

## **Marietta City Schools**

#### 2025-2026 District Unit 1 Planner

Teacher(s)	Cole Phillips	Subject Group and Course	Group 4 - Physics		
Course Part and Topic	Topic 1 - Measurements and Uncertainty	SL or HL / Year 1 or 2	SL Year 2	Dates	August (2-3 weeks)
Unit Description and Texts		DP Assessment(s) for Unit			
Students examine taking measurements precisely and report the correct uncertainty. Measurement uncertainties are propagated through data analysis to help determine the trustworthiness of a conclusion. Students also examine how to add and subtract vectors.  • Bowen-Jones, Michael, and David Homer. IB Physics. Oxford: Oxford UP, 2014. Print.		<ul> <li>1.1 paper 1 quiz, 1.2 paper 1 quiz, 1.3 paper 1 quiz</li> <li>Test (paper 1 + paper 3)</li> </ul>			

## INQUIRY: establishing the purpose of the unit

### **Transfer Goals**

List here one to three big, overarching, long-term goals for this unit. Transfer goals are the major goals that ask students to "transfer" or apply their knowledge, skills, and concepts at the end of the unit under new/different circumstances, and on their own without scaffolding from the teacher.

<u>Phenomenon</u>: A plane can "fly blind" and arrive safely at the correct location by simply using vector coordinates.

<u>Statement of Inquiry</u>: Measurement is a process of detecting an unknown physical quantity by using a standard quantity.

- 1. Students will derive units for a quantity from SI units.
- 2. Students will analyze data and propagate uncertainty to fit a scatter plot graph with high and low gradients.



3. Students will add and subtract differing types of vectors to solve problems involving vector components.

# ACTION: teaching and learning through inquiry

Content / Skills / Concepts - Essential Understandings	Learning Process
	Check the boxes for any pedagogical approaches used during the unit. Aim for a variety of approaches to help facilitate learning.
Students will know the following content:  Fundamental and derived SI units  Scientific notation and metric multipliers  Significant figures  Orders of magnitude  Estimation  Random and systematic errors  Absolute, fractional and percentage uncertainties  Error bars  Uncertainty of gradient and intercepts  Solving vector problems graphically and algebraically  Students will develop the following skills:  Using SI units in the correct format for all required measurements, final answers to calculations and presentation of raw and processed data  Using scientific notation and metric multipliers  Quoting and comparing ratios, values and approximations to the nearest order of magnitude  Estimating quantities to an appropriate number of significant figures  Explaining how random and systematic errors can be identified and reduced  Collecting data that include absolute and/or fractional uncertainties and stating these as an	Learning experiences and strategies/planning for self-supporting learning:       □ Lecture      □ Socratic seminar      ⋈ Small group/pair work      ⋈ PowerPoint lecture/notes      ⋈ Individual presentations      □ Group presentations      □ Student lecture/leading      □ Interdisciplinary learning  Details:  Students will learn through a combination of presentations, small group work, practice problems, and lab work.
<ul> <li>uncertainty range (expressed as: best estimate ± uncertainty range)</li> <li>Propagating uncertainties through calculations involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, division and raising to a power</li> </ul>	☑ Other(s): <i>practice problems, lab work</i>

Published: 8,2025 Resources, materials, assessments not linked to SGO or unit planner will be reviewed at the local school level.



