# **Paterson Public Schools**



**Art Teacher**Practice Rubric

### **Professional Educator Performance Standards**

- 1. Preparation for Instruction (x2)
  - Professional educators prepare for quality instruction using a comprehensive approach.
- 2. Use of Data to Inform Instruction (x2)
  - **❖** Professional educators use data to inform instruction.
- 3. Delivers Quality Instruction (x3)
  - **❖** Professional educators deliver quality instruction.
- 4. Interventions to Meet Diverse Needs (x3)
  - Professional educators increase the probability of advancing individual student achievement.
- 5. Classroom Environment (x2)
  - Professional educators establish a culture that is conducive to student well-being and learning.
- 6. Leadership (x2)
  - Professional educators are responsible for professional growth and positive leadership.
- 7. Professional Responsibilities (x1)
  - ❖ Professional educators have a responsibility to the profession, district, parents, students and the public.

Nar	ne:			_ Date	:					
P	PERFORMANCE STANDARD #1: PREPARATION FOR INSTRUCTION Professional educators prepare for quality instruction using a comprehensive approach.									
Edu	cators s	should know and be able t								
		1a. Establish a	culture of high expecta	tions for learning and a	chievement.					
S		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY					
OF EFFECTIVENES	Expectations & Inclusion	Teaching practices maintain the status quo and do not contribute to the building culture of high expectations for students.	Acts in ways that demonstrate support of the building culture as one of inclusion and high expectations for most students.	Teaching practices reinforce and strengthen the building culture as one of inclusion and high expectations for <i>all</i> students.	☐ Initiates and engages in problem- solving to advance the culture of the building as one of inclusion and high expectations for <i>all</i> students.					
	Culture of Excellence	The culture in the classroom reinforces low level learning expectations and/or plans to meet even minimal student achievement goals are not clear.	☐ The classroom culture supports student improvement efforts suitable for most students and the teacher outlines the steps to meet student achievement goals.	Establishes a culture in the classroom that challenges <i>all</i> students to continuously improve. Develops a plan to measure progress toward meeting challenging student achievement goals.	Creates a culture of excellence in the classroom that focuses on stretching student achievement for <i>all</i> student groups. Differentiated plans to meet rigorous student achievement goals are developed and there is a system in place to continuously measure progress toward goal attainment.					
INDICATORS	Communicating Expectations	There is little to no evidence that achievement expectations have been communicated to students in advance and/or achievement goals	Achievement expectations are not communicated well to students and/or the achievement goals are not high enough for some students.	Achievement expectations are communicated in advance to students and the teacher provides example of how students can meet challenging achievement goals.	Students are well prepared to articulate the steps they must take to reach rigorous achievement goals. It is evident that students know where they are in relation to the goals.					

are low.

		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
EFFECTIVENESS	Curriculum and Assessment Alignment	Lesson plans, when available, do not align with the district adopted curriculum and/or district assessments.	Lesson plans are partially aligned to the district adopted curriculum and district assessments.	Lesson plans closely align to the district adopted curriculum and district assessments.	Lesson plans are based on a thorough understanding of how to "unpack" the district adopted curriculum and alignment of district assessments.
OF	Content Knowledge	Lesson plans reference outdated content knowledge. Information presented in class contains content errors.	Lesson plans are based on a general understanding of content knowledge. While information presented in class is accurate, it may not reflect the most current knowledge of the discipline.	Lessons plans are based on solid content knowledge. Information presented in class is accurate and current.	Lesson plans are based on extensive content knowledge. Information presented in class is accurate, current and consistent with well-established concepts or sound practices of the discipline.
INDICATORS	is inadequate. Learning activities or resources, activities do not follow an organized progression and time allocations are activities or resources, focused on objectives. and pacing of learning sporadic, thus, time all		Lesson plans or units are based on activities or resources, rather than focused on objectives. Progression and pacing of learning activities is sporadic, thus, time allocations are not always reasonable.	Lesson or unit is planned in detail around clearly defined lesson objectives. Progression and pacing of the planned learning time (instructional strategies, student activities, use of resources, assessment tasks) is constant, with reasonable time allocations.	Lesson or unit is precisely planned with explicit attention to detail leading to the demonstration of learning of the lesson objectives. The progression and pacing of planned learning time (instructional strategies, accessing materials, use of resources, student activities, and assessment tasks) is highly coherent.

