

Marking Period	Unit Title	Recommended Instructional Days
Marking Period 1	Law and Society in America	20-25 Days
<p align="center">NJSLs - United States History: America in the World 6.1 Disciplinary Strand: Disciplinary Concept:</p>		<p>Recommended Activities:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Do Nows - Exit Tickets ● Document/Data Review and Discussion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Gerrymandering ○ Voting Restriction Laws (Texas & Georgia) ○ Abortion Rights (Texas Law & Supreme Court Opinion) ○ Prison data (Racial, Juvenile, Location, Reasons for Incarceration) ○ Abuse of power (Trump Impeachment/Florida Disney Incident “Don’t Say Gay Law”) ○ Black Lives Matter (George Floyd) ● Small and large group discussions ● Cooperative learning ● Debates ● Close reading ● Research ● Writing exercises ● Peer reviews ● View films ● Listen to audio ● Analyze images ● Conduct interviews ● Simulations ● Analyze statistics ● Policy analysis and recommendations ● Presentation ● Organize and visually represent information
<p><i>Core Ideas:</i></p>	<p><i>Performance Expectation:</i></p>	
<p>Historical, contemporary, and emerging processes, rules, laws, and policies are modified as societies change in an effort to promote the common good and strive to protect human rights.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPR.2.a: Use primary sources to explain how judicial review made the Supreme Court an influential branch of government and construct an argument regarding the continuing impact of the Supreme Court today</p>	
<p>Social and political systems throughout time have promoted and denied civic virtues and democratic principles.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsDP.6.b: Relate the creation of African American advocacy organizations (i.e., the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People) to United States Supreme Court decisions (i.e., Plessy v. Ferguson) and state and local governmental policies.</p>	
<p>Historical, contemporary, and emerging processes, rules, laws, and policies are modified as societies change in an effort to promote the common good and strive to protect human rights.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPR.10.a: Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define and expand individual rights and use evidence to document the long-term impact of these</p>	

	<p>decisions on the protection of civil and human rights.</p>	<p><u>Optional Extension Activities:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Document Review <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ The Montgomery Bus Boycott was one of many factors that led to the Civil Rights Movement coming to a head in the 1950s. ○ Martin Luther King Jr. and Malcolm X were two of the most dominant voices of the era. ○ Civil Rights Acts and Equal Employment Opportunity laws were passed to provide equal protection of the 14 th Amendment to African Americans. ○ Rodney King and Abdul Diallo are two individuals to suffer brutal mistreatment by police officers based on the color of their sin. ○ Gender and Racial Equality are issues that Americans are still working to achieve. ○ Health Care Equality has been a goal since the presidency of Bill Clinton but still has many unanswered problems. ○ Peace and Justice are the goals of many religions throughout the world, yet violence is on the rise. ○ Patriot Act ● Films (Possible Titles) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Death Penalty—Green Mile ○ Social Justice—Dead Man Walking ○ Racism—Selma ○ Wrongful Convictions—The Hurricane ○ Desegregation—Remember the Titans ○ Equal Rights—Milk ○ Police Corruption—Thin Blue Line ● Podcast <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Serial Season 3, Chicago Justice System <p><u>Interdisciplinary Connections:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Science: Explore criminal forensics ● Statistics: review criminal statistics <p><u>New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative.</u></p>
<p>Civic and political institutions address social and political problems at the local, state, tribal, national, and/or international levels.</p> <p>Social and political systems throughout time have promoted and denied civic virtues and democratic principles.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPI.13.a: Craft an argument as to the effectiveness of the New Jersey Constitution of 1947, New Jersey Supreme Court decisions (i.e., Hedgepeth and Williams v. Trenton Board of Education), and New Jersey’s laws in eliminating segregation and discrimination.</p> <p>6.1.12.CivicsDP.13.a: Analyze the effectiveness of national legislation, policies, and Supreme Court decisions in promoting civil liberties and equal opportunities (i.e., the Civil Rights Act, the Voting Rights Act, the Equal Rights Amendment, Title VII, Title IX, Affirmative Action, Brown v. Board of Education, and Roe v. Wade).</p>	
<p>Constitutions establish a system of government that has powers, responsibilities, and limits that can change over time.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.c: Analyze how the Supreme Court has interpreted the Constitution to define and expand individual rights and use evidence to document the long-term impact of these decisions on the protection of civil and human rights.</p> <p>6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.d: Use primary sources representing multiple perspectives and data to determine the effectiveness of the federal government</p>	

	in addressing health care, income equality, and immigration.	
Civic and political institutions address social and political problems at the local, state, tribal, national, and/or international level.	6.1.12.CivicsPI.14.a: Draw from multiple perspectives to evaluate the effectiveness and fairness of the processes by which local, state, and national officials are elected.	
An understanding of the role of an individual as a member of a state, the rights and responsibilities of citizens, how civic values are determined and practiced, and examples of how civic identity and values in one place are different in other places, are essential.	6.1.12.CivicsCM.14.b: Use a variety of evidence, including quantitative data, to evaluate the impact community groups and state policies have had on increasing the youth vote.	
Civic deliberation requires civic dispositions, attentiveness to multiple perspectives, and understanding of diverse perspectives.	6.1.12.CivicsPD.14.a: Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to explain the conflicting ideologies and actions of political parties regarding spending priorities, the role of government in the economy, and social reforms.	
Personal interests and perspectives impact the application of civic virtues, democratic principles, constitutional rights, and universal human rights.	6.1.12.CivicsDP.14.a: Draw from multiple perspectives and cite evidence to determine the extent to which nongovernmental organizations, special interest groups, third-party political	