Summative assessments:  Topic test consisting of questions from P1 and P3  Differentiation:  ✓ Affirm identity - build self-esteem  □ Value prior knowledge  ✓ Scaffold learning  ✓ Extend learning  Details:  • SWD/504 – Accommodations Provided • ELL – Reading & Vocabulary Support • Intervention Support • Intervention Support • Extensions – Enrichment Tasks and Project	<ul> <li>Determining the uncertainty in gradients and intercepts</li> <li>Resolution of vectors will be limited to two perpendicular directions</li> <li>Problems will be limited to addition/subtraction of vectors and multiplication/division of vectors by scalars</li> </ul>	Formative assessment(s):  Paper 1 quizzes at the end of each subtopic.
<ul> <li>✓ Affirm identity - build self-esteem</li> <li>□ Value prior knowledge</li> <li>✓ Scaffold learning</li> <li>✓ Extend learning</li> <li>Details:</li> <li>■ SWD/504 - Accommodations Provided</li> <li>● ELL - Reading &amp; Vocabulary Support</li> <li>● Intervention Support</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>✓ Affirm identity - build self-esteem</li> <li>□ Value prior knowledge</li> <li>✓ Scaffold learning</li> <li>✓ Extend learning</li> <li>Details:</li> <li>• SWD/504 - Accommodations Provided</li> <li>• ELL - Reading &amp; Vocabulary Support</li> <li>• Intervention Support</li> </ul>
Approaches to Learning (ATL)  Check the boxes for any explicit approaches to learning connections made during the unit. For more information on ATL, please see the guide.  ✓ Thinking		



<ul> <li>✓ Communication</li> <li>□ Self-management</li> <li>□ Research</li> </ul>	
Details:	
Students will be continuously challenged to develop higher-order thinking skills as they take prior knowledge, combine it with new content, and analyze the data they collected to reach a conclusion	
Students will communicate their findings to their peers in the form of small-group presentations.	

Language and Learning  Check the boxes for any explicit language and learning connections made during the unit. For more information on the IB's approach to language and learning, please see the guide.	TOK Connections  Check the boxes for any explicit TOK connections made during the unit	CAS Connections  Check the boxes for any explicit CAS connections. If you check any of the boxes, provide a brief note in the "details" section explaining how students engaged in CAS for this unit.
<ul> <li>✓ Activating background knowledge</li> <li>☐ Scaffolding for new learning</li> <li>✓ Acquisition of new learning through practice</li> <li>✓ Demonstrating proficiency</li> <li>Details:</li> <li>Students will collect data using a concept learned in MYP Physics (free fall) for students to then analyze. Students will discuss their margin of error from calculations.</li> <li>Students will complete practice problems</li> <li>Students will produce a full scatter plot with</li> </ul>	☐ Personal and shared knowledge ✓ Ways of knowing ☐ Areas of knowledge ☐ The knowledge framework  Details:  What has influenced the common language used in science? To what extent does having a common standard approach to measurement facilitate the sharing of knowledge in physics?	☐ Creativity ✓ Activity ☐ Service  Details:  Students will actively be carrying out experiments involving dropping objects and free fall.



high and low gradients as demonstration of	
learning.	

#### Resources

List and attach (if applicable) any resources used in this unit

- Schoology Course Page
- IB Physics Guide First Assessment 2025
- Textbook TBD evaluation of resources
- Van de Lagemaat, R. www.inthinking.net: Andorra la Vella, Andorra, 2019
- Discovery Education Physics Resources

Additional resources from old syllabus

- Hodder Study and Revision Guide for the IB Diploma
- Hodder IA Internal Assessment for Physics

# REFLECTION: considering the planning, process, and impact of the inquiry

What worked well	What didn't work well	Notes / Changes / Suggestions
List the portions of the unit (content, assessment, planning) that were successful	List the portions of the unit (content, assessment, planning) that were not as successful as hoped	List any notes, suggestions, or considerations for the future teaching of this unit



The uncertainty in slope video and uncertainty/sig fig station were quite successful, and provided students with an opportunity to visualize and reinforce the concepts. Immediately applying the concepts in their next lab was also successful.

My initial attempts at an inquiry based approach to understanding uncertainty propagation were not successful. I had tried to introduce the uncertainty equations by explaining where they came from, and have students figure out what the rules would likely be. I found that they left that lesson confused about what the rules were, and unsure of how/when to apply them. I regrouped, and approached from a more traditional notes, followed by a processing and practice approach, and was much more successful.

In the future, I think that I'll take a more traditional approach to teaching this unit, as it is a very tedious, complicated topic. While inquiry is great for tangible, concrete science topics, the abstract nature of statistics/error propagation, combined with students not having had much exposure to it yet led to a great deal of confusion and wasted instructional time.