2025-2026 Matagorda ISD Approved Budget

Values & Rates Information			
Certified Tax Values	$	516,526,827	Matagorda CAD will release Certified Values by July 25th.
Compressed Tax Rate	$	0.5916	TEA will release preliminary compressed tax rates by August 5th.
No New Revenue Rate (NNR)	$	0.6786	2025 Tax Rate Calculations Worksheet will be completed early Aug.
Preliminary M&O Tax Rate	**$**	**0.6416**	Compressed Tax Rate + 5 cents (maximum without TRE Election)
I&S Tax Rate	**$**	**0.0657**	
2025 State Values (T1-T17)	Based on +$22 million. TEA estimates due soon. Comptroller won't release until late January.		
State Revenue Template	Completed most recent template (Release 7) using 90ADA and the information above.		

Fund 199 General		**2024-2025 Budgeted Revenue**		**2025-2026 Budgeted Revenue**
Local (Property Taxes)	$	3,099,871	$	3,210,504
Local (Other Revenue)	$	29,100	$	6,000
State (Program Revenue)	$	60,882	$	154,763
State (TRS On Behalf)	$	94,215	$	108,461
Federal (SHARS)	$	15,000	$	-
Total Revenue	**$**	**3,299,068**	**$**	**3,479,728**

		2024-2025 Budgeted Expenditures		**2025-2026 Budgeted Expenditures**
11 (Instruction)	$	994,735	$	1,118,359
12 (Instructional Resource:	$	1,100	$	1,300
13 Curriculum Developmei	$	2,350	$	3,750
21 Instructional Leadershi|	$	600	$	600
23 School Leadership	$	143,075	$	97,615
31 Guidance & Counseling	$	19,631	$	7,825
33 Health Services	$	3,400	$	25,444
34 Student Transportation	$	40,377	$	64,564
35 Food Services	$	2,905	$	2,905
36 Extracurricular	$	38,827	$	21,645
41 General Administration	$	196,867	$	286,720
51 Facilities Maintenance	$	253,212	$	349,469
52 Security & Monitoring	$	37,738	$	35,589
53 Data Processing	$	141,760	$	116,500
61 Community Services	$	1,282	$	400
71 Debt Services	$	136,000	$	155,000
81Purchase. Const		$0	$	98,649
91 Recapture Cost	$	1,226,480	$	1,025,000
99 Other Intergovernmenta	$	52,852	$	52,852
00 Transfer Out	$	6,417	$	15,542
Total Expenditures	**$**	**3,299,608**	**$**	**3,479,728**

Fund 240 Cafeteria	2024-2025 Budgeted Revenue	2025-2026 Budgeted Revenue
Local Revenue	$ 1,000	$ 1,000
State (Program Revenue)	$ 8,000	$ 8,000
State (TRS Onbehalf)		$ -
Federal	$ 80,000	$ 78,657
00 Transfer In	$ 6,417	$ 15,542
Total Revenue	**$ 95,417**	**$ 103,199**

	2024-2025 Budgeted Expenditures	2025-2026 Budgeted Expenditures
35 (Food Service)	$ 95,417	$ 103,199
51 (Facilities Maintenance)		$ -
Total Expenditures	**$ 95,417**	**$ 103,199**

Fund 599 I&S	2024-2025 Budgeted Revenue	2025-2026 Budgeted Revenue
Local (Property Taxes)	$ 326,460	$ 325,656
Total Revenue	**$ 326,460**	**$ 325,656**

	2024-2025 Budgeted Expenditures	2025-2026 Budgeted Expenditures
71 (Debt Service)	$ 326,460	$ 325,656
Total Expenditures	**$ 326,460**	**$ 325,656**

Approved by the Matagorda ISD Board of Trustees on 8/28/2025

MATAGORDA
INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Resolution of the Board to Set Tax Rate

Date: August 28, 2025

On this date, we, the Board of Trustees of the Matagorda Independent School District, hereby levy or set the tax rate on $100 valuation for the District for the tax year 2025 at a total tax rate of **$0.70732**, to be assessed and collected by the duly specified assessor and collector as follows:

$**0.64160** for the purpose of maintenance and operations, and

$0.06572 for the purpose of payment of principal and interest on debts.

