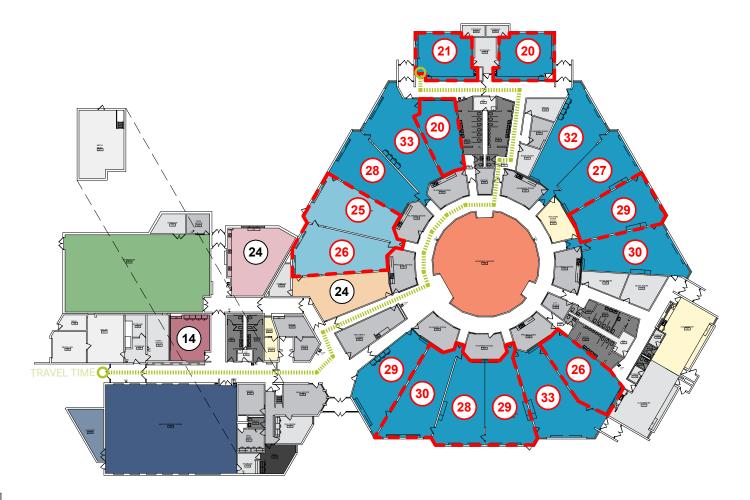


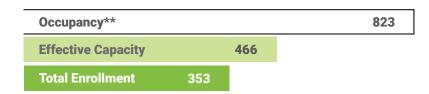
2150 Laurel Ave, Hanover Park, IL 60133

| BUILDING SUMMARY | | | | |
|------------------|--------|---------------------|---|--|
| Gross SF | 51,283 | Number of Levels | 1 | |
| Year Built | 1971 | Number of Additions | 1 | |



LEVEL 1

ENROLLMENT METRICS



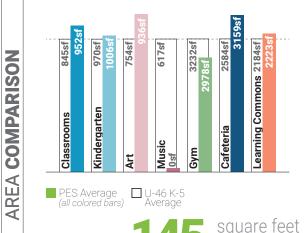
Occupancy: the maximum number of people that can be housed in a space in accordance with the building/ fire code

**NOTE: Occupancy is NOT the recommended number of students for a space, it is the maximum allowed by code.

Effective Capacity: the amount of

students a school can effectively support based on the District's current practices and future vision for teaching and learning. This is calculated based on ISBE's square footage per student guideline.

Enrollment: current number of students attending the facility.

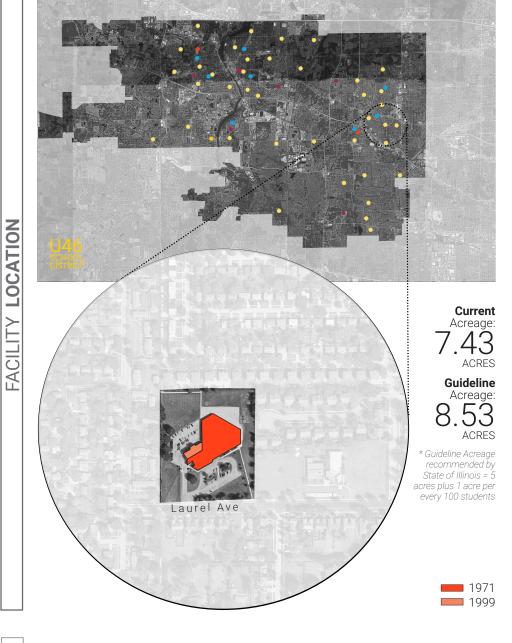


* This comparison notes the difference between Parkwood Elementary School area per student in comparison to the current National average as noted in the 2015 School Construction Report. The master planning process will produce outcomes pertinent to the District as a whole. This is just one metric to compare space.

n 13' 25' 50

145 square feet • 150 square feet per student

Parkwood Elementary School 2015 National Low **Ouartile Number**

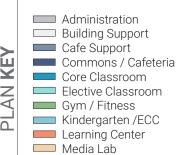


TRAVEL

Furthest approximate travel time from one location to another for an average Kindergarten Student.



Furthest approximate travel time from one location to another for an average **Fourth Grade Student.**



Performance Venue Performing Arts Classroom Resources Science Lab Special Education

Stem / Hands-On Learning Restrooms

Student Support ☐ Visual Arts



based on ISBE 10 Guidelines









| Spatial Educational Adequacy(25%) | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------|--|--|--|
| (Data collected through Staff Survey) | 7.9/10 | | | |
| Physical Features | 9.0/10 | | | |
| Environment Supports Variety | 10.0/10 | | | |
| Visual Stimulation | 3.3/10 | | | |
| Future Readiness | 8.0/10 | | | |
| Building Allocation(25%) | R | | | |

| ruture Reduiriess | 0.0/10 |
|------------------------------|--------|
| Building Allocation(25%) | В |
| Gross SF/student | 145 |
| Site Acreage/Guideline | 87% |
| Mobiles in Use/Basement Used | No/No |

| Facility Condition(35%) | С |
|-------------------------|-----|
| FCI | .12 |
| Water Usage(5%) | В |
| Gallons/SF | 8.5 |
| | |

