HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT

AUDIT REPORT June 30, 2022



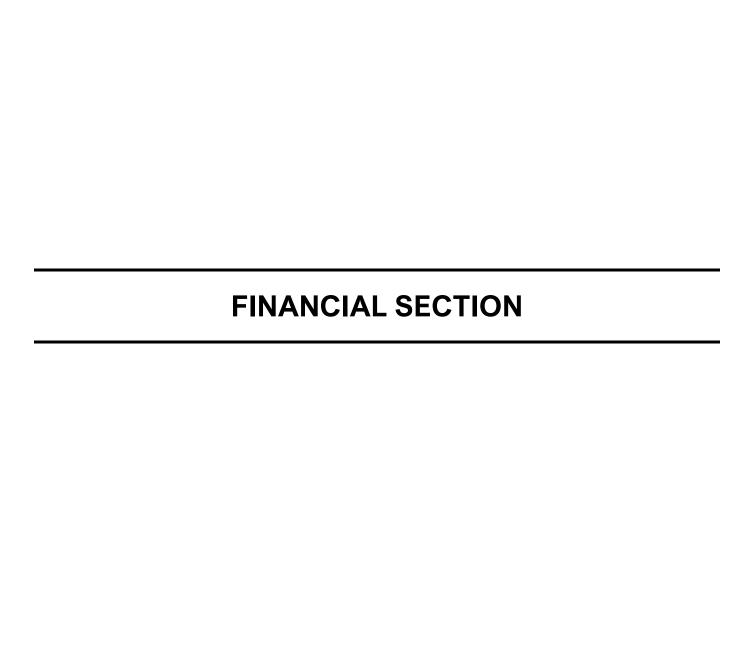
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REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Hamilton Unified School District, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Hamilton Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hamilton Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
 the Hamilton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgement, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Hamilton Unified School District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, such as management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedules of proportionate share of net pension liability, and schedules of district contributions for pensions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information listed in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 31, 2023 on our consideration of the Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

San Diego, California May 31, 2023

Christy White, Inc.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

INTRODUCTION

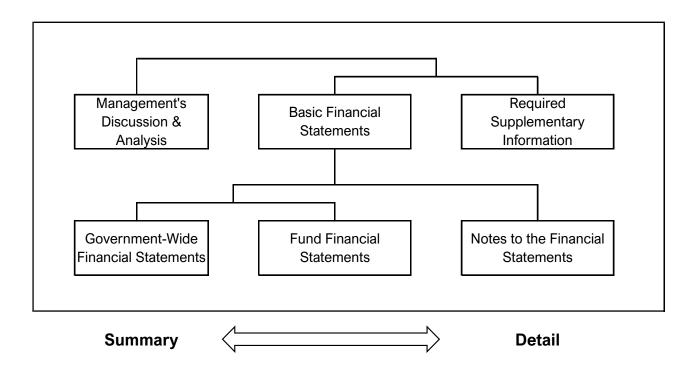
Our discussion and analysis of Hamilton Unified School District's (District) financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's net position was \$1,371,423 at June 30, 2022. This was an increase of \$1,543,500 from the prior year.
- Overall revenues were \$12,078,983 which exceeded expenses of \$10,535,483.

OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Components of the Financial Section



OVERVIEW OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Components of the Financial Section (continued)

This annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. The three sections together provide a comprehensive overview of the District. The basic financial statements are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives:

- **Government-wide financial statements**, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the entity's overall financial position.
- Fund financial statements focus on reporting the individual parts of District operations in more detail. The fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.
 - ▶ Governmental Funds provide a detailed *short-term* view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The basic financial statements are followed by a section of required and other supplementary information that further explain and support the financial statements.

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the government's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities, regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is one way to measure the District's financial health or position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include governmental activities. All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular education, food service, maintenance and general administration. Local control formula funding and federal and state grants finance most of these activities.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$1,371,423 at June 30, 2022, as reflected in the table below. Of this amount, \$(6,218,198) was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the Governing Board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations.

	Governmental Activities							
		2022		2021		Net Change		
ASSETS								
Current and other assets	\$	5,915,320	\$	5,627,119	\$	288,201		
Capital assets		10,663,815		7,949,282		2,714,533		
Total Assets		16,579,135		13,576,401		3,002,734		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		2,819,567		3,251,049		(431,482)		
LIABILITIES								
Current liabilities		1,686,599		2,083,804		(397,205)		
Long-term liabilities		11,737,649		14,354,878		(2,617,229)		
Total Liabilities		13,424,248		16,438,682		(3,014,434)		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		4,603,031		560,845		4,042,186		
NET POSITION								
Net investment in capital assets		5,969,155		5,808,356		160,799		
Restricted		1,620,466		1,562,441		58,025		
Unrestricted		(6,218,198)		(7,542,874)		1,324,676		
Total Net Position	\$	1,371,423	\$	(172,077)	\$	1,543,500		

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities. The table below takes the information from the Statement and rearranges it slightly, so you can see our total revenues and expenses for the year.

	Governmental Activities						
		2022		2021		Net Change	
REVENUES							
Program revenues							
Charges for services	\$	154,101	\$	135,512	\$	18,589	
Operating grants and contributions		2,710,019		3,090,782		(380,763)	
General revenues							
Property taxes		2,124,166		2,264,021		(139,855)	
Unrestricted federal and state aid		6,669,930		6,049,130		620,800	
Other		420,767		208,694		212,073	
Total Revenues		12,078,983		11,748,139		330,844	
EXPENSES							
Instruction		5,388,361		5,913,463		(525,102)	
Instruction-related services		1,117,379		1,160,859		(43,480)	
Pupil services		1,206,739		1,129,651		77,088	
General administration		633,949		897,839		(263,890)	
Plant services		979,042		937,407		41,635	
Ancillary and community services		260,246		126,239		134,007	
Debt service		73,132		97,619		(24,487)	
Other outgo		876,635		961,446		(84,811)	
Total Expenses		10,535,483		11,224,523		(689,040)	
Change in net position		1,543,500		523,616		1,019,884	
Net Position - Beginning		(172,077)		(695,693)		523,616	
Net Position - Ending	\$	1,371,423	\$	(172,077)	\$	1,543,500	

The cost of all our governmental activities this year was \$10,535,483 (refer to the table above). The amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through taxes was only \$2,124,166 because a portion of the cost was paid by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions.

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE ENTITY AS A WHOLE (continued)

Changes in Net Position (continued)

In the table below, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's functions. Net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

	Net Cost of Services						
		2022		2021			
Instruction	\$	4,080,813	\$	3,591,558			
Instruction-related services		942,608		900,518			
Pupil services		360,186		769,778			
General administration		605,498		878,141			
Plant services		795,054		838,280			
Ancillary and community services		(18,110)		(17,746)			
Debt service		73,132		97,619			
Transfers to other agencies		832,182		940,081			
Total	\$	7,671,363	\$	7,998,229			

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S MAJOR FUNDS

The financial performance of the District as a whole is reflected in its governmental funds as well. As the District completed this year, its governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,533,319, which is more than last year's ending fund balance of \$3,945,975. The District's General Fund had \$2,241,189 less in operating revenues than expenditures, along with net financing sources (uses) of \$2,938,728, for a net increase in fund balance of \$697,539 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

CURRENT YEAR BUDGET 2021-2022

During the fiscal year, budget revisions and appropriation transfers are presented to the Board for their approval on a periodic basis to reflect changes to both revenues and expenditures that become known during the year. In addition, the Board of Education approves financial projections included with the Adopted Budget, First Interim, and Second Interim financial reports. The Unaudited Actuals reflect the District's financial projections and current budget based on State and local financial information.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets

By the end of 2021-2022 the District had invested \$10,663,815 in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation.

	Governmental Activities					
		2022	2021	Net Change		
CAPITAL ASSETS				_		
Land	\$	1,486,608 \$	1,486,608 \$	-		
Construction in progress		370,715	315,679	55,036		
Land improvements		713,296	646,205	67,091		
Buildings & improvements		10,709,108	10,575,937	133,171		
Furniture & equipment		5,286,189	2,274,547	3,011,642		
Less: Accumulated depreciation		(7,902,101)	(7,349,694)	(552,407)		
Total Capital Assets	\$	10,663,815 \$	7,949,282 \$	2,714,533		

Long-Term Liabilities

At year-end, the District had \$11,737,649 in long-term liabilities, a decrease of 18.23% from last year – as shown in the table below. More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in footnotes to the financial statements.

	Governmental Activities							
		2022	2021		Net Change			
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES								
Total general obligation bonds	\$	1,975,950 \$	2,397,842	\$	(421,892)			
Financed purchases		2,995,268	8,880		2,986,388			
Early retirement incentive		240,837	340,824		(99,987)			
Compensated absences		45,383	37,687		7,696			
Total OPEB liability		2,295,784	2,753,694		(457,910)			
Net pension liability		4,458,275	9,180,563		(4,722,288)			
Less: current portion of long-term liabilities		(273,848)	(364,612)		90,764			
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$	11,737,649 \$	14,354,878	\$	(2,617,229)			

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of several circumstances that could affect its future financial health.

In its September 2022 quarterly report, the UCLA Anderson Forecast stated the U.S. economy was likely to muddle along with below-trend growth and continued high inflation over the next twelve months. No recession is forecast at this time; however, the possibility still exists that persistent inflation and aggressive interest rate policy will lead to a hard landing of the economy, potentially triggering a recession. In California, defense spending and technology demands will likely keep the economy growing.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET (continued)

Fiscal policy for the funding of public education changes annually based on fluctuations in State revenues. The May 2022 Budget Revision includes total funding of \$128.3 billion (\$78.4 billion General Fund and \$49.9 billion other funds) for all K-12 education programs, additionally, the revised spending plan further accelerates the implementation of the "California for All Kids" plan, which is a whole-child support framework designed to target inequities in educational outcomes among students from different demographic backgrounds and empower parents and families with more options and services. The Proposition 98 Guarantee continues to be in Test 1 for 2021-22 and 2022-23. To accommodate enrollment increases related to the expansion of transitional kindergarten, the Governor's Budget proposed re-benching the Test 1 percentage to increase the percentage of General Fund revenues due to the Guarantee, from 38.03 percent to approximately 38.4 percent. The May Revision updates the increased Test 1 percentage from approximately 38.4 percent to approximately 38.3 percent. At May Revision, the 2022-23 cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) is updated to 6.56 percent, the largest COLA in the history of LCFF.

