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Special Education Procedures and Practices Manual

This Special Education Procedures & Practices Manual was developed by
The Woodstock Academy in conjunction with the Connecticut State
Department of Education Bureau of Special Education.

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Definitions and Explanations of Common Terms Used in This Manual

The following terms are defined in the IDEA and state statutes and implementing regulations.

- **Accommodations** are changes to instruction (such as materials, content enhancements, and tasks) that change how a student learns. Accommodations may include assistive technology devices and services. Accommodations do not fundamentally alter the grade level requirements or course expectations.
- **Adult Student** is an eligible student who has reached the age of majority under state law.
- **Adverse Effect** exists when educational performance is negatively affected because of the manifestation of the student's disability. Evidence must exist that supports a relationship between the manifestation of the student's disability and decreased educational performance. While adverse effect on educational performance may imply a marked difference between the student's academic performance and reasonable (not optimal) expectations of performance, the definition of educational performance cannot be limited to academics.
- **Annual Review** means a review of the student's IEP periodically, but not less than annually (within 365 calendar days) by a PPT, to determine whether the annual goals for the student are being achieved.

- **Assistive Technology (AT) Device** means any item, piece of equipment, or product system, whether acquired commercially off the shelf, modified, or customized, that is used to increase, maintain, or improve the functional capabilities of a student with a disability. The term does not include a medical device that is surgically implanted, or the replacement of such device.
- **Assistive Technology Service** means any service that directly assists a student with a disability in the selection, acquisition, or use of an assistive technology device. The term includes:
 - The evaluation of the needs of a student with a disability, including a functional evaluation of the student in the student's customary environment; Purchasing, leasing, or otherwise providing for the acquisition of assistive technology devices for students with disabilities; Selecting, designing, fitting, customizing, adapting, applying, maintaining, repairing, or replacing assistive technology devices; Coordinating and using other therapies, interventions, or services with assistive technology devices, such as those associated with existing education and rehabilitation plans and programs;
 - Training or technical assistance for a student with a disability or, if appropriate, that student's family; and Training or technical assistance for professionals (including individuals providing education or rehabilitation services), employers, or other individuals who provide services to employ, or are otherwise substantially involved in the major life functions of that student.
- **Behavior Intervention Plan (BIP):** A plan, based on data gathered through a Functional Behavior Assessment (FBA), which is designed to change and improve a student's behavior. Appropriate practice suggests that BIPs should include the overall goals to be achieved, interventions intended to change the student's behavior, the persons responsible for implementing the proposed interventions, and evaluation methods and timelines to be followed.
- **Change in Placement:** A change in educational placement relates to whether the student is moved from one type of education program (e.g., general education class) to another type (e.g., private special education program). It may also occur when there is significant change in the student's educational program even if the student remains in the same setting. Change in Placement for Disciplinary Reasons occurs if:
 - A student has been removed for more than 10 consecutive school days: or
 - A student has been subjected to a series of removals that constitute a pattern because: the series of removals total more than 10 school days in a school year.
 - The student's behavior is substantially similar to the student's behavior in previous incidents that resulted in the series of removals; and when additional factors exist such as the length of each removal, the total amount of time the student has been removed, and the proximity of the removals to one another.
- **student/Student** means any person under 21 years of age.
- **Child Find** is an IDEA requirement that states, and districts identify, locate, and evaluate students ages birth to 21, who may need special education and related services.
- **Student/student with a Disability** means a student who (A) is age three, four or five or has attained the age at which the town is required to provide educational opportunities in accordance with state law and who meets the criteria for special education and related services in accordance with the IDEA, or (B) is age three, four or five and is experiencing developmental delay that causes such student to require special education.
- **Consent** means that the parent or adult student: Has been fully informed of all information relevant to the activity for which consent is sought, in his or her native language, or other mode of communication. Understands and agrees in writing to the carrying out of the activity for which his or her consent is sought, and the consent describes that activity and lists the records (if any) that will be released and to whom; and understands that the granting of consent is voluntary and may be revoked at any time. If a parent/adult student revokes consent, that revocation is not retroactive (i.e., it does not negate an action that has occurred after the consent was given and before the consent was revoked).
- **Developmental Delay:** A significant delay in one or more of the following areas: (A) physical development; (B) communication development; (C) cognitive development; (D) social or emotional development; or (E) adaptive

development, as measured by appropriate diagnostic instruments and procedures and demonstrated by scores obtained on an appropriate norm-referenced standardized diagnostic instrument.

- **Education Record** means a student's record containing personally identifiable information maintained by an educational agency or institution, or by a party acting for the agency or institution, which may include, but is not limited to virtual files, print, handwriting, computer media, video, or audio tape, and/or film.
- **Escort** means the minimum contact necessary to safely escort a person from one area to another through temporary touching or holding for the purpose of guiding or inducing a student to walk to another location. Carrying or forcibly moving a person from one location to another is a "physical restraint."
- **Evaluation** means the summative results of the evaluation procedures, including assessments, used to determine whether a student is a student with a disability and the nature and extent of the special education and related services that the student needs.
- **Evaluation Procedures** means the use of a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental, and academic information about the student, including information provided by the parent that may assist in determining whether the student is a student with a disability and, if so, the content of the student's IEP.
- **Exclusionary Time Out** means a temporary, continuously monitored separation of a student from an ongoing activity in a non-locked setting for the purpose of calming such student or deescalating such student's behavior. An exclusionary time out becomes a reportable "seclusion" if or when the student is physically, or otherwise prohibited from leaving the space.
- **Expedited Due Process Hearing** is an administrative hearing conducted by an SDE-appointed hearing officer to resolve disputes concerning discipline for which shortened timelines are in effect in accordance with the IDEA.
- **Extended School Year (ESY) services** means special education and related services that are provided to a student with a disability beyond Woodstock Academy's normal school year, in accordance with the student's IEP, and at no cost.
- **Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)** is the federal law that protects the privacy of student education records.
- **Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)** means special education and related services that are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge; meet the standards of the State Department of Education, including the requirements of the IDEA; include an appropriate preschool, elementary school, or secondary school education in Connecticut; and are provided in conformity with an IEP.
- **Functional Behavioral Assessment (FBA)** is a problem-solving process designed to address a student's behavior when that behavior impedes the learning of the student with a disability as well as the learning of his or her peers. It is intended to guide the PPT in making data-based decisions about how to assist students, by looking beyond the observable behavior and focusing on the function or the "why" of the behavior.
- **Gifted and Talented** means a student identified by the PPT as (A) possessing demonstrated or potential abilities that give evidence of very superior intellectual, creative or specific academic capability and (B) needing differentiated instruction or services beyond those being provided in the general education program in order to realize the student's intellectual, creative, or specific academic potential. This term shall include student with extraordinary learning ability and student with outstanding talent in the creative arts. *Extraordinary learning ability* means a student identified by the planning and placement team as gifted and talented on the basis of either performance on relevant standardized instruments, or demonstrated or potential achievement or intellectual creativity, or both. *Outstanding talent in the creative arts* means a student identified by the planning and placement team as gifted and talented on the basis of demonstrated or potential achievement in music, the visual arts, or the performing arts.
- **Homeless Children and Youth** means individuals who lack a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence and includes:
 - Children and youth who are sharing the housing of other persons due to loss of housing, economic hardship, or a similar reason; are living in motels, hotels, trailer parks, or camping grounds due to the lack of alternative adequate accommodations; are living in emergency or transitional shelters; or are abandoned in hospitals.

- Children and youth who have a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not designed for or ordinarily used as a regular sleeping accommodation for human beings.
- Children and youth who are living in cars, parks, public spaces, abandoned buildings, substandard housing, bus or train stations, or similar settings; and
- Migratory children who qualify as homeless because the children are living in circumstances described in 1-3 above.
- **Independent Educational Evaluation (IEE)** means an evaluation conducted by a qualified examiner who is not employed by the school district responsible for the public education of the student.
- **Individualized Education Program (IEP)** means a written document, developed by a PPT, which documents the specialized instruction and related services for an eligible student with a disability. The IEP is developed, reviewed, and revised at a PPT meeting, at least annually.
- **Individualized Family Service Plan (IFSP)**. A written individualized plan for an infant or toddler (i.e., birth to three year of age) with a disability that is developed by a PPT, under Part C of the IDEA.
- **Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)** is a federal law that makes FAPE available to eligible students with disabilities throughout the United States and ensures special education and related services to those students. The IDEA governs how states and public agencies provide early intervention, special education, and related services to eligible infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities. Infants and toddlers, birth through age 2, with disabilities and their families receive services under IDEA Part C. students and youth ages 3 through 21 receive special education and related services under IDEA Part B.
- **Initial Evaluation:** The evaluation procedures that are conducted in accordance with the IDEA to determine whether a student has a disability and the nature and extent of the special education and related services that the student needs.
- **Initial Provision of Service** means the first time a parent is offered special education and related services for their student after an initial evaluation and eligibility determination.
- **Interim Alternative Educational Setting (IAES)** is the educational setting in which a district may place a student with a disability, for not more than 45 school days, if the student while at school, on school premises, or at a school function carries a weapon or possess a weapon; knowingly possesses, uses, sells or solicits the sale of illegal drugs or controlled substances; or has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person. An IAES may also be ordered by a hearing officer based upon evidence that maintaining the current placement is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or others.
- **Language and Communication Plan** is a required plan developed by the PPT and included in the IEP, pursuant to state law, for any student identified as deaf or hard of hearing. The plan must address: (1) the primary language or mode of communication chosen for the student, (2) opportunities for direct communication with peers and professional personnel in the primary language or mode of the student, (3) educational options available to the student, (4) the qualifications of teachers and other personnel administering such plan for the student, including such teacher's or personnel's proficiency in the primary language or mode of communication for the student, (5) the accessibility of academic instruction, school services and extracurricular activities to the student, (6) assistive devices and services for the student, (7) communication and physical accommodations for the student, and (8) an emergency communication plan that includes procedures for alerting the student of an emergency situation and ensuring that the specific needs of the student are met during the emergency situation.
- **Least Restrictive Environment (LRE)** is the IDEA requirement that students with disabilities, including those in public or private institutions or other care facilities, be educated with students who are nondisabled to the maximum extent appropriate.
- **Local Educational Agency (LEA)** means a public board of education or other public authority legally constituted within a state for either administrative control or direction of, or to perform a service function for, public elementary or secondary schools in a city, county, township, school district, or other political subdivision of a state, or for a combination of school districts or counties as are recognized in a state as an administrative agency for its public elementary schools or secondary

schools. For the purposes of this manual, local educational agency means, OSEP District: Woodstock, Eastford, Union, Canterbury, Brooklyn, and Pomfret.

