Marion P Thomas Charter High School

English Department

Rising English III Summer Reading Assignment

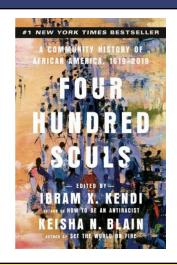
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Welcome to English III! In order to prepare you for the high level of analysis and critical thinking that will be expected of you, the English III team has designed tasks to accompany the REQUIRED Summer Reading. Assignments are due on the **first day of school** and will count as an assessment grade.

During the 1st marking period, you will also engage in additional tasks related to this text, therefore, the reading of this book is critical and required.

English III Text



<u>**Title:**</u> Four Hundred Souls: A Community History of African America, 1619-2019

Author: Ibram X. Kendi, Keisha N. Blain ISBN: 9780593449349

Readings

Eighty Black writers and 10 Black poets, 400 years of history, told in five-year increments — this is a work of counterpoint and panorama, a book wholly its own, wonderfully unique. Read it slowly and with intention, allowing the voices and histories to "speak" in conversation, author to author, author to reader. It is indeed the history of African America, but one clear takeaway is that "the true story of America begins here, in 1619. This is our story. We must not flinch."

Overview

Four Hundred Souls is a unique one-volume "community" history of African Americans. The editors, Ibram X. Kendi and Keisha N. Blain, have assembled ninety brilliant writers, each of whom takes on a five-year period of that four-hundred-year span. The writers explore their periods through a variety of techniques: historical essays, short stories, personal vignettes, and fiery polemics. They approach history from various perspectives: through the eyes of towering historical icons or the untold stories of ordinary people; through places, laws, and objects. While themes of resistance and struggle, of hope and reinvention, course through the book, this collection of diverse pieces from ninety different minds, reflecting ninety different perspectives, fundamentally deconstructs the idea that Africans in America are a monolith—instead it unlocks the startling range of experiences and ideas that have always existed within the community of Blackness.

The Assignment

1. Reflection Activity: Dialectical Journal

A dialectical journal is a notebook comprised of journal entries where a student records observations about the text and interacts and engages with the text on a deeper level. Each entry should include quotes as well as higher-level analysis. Complete entries for the following:

| | Summary: | New Vocabulary: |
|---|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1749–1754: Race and the Enlightenment by Dorothy E. Roberts | | |
| | Important Moment (Quote): | Analysis of Quote: |
| 1754 1750. | Summary: | New Vocabulary: |
| 1754–1759: Blackness and Indigeneity by Kyle T. Mays | Important Moment (Quote): | Analysis of Quote: |

| 1759-1764: | Summary: | New Vocabulary: |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| One Black Boy: The Great Lakes and the Midwest by Tiya Miles | Important Moment (Quote): | Analysis of Quote: |
| | Summary: | New Vocabulary: |
| 1764–1769: Phillis Wheatley by Alexis Pauline Gumbs | Important Moment (Quote): | Analysis of Quote: |

| 1774–1779: The American Revolution by Martha S. Jones Poem: "Not Without Some Instances of Uncommon Cruelty" by Justin Phillip Reed | Important Moment (Quote): | New Vocabulary: Analysis of Quote: |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1784–1789: The U.S. Constitution by Donna Brazile | Summary: Important Moment (Quote): | New Vocabulary: Analysis of Quote: |
| | | |

| 1789–1794: Sally Hemings by Annette Gordon-Reed | Important Moment (Quote): | New Vocabulary: Analysis of Quote: |
|---|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1794–1799: The Fugitive Slave Act by Deirdre Cooper Owens | Summary: Important Moment (Quote): | New Vocabulary: Analysis of Quote: |

| | Summary: | New Vocabulary: |
|--|---------------------------|--------------------|
| 1799–1804: Higher Education by Craig Steven Wilder | Important Moment (Quote): | Analysis of Quote: |

Writing Activity: Perspectives on Freedom in 400 Souls

The concept of freedom has evolved across time and communities, often shaped by race, class, and gender. This prompt asks you to examine the varying definitions and experiences of freedom as presented by different contributors in the anthology 400 Souls, edited by Ibram X. Kendi and Keisha N. Blain.

Sources

Choose *three chapters* from 400 Souls that each represent a distinct voice or demographic group (e.g., Black women, enslaved people, abolitionists, civil rights leaders, political thinkers, etc.). One of your sources **must be**:

• "1749–1754: Race and the Enlightenment" by Dorothy E. Roberts
In this essay, Roberts examines how Enlightenment ideals of freedom and equality were selectively applied, often excluding Black people from the promises of liberty.

Choose two *additional* chapters from 400 Souls that offer contrasting or complementary perspectives on freedom. Consider contributors who address freedom in the context of enslavement, emancipation, Reconstruction, Jim Crow, civil rights, or present-day activism.

Task

Write an essay in which you analyze how the concept of freedom is perceived and articulated by the three contributors you selected. Your analysis should explore:

- How each author or figure defines or challenges the idea of freedom
- The historical and social context influencing their view
- The similarities and differences in how freedom is imagined, fought for, or denied across their perspectives.

Guidelines for Essay

Introduction

- Introduce the topic of freedom as a complex and evolving concept
- Briefly summarize each of your selected sources
- Clearly state your thesis, outlining the different perspectives on freedom you will analyze

Body Paragraphs

- 1. Perspective 1 Analyze the first selected author's view of freedom, using specific evidence from the text
- 2. Perspective 2 Analyze the second author's view, noting how it compares or contrasts with the first
- 3. **Dorothy E. Roberts' perspective** Focus on how Enlightenment ideals were selectively applied based on race
- 4. Comparison Paragraph Identify connections or tensions among the three perspectives on freedom
- 5. **Contemporary Relevance** Reflect on how these historical understandings inform current debates on freedom and equality

Conclusion

- Summarize your analysis and restate your thesis.
- Reflect on the enduring relevance of examining multiple perspectives on freedom throughout history

Rubric

| Construct Measured | Score Point 4 | Score Point 3 | Score Point 2 | Score Point 1 | Score Point 0 |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| Reading/ Comprehensio n of Key Ideas and Details | COMPREHENSION/ ANALYSIS/EVIDENCE: Full comprehension of ideas stated explicitly and inferentially Accurate analysis Effective and convincing textual evidence | COMPREHENSION/ ANALYSIS/EVIDENCE: Comprehension of ideas stated explicitly and/or inferentially Mostly accurate analysis Adequate textual evidence | COMPREHENSION/ ANALYSIS/EVIDENCE: Basic comprehension of ideas stated explicitly and/or inferentially Generally accurate analysis Basic textual evidence | COMPREHENSION/ ANALYSIS/EVIDENCE: Limited comprehension of ideas stated explicitly and/or inferentially Minimally accurate analysis Limited textual evidence | COMPREHENSION/ ANALYSIS/EVIDENCE: No comprehension of ideas Inaccurate or no analysis Little to no textual evidence |
| Writing/ | DEVELOPMENT/ REASONING/ EVIDENCE: Effective and comprehensive development of the claim or topic Clear and convincing reasoning Relevant textual | DEVELOPMENT/ REASONING/ EVIDENCE: Mostly effective development of the claim or topic Clear reasoning Relevant textual evidence | DEVELOPMENT/ REASONING/ EVIDENCE: Some development of the claim or topic Some reasoning and text-based evidence | DEVELOPMENT/ REASONING/ EVIDENCE: Minimal development Limited reasoning and text-based evidence; OR: is developed but does not address the prompt | DEVELOPMENT/ REASONING/ EVIDENCE: • Undeveloped |
| Written Expression | evidence COHERENCE/ CLARITY: Purposeful coherence, clarity, and cohesion Easy to follow | COHERENCE/ CLARITY: Coherent, clear, and cohesive Fairly easy to follow | COHERENCE/ CLARITY: Some coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion Progression of ideas is usually discernible but not obvious | COHERENCE/ CLARITY: Limited coherence, clarity, and/or cohesion Somewhat unclear | COHERENCE/ CLARITY: Lacking coherence, clarity, and cohesion STYLE: |
| | STYLE: Effective style | STYLE: Mostly effective style while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline. | STYLE: Somewhat effective, generally attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline. | STYLE: Limited effectiveness, with limited awareness of the norms of the discipline. | Inappropriate style, with little to no awareness of the norms of the discipline. |
| Writing/ Knowledge of Language and Conventions | | COMMAND OF CONVENTIONS: • Full command of the conventions of standard English | COMMAND OF CONVENTIONS: Some command of the conventions of standard English | COMMAND OF CONVENTIONS: Limited command of the conventions of standard English | COMMAND OF CONVENTIONS: No command of the conventions of standard English |
| (scored out of 3) | | MECHANICS/ CLARITY: Few minor errors in mechanics, grammar, and usage Meaning is clear. | MECHANICS/ CLARITY: | MECHANICS/ CLARITY: • Errors in mechanics, grammar, and usage often impede understanding. | MECHANICS/ CLARITY: • Frequent and varied errors in mechanics, grammar, and usage impede understanding. |