The District participates in state employee pensions plans, California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and both are underfunded. The District's proportionate share of the liability is reported in the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2022. The amount of the liability is material to the financial position of the District. The CalSTRS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 19.10 percent. The CalPERS projected employer contribution rate for 2022-23 is 25.37 percent. The projected increased pension costs to school employers remain a significant fiscal factor.

Enrollment can fluctuate due to factors such as population growth, competition from private, parochial, inter-district transfers in or out, economic conditions and housing values. Losses in enrollment will cause a school district to lose operating revenues without necessarily permitting the district to make adjustments in fixed operating costs.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the District's budget for the 2022-23 fiscal year.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the District's Business Office, Hamilton Unified School District, 620 Canal Street, PO Box 488; Hamilton City, CA 95951.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

	GovernmentalActivities
ASSETS	
Cash and investments	\$ 5,366,184
Accounts receivable	525,343
Inventory	1,828
Prepaid expenses	21,965
Capital assets, not depreciated	1,857,323
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	8,806,492
Total Assets	16,579,135
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred outflows related to pensions	1,573,360
Deferred outflows related to OPEB	1,246,207
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,819,567
LIABILITIES	
Deficit cash	9,937
Accrued liabilities	1,116,873
Unearned revenue	285,941
Long-term liabilities, current portion	273,848
Long-term liabilities, non-current portion	11,737,649
Total Liabilities	13,424,248
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Deferred inflows related to pensions	3,952,810
Deferred inflows related to OPEB	650,221
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,603,031
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	5,969,155
Restricted:	
Capital projects	192,275
Debt service	241,384
Educational programs	814,761
Food service	190,318
Associated student body	181,728
Unrestricted	(6,218,198)
Total Net Position	\$ 1,371,423

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

				Program	Rever	nues	С	venues and hanges in et Position
Function/Programs		Expenses		narges for Services	G	Operating Grants and Intributions	Go	vernmental Activities
GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES								
Instruction	\$	5,388,361	\$	8,858	\$	1,298,690	\$	(4,080,813)
Instruction-related services								
Instructional supervision and administration		1,033		-		-		(1,033)
Instructional library, media, and technology		126,904		17,036		6,656		(103,212)
School site administration		989,442		581		150,498		(838,363)
Pupil services								
Home-to-school transportation		231,809		587		229		(230,993)
Food services		578,334		208		751,793		173,667
All other pupil services		396,596		242		93,494		(302,860)
General administration								
All other general administration		633,949		22		28,429		(605,498)
Plant services		979,042		1		183,987		(795,054)
Ancillary services		260,246		126,566		151,790		18,110
Interest on long-term debt		73,132		-		-		(73,132)
Other outgo		876,635		-		44,453		(832,182)
Total Governmental Activities	\$	10,535,483	\$	154,101	\$	2,710,019		(7,671,363)
		ral revenues						
	Tax	es and subventi	ons					
	Pr	operty taxes, le	vied for	general purp	oses			1,955,823
		operty taxes, le						168,343
	Fe	ederal and state	aid not	restricted for	speci	fic purposes		6,669,930
	Inte	rest and investr	nent ea	rnings				31,706
	Inte	ragency revenu	es					19,660
		cellaneous						369,401
	Subt	otal, General R	evenue	•				9,214,863
		NGE IN NET PO						1,543,500
		Position - Begii	•					(172,077)
	Net F	Position - Endir	ıg				\$	1,371,423

Net (Expenses)

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	General Fund			Non-Major overnmental Funds	G	Total overnmental Funds
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	4,121,193	\$	1,244,991	\$	5,366,184
Accounts receivable		333,958		191,385		525,343
Due from other funds		9,855		1,969		11,824
Stores inventory		-		1,828		1,828
Prepaid expenditures		21,965		-		21,965
Total Assets	\$	4,486,971	\$	1,440,173	\$	5,927,144
LIABILITIES						
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	9,937	\$	9,937
Accrued liabilities		1,072,090		14,033		1,086,123
Due to other funds		1,969		9,855		11,824
Unearned revenue		285,941		-		285,941
Total Liabilities		1,360,000		33,825		1,393,825
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable		131,965		1,828		133,793
Restricted		601,779		1,325,995		1,927,774
Committed		-		78,525		78,525
Assigned		669,044		-		669,044
Unassigned		1,724,183				1,724,183
Total Fund Balances		3,126,971		1,406,348		4,533,319
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,486,971	\$	1,440,173	\$	5,927,144

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2022

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	\$	4,533,319
Amounts reported for assets and liabilities for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:		
Capital assets:		
In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all		
assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation:		
Capital assets \$ 18,565,916		
Accumulated depreciation (7,902,101)	-	10,663,815
Unmatured interest on long-term debt:		
In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is not recognized until the period in which		
it matures and is paid. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the		
period that it is incurred. The additional liability for unmatured interest owing at the end of		(00 ==0)
the period was:		(30,750)
Long-term liabilities:		
In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position,		
all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to		
governmental activities consist of:		
Total general obligation bonds \$ 1,975,950		
Financed purchases 2,995,268		
Early retirement incentive 240,837		
Compensated absences 45,383		
Total OPEB liability 2,295,784		
Net pension liability 4,458,275	_	(12,011,497)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions:		
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are		
not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position,		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions \$ 1,573,360		
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions (3,952,810)	_	(2,379,450)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB:		
In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are not		
reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position,		
deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to OPEB are reported.		
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB \$ 1,246,207		
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB (650,221)	_	595,986
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	\$	1,371,423

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

REVENUES		neral Fund		on-Major vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
			_		_	
LCFF sources	\$	8,381,972	\$	53,000	\$	8,434,972
Federal sources		770,017		686,496		1,456,513
Other state sources		1,465,672		406,409		1,872,081
Other local sources		478,399		457,945		936,344
Total Revenues		11,096,060		1,603,850		12,699,910
EXPENDITURES						
Current						
Instruction		5,745,100		240,291		5,985,391
Instruction-related services						
Instructional supervision and administration		1,033		-		1,033
Instructional library, media, and technology		130,628		-		130,628
School site administration		1,050,609		110,948		1,161,557
Pupil services						
Home-to-school transportation		139,403		-		139,403
Food services		20,727		538,810		559,537
All other pupil services		468,556		-		468,556
General administration						
All other general administration		760,389		9,241		769,630
Plant services		3,921,857		66,861		3,988,718
Facilities acquisition and construction		214,003		41,295		255,298
Ancillary services		4,000		256,246		260,246
Transfers to other agencies		876,014		_		876,014
Debt service						
Principal		4,309		417,800		422,109
Interest and other		621		84,522		85,143
Total Expenditures	-	13,337,249		1,766,014		15,103,263
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues						
Over Expenditures		(2,241,189)		(162,164)		(2,403,353)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)		, ,		,		,
Transfers in		-		51,969		51,969
Other sources		2,990,697		-		2,990,697
Transfers out		(51,969)		-		(51,969)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		2,938,728		51,969		2,990,697
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		697,539		(110,195)		587,344
Fund Balance - Beginning		2,429,432		1,516,543		3,945,975
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	3,126,971	\$	1,406,348	\$	4,533,319

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

587,344

\$

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different from amounts reported in governmental funds because:

Capital outlay:

In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period is:

Expenditures for capital outlay: \$ 3,266,940

Depreciation expense: (552,407)

Debt service:

In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In the government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:

422,109

2,714,533

Debt proceeds:

In governmental funds, proceeds from debt are recognized as Other Financing Sources. In the government-wide statements, proceeds from debt are reported as increases to liabilities. Amounts recognized in governmental funds as proceeds from debt, net of issue premium or discount, were:

(2,990,697)

Unmatured interest on long-term debt:

In governmental funds, interest on long-term debt is recognized in the period that it becomes due. In the government-wide statement of activities, it is recognized in the period it is incurred. Unmatured interest owing at the end of the period, less matured interest paid during the period but owing from the prior period, was:

7.298

Compensated absences:

In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned, was:

(7,696)

Postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB):

In governmental funds, OPEB expenses are recognized when employer OPEB contributions are made. In the statement of activities, OPEB expenses are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between OPEB expenses and actual employer OPEB contributions was:

(71,010)

(continued on next page)

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Pensions:

In governmental funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the government-wide statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and employer contributions was:

777,540

Other liabilities not normally liquidated with current financial resources:

In the government-wide statements, expenses must be accrued in connection with any liabilities incurred during the period that are not expected to be liquidated with current financial resources. Examples include special termination benefits such as retirement incentives financed over time, and structured legal settlements. This year, expenses incurred for such obligations were:

99,987

Amortization of debt issuance premium or discount:

In governmental funds, if debt is issued at a premium or at a discount, the premium or discount is recognized as an Other Financing Source or an Other Financing Use in the period it is incurred. In the government-wide statements, the premium or discount is amortized over the life of the debt. Amortization of premium or discount for the period is:

4,092

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities

\$ 1,543,500

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Financial Reporting Entity

The Hamilton Unified School District (the "District") accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's *California School Accounting Manual*. The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

The District operates under a locally elected Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the state. A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student-related activities.

B. Component Units

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves their budget, the issuance of their debt or the levying of their taxes. In addition, component units are other legally separate organizations for which the District is not financially accountable but the nature and significance of the organization's relationship with the District is such that exclusion would cause the District's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has no such component units.

C. Basis of Presentation

Government-Wide Statements. The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the District). These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenue, and other non-exchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenue for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Indirect expense allocations that have been made in the funds have been reserved for the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting of operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

Fund Financial Statements. The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for activities that are governmental in nature. Governmental activities are typically tax-supported and include education of pupils, operation of food service and child development programs, construction and maintenance of school facilities, and repayment of long-term debt.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. <u>Basis of Presentation (continued)</u>

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund: The General Fund is the main operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all activities except those that are required to be accounted for in another fund. In keeping with the minimum number of funds principle, all of the District's activities are reported in the General Fund unless there is a compelling reason to account for an activity in another fund. A District may have only one General Fund.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds: Special revenue funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The District maintains the following special revenue funds:

Student Activity Fund: This fund may be used to account for student body activities that do not meet the fiduciary criteria established in GASB Statement No. 84.

