direct General Obligation Bonded Debt As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation		4.34 %	
Net Direct and Overlapping General Bonded Debt Per Capita As a Percentage of Net Limited Assessed Valuation As a Percentage of Gross Full Cash Value		\$ 2,871 10.91 % 0.72 %	

Source: The source of this information is the District's records and the State and County Abstract of the Assessment Roll, Arizona Department of Revenue and the applicable governmental unit.

Notes: 1) Estimated percentage of debt outstanding applicable to the District is calculated based on a portion of the District's net limited assessed valuation as a percentage of the net limited assessed valuation of the overlapping jurisdiction.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

Class B Bond Legal Debt Margin Calcula	tion	for Fiscal Year 2024:		Total Legal Debt Margin	n Calculation for Fiscal	Year 2	024:			
Net full cash assessed valuation	\$	10,303,894,076		Net full cash assessed v	aluation	\$	10,303,894,076			
Debt limit (20% of assessed value)		2,060,778,815		Debt limit (30% of asses	ssed value)		3,091,168,223			
Debt applicable to limit		315,289,581		Debt applicable to limit	(total)		315,289,581			
Legal debt margin	\$	1,745,489,234		Legal debt margin						
				Fiscal Year Ended June	30					
		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>		<u>2020</u>			
Debt Limit	\$	3,091,168,223	\$ 2,464,549,668	\$ 2,340,245,769	\$ 2,199,113,232	\$	2,063,729,682			
Total net debt applicable to limit		315,289,581	333,828,230	298,222,537	314,446,617		271,741,822			
Legal debt margin	\$	2,775,878,642	\$ 2,130,721,438	\$ 2,042,023,232	\$ 1,884,666,615	\$	1,791,987,860			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		10%	14%	13%	14%		13%			
		<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>		<u>2015</u>			
Debt Limit	\$	1,939,174,128	\$ 1,826,759,950	\$ 1,692,285,870	\$ 1,056,229,910	\$	1,366,895,832			
Total net debt applicable to limit		258,116,724	276,353,750	247,430,000	225,533,675		243,725,829			
Legal debt margin	\$	1,681,057,404	\$ 1,550,406,200	\$ 1,444,855,870	\$ 830,696,235	\$	1,123,170,003			
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit		13%	15%	15%	21%		18%			

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Notes: 1) The District's general obligation bonds are subject to two limits: the Constitutional debt limit (total debt limit) on all general obligation bonds outstanding and the statutory debt limit on Class B bonds outstanding. The calculations of the debt margins are presented in detail for the current fiscal year only.

²⁾ Prior to FY17, net bond premium was restricted by amount and not subject to the statutory debt limit. Beginning with FY17, any additional net premium used for capital projects, bond counsel, printing and preparation of offering documents, a financial advisor, paying agent costs or to pay down debt is counted against both debt limits with the exception of amounts of premium deposited into the Debt Service Fund or a refunding escrow to pay interest payments.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 County-Wide Demographic and Economic Statistics Last Ten Calendar Years

Year	Population	Personal Income (thousands)	_	Per Capita Income	Unemploymer Rate	nt 	Estimated District Population
2023	4,665,020 \$	288,842,282	\$	63,461	3.4	%	254,995
2022	4,586,431	268,713,717		59,759	3.0		241,115
2021	4,496,588	249,677,860		56,255	5.2		242,753
2020	4,439,220	262,362,901		59,101	7.3		258,953
2019	4,485,414	222,943,072		49,704	3.6		248,643
2018	4,294,460	196,286,191		45,573	4.1		248,643
2017	4,221,684	185,613,641		43,845	4.4		281,500
2016	4,137,076	185,111,698		43,628	4.5		281,000
2015	4,087,191	175,437,829		42,092	5.5		281,200
2014	4,008,651	168,483,421		41,222	5.1		280,750

Sources: The source of the "Personal Income" and "Per Capita" information is the Bureau of Economic Analysis. The source of the "Population" and "Unemployment Rate" information is the Arizona Office of Employment and Population Statistics.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Principal Employers Current Fiscal Year and Fiscal Year Nine Years Prior

	20	24	2015			
		Percentage of Total	-		Percentage of Total	
Employer	<u>Employees</u>	Employment	-	Employees	Employment	
Banner Health Systems	26,670	1.41	%	24,825	1.35 %	
Amazon	23,260	1.23				
State of Arizona	22,350	1.18		49,800	2.71	
Wal-Mart Stores Inc.	17,450	0.92		30,634	1.67	
Frys Food Stores	15,110	0.80				
Intel Corporation	12,810	0.68				
Maricopa County	11,580	0.61		12,792	0.70	
Arizona State University	11,300	0.60		11,185	0.61	
Wells Fargo Company	10,420	0.55		13,308	0.72	
United States Department of the Air Force	9,310	0.49				
City of Phoenix				15,100	0.82	
Apollo Group Inc.				11,000	0.60	
Bank of America				13,300	0.72	
Raytheon Co.				11,500	0.63	
Total	160,260	8.47	%	193,444	10.53 %	
Total employment	1,893,180			1,836,600		

Source: The source of this information for 2024 is the Maricopa Association of Governments and for 2015 is the Business Journal Book of Lists

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Full-time Equiva	alent Employees a	s of June 30	
	2024	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	2020
Supervisory					
Superintendent	1				
Consultants/supervisors of instruction		16	16	15	16
Principals	31	29	28	29	29
Assistant principals	41	39	40	39	39
Total supervisory	73	84	84	83	84
Instruction					
Teachers	1,262	1,285	1,257	1,283	1,276
Other professionals (instructional)	78	104	83	81	61
Aides	251	261	290	328	346
Total instruction	1,591	1,650	1,630	1,692	1,683
Student Services					
Nurses	57				
Counselors/Advisors	40				
Librarians	11	11	10	11	11
Technicians	71	97	103	91	75
Total student services	179	108	113	102	86
Support and Administration					
Clerical workers	146				
Maintenance workers	133				
Bus Drivers	49				
Service Workers	98	302	301	297	469
Other Laborers	258	338	311	359	330
Total support and administration	684	640	612	656	799
Total	2,527	2,482	2,439	2,533	2,652

(Continued)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Full-Time Equivalent District Employees by Type Last Ten Fiscal Years

	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Supervisory					
Superintendent					
Consultants/supervisors of instruction	16	16	15	15	15
Principals	29	30	30	29	29
Assistant principals	39	39	42	36	36
Total supervisory	84	85	87	80	80
Instruction					
Teachers	1,276	1,276	1,299	1,213	1,256
Other professionals (instructional)	61	42	45	47	48
Aides	346	341	294	306	353
Total instruction	1,683	1,659	1,638	1,566	1,657
Student Services					
Nurses					
Counselors/Advisors					
Librarians	11	9	30	29	29
Technicians	75	54	59	60	60
Total student services	86	63	89	89	89
Support and Administration					
Clerical workers					
Maintenance workers					
Bus Drivers					
Service Workers	469	441	414	431	440
Other Laborers	330	316	334	386	384
Total support and administration	799	757	748	817	824
Total	2,652	2,564	2,562	2,552	2,650

Source: The source of this information is District personnel records.

(Concluded)

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Operating Statistics Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Average Daily Membership	Operating Expenditures	Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	 Expenses	 Cost per Pupil	Percentage Change	Teaching Staff	Pupil- Teacher Ratio	Percentage of Free/Reduced Students
2024	19,748	\$ 277,434,990	\$ 14,049	28.98 %	\$ 341,612,028	\$ 17,299	25.20 %	1,262	15.6	32.0 %
2023	21,508	234,264,174	10,892	(4.55)	297,182,253	13,817	4.02	1,285	16.7	26.9
2022	20,438	233,210,566	11,411	(0.28)	271,477,642	13,283	(2.85)	1,257	16.3	86.0
2021	19,448	222,545,877	11,443	11.58	265,910,644	13,673	16.86	1,283	15.2	86.0
2020	21,555	221,055,739	10,255	11.85	252,190,213	11,700	9.42	1,276	16.9	86.0
2019	21,503	197,155,873	9,169	14.23	229,930,962	10,693	11.93	1,276	16.9	28.0
2018	22,155	177,823,972	8,026	(3.58)	211,660,585	9,554	0.51	1,276	17.4	24.7
2017	22,502	187,323,053	8,325	2.06	213,898,708	9,506	3.01	1,299	17.3	26.7
2016	22,684	185,016,786	8,156	3.22	209,321,388	9,228	(3.49)	1,213	18.7	26.8
2015	22,820	180,317,962	7,902	3.40	218,184,080	9,561	0.65	1,256	18.2	27.5

Source: The source of this information is the District's financial records.

Note: Operating expenditures are total expenditures less debt service and capital outlay.

Scottsdale Unified School District No. 48 Capital Assets Information Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Fiscal Year Ended June 30										
	2024	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>	
Schools											
Elementary											
Buildings	129	129	136	154	154	154	154	163	163	163	
Square feet	1,439,130	1,439,130	1,331,027	1,383,237	1,383,237	1,383,237	1,383,237	1,427,918	1,427,918	1,427,918	
Capacity	14,472	14,472	14,692	14,692	14,692	14,692	14,692	15,336	15,336	15,336	
Enrollment	8,296	11,284	8,892	9,241	9,241	9,241	9,241	11,845	11,845	11,845	
Middle											
Buildings	55	55	68	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	
Square feet	774,814	774,814	1,018,988	960,988	960,988	960,988	960,988	960,988	960,988	960,988	
Capacity	10,667	10,667	9,608	9,608	9,608	9,608	9,608	9,608	9,608	9,608	
Enrollment	4,447	3,940	5,658	5,336	5,336	5,336	5,336	5,813	5,813	5,813	
High											
Buildings	66	66	49	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	
Square feet	1,649,181	1,649,181	1,734,640	1,729,392	1,729,392	1,729,392	1,729,392	1,729,392	1,729,392	1,729,392	
Capacity	12,844	12,844	11,884	11,784	11,784	11,784	11,784	11,784	11,784	11,784	
Enrollment	7,608	6,006	8,226	8,202	8,202	8,202	8,202	8,551	8,551	8,551	
Other											
Buildings	31	31	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	
Square feet	135,785	135,785	33,998	33,998	33,998	33,998	33,998	33,998	33,998	33,998	
Capacity	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	250	
Enrollment	0		59	59	59	59	59	59	59	59	
Administrative											
Buildings	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	4	
Square feet	45,655	45,655	49,760	49,760	49,760	49,760	49,760	49,760	49,760	36,651	
Transportation											
Garages	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	
Buses	276	217	217	217	217	217	217	226	226	226	
Athletics											
Football fields	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Soccer fields	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	
Running tracks	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	
Baseball/softball	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	
Playgrounds	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	67	

Source: The source of this information is the District's facilities records.