- **Manifestation Determination** is a determination by the parent and relevant members of the PPT about whether the conduct in question was caused or had a direct and substantial relationship to the student's disability or if the conduct in question was the direct result of the school district's failure to implement the student's IEP.
- **Modifications** are changes to the content, which affect what the student learns. Modifications include changes in the curricular content standards or the performance expectations.
- **Native Language** when used with respect to an individual who has limited English proficiency, means: the language normally used by that individual, or, in the case of a student, the language normally used by the parents of the student. In all direct contact with a student (including evaluation of the student), the native language would be the language normally used by the student in the home or learning environment.
- **Nonacademic and Extracurricular Services and Activities** may include counseling services, athletics, transportation, health services, recreational activities, special interest groups or clubs sponsored by Woodstock Academy, referrals to agencies that provide assistance to individuals with disabilities, and employment of students, including both employment by Woodstock Academy and assistance in making outside employment available.
- **Office of Special Education Programs (OSEP):** A division of the U.S. Department of Education dedicated to improving results for students with disabilities ages birth through 21, by providing leadership and financial support to assist states and local districts.
- **Parent(s)** means a biological or adoptive parent, guardian, surrogate parent as defined by Connecticut statute, or an individual acting in the place of a biological or adoptive parent (including a grandparent, stepparent, or other relative) with whom the student lives or an individual who is legally responsible for the student's welfare. The rights of the parent shall transfer to a student who has reached the age of 18, except as provided in the state regulation about the transfer of rights.
- **Personally Identifiable Information** includes but is not limited to, the student's name, name of the parent or other family member; the student's or parent's address; a personal identifier, such as the student's social security number or student number; or a list of personal characteristics or other information that would make it possible to identify the student with reasonable certainty.
- **Physical Restraint** means any mechanical or personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the free movement of a person's arms, legs, or head, including, but not limited to, carrying, or forcibly moving a person from one location to another.
 - The term does not include:
 - Briefly holding a person in order to calm or comfort the student.
 - The minimum contact necessary to safely escort a person from one area to another.
 - Medical devices, including, but not limited to, supports prescribed by a health care provider to achieve proper body position or balance.
 - Helmets or other protective gear used to protect a person from injuries due to a fall; or Helmets, mitts, and similar devices used to prevent self-injury when the device is: part of a documented treatment plan or individualized education program pursuant to the Connecticut General Statutes Section (C.G.S.) 10-76d; or prescribed or recommended by a medical professional, as defined in C.G.S. Section 38a- 976, and is the least restrictive means available to prevent such self-harm.
- **Planning and Placement Team (PPT)** means a team established pursuant to the IDEA, which includes professionals who represent the teaching, administrative, and pupil personnel staffs and who, with the parents, are equal participants in the decision-making process to determine the specific educational needs of the student and to develop, review, and revise a student's IEP. A PPT reviews referrals to special education, determines if the student needs to be evaluated, decides what evaluations will be given to the student, and whether the student is eligible for special education and related services.

- **Positive Behavioral Intervention and Supports (PBIS)** means a framework to address challenging behaviors that includes functional assessment of the behavior, organizing the environment, teaching skills, rewarding positive behaviors, anticipating situations, monitoring the effect of interventions, and redesigning interventions as necessary.
- **Present levels of academic achievement and functional performance** means a statement of the student's current level of achievement or development in an area of need and how the student's disability affects the student's involvement and progress in the general education curriculum.
- **Reevaluation** means the evaluation procedures that are conducted no more than once a year but at least every three years, unless the parents and Woodstock Academy otherwise agree, to review or reestablish the extent, if any, of the special education and related services that the student requires. A reevaluation may only take place after an initial evaluation has been conducted.
- **Related Services** means transportation and such developmental, corrective, and other supportive services as are required to assist a student with a disability to benefit from special education, and includes speech-language pathology and audiology services, interpreting services, psychological services, physical and occupational therapy, recreation, including therapeutic recreation, early identification and assessment of disabilities in students, counseling services, including rehabilitation counseling, orientation and mobility services, and medical services for diagnostic or evaluation purposes. Related services also include school health services and school nurse services, social work services in schools, and parent counseling and training. Related services do not include a medical device that is surgically implanted, including cochlear implants, the optimization of that device's functioning (e.g., mapping), maintenance of that device, or the replacement of that device.
- **School Day** means any day, including a partial day that students attend school for instructional purposes.
- **School Year** means the period beginning July 1 and ending June 30.
- **Scientific Researched-Based Intervention (SRBI)** is Connecticut's framework for Response to Intervention (RTI). A general education model that refers to a tiered approach to instruction and behavioral support services. The model is used to promote the early identification of students who may be at risk for learning or behavioral difficulties.
- **Seclusion** means the involuntary confinement of a student in a room from which the student is physically prevented from leaving. Seclusion does not include an exclusionary time out.
- **Services Plan** means a written statement that describes the special education and related services Woodstock Academy will provide to a parentally placed student with a disability enrolled in a private school who has been designated to receive services, including the location of the services and any transportation necessary, and is developed and implemented in accordance with the IDEA.
- **Special Education** means specially designed instruction, at no cost to the parents, to meet the unique needs of a student with a disability, including instruction conducted in the classroom, in the home, in hospitals and institutions, in other settings, and instruction in physical education. Special education also includes travel training and vocational education if they meet the requirements of being specially designed instruction. Pursuant to state law, speech and language services can be a special education service.
- **Specially Designed Instruction** means adapting the content, methodology, or delivery of instruction, as appropriate, to address the unique needs of an eligible student that result from the student's disability and to ensure access to the general education curriculum, so that the student can meet the educational standards within the jurisdiction of the school district that apply to all students.
- **Summary of Performance (SOP)** is a summary of a student's academic achievement and functional performance, which must include recommendations on how to assist the student in meeting the student's postsecondary goals. A SOP is required for each student with an IEP whose eligibility for services under IDEA terminates due to graduation from secondary school with a regular high school diploma or due to exceeding the age of eligibility for FAPE under state law.
- **Supplementary Aids and Services** means aids, services, and other supports that are provided in general education classes, other education-related settings, and in extracurricular and nonacademic settings, to enable students with disabilities to be educated with nondisabled students to the maximum extent appropriate.

- **Surrogate Parent** is an individual appointed by the state to represent the student in all matters relating to the identification, evaluation, educational placement, and the provision of FAPE for the student. A surrogate parent has the same legal rights afforded to parents with respect to special education and related services.
- **Transition Services** means a coordinated set of activities for a student with a disability that:
 - Is designed to be within a results-oriented process, focused on improving the academic and functional achievement of the student with a disability to facilitate the student's movement from school to post-school activities, including postsecondary education, vocational education, integrated employment (including supported employment), continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, or community participation:
 - Is based on the individual student's needs, taking into account the student's strengths, preferences, and interests and includes instruction. Related services. Community experiences. the development of employment and other post-school adult living objectives; an if appropriate, acquisition of daily living skills and provision of a functional vocational evaluation.
 - Transition services for student with disabilities may be special education, if provided as specially designed instruction, or a related service, if required to assist a student with a disability to benefit from special education.
- **Ward of the State** means a student who, as determined by the state where the student lives, is a foster student, considered a ward of the state, or is in the custody of a public student welfare agency.

Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE)

As noted in the definitions section, the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA) is a federal law that makes FAPE available to eligible students with disabilities throughout the United States and ensures special education and related services to those students. The IDEA governs how states and public agencies provide early intervention, special education, and related services to eligible infants, toddlers, children, and youth with disabilities. Infants and toddlers, birth through age 2, with disabilities and their families receive services under IDEA Part C. Students and youth ages 3 through 21 receive special education and related services under IDEA Part B Pursuant to the IDEA, Woodstock Academy will ensure that FAPE is made available to students between the ages of 3 and 21 years old and who reside in Woodstock Academy. Woodstock Academy will make FAPE available to all students with disabilities who require special education and related services, even if those students are advancing from grade to grade.

The IDEA defines FAPE as special education and related services that:

- Are provided at public expense, under public supervision and direction, and without charge
- Provided in conformity with an individualized education program (IEP)
- Meet the standards of the Connecticut State Department of Education (CSDE) and the requirements of IDEA; and
- Include an appropriate preschool, elementary, or secondary school education that meets the education standards in Connecticut.

Case law has further developed the definition of FAPE. The United State Supreme Court has opined that a school district (The Woodstock Academy & the OSEP District) must offer an IEP that is specially designed and reasonably calculated to enable the student to make progress appropriate in light of the student's circumstances.

Child Find and Referral Process

Child Find Responsibility

In accordance with Part B of the IDEA, as well as applicable state statutes and implementing regulations, The Woodstock Academy has a student identification process “Child Find” for all students with a disability from approximately 13 years of age through age 21 (grades 9-12), regardless of the severity of the disability, and who are in need of special education and related services.

The Woodstock Academy’s Child Find responsibilities apply to all children who attend The Woodstock Academy. This responsibility includes cooperating and collaborating with other agencies to identify children with disabilities.

The Woodstock Academy has policies and procedures for conducting Child Find activities (i.e., identifying, locating, and evaluating) for all students who are suspected of having a disability, even though the student is:

- Advancing from grade to grade.
- A ward of the state.
- Highly mobile, such as migrant and homeless children.

The Student Service Department coordinates all activities related to Child Find. The Woodstock Academy uses community resources and conducts systematic activities in an effort to identify children who may require special education services.¹

Referral to Determine Eligibility for Special Education and Related Services

The Woodstock Academy accepts and processes all referrals to determine eligibility for special education and related services. The Woodstock Academy’s Board of Trustees shall make available information, understandable to the general public, concerning the procedures for making such a referral to all parents and professional staff.

A referral can be made by:

- An adult student
- A parent.
- School personnel; or
- Other individuals from other agencies (e.g., physicians, psychologists, social workers) to whom parental permission to make a referral has been given.

Pursuant to state law, The Woodstock Academy Administration, i.e., Director of Student Support, will promptly refer students who are suspended repeatedly in or out-of- school, or whose behavior, attendance, including truant behavior, or academic progress in school is considered unsatisfactory or at a marginal level of acceptance.

A referral of a student who is suspected of having a disability requires The Woodstock Academy & OSEP District to convene a PPT meeting to consider the need for an evaluation to determine if the student is a student with a disability who is eligible for special education and related services. The completion of the *Referral to Determine Eligibility for Special Education and Related Services* form (ED621)² initiates this process.

¹ The District’s Child Find obligations will include those activities that target children whose families are homeless, highly mobile, whose primary language is not English and who participate in public and private early childhood programs.

² <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED621.pdf?la=en>

Notification of Referral and Initial PPT Meeting (ED622)

The Woodstock Academy will use the Parent Notice of Referral to Determine Eligibility for Special Education and Related Services form (ED622),³ to notify the parent of the referral and confirm receipt of the referral. If someone other than the student's parent makes the referral, the OSEP District will provide notice of the referral to the parent no later than five school days after the OSEP District receives the referral. The OSEP District will also send the Procedural Safeguards Notice.⁴

Notice of PPT Meeting

After receipt of a referral, the OSEP District will schedule an initial PPT meeting at a time and location convenient to the parent, and provide notice of the meeting, using the *Notice of PPT Meeting* form (ED623),⁵ to the parent at least five days prior to the date of the meeting. At the initial PPT meeting, the PPT will review the referral and determine whether it suspects a disability and if it does, whether additional evaluative data is required in order to make an eligibility determination.

Special Rules for the Initial Evaluation of a Ward of the State

When The Woodstock Academy seeks to evaluate a student for the first time and the student is in the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) and not residing with the student's parent, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District is required to obtain consent from the student's assigned surrogate parent.

Surrogate Parents

According to state law, the Commissioner of Education (or a designee of the commissioner) will appoint a surrogate parent when a student requires or may require special education and:

- the parent or guardian of such student cannot be identified.
- the whereabouts of the parent cannot be discovered after reasonable efforts to locate the parent have been made.
- the student is a ward of the state; or the student is an unaccompanied homeless youth as defined in the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act.⁶This also applied in cases where a student required special education and no longer requires such education but requires or may require services under Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act.

The surrogate parent acts as the student's advocate in the educational decision-making process (i.e., identification, evaluation, placement, hearing, mediation, and appeal procedures provided for in federal and state special education law) in place of the student's parents or guardian. The educational-decisional process also includes the evaluation and planning procedures provided for by Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, which may be available to student who has been exited from special education.

There are specific circumstances under which it may be necessary to request the appointment of a surrogate parent for a student in order to protect the student's educational rights. The Woodstock Academy is among those individuals or entities who may initiate a request for the CSDE to assign a surrogate parent.⁷

³ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED622.pdf>

⁴ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Prosaf.pdf?la=en>

⁵ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED623.pdf>

⁶ <https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Special-Education/Surrogate-Parent-Program>

⁷ It is important to note that when a student has an open DCF case or is in the custody of DCF, multiple individuals may be attending the student's PPT meeting, including the student's parents.

Planning and Placement Team (PPT) Members and Process

Planning and Placement Team (PPT)

Pursuant to state law, The Woodstock Academy will establish a sufficient number of planning and placement teams (1) to ensure that all students requiring special education and related services within its jurisdiction are located, identified, and evaluated, and (2) to develop and implement an IEP for each student who is found eligible for special education and related services.

