

High School Chemistry Curriculum Adoption

Rebecca Swanson, Chemistry Teacher (RHS)

Anthony Asé, STEM Facilitator

Ivan Flores, STEM Facilitator

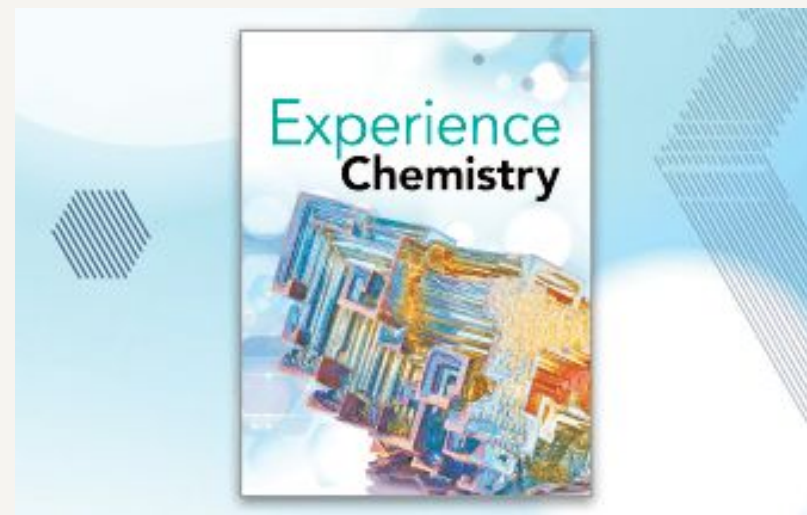
Mitchell Smith, STEM Facilitator

Bob Ettinger, Director of Curriculum, Instruction & Assessment

5/16/23

Purpose

We present our request to adopt **Savvas Experience Chemistry** as the core chemistry instructional materials for high school students.



Presentation Outline

- A. Consensus Process Description
- B. Timeline
- C. Prepare & Prescreen Phase (Process & Results)
- D. Paperscreen Phase (Members, Process, Tools & Results)
- E. Pilot Phase (Process, Tools & Results)
- F. Recommendations (Process & Results)
- G. Sample Experience Chemistry Lesson
- H. Next Steps

Consensus Process



Initial Probe: A call for fist-to-five. All agree or keep talking about it.

Discussion: People with the lowest numbers share evidence that supports their objections, as well as possible solutions to overcome those objections.

When a solution appears to be emerging...

Consensus Probe: Another fist-to-five is called. If there are no fists then we have consensus and the decision passes.

Our goal is to have 100% consensus but we may need to modify our process if consensus can't be reached.



