

The Employee Newsletter of the BOCES Employee Assistance Program

Outstanding Performance Tips: Show You're a 'Self-Directed' Employee

You probably have a reputation as a "self-directed" employee if your work habits include anticipating needs, taking initiative, and solving problems independently. Leaders love self-directed employees, they require less oversight and lighten the load. These three tips may build your professional credibility, 1) In-



stead of asking your supervisor, "What do you want me to do?" show you have ideas and options for them to consider. 2) Instead of waiting to be told about a problem or what's needed, be aware, proactive, and attempt to solve problems when first spotted (Your goal is to be seen as a problem-solver, not a passive employee). 3) After being given an assignment, don't wait for your leader to ask, "Well, how's it going?", share the results, outcome, or work product when completed. With these practices, you'll be seen as a self-directed employee.

Prostate Cancer Prevention: Weight Management Tops Diet

Dr. Nigel Brockton, Vice President of Research at the American Institute for Cancer Research, says "The most modifiable risk factor for prostate cancer is obesity rather than diet or individual



components of diet directly." Research has found a higher risk of prostate cancer from foods containing saturated fat but there are protective factors from many foods containing lycopene, like tomatoes. Brockton is saying food is not the most important. It's weight management and exercise. Is it easier for you to focus on getting more lycopene from tomatoes than getting 150–300 minutes of exercise weekly? Eat a healthy diet, but remember, salad won't replace the sweat when it comes to prevention of prostate cancer.

Source: Fortune magazine, May 22, 2025

Kick Off Summer with a Family Meeting



It's summer, and for families this means new routines, activities, and schedules. It's the perfect time for

a family meeting. This powerful tool can also become a tradition to keep everyone connected and organized, while it models and strengthens family bonds. Other bonuses include teaching life skills like assertiveness, compromise, cooperation, and problem-solving. How to do it: Gather everyone in a comfortable space, review previous meeting issues, share successes, and set the meeting's goals. Encourage open, respectful discussion. Brainstorm solutions, agree on action steps, and talk about plans, ideas, trips, chores, transportation issues, and responsibilities. Conclude the meeting on a positive note.

Extreme Time Management that Works

Time is a perishable resource, consider these two simple time management conventions to maximize your productivity: time blocking and time boxing. Time blocking schedules specific blocks of time for specific work to be completed.



The benefit, which is underappreciated, is relief from constantly thinking about the work needing to be done and when it will happen. Time boxing assigns a specific amount of time to a given task; however, focusing on the work, ending precisely on time! The value of this convention is extreme focus, made possible by the sense of urgency imposed by the strict start-stop boundaries.

Working Well Under Pressure

Many jobs demand the ability to work well under pressure - few offer training on how to do it. Most employees figure it out as they go, leading to poor habits, chronic stress, burnout, or even resignation. If your job is high pressure, discover whether the following tips will help you finish the day with more energy and less



stress. 1) "I got this!" Attitude is everything. Even if it means faking it until you make it. By viewing work under pressure as something to command and not fear, you will feel more in control with a positive mindset and experience more resilience. 2) Set regular intervals to preempt fatigue by detaching from duties, even if it's only for several minutes. Hydrate and move. For example, walking only a single flight of stairs will stimulate your body and refresh your ability to focus. 3) Focus on one task at a time. Avoid seeing what's facing you as a single, overwhelming challenge. If feelings swell up, stop, take a breath, step back, and regain perspective. 4) Look for support. This includes the EAP, which can help you manage stress. For example, venting your frustrations can offer relief and help you regain focus. 5) Use a strategy to lift mood—anticipate an exciting personal reward you can look toward when the work is completed.

You're Probably Not a Workaholic

ave you ever been accused of being a workaholic? The label is often overapplied, particularly by friends and family. You can assess whether your work habits are unhealthy. It's worth reflecting on your work

habits because self-awareness is the first step if you need to make a change to be happier. Consider motivation, boundaries, level of joy or excitement, and effects on your health. 1) The person who loves to work (work enthusiast) is motivated by passion and conscious choice. The workaholic feels compelled and has a loss of control over work. 2) The work enthusiast can set boundaries on when and how much work they do, while the workaholic feels unable to control when and how much. 3) The work enthusiast feels joy and fulfillment, while the workaholic is not joyful about work and feels there is no choice but to continue. 4) The work enthusiast has healthy relationships, whereas the workaholic neglects relationships. 5) The work enthusiast doesn't suffer when not working, the workaholic experiences anxiety when they can't work, along with adverse effects on their relationships and health. If you spotted signs of unhealthy work habits, take the next step. Consider a deeper assessment, set limits, and prioritize your well-being. Still unsure about your work style? Talk to a professional counselor or reach out to your EAP. Learn more: medicalnewstoday.com/articles/workaholic



PTSD Awareness Month: Other Events Can Cause PTSD

Posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD) doesn't just affect war veterans or those who have experienced lifethreatening events or injuries. Don't let this myth cause you to hesitate getting treatment for symptoms you suspect could be



from a past trauma. You may feel your trauma isn't serious enough to justify treatment or you should handle it on your own. PTSD can result from a wide range of distressing experiences; fear and intensity of your experience, are more important indicators of a disorder. It is not necessarily the type of event. Chronic abuse, domestic violence, prolonged bullying and harassment, sexual assault, traumatic childbirth, or even betrayal or a serious relationship breakup can lead to PTSD. It's impossible to predict who will develop PTSD after a traumatic experience, as many factors, including genetics, may play a role. Don't let PTSD keep you from the life you want and deserve. Treatment is for anyone who thinks they've been affected.

Learn more about symptoms: www.ptsd.va.gov/understand/what/ptsd_basics.asp

Strength Training Matters as You Age

Don't overlook strength training as you age. It's as important as aerobic exercise—especially for preventing injuries. In fact, research shows maintaining muscle mass can improve balance, boost metabolism, and enhance



overall mobility as you get older. As you age, muscles lose mass and strength. This makes muscles weaker and more prone to injury, even from everyday activities like carrying heavy objects, bending over, standing for a long period of time, moving heavy furniture, and even pulling a cord to raise a blind. With muscle atrophy, injuries may happen even with good technique. Regular strength training, however, helps counteract this decline. Strength training can also support bone density, reduce the risk of falls, and help manage chronic conditions such as arthritis or diabetes. If you're new to strength training or have health concerns, talk to your doctor before starting. With strength training, you are more likely to enjoy a healthier and more active future.



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