The PPT is responsible for processing referrals to special education, designing and reviewing initial evaluations and reevaluations, determining a student's eligibility for special education, developing, reviewing, and revising a student's IEP.

PPT Membership Requirements

The PPT must include the following individuals:

- The parents of the student,⁸
- Not less than one general education teacher of the student if the student is, or may be, participating in the general education environment:⁹
- Not less than one special education teacher of the student, or where appropriate, not less than one special education provider of the student.
- A representative of The Woodstock Academy who is:
 - qualified to provide, or supervise the provision of, specially designed instruction to meet the unique needs of students with disabilities.
 - knowledgeable about the general education curriculum; and
 - knowledgeable about the availability of resources of the district.
 - An individual who can interpret the instructional implications of evaluation results,¹⁰
 - At the discretion of the parent or The Woodstock Academy, other individuals who have knowledge or special expertise regarding the student, including related services personnel as appropriate; and¹¹ As applicable, the paraprofessional assigned to the student.¹²
 - Whenever appropriate, the student with a disability.¹³

⁸ The parent of a student with a disability is an integral and equal member of the PPT. The District will take steps to ensure that one or both of the student's parents are afforded the opportunity to participate in each PPT meeting to develop, review or revise the IEP for their student. The parent may also bring or request the presence of other individuals for additional support, without prior notice required.

⁹ The general education teacher(s) of the student will be prepared to update the team on the student's general education program and provide the PPT with the most recent assessments to document the student's progress in the general education curriculum, and to the extent appropriate, participate in the development, review and revision of the student's IEP, including input regarding appropriate positive behavioral interventions and strategies, supplementary aids and services, program modifications or supports for school personnel that will be provided for the student consistent with the IEP; and participation in the general education curriculum.

¹⁰ Such individual may serve a dual role in the PPT.

¹¹ The determination of the knowledge or special expertise of any individual must be made by the party who invited the individual to be a member of the PPT.

¹² It is expected that parents will provide reasonable notice to the District if they wish to have their student's paraprofessional attend the meeting.

¹³ only required to invite the student. The student is not required to attend the meeting.

PPT Attendance and Excusal from Attendance

An individual is considered to be in attendance at a PPT meeting if they themselves are physically or virtually participating during the meeting, in whole or in part. The reading of information into the record at a PPT meeting as submitted by an individual who is not in physical or virtual attendance does not constitute being in attendance for that individual.

The OSEP District and The Woodstock Academy intend for all PPT members to be present and fully participate in the process. The Woodstock Academy understands, however, that in some cases, a required member of the PPT may be excused from attending the PPT meeting, in whole or in part, if:

- The member's area of the curriculum or related services *is not* being modified or discussed in the meeting and the parent of the student and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District agree in writing, that the attendance of the member is not necessary; and
- The member's area of the curriculum is being modified or discussed in the meeting, and the member submits in writing to the parent and the PPT, input into the development of the IEP prior to the meeting, and the parent of the student and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District agree, in writing, to excuse such member. Such excusal requires signed consent of both the parent and a representative of the Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

Planning and Placement Team Attendance form (ED633)

Notice of Meeting and Change in PPT Membership

The Woodstock Academy and/or the OSEP District is responsible for initiating, conducting, and maintaining a record of PPT meetings for developing, reviewing, or revising a student's IEP. The Woodstock Academy shall take steps to ensure that one or both of the parents of a student with a disability are present at each PPT meeting or are afforded the opportunity to participate, including notifying parents of the meeting early enough to ensure that they will have an opportunity to attend and scheduling the meeting at a mutually agreed on time and place.

To ensure parental participation, The Woodstock Academy and/or OSEP District will complete the following procedures:

- At least five days prior to the meeting, the parent is advised in writing, in their native language, of their rights to be participating members of the PPT. parent may agree to waive the five-day notice
- provide written notification to the parent, which specifies the purpose, time, and location of the meeting and the people invited.
- In the event that a parent is unable to attend, reasonable efforts will be made to ensure participation by other means such as conference calls or virtual meetings.
 - If the parents are unable to attend the PPT meeting, via multiple steps and methods of notification, the PPT meeting may be conducted in their absence. In this event, the meeting will have a detailed record of its attempts to arrange parental participation;¹⁴
- Appropriate action to ensure that the parent understands the proceedings of the PPT meeting, including, but not limited to, arranging for an interpreter for parents who are deaf or hard of hearing, or whose native language is other than English.

If The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District invites someone to participate in a PPT meeting who was not previously included on the Notice of Planning and Placement Team Meeting (ED623),¹⁵ a new notice must be issued, and staff must ask the parent to sign

¹⁴ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED624.pdf>

¹⁵ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED623.pdf>

a five-day waiver to include the new participant. The parent may bring whomever they choose to a PPT meeting without similar notification.

Evaluation and Eligibility

Purpose of an Evaluation

The Woodstock Academy uses initial evaluation and reevaluation procedures in accordance with the IDEA to ensure that proper identification of students with disabilities occurs through the implementation of comprehensive assessment and evaluation practices. Evaluation in this context means the analysis of the summative results of the procedures that The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District uses to determine whether a student meets the criteria for identification as a student with a disability, is eligible for special education and related services, and the nature and extent of the special education and related services to be provided to the student in order for the student to receive FAPE in the LRE.

Role of the Planning and Placement Team (PPT)

The PPT may determine that existing data provides sufficient information to determine that the student has a disability and is eligible for special education. Such data may include but are not limited to:

- Prior evaluation results;
- Information provided by the student's parent;
- Results of current curricular, local and/or state assessments;
- Outcomes of classroom-based observations and observations by teachers or related service providers;
- Attendance;
- Discipline;
- Health/nursing data; and
- Other relevant data.

If the PPT decides that no additional data are needed to determine the student's eligibility for services, then The Woodstock Academy and/or OSEP District will provide the student's parents with prior written notice. If the PPT decides that additional data are needed, the PPT, including the parents, will define the evaluation procedures necessary to make a determination. To document the evaluation procedures, The Woodstock Academy and/or OSEP District will use the *Notice and Consent to Conduct an Initial Evaluation* form (ED625)¹⁶ or the *Notice and Consent to Conduct a Reevaluation* form (ED627),¹⁷ whichever is appropriate. The Woodstock Academy must obtain parental consent prior to conducting an initial evaluation. The Woodstock Academy will document the date the OSEP District requested consent from the parent and the date when obtained consent from the parent.

Initial Evaluation

The Woodstock Academy will assess the student in all areas related to the suspected disability and will ensure that the evaluation is sufficiently comprehensive to identify all of the student's special education and related service needs whether or not commonly linked to the disability category in which the student may be classified.

¹⁶ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED625.pdf>

¹⁷ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED627.pdf>

In conducting the initial evaluation, The Woodstock Academy will use a variety of assessment tools and strategies to gather relevant functional, developmental, social/emotional, and academic information about the student, including information provided by the parent that may assist in determining whether the student is a student with a disability under the IDEA and, if so, the content of the student's IEP, including information related to enabling the student to be involved in and progress in the general education curriculum (or for a preschool student, to participate in appropriate activities).

The Woodstock Academy will not use a single measure or assessment as the sole criterion for determining whether the student is a student with a disability or for determining the content of the student's IEP. The Woodstock Academy will use technically sound evaluation methods that are reliable and valid for the purposes for which they are intended. The Woodstock Academy will also ensure that assessments and other evaluation materials used to assess a student are selected and administered so as not to be discriminatory based on race or culture; are provided and administered in the student's native language or other mode of communication and in the form most likely to yield accurate information on what the student knows and is able to do academically, developmentally, and functionally, unless it is clearly not feasible to so provide or administer; are administered by trained and knowledgeable personnel; and are administered in accordance with any instructions provided by the producer of the assessments.

Assessments will be selected and administered so as to best ensure that the results for a student with impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills, accurately reflect the student's aptitude or achievement level, adaptive behavior, or whatever other factors the test purports to measure, rather than reflecting the student's impaired sensory, manual, or speaking skills (unless those skills are the factors that the test purports to measure).

Timeline for Initial Evaluations

In accordance with Connecticut regulations, The Woodstock Academy is required to complete the entire process from referral to implementation of the IEP within 45 school days exclusive of the time required to obtain parental consent: the student must be evaluated, eligibility for special education determined, and an IEP developed and implemented.¹⁸

- [Initial Evaluation Timeline](#)
- [Identification Process Infographic](#)

Mutual Agreement to Extend Evaluation Timeline for Determining Special Education Eligibility for a Student with a Specific Learning Disability

The parent or adult student and The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District may agree to extend the eligibility timeline when determining eligibility for a student with a specific learning disability. The Woodstock Academy will use the *Mutual Agreement to Extend Evaluation Time for Determining Special Education Eligibility for a Student with a Specific Learning Disability* form (ED637)¹⁹ to document the agreement.

Determining Eligibility

Upon request from the parent or adult student, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide the results of the assessments and evaluations used in the determination of eligibility for special education at least three school days before the PPT meeting at which such results of the assessments and evaluation will be discussed for the first time.

¹⁸ Initial Evaluation Timeline Memorandum [https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special- Education/Timeline-for-Initial-Evaluation-Memo.pdf?la=en](https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Timeline-for-Initial-Evaluation-Memo.pdf?la=en)

¹⁹ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED637.pdf>

After the initial evaluation is completed, The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will convene a PPT meeting to review the initial evaluation and determine whether the student is a student with a disability as defined by federal and state special education law. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District cannot determine a student is a student with a disability if the primary reason for the determination is:

- Lack of appropriate instruction in reading, including the essential components of reading instruction.
- Lack of appropriate instruction in math; or
- Limited English proficiency.

To be found eligible for special education and related services, the PPT must determine that:

- The student has a disability as defined by the IDEA or state statute and its implementing regulations.
- The student's disability adversely affects the student's educational performance; and
- By reason of the disability needs special education and related services.

Adverse effects on educational performance cannot be based solely on discrepancies in age or grade level performance in academic subject areas. Rather, when determining if the manifestation of the student's disability has an adverse effect on educational performance, the PPT will consider all aspects of the student's functioning at school, including academic, social/emotional, cognitive, communication, vocational and independent living skills.

An adverse effect can be manifested through behavioral difficulties at school; impaired or inappropriate social relations; impaired work skills, such as being disorganized; having trouble getting to school on time; and difficulty with following the rules. The documentation of adversely affected educational performance must also substantiate that the educational deficiencies persist over time in spite of specific alternative strategies that have been provided within the general education setting. The PPT should document evidence that scientific, research-based interventions have been implemented with fidelity. The PPT will consider these efforts and their impact when determining adverse educational performance.

The disabilities eligible for special education services under the IDEA and/or state statute are the following:

- Intellectual disability.
- Hearing impairment (including deafness).
- Speech and language impairment.
- Visual impairment (including blindness).
- Emotional disturbance.
- Orthopedic impairment.
- Autism.
- Traumatic brain injury.
- Other health impairment (subcategory of ADD/ADHD).
- Specific learning disability (subcategory of SLD/Dyslexia).
- Deaf blindness.
- Multiple disabilities; and
- Developmental delay.

Even though it is possible for a student to have more than one disability, the PPT will enter the disability on the IEP, which is most indicative of the student's primary disability.

Reevaluation

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will conduct a reevaluation of each student with a disability at least once every three years, unless the parent/adult student and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District agree in writing that a three-year evaluation is not necessary. The purpose of the three-year evaluation is to determine whether the student continues to be a student with a disability and to assess the student's educational needs. Additionally, the reevaluation must determine whether any additions or modifications to the special education and related services are needed to enable the student to meet the measurable annual goals and objectives set out in the student's IEP, and to participate, as appropriate, in the general education curriculum.

In addition to the above requirements, The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will conduct a reevaluation if, at any time, the PPT determines that the educational or related service's needs, including improved academic and functional performance of the student, warrants an evaluation, or if a student's parent or teacher requests a reevaluation. A reevaluation will not be conducted more frequently than once a year unless the parent and The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District agree otherwise. Procedures for the collection, review, and use of reevaluation data is the same as for an initial evaluation.