Block

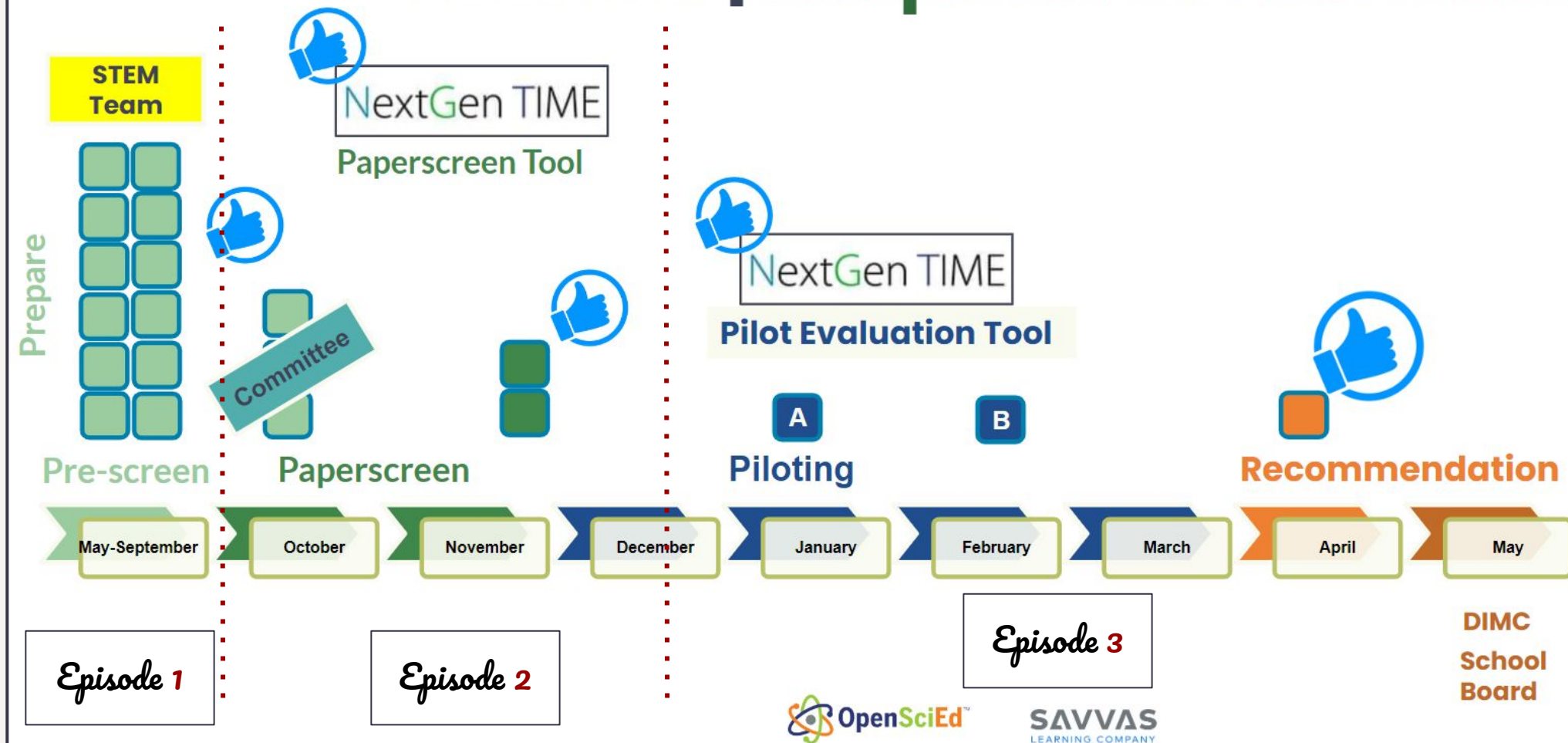


Dislike



Strong Support

Timeline | Snapshot of Activities



Process Overview

NextGen TIME

Episode 2

PREPARE

Prepare to evaluate, select, and implement instructional materials

Prepare Phase

During the Prepare Phase, leaders make plans to use NextGen TIME. This includes forming a team, determining readiness, and gathering potential programs.

Gist: **Survey** publishing market for options and **gather** materials

PRESCREEN

Use a small number of criteria to focus on the most relevant materials

Prescreen Phase

During the Prescreen Phase, a team uses key criteria to reduce the number of programs under consideration to three to five programs. These programs will be evaluated using the Paperscreen Tools and Processes.

Gist: Establish **criteria**, **evaluate** each and **narrow** to top options.

PAPERSCREEN

Use evidence & rubrics to evaluate design of materials

Paperscreen Phase

During the Paperscreen Phase, a team collaboratively collects, represents, and analyzes evidence from programs under consideration. The team identifies one or two programs to pilot in classrooms.

Gist: Form **committee**, establish **criteria**, **evaluate** and **narrow** to top two options

PILOT

Use evidence & rubrics to evaluate materials as used in the classroom

Pilot Phase

During the Pilot Phase, teachers collect evidence as they teach at least one unit from each program still under consideration. The additional evidence is analyzed to inform selection and implementation of the best program.

Gist: **Teach** one unit from each top candidate, **collect**, **score** evidence. **Evaluate** & **recommend** top choice.

PLAN

Plan for broad & effective implementation of materials

Plan Phase

During the Plan Phase, leaders develop and enact a plan to use the information collected through NextGen TIME to support and monitor the implementation of the selected program.

Gist: Participate in formal implementation training with embedded district supports

Episode 3

Episode 4

Adoption Committee

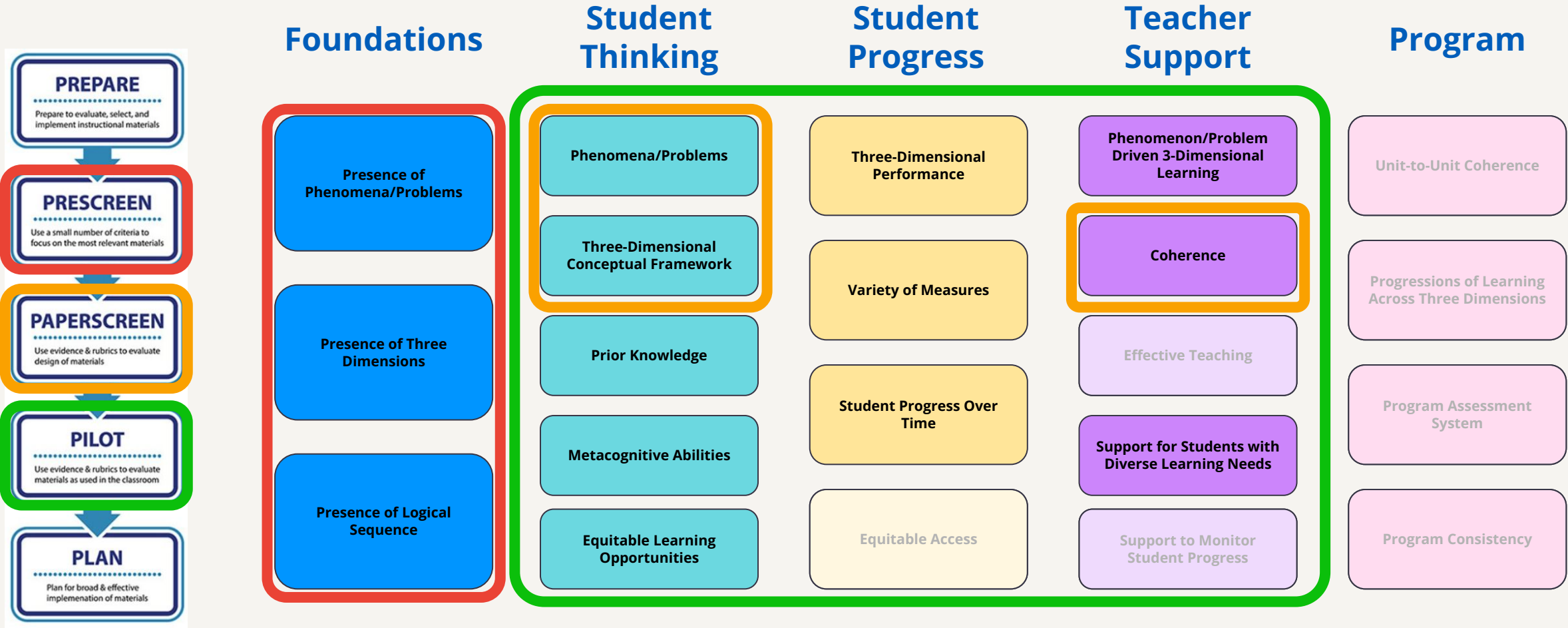
Member	School
Erin Fosler	Hazen HS
Susan Hoover	Hazen HS
Larry Mosko	Lindbergh HS
Richard Pemble	Renton HS
Rebecca Swanson	Renton HS
Anthony Asé	KEC*
Ivan Flores	KEC*
Mitchell Smith	KEC*
Robert Ettinger	KEC*

Instructor	School
Carol Coad	Hazen HS
Haley Panerio	Hazen HS
Robert Cockerham	Renton HS

Instructors **attended trainings, collected evidence, piloted programs** and **shared their preferences.**

Members **attended meetings & trainings, collected evidence, scored metrics, piloted programs*** and **came to consensus***. District staff participated in all tasks except those marked (*).

Metrics were based on NextGenTIME language



Programs for the **Paperscreen** Process (Ep. 2)

Three curricular candidates were selected for the committee's review.



