

# YORKSHIRE ACADEMY

2025/2026

## IMMUNIZATION RECORD/STATEMENT of HEALTH

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ D.O.B.: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent/Guardian: \_\_\_\_\_ Sex: \_\_\_\_\_

Hepatitis (HepB)					
Rotavirus (RV)					
DTP/DTaP					
Hib					
Pneumococcal (PCV)					
Polio (IPV)					
MMR					
Varicella					
Hepatitis A					
Meningococcal (MCV)					
Influenza					
Other					

Date child had Chicken Pox: \_\_\_\_\_

Drug Allergies: \_\_\_\_\_

Vision Testing: \_\_\_\_\_ Hearing Testing: \_\_\_\_\_

*Vision & screening is required for **all** Pre-K, Kindergarten, 1<sup>st</sup>, 3<sup>rd</sup>, 5<sup>th</sup>, and new students going into 2<sup>nd</sup> & 4<sup>th</sup>. These screenings must be done prior to the start of school.*

Comments: \_\_\_\_\_

**Spinal Screening is mandatory for all girls going into 5<sup>th</sup> grade in the fall of 2025 (please attach documentation).**

\*\*\*\*\*

### Physician's Statement

The above-named person has been examined by me on \_\_\_\_\_, and has been found to be in good health and free of contagious disease unless listed above under "Comments"

\_\_\_\_\_  
Physician's Signature

\_\_\_\_\_  
Phone

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

**The Physician must sign this form before it is returned to school.**

**The most current record of your child's vaccination history is mandatory and must be in the student file before coming to school.**

# 2025 - 2026 Texas Minimum State Vaccine Requirements for Students Grades K - 12

This chart summarizes the vaccine requirements incorporated in the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Title 25 Health Services, §§97.61-97.72. This document is not intended as a substitute for the TAC, which has other provisions and details. The Department of State Health Services (DSHS) is granted authority to set immunization requirements by the Texas Education Code, Chapter 38.

## IMMUNIZATION REQUIREMENTS

A student shall show acceptable evidence of vaccination prior to entry, attendance, or transfer to a public or private elementary or secondary school in Texas.

Vaccine Required (Attention to notes and footnotes)	Minimum Number of Doses Required by Grade Level											Notes		
	Grades K - sixth						Grade seventh	Grades eighth-12th						
	K	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		11	12
Diphtheria/Tetanus/ Pertussis(DTaP/DTP/DT/ Td/Tdap)	Five doses or four doses						Three dose primary series and one booster dose of tdap / td within the last five years	Three dose primary series and one booster dose of tdap / td within the last 10 years						For K – sixth grade: five doses of diphtheria-tetanus-pertussis vaccine; one dose must have been received on or after the fourth birthday. However, four doses meet the requirement if the fourth dose was received on or after the fourth birthday. <sup>1</sup> For students aged 7 years and older, three doses meet the requirement if one dose was received on or after the fourth birthday. <sup>1</sup> For seventh grade: one dose of Tdap is required if at least five years have passed since the last dose of tetanus-containing vaccine.* For eighth – 12th grade: one dose of Tdap is required when 10 years have passed since the last dose of tetanus-containing vaccine. **Td is acceptable in place of Tdap if a medical contraindication to pertussis exists.
Polio	Four doses or three doses											For K-12th grade: four doses of polio; one dose must be received on or after the fourth birthday. <sup>1</sup> However, three doses meet the requirement if the third dose was received on or after the fourth birthday. <sup>1</sup> Polio vaccine is not required for persons eighteen years of age or older.		
Measles, Mumps, and Rubella <sup>2</sup> (MMR)	Two doses											For K – 12th grade: two doses are required, with the first dose received on or after the first birthday. <sup>1</sup> Students vaccinated prior to 2009 with two doses of measles and one dose each of rubella and mumps satisfy this requirement		
Hepatitis B <sup>2</sup>	Three doses											For students aged 11 – 15 years, two doses meet the requirement if adult hepatitis B vaccine (Recombivax®) was received. Dosage (10 mcg /1.0 mL) and type of vaccine (Recombivax®) must be clearly documented. If Recombivax® was not the vaccine received, a three dose series is required.		
Varicella <sup>2,3</sup>	Two doses											For K – 12th grade: two doses are required, with the first dose received on or after the first birthday. <sup>1</sup>		
Meningococcal (MCV4)							One dose					For seventh – 12th grade, one dose of quadrivalent meningococcal conjugate vaccine is required on or after the student's 11th <sup>1</sup> birthday.		
Hepatitis A <sup>2</sup>	Two doses											For K – 12th grade: two doses are required, with the first dose received on or after the first birthday. <sup>1</sup>		