Students Transferring into the District

For students who are in the initial evaluation or reevaluation process and who transfer into The Woodstock Academy from another school district in the same school year, The Woodstock Academy acknowledges that it is The Woodstock Academy's responsibility to coordinate with the student's prior school district, as necessary and as expeditiously as possible, to ensure prompt completion of all initial or reevaluations as planned and meet evaluation timeline requirements.

Trial Placement for Diagnostic Purposes

Consistent with state Regulations, The Woodstock Academy may use a trial placement for diagnostic purposes (diagnostic placement) as part of the initial evaluation or reevaluation of a student. If using a diagnostic placement, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will ensure that such placement shall be a structured program, of not more than 40 school days duration, the purpose of which is to assess the needs of a student who is or may be a student with a disability, but for whom the evaluation or reevaluation is either inconclusive or the data insufficient to determine the student's eligibility for special education and related services or to develop or revise the student's IEP.

A diagnostic placement is an evaluation and shall not be the current educational placement of a student for purposes of determining the student's status during due process proceedings unless the parents and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District otherwise agree.

If a diagnostic placement is conducted as part of a referral, the timeline for the implementation of the IEP shall be extended by the PPT for the time necessary to complete the diagnostic placement.

The Woodstock Academy will implement the following steps when the PPT recommends a diagnostic placement:

- The PPT will specify, in writing, the diagnostic goals and objectives, as well as the types and amounts of services needed to conduct the program to determine more conclusively the student's needs.
- The PPT or members of the PPT designated through parental and PPT agreement, will meet at least once every 10 school days with personnel working with the student to discuss the student's progress and to revise, where necessary, the services being provided.
- The PPT will determine whether the student's educational school hours are divided between the trial placement and another program, or if the student will be educated in the diagnostic placement full time.

A diagnostic placement will be terminated as soon as the student's needs have been determined, but in any event no later than 40 school days after the trial placement begins; and 5 school days before the end of the diagnostic placement, the PPT will reconvene to determine the student's eligibility for special education and related services, as appropriate, or review, revise or develop the student's IEP, as appropriate, based on the findings made during the diagnostic placement, as well as other evaluative information regarding the student.

Individualized Education Program (IEP)

The individualized education program (IEP) is a written document, developed by a PPT, which documents the specialized instruction and related services for an eligible student with a disability. Thus, the IEP is the vehicle by which FAPE is provided to the student. Pursuant to state law, the IEP is developed, reviewed, and revised by the PPT.

At the beginning of each school year, The Woodstock Academy will ensure that an IEP is in effect for each student with a disability who requires special education and related services. State law requires that The Woodstock Academy use the Connecticut IEP document (IEP document) provided by the State Department of Education.²⁰ For each student eligible for special education and related services, the PPT will create an IEP using the IEP document. Detailed information about each component of the IEP document is contained in the BSE's *IEP Manual and Forms* publication.²¹

Transportation

The IEP must contain information about the type of transportation to be provided to the student. All students requiring special education and related services are entitled to participate in the transportation services available to all students at The Woodstock Academy. The PPT will determine if the regular transportation provided to all students is appropriate and safe or if specialized transportation must be provided. If specialized transportation is required, transportation is considered a related service for the student and will be specified in the student's IEP.

Travel Time

A student's total travel time may not exceed one hour each way to and from a special education facility except with written parental consent, and all decisions relating to travel time will take into account the nature and severity of the student's disability and the student's age. If an appropriate placement cannot be made without exceeding the one-hour travel time limit, written parental consent will be obtained prior to implementing the transportation service.

Operators of Vehicles- The OSEP District will ensure that operators of vehicles meet the licensure requirements of the Department of Motor Vehicles (DMV) and all other statutory requirements for school vehicle operation. The OSEP District will also ensure that operators of vehicles are given such in-service training as necessary to acquaint them with the specific needs of the students being transported and equip them to meet those needs.

Vehicles

All vehicles shall comply with the requirements of the DMV and shall be equipped as to ensure safe and appropriate transportation.

Transportation Aides

²⁰ <https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Special-Education/Planning-and-Placement-Team-PPT-Process-and-Individualized-Education-Program-IEP-Forms/Documents>

²¹ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/IEP-Manual-REVISED-July-2019.pdf?la=en>

The OSEP District will provide transportation aides when The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District determines it is necessary to ensure safe and appropriate transportation or when a student's IEP specifies the need for such aide.

Transportation Provided by Parents

If the OSEP District requests that the parents transport their student, the OSEP District will reimburse the parents for the cost of such transportation at the standard mileage reimbursement rate for a privately owned vehicle established by the Internal Revenue Service. The reimbursement will only be for a round trip to transport the student to, and to retrieve the student from, the program. The OSEP District will not require the parents to provide transportation for their student and the parents' inability or unwillingness of the parents to provide transportation does not relieve the OSEP District of the obligation to provide transportation for the student. If parents reject the transportation offered by the OSEP District, the OSEP District will not reimburse the parents for the cost of transporting the student unless a hearing officer orders reimbursement. In lieu of a hearing, the OSEP District and the parents may resolve their disagreement through mediation or a resolution session.

Assistive Technology (AT)

If an eligible student requires assistive technology (AT) in order to receive FAPE, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must provide the appropriate AT device(s) and services to ensure the student can access, participate in, and make progress in the general education curriculum to the fullest extent possible. The use of AT must be considered by the PPT when developing an IEP for a student.

AT may be a part of one or more of the following: special education, related services, or supplementary aids and services. The PPT will determine if the student needs access to the AT device at school, home and/or community work sites and all settings specified in the student's IEP. Related services may have a direct or indirect relationship to AT and can be included in a student's IEP as a related service.

The question of whether a student needs AT, requires thoughtful attention and analysis of all areas related to that student's goals. If the student's needs are not being met, then the PPT should identify additional solutions that may be needed, and discuss whether AT is required, whether it may be required in the future, or if more information is needed in order to make a decision. An AT consideration process is explained in the Connecticut Guidelines for AT.²² The consideration process was developed to help the PPT simplify this analysis, organize information, and lead discussion. If potential AT devices are not known to the PPT, the AT consideration checklist and resource guide, which provides a framework for identifying tasks within instructional areas and technology options ranging from low-tech to high-tech, may assist the PPT in finding technology solutions that may be appropriate to meet the student's needs.

If the PPT determines that the student requires AT and is aware of technology that meets the student's needs, such as technology that is already available in the student's educational environment, or that the student has been using successfully to meet IEP goals and objectives, it should record the devices and services in the IEP.

Accessible Educational Materials (AEM)

The IDEA addresses access to instructional and educational materials in a timely manner by individuals who are blind or have other print-related disabilities through the establishment of the National Instructional Materials Access Center (NIMAC) and the adoption of the National Instructional Materials Accessibility Standard (NIMAS).

²² (<https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Publications/Assistive-Technology-Guidelines-Executive-Summary>).

Connecticut has adopted the NIMAS standard, and defines timely manner, as “all reasonable efforts will be made by the (Woodstock Academy/ OSEP) district to ensure that accessible educational materials (AEM) are provided to student with disabilities who need accessible formats of educational materials at the same time as other student receiving their educational materials.”

If a student is identified as having a print-related disability (e.g., blindness, visual impairment, physical limitations and specific learning disability in reading), which impacts the student’s ability to access the general education curriculum, then the PPT, as the competent authority, may determine that the student qualifies to receive AEM produced in specialized formats as delineated on the IEP through an accessible media producer and/or the NIMAC.

To assure the timely provision of instructional material for blind or other persons with print disabilities, when ordering textbooks and other print instructional materials, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will enter into a written contract with publishers of the materials to provide electronic files containing the contents of the print materials to the NIMAC. The publishers are required on or before delivery of the print materials to prepare and provide the print content using NIMAS file sets, so the content can be stored in the NIMAC and produced or rendered into specialized formats (braille, large print, digital text, or audio) as needed. An example of contract language can be found in *Ensuring Access to Students with Print Disabilities*.²³

In the state of Connecticut, Accessible Media Producers (AMPs) such as Board of Education Services for the Blind (BESB), Bookshare and/or Learning Ally, have been designated to access file sets that can be made into usable formats for students with print-related disabilities.

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District is responsible for ensuring that accessible specialized formats are provided in a timely manner to students with print-related disabilities and *The Determining the Need for Accessible Educational Material (AEM) and Acquiring AEM from the Appropriate Sources* is a great resource for teachers to find resources, including if teachers are using material not available through the NIMAC.²⁴

Student Data Privacy

The state “Student Data Privacy” law requires public school districts (The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District) to enter into agreements with contractors such as educational technology providers with which they share student data, records, or information. The requirement potentially applies to the use of AT for students with IEPs and 504 plans. The Commission for Educational Technology (CET) has a “Hub” (<http://www.ct.gov/ctedtech>) which identifies a clearing house of source/app/software/technology that meet criteria for LEAs and Vendors to use.

The Assistive Technology/Accessible Educational Material community have made significant strides in allowing access to the general education curriculum for students with disabilities. Clarifying language was placed into the law for an exemption so that the PPT may continue to identify and meet the needs of students with disabilities through an IEP and allow students to benefit from unique technology to meet identified unique needs.

Changes to the law in 2018, provide that school districts (The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District) are not required to enter into a contract under the Student Data Privacy law if the use of the educational technology, Internet website, online service, or mobile application is unique and necessary to implement a student’s IEP or 504 plan and the provider is unable to comply with the statute’s

²³ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/NIMAS/NIMAC_Ensuring_Access.pdf

²⁴ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/NIMAS/Flow_Chart_Determining_the_Need_for_AEM_and_Acquiring_AEM_from_the_Appropriate_Sources.pdf

contracting requirements. All local or regional boards of education must submit a report to the CET concerning their use of Internet websites, online software, or mobile applications used under the exemption in subsection (i) of Connecticut General Statute § 10-234bb. In cases where The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District determines it is appropriate under the law to use these services without a contract, they must provide details of the Internet website, online service or mobile application used and attest to the following assurances:

- The product terms comply with FERPA and HIPAA.
- Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has attempted to enter into a compliant contract with operator.
- The team cannot find an equivalent, compliant website, online service, or mobile application.
- Operator complies with C.G.S. Section 10-234cc; and Student's parent or legal guardian and a member of the PPT sign an agreement that acknowledges the above and authorizes use of the products.

Language and Communication Plan (LCP)

For any student identified as deaf or hard of hearing, the PPT will include a language and communication plan (LCP) in the Students IEP. The PPT is responsible for developing the LCP and completing form (ED638).²⁵

Extended School Year (ESY) Services

The IEP will specify the length of the school day and school year. The length of the school day and year for students requiring special education and related services is the same as for students in the general education program, unless otherwise specified in the IEP. The PPT will determine whether an individual student requires extended school day or extended school year (ESY) services.²⁶

ESY services are available as necessary to provide FAPE. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District provides ESY services only if the PPT that develops the student's IEP determines, on an individual basis, that the services are necessary for the provision of FAPE. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District does not limit services to particular disability categories, and does not unilaterally limit the type, amount, or duration of those services. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will ensure that consideration of a student's eligibility for, and the content, duration, and location of the student's ESY services is determined, so as to allow the parent sufficient time to challenge the determination of eligibility, the program, or the placement for the student before the beginning of the ESY services unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will offer all special education services to students in the least restrictive environment (LRE) during the school year, and ESY programs.

Agreement to Change an IEP Without Convening a PPT Meeting

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District and the parent of a student with a disability may agree to change an IEP through the use of an amendment without convening a PPT meeting. In such cases, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District and the parent will complete the *Agreement to Change an Individualized Education Program Without Convening a Planning and Placement Team Meeting* (ED634) form.²⁷

Other members of the PPT will be informed of the changes made to the IEP. Upon request, the parent will be provided with a full revised copy of the IEP with the amendments incorporated. The amended IEP does not go into effect until the parent has granted permission in writing.