Chemistry Curricula Options

- **OpenSciEd**
- **Biozone**
- **Experience Chemistry (Savvas)**

Paperscreen Metrics & Results

Component	OpenSciEd	Biozone	Savvas Experience Chem
ST1 Phenomena/Problems	3.40	1.83	3.58
ST2 Three-Dimensional Conceptual Framework	3.70	2.20	3.80
TS2 Coherence	3.10	2.00	3.90



Pilot Evaluation Tool Metrics



#	Component	OpenSciEd	Exp Chem
1	ST1 Phenomena /Problems	3.3	4.3
2	TS1 Phenomenon-/Problem Driven Learning	3.8	3.5
3	ST2 Three-Dimensional Conceptual Framework	3.5	3.8
4	SP1 Three-Dimensional Performance	2.8	3.8
5	TS2 Coherence	3.8	3.8
6	ST3 Prior Knowledge	4.0	4.0

#	Component	OpenSciEd	Exp Chem
7	ST4 Metacognitive Abilities	3.0	3.3
8	ST5 Equitable Learning Opportunities	2.3	3.8
9	TS4 Support for Students with Diverse Learning Needs	3.0	4.3
10	SP2 Variety of Measures	3.0	4.0
11	SP3 Student Progress Over Time	3.0	4.0
12	RSD1 Assessment and Grading-Supports	2.8	4.0
13	RSD2 Usability & Preparation	3.3	3.3

Equity Metric (ST5)

- Materials ensure that **all students, including those from nondominant groups and with diverse learning needs, have access to the targeted learning goals and experiences**, including
 - ❑ **appropriate reading, writing, listening, and/or speaking alternatives for students** who are English language learners, have special needs, read below the grade level, or have high interest and have already met the intended learning goals.
 - ❑ **culturally relevant contexts and examples or supports** that help students connect to the context or examples.
 - ❑ **opportunities to cultivate interest and confidence as scientists and engineers.**
 - ❑ **provides access and supports for students at a variety of levels of mathematical understanding**

SAVVAS
LEARNING COMPANY

3.8

 **OpenSciEd™**

2.3

Three Dimensional Conceptual Framework (ST2)

Materials include learning experiences that **help students to build scientifically accurate understandings and abilities** through opportunities for students to

- ❑ • **link prior knowledge** to negotiated new understanding and abilities.
- ❑ • **use reasoning to connect grade-appropriate** SEP, DCI, and CCC elements.
- ❑ • **ask and answer questions** that link learning over time.
- ❑ • **negotiate new understandings and abilities** by comparing their ideas, their peers' ideas, and ideas encountered in the learning experience(s).
- ❑ • **apply their understandings and abilities in a variety of ways.**

SAVVAS
LEARNING COMPANY

3.8

 **OpenSciEd™**

3.5

Student Survey Results – By Pilot



Q No	Question	Avg O	Avg S
Q1	I had the opportunity to act as a scientist (e.g. ask questions, develop and use models, plan and carry out investigations, analyze and interpret data, and construct explanations	3.51	3.42
Q2	I was able to explain phenomena and solve problems that are relevant to me and/or my community	3.18	3.14
Q3	I used what I already knew or what I had already experienced in my learning in this unit	3.16	3.33
Q4	The hands-on activities helped me to understand chemistry concepts.	3.44	3.40
Q5	I was able to show my learning in multiple ways	3.14	3.15
Q6	I enjoyed learning using these instructional materials	2.73	2.97
Q7	Overall, my experiences using these instructional materials helped me learn science	3.05	3.16
Overall		3.17	3.23

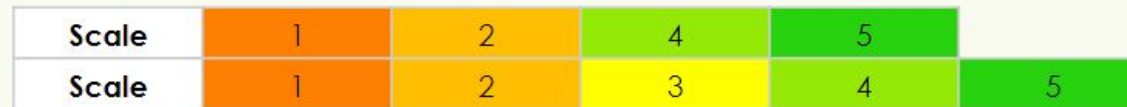


Figure 1. Average scores of student surveys (organized by Pilot curriculum)