Adult Education Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues for adult education programs. Money in this fund shall be expended for adult education purposes only. Moneys received for programs other than adult education shall not be expended for adult education (Education Code Sections 52616[b] and 52501.5[a]).

Child Development Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local revenues to operate child development programs. All moneys received by the District for, or from the operation of, child development services covered under the Child Care and Development Services Act (*Education Code Section* 8200 *et seq.*) shall be deposited into this fund. The moneys may be used only for expenditures for the operation of child development programs. The costs incurred in the maintenance and operation of child development services shall be paid from this fund, with accounting to reflect specific funding sources (*Education Code Section* 8328).

Cafeteria Fund: This fund is used to account separately for federal, state, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38090–38093). The Cafeteria Fund shall be used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code Sections* 38091 and 38100).

Deferred Maintenance Fund: This fund is used to account separately for state apportionments and the District's contributions for deferred maintenance purposes (Education Code Sections 17582–17587). In addition, whenever the state funds provided pursuant to Education Code Sections 17584 and 17585 (apportionments from the State Allocation Board) are insufficient to fully match the local funds deposited in this fund, the governing board of a school district may transfer the excess local funds deposited in this fund to any other expenditure classifications in other funds of the District (Education Code Sections 17582 and 17583).

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

C. Basis of Presentation (continued)

Non-Major Governmental Funds (continued)

Capital Project Funds: Capital project funds are established to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

Building Fund: This fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code Section* 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued. Other authorized revenues to the Building Fund are proceeds from the sale or lease-with-option-to-purchase of real property (*Education Code Section* 17462) and revenue from rentals and leases of real property specifically authorized for deposit into the fund by the governing board (*Education Code Section* 41003).

Capital Facilities Fund: This fund is used primarily to account separately for moneys received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approving a development (*Education Code Sections* 17620–17626). The authority for these levies may be county/city ordinances (*Government Code Sections* 65970–65981) or private agreements between the District and the developer. Interest earned in the Capital Facilities Fund is restricted to that fund (*Government Code Section* 66006).

Debt Service Funds: Debt service funds are established to account for the accumulation of resources for and the payment of principal and interest on general long-term debt.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund: This fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for the District (*Education Code Sections* 15125–15262). The board of supervisors of the county issues the bonds. The proceeds from the sale of the bonds are deposited in the county treasury to the Building Fund of the District. Any premiums or accrued interest received from the sale of the bonds must be deposited in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund of the District. The county auditor maintains control over the District's Bond Interest and Redemption Fund. The principal and interest on the bonds must be paid by the county treasurer from taxes levied by the county auditor-controller.

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Net Position equals assets and deferred outflows of resources minus liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. The net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on its use are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities results from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

D. Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus (continued)

Governmental Funds

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. Generally, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end. However, to achieve comparability of reporting among California school districts and so as not to distort normal revenue patterns, with specific respect to reimbursements grants and corrections to State-aid apportionments, the California Department of Education has defined available for school districts as collectible within one year.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from the grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period or when resources are received by the District prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and revenue is recognized.

Certain grants received that have not met eligibility requirements are recorded as unearned revenue. On the governmental fund financial statements, receivables that will not be collected within the available period are also recorded as unearned revenue.

Expenses/Expenditures

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net</u> Position

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, demand deposits and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county and State investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Inventories

Inventories are valued at historical cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method. The costs of governmental fund-type inventories are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund is determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide statement of net position, but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

Capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. Donated fixed assets are recorded at their fair acquisition value as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not own any infrastructure as defined in GASB Statement No. 34. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized. All reported capital assets, except for land and construction in progress, are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class

Buildings and Improvements Furniture and Equipment Vehicles

Estimated Useful Life

25 – 50 years 15 – 20 years 8 years

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "Due from other funds/Due to other funds." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of net position.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Compensated Absences

Accumulated unpaid employee vacation benefits are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide financial statements. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resource. These amounts are recorded in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken because such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full from current financial resources are reported as obligations of the funds.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense have been determined by an independent actuary. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

Generally accepted accounting principles require the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date July 1, 2021 Measurement Date June 30, 2021

Measurement Period July 1, 2020 to June 30, 2021

Gains and losses related to changes in total OPEB liability are recognized in OPEB expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in OPEB expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB and are to be recognized in future OPEB expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the District will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the defined benefit pension plans (the Plans) of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

Nonspendable - The nonspendable fund balance classification reflects amounts that are not in spendable form. Examples include inventory, lease receivables (net of related deferred inflows), prepaid items, the long-term portion of loans receivable, and nonfinancial assets held for resale. This classification also reflects amounts that are in spendable form but that are legally or contractually required to remain intact, such as the principal of a permanent endowment.

Restricted - The restricted fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints. Such constraints may be imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or may be imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed - The committed fund balance classification reflects amounts subject to internal constraints self-imposed by formal action of the Governing Board. The constraints giving rise to committed fund balance must be imposed no later than the end of the reporting period. The actual amounts may be determined subsequent to that date but prior to the issuance of the financial statements. In contrast to restricted fund balance, committed fund balance may be redirected by the government to other purposes as long as the original constraints are removed or modified in the same manner in which they were imposed, that is, by the same formal action of the Governing Board.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

E. <u>Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, Fund Balance and Net Position (continued)</u>

Fund Balance (continued)

Assigned - The assigned fund balance classification reflects amounts that the government *intends* to be used for specific purposes. Assignments may be established either by the Governing Board or by a designee of the governing body, and are subject to neither the restricted nor committed levels of constraint. In contrast to the constraints giving rise to committed fund balance, constraints giving rise to assigned fund balance are not required to be imposed, modified, or removed by formal action of the Governing Board. The action does not require the same level of formality and may be delegated to another body or official. Additionally, the assignment need not be made before the end of the reporting period, but rather may be made any time prior to the issuance of the financial statements.

Unassigned - In the General Fund only, the unassigned fund balance classification reflects the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes. However, deficits in any fund, including the General Fund that cannot be eliminated by reducing or eliminating amounts assigned to other purposes are reported as negative unassigned fund balance.

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

F. Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental activities columns of the statement of activities.

G. Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

H. Budgetary Data

The budgetary process is prescribed by provisions of the California Education Code and requires the governing board to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The District governing board satisfied these requirements. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

H. Budgetary Data (continued)

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for. For purposes of the budget, on-behalf payments have not been included as revenue and expenditures as required under generally accepted accounting principles.

I. Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County Auditor-Controller bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

J. New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 87 – In June 2017, GASB issued Statement No. 87, *Leases*. This standard's primary objective is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 91 – In May 2019, GASB issued Statement No. 91, *Conduit Debt Obligations*. This standard's primary objectives are to provide a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminate diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 92 – In January 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*. This standard's primary objectives are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the majority of this statement was postponed by GASB Statement No. 95 and is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has fully implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 96 – In May 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. This statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for governments. This statement defines a SBITA; establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, *Leases*, as amended. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

J. New Accounting Pronouncements (continued)

GASB Statement No. 97 – In June 2020, GASB issued Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans – an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a supersession of GASB Statement No. 32. This standard's primary objectives are to increase consistency and comparability related to reporting fiduciary component units in circumstances in which a potential component unit does not have a governing board and the primary government performs the duties that a governing board typically would perform; to mitigate costs associated with the reporting of certain defined contribution pension plans, defined contribution other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plans, and employee benefit plans other than pension plans or OPEB plans (other employee benefit plans) as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and to enhance the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 deferred compensation plans (Section 457 plans) that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2021. The District has implemented this Statement as of June 30, 2022.

GASB Statement No. 99 - In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022. The objectives of this statement are to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing (1) practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and (2) accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The statement addresses various practice issues, including: (a) clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives, (b) disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34. Basic Financial Statements—and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements, (c) terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position, and (d) terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. A portion of this statement was effective upon issuance, while the remaining portions of this statement were effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2022 and for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has implemented the requirements that were effective upon issuance but has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements for the requirements of this statement that are not yet effective.

GASB Statement No. 100 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. This statement is effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 101 – In June 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by updating the recognition and measurement guidance for compensated absences. That objective is achieved by aligning the recognition and measurement guidance under a unified model and by amending certain previously required disclosures. This statement is effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2023. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

A. Summary of Cash and Investments

	Governmental			
	Activities			
Investment in county treasury*	\$	5,019,729		
Cash on hand and in banks		226,518		
Cash in revolving fund		110,000		
Total	\$	5,356,247		
*net of deficit cash				

B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California Government Code to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the state; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered state warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; collateralized mortgage obligations; and the County Investment Pool.

Investment in County Treasury – The District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury in accordance with *Education Code Section* 41001. The Glenn County Treasurer's pooled investments are managed by the County Treasurer who reports on a monthly basis to the board of supervisors. In addition, the function of the County Treasury Oversight Committee is to review and monitor the County's investment policy. The committee membership includes the Treasurer and Tax Collector, the Auditor-Controller, Chief Administrative Officer, Superintendent of Schools Representative, and a public member. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

C. General Authorizations

Except for investments by trustees of debt proceeds, the authority to invest District funds deposited with the county treasury is delegated to the County Treasurer and Tax Collector. Additional information about the investment policy of the County Treasurer and Tax Collector may be obtained from its website. The table below identifies the investment types permitted by California Government Code.

	Maximum	Maximum	Maximum
	Remaining	Percentage of	Investment in
Authorized Investment Type	Maturity	Portfolio	One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U. S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U. S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

D. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Treasury. The District maintains a pooled investment with the County Treasury with a fair value of approximately \$5,008,458 and an amortized book value of \$5,019,729, net of deficit cash. The average weighted maturity for this pool was not available.

E. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investments in the County Treasury are not required to be rated. As of June 30, 2022, the pooled investments in the County Treasury were rated not rated.