²⁵ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Language_and_Communication_Plan.pdf?la=en

²⁶ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Topic_Brief_ESY.pdf

²⁷ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED634.pdf>

Least Restrictive Environment (LRE) and Placement

Each student who is eligible for special education services is entitled, under state and federal law, to receive FAPE in the LRE. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will ensure that, to the maximum extent appropriate, students with disabilities, including students in public or private institutions or other care facilities are educated with students who are nondisabled. Placement of students in special classes, separate schools, or other removal of students with disabilities from the general education environment will occur only when the nature or severity of the disability is such that education in general education classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily.

Continuum of Alternative Placements

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will ensure that a continuum of alternative placements is available to meet the needs of students with disabilities residing within its jurisdiction that receive special education and related services. These placement options include instruction in regular classes, special classes, special schools, instruction in the home, and instruction in hospitals and institutions. These alternative placements will be available to the extent necessary in order to implement a student's IEP.

Each student's PPT must consider the environment in which each special education and related service of the student's IEP may be implemented with the first consideration being the general education environment with supplementary aids and services. As necessary, to meet the student's unique needs, the PPT will consider progressively restrictive environments together with supplementary aids and services; finally choosing the LRE in which each portion of the student's IEP may be implemented.

The Woodstock Academy has policies and procedures to ensure that options for the location of services represent the full range of options (a continuum of services), and that FAPE in the LRE for each student eligible for special education services is considered by the PPT. The PPT will consider placement in a general education environment with appropriate supports and services prior to considering a more restrictive placement. Placement by the PPT will address where the young student's goals and objectives can be implemented in the LRE with preference to the general education environment.

The class composition/ratios in a classroom are no less than 50-50; meaning, that at a minimum, there must be a one-to-one ratio between students with an IEP and students without an IEP. This environment/setting is equivalent to a regular education setting for students 6 through 21. The definition of a special education environment/setting is that the class composition is less than a 50-50 ratio, meaning, that there is more student with an IEP in the classroom than there are students without an IEP.

Determining Placement

The placement of each student with a disability will be determined, by the PPT at least annually, based upon the assessed needs of the student. The goals and objectives, based on the student's PLAAFP, will be determined before the PPT discusses the instructional site in which the student should receive each of the services in the IEP.

In selecting the LRE in which the student will receive each of the special education and related services described in the IEP, the PPT will ensure the following:

- Students with disabilities are educated with age-appropriate peers to the maximum extent appropriate. A student with a disability cannot be removed from education in regular classrooms solely because of needed modifications in the general education curriculum.
- Any potential harmful effect on the student or on the quality of services the student needs is considered. Unless the student's IEP requires some other arrangement, the student is educated in the school that the student would otherwise attend if nondisabled.

- The student participates with nondisabled students in the extracurricular services and activities to the maximum extent appropriate to the needs of that student.
- Ensuring the student has the appropriate supplementary aids and services necessary for the student to participate in nonacademic settings.
- Each IEP will include an explanation of the extent, if any, to which the student will not participate with nondisabled peers in the general education classroom and in extracurricular and other nonacademic activities, as well as a justification for removal from general education.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide PWN to the parent whenever the PPT proposes to change or refuses to change the educational placement of the student.

Calculating Time with Nondisabled Peers (TWNDP) in Elementary and Secondary Educational Settings

For each student with a disability, the time they are with non-disabled peers (TWNDP) must be calculated.²⁸ The Woodstock Academy will apply the following standards when determining and calculating the time that a student with disabilities is being educated with their nondisabled peers in an elementary or secondary setting. Time in which the student is engaged in the following scenarios is included in calculating the student's TWNDP:

- When the student is being educated in a general education classroom and the general education classroom is taught by the certified general education teacher of record who is considered highly qualified in the content or subject area instruction provided.
- When the student is being educated in a co-taught classroom where at least 50 percent of the students on the class roster are not students with disabilities and the class is co-taught by a general educator and a special educator or other licensed certified staff.
- When the student is engaged in routine school activities such as, passage in hallways and during lunch, recess, and study periods unless the student spends this time segregated from nondisabled peers.

The LRE Checklist (ED632)²⁹ must be completed and attached to the IEP if the student is to be removed from the general education environment for 60 percent or more of the time.

Calculating Time with Nondisabled Peers (TWNDP) in Work-Based Learning Experiences/Community-Based Settings

For the purpose of determining the time that a student with disabilities is being educated with his/her nondisabled peers in a work-based learning or community-based work setting, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP district will apply the following standards. The student is being educated with nondisabled peers if:

- The work-based learning placement occurs as part of a student's educational program, in an inclusive setting where individuals with and without disabilities are present and typically interact with each other or with customers without disabilities.

²⁸ Time With Non-Disabled Peers Memorandum (<https://bureaubulletin.files.wordpress.com/2015/09/determination-of-time-with-non-disabled-peers-for-Students-with-disabilities-memorandum.pdf>)

²⁹ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED632.pdf> It is recommended that the LRE Checklist be utilized when making any placement decision to ensure conformity with the LRE provisions of the Individuals with Disabilities Education Act.

- The work-based learning experience is one in which any student could potentially work; and
- The work-based learning placement is not one that has been designed just for students with disabilities.

Students Unable to Attend School for Medical Reasons

The Woodstock Academy will provide homebound or hospital instruction to students receiving special education and related services who are unable to attend school due to a *verified medical reason* that may include mental health issues.

This should not be confused with instruction in the home, which is a placement along the LRE continuum.

The student's treating physician shall provide a statement in writing directly to The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District, on a form provided by The Woodstock Academy, which states:

- The student's treating physician has consulted with school health supervisory personnel and has determined that attendance at school with reasonable accommodations is not feasible.
- The student is unable to attend school due to a verified medical reason.
- The student's diagnosis with supporting documentation.
- The student will be absent from school for at least 10 consecutive school days or the student's condition is such that the student may be required to be absent from school for short, repeated periods of time during the school year: and
- The expected date the student will be able to return to school.

The Woodstock Academy will ensure that instruction will begin no later than the 11th school day of absence from school; provided The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has received notice in writing that meets the five requirements stated above. The Woodstock Academy may begin services earlier if it receives adequate notice prior to the student's absence from school. If the student cannot receive instruction while they are absent, the student's treating physician shall determine when instruction should begin and inform The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

The PPT will modify, if necessary, the short-term instructional objectives in the student's IEP, while also taking steps to design a program that fosters the student's return to his or her previous level of school integration. Provisions for frequently monitoring the student's progress while being provided homebound instruction shall be included in the student's IEP and the IEP shall indicate that the student's instructional site is home.

The instruction provided will maintain the continuity of the student's general education program, and in the case of a student with a disability, will be provided to the student such that the student can continue to participate in the general education curriculum and progress toward meeting the goals and objectives in the student's IEP. "Maintaining the continuity of the student's general education program," means the student will receive instruction in core academic subjects required by The Woodstock Academy for promotion or graduation.

Instruction will be provided as follows:

- No less than two hours per day, or ten hours per week for students in seventh through twelfth grade.³⁰
- The location of the instruction may be the student's home or the hospital or other sites in Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District such as a public library, taking into consideration the student's medical condition.

³⁰ Where evaluative data indicates that these time requirements should be modified, instruction time may be increased or decreased upon the agreement of the parent and the District or upon a determination made by the PPT as appropriate.

Students Who Are Pregnant or Who Have Given Birth

In the case of a student who is pregnant or has given birth, the same guidelines apply as to those students who are unable to attend school for medical reasons. The homebound instruction and other instruction to be provided to a student who is pregnant or has given birth will enable the student to remain in school or otherwise have access to instruction and support services. The Woodstock Academy will consider the student's individualized needs and will provide, as appropriate, services that may include transportation, a shortened school day, counseling, modified assignments, or modified class schedule.

Students with Disabilities Who Are Medically Complex

“Medically complex” refers to a student who has a serious, ongoing illness or chronic condition that requires prolonged or intermittent hospitalization, and ongoing medical treatments or medical devices to compensate for the loss of bodily functions. In the case of a medically complex student with a disability who is not able to attend school due to medical reasons, the PPT will consider and make accommodations for the student's program to be moved from a public school to home or health care facility, including but not limited to, a hospital, psychiatric facility, or rehabilitation center and back to school when the student is able to return to school. Instruction for a student with a disability who is medically complex will begin no later than the third school day of absence, provided the student is able to receive instruction.

Restraint & Seclusion Guidelines

Restraint and Seclusion Overview

The Woodstock Academy ensures that school is a safe and healthy environment in which students can learn, develop, and engage in instructional programs that promote high levels of academic achievement, student progressing at their highest levels of capability and meeting personal goals. Restraint and seclusion are only implemented in situations where a child's behavior poses imminent danger of serious physical harm to self or others; **NOT** as a routine strategy implemented to address instructional problems or inappropriate behavior (e.g., disrespect, noncompliance, insubordination, out of seat), as a means of coercion or retaliation, or as a convenience.

What is Physical Restraint?

Physical restraint means any mechanical or personal restriction that immobilizes or reduces the free movement of a person's arms, legs or head, including, but not limited to, carrying, or forcibly moving a person from one location to another. Physical restraint does **not** include:

- briefly holding a person in order to calm or comfort the child
- the minimum contact necessary to safely escort a person from one area to another *
- medical devices, including, but not limited to, supports prescribed by a health care provider to achieve proper body position or balance;
- helmets or other protective gear used to protect a person from injuries due to a fall;
- helmets, mitts, and similar devices used to prevent self-injury when the device is:
 - part of a documented treatment plan or individualized education program pursuant to Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) Section 10-76d; or

- prescribed or recommended by a medical professional, as defined in Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) section 38a-976, and is the least restrictive means available to prevent such self- injury;
- exclusionary time out**

What Does “Seclusion” Mean?

Seclusion means the involuntary confinement of a student in a room from which the student is physically prevented from leaving. "Seclusion" does **NOT** include:

- time outs in the back of the classroom or in the hallway, meant to give the student a minute to pull themselves together; or
- in-school suspensions; or
- exclusionary time out**

*"Escort" means the minimum contact necessary to safely escort a person from one area to another through temporary touching or holding for the purpose of guiding or inducing a student to walk to another location.

** "Exclusionary time out" means a temporary, continuously monitored separation of a student from an ongoing activity in a non-locked setting, for the purpose of calming such student or deescalating such student's behavior (exclusionary time out becomes a reportable "seclusion" if or when the student is physically or otherwise prohibited from leaving the space).

Documentation Guidelines

In accordance with § 46a-153 of the Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.), as amended by Public Act 12-88, the CSDE (Connecticut State Department of Education) is required to collect data from each local or regional board of education, institution or facility that provides direct care, education, or supervision of persons at risk. Persons at risk are defined as children receiving special education or being evaluated for eligibility. The required data include:

- all instances of the emergency use of restraint and seclusion
- the nature of the emergency that necessitated its use
- all instances of physical injury to the student as a result of restraint or seclusion; including serious injuries (defined as requiring attention beyond basic first aid).

Connecticut General Statutes (C.G.S.) § 10-236b, as amended, requires the Connecticut State Department of Education (CSDE) to produce an annual summary report to the Connecticut General Assembly that:

- Identifies the frequency of use of physical restraint and seclusion (R/S); and
- Specifies whether the use of such seclusion was in accordance with an individualized education program (IEP) or whether the use of physical restraint or seclusion was an emergency.

Resources:

Connecticut State Department of Education - Research and Data Collection, Restraint and Seclusion User Guide: <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Performance/Data-Collection/Help-Sites/Restraint-and-Seclusion/RestraintAndSeclusionUsersGuide.pdf?la=en>

United States Restraint and Seclusion Resource Document: <https://sites.ed.gov/idea/files/restraints-and-seclusion-resources.pdf>

Legal Notices

The OSEP District will provide parents and adult students with written notices at specific points throughout the special education process. A parent or adult student may elect to receive these notices via electronic mail.

When an eligible student reaches the age of majority, which is presently 18 years old in Connecticut (adult student), the OSEP District will provide any notices required by the IDEA and state special education law to the student and the student's parents. All other rights accorded to the parents under the IDEA and state special education law will transfer to the student unless a court has determined the student to be incapacitated. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will notify the parents and the student when the rights are transferred.