Such taxes are to be assessed and collected by the tax officials designated by the District.

Adopted this 28 *(date)* day of August *(month)*, 2025 *(year)*, by the Board of Trustees.

Barry Bernard
President's signature

Secretary's signature

STINGRAYS
MATAGORDA ISD

MATAGORDA COUNTY

TAX OFFICE
1801 Seventh Street
Bay City, Texas 77414

Becky Barrett Cook
PCC, CTOP, PCAC
Assessor – Collector
Motor Vehicle - Voter Registrar

(979)789-5100
Fax (979)789-5119
bcook@co.matagorda.tx.us

TO: Matagorda ISD

FROM: Becky Barrett Cook

DATE: August 14, 2025

RE: 2025 TAX RATES

The 2025 Maintenance and Operations Tax Rate is **.64160**, the 2025 Debt Rate (Interest & Sinking Rate is **.06572** and the Voter Approval Rate is **.70732**

Please feel free to contact me if you need additional assistance.

Thank you,

BCook

Becky Barrett Cook

ASSESSOR & COLLECTOR OF TAXES
STATE
MATAGORDA COUNTY

2025 Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet

Form 50-859

School Districts without Chapter 313 and JETI Agreements

Malagorda ISD	
School District's Name	Phone *(area code and number)*
717 Wightman Street	www.matagordaisd.org
School District's Address, City, State, ZIP Code	School District's Website Address

GENERAL INFORMATION: Tax Code Section 26.04(c) requires an officer or employee designated by the governing body to calculate the no-new-revenue tax rate and voter-approval tax rate for the taxing unit. These tax rates are expressed in dollars per $100 of taxable value calculated. The calculation process starts after the chief appraiser delivers to the taxing unit the certified appraisal roll or certified estimate of value and the estimated values of properties under protest.The designated officer or employee shall submit the rates to the governing body by August 7 or as soon thereafter as practicable. Tax Code Section 26.04(e-1) does not require school districts to certify tax rate calculations or comply with certain Tax Code notice requirements. School districts are required to provide notice regarding tax rate calculations pursuant to Education Code Chapter 44.

This worksheet is for **school districts without Tax Code Chapter 313 or Government Code Chapter 403, Subchapter T, Texas Jobs, Energy, Technology, and Innovation Act (JETI) agreements only.** School districts that have a Chapter 313 or JETI agreement should use Comptroller Form 50-884 *Tax Rate Calculation Worksheet, School Districts with Chapter 313 and JETI Agreements.*

Water districts as defined under Water Code Section 49.001(1) do not use this form. Use Comptroller Form 50-858 *Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet for Low Tax Rate and Developing Districts* or Comptroller Form 50-860 *Developed Water District Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet.*

All other taxing units should use Comptroller Form 50-856 *Tax Rate Calculation, Taxing Units Other Than School Districts or Water Districts.*

The Comptroller's office provides this worksheet to assist taxing units in determining tax rates. The Texas Education Agency (TEA) provides detailed information on and guidance to school districts in calculating their tax rates. Please review and rely on information provided by TEA when completing this worksheet. Additionally, the information provided in this worksheet is offered as technical assistance and not legal advice. Taxing units should consult legal counsel for interpretations of law regarding tax rate preparation and adoption.

SECTION 1: No-New-Revenue Tax Rate

The no-new-revenue (NNR) tax rate enables the public to evaluate the relationship between taxes for the prior year and for the current year based on a tax rate that would produce the same amount of revenue if applied to the same properties that are taxed in both years (no new taxes). When appraisal values increase, the NNR tax rate should decrease.

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
1.	**Prior year total taxable value.** Enter the amount of the prior year taxable value on the prior year tax roll today. Include any adjustments since last year's certification; exclude one-fourth and one-third over-appraisal corrections made under Tax Code Section 25.25(d) from these adjustments. Exclude any property value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42 as of July 25 (will add undisputed value in Line 6). This total includes the taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in Line 2).[1]	$ 465,409,029
2.	**Prior year tax ceilings.** Enter the prior year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.[2]	$ 23,118,578
3.	**Preliminary prior year adjusted taxable value.** Subtract Line 2 from Line 1.	$ 442,290,451
4.	**Prior year total adopted tax rate.**	$ 0.73538 /$100
5.	**Prior year taxable value lost because court appeals of ARB decisions reduced prior year appraised value.** A. **Original prior year ARB values:** ..... $ 0 B. **Prior year values resulting from final court decisions:** ..... −$ 0 C. **Prior year value loss.** Subtract B from A.[3]	$ 0
6.	**Prior year taxable value subject to an appeal under Chapter 42, as of July 25.** A. **Prior year ARB certified value:** ..... $ 0 B. **Prior year disputed value:** ..... −$ 0 C. **Prior year undisputed value.** Subtract B from A.[4]	$ 0
7.	**Prior year Chapter 42-related adjusted values.** Add Line 5 and 6.	$ 0
8.	**Prior year taxable value, adjusted for actual and potential court-ordered adjustments.** Add Line 3 and Line 7.	$ 442,290,451

[1] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)
[2] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(14)
[3] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)
[4] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
9.	**Prior year taxable value of property in territory the school deannexed after Jan. 1, of the prior year.** Enter the prior year value of property in deannexed territory. [5]	$ 0
10.	**Prior year taxable value lost because property first qualified for an exemption in the current year.** If the school district increased an original exemption, use the difference between the original exempted amount and the increased exempted amount. Do not include value lost due to freeport goods-in-transit, or temporary disaster exemptions. Note that lowering the amount or percentage of an existing exemption in the current year does not create a new exemption or reduce taxable value. A. **Absolute exemptions.** Use prior year market value: .... $ 103,180 B. **Partial exemptions.** Current year exemption amount or current year percentage exemption times prior year value:..+ $ 3,596,485 C. **Value loss.** Add A and B. [6]	$ 3,699,665
11.	**Prior year taxable value lost because property first qualified for agricultural appraisal (1-d or 1-d-1), timber appraisal, recreational/ scenic appraisal or public access airport special appraisal in the current year.** Use only properties that qualified in the current year for the first time; do not use properties that qualified in the prior year. A. **Prior year market value.** .... $ 0 B. **Current year productivity or special appraised value:**........ - $ 0 C. **Value loss.** Subtract B from A. [7]	$ 0
12.	**Total adjustments for lost value.** Add Lines 9, 10C and 11C.	$ 3,699,665
13.	**Adjusted prior year taxable value.** Subtract Line 12 from Line 8.	$ 438,590,786
14.	**Adjusted prior year total levy.** Multiply Line 4 by Line 13 and divide by $100.	$ 3,225,308
15.	**Taxes refunded for years preceding prior year.** Enter the amount of taxes refunded by the district for tax years preceding the prior year. Types of refunds include court decisions, Tax Code Section 25.25(b) and (c) corrections and Tax Code Section 31.11 payment errors. Do not include refunds for the prior tax year. This line applies only to tax years preceding the prior tax year. [8]	$ 14,889
16.	**Adjusted prior year levy with refunds.** Add Line 14 and Line 15. [9] Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, subtract the amount of taxes the governing body dedicated to the junior college district in the prior year from the result.	$ 3,240,197
17.	**Total current year taxable value on the current year certified appraisal roll today.** This value includes only certified values and includes the total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings (will deduct in line 19). These homesteads include homeowners age 65 or older or disabled. [10] A. **Certified values.**[11] .... $ 501,506,589 B. **Pollution control and energy storage system exemption:** Deduct the value of property exempted for the current tax year for the first time as pollution control or energy storage system property:........ - $ 0 C. **Total current year value.** Subtract B from A.	$ 501,506,589
18.	**Total value of properties under protest or not included on certified appraisal roll.** [12] A. **Current year taxable value of properties under protest.** The chief appraiser certifies a list of properties still under ARB protest. The list shows the appraisal district's value and the taxpayer's claimed value, if any, or an estimate of the value if the taxpayer wins. For each of the properties under protest, use the lowest of these values. Enter the total value under protest. [13] .... $ 0 B. **Current year value of properties not under protest or included on certified appraisal roll.** The chief appraiser gives school districts a list of those taxable properties that the chief appraiser knows about but are not included in the appraisal roll certification. These properties are also not on the list of properties that are still under protest. On this list of properties, the chief appraiser includes the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the preceding year and a reasonable estimate of the market value, appraised value and exemptions for the current year. Use the lower market, appraised or taxable value (as appropriate). Enter the total value not on the roll. [14] .... + $ 0 C. **Total value under protest or not certified.** Add A and B.	$ 0

[5] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(15)
[6] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(15)
[7] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(15)
[8] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)
[9] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(13)
[10] Tex. Tax Code §§26.012 and 26.04(c-2)
[11] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)
[12] Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c) and (d)
[13] Tex. Tax Code §26.01(c)
[14] Tex. Tax Code §26.01(d)

Line	No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
19.	**Current year tax ceilings.** Enter current year total taxable value of homesteads with tax ceilings. These include the homesteads of homeowners age 65 or older or disabled.[15]	$ 15,139,326
20.	**Anticipated contested value.** Affected taxing units enter the contested taxable value for all property that is subject to anticipated substantial litigation.[16] An affected taxing unit is wholly or partly located in a county that has a population of less than 500,000 and is located on the Gulf of Mexico.[17] If completing this section, the taxing unit must include supporting documentation in Section 6.[18] Taxing units that are not affected, enter 0.	$ 0
21.	**Current year total taxable value.** Add Lines 17C and 18C. Subtract Lines 19 and 20.[19]	$ 486,367,263
22.	**Total current year taxable value of properties in territory annexed after Jan. 1, of the prior year.** Include both real and personal property. Enter the current year value of property in territory annexed by the school district.	$ 0
23.	**Total current year taxable value of new improvements and new personal property located in new improvements.** New means the item was not on the appraisal roll in the prior year. An improvement is a building, structure, fixture or fence erected on or affixed to land. New additions to existing improvements may be included if the appraised value can be determined. New personal property in a new improvement must have been brought into the school district after Jan. 1, of the prior year, and be located in a new improvement.	$ 8,871,030
24.	**Total adjustments to the current year taxable value.** Add lines 22 and 23.	$ 8,871,030
25.	**Adjusted current year taxable value.** Subtract line 24 from line 21.	$ 477,496,233
26.	**Current year NNR tax rate.** Divide line 16 by line 25 and multiply by $100.	$ 0.67858 /$100

SECTION 2: Voter-Approval Tax Rate

The voter-approval tax rate is the highest tax rate that a taxing unit may adopt without holding an election to seek voter approval of the rate. Most school districts calculate a voter-approval tax rate that is split into three separate rates.[20]

1. **Maximum Compressed Tax Rate (MCR):** A district's maximum compressed tax rate is defined as the tax rate for the current tax year per $100 of valuation of taxable property at which the district must levy a maintenance and operations tax to receive the full amount of the tier one allotment.[21]
2. **Enrichment Tax Rate:**[22] A district's enrichment tax rate is defined as any tax effort in excess of the district's MCR and less than $0.17. The enrichment tax rate is divided into golden pennies and copper pennies. School districts can claim up to 8 golden pennies, not subject to compression, and 9 copper pennies which are subject to compression with any increases in the guaranteed yield.[23]
3. **Debt Rate:** The debt rate includes the debt service necessary to pay the school district's debt payments in the coming year. This rate accounts for principal and interest on bonds and other debt secured by property tax revenue.

The MCR and Enrichment Tax Rate added together make up the school district's maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate. Districts cannot increase the district's M&O tax rate to create a surplus in M&O tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service.[24]

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate (disaster pennies) in the calculation this year. This adjustment will be made in Section 4 of this worksheet.

A district must complete an efficiency audit before seeking voter approval to adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate, hold an open meeting to discuss the results of the audit, and post the results of the audit on the district's website 30 days prior to the election.[25] Additionally, a school district located in an area declared a disaster by the governor may adopt a M&O tax rate higher than the calculated M&O tax rate during the two-year period following the date of the *declaration without conducting an efficiency audit.*[26] Districts should review information from TEA when calculating their voter-approval tax rate.