Student Survey Results – By School

School	Avg Q1	Avg Q2	Avg Q3	Avg Q4	Avg Q5	Avg Q6	Avg Q7	Overall	No
Hazen HS	3.43	3.24	3.09	3.26	3.01	2.69	2.98	3.10	121
Lindbergh HS	3.38	3.17	3.50	3.69	3.27	2.77	3.08	3.26	48
Renton HS	3.84	3.06	2.98	3.64	3.34	2.80	3.18	3.26	50
								Total	219



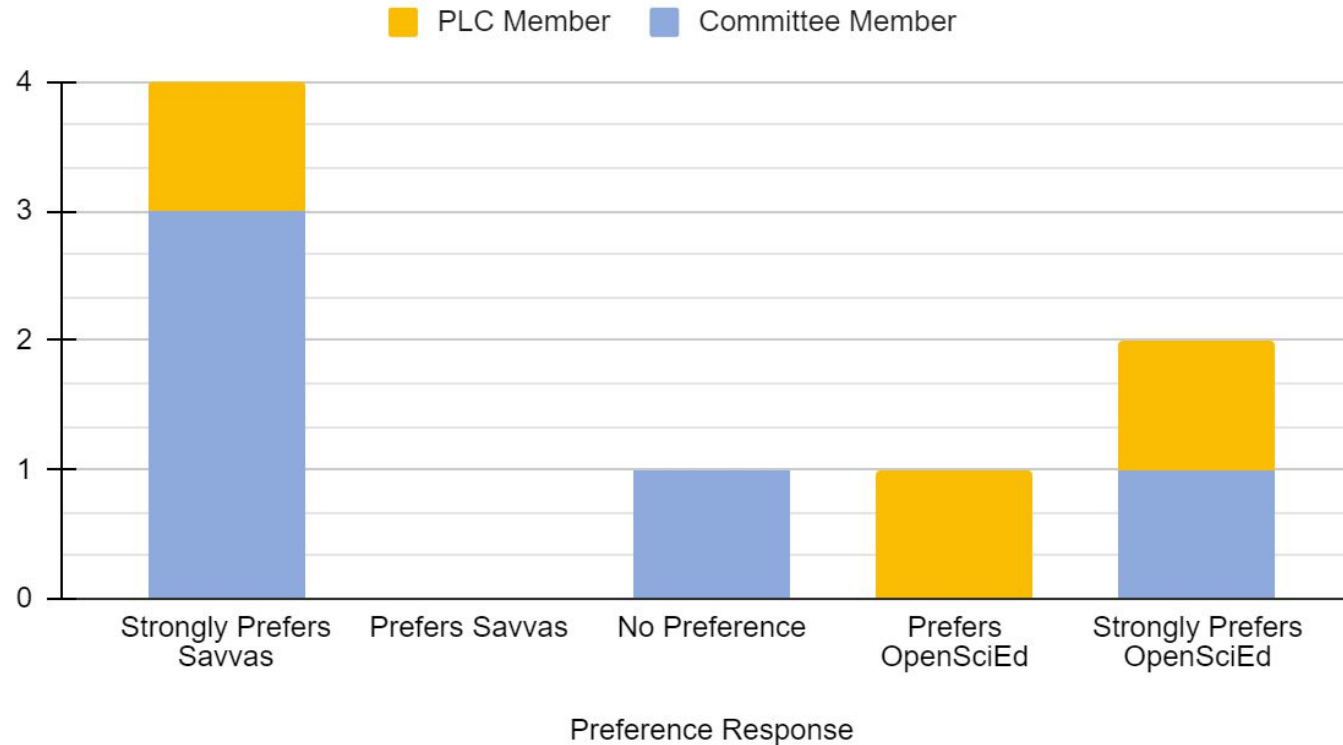
School	Avg Q1	Avg Q2	Avg Q3	Avg Q4	Avg Q5	Avg Q6	Avg Q7	Overall	No
Hazen HS	3.11	3.01	3.25	3.14	2.97	2.73	2.86	3.01	153
Lindbergh HS	3.69	3.31	3.46	3.51	3.12	3.00	3.28	3.34	67
Renton HS	3.76	3.26	3.36	3.76	3.51	3.40	3.60	3.52	85
								Total	305