NOTE 2 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

F. Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2022, the District's bank balance was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

G. Fair Value

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets.

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonable available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

Uncategorized - Investments in the Glenn County Treasury Investment Pool are not measured using the input levels above because the District's transactions are based on a stable net asset value per share. All contributions and redemptions are transacted at \$1.00 net asset value per share.

The District's fair value measurements at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Uncategorized				
Investment in county treasury	\$	5,008,458			
Total	\$	5,008,458			

NOTE 3 – ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

			N	lon-Major		
			Governmental			vernmental
	Gen	eral Fund		Funds	A	Activities
Federal Government	'					
Categorical aid	\$	117,095	\$	99,928	\$	217,023
State Government						
Categorical aid		7,593		69,972		77,565
Lottery		39,944		-		39,944
Local Government						
Other local sources		169,326		21,485		190,811
Total	\$	333,958	\$	191,385	\$	525,343

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

		Balance					Balance
	Jı	uly 01, 2021	Additions	Deletions		Ju	ne 30, 2022
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Land	\$	1,486,608	\$ -	\$	-	\$	1,486,608
Construction in progress		315,679	55,036		-		370,715
Total capital assets not being depreciated		1,802,287	55,036		-		1,857,323
Capital assets being depreciated							
Land improvements		646,205	67,091		-		713,296
Buildings & improvements		10,575,937	133,171		-		10,709,108
Furniture & equipment		2,274,547	3,011,642		-		5,286,189
Total capital assets being depreciated		13,496,689	3,211,904		-		16,708,593
Less: Accumulated depreciation							
Land improvements		512,982	21,824		-		534,806
Buildings & improvements		5,494,621	307,468		-		5,802,089
Furniture & equipment		1,342,091	223,115		-		1,565,206
Total accumulated depreciation		7,349,694	552,407		-		7,902,101
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		6,146,995	2,659,497		-		8,806,492
Governmental Activities	<u> </u>						
Capital Assets, net	\$	7,949,282	\$ 2,714,533	\$	-	\$	10,663,815

NOTE 4 – CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation expense is allocated to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 341,101
Home-to-school transportation	100,850
Food services	39,625
All other pupil services	11,656
All other general administration	17,062
Plant services	 42,113
Total	\$ 552,407

NOTE 5 – INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

A. Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2022 were as follows:

		Due From Other Funds							
	Non-Major Governmental								
Due To Other Funds	Gene	General Fund				Total			
General Fund	\$	-	\$	1,969	\$	1,969			
Non-Major Governmental Funds		9,855		-		9,855			
Total	\$	9,855	\$	1,969	\$	11,824			
The General Fund owed the Non-Major Child Developme	•	J			\$	1,969			
The Non-Major Adult Education Fund owed the General	Fund for indirect co	osts.				9,241			
The Non-Major Cafeteria Fund owed the General Fund to	for the P-EBT Local	Admin Cost	Grant.			614			
Total					\$	11,824			

B. Operating Transfers

The interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

		Interfund Transfers In					
		n-Major ernmental					
Interfund Transfers Out		Funds					
General Fund	\$	51,969	\$	51,969			
Total	\$	51,969	\$	51,969			
The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Child Develo	opment Fund for ope	rating costs.	\$	1,969			
The General Fund transferred to the Non-Major Building Fun	d to repay prior yea	r transfer.		50,000			
Total	•		\$	51,969			

NOTE 6 – ACCRUED LIABILITIES

Accrued liabilities at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

			c	Sovernmental				
	Ge	neral Fund	und Funds District-Wid			District-Wide		Activities
Payroll	\$	159,230	\$	11,471	\$	-	\$	170,701
Vendors payable		567,523		2,562		-		570,085
Unmatured interest		-		-		30,750		30,750
Due to grantor government		345,337		-		-		345,337
Total	\$	1,072,090	\$	14,033	\$	30,750	\$	1,116,873

NOTE 7 – UNEARNED REVENUE

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Gen	eral Fund
Federal sources	\$	73,991
State categorical sources		211,950
Total	\$	285,941

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended June 30, 2022 consisted of the following:

	Ju	Balance ily 01, 2021	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2022	Balance Due In One Year
Governmental Activities		-				
General obligation bonds	\$	2,262,800	\$ -	\$ 417,800	\$ 1,845,000	\$ -
Unamortized premium		135,042	-	4,092	130,950	4,092
Total general obligation bonds		2,397,842	-	421,892	1,975,950	4,092
Financed purchases		8,880	2,990,697	4,309	2,995,268	173,855
Early retirement incentive		340,824	-	99,987	240,837	95,901
Compensated absences		37,687	7,696	-	45,383	-
Total OPEB liability		2,753,694	-	457,910	2,295,784	-
Net pension liability		9,180,563	-	4,722,288	4,458,275	-
Total	\$	14,719,490	\$ 2,998,393	\$ 5,706,386	\$ 12,011,497	\$ 273,848

- Payments for general obligation bonds are made in the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund.
- Payments for financed purchases are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for early retirement incentive are made in the General Fund.
- Payments for compensated absences are typically liquidated in the General Fund and the Non-Major Governmental Funds.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

A. Bonded Debt

						Bonds				Bonds
	Issue	Maturity	Interest	Original	0	utstanding				Outstanding
Series	Date	Date	Rate	Issue	J	uly 01, 2021	Additions		Deductions	June 30, 2022
2011 Refunding	August 30, 2011	August 1, 2023	4.30%	\$ 886,200	\$	267,800	\$	-	\$ 267,800	\$ -
Election 2018, Series 2019A	June 5, 2019	August 1, 2053	4.00%	2,200,000		1,995,000		-	150,000	1,845,000
					\$	2,262,800	\$	-	\$ 417,800	\$ 1,845,000

Election 1998

In an election held April 14, 1998, the voters authorized the District to issue and sell \$1,340,000 of principal amount of general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued for the purpose of constructing and acquiring a new library and classrooms for Hamilton High School.

There was one issuance under this election, Series 1998, which was issued on August 6, 1998 with interest rates ranging from 3.90% to 4.70%. The original issuance consisted of \$430,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$910,000 in current interest term bonds. Interest accrues from August 1, 1998 and is payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 1999. Principal is payable annually on August 1, commencing August 1, 2000 through the final maturity date of August 1, 2023. On August 30, 2011, the District issued Refunding Notes to redeem the outstanding bonds.

2011 Refunding Notes

On August 30, 2011, the District issued \$886,200 of refunding notes. The notes were issued to redeem the outstanding Election 1998, Series 1998 bonds. The bonds were issued as current interest serial bonds and carry interest of 4.30%. The transaction resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of debt service on the old bonds and the new notes) of \$30,720. The District had fully paid the principal balance by June 30, 2022.

Election 2018

In an election held November 6, 2018, the voters authorized the District to issue and sell \$7,000,000 of principal amount of general obligation bonds. These bonds were issued to finance the acquisition, construction, furnishing and equipping of District facilities.

There has been one issuance under this election, Series 2019A, which was issued on June 5, 2019 with a stated interest rate of 4.00%. The original issuance consisted of \$645,000 in current interest serial bonds and \$1,555,000 in current interest term bonds. Interest on the bonds is payable on February 1 and August 1 of each year, commencing February 1, 2020. Principal is payable annually on August 1, commencing August 1, 2020 through the final maturity date of August 1, 2053. The principal balance outstanding on June 30, 2022 amounted to \$1.845.000.

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

B. <u>Debt Service Requirements to Maturity – Bonds</u>

The bonds mature through 2054 as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2023	\$ -	\$ 73,800	\$ 73,800
2024	-	73,800	73,800
2025	-	73,800	73,800
2026	-	73,800	73,800
2027	-	73,800	73,800
2028 - 2032	25,000	368,100	393,100
2033 - 2037	130,000	352,600	482,600
2038 - 2042	255,000	314,900	569,900
2043 - 2047	430,000	247,000	677,000
2048 - 2052	660,000	139,600	799,600
2053 - 2054	 345,000	14,100	359,100
Total	\$ 1,845,000	\$ 1,805,300	\$ 3,650,300

C. Financed Purchases

The District entered into financed purchases for buses and bus air conditioning, with payments due through 2037. Future minimum payments are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		Payment		
2023	\$	242,810		
2024		237,920		
2025	237,9			
2026		237,920		
2027		237,920		
2028 - 2032		1,189,600		
2033 - 2037		1,189,600		
Total minimum payments		3,573,690		
Less amount representing interest		(578,422)		
Present value of minimum payments	\$	2,995,268		

NOTE 8 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (continued)

D. Early Retirement Incentives

The District entered into a supplementary retirement plan with the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) whereby 10 employees (2 in the 2010-11 fiscal year, 2 in the 2011-12 fiscal year, 4 in the 2014-15 fiscal year, and 2 in the 2018-19 fiscal year) of the District elected to take early retirement in exchange for supplementary retirement benefits.

The District entered into a supplementary retirement plan with the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) whereby 7 employees (1 in the 2014-15 fiscal year and 6 in the 2018-19 fiscal year) of the District elected to take early retirement in exchange for supplementary retirement benefits.

Future payments for the early retirement plans are as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	F	Payment
2023	\$	114,781
2024		92,530
2025		55,786
2026		19,042
2027		17,800
Total minimum payments		299,939
Less amount representing interest		(59,102)
Present value of minimum payments	\$	240,837

E. Compensated Absences

Total unpaid employee compensated absences as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$45,383. This amount is included as part of long-term liabilities in the government-wide financial statements.

F. Other Postemployment Benefits

The District's beginning total OPEB liability was \$2,753,694 and decreased by \$457,910 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending total OPEB liability at June 30, 2022 was \$2,295,784. See Note 10 for additional information regarding the total OPEB liability.

G. Net Pension Liability

The District's beginning net pension liability was \$9,180,563 and decreased by \$4,722,288 during the year ended June 30, 2022. The ending net pension liability at June 30, 2022 was \$4,458,275. See Note 11 for additional information regarding the net pension liability.