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
27.	**Current year maximum compressed tax rate (MCR).** TEA will publish compression rates based on district and statewide property value growth. Enter the school districts' maximum compressed rate based on guidance from TEA.[27]	$ 0.59160 /$100

[15] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(6)(B)
[16] Tex Tax Code §§26.012(6)(C) and 26.012(1-b)
[17] Tex Tax Code §26.012(1-a)
[18] Tex Tax Code §26.04(d-3)
[19] Tex Tax Code §26.012(6)
[20] Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)
[21] Tex. Edu. Code §48.2551(a)(3)
[22] Tex. Tax Code §26.08(i) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032
[23] Tex. Edu. Code §§48.202(a-1)(2) and 48.202(f)
[24] Tex. Edu. Code §45.0021(a)
[25] Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b)
[26] Tex. Edu. Code §11.184(b-1)
[27] Tex. Edu. Code §§48.255, 48.2551(b)(1) and (b)(2)

Line	Voter-Approval Tax Rate Worksheet	Amount/Rate
28.	**Current year enrichment tax rate.** Enter the greater of A and B. [28] A. Enter the district's prior year enrichment tax rate, minus any required reduction under Education Code Section 48.202(f) . . . . . $ 0.00000 /$100 B. $0.05 per $100 of taxable value . . . . . $ 0.05000 /$100	$ 0.05000 /$100
29.	**Current year maintenance and operations (M&O) tax rate.** Add Lines 27 and 28. Note: M&O tax rate may not exceed the sum of $0.17 and the district's maximum compressed rate.[29]	$ 0.64160 /$100
30.	**Total current year debt to be paid with property tax revenue.** Debt means the interest and principal that will be paid on debts that: (1) Are paid by property taxes; (2) Are secured by property taxes; (3) Are scheduled for payment over a period longer than one year; and (4) Are not classified in the school district's budget as M&O expenses. A. **Debt** includes contractual payments to other school districts that have incurred debt on behalf of this school district, if those debts meet the four conditions above. Include only amounts that will be paid from property tax revenue. Do not include appraisal district budget payments. If the governing body of a taxing unit authorized or agreed to authorize a bond, warrant, certificate of obligation, or other evidence of indebtedness on or after Sept. 1, 2021, verify if it meets the amended definition of debt before including it here. [30] Enter debt amount: . . . . . $ 324,663 B. Subtract **unencumbered fund amount** used to reduce total debt. . . . . –$ 0 C. Subtract **state aid** received for paying principal and interest on debt for facilities through the existing debt allotment program and/or instructional facilities allotment program. . . . . –$ 0 D. **Adjust debt:** Subtract B and C from A.	$ 324,663
31.	**Certified prior year excess debt collections.** Enter the amount certified by the collector. [31]	$ 4,983
32.	**Adjusted current year debt.** Subtract line 31 from line 30D.	$ 319,680
33.	**Current year anticipated collection rate.** If the anticipated rate in A is lower than actual rates in B, C and D, enter the lowest rate from B, C and D. If the anticipated rate in A is higher than at least one of the rates in the prior three years, enter the rate from A. Note that the rate can be greater than 100%. [32] A. Enter the current year anticipated collection rate certified by the collector. [33] 100.00 % B. Enter the 2024 actual collection rate 100.00 % C. Enter the 2023 actual collection rate 99.00 % D. Enter the 2022 actual collection rate 100.00 %	100.00 %
34.	**Current year debt adjusted for collections.** Divide Line 32 by Line 33. Note: If the governing body of the school district governs a junior college district in a county with a population of more than two million, add the amount of taxes the governing body proposes to dedicate to the junior college district in the current year to the result.	$ 319,680
35.	**Current year total taxable value.** Enter the amount on Line 21 of the *No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.*	$ 486,367,263
36.	**Current year debt rate.** Divide Line 34 by Line 35 and multiply by $100.	$ 0.06572 /$100
37.	**Current year voter-approval tax rate.** Add Lines 29 and 36. If the school district received distributions from an equalization tax imposed under former Chapter 18, Education Code, add the NNR tax rate as of the date of the county unit system's abolition to the sum of Lines 29 and 36. [34]	$ 0.70732 /$100

[28] Tex. Tax Code §26.08(n)(2)
[29] Tex. Edu. Code §45.003(d)
[30] Tex. Tax Code §26.012(7)
[31] Tex. Tax Code §§26.012(10) and 26.04(b)
[32] Tex. Tax Code §§26.04(h), (h-1) and (h-2)
[33] Tex. Tax Code §26.04(b)
[34] Tex. Tax Code §26.08(g)

SECTION 3: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control

A school district may raise its rate for M&O funds used to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution. This includes any land, structure, building, installation, excavation, machinery, equipment or device that is used, constructed, acquired or installed wholly or partly to meet or exceed pollution control requirements. The school district's expenses are those necessary to meet the requirements of a permit issued by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The school district must provide the tax assessor with a copy of the TCEQ letter of determination that states the portion of the cost of the installation for pollution control.