	1c. Post aligned lesson objectives and plan for demonstrations of learning.										
		Unsat		ATISFACTORY	Progri	ESSING	Profic	CIENT	EXEM	PLARY	
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS		Posts Lesson Objectives	Lesson objectives cannot be found or the teacher simply posts a list of activities.		Posts lesson objectives that reference grade level and/or course content. The objectives are not used to refocus student's attention to task.			rse essential The lesson objective s student attention	cross disciplinary, course essential co objectives serve to student's attention	Posts lesson objectives that align to cross disciplinary, grade-level or course essential content and skills. The objectives serve to effectively focus student's attention to learning targets throughout the lesson.	
		Student Understanding of Lesson Objectives	Tesson objectives are not known to students and students do not know what they are expected to know and be able to do.			posted lesson	Lesson objectives student-friendly la students understar expected to know by the end of each	anguage and and what they are and be able to do	know that the less demonstration of l direction for them	in understanding are expected to know This clarity onomy and	
		ndard rall So		Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary	
	Overan Sco			1 - Ineffective	2 - Partially	Effective	3 - Effe	ective	4 - Highly	Effective	

Name:	:			Date:					
PEI	PERFORMANCE STANDARD #2: USE OF DATA TO INFORM INSTRUCTION Professional educators use data to inform instruction.								
Educat	ors shoul	d know and be able to:							
		2a	. Focus on improving in	istruction using data.					
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY				
TORS OF IVENESS	Use of Electronic Data Management Tools	Relies on someone else to provide student achievement data.	Accesses electronic data management tools to view class achievement results.	Uses electronic data management tools to track and exhibit achievement results.	Regularly accesses and systematically uses electronic data management tools to retrieve data.				
INDICATEFFECT	Uses Data to Inform Instruction	Even when data is provided, there is no evidence that the information is used to make instructional decisions.	Attempts to make instructional decisions linked to analysis of data, although inferences about the data may not be complete.	Makes accurate use of student achievement data when making instructional decisions.	Accurately draws inferences from data source with which to make decisions about instruction.				

#### 2b. Use a variety of assessment methods when designing classroom assessments. UNSATISFACTORY **PROGRESSING PROFICIENT EXEMPLARY** INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS ☐ Classroom Uses prepared assessment with Creates a variety of classroom Designs high-quality classroom Classroom Assessments assessments are of multiple choice responses as the assessments that are a good measure of assessments (visual, performance, student learning for the lesson or unit and product based rubric) that main criteria for determining what poor quality. students know. objectives. accurately measure student learning of the lesson or unit objectives. Classroom assessments are a function of learning and not time. Assessment tasks may be embedded within the lesson and/or require a performance component for students to demonstrate what they know and are able to do. Does not implement Cooperates with colleagues to Collaborates with colleagues to Collaborates with colleagues to Common Assessments develop and implement common or contribute to the implement common assessments. design and implement common assessments. Engages in dataassessments (i.e. SGO). Actively development of Compares results. common assessments dialogues with colleagues to better participates in data-dialogues with understand how to use common colleagues to evaluate the results (i.e. SGO.) from common assessment tasks and assessment results to improve future instruction. uses that information to re-teach or improve future lessons.

	2c. Involve students in assessing their own learning.									
			UNSATISFACTORY		Progr	PROGRESSING		CIENT	EXEM	IPLARY
VTORS OF TIVENESS	TIVENESS	Students are not made aware of the assessment scoring criteria in advance of the lesson or unit.		Students are provided with the scoring criteria for success too late in the process to allow adequate time for practice prior to taking assessments. Students may not be able to identify what they need to do to improve performance.		Students have the sadvance of the less on the scoring criticidentify what they improve performa	son or unit. Based eria, students can need to do to	criteria provided in or unit. Based on t students are able to improvements to t	amiliar with the scoring in advance of the lesson the scoring criteria, to take responsibility for their work by focusing the done to move to the level.	
INDIC		Student Goal Setting	Periodically provides anecdotal information to students about how they are doing.		Provides students with information about how to understand achievement goals.		Coaches students to understand how to interpret their own achievement.		☐ The teacher facilitates opportunities to support students in setting specific, yet challenging goals to improve performance.	
		andar								
	Overall S		core	Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary

Name:					Date:					
PE	PERFORMANCE STANDARD #3: DELIVERS QUALITY INSTRUCTION  Professional educators deliver quality instruction.									
Educato	rs sho	ould know and be able to:								
			3a. Instruct be	ll to bell.						
		Unsatisfactory Progressing		Proficient	EXEMPLARY					
TORS OF IVENESS	Transitions	☐ Transitions are chaotic, with much time lost between lesson segments.	Not all transitions are efficient which results in some loss of instructional time. Teacher prompting is required for students to move from one learning segment to the next.	☐ The teacher ensures transitions are smooth with no loss of instructional time. Students move efficiently from one learning segment to the next.	☐ Transitions are designed as instructional opportunities with very little down-time. Students are able to self-progress from one learning segment to the next through well-established routines.					
INDICATORS EFFECTIVEN	Purposeful Closure	☐ The lesson ends abruptly without purposeful closure.	Lesson closure is perfunctory in nature and does not effectively prepare all students for follow up practice and/or link to future learning.	Teachers use this time as an opportunity to guide reflection upon the learning accomplished, prepare students for follow up practice and/or make connections to future learning.	All students are engaged in purposeful closure to the lesson.  Students leave the classroom with a sense of accomplishment prepared for follow-up practice, can make connections with future learning and are better able to self-start the next lesson.					

#### 3b. Use a variety of instructional strategies to focus instruction. UNSATISFACTORY **PROGRESSING PROFICIENT EXEMPLARY** Selection of Instructional Lacking instructional ☐ Selects instructional strategies Selects instructional strategies that ☐ Strategically selects from a repertoire OF EFFECTIVENESS Strategies focus, classroom time is specific to the subject matter to serve to maintain focus. of instructional strategies to design often filled with support student understanding. meaningful learning experiences that activities that merely challenge all students to be engaged consume time. throughout lesson. ☐ Instructional delivery is Instructional delivery (activities, Instructional delivery (activities, ☐ Instructional delivery is well Instructional Delivery poorly executed and materials, and resources) engages materials and resources) is effective executed (activities, materials and significantly lacks some, but not all, of the students in in engaging students in important resources) and effectively leads to learning experiences that the learning of content and skills. learning of content and skills. student engagement in significant engage students. learning of content and skills. INDICATORS Directions and Expectations The teacher's written The teacher's written and/or oral The teacher's written and/or oral The teacher's written and/or oral and/or oral directions are directions are sometimes unclear. directions contain an appropriate directions anticipate possible student confusing to the causing students to frequently ask the level of detail and are clear to misunderstanding and plans students, leaving them teacher to repeat the directions. accordingly. The teacher prepares students. Explanations of content and students well for understanding with questions about Explanations of content do not pre-teaching important vocabulary what they are supposed content by pre-teaching important prepare all students to engage in effectively prepare students to engage to do. classroom experiences without in appropriate classroom experiences. vocabulary, scaffolding of more complex ideas and insuring that further guidance. classroom experiences are appropriate, yet challenging.

	3c. Engages students in learning.								
Γτ. i		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	Exemplary				
INDICATORS OF	Active Engagement	Allows learning in the classroom to be passive rather than active. Lecture and/or busy work characterize the learning experiences.	Although learning experiences are primarily teacher-directed, the teacher experiments with engagement strategies.	☐ Creates an expectation around engagement that learning is an active process. Facilitates learning experiences that promote collaboration.	Creates an expectation that learning is active not passive. Facilitates challenging learning experiences that promote collaboration, independent learning and choice for all students.				

	3d. Continually checks for understanding.								
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY				
TORS OF IVENESS	Lesson Sequence and Pacing	The teacher does not use checks for understanding during the lesson. Without checks for understanding no adjustments are made to the lesson.	The teacher does not incorporate checks for understanding during the lesson. However, the teacher may adjust future lessons based on student response at the conclusion of the lesson.	☐ The teacher checks for understanding during the lesson. Based on student performance.	☐ The teacher checks for understanding during strategic points in the lesson.  The pacing is adjusted based on student performance.				
INDICAT	Questioning Strategies	☐ Teacher questioning is of poor quality presenting low cognitive challenge to students.	Only some teacher questioning strategies invite a thoughtful response.	☐ Teacher questioning strategies require students to extend their thinking and elaborate their answers.	Strategic teacher questioning strategies require students to think critically and defend or justify their answers. Thoughtful questions serve to deepen the discussion.				

	Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY
Rigorous and Relevant Curriculum	Lessons and/or units are too easy for the majority of students and/or class time is spent on busy work with low creative engagement.	Lessons and/or units spend the majority of class time on knowledge level tasks that may require only some creative engagement.	Lessons and/or units are designed to provide students with rigorous curriculum that is creatively engaging.	Lessons and/or units are designed that maximize productive time focused on high levels of rigor and relevance that challenge students to be creatively engaged throughout.
Prior Knowledge and Making Connections	Presentation of new content is either inappropriate for the grade level, poorly presented and/or does not connect with prior learning and knowledge. The teacher does not explain or leaves out information that would help students understand the relevancy of the concepts to their lives.	Assumes that students are able to make the link to prior learning and knowledge when presenting new content. The teacher spends very little time helping students understand the relevance of concepts to their lives.	Presentation of new content is grade level appropriate and students are able to connect prior knowledge and experiences with the new material being introduced. The teacher uses current examples and prerequisite knowledge known to students to illustrate concepts and make the content relevant for student's lives.	Presentation of new content is challenging, appropriate and links well with students' prior knowledge and experiences. The teacher adeptly uses prerequisite knowledge known to students to illustrate concepts and skillfully bridges connections regardin the relevancy of the learning to student's lives.