NOTE: Shaded area indicates that the vaccine is not required for the respective grade.

↓ Notes on the back page, please turn over. ↓

<sup>1</sup> Receipt of the dose up to (and including) four days before the birthday will satisfy the school entry immunization requirement.

<sup>2</sup> Serologic evidence of infection or serologic confirmation of immunity to measles, mumps, rubella, hepatitis B, hepatitis A, or varicella is acceptable in place of vaccine.

<sup>3</sup> Previous illness may be documented with a written statement from a physician, school nurse, or the child's parent or guardian containing wording such as: "This is to verify that (name of student) had varicella disease (chickenpox) on or about (date) and does not need varicella vaccine." This written statement will be acceptable in place of any and all varicella vaccine doses required.

Information on exclusions from immunization requirements, provisional enrollment, and acceptable documentation of immunizations may be found in §97.62, §97.66, and §97.68 of the Texas Administrative Code, respectively and online at [dshs.texas.gov/immunizations/school](https://dshs.texas.gov/immunizations/school)

### **Exemptions**

Texas law allows (a) physicians to write medical exemption statements which clearly state a medical reason exists that the person cannot receive specific vaccines, and (b) parents/guardians to choose an exemption from immunization requirements for reasons of conscience, including a religious belief. The law does not allow parents/guardians to elect an exemption simply because of inconvenience (for example, a record is lost or incomplete and it is too much trouble to go to a physician or clinic to correct the problem). Schools should maintain an up-to-date list of students with exemptions, so they may be excluded in times of emergency or epidemic declared by the commissioner of public health.

Instructions for requesting the official exemption affidavit that must be signed by parents/guardians choosing the exemption for reasons of conscience, including a religious belief, can be found at [dshs.texas.gov/immunization/school/exemptions](https://dshs.texas.gov/immunization/school/exemptions). The original Exemption Affidavit must be completed and submitted to the school.

For children claiming medical exemptions, a written statement by the physician must be submitted to the school. Unless it is written in the statement that a lifelong condition exists, the exemption statement is valid for only one year from the date signed by the physician.

### **Provisional Enrollment**

All immunizations must be completed by the first date of attendance. The law requires that students be fully vaccinated against the specified diseases. A student may be enrolled provisionally if the student has an immunization record that indicates the student has received at least one dose of each specified age-appropriate vaccine required by this rule. Student must not be overdue for the next dose in a series to be considered provisional. To remain enrolled, the student must complete the required subsequent doses in each vaccine series on schedule and as rapidly as is medically feasible and provide acceptable evidence of vaccination to the school.

A school nurse or school administrator shall review the immunization status of a provisionally enrolled student every 30 days to ensure continued compliance in completing the required doses of vaccination. If, at the end of the 30-day period, a student has not received a subsequent dose of vaccine, the student is not in compliance and the school shall exclude the student from school attendance until the required dose is administered.

Additional guidelines for provisional enrollment of students transferring from one Texas public or private school to another, students who are dependents of active duty military, students in foster care, and students who are homeless can be found in the TAC, Title 25 Health Services, Sections 97.66 and 97.69.

### **Documentation**

Since many types of personal immunization records are in use, any document will be acceptable provided a physician or public health personnel has validated it. Validation includes a signature, initials, or stamp. An immunization record generated from an electronic health record must include clinic contact information and the provider's signature/stamp, along with the vaccine name and vaccination date (month, day, and year). An official record generated from a health authority is acceptable. An official record received from school officials, including a record from another state is acceptable.