NOTE 9 - FUND BALANCES

Fund balances were composed of the following elements at June 30, 2022:

			Non-Major overnmental	G	Total overnmental
	Ge	neral Fund	Funds		Funds
Non-spendable					
Revolving cash	\$	110,000	\$ -	\$	110,000
Stores inventory		-	1,828		1,828
Prepaid expenditures		21,965	-		21,965
Total non-spendable		131,965	1,828		133,793
Restricted					_
Educational programs		601,779	212,982		814,761
Food service		-	190,318		190,318
Associated student body		-	181,728		181,728
Capital projects		-	468,833		468,833
Debt service		-	272,134		272,134
Total restricted		601,779	1,325,995		1,927,774
Committed					
Deferred maintenance		-	78,525		78,525
Total committed		-	78,525		78,525
Assigned					
Postemployment benefits		221,399	-		221,399
Other assignments		447,645	-		447,645
Total assigned		669,044	-		669,044
Unassigned		1,724,183	_		1,724,183
Total Fund Balance	\$	3,126,971	\$ 1,406,348	\$	4,533,319

The District is committed to maintaining a prudent level of financial resources to protect against the need to reduce service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted expenditures. The District's Minimum Fund Balance Policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties, consisting of unassigned amounts, equal to no less than 4 percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. Plan Description

The Hamilton Unified School District administers a single employer defined benefit OPEB plan that provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible retirees. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

B. Benefits Provided

The District provides postemployment health care benefits based on the age and the years of service. District-paid benefits are subject to a cap and paid until age 65. The District provides medical, dental, and vision benefits to eligible retirees up to an annual cap of \$11,370.

Employee Group	Age for Eligibility	Years for Eligibility
Certificated	55	15
Classified and Classified Management	55	15
Classified Confidential	50	10
Superintendent	55	5

C. Contributions

For the measurement period ended June 30, 2021, the District contributed \$91,359 to the Plan, all of which was used for current premiums.

D. Plan Membership

Membership of the Plan consisted of the following:

	Number of participants
Inactive employees receiving benefits	2
Inactive employees entitled to but not receiving benefits*	-
Participating active employees	63
Total number of participants**	65

^{*}Information not provided

E. Total OPEB Liability

The Hamilton Unified School District's total OPEB liability of \$2,295,784 was measured as of June 30, 2021 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022 was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2021.

Assumptions:

Salary increases 3.00% Inflation rate 2.50% Discount rate 1.92%

Healthcare cost trend rate 5.20% for 2021 through 2034; 5.00% for 2035 through 2049; 4.50%

for 2050 through 2064; and 4.00% for 2065 and later years.

^{**}As of the July 1, 2021 valuation date

NOTE 10 – POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

F. Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs (continued)

Mortality rates, for Certificated employees, were based on the most recent experience study for CalSTRS members. Mortality rates, for non-Certificated employees, were based on the most recent experience study for CalPERS members. The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021 valuation were based on a review of plan experience during the period July 1, 2019 to June 30, 2021.

G. Changes in Total OPEB Liability

	Jun	e 30, 2022
Total OPEB Liability		
Service cost	\$	128,805
Interest on total OPEB liability		69,509
Difference between expected and actual experience		(708,799)
Changes of assumptions		143,934
Benefits payments		(91,359)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(457,910)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,753,694
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,295,784
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,446,821
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		51.63%

H. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Hamilton Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	1%	Decrease	 /aluation count Rate	19	1% Increase		
		(0.92%)	(1.92%)		(2.92%)		
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,464,643	\$ 2,295,784	\$	2,135,221		

I. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the Hamilton Unified School District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

			Valu	iation Trend			
	1%	Decrease		Rate	19	% Increase	
		(4.20%)		(5.20%)		(6.20%)	
Total OPEB liability	\$	2,048,112	\$	2,295,784	\$	2,584,488	

NOTE 10 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB) (continued)

J. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the Hamilton Unified School District recognized OPEB expense of \$383,398. At June 30, 2022, the Hamilton Unified School District reported deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and				
actual experience	\$	747,801	\$	650,221
Changes in assumptions		335,351		-
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		163,055		-
Total	\$	1,246,207	\$	650,221

The \$163,055 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. The remaining deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
of Resources		of	Resources
\$	156,437	\$	58,578
	156,437		58,578
	156,437		58,578
	156,437		58,578
	156,437		58,578
	300,967		357,331
\$	1,083,152	\$	650,221
	of	of Resources \$ 156,437 156,437 156,437 156,437 156,437 300,967	of Resources of \$ 156,437 \$ 156,437 156,437 156,437 156,437 156,437 300,967

NOTE 11 - PENSION PLANS

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS), and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, pension expense, deferred outflow of resources, and deferred inflow of resources for each of the above plans as follows:

				Deferred	Defe	erred inflows		
	Ne	et pension	outf	lows related	ı	elated to		
		liability	to	pensions		pensions	Pensi	on expense
STRS Pension	\$	2,711,190	\$	1,208,469	\$	2,909,760	\$	81,897
PERS Pension		1,747,085		364,891		1,043,050		70,525
Total	\$	4,458,275	\$	1,573,360	\$	3,952,810	\$	152,422

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS); a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalSTRS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. CalSTRS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalSTRS annual financial report may be obtained from CalSTRS, 7919 Folsom Blvd., Sacramento, CA 95826.

Benefits Provided

The CalSTRS defined benefit plan has two benefit formulas:

- 1. CalSTRS 2% at 60: Members first hired on or before December 31, 2012, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 60 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 60, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. Early retirement options are available at age 55 with five years of credited service or as early as age 50 with 30 years of credited service. The age factor for retirements after age 60 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 63 or older. Members who have 30 years or more of credited service receive an additional increase of up to 0.2 percent to the age factor, known as the career factor. The maximum benefit with the career factor is 2.4 percent of final compensation.
- 2. CalSTRS 2% at 62: Members first hired on or after January 1, 2013, to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. CalSTRS 2% at 62 members are eligible for normal retirement at age 62, with a minimum of five years of credited service. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0 percent of final compensation for each year of credited service. An early retirement option is available at age 55. The age factor for retirement after age 62 increases with each quarter year of age to 2.4 percent at age 65 or older.

Contributions

Active plan CalSTRS 2% at 60 and 2% at 62 members are required to contribute 10.25% and 10.205% of their salary for fiscal year 2022, respectively, and the District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 16.92% of annual payroll. The contribution requirements of the plan members are established by state statute. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$617,226 for the year ended June 30, 2022

On-Behalf Payments

The District was the recipient of on-behalf payments made by the State of California to CalSTRS for K-12 education. These payments consist of state general fund contributions of approximately \$383,149 to CalSTRS.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the	
net pension liability	\$ 2,711,190
State's proportionate share of the net	
pension liability associated with the District	 1,364,194
Total	\$ 4,075,384

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.006 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$81,897. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$(237,778) for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$	_	\$	2.144.621
Differences between expected and	Ψ		Ψ	2,177,021
actual experience		6,792		288,527
Changes in assumptions		384,147		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and				
proportionate share of contributions		200,304		476,612
District contributions subsequent				
to the measurement date		617,226		_
Total	\$	1,208,469	\$	2,909,760

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

The \$617,226 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of I	of Resources		Resources
2023	\$	235,844	\$	720,694
2024		236,023		635,187
2025		62,357		634,146
2026		32,249		713,979
2027		24,770		106,838
2028		<u>-</u>		98,916
Total	\$	591,243	\$	2,909,760

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Consumer Price Inflation	2.75%
Investment Rate of Return*	7.10%
Wage Inflation	3.50%

^{*} Net of investment expenses, but gross of administrative expenses.

CalSTRS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are based on MP-2016 series tables adjusted to fit CalSTRS experience.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance–PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class as of June 30, 2021, are summarized in the following table:

	Assumed Asset	Long-Term Expected
Asset Class	Allocation	Real Rate of Return*
Public Equity	42%	4.80%
Real Estate	15%	3.60%
Private Equity	13%	6.30%
Fixed Income	12%	1.30%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	10%	1.80%
Inflation Sensitive	6%	3.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	-0.40%
	100%	

^{*20-}year geometric average

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates in accordance with the rate increases per AB 1469. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming that contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occur midyear. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	!	Decrease (6.10%)	Dis	count Rate (7.10%)	Increase (8.10%)
District's proportionate share of					
the net pension liability	\$	5,519,012	\$	2,711,190	\$ 380,751

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (continued)

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalSTRS financial report.

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the School Employer Pool under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS); a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Laws. CalPERS issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the CalPERS annual financial report may be obtained from the CalPERS Executive Office, 400 P Street, Sacramento, CA 95811.

Benefits Provided

The benefits for the defined benefit plan are based on members' years of service, age, final compensation, and benefit formula. Benefits are provided for disability, death, and survivors of eligible members or beneficiaries. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years of credited service.

Contributions

Active plan members who entered into the plan prior to January 1, 2013, are required to contribute 7.0% of their salary. The California Public Employees' Pension Reform Act (PEPRA) specifies that new members entering into the plan on or after January 1, 2013, shall pay the higher of fifty percent of normal costs or 7.0% of their salary. Additionally, for new members entering the plan on or after January 1, 2013, the employer is prohibited from paying any of the employee contribution to CalPERS unless the employer payment of the member's contribution is specified in an employment agreement or collective bargaining agreement that expires after January 1, 2013.

The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2022 was 22.91% of annual payroll. Contributions to the plan from the District were \$312,736 for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported a liability of \$1,747,085 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2021, the District's proportion was 0.009 percent, which did not change from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2020.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense of \$70,525. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	 Deferred Outflows of Resources		rred Inflows Resources
Differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments	\$ -	\$	670,479
Differences between expected and actual experience	52,155		4,119
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and			
proportionate share of contributions District contributions subsequent	-		368,452
to the measurement date	 312,736		
Total	\$ 364,891	\$	1,043,050

The \$312,736 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	Deferred Outflows		Defe	rred Inflows
Year Ended June 30,	of R	esources	of F	Resources
2023	\$	38,794	\$	330,548
2024		12,413		307,175
2025		948		218,854
2026		<u>-</u>		186,473
Total	\$	52,155	\$	1,043,050

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2020, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2021 using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50%
Discount Rate	7.15%
Salary Increases	Varies by Entry Age and Service

CalPERS uses custom mortality tables to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. These custom tables are derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds. The table includes 15 years of mortality improvements using the Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions (continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2020, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from 1997 to 2015.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. In determining the long-term expected rate of return, both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows were taken into account. Such cash flows were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound (geometric) returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11+ years) using a building block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Real Return Years 1 – 10*	Real Return Years 11+**
Global Equity	50.0%	4.80%	5.98%
Fixed Income	28.0%	1.00%	2.62%
Inflation Assets	0.0%	0.77%	1.81%
Private Equity	8.0%	6.30%	7.23%
Real Assets	13.0%	3.75%	4.93%
Liquidity	1.0%	0.0%	-0.92%
	100.0%		

^{*}An expected inflation of 2.00% used for this period.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool. The results of the crossover testing for the Schools Pool are presented in a detailed report that can be obtained at CalPERS' website.

^{**}An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period.

NOTE 11 – PENSION PLANS (continued)

B. California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) (continued)

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

		1%		Current	1%
	ı	Decrease (6.15%)	Dis	count Rate (7.15%)	Increase (8.15%)
District's proportionate share of		_			
the net pension liability	\$	2,945,831	\$	1,747,085	\$ 751,869

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial report.

NOTE 12 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

B. Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all other litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2022.

C. Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2022, the District had no construction commitments with respect to unfinished capital projects.

NOTE 13 – PARTICIPATION IN JOINT POWERS AUTHORITIES

The District is a member of two joint powers authorities (JPAs). The first is the California's Valued Trust to provide health and welfare benefits, and the other is the Golden State Risk Management Authority to provide property and liability insurance and workers' compensation insurance. The relationship is such that the JPAs are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

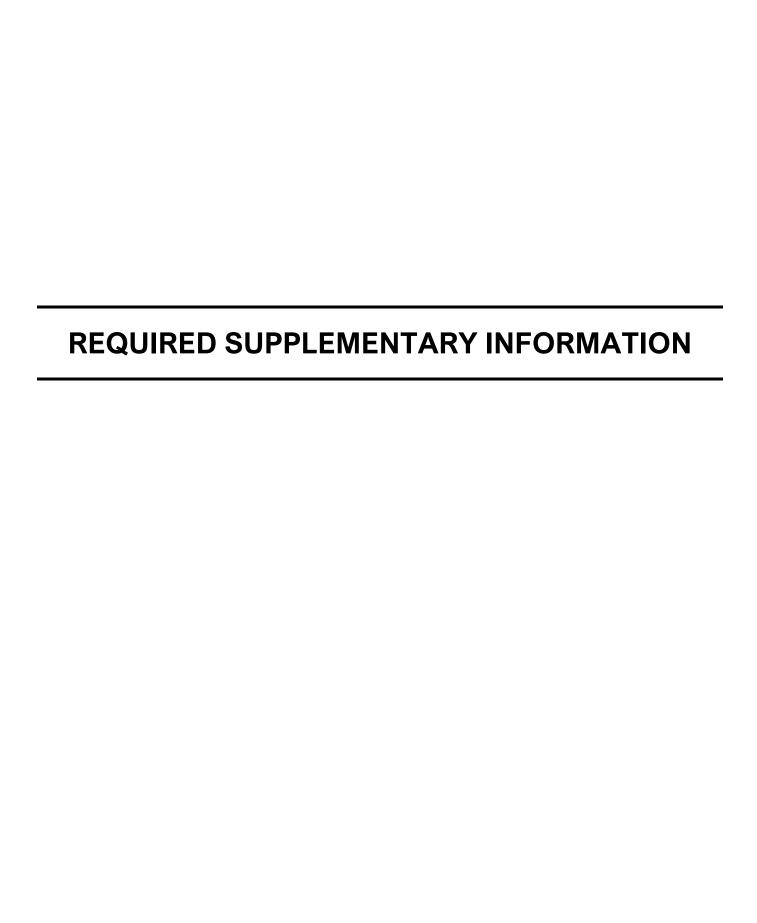
NOTE 14 - DEFERRED OUTFLOWS/INFLOWS OF RESOURCES

A. Pension Plans

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions*, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 11. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to pensions was \$1,573,360 and total deferred inflows related to pensions was \$3,952,810.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, the District recognized deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits in the District-wide financial statements. Further information regarding the deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources can be found at Note 10. At June 30, 2022, total deferred outflows related to other postemployment benefits was \$1,246,207 and total deferred inflows related to OPEB was \$650,221.



HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT GENERAL FUND – BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Budgeted Amounts					Actual*	Variances -		
		Original		Final	(Buc	lgetary Basis)	Final to Actual		
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$	8,125,100	\$	8,365,787	\$	8,434,972	\$	69,185	
Federal sources		236,750		639,427		804,451		165,024	
Other state sources		553,175		587,596		1,082,523		494,927	
Other local sources		46,669		119,326		438,401		319,075	
Total Revenues		8,961,694		9,712,136		10,760,347		1,048,211	
EXPENDITURES									
Certificated salaries		3,580,239		3,543,940		3,719,623		(175,683)	
Classified salaries		1,168,056		1,182,609		1,252,082		(69,473)	
Employee benefits		2,059,770		2,006,809		1,990,487		16,322	
Books and supplies		738,305		791,853		844,606		(52,753)	
Services and other operating expenditures		985,832		1,055,918		1,071,520		(15,602)	
Capital outlay		405,000		246,191		214,003		32,188	
Other outgo									
Excluding transfers of indirect costs		810,933		886,251		876,014		10,237	
Transfers of indirect costs		(17,786)		(17,786)		(9,241)		(8,545)	
Total Expenditures		9,730,349		9,695,785		9,959,094		(263,309)	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues									
Over Expenditures		(768,655)		16,351		801,253		784,902	
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Transfers out		(103,000)		(103,000)		(104,969)		(1,969)	
Net Financing Sources (Uses)		(103,000)		(103,000)		(104,969)		(1,969)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		(871,655)		(86,649)		696,284		782,933	
Fund Balance - Beginning		1,757,072		1,757,072		1,757,072		-	
Fund Balance - Ending	\$	885,417	\$	1,670,423	\$	2,453,356	\$	782,933	

^{*} The actual amounts reported on this schedule do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for the following reasons:

- On-behalf payments of \$383,149 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- Financing sources and capital outlay expenditures related to the issuance of the new financed purchase of buses are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule.
- Amounts on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance include the financial
 activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for
 Postemployment Benefits, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No.
 54.
- Medi-cal Administrative Activities are reported as Federal revenues on this schedule but have been reclassified to local sources on the Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2021		Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	
Total OPEB Liability										
Service cost	\$	128,805	\$	157,365	\$	136,970	\$	59,372	\$	57,643
Interest on total OPEB liability		69,509		81,491		45,377		34,889		35,569
Difference between expected and actual experience		(708,799)		-		1,092,942		(36,932)		-
Changes of assumptions		143,934		134,839		142,459		-		-
Benefits payments		(91,359)		(131,353)		(45,447)		(65,379)		(163,783)
Net change in total OPEB liability		(457,910)		242,342		1,372,301		(8,050)		(70,571)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		2,753,694		2,511,352		1,139,051		1,147,101		1,217,672
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	2,295,784	\$	2,753,694	\$	2,511,352	\$	1,139,051	\$	1,147,101
Covered-employee payroll	\$	4,446,821	\$	4,723,409	\$	4,699,030	\$	4,907,547	\$	4,720,386
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		51.63%		58.30%		53.44%		23.21%		24.30%

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	 June 30, 2020	Jı	une 30, 2019	 June 30, 2018	Jı	ine 30, 2017	 June 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.006%		0.006%	0.006%		0.006%	0.006%		0.006%	0.006%		0.006%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	2,711,190	\$	6,280,750	\$ 5,660,584	\$	5,724,627	\$ 5,517,090	\$	4,929,244	\$ 4,289,136	\$	3,454,068
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District		1,364,194		3,237,702	3,088,251		3,277,633	3,263,891		2,806,545	2,268,474		2,085,715
Total	\$	4,075,384	\$	9,518,452	\$ 8,748,835	\$	9,002,260	\$ 8,780,981	\$	7,735,789	\$ 6,557,610	\$	5,539,783
District's covered payroll	\$	3,293,589	\$	3,520,694	\$ 3,394,579	\$	3,327,082	\$ 3,193,611	\$	3,041,124	\$ 2,952,115	\$	2,632,667
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		82.3%		178.4%	166.8%		172.1%	172.8%		162.1%	145.3%		131.2%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		87.2%		71.8%	72.6%		71.0%	69.5%		70.0%	74.0%		76.5%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Jı	ıne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ıne 30, 2019	Ju	ine 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
District's proportion of the net pension liability		0.009%		0.009%		0.011%		0.011%		0.009%		0.009%		0.009%		0.009%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$	1,747,085	\$	2,899,813	\$	3,186,416	\$	2,810,059	\$	2,255,628	\$	1,829,810	\$	1,380,963	\$	1,064,892
District's covered payroll	\$	1,233,857	\$	1,363,897	\$	1,512,968	\$	1,393,304	\$	1,207,955	\$	1,113,685	\$	1,030,826	\$	984,697
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		141.6%		212.6%		210.6%		201.7%		186.7%		164.3%		134.0%		108.1%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		81.0%		70.0%		70.0%		70.8%		71.9%		73.9%		79.4%		83.4%

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the year-end that occurred one year prior.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALSTRS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ju	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ıne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Jı	ne 30, 2017	J	une 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	617,226	\$	533,532	\$	597,873	\$	568,939	\$	480,098	\$	400,723	\$	327,759	\$	262,013
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(617,226)		(533,532)		(597,873)		(568,939)		(480,098)		(400,723)		(327,759)		(262,013)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	2,969,515	\$	3,293,589	\$	3,520,694	\$	3,394,579	\$	3,327,082	\$	3,193,611	\$	3,041,124	\$	2,952,115
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		20.79%		16.20%		16.98%		16.76%		14.43%		12.55%		10.78%		8.88%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS - CALPERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Jui	ne 30, 2022	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Ju	ne 30, 2020	Ju	ne 30, 2019	Ju	ne 30, 2018	Ju	ne 30, 2017	Ju	ine 30, 2016	Ju	ne 30, 2015
Contractually required contribution	\$	312,736	\$	255,411	\$	268,410	\$	273,239	\$	216,394	\$	167,570	\$	131,477	\$	121,898
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution*		(312,736)		(255,411)		(268,410)		(273,239)		(216,394)		(167,570)		(131,477)		(121,898)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	-	\$	_	\$		\$	_
District's covered payroll	\$	1,137,275	\$	1,233,857	\$	1,363,897	\$	1,512,968	\$	1,393,304	\$	1,207,955	\$	1,113,685	\$	1,030,826
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		27.50%		20.70%		19.68%		18.06%		15.53%		13.87%		11.81%		11.83%

^{*}Amounts do not include on-behalf contributions

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

This schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 34 as required supplementary information (RSI) for the General Fund and for each major special revenue fund that has a legally adopted annual budget. The budgetary comparison schedule presents both (a) the original and (b) the final appropriated budgets for the reporting period as well as (c) actual inflows, outflows, and balances, stated on the District's budgetary basis. A separate column to report the variance between the final budget and actual amounts is also presented, although not required.

Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 75 for all sole and agent employers that provide other postemployment benefits (OPEB). Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 75 was applicable. The schedule presents the sources of change in the total OPEB liability, and the components of the total OPEB liability and related ratios, including the total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered-employee payroll.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation for OPEB.

Changes in Assumptions

There discount rate changed from 2.45% to 1.92% since the previous valuation for OPEB. The heathcare trend rate changed from 5.90% to 5.20% since the previous measurement for OPEB.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's proportion (percentage) of the collective net pension liability, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability, the District's covered payroll, the District's proportionate share (amount) of the collective net pension liability as a percentage of the employer's covered payroll, and the pension plan's fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability.

Changes in Benefit Terms

There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Changes in Assumptions

There were no changes in economic assumptions since the previous valuations for CalSTRS and CalPERS.

Schedule of District Contributions

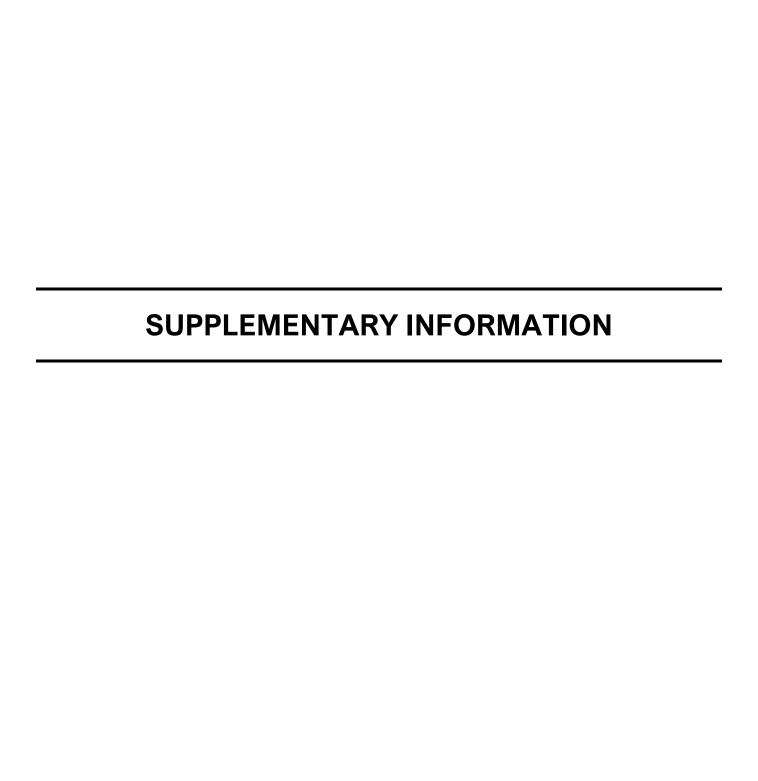
This 10-year schedule is required by GASB Statement No. 68 for each cost-sharing pension plan. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the schedule will only show those years under which GASB Statement No. 68 was applicable. The schedule presents the District's statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contribution, the District's covered payroll, and the amount of contributions recognized by the pension plan in relation to the statutorily or contractually required employer contributions as a percentage of the District's covered payroll.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 2 - EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District incurred an excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual major funds presented in the Budgetary Comparison Schedule by major object code, as follows:

	Expenditures and Other Uses									
		Budget		Excess						
General Fund										
Certificated salaries	\$	3,543,940	\$	3,719,623	\$	175,683				
Classified salaries	\$	1,182,609	\$	1,252,082	\$	69,473				
Books and supplies	\$	791,853	\$	844,606	\$	52,753				
Services and other operating expenditures	\$	1,055,918	\$	1,071,520	\$	15,602				



HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster	AL Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number		Federal Expenditures		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:						
Passed through California Department of Education:						
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected	84.010	14329	\$	166,149		
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341		27,726		
Title III						
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346		20,016		
Title III, Immigrant Education Program	84.365	15146		3,502		
Subtotal Title III				23,518		
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396		6,000		
Title VI, Part B, Rural & Low Income School Program	84.358	14356		12,994		
Adult Education						
Adult Education: Adult Basic Education & ESL	84.002A	14508		9,603		
Adult Education: Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978		3,372		
Subtotal Adult Education				12,975		
Strengthening Career and Technical Education for the 21st Century (Perkins V)	84.048	14894		7,155		
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants:						
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund	84.425	15536		13		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425	15547		265,058		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425	15559		164,705		
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155		33,478		
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant ESSER II State Reserve	84.425	15618		33,753		
Expanded Learning Opportunities (ELO) Grant GEER II	84.425	15619		18,792		
American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II) Program	84.425	15566		8,225		
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Discretionary Grants				524,024		
Total U. S. Department of Education				780,541		
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE:						
Passed through California Department of Education:						
COVID-19 Emergency Acts Funding/Extending Summer Food Service Program and SSO:						
Child Nutrition Cluster						
School Breakfast Program - Basic	10.553	13525		107,561		
School Breakfast Program - Needy	10.553	13526		38,235		
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391		378,171		
USDA Commodities	10.555	*		37,954		
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster				561,921		
Pandemic EBT Local Administrative Grant	10.649	15644		614		
Forest Reserve Funds	10.665	10044		2,451		
Passed through California Department of Social Services:						
Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP)						
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day Care	10.558	13393		54,518		
Subtotal Child and Adult Care Food Program			-	54,518		
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture				619,504		
Total Federal Expenditures			\$	1,400,045		

^{* -} Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number not available or not applicable

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE (ADA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Second Period Report	Annual Report
SCHOOL DISTRICT	<u> </u>	•
TK/K through Third		
Regular ADA	170.86	170.79
Fourth through Sixth		
Regular ADA	116.35	116.85
Seventh through Eighth		
Regular ADA	98.66	98.45
Ninth through Twelfth		
Regular ADA	273.85	273.22
TOTAL SCHOOL DISTRICT	659.72	659.31

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

		2021-22		
	Minutes	Actual	Number	
Grade Level	Requirement	Minutes	of Days	Status
Kindergarten	36,000	54,015	180	Complied
Grade 1	50,400	54,015	180	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	54,015	180	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	54,015	180	Complied
Grade 4	54,000	54,130	180	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	54,130	180	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	54,320	180	Complied
Grade 9	64,800	64,857	180	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,857	180	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,857	180	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,857	180	Complied

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	20	23 (Budget)	2022	2021	2020
General Fund - Budgetary Basis**					
Revenues And Other Financing Sources	\$	10,451,970 \$	10,760,347	\$ 10,284,691	\$ 8,805,469
Expenditures And Other Financing Uses		10,814,134	10,064,063	9,445,980	9,176,691
Net change in Fund Balance	\$	(362,164) \$	696,284	\$ 838,711	\$ (371,222)
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,091,192 \$	2,453,356	\$ 1,757,072	\$ 887,321
Available Reserves*	\$	1,667,140 \$	1,724,183	\$ 1,206,340	\$ 758,300
Available Reserves As A					
Percentage Of Outgo		15.42%	17.13%	12.77%	8.26%
Long-term Liabilities	\$	11,737,649 \$	12,011,497	\$ 14,719,490	\$ 14,542,022
Average Daily Attendance At P-2***		664	660	667	667

The General Fund ending fund balance has increased by \$1,566,035 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2022-23 budget projects a decrease of \$362,164. For a District this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 4% of General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2022-23 fiscal year. Total long-term obligations have decreased by \$2,530,525 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 7 ADA over the past two years. An increase of 4 ADA is anticipated during the 2022-23 fiscal year.

On-behalf payments of \$383,149 are not included in the actual revenues and expenditures reported in this schedule. Additionally, financing sources and capital outlay expenditures related to the new financed bus purchase are not included in this schedule.

^{*}Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balance within the General Fund.

^{**}The actual amounts reported in this schedule are for the General Fund only, and do not agree with the amounts reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances because the amounts on that schedule include the financial activity of the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects and the Special Reserve Fund for Postemployment Benefits funds, in accordance with the fund type definitions promulgated by GASB Statement No. 54.