## 3f. Integrate 21st Century Skills in instruction.

		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY
EFFECTIVENESS	Skills of a 21st Century Learner	Lesson and/or unit design does not help to prepare or teach students to develop 21st Century Skills (e.g., critical thinking and reasoning, problem-solving, information literacy, collaboration, self-direction and/or invention).	Lesson and/or unit design helps students to develop skills in using at least one 21st Century Skill (e.g. critical thinking and reasoning, problem-solving, information literacy, collaboration, self-direction and/or invention).	Lesson and/or unit design includes strategies for teaching 21st Century Skills (e.g., critical thinking and reasoning, problem-solving, information literacy, collaboration, self-direction and/or invention).	Lesson and/or unit design strategically provides opportunities for students to demonstrate 21st Century Skills (e.g., critical thinking and reasoning, problem-solving information literacy, collaboration, self-direction and/or invention).
OF	Materials and Resources	☐ Instructional materials and resources are inappropriate for the grade level or course and/or are used ineffectively.	☐ Instructional materials and resources limit student access to different perspectives.	Selects a variety of appropriate instructional materials and resources that provide students with different perspectives.	Secures a variety of relevant materials and resources to enhance and extend instructional experiences reflective of diverse perspectives and issues.
INDICATORS	Technology Integration	☐ Technology is not used to promote organizational efficiency, support instruction, and/or is used inappropriately.	The teacher experiments with technology to promote organizational efficiency or support the subject matter. However, the technology <i>may</i> serve as a distraction from accomplishing the lesson or unit objectives.	When technology is used, it promotes organizational efficiency, students' understanding of content, and is appropriate to accomplishing the lesson or unit objectives.	☐ Integrates technology into the classroom which serves to maximize organizational efficiency, extend students' expertise of both content and available technology, and is always appropriate to accomplishing the lesson or unit objectives.

	3g. Provides feedback about student proficiency.								
		Unsatisfactory	Progr	ESSING	PROFICIENT		Ехемі	PLARY	
TORS OF	Timely Feedback	☐ When feedback is given, it is too little, too late.	units of study. The generally does not information for st error corrections	Feedback is provided at the end of units of study. This level of feedback generally does not provide information for students to make error corrections soon enough to improve performance for the next assigned task.		Feedback on assignments is provided in a timely manner. Students are clear on what areas need improvement for the next assigned task.		Feedback on assignments, assessments and major activities is timely and reinforces what students did well. Further, the feedback outlines specific strategies for students to practice in order for them to improve upon their performance for the next assigned task.	
INDICATO	Grading and Reporting Student Learning	Grading is inconsistent, may be subjective, and students generally do not know what their cumulative grade will be until the end of the quarter or semester.  Grading of assignments is incomplete.	assigned task.  Grading is inconsistent, by be subjective, and idents generally do to the know what their mulative grade will until the end of the arter or semester. ading of assignments  Grading and reporting student learning is completed at the entitle the entitle the entitle transport of the schedule.		is shared with studin advance. Grade reports are complete.	tem for lent learning. This dents and parents es and progress eted and updated y students to check	to reflect proficienc on the most recent a important evidence proficiency. Grades	nicating the system d reporting student ng system is weighted by of learning targets and the most of student and progress reports updated regularly to	
	andard								
Ove	erall So	core Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary	