This section should only be completed by a school district that uses M&O funds to pay for a facility, device or method for the control of air, water or land pollution.

Line	Voter-Approval Rate Adjustment for Pollution Control Requirements Worksheet	Amount/Rate
38.	**Certified expenses from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).** Enter the amount certified in the determination letter from TCEQ.[35] The school district shall provide its tax assessor with a copy of the letter.[36]	$ 0
39.	**Current year total taxable value.** Enter the amount on Line 21 of the *No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.*	$ 486,367,263
40.	**Additional rate for pollution control.** Divide line 38 by line 39 and multiply by $100.	$ 0.00000 /$100
41.	**Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for pollution control.** Add line 37 and line 40.	$ 0.70732 /$100

SECTION 4: Voter-Approval Tax Rate Adjustment in Year Following Disaster

If a school district adopted a tax rate that exceeded its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election to respond to a disaster in the prior year, as allowed by Tax Code Section 26.042(e), the school district may not consider the amount by which it exceeded its voter-approval tax rate in the calculation this year.[37] As such, it must reduce its voter-approval tax rate for the current tax year.

This section applies to a school district in a disaster area that adopts a tax rate greater than its voter-approval tax rate without holding an election in the prior year, as provided for by Tax Code Section 26.042(e).

Line	Prior Year Disaster Adjustment Worksheet	Amount/Rate
42.	**Prior year adopted tax rate.** Enter the rate in Line 4 of the *No-New-Revenue Tax Rate Worksheet.*	$ 0.73538 /$100
43.	**Prior voter-approval tax rate.** If the school district adopted a tax rate above the prior year voter-approval tax rate without holding an election due to a disaster, enter the voter-approval tax rate from the prior year's worksheet.	$ 0.00000 /$100
44.	**Increase in the prior year tax rate due to disaster (disaster pennies).** Subtract Line 43 from Line 42.	$ 0.00000 /$100
45.	**Current year voter-approval tax rate, adjusted for prior year disaster.** Subtract Line 44 from one of the following lines (as applicable): Line 37 or Line 41 (school districts with pollution control).	$ 0.70732 /$100

SECTION 5: Total Tax Rate

Indicate the applicable total tax rates as calculated above.

No-New-Revenue Tax Rate.......... $ 0.67858 /$100
Enter the current year NNR tax rate from Line 26.

Voter-Approval Tax Rate.......... $ 0.70732 /$100

As applicable, enter the current year voter-approval tax rate from Line 37, Line 41 or Line 45. Indicate the line number used: 37

[35] Tex. Tax Code §26.045(d)
[36] Tex. Tax Code §26.045(i)
[37] Tex. Tax Code §26.042(f) and Tex. Edu. Code §45.0032(d)

SECTION 6: Addendum

An affected taxing unit that enters an amount described by Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(C) in Line 20 must include the following as an addendum:

1. Documentation that supports the exclusion of value under Tax Code Section 26.012(6)(C); and
2. Each statement submitted to the designated officer or employee by the property owner or entity as required by Tax Code Section 41.48(c)(2) for that tax year.

Insert hyperlinks to supporting documentation:

WWW.CO.MATAGORDA.TX.US

SECTION 7: School District Representative Name and Signature

Enter the name of the person preparing the tax rate as authorized by the governing body of the school district. By signing below, you certify that you are the designated officer or employee of the school district and have calculated the tax rates in accordance with requirements in Tax Code and Education Code. [35]

print here Becky Barrett Cook

Printed Name of School District Representative

sign here BCook

School District Representative

ASSESSOR & COLLECTOR OF TAXES TEXAS MATAGORDA COUNTY

August 14, 2025

Date

[35] Tex. Tax Code §26.04(c)

NOTICE OF PUBLIC MEETING TO DISCUSS BUDGET AND PROPOSED TAX RATE

The Matagorda ISD will hold a public meeting at 6:00 PM, August 28, 2025 in MISD Board Room , 717 Wightman Street, Matagorda, Texas 77457. The purpose of this meeting is to discuss the school district's budget that will determine the tax rate that will be adopted. Public participation in the discussion is invited.