Scale	1	2	4	5	
Scale	1	2	3	4	5

Figure 2. Average scores of student surveys (organized by Pilot curriculum)

Committee Member and PLC Member Preferences



(3) three Committee members strongly prefer **Savvas**

(1) PLC member prefers **Savvas**

(1) Committee member has no preference

(1) PLC member prefers **OpenSciEd**

(1) Committee member strongly prefers **OpenSciEd**

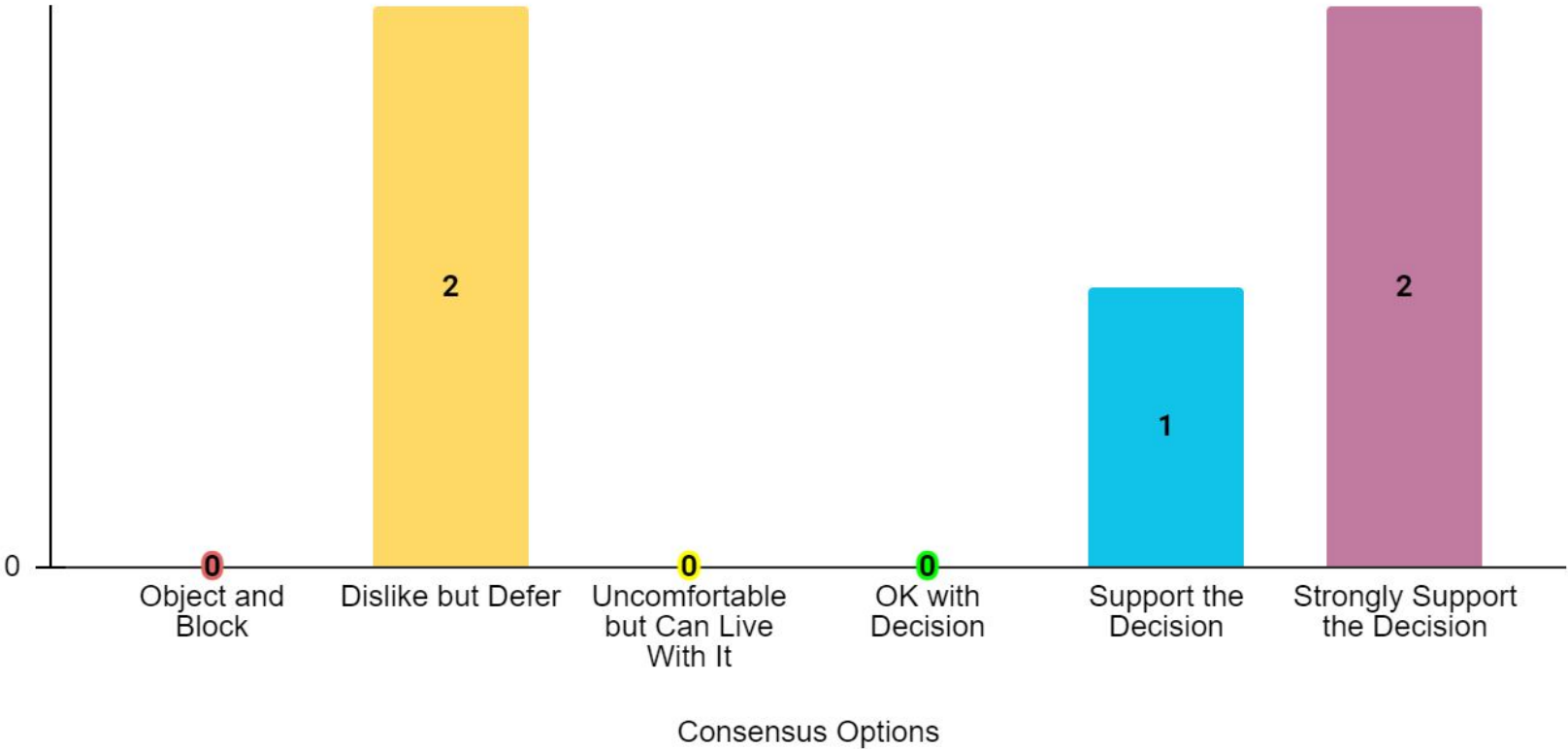
(1) PLC member strongly prefers OpenSciEd