Nar	Name: Date:								
PI	PERFORMANCE STANDARD #4: INTERVENTIONS TO MEET DIVERSE NEEDS  Professional educators increase the probability of advancing individual student achievement.								
Educators should know and be able to:									
		4a. Differen	tiate instruction based o	n student needs and ba	ckground				
S		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY				
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Differentiation Techniques	Does not differentiate instruction for highly able students.  Experiments with differentiated instructional techniques for various levels of students without clearly defining the student's needs that are being addressed by the use of the strategy.		Appropriately implements differentiated instructional techniques to meet the needs of various levels of students.	Analyzes student achievement to effectively design and differentiate instruction to challenge all students.				
	Differentiates for Learning Styles and Abilities	Does not differentiate instruction to address needs of students with varying learning styles and abilities.	Requires support from others to be able to differentiate instruction for students with varying learning styles and abilities.	Provides evidence of incorporating various differentiated instructional strategies to meet the needs of students with varying learning styles and abilities.	Efficiently and appropriately differentiates instruction and assessment by content, process and/or product to address the unique learning differences of students that have a wide range of learning styles and abilities.				
	Student Backgrounds and Interests	Lessons are planned using a "one size fits all" approach, with no variation for addressing diverse student backgrounds or interests.	Although lessons are planned for whole group instruction, there is some "on the spot" adaptations to meet student interests.	☐ Takes into consideration diverse student backgrounds and student interests when designing and implementing instruction.	Effectively designs and implements lessons using culturally responsive teaching strategies that demonstrate consideration of diverse student backgrounds and incorporate individual student interests.				

	4b. 1	_	1	ınd adjusts interventions	
		UNSATISFACTORY	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Intervention Implementation	☐ Makes no effort to implement interventions or maintain fidelity to the interventions.	Requires additional skill development in effectively implementing selected interventions for students who have learning differences.	☐ Implements interventions for individual students who have learning differences.	Strategically implements and .manages interventions for multiple students.

	4c. Adapt and modify instruction for the unique needs of learners											
r_ 7 <b>0</b>		Un	SATISFACTORY	Prog	RESSING	Pro	DFICIENT	EXE	EMPLARY			
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Plan for Special Learning Needs	Student information is not used to plan instruction for learners in the general education classroom who		Uses student information that is provided by others to plan for learners with special needs who are in the general education classroom.		Accesses and uses student information to plan instruction for students in the general education classroom who have special learning needs.		A system in in place for accessing, retrieving, organizing and analyzing information for planning instruction for students with special learning needs who are in the general education classroom.				
	ıdard											
Overall Sco		ore	Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary			

Nar	Name: Date:								
			E STANDARD #5: stablish a culture that is						
Edu	Educators should know and be able to: 5a. Contribute to a safe and orderly learning environment.								
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing Progressing	PROFICIENT PROFICE PRO	EXEMPLARY				
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Rules and Regulations	Disregards, defies, or ignores school behavioral rules and regulations. Student safety is compromised by teacher's lack of compliance with emergency procedures. Is non-compliant and/or negligent with regard to supervision of students inside and outside the classroom setting.	Does not consistently reinforce school behavioral rules and regulations and/or is not clear about established procedures in emergency situations. Supervision of students inside and outside the classroom lacks an appropriate level of attention.	Complies with school behavioral rules and regulations and established emergency procedures to insure student safety needs are met. The supervision of students both inside and outside the classroom is at an appropriate level of attention.	Implements and continually reinforces all school behavioral rules and regulations and established emergency procedures to insure student safety needs are consistently met. Is fully engaged at all times with active supervision of students both inside and outside the classroom setting. There is evidence of students as active partners in assuming responsibility for enforcement of school rules.				
	Safe & Organized Environment	☐ The classroom ☐ Creates an environment that is safe, but		☐ The classroom environment is safe, organized and designed to support a student focus on learning purposes.  Makes efficient use of available space.	Establishes a comfortable, safe, and inviting learning environment that is organized to facilitate a focus on learning. Maximizes efficient use of all available space to support a variety of instructional purposes.				
	Physical Resources	Uses physical resources (e.g., furniture arrangement, technology, learning stations) poorly and/or learning is not accessible to some students.	The use of physical resources (e.g., furniture arrangement, technology, learning stations) limits engagement and do not necessarily promote learning activities that are accessible to all students.	☐ The use of physical resources (e.g., furniture arrangement, technology, learning stations) contributes to all students being able to access learning opportunities.	Uses physical resources (e.g., furniture arrangement, technology, learning stations) optimally to ensure that all learning is equally accessible to all students. The physical arrangement of the classroom is flexible to maximize student engagement strategies. Takes into account individual needs of students when arranging the classroom environment.				