The adult student may notify The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District, in writing, that the parents will still have the right to make educational decisions on behalf of the student even if the student has turned 18 years old. At any time, the student may revoke the granting of these rights.

The adult student may authorize another adult to make educational decisions on behalf of the student using a power of attorney consistent with the requirements of state statute.

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will include in the IEP a statement informing the student of his or her rights under the IDEA and state special education law that will transfer to the student, at least one year before the student reaches the age of 18.

Notices and Publications

Procedural Safeguards Notice

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will provide this notice annually to parents, as well as when the following events take place:

- Upon initial referral or parental request for evaluation.
- Upon the first occurrence of the filing of a complaint or request for a due process hearing.
- Upon request by a parent; and
- Upon a change of placement resulting from a disciplinary action.

A Parent's Guide to Special Education in Connecticut

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will provide this guide to parents immediately upon the formal identification of a student as eligible for special education and at each PPT meeting thereafter. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide this publication to parents immediately upon the formal identification of a student as eligible for special education and at each PPT meeting thereafter.

Building a Bridge: A Transition Manual for Students

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will provide this publication to parents immediately upon the formal identification of a student as eligible for special education and related services and at each PPT meeting thereafter for students of transition age.

Transition Bill of Rights

The OSEP District will provide this publication annually to parents of students in sixth through twelfth grade.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will document if these notices were given to the parents at a PPT meeting through the use of the IEP document. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may transmit these documents electronically, only if the parents agree to access information in this manner.

Parental Notification/Laws Relating to the Use of Seclusion and Restraint

Parents will be informed about provisions of the state statutes and regulations regarding the emergency use of physical restraint and seclusion. Every parent will be advised of these rights at the initial PPT meeting held for their student even if the emergency use of physical restraint or seclusion is not likely to occur. If the parents or eligible student agree that access to this information may be provided electronically, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may refer the parents or eligible student to the *Parental Notification of the Laws Relating to the use of Seclusion and Restraint in the Public Schools*.³¹

Parental Notification Following the Emergency Use of Restraint or Seclusion

The Woodstock Academy must attempt to notify the parent(s) of a student who has been restrained or secluded on the day of or within twenty-four hours after the emergency use of physical restraint or seclusion. This notification may be made by phone, e-mail, or other method of communication, which may include sending a note home with the student. The parent(s) must be sent a copy of the incident report no later than two business days after the emergency use of physical restraint or seclusion.

FERPA Annual Notification of Rights

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will annually notify students in attendance of their rights under FERPA.

Discipline

Students with disabilities, like their nondisabled peers, must abide by The Woodstock Academy Code of Student Conduct adopted by the Board of Trustees. If a student's behavior impedes their learning or the learning of other students then the PPT will consider positive behavioral interventions, supports, and strategies to address the behavior. If the PPT determines that a student needs such interventions, supports, or strategies, they will be documented in the IEP to be implemented.

Students with disabilities are subject to The Woodstock Academy Code of Student Conduct, including suspension or expulsion from school. In addition to the due process rights afforded students without disabilities pursuant to state law, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will follow a set of specific procedural requirements in the event a student with a disability engages in a behavior that requires a disciplinary intervention and exclusion from school.

Types of Disciplinary Actions

- **Exclusion** is any denial of public-school privileges to a student for disciplinary purposes.

³¹ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/2018_Parental_notification_of_the_laws_relating_to_seclusion_and_restraint_in_the_public_schools.pdf?a=en

- **Removal** is an exclusion from the classroom for all or part of a single class period, provided such exclusion shall not extend beyond 90 minutes.
- **Suspension** is an exclusion from school privileges or from transportation services for not more than 10 consecutive school days, provided such exclusion shall not extend beyond the school year in which such suspension was imposed.
- A partial day exclusion from school, such as sending the student home before the end of the regular school day, is considered a suspension from school if the student is excluded from school for more than 90 minutes.
- **Expulsion** is an exclusion from school privileges for more than 10 consecutive school days and shall be deemed to include, but not limited to, exclusion from the school to which the student was assigned at the time such disciplinary action was taken, provided such exclusion shall not extend beyond a period of one calendar year.

In-School Suspension (ISS) & Out of School Suspension

An in-school suspension will not count towards days of removal from school if The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District provides the following three components for the student:

- Appropriate participation in the general education curriculum
- Services identified on the student's IEP
- Opportunities to continue to participate with nondisabled student

Each situation will be judged individually, and the student's time with nondisabled peers assessed to determine if the time with nondisabled peers during periods of ISS is comparable to the time the student spends with nondisabled peers during a typical school day.

Discipline Procedures for Special Education Students

When an eligible student with a disability violates a code of conduct, Woodstock Academy may suspend the student for not more than 10 consecutive school days. During this removal, The Woodstock Academy is not required to provide educational services, unless services are provided to nondisabled students while suspended. However, The Woodstock Academy will provide the student with an opportunity to complete any missed classwork, including examinations while suspended.

Disciplinary Removals resulting in a Change of Placement

The Woodstock Academy will consider any "unique circumstances" on a case-by-case basis when considering a disciplinary change in placement, consistent with all other state and federal requirements, is appropriate for a student with a disability who violates a code of conduct. "Unique circumstances" include consideration of factors such as the student's disciplinary history, ability to understand consequences, expression of remorse, and support provided to a student with a disability prior to violation of The Woodstock Academy code of student conduct.³²

A change in placement occurs if The Woodstock Academy removes the student for more than 10 consecutive days (i.e., an expulsion) or if The Woodstock Academy has removed the student in excess of 10 days cumulatively constituting a pattern of removals. When determining whether the removals constitute a pattern, The Woodstock Academy will consider:

- (1) whether the behavior for which the student was disciplined was substantially similar to the conduct that resulted in prior removals and
- (2) other factors such as length of each removal, total time the student has been removed, and the proximity of the removals to each other. The Woodstock Academy will make this determination on a case-by-case basis. If the parent of the student disagrees with the determination, the parent may file for an expedited due process hearing. If The Academy determines that the cumulative removals do not result in a change of placement and the current removal is more than 10 school days, WA Administration, in consultation

³² <https://www2.ed.gov/policy/speced/guid/idea/discipline-q-a.pdf>

with Director of Student Services, will determine the extent to which educational services are needed to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting and to progress toward meeting the goals and objectives in the student's IEP.

The Woodstock Academy will provide prior written notice to the parent on the date on which the decision is made to remove the student resulting in a change of placement, and provide a copy of the procedural safeguards. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will conduct a manifestation determination if The Academy Administration is considering expelling a student, removing the student to an IAES, or any other change in placement.

Manifestation Determination

Before expelling a student, removing the student to an IAES, or any other disciplinary removals resulting in a change of placement, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will convene a meeting to make a manifestation determination.

During the period before the manifestation determination is completed, The Woodstock Academy may remove the student through a suspension and will provide educational services for the duration of the removal. The PPT will determine the setting and educational services that are required so as to enable the student to continue in the general education curriculum and to progress towards meeting the goals and objectives in the student's IEP.

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District, the parent, and the relevant members of the student's PPT will convene within 10 school days of any decision to change the placement of a student with a disability because of a violation of The Woodstock Academy code of student conduct. The purpose of the meeting will be to review all relevant information in the student's file, including the student's IEP, any teacher observations, and any relevant information provided by the parent to determine:

- If the behavior in question was caused by, or had a direct and substantial relationship to, the student's disability; or
- If the behavior in question was the direct result of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District's failure to implement the student's IEP.

If it is determined that the conduct *was* a manifestation of the student's disability, the PPT will either:

- an FBA may be conducted, unless The Woodstock Academy had conducted an FBA before the behavior that resulted in the change in placement occurred
- May implement a BIP for the student; or if a BIP already has been developed, review the BIP, and modify it, as necessary, to address the behavior
- a student may require a 1:1
- services may be added (i.e., weekly counseling)
- Return the student to the placement from which the student was removed unless the parent and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District agree to a change in placement as part of the modification of the BIP.

If it is determined that the conduct *was not* a manifestation of the student's disability, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may discipline the student in the same manner and for the same duration as a student without a disability. The student remains subject to the measures imposed as related to The Woodstock Academy code of student conduct for the violation committed. The Woodstock Academy will continue to provide the student with educational services to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress towards meeting the goals and objectives in the student's IEP. The PPT will determine what educational services The Woodstock Academy will provide and the setting for those services, which may be an IAES. In addition, when determined appropriate by the PPT, The Woodstock Academy may conduct an FBA and provide behavioral intervention services and modifications designed to address the behavior violation, so it does not recur.

Special Circumstances

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may remove a student to an interim alternative educational setting (IAES) for not more than 45 school days without regard to whether the behavior is determined to be a manifestation of the student's disability, if the student:

- Carries a weapon to or possesses a weapon at school, on school premises, or to or at a school function under the jurisdiction of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.
- Knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs, or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance, while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District; or
- Has inflicted serious bodily injury upon another person while at school, on school premises, or at a school function under the jurisdiction of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

The Woodstock Academy will continue to provide the student with educational services to enable the student to continue to participate in the general education curriculum, although in another setting, and to progress towards meeting the goals and objectives in the student's IEP. The PPT will determine what educational services The Woodstock Academy will provide and the setting for those services. In addition, when determined appropriate by the PPT, The Woodstock Academy may conduct an FBA and provide behavioral intervention services and modifications designed to address the behavior violation, so it does not recur.

Exclusion from Bus Transportation

Exclusion from a student's usual bus transportation may also be considered a suspension if the student receives transportation as a related service that is documented on his or her IEP. However, the days that the student is suspended from bus transportation do not count toward the 10-day total (constituting a change in placement) if during this period of bus suspension, the OSEP District provides transportation to the student in some other manner.

If the student is receiving regular transportation from the OSEP District (i.e., not special transportation through an IEP), a suspension from the bus would not be counted as a suspension from school. If the student has behavioral issues which result in multiple suspensions from bus transportation, the PPT will convene to discuss the student's behavior on the bus and what, if any, services the student may need while being transported, (e.g., behavior intervention planning and implementation or the need for alternative transportation).

Expedited Due Process Hearing

Hearing Officer's Authority to Order an Interim Alternative Educational Setting (IAES). The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may ask a special education hearing officer to order a change in placement of a student with a disability to an appropriate IAES for not more than 45 school days. The hearing officer may place a student in an IAES through an expedited due process hearing if the hearing officer determines that The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has demonstrated by substantial evidence that maintaining the current placement of the student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.

An expedited due process hearing may be requested:

- By The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District to remove the student to an IAES because The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District believes that keeping the student in the current school program is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.
- By The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District to maintain the student in an IAES or another appropriate placement after the expiration of the IAES where the parent disagrees with the proposed change and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District believes that maintaining the student in the current school program is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.

- By the parent where the parent believes that a change in placement has occurred because the student has been kept out of school for more than 10 consecutive days, or for more than 10 days in a school year, and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has not conducted a manifestation determination.
- By the parent where the parent does not agree with the IAES placement; or
- By the parent where the parent does not agree that the student's behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability.

During the expedited hearing, the student will remain in the IAES or other disciplinary setting pending the decision of the hearing officer or until the expiration of the additional suspensions, expulsion or 45 school day IAES unless the parent and The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District otherwise agree.

An expedited hearing must meet the general hearing requirements. The State due process regulations contain procedural requirements that are specific to expedited hearings. The hearing is limited to the above issues and the hearing officer has the authority to limit the introduction of exhibits and testimony as may be necessary to rule on the issue presented.

If the hearing officer determines that The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District violated the discipline procedures outlined in the IDEA or that the student's behavior was a manifestation of the student's disability, the hearing officer may return the student to the placement from which the student was removed.

The hearing officer may order a change of placement of the student to an appropriate IAES for not more than 45 school days if the hearing officer determines that maintaining the current placement of the student is substantially likely to result in injury to the student or to others.

