

Parent Guide for Algebra 2 Honors

The Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) Standards for Mathematics are the state's mathematical standards that pave the way for Florida students to receive a world-class education and prepare them for a successful future.

Education leaders from across the state came together to develop Florida's B.E.S.T. Standards for Mathematics. These standards and benchmarks are goals that students are expected to achieve by the end of the school year. A standard is an overarching

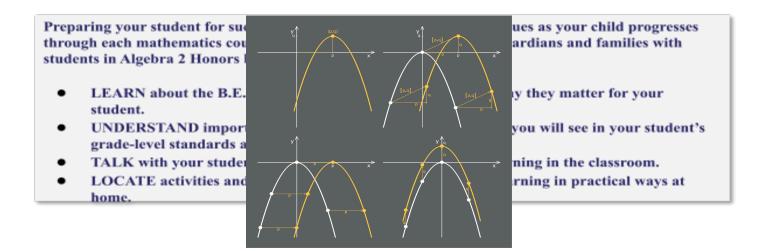
THESE STANDARDS WERE WRITTEN TO:

Provide clarity on the grade-level expectations for educators, parents and students.

Allow students flexibility to solve problems using a method/strategy of their choice.

Allow for student discovery (i.e., exploration) of strategies rather than the teaching, naming and assessing of each strategy individually.

criterion for a grade level or grade band. A benchmark is a specific expectation or skill for the grade level or grade band that falls within a standard. The B.E.S.T. Standards are designed to ensure that ALL students reach their greatest potential.







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Learn About ne Algebra 2 Honors Standards

This table describes the areas of emphasis within Algebra 2 Honors and provides examples of specific expectations within each area of emphasis. The purpose of the areas of emphasis is not to provide detailed guidance for specific units of learning and instruction, but rather provide insight on major mathematical topics that will be covered within the mathematics course.

Area of Emphasis	Examples
Developing understanding of the complex number system, including complex numbers as roots of polynomial equations. Extending arithmetic operations with algebraic expressions to include polynomial division, and radical and rational expressions.	 Add, subtract, multiply and divide complex numbers. Understand the elements that make up the complex number system, including the imaginary number, i. Determine the complex roots of a polynomial equation. Add, subtract, multiply and divide radical expressions. Convert between expressions with rational exponents and radical expressions. Given a mathematical or real-world context, add, subtract, multiply and divide polynomial expressions.
Graphing and analyzing functions including polynomials, absolute value, radical, rational, exponential and logarithmic.	 Identify key features of functions such as domain; range; intercepts; intervals where the function is increasing, decreasing, positive or negative; end behavior; and asymptotes. Determine the roots of functions. Given written descriptions, equations, graphs and tables of values, recognize the function being represented and then represent the function in a different way. Use inequality, interval or set builder notations when representing domain and range.
Extending systems of equations and inequalities to include non-linear expressions.	 Given a mathematical or real-world context, write and solve a system of two-variable or three-variable linear equations and inequalities algebraically or graphically. Given a mathematical or real-world context, solve a system consisting of two-variable quadratic equations.
Building functions using compositions, inverses and transformations.	 Determine the domain and range of a composite function. Solve mathematical or real-world problems involving composite functions and inverse functions. Represent the inverse of a function algebraically, graphically or in a table. Given an exponential function, write its inverse as a logarithmic function.
Developing understanding of probability concepts.	 Calculate the conditional probability of one event given another event and interpret the result in terms of its context. Determine independence of events. Describe events as unions, intersections or complements of other events. Given a mathematical or real-world situation, calculate the appropriate permutation or combination.





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ctional Guide for Mathematics

The B.E.S.T. structional Guide for Mathematics (B1G-M) is intended to assist educators with planning for student learning and instruction aligned to Florida's Benchmarks for Excellent Student Thinking (B.E.S.T.) Standards. This guide is designed to aid high-quality instruction through the identification of components that support the learning and teaching of the B.E.S.T. Mathematics Standards and Benchmarks. The B1G-M can be utilized by parents, guardians and families to support learning at home through the Instructional Strategies section.

This document is posted on the B.E.S.T. Standards for Mathematics webpage (https://www.fldoe.org/academics/standards/subject-areas/math-science/mathematics/bestmath.stml) of the Florida Department of Education's website and will continue to undergo edits as needed.