		5b. Us	se effective classroom	management procedure	s.	
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY	
EFFECTIVENESS	Routines and Procedures			Procedures to manage routine tasks and materials are in place resulting in efficient practices that do not interfere with learning time. Routines and responsibilities for management of tasks is known to students and accomplished efficiently and in ways that do not contribute to "down time."	Procedures to facilitate student management for carrying out routine tasks and materials management are in place resulting in highly efficient practices that maximize time for learning.	
OF	Learning Experiences and Activities	Learning experiences and activities are disorganized and poorly managed.	Learning experiences and activities are primarily managed by the teacher resulting in loss of learning time for some students who must wait for teacher directions. There are some inefficiencies in managing routine tasks that take time away from learning.	Learning experiences and activities are routinely organized by the teacher in such a way that students can maximize time for learning.	Learning experiences and activities are highly organized and efficiently facilitated by both the teacher and students who each assume responsibility for maximizing time for learning.	
INDICATORS	Independent and Cooperative Work	Procedures for independent and/or cooperative group work are not established and/or not reinforced - resulting in considerable "down-time" where students are not productively engaged in learning.	☐ In the absence of known procedures, students spend time waiting for teacher re-direction in order to engage in independent work or cooperative group work.	Procedures for independent and/or cooperative group work are known in advance and most students are engaged throughout the lesson in purposeful learning.	Students consistently assume responsibility for following procedures for independent and/or cooperative group work and hold themselves accountable for contributing productively to their own learning.	

Evidence: Students are compliant with rules and procedures as observed.

	5c. Effectively manage student behavior.									
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	Proficient	EXEMPLARY					
EFFECTIVENESS	Discipline Plan	Has not established classroom rules and/or procedures. Standards of conduct are unclear to students. The teacher attempts to control the classroom through threats of referral or by increasing vocal intensity. The teacher spends an inordinate amount of time dealing with behavior issues.	Most students seem to understand the classroom rules and standards of conduct. Consequences for inappropriate behavior are inconsistently applied. The teacher is generally aware of student behavior, but may miss the misbehavior of some students.	Explicit classroom rules and standards of conduct are clear to all students. Consequences for inappropriate behavior are reasonable and consistently applied. The teacher demonstrates awareness of events in the classroom and often anticipates and prevents potential problems.	Students contributed to designing the classroom rules and standards of conduct upheld by all members of the classroom. Consequences for inappropriate behavior are reasonable, clear, and consistently applied.  Monitoring by the teacher of events in the classroom is subtle and proactive.					
INDICATORS OF EF	Re-direction Techniques	Lessons have numerous disruptions.	The teacher's repertoire of techniques to manage student behavior is limited; resulting in too much time spent redirecting student misbehavior.	While students also monitor their own behavior, the teacher is skilled at using a variety of techniques to redirect students back to the task of learning.	Students monitor their own and their peers' behavior, correcting one another respectfully. The focus of discipline is to maximize student learning time and students show a respect for the rights of other students to learn.					
	Circulation During Instruction	Remains basically stationary and is often inaccessible to many students.	Utilizes proximity to students during learning activities to prevent disruptive behavior.	☐ Circulates during instruction and learning activities to support engagement, interact with students and monitor behavior and learning.	Circulates during instruction and learning activities to interact with students, prompt student thinking and assess progress. Exhibits a heightened awareness of the learning that occurs in all areas of the classroom.					

#### 5d. Foster collaboration and self-regulation in students. UNSATISFACTORY **PROGRESSING PROFICIENT EXEMPLARY** INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS Uses a one Primary responsibility for the Fosters self-regulation in students so Develops self-regulating students who Self-Regulation dimensional approach students staying on task and focused that they are able to take acknowledge they are being challenged in Students to directing student on learning rests with the teacher. responsibility for staying on task and academically and they assume The emphasis is more on the "teacher focusing on improving their responsibility for staying on task and learning. Students are passive learners. as worker." performance. There is an emphasis focused on moving from one on the "student as learner." performance level to the next. There is a strong emphasis on the "student as producer." Decision Making Does not promote Uses a few strategies to engage Engages all students in collaborative Facilitates the conditions under which student collaboration students in collaborative activities activities that promote students demonstrate strategies for or decision making. that promote cooperation of students communication, decision making collaboratively solving problems and engaging in decision making in the within the class. and group responsibility to the classroom community. classroom and/or school community. Student Leadership ☐ The teacher creates opportunities for ☐ There is no evidence ☐ Students are given opportunities for There is strong evidence that the teacher individual students to have classroom leadership in the classroom. that student leadership fosters student leadership within the opportunities are responsibilities. classroom and/or the school fostered. community.