The tax rate that is ultimately adopted at this meeting or at a separate meeting at a later date may not exceed the proposed rate shown below unless the district publishes a revised notice containing the same information and comparisons set out below and holds another public meeting to discuss the revised notice.

Maintenance Tax	$0.64160/$100 (proposed rate for maintenance and operations)
School Debt Service Tax Approved by Local Voters	$0.06572/$100 (proposed rate to pay bonded indebtedness)

Comparison of Proposed Budget with Last Year's Budget

The applicable percentage increase or decrease (or difference) in the amount budgeted in the preceding fiscal year and the amount budgeted for the fiscal year that begins during the current tax year is indicated for each of the following expenditure categories.

Maintenance and operations	4.05 % increase
Debt Service	-0.25 % decrease
Total Expenditures	3.67 % increase

Total Appraised Value and Total Taxable Value (as calculated under Section 26.04, Tax Code)

	Preceding Tax Year	Current Tax Year
Total appraised value* of all property	$630,196,606	$646,740,274
Total appraised value* of new property**	$13,328,600	$9,200,390
Total taxable value*** of all property	$465,409,029	$501,506,589
Total taxable value*** of new property**	$12,671,287	$8,871,030

*Appraised value is the amount shown on the appraisal roll and defined by Section 1.04(8), Tax Code.
** "New property" is defined by Section 26.012(17), Tax Code.
*** "Taxable value" is defined by Section 1.04(10), Tax Code.

Bonded Indebtedness

Total amount of outstanding and unpaid bonded indebtedness* $3,100,000

*Outstanding principal.

Comparison of Proposed Rates with Last Year's Rates

	Maintenance & Operations	Interest & Sinking Fund*	Total	Local Revenue Per Student	State Revenue Per Student
Last Year's Rate	$0.66690	$0.06848	$0.73538	$16,926	$458
Rate to Maintain Same Level of Maintenance & Operations Revenue & Pay Debt Service	$0.67703	$0.06816	$0.74519	$20,440	$352
Proposed Rate	$0.64160	$0.06572	$0.70732	$19,180	$352

*The Interest & Sinking Fund tax revenue is used to pay for bonded indebtedness on construction, equipment, or both. The bonds, and the tax rate necessary to pay those bonds, were approved by the voters of this district.

Comparison of Proposed Levy with Last Year's Levy on Average Residence

	Last Year	This Year
Average Market Value of Residences	$330,444	$331,472
Average Taxable Value of Residences	$123,934	$118,921
Last Year's Rate Versus Proposed Rate per $100 Value	$0.73538	$0.70732
Taxes Due on Average Residence	$911.39	$841.15
Increase (Decrease) in Taxes		$-70.24

Under state law, the dollar amount of school taxes imposed on the residence homestead of a person 65 years of age or older or of the surviving spouse of such a person, if the surviving spouse was 55 years of age or older when the person died, may not be increased above the amount paid in the first year after the person turned 65, regardless of changes in tax rate or property value.

Notice of Voter-Approval Rate: The highest tax rate the district can adopt before requiring voter approval at an election is $0.70732. This election will be automatically held if the district adopts a rate in excess of the voter-approval rate of $0.70732.

Fund Balances

The following estimated balances will remain at the end of the current fiscal year and are not encumbered with or by a corresponding debt obligation, less estimated funds necessary for operating the district before receipt of the first state aid payment.

Maintenance and Operations Fund Balance(s)	$92,000
Interest & Sinking Fund Balance(s)	$247,000

A school district may not increase the district's maintenance and operations tax rate to create a surplus in maintenance and operations tax revenue for the purpose of paying the district's debt service.

Visit Texas.gov/PropertyTaxes to find a link to your local property tax database on which you can easily access information regarding your property taxes, including information about proposed tax rates and scheduled public hearings of each entity that taxes your property.

The 86th Texas Legislature modified the manner in which the voter-approval tax rate is calculated to limit the rate of growth of property taxes in the state.