Protection for Students Not Yet Eligible for Special Education

A student who has not been determined eligible for special education and related services and who engaged in behavior that violates The Woodstock Academy code of student conduct may assert the protections provided by the IDEA if The Woodstock Academy had knowledge that the student was a student with a disability before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred.

The Woodstock Academy is deemed to have had knowledge, that a student is a student with a disability if before the behavior that precipitated the disciplinary action occurred:

- The parent of the student expressed concern in writing to The Woodstock Academy supervisory or administrative personnel or the student's teacher, that the student needs special education and related services.
- The student's parent requested an evaluation of the student to determine his/her eligibility for special education and related services; or
- The student's teacher, or other WA personnel, expressed specific concerns about a pattern of behavior demonstrated by the student to The Woodstock Academy's Director of Student Support and/or to or to other administrative personnel at WA.

The Woodstock Academy will not be deemed to have knowledge that the student has a disability if the student's parents did not consent to an evaluation of the student, or refused services under the IDEA, or the student has been evaluated and determined not to be a student with a disability under the IDEA.

If The Woodstock Academy does not have knowledge that a student is a student with a disability prior to taking disciplinary measures against the student, the student is subject to the same disciplinary measures as applied to students without disabilities who engage in comparable behavior.

If a request is made to evaluate the student to determine eligibility for services during the period in which the student is subject to the disciplinary measures, The Woodstock Academy will conduct the evaluation in an expedited manner. Pending the results of the

evaluation, the student will remain in the educational placement, determined by The Woodstock Academy, which can include suspension or expulsion without educational services.

If The Woodstock Academy is in the process of evaluating the student to determine eligibility for special education and related services, and the disciplinary measures result in a change in placement for the student, The Woodstock Academy will perform a manifestation determination regarding the suspected disability or disabilities.

Discontinuation of Special Education and Related Services

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide special education and related services in accordance with student's IEP unless the student's eligibility has been terminated in accordance with federal and state special education law.

Student No Longer Meets Eligibility Criteria

If the PPT suspects that a student is no longer a student with a disability, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may conduct a comprehensive reevaluation of the student. If after reviewing the evaluation, the PPT determines that the student is no longer eligible for special education, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide the parent/adult student with PWN before discontinuing special education services.

Graduation from High School with a Regular Diploma

The Woodstock Academy's obligation to provide special education and related services ends when the student graduates from high school with a regular diploma. This is considered a change of placement. Prior to graduation and the discontinuation of services, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide the parent/adult student with the following:

- PWN; and
- A Summary of Performance.

Student Exceeds Age Eligibility

Pursuant to state law, the OSEP District's obligation to provide special education and related services ends when the student reaches age 21. In the event that the student turns 21 years old during the school year, OSEP District will continue to provide special education and related services until the end of the school year.

If a student is turning 21 years old, the OSEP District shall provide the parent/adult parent with the following:

- PWN; and
- A Summary of Performance.

Special Education and Related Services Personnel

The Woodstock Academy will employ the number of certified and/or licensed personnel and support personnel, consistent with state statute, necessary to implement the special education and/or related services required in each student's IEP. The Woodstock Academy ensures that all personnel necessary to carry out Part B of the IDEA are appropriately and adequately prepared, trained and, if appropriate, licensed, including having the content knowledge and skills to serve students with disabilities.

Consultation Time

The Woodstock Academy will make it a priority when considering schedules to allow time during the school day for personnel who provide special education and related services or general education to consult with each other, other personnel, and parents.

Personnel Development/Professional Learning

The Woodstock Academy will provide a comprehensive system of professional learning to prepare administrators, general and special education teachers, related services and support personnel with the necessary skills and knowledge, derived from scientifically based research, to be successful in supporting students with disabilities in the LRE.

Paraeducators/Instructional Assistants

The Woodstock Academy will ensure that each paraeducator who works with students with disabilities is appropriately oriented and trained to carry out each paraeducator's individual duties. The Woodstock Academy shall ensure that a qualified person (certified and/or licensed in the area of specialization to which such paraeducator is assigned) provides oversight and direct supervision of the paraprofessional.³³

Services Contracted Through a Separate Agency

The Woodstock Academy recognizes that it has the responsibility to monitor the implementation of a student's IEP and the provision of services to a student even if services are provided by a contracted agency.⁶⁵ If a contracted agency fails to provide the services described in the IEP, the Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will convene a PPT to identify alternative strategies to meet the objectives for the student set out in the IEP and consider the need for compensatory services.

Procedural Safeguards and Confidentiality

(34 CFR Section 300.500 – Section 300.5)

Pursuant to federal and state law, parents have specific rights referred to as procedural safeguards. Pursuant to the IDEA, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must provide parents with a Procedural Safeguards Notice³⁴ containing a full explanation of these rights, written in the native language of the parents (unless it is clearly not feasible to do so) and in an easily understandable manner.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must give copy of the Procedural Safeguards Notice one time each year and also when the following occurs:

1. The first time a parent/adult student or Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District staff ask for an evaluation/referral.
2. The parent/adult student asks for a copy of the Procedural Safeguards Notice.
3. The first time in the school year a parent/adult student requests a due process hearing or files a state complaint; or
4. When The Woodstock Academy takes disciplinary action against a student which results in a change of placement.

³³ https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Paraeducator/guidelines_paraprofessionals.pdf?la=en

³⁴ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Prosaf.pdf?la=en>

Prior Written Notice (PWN)

The purpose of PWN is to provide written communication to the parents or adult student of the actions that have been proposed or refused by the PPT. PWN is only required when the PPT proposes or refuses to initiate or change the identification, evaluation, or educational placement of a student or the provision of FAPE for a student.

PWN must include the following information:

- Description of the action proposed or refused by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.
- Explanation of why The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District proposed or refused to take the action.
- Description of any options the PPT considered and the reasons why those options were rejected.
- Description of each evaluation procedure, assessment, record, or report the PPT used as a basis for the proposed or refused action.
- Description of any other factors that were relevant to the PPT's proposal or refusal.

Resources for parents to contact to obtain assistance in understanding the procedural safeguards of the IDEA.

Notice in Understandable Language

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will write the PWN in language understandable to the general public and provide the PWN in the native language of the parent or adult student or other mode of communication used by the parent or adult student unless it is clearly not feasible to do so. If the native language or other mode of communication is not a written language, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will take steps to ensure the notice is translated orally or by other means to the parent and adult student in his or her native language or other mode of communication. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will also take steps to ensure that the parent and adult student understand the content of the notice, as well as document the steps taken to ensure that the notice was translated and understood.

In addition to the above information, the law requires notice to be given to the parents for a disciplinary removal from school or classes that result in a change in placement. This is not a PWN as described above. A copy of the Procedural Safeguards in Special Education document will accompany the notice of a disciplinary action that results in a change in placement for the student. Furthermore, the Connecticut regulations also require that notice be given to the parents in other situations in the special education process as described below. This notice is not a PWN as described above, but each has its own set of required components.

Since graduation from high school with a regular high school diploma is considered a change in placement, a PWN will be provided before the student graduates. The term "regular high school diploma" does not include alternative degrees such as certificates of attendance or completion of a general educational development credential (GE).

Informed Parental Consent

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must obtain written consent prior to conducting an initial evaluation, a reevaluation, and the initial provision of special education and related services for a student. Informed consent means that the parent:

- Has been fully informed in the parent's native language or another mode of communication about the activity for which The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District is seeking consent.
- Understands and agrees in writing to the carrying out of the activity for which consent is sought. The consent agreement describes that activity and lists the records, if any, that will be released and to whom; and

- Understands that the granting of consent is voluntary and may be revoked at any time.
- Parental consent is not required before reviewing existing data as part of an evaluation or reevaluation, or before administering a test or other means of evaluation if The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has an assessment that is given to all students unless The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District gets permission from all parents before administration of that test or other means of evaluation.

Consent to Conduct an Initial Evaluation

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must obtain parental consent prior to conducting an initial evaluation. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will document the date The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District requested consent from the parent and the date when The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District obtained consent from the parent.

A statement that a parent has protections under the procedural safeguard protections of the IDEA and if the written notice is for an initial referral for evaluation, where a copy of the Procedural Safeguards Notice can be obtained; and

Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will make reasonable efforts to obtain written consent from a parent. These efforts must be documented and could be a record of phone calls, e-mails, or written correspondence.

If the parent fails to respond to a request from The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District for consent to conduct an initial evaluation within 10 days from the date of the notice to the parent, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may interpret the failure to respond as a refusal of consent. Please note that if the parent does provide consent for an initial evaluation, the consent only applies to the initial evaluation and cannot be construed as consent for the initial provision of special education and related services. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District does not violate its obligation to provide FAPE to a student if it declines to pursue the evaluation.

Special Rules for the Initial Evaluation for Wards of the State

When The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District seeks to evaluate a student for the first time and the student is in the custody of the Commissioner of the Department of Children and Families (DCF) and not residing with the student's parent, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District is required to obtain consent from the student's assigned surrogate parent.

Consent to Conduct a Reevaluation

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must obtain written parental consent prior to conducting a reevaluation. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will use form (ED627)69 to document the date The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District requested consent from the parent and the date when The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District obtained consent from the parent.

Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will make reasonable efforts to obtain written consent from a parent for a reevaluation. These efforts must be documented and could be a record of phone calls, e-mails, or written correspondence (detailed records of phone calls made or attempted and the results of those phone calls and copies of correspondence sent to the parents and any responses received). (ED624)

If the parent fails to respond to a request from The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District for consent to conduct a reevaluation within 10 days from the date of the notice to the parent, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may interpret the failure to respond as a refusal of consent.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District does not violate its obligation to provide FAPE to a student if it declines to pursue the evaluation.

Consent for the Initial Provision of Special Education

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District must obtain written parental consent before the initial provision of special education form.³⁵ Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will make reasonable efforts to obtain written consent from a parent for the initial provision of special education. These efforts must be documented and could be a record of phone calls, e-mails, or written correspondence (detailed records of phone calls made or attempted and the results of those phone calls and copies of correspondence sent to the parents and any responses received).

If the parent fails to respond to a request from The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District for consent for the initial provision of special education within 10 days from the date of the notice to the parent, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may interpret the failure to respond as a refusal of consent.

If the parent refuses to consent for the initial provision of special education and related services, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will not be considered to be in violation of the requirement to make FAPE available to the student.

Dispute Resolution Options when Parent Refuses Consent

If the parent does not provide consent for an initial evaluation or a reevaluation, the OSEP District may use mediation or a due process hearing to obtain an agreement or a ruling that allows the OSEP District to conduct the evaluation.

If a parent refuses consent for the initial provision of special education and related services, the OSEP District is prohibited from using the due process system, including mediation or a due process hearing, in order to obtain agreement or a ruling that the services may be provided to the student.

Revoking Consent

If a parent grants, then withdraws consent, that withdrawal must be submitted to The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District in writing. A withdrawal of consent is not retroactive and, therefore, does not withdraw consent for activities that took place during the period after consent was first given, but prior to when the consent was withdrawn. A parent's refusal to or withdrawal of consent for the provision of a particular service or activity does not constitute a broad refusal or withdrawal of consent for any service or activity not specifically indicated by the parent. If a parent revokes consent, that revocation is not retroactive (i.e., it does not negate an action that has occurred after the consent was given and before it was revoked).

Confidentiality and Student Records

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District protects the confidentiality of any personally identifiable information (PII), information at collection, storage, disclosure, and destruction stage.

The custodian of records (or other title) link to contact information is responsible for ensuring the confidentiality of any PII. All Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District personnel collecting or using PII must have received training or instruction about the policies and procedures in the IDEA and FERPA, as well as any state policies and procedures for protecting the confidentiality of PII.

³⁵ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED626.pdf>

The Woodstock Academy maintains, for public inspection, a current list of the names and positions of those employees within The Woodstock Academy who may have access to personally identifiable information.

Access to Education Records

Parents have the right to inspect and review any education records relating to their student that are collected, maintained, or used by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District to meet the requirements of Part B of the IDEA. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will presume that parents have the authority to inspect and review records relating to their student unless it has been advised that the parents do not have the authority under applicable state law governing such matters as guardianship, separation, and divorce.