				5e. Promote	positive ar	ıd respectful	l rapport.		
		UNSA	ATISFACTORY	Progri	ESSING	Profi	ICIENT	EXE	MPLARY
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Student-to-Student Interactions	The teacher allows student-to-student interactions characterized by conflict, sarcasm or put-downs. Student interactions in the classroom are disrespectful.		The teacher reinforces student-to-student interactions that are appropriate, but there may be an occasional display of insensitivity to cultural or developmental differences among students.		☐ The teacher fosters student-to-student interactions that are polite and respectful. Student individuality and the dignity of each student is consistently maintained.		The teacher fosters a classroom culture in which student-to-student interactions are highly respectful. As a class, students have learned to be supportive of one another's individuality and developmental levels. The dignity of each student is consistently maintained and honored.	
	Teacher-to-Student Interactions	Teacher-student interactions reflect a lack of rapport between the teacher and students.		☐ Teacher-student interactions are cordial, but may not transfer to positive teacher-student relationships.		Teacher-student interactions are positive and respectful rapport is demonstrated. Positive teacher-student relationships serve as a model for student learning and practicing of behaviors that contribute to a learning community.		model of positi rapport. Positiv relationships pr development of students who as	t interactions serve as a ve and respectful re teacher-student romote the f socially competent re able to demonstrate contribute to a learning
	Tolerance and Respect for Diversity	The teacher does not teach or model tolerance strategies. Teacher actions/words embarrass and/or devalue students.		for cultural differ	olerance and respect	fostering respect f students. The teac expectations for d	e strategies to students For multicultural ther reinforces high	reinforces class are respectful o students. Stude	nce strategies and sroom interactions that of multicultural nts take responsibility gh levels of civility
_	tandar								
Overall Score		core	Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	<b>Progressing II</b>	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary

Nar	me:			D	ate:						
Pr	PERFORMANCE STANDARD #6: LEADERSHIP Professional educators have a responsibility for professional growth and positive leadership.										
Edu	icators sh	ould know and be able	to:								
	6a. Und	lerstand their rol		implementing the Distric Plan.	t and/or Building Action						
S		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY						
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Leadership Skills	Allows others to fulfill the goals and priorities outlined in the Building Action Plan.	☐ Works collaboratively with leadership to fulfill the goals and priorities outlined in the Building Action Plan.	Actively participates in positively contributing to fulfillment of the goals and priorities outlined in the Building Action Plan by serving in a building leadership capacity (e.g., Department Chair, Grade Level Leader, Content Collaborator, Building Leadership Team, BAAC and/or building committees), and demonstrates Level I Leadership Skills.	Assumes a positive role in seeking more effective, solution-oriented ways within the building and the district to fulfill the goals and priorities outlined in the District/Building Action Plan (e.g., member of the Building Leadership Team, may be a Department Chair, Grade Level Leader and/or serves on building or district level committees), and demonstrates Level II Leadership Skills.						
	Collegial Partnerships	Does not act in ways that reinforce the implementation of school improvement efforts.	Maintains relationships with colleagues to fulfill duties that the school requires.	Provides mutual support and cooperation with colleagues and administrators that contributes to improving the functioning of the school.	☐ Initiates positive relationships and forms collegial partnerships with colleagues, support staff, administrators, parents and others to contribute to the effective functioning of the school and/or programs within the district.						
	Pocuses on Quality Instruction	Engages in disagreements and/or is unsupportive of	Supportive of the school's focus on improving the quality of instruction for students.	☐ Steps forward to support and promote the school's focus on improving the quality of instruction for all students.	Works in mutually reinforcing ways to promote and protect the school's focus on improving the quality of instruction for all students. Displays a sense of self-efficacy.						

efforts.

				6b. Con	itinue profe	essional gro	wth.		
		Uns	ATISFACTORY	Progri	ESSING	Profi	Proficient		PLARY
INDICATORS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Life-long Learning	pro dev oth	es not engage in fessional relopment activities er than for licensure ewal.	Participates in pro development oppounew skills. Seeks practices.		teaching practice professional dev	Actively reflects on improving teaching practices, seeking new professional development opportunities to grow professionally.		grow professionally e of life-long e of life-long learning eaching practices eness.
	Mentorship and Peer Feedback	Does not seek or accept feedback from mentors or peers.		Seeks and accepts support from a mentor and/or peers.		Positively impacts the work of other educators through mentorship and/or peer feedback.		Serves as a skilled mentor for other educators. Takes leadership role in peer feedback and/or establishes mentorship opportunities for students.	
	Performance Goal Setting	Sets low performance goals for self and/or has difficulty providing evidence of monitoring or meeting individual performance goals.		Develops individu goals and monitor		performance goa building action p	itoring own progress	Establishes challen measurable performeet and/or excee district/building at monitors own progethese goals.	mance goals that d the goals in the stion plan and
_	tandard	-							
Overall Sco		core	Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary

Nar	ne:			_	Date:
			STANDARD #7: PR be a responsibility to the pr		
Edu	cators sh	ould know and be able	to:		
7a.	Adher	re to federal law	s, state statutes and reg Education (BOE) polic	_	education, the Board of
		Unsatisfactory	Progressing	PROFICIENT	EXEMPLARY
OF EFFECTIVENESS	Legal and Professional Responsibilities	But Disregards or has no awareness of legal and professional responsibilities pertaining to education.  Has a limited understanding and seeks to raise awareness of their legal and professional responsibilities pertaining to education.		Understands and abides by the legal and professional responsibilities pertaining to education.	Fully understands, abides by and supports the legal and professional responsibilities pertaining to education. The teacher acts proactively in seeing that colleagues comply with standards of excellence.
	Compliance	☐ Does not comply with school rules and district policies and procedures. ☐ Inconsistently complies with school rules and district policies and procedures.		Complies fully with school rules and district policies and procedures.	Complies with school rules and district policies and procedures. Actively contributes to solutions that promote effective implementation of policies and procedures.
<b>INDICATORS</b> (	Confidentiality	Disregards the legal and professional aspects of confidentiality practices.	Seeks clarification and understanding of confidentiality practices. Takes initiative to do research, ask questions, and communicate with colleagues about best practice with regard to confidentiality laws.	Maintains the legal and professional aspects of confidentiality practices. Has a working knowledge of the law as evidenced by the decisions made regarding how, when, where, why, and with whom confidential information is shared and stored.	Demonstrates respect for and prohibits others from sharing confidential information inappropriately. Acts in reinforcing ways to support decisions made regarding how, when, where, why, and with whom confidential information is shared and stored.

#### 7b. Demonstrate professionalism **PROGRESSING PROFICIENT** UNSATISFACTORY EXEMPLARY OF EFFECTIVENESS Exhibits disrespectful ☐ Interactions with students, parents, Consistently models respect for others Promotes a culture focused on Respectful Workplace behavior when interacting staff and the community are neutral. when interacting with students, exemplifying respect for others. parents, staff and the community. Adheres to high standards of with students, parents, staff Complies with respectful workplace and/or the community. Models respectful workplace professionalism characteristic of behaviors. Violates respectful behaviors. respectful workplace behaviors. workplace behaviors. Honesty and Integrity ☐ Displays unethical or Uses poor judgment when dealing Deals with students, parents and/or Displays the highest level of ethical dishonest conduct when with students, parents and/or colleagues with honesty and integrity. and professional conduct acting dealing with students, honestly and with integrity when colleagues. parents and/or colleagues. dealing with students, parents, colleagues and/or the community. INDICATORS Absent from assignment Performs assignment and other duties Assumes responsibility for the Assumes full responsibility for, and and assigned duties and/or successful implementation of their improves upon, the effective and as assigned. Is usually present and on is habitually late. assignment and other duties as efficient implementation of their time. Other Duties as Assigned assigned. Is present and on time. assignment and other duties as assigned.

			7c.	Effectively c	ommunicat	es and solve	es problems.			
		UNSATISFACTORY		Progr	ESSING	Prof	FICIENT	EXEM	IPLARY	
AS OF EFFECTIVENESS	Communication	stud coll con Con is a und	orly communicates to dents, staff, families, leagues and/or the mmunity. mmunication neither accurate, derstandable nor is it t in a timely fashion.		Communicates information adequately using oral, written and/or electronic methods.		Consistently communicates clear, understandable and accurate information in an efficient and timely manner with multiple audiences using a variety of communication methods.		Effectively communicates with diverse audiences in a manner that supports the welfare and success of students and the organization.  Communication serves to advance understanding in challenging situations.	
	Conflict Resolution and Decision Making	Minimal involvement in identifying and seeking solutions to issues.  Solutions may even have an adverse impact.		Makes limited contributions when identifying and seeking solutions to effectively address building or academic issues.		Actively participates to identify and seek solutions using conflict resolution and decision making strategies that effectively address building or academic issues.		Facilitates and models strategies for identifying and seeking solutions to building/district level professional and/or academic issues.		
INDICATORS	Professional Composure	bec who	es composure or comes defensive en faced with a ficult problem.	Requires reassurar maintain composu conflict or difficul	re in the face of	maintaining pro	Assumes responsibility for maintaining professional composure in the face of conflict or difficult situations.		diffuses conflicts of communication ll as conflict iques. Is a calming faced with conflict or	
						_				
_	tandard	-								
U	Overall Scor		Unsatisfactory	Progressing I	Progressing II	Proficient I	Proficient II	Proficient III	Exemplary	