SYSTEM

BUILDING

BY

| Energy | Usage(10%) |
|--------|------------|
| | |

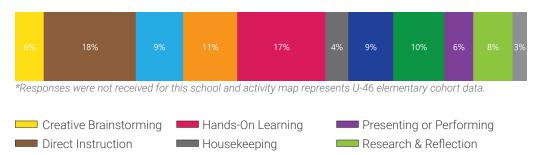
Transition

| 9, | _ | • | , |
|-----------|---|---|---------------|
| Total EUI | | | 52.8kBTU/SF/y |
| Electric | | | 20.0kBTU/SF/y |
| Gas | | | 32.8kBTU/SF/y |
| | | | |

AGGREGATED FACILITY GRADE

Educational Adequacy grades were determined by a survey issued to staff. Square Foot/Student grades were determined by building area and enrollment. Facility grades are determined building assessments. Water grades were determined by comparing utility data to the Commercial Buildings Energy Consumption Survey. Energy grades were deteremined by comparing utility data to the US Dept of Energy's Building Performance Database. Percent in parenthesis indicates weight of category in aggregate facility grade.

Activity mapping is based on survey data (Week in the Life) collected by teachers throughout the district over the course of one week. The teachers provided the learning activity and amount of time spent in that activity. Data was aggregated for the school and is represented by the average percent of time spent in the activity.



What's a Listening Tour?

Focused Study

Group Discussion

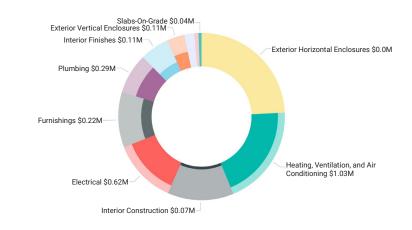
Staff surveys (Listening Tours) were sent to each school where faculty gave input about the strengths and weaknesses of the building. The following comments highlight common themes and concerns.

Physical Activities

Practicing Autonomy

Listening Tour Comments

- The classrooms could use better storage solutions that respond to the pie-shaped classrooms.
- Some classes have to walk through another classroom to get to their space.
- · Wayfinding and name plates make it difficult to know who is where.
- Skylights make it difficult to use the projectors because the room doesn't get dark enouah.
- The art room is a great environment with big windows and proper lighting.
- · Cleanliness of spaces throughout the building has been identified as an importnat issue.



USAGE

ENERGY

COS

WATER

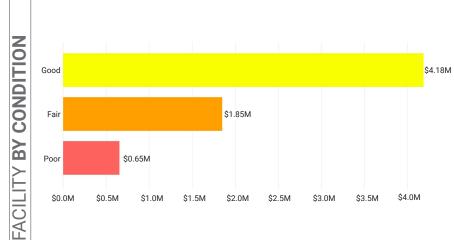
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AGE

NS/

'ATER

This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated maintenance (in dollars) of items assessed by building system. Highlighted items indicate those items in immediate need, code requirement, poor and fair condition.

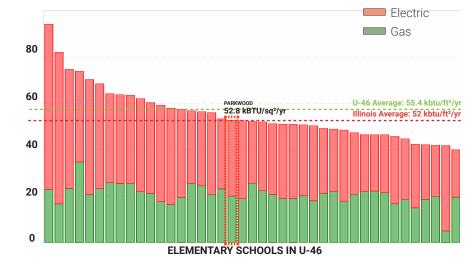


This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated maintenance (in dollars) based on condition of assessed items.

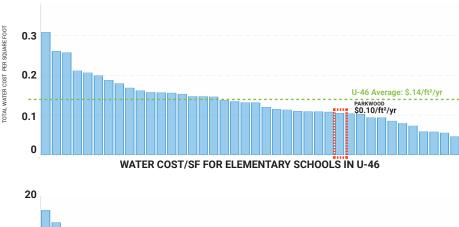


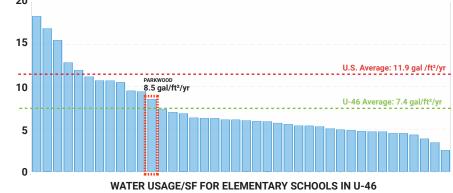
This chart indicates the approximate cost of deferred and anticipated maintenance (in dollars) based on condition of assessed items in relation to the entire cohort of buildings.





Energy Use Intensity (EUI) is a key metric that expresses a building's energy use as a function of its size. Generally, a low EUI signifies good energy performance





Water usage is a key metric that expresses a school's water use and total cost of water in comparison to the other middle schools in the district.

How is this information collected?

The goal of the DLR Group integrated design team is to **collect multiple qualitative and quantitative data points** around the same set of items - for example energy use, air quality, or learning behavior - in order to **form a holistic picture**. The team collects these data points through the use of sensors (in the space for 1-7 days), spot measurement equipment, expert walkthroughs, focus groups, surveys, and ethnographic observation techniques. The results are validated by cross-checking data points, such as a survey answer and a spot measurement, that should relate to one another.