# Unit 9 Family Letter



Dear Family,

In this unit, Addition within 100, we will be learning how to add 1- and 2-digit numbers using different strategies.

#### STEM Career Kid for this Unit

### Hi, I'm Marisol.

I want to be a paramedic. Paramedics use math when they find the total distance they travel on a call.



Term	Student Understanding
digit	can be used to make any number; for example, the digits 1 and 8 can be used to make the number 18
open number line	a number line without any tick marks or numbers
regroup	making and rearranging groups of tens when adding 2-digit numbers



## What can your child do at home?

Encourage your child to add 2-digit numbers using a strategy that he or she has learned. For example, have your child solve addition problems by breaking apart the numbers to be added.

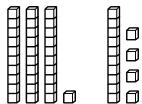
# What Will Students Learn in this Unit?

## **Adding with Tens and Ones**

Your child will learn how to use base-ten blocks to add 2-digit numbers. Students are encouraged to use base-ten blocks to support their learning.

Example:

Add. Write the sum.

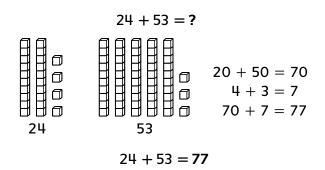


31 + 14 = 45

## **Decompose Numbers to Add**

Your child will also learn to break apart numbers to add. Students use base-ten blocks and the break apart strategy to find the sum of two numbers. Students will learn how to decompose, or break apart, addends to solve an addition problem.

Example:



## Regrouping to Add

Your child will also learn how to make a new 10 when adding. This is also known as regrouping. When the ones place of both addends has a sum greater than 9, regrouping is required. When adding 38 + 27, students can add 8 ones + 7 ones = 15 ones. They then regroup 10 ones as 1 ten. Next the tens are added: 3 tens + 1 ten + 2 tens = 6 tens. Finally, the tens and ones are added: 6 tens + 5 ones = 65.

Example:

