

Social Studies: AP European History

Academic Vocabulary

analyze	define	examine
assess to what extent	describe	explain
compare and contrast	discuss	suggest
contrast	evaluate	

Content Vocabulary

Topic: *Introduction to Historiography and Review of Pre-Modern Europe*

- historiography
- Narrative Model
- Cause and Effect Model
- bias/propaganda
- perspective/point of view
- “Great Man” Theory
- Grand Theory
- determinism
- “history repeats itself”
- postmodernism
- chaos theory
- polis
- demos
- citizen
- civil liberty
- social contract
- civil power
- political power
- democracy
- philosophy
- pre-Socratics
- sophists
- classical philosophers
- Socratic method
- world of ideas vs. objects
- form vs. matter
- hero
- arete
- hubris
- nemesis
- patricians
- republic
- senate
- consuls plebeians
- comitia
- tribunes
- plebeian assembly
- latifundia
- landless/urban poor
- dictatorship
- Cloaca Maxima
- aqueduct
- plebs frumentaria
- panem et circenses
- “universal city”
- Germanic tribes/Goths
- “Fall of Rome”
- Byzantine Empire
- Arab Muslims
- majordomo
- Moors
- Battle of Tours
- Lombards
- partible inheritance
- Vikings
- feudal system
- lord/vassal
- manor
- serf
- knight
- Battle of Hastings
- Magna Carta
- sacraments
- Pope/Bishop of Rome
- Doctrine of Petrine Supremacy
- Lay Investiture controversy
- Concordat of Worms
- “People of the Book”
- dhimmi
- jizya
- Seljuk Turks
- First Crusade
- Siege of Antioch
- Siege of Jerusalem
- Solon
- Cleisthenes

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- Pericles “Funeral Oration”
- Thales
- Democritus
- Protogoras
- Socrates
- Plato
- Aristotle
- Homer
- Pindar
- Aeschylus
- Tarquinius Superbus
- Publius Valerius
- Lucius Jun. Brutus
- Tiberius/Gaius Gracchus
- Gaius Marias
- Lucius Cornelius Sulla
- Gaius Julius Caesar
- Octavian/Augustus
- Scipio vs. Cato
- Constantine
- Justinian
- Karl Martell
- Pepin
- Charlemagne
- Harold Godwynson
- William the Conqueror
- John
- Augustine, City of God
- Gelasius I
- Gregory VII
- Henry IV, HRE
- Alexios I
- Urban II

Topic: *The Birth of Modern Europe – Part One: The Renaissance*

- Second, Third, Fourth Crusades
- Avignon Papacy
- “Babylonian Captivity”
- decadence
- Western Schism
- Council of Constance
- Pragmatic Sanction of Bourges
- Black Death
- bubonic, pneumonic, septicaemic plagues
- anti-Semitism
- flagellation
- merchants/”middle class”
- towns
- guilds/guild masters
- Hundred Years’ War
- longbow
- Battles of Crecy, Poitiers, Agincourt
- artillery/the cannon
- Renaissance/”Renatio”
- Golden Bull
- Guelphs vs. Ghibellines
- Contadini
- vendetta
- popolo grosso/minute
- Signoria
- medieval philosophy
- Scholasticism
- Humanism
- humanities
- “L’uomo universal” Medici bank
- Pazzi Conspiracy
- interdict
- subject
- perspective
- fresco
- movable-type printing press
- subject vs. technique
- Boniface VIII “Unam Sanctam”
- Philippe IV “le Bel”
- Clement V
- Urban VI
- Charles VIII
- Henry V
- Joan of Arc
- Charles IV, HRE
- Thomas Aquinas
- Giovanni di Medici
- Cosimo di Medici
- Lorenzo and Guiliano de Medici
- Sixtus IV (della Rovera)
- Girolamo Savonarola
- Alexander VI (Borgia)
- Filippo Brunelleschi
- Leonardo da Vinci “Last Supper”
- Michelangelo (Buonarotti)
- “David”

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- Ceiling of the Sistine Chapel
- “The Last Judgment”
- Raphael (Sanzio)
- “The School of Athens”
- Johann Gutenberg
- Albrecht Durer
- Hans Holbein
- Jan van Eyck
- Pieter Bruegel
- Miguel de Cervantes
- William Shakespeare

Topic: *The Birth of Modern Europe – Part Two: The Upheaval in Christendom*

- College of Cardinals
- tithe
- simony
- indulgences
- Purgatory
- absolution
- Jubilee Bargain
- Scriptural Truth
- Justification by Faith Alone
- “Good Works”
- Priesthood of All Believers
- pastor
- Diet of Worms
- Nationalism
- Staupitz Society
- vernacular
- Karsthans
- Peasants’ War
- War of the League of Schmalkald (Schmalkaldic War)
- Peace of Augsburg
- Predetermination/Predestination
- foreknowledge
- omniscience/omnipotence
- transcendent
- The Elect
- Huguenots
- Presbyterians
- Puritans
- Dutch Reformed Church
- annulment
- Act of Supremacy
- Church of England/Anglican
- Act of Succession
- Regency
- Counter-Reformation
- Council of Trento
- Index of Forbidden Books
- Baroque art
- Society of Jesus (Jesuits)
- Inquisition
- Dutch Revolt
- Spanish Inquisition
- Spanish Habsburgs
- Siglo de Oro
- Austrian Habsburgs
- “Sea Dogs”
- intervention in Dutch Revolt
- Anglo-Spanish War
- Armada
- Drake’s Raid
- Galleons
- Battle of Gravelines
- “Protestant Wind”
- Huguenots
- Guises
- St. Bartholomew’s Day Massacre
- Edict of Nantes
- Siege of Le Rochelle
- Raison d’état
- Peace of Augsburg
- Defenestration of Prague
- Bohemian Revolt
- Battle of White Mountain
- Burning of Magdeburg
- Battle of Lutzen
- French intervention
- Peace of Westphalia
- Sixtus IV (della Rovere)
- Alexander VI (Borgia)
- Julius II (della Rovere)
- Leo X (di Medici)
- Desiderius Erasmus
- In Praise of Folly
- Julius Exclusus
- Girolamo Savonarola
- Johann Tetzl
- Martin Luther “95 Theses”

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- “Exsurge Domine”
- Frederick “the Wise”
- Charles V, HRE
- John Eck
- Martin Luther
- Thomas Muntzer
- John Calvin
- John Knox
- Guy de Bray
- Henry the VIII
- Sir Thomas More
- “Defense of the Seven Sacraments”
- Katherine of Aragon
- Mary I
- Cardinal Thomas Wolsey
- Anne Boleyn
- Elizabeth I
- Jane Seymour
- Edward VI
- Catherine Parr
- Ignatius Loyola
- William “the Silent” (Orange)
- Phillip II
- Ferdinand I, HRE
- Sir Francis Drake
- Mary, Queen of Scots
- Charles IX
- Henri of Navarre/Henri IV
- Louis XIII
- Marie di Medicis
- Cardinal Richelieu (Armand Duplessis)
- Ferdinand II, HRE
- Christian IV
- Albrecht von Wallenstein
- Gustav Adolf

Topic: *Triumphs and Setbacks of Absolute Monarchs*

- Magna Carta
- Grant Council of the Nobles
- limited government/monarchy
- Parliament
- House of Lords
- House of Commons
- United Kingdom
- absolute vs. limited monarchy
- Divine Right
- forced loans
- Petition of Right
- Law of Habeas Corpus
- Period of the Personal Rule
- Ship Money
- “Common Worship”
- Revolt of the Scots Presbyterians
- Puritans
- English Civil War
- Cavaliers
- Roundheads
- New Model Army
- The Commonwealth
- Pride’s Purge
- “Rump” Parliament
- Council of State
- Instrument of Government
- Lord Protector
- Stuart Restoration
- Mercantilism
- Navigation Acts
- Test Act/Exclusion Act
- Dutch Republic
- stadtholders
- Glorious Revolution
- joint monarchy
- Jacobite Risings/Rebellions
- Battle of the Boyne
- Bill of Rights
- Act of Toleration
- “The Sun King”
- “L’état, c’est moi.”
- intendants
- Palace and Gardens of Versailles
- cult of personality
- Balance of Power
- hegemony
- “natural boundaries” of France
- War of Spanish Succession
- Treaty of Utrecht
- Sultan, Supreme Caliph of Islam
- harem
- Battle of Kosovo
- Sharia/Kanun
- Battle of Lepanto

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- multinational/multiethnic
- Janissaries
- commercial dependency
- “Sick Man of Europe”
- Treaty of Karlowitz
- Treaty of Utrecht
- Pragmatic Sanction
- Peace of Westphalia
- War of Austian Succession
- “enlightened monarchy”
- Rus
- Tsar/Czar
- Kremlin
- “Time of Troubles”
- Romanov Dynasty
- Modernization/Westernization
- Great Northern War
- “Window on the West”
- warm-water/year-round port
- arable land
- First Russo-Turkish War
- “Polish Liberties”
- “exploding” diets
- John
- James VI (Scotland)/I (England)
- “The True Law of a Free Monarch”
- Charles I
- gham
- George Villiers, Duke of Buckin
- William Laud
- John Pym
- Oliver Cromwell
- Thomas Pride
- George Monk
- Charles II
- James II
- William “the Silent” (Orange)
- Rembrandt van Rijn
- William III (Orange) and Mary II
- James II “The Old Pretender”
- James “The Young Pretender”
- Charles “Bonnie Prince Charlie”
- Louis XIV
- Jean Baptiste Colbert
- Philip Bourbon
- William III
- John Churchill
- Osman I
- Suleyman “the Magnificent”/ “the Lawgiver”
- Selim II “the Drunkard”
- Charles VI
- Maria Theresa
- Frederick Hohenzollern
- “The Great Elector”
- Frederick Wilhelm I
- “The Sergeant King”
- Frederick II “the Great”
- Prince Volodymyr (Vladimir)
- Ivan III “Lord of all Rus”
- Ivan IV ‘the Terrible”
- Feodor
- Michael Romanov
- Peter the Great
- Catherine the Great
- Jan Sobieski

Topic: *The British Ascendancy*

- Mughal Empire (India)
- French East India Company
- Conquistadores
- slave trade
- chattel slavery
- four-field crop rotation
- heavy/steel plow
- seed drill
- full-body harness
- Enclosure Act/Movement
- “Putting-out System”/cottage industry
- factory system of production
- Adam Smith’s pin factory
- industrial division of labor
- cotton gin
- spinning jenny
- flying-shuttle loom
- water frame
- risk management
- joint-stock company
- shares
- dividend
- charter
- initial public offering

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- stock market/exchange/bourse
- Virginia/East India Companies
- gentry
- peerage
- middle class
- Tories vs. Whigs
- Jacobite Risings/Rebellions
- House of Hanover
- era of Whig dominance
- “position”
- South Sea Company
- South Sea “Bubble” Crisis
- “sinking fund”
- “Patriots”
- War of Jenkins’ Ear/War of Austrian Succession
- Treaty of Aix-la-Chappelle
- Seven Years’ War
- Treaty of Paris 1763
- War of American Independence
- Vasco da Gama
- Jean Baptiste Colbert
- Christopher Columbus
- Jethro Tull
- Eli Whitney
- James Hargreaves
- John Kay
- Richard Arkwright
- Anne
- George I
- Robert Walpole
- George II
- William Pitt
- George III

Topic: *The Age of Reason*

- geocentric model of the universe
- deductive reasoning
- Scientific Method
- systematic observation (under controlled circumstances)
- inductive reasoning
- heliocentric model of the universe
- elliptical orbits
- Galileo’s universal law of the acceleration of falling objects
- Newton’s universal law of gravitation
- philosophes
- salons
- Deism
- Rationalism
- Epistemology
- direct experience
- inductive reasoning
- “a priori” knowledge
- deductive reasoning
- ethics
- categorical imperative
- “state of nature”
- natural right
- life, liberty, property
- limited government
- social contract
- separation of power
- checks and balances
- enlightened monarch/despot
- abolition of serfdom
- patronage of arts and sciences
- Pugachev’s Rebellion
- “Invisible Hand”/“Hidden Hand”
- market economy
- Aristotle
- Ptolemy
- Francis Bacon
- Nicolaus Copernicus
- On the Revolution of the Heavenly Orbs
- Galileo Galilei
- The Starry Messenger
- Johannes Kepler
- Sir Isaac Newton
- Thomas Paine
- Francois-Marie Arouet (Voltaire)
- Baruch di Spinoza
- Julien de la Mettrie
- Denis Diderot
- Rene Descartes
- John Locke
- Essay Concerning Human Understanding
- David Hume
- Immanuel Kant

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- Groundwork on the Metaphysics of Morals
- Thomas Hobbes, Leviathan
- John Locke, Second Treatise of Government
- Thomas Jefferson, Declaration of Independence
- Jean-Jacques Rousseau, The Social Contract
- Baron de Montesquieu, The Spirit of the Laws
- James Madison
- Immanuel Kant, “What is Enlightenment?”
- Frederick II “the Great”
- Joseph II
- Catherine the Great
- Adam Smith, The Wealth of Nations

Topic: *The French Revolution and Napoleonic Europe*

- Ancien Régime
- First Estate
- Second Estate
- exemptions from taille, corvée
- Third Estate
- bourgeoisie
- American Revolution
- debt crisis
- Estates-General
- Cahiers de doléances
- National Assembly
- Tennis Court Oath
- National Guard
- Hôtel des Invalides
- Bastille
- Le Grand Peur
- Women’s March to Versailles
- Tuileries
- Tricolor
- “Liberté, Égalité, Fraternité!”
- Decrees of August 5
- Declaration of the Rights of Man and Citizen
- Civil Constitution of the Clergy
- Constitution of 1791
- Legislative Assembly
- Hereditary Agent of the People
- Émigrés
- flight of the Bourbon family
- Declaration of Pillnitz
- Girondins
- Invasion of Austrian Netherlands
- National Convention
- Jacobins
- “Mountain”
- sans-culottes
- Battle of Valmy
- “La Marseillaise”
- Execution of Louis XVI and Marie Antoinette
- guillotine
- (First) Committee of Public Safety
- Maximum Price Act
- levée en masse
- de-Christianization
- Republican Calendar
- Temple of Reason
- Supreme Being
- Vendéean Uprising
- Execution of Danton
- (Second) Committee of Public Safety
- Reign of Terror
- Law of Suspects
- Revolutionary Tribunal
- The Directory
- Monarchist Uprising
- “whiff of grapeshot”
- Northern Italian Campaign
- Treaty of Campo Formio
- Egyptian Campaign
- Battle of the Pyramids
- Battle of the Nile
- Coup d’état de Brumaire 1799
- Consulate
- First Consul
- Plebiscite
- “man on horseback”
- Concordat of 1801
- Code Civil
- amnesty for émigrés
- public works
- lycées
- Coronation as Emperor
- slave revolt in Haiti
- Battle of Trafalgar
- decisive battle

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- critical point
- feu d'enfer
- friction
- "On s'engage, pui on voit."
- coup d'oeil
- Battle of Austeritz
- Battles of Jena/Auerstadt
- Battle of Friedland
- Continental System
- Berlin and Milan Decrees
- Peninsular War
- guerilla warfare
- Invasion of Russia
- Grande Armée
- "scorched earth"
- "Generals January and February"
- Confederation of the Rhine
- Grand Duchy of Warsaw
- tribute
- conscription
- Battle of Leipsig (Nations)
- Treaty of Fontainebleu
- Congress of Vienna
- "White Terror"
- "Hundred Days"
- Battle of Ligny
- Battle of Waterloo
- Louis XIV
- Louis XV
- Louis XVI
- Marie Antoinette (Habsburg)
- Anne Robert Jacques Turgot
- Jacques Necker
- Comte de Mirabeau
- Marquis de Lafayette
- Joseph II
- Leopold II
- Duke of Brunswick
- Georges Danton
- Maximilien Robespierre
- Napoléon Bonaparte
- Carl von Clausewitz Vom Krieg
- Horatio Nelson
- Roger Ducos
- Abbe Emmanuel-Joseph Sieyes
- Pius VII
- Napoléon I
- Toussaint L'Ouverture
- Joseph Fouché
- Joseph Bonaparte
- Arthur Wellesley, the Duke of Wellington
- Alexander I
- Mikhail Kutuzov
- Marie-Louise Habsburg
- Louis XVIII
- Gabhard von Blucher

Topic: *The Masses: Unleashed and Restrained*

- Congress of Vienna
- legitimacy
- containment
- Quadruple/Holy Alliance
- "Metternich System"
- Carlsbad Decrees
- prior restraint (censorship)
- secret societies
- secret police
- Industrial Revolution
- steam engine
- condenser
- machine tools
- railroads
- "The Rocket"
- Liverpool—Manchester Railway
- Portsmouth Dockyards
- production line
- deskilling
- interchangeable parts
- Factory ("American") System
- "Iron Law of Wages"
- survival wage
- unequal pay
- child labor
- worker safety
- chronic injuries/deformities
- "Black Lung"/"White Lung"
- abuse
- urbanization
- "multiplier effect"
- overcrowding/housing shortage
- sanitation/disease
- open sewer/cesspit

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- cholera/typhus
- crime
- fire
- Luddites
- Corn Law
- “Peterloo Massacre”
- Six Acts
- Anti-Corn Law League
- trade unions
- Combination Act
- Glasgow strike
- political liberalism/conservatism
- “classical” economic liberalism
- Tories vs. Whigs
- Reform Bill of 1831-32
- boroughs (“rotten boroughs”)
- Chartist Movement
- People’s Charter
- universal male suffrage
- Utilitarianism
- Poor Law
- Sadler Commission
- Factory Act/Mines Act
- Ten Hours Act
- Metropolitan Police Act
- Metropolitan Fire Brigade
- Metropolitan Railway
- “Big Stink”
- underground sewers
- Public Health Act
- Chamber of Deputies
- July Ordinances
- July Revolution
- “Citizen King”/“Bourgeois Monarch”
- February 1848 Revolution
- Bonapartists
- Legitimists
- republicans
- National Workshops
- Bloody June Days
- Second French Republic
- Second French Empire
- economic determinism
- class struggle
- bourgeoisie
- proletariat
- Labor Theory of Value
- Theory of Surplus Value
- means of production
- private property/property rights
- religion as “opiate of the masses”
- “Battle of Democracy”
- “Dictatorship of the Proletariat”
- classless society
- historical inevitability
- scientific vs. utopian socialism
- Klemens von Metternich
- Thomas Newcomen
- James Watt
- Henry Maudsley
- George Stephenson
- Marc Brunel
- David Ricardo, “On Wages”
- Benjamin D’Israeli, “Sybil”
- “King Ned Ludd”
- William Pitt “the Younger”
- Charles James Fox
- John Russell
- William IV
- Jeremy Bentham, “Principles of Morals and Legislation”
- John Stuart Mill
- Michael Sadler
- Robert Peel
- Edwin Chadwick
- John Snow
- Joseph Bazalgette
- Charles X
- Marquis de Lafayette
- Louis-Philippe
- Louis Blanc
- Louis-Napoléon Bonaparte (Napoléon III)
- Karl Max and Friedrich Engels
- The Communist Manifesto
- Capital (Max only)

Topic: *Romanticism and Nationalism*

- moral impulse
- categorical imperative
- Romanticism
- “Noble Savage”

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- Romantic gardens
- garden follies
- Gothic Revival
- landscape
- nation
- cultural nationalism
- kultur vs. zivilization
- folklore and history
- political nationalism
- nation-state
- Young Europe
- creoles vs. peninsulares
- “Americans”
- Monroe Doctrine
- Philhellenes
- Battle of Navarino
- Walloons
- Treaty of London
- Celts
- “The Pale”
- Plantations
- Jacobite Risings/Rebellions
- Battle of the Boyne
- Penal Laws
- Act of Union
- Catholic Association
- Catholic Emancipation
- Tithe War
- Repeal Association
- “Monster Meetings”
- Young Ireland
- Potato Blight and Famine
- Young Irish Disorders
- Fenian rebels
- Home Rule
- “Christ of Nations”
- Polish Revolt
- Liberal Revolt
- Magyar Revolt
- Ausgleich/Dual Monarchy
- Carbonari
- Giovane Italia
- Austro-Sardinian War
- Redshirts
- Seven Weeks’ War
- “Blut und Boden”
- Volk
- German Confederation
- Zollverein
- Frankfurt Assembly
- Prussian Constitution
- Realpolitik
- Danish War
- non-aggression pact
- Treaty of Prague
- Spanish succession crisis
- Ems Dispatch
- Franco-Prussian War
- Battle of Sedan
- Second German Reich
- kaiser
- John Locke
- Essay Concerning Human Understanding
- Immanuel Kant
- Groundwork for the Metaphysics of Morals
- Jean-Jacques Rousseau
- J. M. W. Turner, “The Chain Pier” and “Weymouth Bay”
- John Constable, “The Cornfield” and “The Haywain”
- William Wordsworth, “Tintern Abbey”
- John Keats, “Ode on a Grecian Urn”
- William Blake, “The Tiger”
- Robert Burns, “To a Mouse”
- Johann Wolfgang von Goethe
- Faust
- Samuel Taylor Coleridge, “Rime of the Ancient Mariner” and “Kubla Khan”
- Johann Gottfried von Herder, “Materials for the Philosophy of the History of Mankind
- Guiseppe Mazzini, “On Nationality”
- Ernst Moritz Arendt, “Was 1st das Deutschen Vatterland?”
- Simon Bolivar
- José de San Martín
- Theodoros Kolokotronis
- Leopold I
- Patricus (St. Patrick)
- Brian Boru
- John
- Henry VII
- Elizabeth I
- Oliver Cromwell
- James II
- Daniel O’Connell
- Sir Charles Trevalyan

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- William Gladstone
- Alexander Ypsilanti
- Prince Adam Czartoryski
- Klemens von Metternich
- Franz Josef Habsburg
- Louis Kossuth
- Giuseppe Mazzini
- Camillo di Cavour
- Il Risorgimento
- Victor Emmanuel
- Giuseppe Garibaldi
- Frederick-Wilhelm IV
- Otto von Bismarck, “Blood and Iron”
- Wilhelm I
- Napoléon III
- Leopold Hohenzollern

Topic: *Mature Industrial/Urban Society and Imperialism*

- demographic transition
- birth/death/growth rates
- preindustrial
- industrial
- stabilization
- arithmetic vs. geometric growth
- Malthusian catastrophe
- city planning
- suburb
- terrace apartment
- Neoclassical and Gothic Revival
- iron/steel-framed structure
- Paris Commune
- Third French Republic
- Dreyfus Affair
- Conservatives vs. Liberals
- Reform Bill of 1867
- trade unions
- Fabians
- Labour Party
- Women’s Social and Political Union
- Suffragists/”Suffragettes”
- universal male suffrage
- Reichstag (Germany)/ Reichsrat (Austria-Hungary)
- Kulturkampf
- social welfare
- “old-age insurance”
- “worker’s compensation”
- “People’s Budget”
- Revisionist Socialists
- Social Democratic Parties
- Decembrist Revolt
- emancipation
- dumas/zemstvas
- “People’s Will”
- Pogroms
- Russo-Japanese War
- Bloody Sunday
- national duma
- Realism
- Salon des Refusés
- Impressionism
- evolution by natural selection
- “survival of the fittest”
- Social Darwinism
- eugenics
- dialectic
- thesis, antithesis, synthesis
- “Young Hegelians”
- Monism
- race, nation, state
- economic imperialism
- political/military imperialism
- cultural imperialism
- Social Darwinism/paternalism
- Thomas Malthus, An Essay on the Principle of Population
- Georges-Eugene Haussmann
- Joseph Paxton, Crystal Palace
- Gustave Eiffel, Eiffel Tower
- Alfred Dreyfus
- Emile Zola, “J’accuse”
- Benjamin D’Israeli
- William Gladstone
- Emmeline Pankhurst
- Otto von Bismarck
- Franz Josef
- David Lloyd George
- Nicholas I
- Alexander II
- Alexander III
- Nicholas II
- Father Georgy Gapon

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- Edouard Manet, “Luncheon on the Grass”
- Napoléon III
- Claude Monet, “Impression: Sunrise,” “Haystacks” series, “Water Lilies” series, “Gare Saint-Lazare”
- Pierre-Auguste Renoir, “Luncheon of the Boating Party”
- Vincent van Gogh, “Starry Night” and “Wheatfield” series
- Georges Seurat, “Sunday Afternoon on the Island of La Grande Jatte”
- Carolus Linnaeus
- Charles Lyell, Principles of Geology
- Charles Darwin, On the Origin of Species, The Descent of Man
- Herbert Spencer, Principles of Biology
- George Frederick Wilhelm Hegel
- Frederick Nietzsche, The Will to Power
- Ernst Haeckel, Weltratsel
- Francis Galton, Hereditary Genius: Its Laws and Consequences
- Rudyard Kipling, “The White Man’s Burden”

Topic: *The Great War*

- diplomatic equilibrium
- Crimean War
- “Realpolitik”
- Three Emperors’ League
- “Eastern Question”
- Pan-Slavism
- Second Russo-Turkish War
- Treaty of San Stefano
- Congress of Berlin
- Triple Alliance
- Reinsurance Treaty
- “Weltpolitik”/“place in the sun”
- “Young Turks”
- Triple Entente
- “Encirclement”
- Balkan League
- Black Hand
- “blank check”
- Austrian ultimatum
- Schlieffen Plan
- violation of Belgian neutrality
- Allied Powers
- Central Powers
- Tannenberg Campaign
- Battle of Tannenberg
- British Expeditionary Force
- Battle of the Marne
- stalemate
- “Irredenta”
- Battle of Caporetto
- Gallipoli Campaign
- ANZACs
- Arab Revolt
- trench warfare
- trench foot
- trench fever
- “over the top”
- “no-man’s land”
- high-explosive shells
- bombproof shelters
- “walking” artillery fire
- chlorine, phosgene, mustard gas
- tank
- lighter-than-air vs. airplanes
- synchronized machine gun
- Gotha bomber
- “shell-shock”
- mutiny
- attrition vs. decisive battle
- Battle of Verdun
- Battles of Ypres
- Battle of Somme
- “Pals” battalions
- rationing/price controls
- Daylight Savings Time
- Union Sacrée
- Burgfrieden
- Defense of the Realm Act
- Easter Rising
- Irish Republican Army
- Armenian Genocide
- influenza epidemic
- Russian Revolution
- Provisional Government
- Bolshevik Revolution
- Treaty of Brest-Litovsk

Social Studies: AP European History

- submarine (unterseeboot)
- Lusitania and Sussex
- Sussex Pledge
- unrestricted submarine warfare
- Spring 1918 Offensive
- Battle of Belleau Wood
- Meuse-Argonne Offensive
- armistice
- demilitarized Rhineland
- reparations
- “Stab-in-the-Back” Myth
- “Fourteen Points”
- “Peace Without Victory”
- “Wilson Peace”
- self-determination
- League of Nations
- Paris Peace Conference
- Treaty of St. Germain
- Treaty of Trianon
- Treaty of Neuilly
- Treaty of Sevres
- mandates
- Treaty of Versailles
- Art. 231: “War Guilt Clause”
- reparations
- “Diktat”
- “November Criminals”
- welfare state/managed economy
- disillusionment
- Surrealism
- Dadaism
- Otto von Bismarck
- Wilhelm II
- Franz Josef
- Franz Ferdinand
- Gavarilo Princip
- Nicholas II
- Alfred von Schlieffen
- Helmuth von Moltke
- Herbert Hoover
- Erich Ludendorff
- Paul von Hindenburg
- Paul von Rennenkampf
- Alexander Samsonov
- Winston Churchill
- Thomas Edward Lawrence
- Faisal al Saud
- Anthony Fokker
- Erich von Falkenhayn
- Philippe Pétain
- Douglas Haig
- Erich Ludendorff
- David Lloyd-George
- Georges Clemenceau
- Alexander Kerensky
- V. I. Lenin
- Woodrow Wilson
- Vittorio Orlando
- Salvador Dali, “Persistence of Memory”
- Max Ernst, “Elephant Celebes”
- Marcel Duchamp, “Nude Descending a Staircase”
- Hannah Hoch, collages
- René Magritte, “This Is Not a Pipe”
- Georges Duhamel, Civilization
- Robert Graves, Goodbye to All That
- Erich Maria Remarque, All Quiet on the Western Front”
- John McCrae, “In Flanders Fields”
- Wilfred Owen, “Dulce et Decorum Est”
- Siegfried Sassoon, “Counterattack”

Topic: *Rise of Mass Dictators*

- Duma
- hemophilia
- Battle of Tannenberg
- “People’s Militia”
- abdication
- Soviets
- Petrograd Soviet
- moderate vs. radical socialists
- Bolsheviks
- Mensheviks
- “Revolutionary Defeatism”
- “Storming of the Winter Palace”
- Decree of Peace
- Treaty of Brest-Litovs
- Decree on Land
- War Communism
- kulaks
- communist command economy

Social Studies: AP European History

- bureaucracy
- “black market”
- “Lenin’s Famine”
- New Economic Policy
- Decree on Government
- Council of People’s Commissars
- Constituent Assembly
- Cheka
- “class enemies”
- “Red Terror”
- gulags
- Russian Civil War
- Red Army
- Kronstadt Revolt
- “Miracle of the Vistula”
- Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR/Soviet Union)
- foreign intervention/occupation
- Communist International
- General Secretary of the Communist Party
- “Socialism in one country”
- Five Year Plans
- Kolkhozy (collective farms)
- “Stalin’s Famine”
- Ukrainian Revolt
- production quotas
- “Order of the Red Banner of Labor”
- totalitarian state
- cult of personality
- NKVD
- gulags (largest: Vorkuta)
- “Great Purge”
- “Trotskyites”
- “trenchocracy”
- Fasci di Combattimento
- Fascism/Fascists
- squadristi (“blackshirts”)
- general strike
- “March on Rome”
- emergency powers
- “Il Duce”
- totalitarian state
- “Corporate State”
- public works
- “Credero, Obbedire, Combattere”
- Lateran Treaty
- “Mare Nostro”
- Invasion of Abyssinia (Ethiopia)
- “Pact of Steel” (Axis)
- German (Weimar) Republic
- Reichstag
- Chancellor
- President
- reparations
- welfare state
- Spartakus vs. Freikrops
- devaluation/hyperinflation
- German Workers Party
- Sturmabteilung (“brownshirts”)
- “Beer Hall Putsch”
- Dawes Plan
- Crash of the New York Stock Exchange
- Great Depression
- National Socialist (Nazi) Party
- “Aryan race”/“master race”
- “pure blood”
- Untermenschen
- Anti-Semitism
- Lebensraum
- “big lie”
- “terror will always succeed...”
- “stab in the back” myth
- “November Criminals”
- Volksgemeinschaft
- Election of 1932
- Reichstag fire
- Enabling Act
- Schutzstaffel (“SS”) vs. SA
- “Night of the Long Knives”
- Fuhrer and Reich Chancellor
- “Ein Volk, Ein Reich, Ein Fuhrer”
- propaganda
- Hitler-Jugend
- Reich Labor Corps
- public works
- Second Republic
- Frente Popular
- Republicans
- Socialists/Communists
- Falange Española
- foreign intervention
- bombing of Guernica
- Nicholas II
- Alexandra
- Alexei
- Gregory Rasputin

Social Studies: AP European History

- Alexander Kerensky
- V. I. Lenin
- Leon Trotsky
- Joseph Stalin
- Benito Mussolini
- Victor Emmanuel III
- Pius XI
- Haile Selassie
- Gustav Stresemann
- Adolf Hitler
- Charles Dawes
- Adolf Hitler, Mein Kampf
- Paul von Hindenburg
- Franz von Papen
- Ernst Rohm
- Heinrich Himmler
- Joseph Goebbels
- Alfonso XIII
- Francisco Franco

Topic: *The Second World War and the European Holocaust*

- appeasement
- Locarno Pact
- pacifism
- disarmament
- rearmament
- remilitarization of the Rhineland
- Siegfried Line
- Anschluss
- Plebiscite
- Munich Conference/"Rape of Munich"
- Nazi-Soviet Nonaggression Pact
- Anglo-French guarantee of Poland
- invasion of Poland
- sitzkrieg
- blitzkrieg
- Luftwaffe
- tactical bombing
- airborne assault/paratroops
- armored assault
- mechanized infantry
- Maginot Line
- "Miracle of Dunkirk"
- Vichy France
- Operation Sea Lion
- Battle of Britain
- Royal Air Force (RAF)
- RADAR
- strategic vs. terror bombing
- Afrika Korps
- Sherman tank
- Battle of el Alamein
- Operation Torch
- Winter War
- occupation of the Baltic States
- Operation Barbarossa
- strategy of the "Scorched Earth"
- Battle of Khalkin Gol
- Siege of Leningrad
- Battle of Stalingrad
- Battle of Kursk
- "Second Front" debate
- "Soft Underbelly of Europe"
- "Arsenal of Democracy"
- Lend-Lease Act
- U. S. – British convoy system
- "shoot on sight" order
- Atlantic Charter
- Operation Husky
- Italian Campaign
- strategic bombing campaign
- Operation Overlord
- Battle of Normandy
- hedgerows
- Operation Cobra
- liberation of Paris
- Soviet occupation of Eastern Europe
- Ardennes Offensive
- Battle of the Bulge
- Battle of Berlin
- Volkssturm
- meeting at the Elbe
- V-E Day
- untermenschen
- "Aryan race"/"master race"
- "pure blood"
- eugenics/euthanasia
- Gypsies "an unwanted nation"
- "conspirators against the state"
- Nuremberg Laws on Reich

Social Studies: AP European History

- Citizenship Nuremberg Laws for Protection of German Blood and German Honor
- Kristallnacht
- Occupation of Poland
- Warsaw Ghetto
- Warsaw Ghetto Uprising
- “Final Solution”
- labor camps
- Einsatzgruppen/“death squads”
- Babi Yar massacre
- extermination camps
- Auschwitz-Birkenau
- Treblinka
- Nuremberg Tribunals
- Adolf Hitler
- Winston Churchill
- Kurt von Schuschnigg
- Neville Chamberlain
- Joseph Stalin
- Vidkun Quisling
- Philippe Pétain
- Erwin Rommel
- Bernard Montgomery
- Georgy Zhukov
- Friedrich Paulus
- Franklin D. Roosevelt
- Dwight D. Eisenhower
- Benito Mussolini
- George Patton
- Anthony MacAuliffe
- Adolf Hitler, Mein Kampf

Topic: *The Cold War and the Era of the Cold War*

- Yalta Conference
- Declaration of Liberated Europe
- “Warsaw” vs. “London” Poles
- United Nations
- “Iron Curtain”
- Communist Bloc
- containment
- Truman Doctrine
- U.N. Recovery and Relief Administration
- European Recovery Program/“Marshall Plan”
- COMECON/“Molotov Plan”
- coup in Czechoslovakia
- Potsdam Conference
- Allied occupation of Germany
- “Marshall Plan” and reestablishment of German currency
- Berlin Blockade
- Berlin Airlift/“Operation Vittles”
- Vienna Summit
- Berlin Wall
- North Atlantic Treaty/NATO
- Warsaw Pact
- de-Stalinization
- “Kitchen Debate”
- Sputnik
- Cuban Revolution
- U-2 Affair
- Bay of Pigs Invasion
- Vienna Summit/Berlin Wall
- Cuban Missile Crisis
- “hare-brained schemes”
- “Separate Paths to Socialism”
- Hungarian Revolt
- “Prague Spring”
- Warsaw Pact invasion
- Brezhnev Doctrine
- ICBM
- nuclear deterrence
- “massive retaliation”
- “Mutual Assured Destruction”
- Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty
- “Era of Stagnation”
- centrally-planned economy
- central planning bureaus
- “black market” economy
- infrastructure disintegration
- invasion of Afghanistan
- Glasnost
- Perestroika
- market reforms
- Demokratizatsaya
- Intermediate Nuclear Forces Treaty
- Strategic Arms Reduction Treaty
- withdrawal from eastern Europe
- Solidarity
- free elections in Poland
- “Velvet Revolution”

Social Studies: AP European History

- Romanian Revolution
- Reunification of Germany
- Croatian War of Independence
- Kosovo War
- Bosnian War
- Dayton Peace Accords/IFOR
- “hardliners”
- Union Treaty
- August Coup
- Commonwealth of Independent States
- “shock therapy”
- “kleptocracy”
- Chechnyan wars and terrorism
- Statute of Westminster
- Commonwealth of Nations
- Indian National Congress
- Partition of India
- Partition of Palestine
- Israeli War of Independence
- Suez Crisis
- Indochina War
- Battle of Dien Bien Phu
- Algerian War
- European Coal and Steel Community
- Treaty of Rome
- European Common Market/ European Economic Community
- Value-Added Tax (V.A.T.)
- Maastricht Treaty
- European Union
- Euro
- European Constitution (rejected)
- Franklin D. Roosevelt
- Joseph Stalin
- Winston Churchill, “Iron Curtain” speech
- George Kennan, “The Sources of Soviet Conduct”
- Harry Truman
- Marcos
- George Marshall
- Vyacheslav Molotov
- Dwight D. Eisenhower
- Nikita Khrushchev, “Secret Speech”
- John F. Kennedy
- Fidel Castro
- Imre Nagy
- Leonid Brezhnev
- Alexander Dubček
- Richard Nixon
- Mikhail Gorbachev
- Boris Yeltsin
- Ronald Reagan
- Lech Walesa
- Margaret Thatcher
- John Paul II
- Vaclav Havel
- Nicolae Ceaușescu
- Helmut Kohl
- Josip Tito
- Gennady Yanayev
- Vladimir Putin
- Mohandas Gandhi
- Muhammad Ali Jinnah
- Gamel Abdel Nasser
- Ho Chi Minh
- Charles de Gaulle
- Robert Schuman