The right to inspect and review the records also includes the following:

- The right to a response from The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District to reasonable requests from parents for explanations and interpretations of the records
- The right to have a representative of the parent inspect and review the records

Pursuant to state regulations, the right to one free copy of the records. A parental request to review and inspect education records or a request for one free copy of such records must be in writing

Pursuant to state regulations, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will allow parents to inspect and review their student's education records without necessary delay and before any meeting regarding an IEP or any hearing or resolution session; otherwise, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will comply with such request no later than 10 school days of the request. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide one free copy of the records no later than 10 school days of the request. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may charge for additional copies of an already-copied document if the fee does not effectively prevent parents from exercising their right to inspect and review the records. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District does not charge parents a fee to search for or to retrieve the educational records of a special education student.

Any test instrument or portion of a test instrument for which the test manufacturer asserts an ownership or copyright interest may not be copied. However, they may be reviewed and inspected by parents.

Record of Access

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District maintains a record of the parties that have accessed a student's education record using the *Confidential File Access Record* (ED628).³⁶ With the exception of parents and authorized employees of The Woodstock Academy, everyone who reviews a student's educational record is documented in the record of access. The record of access includes the name of the party having access, the date The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District gave access, and the purpose for which the party was authorized to use the records.

Records of More than One student

If the education records include information on more than one student, the parents of those students have the right to inspect and review only the information relating to their student or to be informed of that specific information.

³⁶ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/ED628.pdf>

List of Types and Locations of Information

Upon request, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide a parent with a list of the types and locations of education records collected, maintained, and used by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

Amendment of Records at Parent Request

Parents may request that The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District amend their student's education records if they believe that information in the education records is inaccurate, misleading, or violates the privacy or other rights of the student.

Within a reasonable period of time, The Woodstock Academy will decide whether to amend the information in accordance with the request and communicate this decision to the parent. If The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District decides to refuse the request to amend the information in accordance with the request, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will inform the parent of the refusal and advise the parent of the right to a hearing pursuant to the IDEA.

Parents' Opportunity for a Hearing

Upon request, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide the parent with an opportunity for a hearing to challenge information in education records to ensure that it is not inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy of other rights of the student. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will conduct the hearing in accordance with the procedures contained in FERPA.

Hearing Result

If, as a result of the hearing, The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District decides that the information is inaccurate, misleading, or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the student, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will amend the information accordingly and so inform the parent in writing.

If, as a result of the hearing, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District decides that the information is not inaccurate, misleading or otherwise in violation of the privacy or other rights of the student, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will inform the parent of the parent's right to place in the records it maintain on the student a statement commenting in the information or providing any reasons for disagreeing with the decision of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will maintain any explanation provided by the parent after a hearing as part of the student's records as long as the record or the contested portion of the record is maintained by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District. Also, if The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District discloses the student's records or the contested portion of the record to any party, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will also disclose the parent's explanation to that party.

Consent for Disclosure of Personally Identifiable Information (PII)

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District personnel must obtain parental consent before disclosing PII to parties unless the information is contained in education records and the disclosure is authorized without consent pursuant to exceptions outlined in FERPA.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District personnel must obtain parental consent of the consent of an adult student before PII is released to officials of participating agencies providing or paying for secondary transition services in the student's IEP. Parental consent is not required before PII is released to officials of other agencies for purposes of meeting the requirements of the IDEA.

Destruction of Information

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will inform parents when PII collected, maintained, or used under the IDEA is no longer needed to provide educational services to the student. If the parent requests that the information is destroyed, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will comply with the request and destroy the information.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may maintain a permanent record of a student's name, address, and phone number, his or her grades, attendance record, classes attended, grade level completed, and year completed without time limitation. Records of students placed by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District in Regional Education Service Centers (RESCs) and approved-private special education programs (APSEPs) are education records, therefore retention and destruction of this information is the obligation of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District.

Dispute Resolution Options Available Pursuant to the IDEA

State Complaints

Any individual or organization may file a state complaint with the BSE alleging that The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District has violated a requirement of any state or federal law concerning special education.

Due Process Hearing

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District or a parent may file for a due process hearing on any matter relating to a Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District's proposal or refusal to initiate or change the identification of a student, the evaluation of a student, the educational placement of student, or the provision of a FAPE to the student.

Resolution Process

Within 15 days of receiving a due process hearing request filed by a parent, and prior to initiation of a due process hearing, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will convene a meeting with the parent and the relevant member or members of the PPT who have specific knowledge of the facts identified in the due process complaint.

Mediation

Mediation is a way to settle a dispute when The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District and a parent disagree on the identification of a student, the evaluation of a student, the educational placement of a student, or any other matter related to the provision of a FAPE to the student. Mediation is voluntary and therefore both The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District and the parent must agree to participate in the mediation process. The BSE has model forms for state complaints, mediations, and due process hearings.³⁷ The Procedural Safeguards Notice³⁸ provide more detailed information about state complaints, mediation, due process hearings, and the advisory opinion process.

Independent Educational Evaluation (IEE) at Public Expense

A parent has the right to request an independent educational evaluation (IEE) at public expense if the parent disagrees with an evaluation that was obtained by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District. A parent does not have the right to an IEE at public expense if The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District declines to evaluate a student to determine eligibility for special education (i.e., declines to conduct an initial evaluation). If the parent disagrees with The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District's decision to not conduct an initial evaluation, the parent may use the dispute resolution options (i.e., state complaint, mediation, due process

³⁷ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Complaint-Resolution-Process-Rev-72517.pdf?la=en>

³⁸ <https://portal.ct.gov/-/media/SDE/Special-Education/Prosaf.pdf?la=en>

hearing) afforded by the IDEA in order to pursue an evaluation by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District. Comprehensive guidance related to IEEs, and in-school observations is available through the Bureau of Special Education.³⁹

The parent may request an IEE at public expense either at or outside of a PPT meeting. The OSEP District may ask for the parent's reason but will not require the parent to provide an explanation and may not unreasonably delay either providing the IEE at public expense or filing a request for a due process hearing to show that its evaluation is appropriate. If the request is made during a PPT meeting, the OSEP District is not required to provide an answer to the parent's request at that time. Although the PPT may review the request during the meeting, the OSEP District may inform the parent of its decision regarding the IEE at public expense subsequent to the PPT meeting, provided that the decision is made without unnecessary delay.

If a parent requests an IEE at public expense, the OSEP District will, without unnecessary delay, either:

- Request a due process hearing to show that its evaluation is appropriate; or
- Ensure that an IEE is provided at public expense, unless the OSEP District demonstrates at a due process hearing that the evaluation obtained by the parent did not meet the OSEP District's IEE criteria.

The OSEP District will also provide the parent with the following:

- Information about where an IEE may be obtained; and
- The OSEP District's IEE criteria

The parent retains the right to choose the independent evaluator. The OSEP District will provide the parent with a list of independent evaluators that meet its IEE criteria, and the parent may choose an evaluator from the OSEP District's list, or the parent may choose an evaluator not on the list that meets the OSEP District's criteria. If the evaluator chosen by a parent does not meet the OSEP District's IEE criteria and the OSEP District believes there is no justification for choosing an evaluator that does not meet its criteria, the OSEP District is required to, without unnecessary delay, either demonstrate in a due process hearing that the evaluator does not meet its IEE criteria or ensure that the IEE is provided at public expense.

Referral to and Action by Law Enforcement and Judicial Authorities

Part B of the IDEA does not prohibit The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District from reporting a crime committed by a student with a disability to appropriate authorities; or prevent state law enforcement and judicial authorities from exercising their responsibilities with regard to the application of federal and state law to crimes committed by students with disabilities.

Transmittal of Records

If Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District personnel report a crime committed by a student with a disability, the school district:

- Must ensure that copies of the student's special education and disciplinary records are transmitted for consideration by the authorities to whom The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District reports the crime; and
- May transmit copies of the student's special education and disciplinary records on to the extent permitted by FERPA.

Gifted and Talented Students

Identification of Students Who Are Gifted and Talented

³⁹ <https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Special-Education/Guidance-for-Independent-Educational-Evaluations-and-In-School-Observations>

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District is required to identify and evaluate students who may have gifted or talented abilities. The identification and evaluation of students who may have gifted or talented abilities is included in the special education services provided to students enrolled in public schools in Connecticut. It is not a requirement found in the IDEA.

Students in grades 9 through Grade 12 enrolled in The Woodstock Academy who may be gifted and talented are identified, referred, and evaluated through a specific process. While identification is mandated under state law, offering specialized programming is not. The Woodstock Academy may, but is not required to, provide services to those students identified as gifted and talented.

Procedures for Identification of Students who are Gifted and Talented

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will evaluate and identify gifted and talented students using the PPT process as follows:

- Parents will be notified in writing when the student is referred to the PPT for consideration of identification of gifted and talented.
- Parents will be notified in writing if the student has met the criteria for eligibility as gifted and talented.
- The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may conduct PPT meetings on groups of students for whom evaluation and identification as gifted and talented are planned.

If The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District recommends further evaluations and use an individual assessment procedure (e.g., an individual intelligence test), certain procedures must be followed:

- Written parental consent will be secured before a student is individually evaluated for identification as gifted and talented. Individual assessment requires proper notice and informed consent.
- Parents will be notified that their student has been referred for evaluation and written consent for the evaluation must be obtained.
- Parents will be informed of the results of the evaluation and informed whether or not the student has been identified as gifted and talented.

The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District may use individual evaluations or group assessment and evaluations to identify gifted and talented students. The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will determine this on an as needed basis. If group assessment procedures are used to identify gifted and talented students, consent to perform such assessments may not be required. Group assessments (e.g., achievement tests) given to all students within Woodstock Academy are nonspecific and do not require consent. If a group of students are to be evaluated, *specifically, to determine identification as gifted and talented*, then The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District will provide notice to the parents and consent will be obtained.

If individualized assessment procedures are used, an individual PPT may be held with the parents to discuss eligibility. However, The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District is not required to hold an individual PPT meeting with parent(s), since an IEP will not be developed.

For purposes of determining eligibility where either individual and/or group assessments are used, The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District may choose to convene a single PPT meeting for the purpose of reviewing student assessment data and to identify a group of gifted and talented students. This will be determined by The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District on an as needed basis. The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will:

- make available to parents any education records related to their student, including records related to the determination of the student's identification as gifted and talented.
- recognize that, if at any time in the evaluation process the parents disagree with the decisions of the PPT, the parents have the right to challenge those decisions by requesting a due process hearing.

- recognize that the parents have the right to obtain an independent evaluation of their student, at their own expense, conducted by a certified person not employed by The Woodstock Academy.
- recognize that it is not required to provide programming for students identified as gifted and talented. Instead, programming is permissive.

Upon the identification of a student as gifted and talented, The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District will provide electronic notice of such identification to the parent of such student. Such notice shall include, but need not be limited to, (1) an explanation of how such student was identified as gifted and talented, and (2) the contact information for

- (A) the employee of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District in charge of the provision of services to gifted and talented students, or, if there is no such employee at that time, the employee of The Woodstock Academy/ OSEP District in charge of the provision of special education and related services,
- (B) the employee at the Department of Education who has been designated as responsible for providing information and assistance to boards of education and parents of students related to gifted and talented students, and
- (C) any associations in the state that provide support to gifted and talented students.

PPT Membership for Gifted and talented

The Woodstock Academy/OSEP District recognizes that PPTs may be conducted on groups of students for whom evaluation and identification as gifted and talented are planned. For students who have been referred to determine eligibility as gifted and talented, or who have been previously identified by a PPT as being gifted and talented, the PPT membership will be composed of a group of certified and/or licensed professionals, who represent each of the teaching, administrative and pupil personnel staffs and who participate equally in the decision-making process.⁴⁰

⁴⁰ <https://portal.ct.gov/SDE/Gifted-and-Talented/Identifying-gifted-and-talented-children-in-CT/Regulations>