## 2025-2026 BUDGET INFORMAL MEETING

FOR THE PURPOSE OF TRAINING

APRIL 30, 2025

ST. HELENS SCHOOL DISTRICT #502

DR. KAREN GRAY, ACTING SUPERINTENDENT

CHRISTY WOODARD, CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

#### AGENDA

- What We Can't Discuss Today
- Role of Budget Committee
- Local Budgeting Law
- Public Meeting Law
- Budget Definitions
- Budget Document Terms and Account Segments
- Overview of Funds

#### WHAT WE CAN'T DISCUSS TODAY

- Specific estimates of revenue, expenditures, or appropriation amounts
- Whether or not to fund any specific program or expenditure
- Question of whether to impose a tax levy, or the amount of the levy

#### **BUDGET COMMITTEE ROLES**

- Elect presiding officer
- Establish budget committee procedural rules
- Review budget document and budget message
  - Compare two previous years' actual data, the current budget data, and the proposed figures
  - May change estimates of resources and requirements
  - Taxation
  - Allocation of resources and requirements
  - Balance budget
- Ask questions of budget officer or other staff
  - Request additional information
    - The committee is entitled to receive any information needed in order to approve the budget.
- Approve budget and imposed tax rate, sending recommendation to the school board.

#### LOCAL BUDGETING LAW

- Establishes standard procedures for preparing, presenting, and administering the budget.
- Requires citizen involvement in the preparation of the budget and public disclosure of the budget before its formal adoption.
  - Appoint a budget officer
  - Form a budget committee
  - Publish notices
  - Make budgets available for public review
  - Create opportunities for public comment

#### PUBLIC MEETING LAW

- Hold meetings that are open to the public
  - A quorum is required to conduct committee business (one more than half of the total members) (5)
- Publish notices of meetings
- Keep meeting minutes
  - Motions needed for final budget, and tax to be imposed
  - A majority of total committee (5) must vote for a motion to pass
- Members of a governing body should not gather or discuss the budget outside of public budget meetings
  - Telephone conference calls or other electronic communication are subject to Public Meeting Law
  - Questions can be asked outside of meetings to the Budget Officer OR Chief Financial Officer

#### **BUDGET DEFINITIONS**

- Resources = Revenue
- Requirements = Expenditures
- State School Fund Formula
  - ODE's method of allocating revenue to K-12 school districts
    - To ensure every district receives the same amount per student
    - Adjusted only for uncontrollable cost differences
      - Some groups of students need additional supports and are more expensive to educate
      - The SSF helps provide funding equity around the state by adding additional funding for these students which is called "weighting"

#### BUDGET DOCUMENT TERMS & ACCOUNT SEGMENTS

<b>Capital outlay.</b> Items which generally have a useful life of one or more years, such as machinery, land, furniture, equipment, or buildings	<b>Payroll Expenses.</b> Health and accident insurance premiums, social security and retirement contributions.
<b>Contingency.</b> Funds held for emergency use. Requires board resolution prior to use (up to 15%). Supplemental budget required if over 15% will be used.	<b>Revenues</b> . Monies received or anticipated, from either tax or nontax sources.
<b>Expenditures.</b> Decreases in net financial resources.	<b>Transfers.</b> Amounts distributed from one fund to finance activities in another fund. Shown as a requirement in the originating fund and a resource in the receiving fund.
<b>Fund</b> . A division in a budget segregating independent fiscal and accounting requirements.	Unappropriated ending fund balance. Amount set aside in the budget to be used as a cash carryover to the next year's budget, to provide the local government with needed cash flow until other monies are received. No expenditure can be made from these funds in the current year. (Exception – certain emergencies such as a natural disaster)

#### **BUDGET DEFINITIONS**

- ADMr = Average Daily Membership resident (# of Students)
- ADMw = ADMr + Adjustments for Additional Costs to Educate certain groups of students (weighted)

Groups of Students Requiring Additional Costs	Weighting (w)
Poverty	.25
English Language Learners (ELL)	.50
Pregnant/Parenting	1.00
Special Education (capped at 11% of ADMr)	1.00
Foster Care, Neglected/Delinquent	.25

#### **BUDGET DEFINITIONS**

State School Fund Formula (continued)

- State Aid + Local Revenue = ADMw x \$ per ADMw
  - Or: State Aid + Local Revenue = (# Students + Cost Factors) x Base Funding per Student
- Each district's share of total funding depends **solely** on the base funding per student and their additional cost factors or weighting (w)
  - This is a balanced equation where ADMw and \$ per ADMw as determined by the state is always the result of our total funding.
  - If one factor on the left side of the equation changes, the other factor must compensate.
    - If local revenues rise, state aid decreases. If local revenues fall, state aid increases.



#### **BUDGET DOCUMENT TERMS & ACCOUNT SEGMENTS**

#### Funds

- General Fund 100
- Special Revenue Funds- 2XX
- Debt Service Funds 3XX
- Capital Project Funds 4XX
- Budget will include
  - Prior Year Actual amounts (2022-23, and 2023-24)
  - Current year budget as adopted
  - Proposed, approved, and adopted amounts for 2025-26
  - School Districts prepare their budget according to functions and objects
  - Budget amounts will include full time equivalents (FTEs) where applicable and amounts in dollars (\$)

## GENERAL FUND FUND 100

- Used for the general operating expenses of the district
- May be transferred to other funds by Board Resolution for restricted uses such as Debt Service, Property Purchases and Capital Expenditures
  - Other funds may not be moved into the General Fund
- Revenues are from State, Intermediate and Local Sources
- Expenditures include:
  - Non-discretionary or fixed expenses such as bargained salaries, benefits, employer payroll expenses, custodial, food services, and contracted transportation (85-90% of the budget)
  - Discretionary expenses such as purchased services and supplies
- SHSD board policy requires a 5% Unappropriated Ending Fund Balance

#### SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FUND 200 – RESTRICTED FUNDS

- Federal, State and Local Grants
- Other Special Sources of Revenue such as donations or transfers from other funds
- Restricted use may not be used for other purposes
- Examples:
  - Federal Title and Special Education Grants (Title I, IDEA, etc)
  - SIA
  - HSS

## **OTHER RESTRICTED FUNDS**

- PERS Debt Service Fund
- General Obligation Bonds Funds
- Capital Construction Fund (Construction Excise Tax)

#### RESOURCES PROVIDED ELECTRONICALLY AFTER MEETING

- Budget Committee Calendar https://www.sthelens.k12.or.us/fs/resource-manager/view/5922d1f5-380a-40ea-9161-4c4a2d616a83
- Budget Committee Handbook https://4.files.edl.io/72ae/08/23/23/212225-268a769a-1407-48a0-a7c4-9b3358130502.pdf
- Local Budgeting in Oregon https://www.oregon.gov/dor/forms/FormsPubs/local-budgeting-oregon\_504-400.pdf
- Local Budgeting Manual <u>https://www.oregon.gov/dor/forms/FormsPubs/local-budgeting-manual\_504-420.pdf</u>
- Audited Financials for the Fiscal Year Ending June 30, 2024 (Acceptance of report at May board meeting)
- School Finance/Budget Committee Basics https://youtu.be/P-i-chaof6A

# Thank You!