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# 2025 - 2026 Texas Minimum State Vaccine Requirements for Childcare and Pre-k Facilities

This chart summarizes the vaccine requirements incorporated in the Texas Administrative Code (TAC), Title 25 Health Services, §§97.61-97.72. This chart is not intended as a substitute for consulting the TAC, which has other provisions and details. The Department of State Health Services (DSHS) is granted authority to set immunization requirements for childcare facilities by the Human Resources Code, Chapter 42.

A child shall show acceptable evidence of vaccination prior to entry, attendance, or transfer to a childcare facility in Texas.

Age at which child must have vaccines to be in compliance:	Minimum Number of Doses Required of Each Vaccine							
	Diphtheria / Tetanus / Pertussis (DTaP)	Polio	Hepatitis B (HepB) <sup>1</sup>	<i>Haemophilus influenzae</i> type b (Hib) <sup>2</sup>	Pneumococcal conjugate vaccine (PCV) <sup>3</sup>	Measles, Mumps and Rubella (MMR) <sup>1,4</sup>	Varicella <sup>1,4,5</sup>	Hepatitis A (HepA) <sup>1,4</sup>
Zero through two months								
By three months	One dose	One dose	One dose	One dose	One dose			
By five months	Two doses	Two doses	Two doses	Two doses	Two doses			
By seven months	Three doses	Two doses	Two doses	Two doses	Three doses			
By 16 months	Three doses	Two doses	Two doses	Three doses	Four doses	One dose	One dose	
By 19 months	Four doses	Three doses	Three doses	Three doses	Four doses	One dose	One dose	
By 25 months	Four doses	Three doses	Three doses	Three doses	Four doses	One dose	One dose	One dose
By 43 months	Four doses	Three doses	Three doses	Three doses	Four doses	One dose	One dose	Two doses

<sup>1</sup>Serologic evidence of infection or serologic confirmation of immunity to measles, mumps, rubella, hepatitis B, hepatitis A, or varicella is acceptable in place of vaccine.

<sup>2</sup>A complete Hib series is two doses plus a booster dose on or after 12 months of age (three doses total). If a child receives the first dose of Hib vaccine at 12 - 14 months of age, only one additional dose is required (two doses total). Any child who has received a single dose of Hib vaccine on or after 15 - 59 months of age is in compliance with these specified vaccine requirements. Children 60 months of age and older are not required to receive Hib vaccine.

<sup>3</sup>If the PCV series is started when a child is seven months of age or older or the child is delinquent in the series, then all four doses may not be required. Please reference the information below to assist with compliance:

- For children seven through 11 months of age, two doses are required.
- For children 12 - 23 months of age: if three doses have been received prior to 12 months of age, then an additional dose is required (total of four doses) on or after 12 months of age. If one or two doses were received prior to 12 months of age, then a total of three doses are required with at least one dose on or after 12 months of age. If zero doses have been received, then two doses are required with both doses on or after 12 months of age.
- Children 24 months through 59 months meet the requirement if they have at least three doses with one dose on or after 12 months of age, or two doses with both doses on or after 12 months of age, or one dose on or after 24 months of age. Otherwise, an additional dose is required. Children 60 months of age and older are not required to receive PCV vaccine.

<sup>4</sup>For MMR, Varicella, and Hepatitis A vaccines, the first dose must be given on or after the first birthday. Vaccine doses administered within four days before the first birthday will satisfy this requirement.

<sup>5</sup> Previous illness may be documented with a written statement from a physician, school nurse, or the child's parent or guardian containing wording such as: "This is to verify that (name of child) had varicella disease (chickenpox) on or about (date) and does not need varicella vaccine." The written statement will be acceptable in place of any, and all varicella vaccine doses required.

Information on exclusions from immunization requirements, provisional enrollment, and acceptable documentation of immunizations may be found in §97.62, §97.66, and §97.68 of the Texas Administrative Code, respectively and online at <https://www.dshs.texas.gov/immunizations/school>.

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