	<p>groups, and the media affect public policy.</p>	
<p>Demographic shifts and migration patterns both influence and are impacted by social, economic, and political systems. Political and economic decisions throughout time have influenced the cultural and environmental characteristics of various places and regions.</p>	<p>6.1.12.GeoPP.14.a: Use data and other evidence to determine the impact of recent immigration and migration patterns in New Jersey and the United States on demographic, social, economic, and political issues.</p> <p>6.1.12.GeoPP.14.b: Use evidence to document how regionalization, urbanization, and suburbanization have led to social and economic reform movements in New Jersey and the United States.</p> <p>6.1.12.GeoHE.14.a: Evaluate the impact of individual, business, and government decisions and actions on the environment and climate change and assess the efficacy of government policies and agencies in New Jersey and the United States in addressing these decisions.</p>	
<p>Governments and financial institutions influence monetary and fiscal policies.</p>	<p>6.1.12.EconNE.14.a: Use economic indicators to evaluate the effectiveness of state and national fiscal (i.e.,</p>	

	<p>government spending and taxation) and monetary (i.e., interest rates) policies.</p> <p>6.1.12.GeoNE.14.a: Use financial and economic data to determine the causes of the financial collapse of 2008 and evaluate the effectiveness of the government’s attempts to alleviate the hardships brought on by the Great Recession.</p>	
<p>Societies make decisions about how to produce and distribute goods and services and these decisions are influenced by the control of the means of production.</p>	<p>6.1.12.EconET.14.a: Use current events to judge to what extent the government should intervene at the local, state, and national levels on issues related to the economy.</p> <p>6.1.12.EconET.14.b: Analyze economic trends, income distribution, labor participation (i.e., employment, the composition of the workforce), and government and consumer debt and their impact on society.</p>	
<p>The specialization of labor leads to greater efficiency in the means of production and the circular flow of goods and services between markets through a medium of exchange.</p>	<p>6.1.12.EconEM.14.a: Relate the changing manufacturing, service, science, and technology industries and educational opportunities to the economy and social dynamics in New Jersey.</p>	
<p>Evidence from multiple relevant historical sources and interpretations can be used to</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.a: Analyze campaign speeches and debates and</p>	

<p>develop a reasoned argument about the past.</p>	<p>other sources to determine the extent to which presidential candidates' rhetoric was inclusive, expansive, stereotypical or biased.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.b: Create an evidence-based argument that assesses the effectiveness of actions taken to address the causes of continuing racial tensions and violence.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistoryCA.14.c: Determine the influence of multicultural beliefs, products (i.e., art, food, music, and literature), and practices in shaping contemporary American culture</p>	
<p>Chronological sequencing serves as a tool for analyzing past and present events. Historical sources and evidence provide an understanding of different points of view about historical events.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.a: Develop an argument based on a variety of sources that compares George HW Bush's Iraqi policy with George W. Bush's.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistorySE.14.a: Explore the various ways women, racial and ethnic minorities, the LGBTQ community, and individuals with disabilities have contributed to the American economy, politics, and society.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistorySE.14.b: Use a variety of sources from diverse perspectives to analyze the social, economic, and political contributions of marginalized and underrepresented groups and/or individuals.</p>	

	<p>6.1.12.HistorySE.14.c: Analyze the use of the eminent domain in New Jersey and the United States from the perspective of local, state, and federal government as it relates to the economy.</p>	
<p>Complex interacting factors influence people’s perspectives.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.b: Determine how the 9/11 attacks contributed to the debate over national security and civil liberties.</p>	
<p>Historical events and developments were shaped by the unique circumstances of time and place as well as broader historical contexts.</p>	<p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.c: Make evidenced-based inferences about the role of partisan politics in presidential impeachments and trials.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.d: Evaluate the decisions to wage war in Iraq and Afghanistan after the 9/11 attacks.</p> <p>6.1.12.HistoryCC.14.e: Evaluate the role of religion on cultural and social mores, public opinion, and political decisions.</p>	
<p>Civic participation and deliberation are essential characteristics of individuals who support democracy and its principles.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPD.16.a: Construct a claim to describe how media and technology has impacted civic participation and deliberation.</p>	

