

Portable Audio/Video Recorders

421.1 PURPOSE AND SCOPE

This policy provides guidelines for the use of portable audio/video recording devices by members of this office while in the performance of their duties. Portable audio/video recording devices include all recording systems, whether body-worn, hand-held, or integrated into portable equipment (Wis. Stat. § 165.87).

This policy does not apply to mobile audio/video recordings, interviews, or interrogations conducted at any Dodge County Sheriff's Office facility, authorized undercover operations, wiretaps, or eavesdropping (concealed listening devices).

421.2 POLICY

The Dodge County Sheriff's Office may provide members with access to portable recorders, either audio, video or both, for use during the performance of their duties. The use of recorders is intended to enhance the mission of the Office by accurately capturing contacts between members of the Office and the public.

Any member using equipment under this policy shall first be trained by an approved trainer, including a field training officer (FTO), prior to using the equipment, and shall review and understand all procedures for the use of that equipment, including this policy.

An updated copy of this policy shall be posted on the agency's website.

421.3 MEMBER PRIVACY EXPECTATION

All recordings made by members on any office-issued device, at any time, and any recording made while acting in an official capacity of this office, regardless of ownership of the device it was made on, shall remain the property of the Office. Members shall have no expectation of privacy or ownership interest in the content of these recordings.

421.4 MEMBER RESPONSIBILITIES

Prior to going into service, each uniformed member will be responsible for making sure that if he/she is equipped with a portable recorder issued by the Office, and that the recorder is in good working condition. If the recorder is not in good working condition or the member becomes aware of a malfunction at any time, the member shall promptly report the failure to his/her supervisor and obtain a functioning device as soon as reasonably practicable.

Any member assigned to a non-uniformed position may carry an approved portable recorder during any time the member believes that such a device may be useful.

When using a portable recorder, the assigned member shall record his/her name, DOSO identification number, and the current date and time at the beginning and end of the shift, or other period of use, regardless of whether any activity was recorded. This procedure is not

Portable Audio/Video Recorders

required when the recording device and related software captures the user's unique identification and the date and time of each recording.

Members should document the existence of a recording in any report or other official record of the contact, including any instance where the recorder malfunctioned or the member deactivated the recording. Members should include the reason for deactivation.

Wisconsin is a one-party consent state in regard to recording conversations. There is no legal requirement to notify the person that they are being recorded as long as the deputy is present.

If a person inquires if they are being recorded, it is the discretion of the deputy to disclose that information.

The device issued to agency members shall be worn or carried in a manner in which to best allow the capture of video and/or audio, given the uniform and clothing requirements that exist at the time.

421.5 ACTIVATION OF THE AUDIO/VIDEO RECORDER

This policy is not intended to describe every possible situation in which the portable recorder should be used, although there are many situations where its use is appropriate. Members should activate the recorder any time the member believes it would be appropriate or valuable to record an incident.

The portable recorder should be activated in any of the following situations:

- (a) All enforcement and investigative contacts including stops and field interview (FI) situations.
- (b) Traffic stops including, but not limited to, traffic violations, stranded motorist assistance and all crime interdiction stops.
- (c) Self-initiated activity in which a member would normally notify the Communications Center.
- (d) Any other contact that becomes adversarial after the initial contact in a situation that would not otherwise require recording.
- (e) Responding to emergencies within the Dodge County Detention Facility or any courtroom.

Members should remain sensitive to the dignity of all individuals being recorded and exercise sound discretion to respect privacy by discontinuing recording whenever it reasonably appears to the member that such privacy may outweigh any legitimate law enforcement interest in recording. Requests by members of the public to stop recording should be considered using this same criteria. Recording should resume when privacy is no longer an issue unless the circumstances no longer fit the criteria for recording.

At no time is a member expected to jeopardize his/her safety in order to activate a portable recorder or change the recording media. However, the recorder should be activated in situations described above as soon as reasonably practicable.

Portable Audio/Video Recorders

421.5.1 CESSATION OF RECORDING

Once activated, the portable recorder should remain on continuously until the member reasonably believes that his/her direct participation in the incident is complete or the situation no longer fits the criteria for activation. Recording will remain active at all times until the conclusion of the deputy's involvement in the incident, unless privacy concerns as defined above are present.

421.5.2 SURREPTITIOUS USE OF THE PORTABLE RECORDER

Wisconsin law permits an individual to surreptitiously record any conversation in which one party to the conversation has given his/her permission (Wis. Stat. § 968.31(2)(b)).

Members may surreptitiously record any conversation during the course of a criminal investigation in which the member reasonably believes that such a recording will be lawful and beneficial to the investigation.

Members shall not surreptitiously record another office member without a court order unless lawfully authorized by the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

421.5.3 EXPLOSIVE DEVICE

Many portable recorders, including body-worn cameras and audio/video transmitters, emit radio waves that could trigger an explosive device. Therefore, these devices should not be used where an explosive device may be present.

421.6 PROHIBITED USE OF PORTABLE RECORDERS

Members are prohibited from using office issued portable recorders and recording media for personal use and are prohibited from making personal copies of recordings created while on-duty or while acting in their official capacity.

Members are also prohibited from retaining recordings of activities or information obtained while on-duty, whether the recording was created with office issued or personally owned recorders. Members shall not duplicate or distribute such recordings, except for authorized legitimate office business purposes. All such recordings shall be retained at the Office.

Members are prohibited from using personally owned recording devices while on-duty without the express consent of the Shift Sergeant. Any member who uses a personally owned recorder for office related activities shall comply with the provisions of this policy, including retention and release requirements, and should notify the on-duty supervisor of such use as soon as reasonably practicable.

Recordings shall not be used by any member for the purpose of embarrassment, harassment, or ridicule.

In the Dodge County Detention Facility, portable recorders shall not be used in the following circumstances:

1. During the changeover or strip search of an inmate.
2. During the changeover of a huber inmate.

Portable Audio/Video Recorders

3. In a Dodge County courtroom, unless responding to an emergency.
4. In the shower or bathroom areas where inmates are present and using the facilities.

421.7 IDENTIFICATION AND PRESERVATION OF RECORDINGS

To assist with identifying and preserving data and recordings, members should download, tag, or mark these in accordance with procedure and document the existence of the recording in any related case report.

A member should transfer, tag, or mark recordings when the member reasonably believes:

- (a) The recording contains evidence relevant to potential criminal, civil, or administrative matters.
- (b) A complainant, victim, or witness has requested non-disclosure.
- (c) A complainant, victim, or witness has not requested non-disclosure but the disclosure of the recording may endanger the person.
- (d) Disclosure may be an unreasonable violation of someone's privacy.
- (e) Medical or mental health information is contained.
- (f) Disclosure may compromise an undercover officer or confidential informant.
- (g) The recording or portions of the recording may be protected under the Public Records Law (Wis. Stat. § 19.31 et seq.).

Any time a member reasonably believes a recorded contact may be beneficial in a non-criminal matter (e.g., a hostile contact), the member should promptly notify a supervisor of the existence of the recording.

421.8 REVIEW OF RECORDED MEDIA FILES

When preparing written reports, members should review their recordings as a resource (see the Officer-Involved Shootings and Deaths Policy for guidance in those cases). However, members shall not retain personal copies of recordings. Members should not use the fact that a recording was made as a reason to write a less detailed report.

Supervisors are authorized to review relevant recordings any time they are investigating alleged misconduct, reports of meritorious conduct, or whenever such recordings would be beneficial in reviewing the member's performance.

Recorded files may also be reviewed:

- (a) Upon approval by a supervisor, by any member of the Office who is participating in an official investigation, such as a personnel complaint, administrative investigation, or criminal investigation.
- (b) Pursuant to lawful process or by court personnel who are otherwise authorized to review evidence in a related case.
- (c) By media personnel with permission of the Sheriff or the authorized designee.

Portable Audio/Video Recorders

- (d) In compliance with a public records request, if permitted, and in accordance with the Records Maintenance and Release Policy.

All recordings should be reviewed by the custodian of records prior to public release (see the Records Maintenance and Release Policy). Recordings that unreasonably violate a person's privacy or sense of dignity should not be publicly released unless disclosure is required by law or order of the court (Wis. Stat. § 165.87(3)).

421.9 COORDINATOR

The Sheriff or the authorized designee should designate a coordinator responsible for (Wis. Stat. § 165.87):

- (a) Establishing procedures for the security, storage, and maintenance of data and recordings.
- (b) Establishing procedures for accessing data and recordings.
- (c) Establishing procedures for logging or auditing access.
- (d) Establishing procedures for transferring, downloading, tagging, or marking events.
- (e) Coordinating with the Training Lieutenant to provide training on this policy to:
 - 1. Deputies who are authorized to use portable audio/video recorders.
 - 2. Members of the Office who use, maintain, store, or are responsible for the release of records and recordings.
- (f) Periodically reviewing the Office's practices relating to the use, maintenance, and storage of body cameras and data to confirm compliance with this policy.

421.10 DATA DOWNLOAD, STORAGE, AND RETENTION

The responsibility for downloading recorded data shall be the responsibility of the user of the equipment. Downloading will be performed in accordance with procedures established for the specific equipment issued.

Data should be downloaded regularly to prevent internal storage from reaching capacity.

Recordings of significant events (ie: significant use of force events, incidents where there is a high likelihood of a citizen complaint, or as otherwise directed by a supervisor) shall be downloaded as soon as practical prior to the end of the user's shift. Downloading should otherwise occur during each shift, when practical, or at least twice per four (4) day work rotation.

Data will be stored and preserved locally on a secure evidence server maintained by Dodge County in accordance with procedures for the device used.

Data will be retained for a period of no less than 120 days for all records. Criminal cases should be maintained at least 180 days post conviction with no appeal pending. Forfeiture cases shall be retained no less than 60 days post conviction. Any other cases deemed necessary to be held longer, at the direction of the sheriff or designee, may be retained longer and/or may be archived to another media source for retention.