Savvas - Pros	OpenSciEd - Pros
• Lots of teacher support structures • Students more engaged and curious • Students engaged in science practices • Connects to real world phenomena, but less phenomenon fatigue • Investigations, assessments more varied and adaptable by teachers • Easier to catch up students when absent • Easier to translate into multiple languages • Better meets the needs of students at my school • Will serve as a strong foundation for bridging toward a more inquiry-aligned practice • Provides a good blend of supports for teachers as individuals and as collaborators	• Accessible to more students • Real world connections • Lots of teacher support structures • OpenSciEd has something that all students (regardless of career and college plans) can take away • Requires less math pre-knowledge

Committee Consensus Positions (Final Tally) 4.23.24



Number of Responses

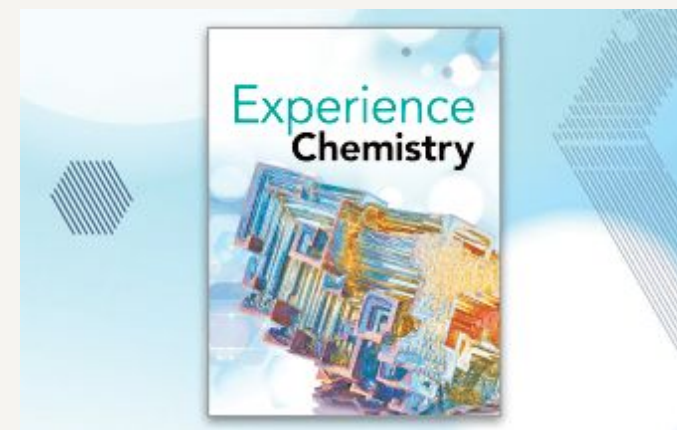


- I object & block the decision but will work to find a solution
- I dislike the decision but will defer to the group
- I'm uncomfortable with the decision, but can live with it
- I'm okay with this decision
- I support the decision
- I strongly support the decision

Consensus Level	Tally
0	0
1	2
2	0
3	0
4	1
5	2

Recommendation

We ask for approval to purchase **Savvas Experience Chemistry** instructional materials for the next 7 years with continued support.



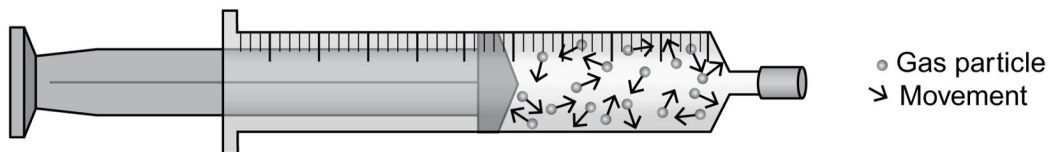
Sample Savvas Experience Chemistry Lesson

MODELING

Model the Combined Gas Laws

Your class is doing an investigation studying a sample of gas contained in a sealed syringe. The figure shows the starting condition of the apparatus. Three scenarios are used to model the relationships between pressure (P), temperature (T), and volume (V).

1. The syringe is heated to increase T . The plunger is allowed to move freely.
2. The plunger is moved to reduce V . T remains constant.
3. The syringe is heated to increase T . The plunger is held in place.



Develop and Use Your Model

1. **SEP Develop Models** Use the space to draw models of the apparatus in Scenarios 1, 2, and 3. As you develop your models, consider the following:
 - Each model should show the position of the plunger, the molecules, and their motion to explain any changes in volume, temperature, and pressure.
 - The syringe is sealed, so the number of gas molecules is constant.

What we will do:

- Develop and use models to show gas particles in three scenarios.

What we will figure out:

- Use your models to construct explanations of the end points of each scenario
- Use what you know about how *gas pressure, temperature and volume* relate to each other.

Next Steps

- DIMC and School Board Approval
- Print teacher and student materials
- Update Scope and Sequence with teacher input
- Summer Initial Use Training on in August
- Continue professional learning supports through the school year and beyond