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Mathematic.. Words to Know and Use in Algebra 2 Honors

Absolute Value	Conditional Relative Frequency	Function Notation	Matrix	Principal Square Roots	Sample Space
Arithmetic Sequence	End Behavior	Geometric Sequence	Monomial	Proportional Relationships	Scatterplot
Bivariate Data	Event	Inverse Function	Percent of Change	Quadratic Equation	Set-Builder Notation
Cluster (Data)	Experimental Probability	Joint Frequency	Percent Rate of Change Scale Factor	Quadratic Function	Theoretical Probability
Coefficient	Exponential Function	Line of Fit	Piecewise Function	Rational Expression	
Compound Inequality	Frequency Table	Logarithmic Function	Polynomial	Real Number	

Definitions for these terms can be found in the glossary of the standards book accessed at K-12 Mathematics Glossary.

Support Learning at Home

You can encourage learning mathematics at home in ways that are fun for you and your student. Try these ideas after school, on weekends and during the summer:

- ✓ Have your student help you sort the laundry into different groups. For example, put all the pants in one pile, shirts in another pile and socks in a third pile. Talk about what the items in each pile have in common.
- ✓ Plan a trip to the movies with a specific budget. Before going, have your student research the price for three types of snacks. Then, have them figure out the possible number of each type of snack they can purchase.
- Research with your student how logarithmic functions can be applied in the real world.
- ✓ Have your child practice inputting the functions found in the table below in a graphing utility, handheld or online. Create a chart for each function to include the name, function notation and visual of the graph. Have your student identify the maximum or minimum values. As an extra step, have them place a negative sign (-) in front of the expression in the function. Ask them what they notice.

Linear f(x) = x	Square root $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$	Exponential $f(x) = b^x$, use $b > 1$
Quadratic	Cube root $f(x) = \sqrt[3]{x}$	Logarithmic $f(x) = x$, use $b > 1$
$f(x) = x^2$		
Cubic $f(x) = x^3$	Absolute value $f(x) = x $	Reciprocal $f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$





BENCHMARKS FOR EXCELLENT STUDENT THINKING STANDARDS Parent Guide for Algebra 2 Honors

ur student select a recipe where there is an ingredient that can be replaced with another recipe. Every me they see that ingredient in the selected recipe, have them replace it with a recipe for that ingredient. Discuss with your student how the substituted recipe may change the original recipe. Make connections between this discussion and the composition of functions.

✓ Using a deck of cards, determine the probability that two cards drawn at random from the deck will both be aces. Discuss with your student how drawing an ace the first time will affect the probability of drawing an ace the second time.





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Talk with You Student's Teacher

Remember, you are your student's first teacher. Think about a parent-teacher conference as a "team meeting" in which you will discover the special contributions each of you bring to your student's success. Here are some questions you could ask to prompt discussions:

Which skills or topics is my student working on? Which have they mastered? How can I support them at home?

In the area of mathematics, what are my student's strengths? How are those strengths supported during instruction? Where is my student struggling and how can I help?

Can my student show you that they understand what they are learning about through manipulatives, drawing, talking and writing? If not, what challenges are they facing?

> What topics in connection to science and social studies is my student learning about through math?

What behaviors should I see when my student is doing math? Can I see an example of the type of problems my student is given? How can I support them at home?





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Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards (MTRs)

Florida students are expected to engage with mathematics through the Mathematical Thinking and Reasoning Standards (MTRs). These standards are written in clear language so all stakeholders can understand them and teachers can assist students to use them as self-monitoring tools. The MTRs promote deeper learning and understanding of mathematics. By understanding the MTRs, parents, guardians and families can support the development of these skills at home.

MA.K12.MTR.1.1 Actively participate in effortful learn individually and collectively.	ning both	MA.K12.MTR.2 Demonstrate under in multiple ways.	.1 erstanding by representing problems
MA.K12.MTR.3.1 Complete tasks with mathematical f	luency.	MA.K12.MTR.4.1 Engage in discussions that reflect on the mathematical thinking of self and others.	
MA.K12.MTR.5.1 Use patterns and structure to connect mathematical concepts.	MA.K12.MTR.6.1 Assess the reasonableness of solutions.		MA.K12.MTR.7.1 Apply mathematics to real-world contexts.

Your student will develop the above skills (MTRs) throughout their education and during their life. These skills will help maintain positive relationships through effective communication, collaboration, conflict resolution and problem solving.

Below are some ways you can help develop mathematical thinking and reasoning skills for your Algebra 2 Honors student:

- ✓ Encourage your student to ask questions when they do not understand what is being asked of them.
- ✓ Ask your student to estimate before determining a solution to the task at hand.
- ✓ Identify a problem and create a plan to tackle it in smaller steps that are more manageable.
- ✓ Try activities like a scavenger hunt or a puzzle.

By helping to develop your student's mathematical thinking and reasoning skills, you will prepare them to become a confident, independent and successful individual.

