

1. Compare and contrast ionic and molecular (covalent) bonds. How are each formed?
2. Compare and contrast ionic and molecular (covalent) compounds.
3. What type of bonds are present in NaCl?
4. Describe how the atoms and molecules in a liquid move in comparison with those in a solid. Which has the stronger bonds?
5. Write the formula of the following compounds. What type of compound is each of the following? What type of bond would each have?

	<u>Formula</u>	<u>Bond Type</u>
a) calcium phosphate	_____	_____
b) copper (II) sulfate	_____	_____
c) boron trichloride	_____	_____
d) zinc (II) sulfate	_____	_____
e) dinitrogen trioxide	_____	_____
f) trisilicon tetranitride	_____	_____
g) iron (III) nitride	_____	_____
h) magnesium hydroxide	_____	_____
i) dichlorine heptoxide	_____	_____
j) barium cyanide	_____	_____
k) methane (carbon tetrahydride)	_____	_____
l) nitrogen gas	_____	_____

6. Name the following compounds. What type of compound is each of the following? What type of bond would each have?

	<u>Name</u>	<u>Bond Type</u>
a) Cl ₂ O	_____	_____
b) SrSO ₄	_____	_____
c) NH ₃	_____	_____
d) SnO ₂	_____	_____
e) N ₂ H ₄	_____	_____
f) K ₂ CO ₃	_____	_____
g) ZnO	_____	_____
h) PI ₃	_____	_____
i) Cl ₂ O ₇	_____	_____
j) Fe ₂ (SO ₄) ₃	_____	_____
k) NH ₄ Cl	_____	_____
l) Cl ₂	_____	_____

7. Draw Lewis dot structures for the following molecular compounds.

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|-------------------------|---------------------------|
| a) ammonia | b) water |
| c) carbon dioxide | d) boron trifluoride |
| e) silicon tetrabromide | f) phosphorus trihydride |
| g) silicon dioxide | h) difluorine monosulfide |