



**Marietta City Schools**  
**2025–2026 District Unit Planner**

*Statistical Reasoning*

Unit title	Unit 1: Statistical Modeling	Unit duration (hours)	15-18 hours
------------	------------------------------	-----------------------	-------------

**Mastering Content and Skills through INQUIRY (Establishing the purpose of the Unit): *What will students learn?***

**GA DoE Standards**

**Standards**

**SR.MM.1** Apply mathematics to real-life situations; model real-life phenomena using mathematics.

- SR.MM.1.1 Explain contextual, mathematical problems using a mathematical model.
- SR.MM.1.2 Create mathematical models to explain phenomena that exist in the natural sciences, social sciences, liberal arts, fine and performing arts, and/or the humanities.
- SR.MM.1.3 Using abstract and quantitative reasoning, make decisions about information and data from a real-life situation.
- SR.MM.1.4 Use various mathematical representations and structures with this information to represent and solve real-life problems.

**Concepts/Skills to support mastery of standards**

- Graphical representations of real-world data and applications.
- Abstract and quantitative reasoning.
- Mathematical representations of data.

**Vocabulary**

- Statistics
- Individuals
- Categorical variables

- quantitative variables
- distribution
- frequency table
- relative frequency table
- bar charts
- pie charts
- dotplot
- stemplot
- histogram
- shape
- center
- variability
- symmetric
- skewed left or right
- median
- mean
- range
- standard deviation
- interquartile range
- first quartile

- third quartile
- resistant
- boxplots and 5 number summary

outliers/outlier formula

### **Notation**

### **Essential Questions**

- Can we distinguish statistical questions from nonstatistical questions?
- How do we visually represent data?
- Can we create interrogative or investigative questions?
- Can you identify the population (subjects) to be studied?
- Can you identify the data (values of a variable) to be collected?
- How do we develop an intuitive understanding of the expected variation in the data?
- How can we draw conclusions based on the data analysis?
- How can we compare distributions of categorical data?
- How can we identify any “deceptive” data?
- How can we compare distributions of quantitative data?
- How can we choose an appropriate measure of center to answer the statistical question?
- How do we interpret results in the context of the investigative question?

### **Assessment Tasks**

*List of common formative and summative assessments.*

**Formative Assessment(s)**: Learning Tasks and Skills Checks, checkpoint quizzes, classwork assignments

**Summative Assessment(s)**: Unit 1 Summative Assessment

<u>Learning Experiences</u>		
Objective or Content	Learning Experiences	Personalized Learning and Differentiation
<p>SR.MP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR.MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</li> <li>• SR.MP.6 Attend to precision.</li> </ul> <p>SR.MM.1 Apply mathematics to real-life situations; model real-life phenomena using mathematics.</p> <p>SR.MM.1.1 Explain contextual, mathematical problems using a mathematical model.</p> <p>SR.MM.1.2 Create mathematical models to explain phenomena that exist in the natural sciences, social sciences, liberal arts, fine and performing arts, and/or the humanities.</p> <p>SR.MM.1.3 Using abstract and quantitative reasoning, make decisions about information and data from a real-life situation.</p> <p>SR.MM.1.4 Use various mathematical representations and structures with this information to represent and solve real-life problems.</p>	<p><a href="#">Finches Task</a></p>	<p>Establish mathematics goals to focus learning. • Supporting the Learning: Focus students' attention on the structure or essential features of mathematical ideas that appear regardless of the representation or concept. • Supporting the Learning: Make explicit connections between current and prior lessons regarding number lines and the addition and subtraction of integers. Implement tasks that promote reasoning and problem solving. • Extending the Learning: Make a game to practice the skills and concepts experienced today. Make a list of materials you will need. Think about the rules for the game. Be prepared to explain to your teacher how the game works. Use and connect mathematical representations. • Supporting the Learning: Provide copies of notes, and graph paper to align numbers, and utilize color coding to organize information to connect mathematical representations. Facilitate meaningful mathematical discourse. • Language Supports: Provide multiple opportunities for structured peer interactions or conversations (pairs or triads) to negotiate meaning using charts, graphic organizers, a word bank and/or sentence frames. • Language</p>

<p>SR.DSR.2: Formulate statistical investigative questions of interest to students that can be answered with data.</p> <p>SR.DSR.2.1 Formulate statistical investigative questions about a population using</p> <p>SR.MP Display perseverance and patience in problem-solving. Demonstrate skills and strategies needed to succeed in mathematics, including critical thinking, reasoning, and effective collaboration and expression. Seek help and apply feedback. Set and monitor goals.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• SR.MP.1 Make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. •</li> </ul> <p>SR.MP.2 Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>•</li> </ul> <p>SR.MP.6 Attend to precision.</p>		<p>Supports: Explicitly model and teach etiquette when conducting mathematical debates and how to justify answers. •</p> <p>Language Supports: Utilize Mathematical Language Routines to support students in formulating their explanations.</p>
Content Resources		
<p><b>Stapplet - constructing visual representations</b></p> <p><b>Stats Medic Lessons, Statistics and Probability Applications Textbook 4th edition</b></p> <p><b>DOE resources</b></p> <p><b>Teacher created resources</b></p>		