^{***}Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, Average Daily Attendance at P-2 was not reported in 2021. Funding was based on Average Daily Attendance at P-2 as reported in 2020.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ANNUAL FINANCIAL AND BUDGET REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Ge	eneral Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects	for Post- Employment
June 30, 2022, annual financial and budget report fund balance Adjustments and reclassifications:	\$	2,453,356	\$ 447,64	5 \$ 221,399
Increase (decrease) in total fund balances:				
Capital lease adjustment		4,571		
Fund balance transfer (GASB 54)		669,044	(447,64	5) (221,399)
Net adjustments and reclassifications		673,615	(447,64	5) (221,399)
June 30, 2022, audited financial statement fund balance	\$	3,126,971	\$	- \$ -

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2022

	Stu	dent Activity Fund	Ac	dult Education Fund	De	Child evelopment Fund	С	afeteria Fund	M	Deferred laintenance Fund	Вι	uilding Fund	Cap	oital Facilities Fund	ond Interest and edemption Fund	lon-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS																
Cash and investments	\$	181,728	\$	144,210	\$	-	\$	100,900	\$	78,469	\$	278,396	\$	191,949	269,339	\$ 1,244,991
Accounts receivable		-		67,689		27,203		92,916		56		400		326	2,795	191,385
Due from other funds		-		-		1,969		-		-		-		-	-	1,969
Stores inventory		-		-		-		1,828		-		-		-	-	1,828
Total Assets	\$	181,728	\$	211,899	\$	29,172	\$	195,644	\$	78,525	\$	278,796	\$	192,275	\$ 272,134	\$ 1,440,173
LIABILITIES																
Deficit cash	\$	-	\$	-	\$	9,937	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 9,937
Accrued liabilities		-		8,911		-		2,884		-		2,238		-	-	14,033
Due to other funds		-		9,241		-		614		-		-		-	-	9,855
Total Liabilities		-		18,152		9,937		3,498		-		2,238		-	-	33,825
FUND BALANCES																
Non-spendable		-		-		-		1,828		-		-		-	-	1,828
Restricted		181,728		193,747		19,235		190,318		-		276,558		192,275	272,134	1,325,995
Committed		· -		· -		-		· -		78,525		· -		, <u>-</u>	· -	78,525
Total Fund Balances		181,728		193,747		19,235		192,146		78,525		276,558		192,275	272,134	1,406,348
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	181,728	\$	211,899	\$	29,172	\$	195,644	\$	78,525	\$	278,796	\$	192,275	\$ 272,134	\$ 1,440,173

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	nt Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Child Development Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Building Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
REVENUES									
LCFF sources	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 53,000
Federal sources	-	12,975	11,576	661,945	-	-	-	-	686,496
Other state sources	-	217,978	152,394	35,096	-	-	-	941	406,409
Other local sources	275,924	2,067	5,051	512	371	2,057	2,279	169,684	457,945
Total Revenues	275,924	233,020	169,021	697,553	53,371	2,057	2,279	170,625	1,603,850
EXPENDITURES									
Current									
Instruction	-	86,354	153,937	-	-	-	-	-	240,291
Instruction-related services									
School site administration	-	110,948	-	-	-	-	-	-	110,948
Pupil services									
Food services	-	-	-	538,810	-	-	-	-	538,810
General administration									
All other general administration	-	9,241	-	-	-	-	-	-	9,241
Plant services	-	497	477	-	65,887	-	-	-	66,861
Facilities acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	-	41,295	-	-	41,295
Ancillary services	256,246	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	256,246
Debt service									
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	417,800	417,800
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	84,522	84,522
Total Expenditures	 256,246	207,040	154,414	538,810	65,887	41,295	-	502,322	1,766,014
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	 •	·	·	·	•	·		•	
Over Expenditures	19,678	25,980	14,607	158,743	(12,516)	(39,238)	2,279	(331,697)	(162,164)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)	 •	·	·	·	, , ,	, , ,	•	` '	· · · ·
Transfers in	_	_	1,969	-	_	50,000	_	_	51,969
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	 _	-	1,969	-	_	50,000	-	_	51,969
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	19,678	25,980	16,576	158,743	(12,516)		2,279	(331,697)	(110,195)
Fund Balance - Beginning	162,050	167,767	2,659	33,403	91,041	265,796	189,996	603,831	1,516,543
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 181,728								

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT LOCAL EDUCATION AGENCY ORGANIZATION STRUCTURE JUNE 30, 2022

The Hamilton Unified School District was established on July 1, 2009 upon the unification of Hamilton High School District and Hamilton Elementary School District. The boundaries of the former districts changed in accordance with the approved plan of unification. The District is located in Glenn County and is currently operating one high school, one elementary school, two community day schools, one continuation high school, one preschool, and an adult education program. There were no boundary changes during the fiscal year.

GOVERNING BOARD

	0012	
Member	Office	Term Expires
Hubert "Wendell" Lower	President	December 2024
Rod Boone	Clerk	December 2024
Gabriel Leal	Member	December 2024
Ray Odom	Member	December 2022
Genaro Reyes	Member	December 2022

DISTRICT ADMINISTRATORS

Jeremy Powell, Ed.D. Superintendent

Kristen Hamman Chief Business Official

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the Federal grant activity of the District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the financial statements.

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenue, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts represent Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in a prior year that have been expended by June 30, 2022 or Federal funds that have been recorded as revenues in the current year and were not expended by June 30, 2022.

	AL	
	Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported in the		
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and		
Changes in Fund Balance		\$ 1,456,513
Coronavirus Response and Relief		
Supplemental Appropriations (CRRSA)		
Act- One-time Stipend	93.575	(11,576)
CACFP Claims - Centers and Family Day		
Care	10.558	(17,000)
CACFP COVID-19 Emergency Operational		
Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.558	(12,425)
SNP COVID-19 Emergency Operational		
Costs Reimbursement (ECR)	10.555	(15,467)
Total Expenditures reported in the Schedule of		
Expenditures of Federal Awards		\$ 1,400,045

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with article 8 (commencing with section 46200) of chapter 2 of part 26 of the *Education Code*.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION, continued JUNE 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES (continued)

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Annual Financial and Budget Report Unaudited Actuals to the audited financial statements.

<u>Combining Statements – Non-Major Funds</u>

These statements provide information on the District's non-major funds.

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated, members of the governing board, and members of the administration.



REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Hamilton Unified School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Hamilton Unified School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 31, 2023.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Hamilton Unified School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

348 Olive Street San Diego, CA 92103 0: 619-270-8222 F: 619-260-9085 **christywhite.com**

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

Christy White, Inc.

May 31, 2023

REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM; AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hamilton Unified School District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022. Hamilton Unified School District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Hamilton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations (CFR)* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Hamilton Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Hamilton Unified School District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit for Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Hamilton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to
 the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
 on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

Christy White, Inc.

REPORT ON STATE COMPLIANCE

Independent Auditors' Report

Governing Board Hamilton Unified School District Hamilton City, California

Report on State Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting, prescribed by Title 5, California Code of Regulations, section 19810, that could have a direct and material effect on each of Hamilton Unified School District's state programs for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, as identified below.

In our opinion, Hamilton Unified School District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable state programs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

Basis for Opinion on State Compliance

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *2021-2022 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, prescribed by Title 5, *California Code of Regulations*, section 19810 as regulations (the K-12 Audit Guide). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Hamilton Unified School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on state compliance. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of the laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Hamilton Unified School District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the state compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Hamilton Unified School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgement made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the requirements of the applicable state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, and the K-12 Audit Guide, we:

- Exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis,
 evidence regarding Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with compliance requirements referred to
 above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the
 audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on
 internal control over compliance in accordance with the K-12 Audit Guide, but not for the purpose of
 expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Hamilton Unified School District's internal control over
 compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Select and test transactions and records to determine Hamilton Unified School District's compliance with the state laws and regulations related to the following items:

	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	No
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
Gann Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance (continued)

DDOODAM NAME	PROCEDURES
PROGRAM NAME	PERFORMED
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	Not Applicable
Immunizations	Yes
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
In-Person Instruction Grant	Yes
Charter Schools	
Attendance; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study;	
for charter schools	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based	
Instruction; for charter schools	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

We did not perform testing for Independent Study or Continuation Education because the ADA claimed was not material.

The term "Not Applicable" is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies or material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a state program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance (continued)

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of State Compliance section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the K-12 Audit Guide. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

San Diego, California

Christy White, Inc.

May 31, 2023



HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS Type of auditors' report issued: Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	Unmodified No None Reported
Non-compliance material to financial statements noted?	No
FEDERAL AWARDS Internal control over major program: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Type of auditors' report issued: Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	No None Reported Unmodified
with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)?	No
Identification of major programs:	
AL Number(s) 10.553, 10.555 Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs: Auditor gualified as law risk suditor?	\$ 750,000 No
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	INO
STATE AWARDS Internal control over state programs:	
Material weaknesses identified?	No
Significant deficiency(ies) identified? Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance	None Reported
with 2021-22 Guide for Annual Audits of California K-12 Local Education Agencies?	No
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified

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HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

20000 30000

Inventory of Equipment Internal Control

There were no financial statement findings for the year ended June 30, 2022.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT FEDERAL AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE 50000

AB 3627 FINDING TYPE

Federal Compliance

There were no federal award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT STATE AWARD FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FIVE DIGIT CODE	AB 3627 FINDING TYPE
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
42000	Charter School Facilities Programs
43000	Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction
60000	Miscellaneous
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
62000	Local Control Accountability Plan
70000	Instructional Materials
71000	Teacher Misassignments
72000	School Accountability Report Card

There were no state award findings or questioned costs for the year ended June 30, 2022.

HAMILTON UNIFIED SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

FINDING #2021-001: CLASSROOM TEACHER SALARIES (61000)

Criteria: As set forth in California Education Code section 41372, a unified school district should expend a minimum of 55% of the District's current expenses of education towards salaries of classroom teachers.

Condition: In the 2020-21 fiscal year, the District did not meet the minimum percentage requirement of 55% for a unified school district. The District only spent 49.81% on classroom teacher salaries resulting in a shortfall of 5.19%.

Effect: The District's current expense of education for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$7,536,923 and the total salaries and benefits for classroom teachers was \$3,753,888. The District was below the minimum required percentage of 55% by 5.19% which calculates out to a deficiency of \$391,166.

Cause: The deficiency was mainly due to increases in non-personnel expenditures related to the pandemic not included in the reduction column (4b), which is part of the calculation of the percent of current cost of education expended for classroom compensation. This creates an understatement of the percent spent by the district.

Questioned Costs: The questioned costs are the deficiency of \$391,166.

Repeat Finding: Yes, this is a repeat finding. Refer to Finding #2020-002.

Recommendation: We recommend that the District submit an application for exemption with the County.

Corrective Action Plan: The County approved the District's application for exemption. The District is working with the County to determine and identify what expenditures can be included in the reduction column (4b) to more properly calculate the percent of current cost of education expended for classroom compensation and meet the minimum percentage requirement in future years.

Current Status: Implemented.