<p>Historical, contemporary, and emerging processes, rules, laws, and policies are modified as societies change in an effort to promote the common good and strive to protect human rights. Long-term climate variability has influenced human migration and settlement patterns, resource use, and land uses at local-to-global scales.</p>	<p>6.1.12.CivicsPR.16.a: Analyze government efforts to address intellectual property rights, personal privacy, and other ethical issues in science, medicine, and business that arise from the global use of new technologies.</p> <p>6.1.12.GeoHE16.a: Explain why natural resources (i.e., fossil fuels, food, and water) continue to be a source of conflict and analyze how the United States and other nations have addressed issues concerning the distribution and sustainability of natural resources and climate change.</p>	
<p>Global economic activities involve decisions based on national interests, the exchange of different units of exchange, decisions of public and private institutions, and the ability to distribute goods and services without interruption</p>	<p>6.1.12.EconGE.16.a: Use quantitative data and other sources to assess the impact of international trade, global business organizations, and overseas competition on the United States economy and workforce.</p>	
<p>Advancements in technology and investments in capital goods and human capital increase economic growth and standards of living.</p>	<p>6.1.12.EconNE.16.a: Make evidenced-base inferences regarding the impact of technology on the global workforce and on entrepreneurship.</p> <p>6.1.12.EconNE.16.b: Evaluate the economic, political, and social impact</p>	

	of new and emerging technologies on individuals and nations.	
To better understand the historical perspective, one must consider historical context.	6.1.12.HistoryUP.16.a: Analyze the impact of American culture on other world cultures and determine the impact of social media on the dissemination of American culture.	
Historical events and developments were shaped by the unique circumstances of time and place as well as broader historical contexts.	6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.a: Assess from various perspectives the effectiveness with which the United States government addresses economic issues that affect individuals, businesses, and/or other countries. 6.1.12.HistoryCC.16.b: Determine past and present factors that led to the widening of the gap between the rich and poor, and evaluate how this has affected individuals and society.	
NJSLS - Active Citizenship in the 21st Century 6.3 Disciplinary Strand: Disciplinary Concept:		
Core Ideas:	Performance Expectation:	Unit Overarching Essential Question:
Political and civil institutions impact all aspects of people's lives	6.3.8.CivicsPI.1: Evaluate, take, and defend a position on why government is necessary, and the purposes government should serve.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● A. Civics, Government, and Human Rights <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do citizens, civic ideals, and government institutions interact to balance the needs of individuals and the common good? ○ How have economic, political, and cultural decisions promoted or prevented the growth of personal freedom,

<p>Governments have different structures which impact development (expansion) and civic participation.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPI.2: Evaluate the extent to which different forms of government reflect the history and values of various societies (e.g., monarchy, democracy, republic, dictatorship).</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPI.3: Use a variety of sources from multiple perspectives to examine the role of individuals, political parties, interest groups, and the media in a local or global issue and share this information with a governmental or nongovernmental organization as a way to gain support for addressing the issue.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPI.4: Investigate the roles of political, civil, and economic organizations in shaping people’s lives and share this information with individuals who might benefit from this information</p>	<p>individual responsibility,equality, and respect for human dignity?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● B. Geography, People, and the Environment <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do physical geography, human geography, and the human environment interact to influence or determine the development of cultures,societies, and nations? ● C. Economics, Innovation, and Technology <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How can individuals, groups, and societies apply economic reasoning to make difficult choices about scarce resources? What are the possible consequences of these decisions for individuals, groups, and societies? ○ How have scientific and technological developments over the course of history changed the way people live and economies and governments function? ● D. History, Culture, and Perspectives <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ How do our interpretations of past events inform our understanding of cause and effect, and continuity and change, and how do they influence our beliefs and decisions about current public policy issues? ○ How can the study of multiple perspectives, beliefs systems, and cultures provide a context for understanding and challenging public actions and decisions in a diverse and interdependent world?
<p>Civic participation and deliberation are the responsibility of every member of society</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.1: Deliberate on a public issue affecting an upcoming election, consider opposing arguments, and develop a reasoned conclusion.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.2: Propose and defend a position regarding a public policy issue at the appropriate local, state, or national</p>	
<p>Members of society have the obligation to become informed of the facts regarding public issues and to engage in honest, mutually</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPD.3: Construct a claim as to why it is important for democracy that individuals</p>	

<p>respectful discourse to advance public policy solutions.</p>	<p>are informed by facts, aware of diverse viewpoints,</p>	
<p>The United States system of government is designed to realize the ideals of liberty, democracy, limited government, equality under the law and of opportunity, justice, and property rights.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.1: Identify an issue of inequality, develop multiple solutions, and communicate the best one to an appropriate government body.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.2: Make a claim based on evidence to determine the extent and the limitations of First Amendment rights (e.g., U.S. Supreme Court decisions).</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsDP.3: Use historical case studies and current events to explain why due process is essential for the protection of individual rights and maintenance of limited government.</p>	
<p>In a democratic government, there are multiple processes by which individuals can influence the creation of rules, laws, and public policy.</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.1: Analyze primary sources to explain how democratic ideas in the United States developed from the historical experiences of ancient societies, England, and the North American colonies.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.2: Evaluate the effectiveness of the fundamental principles of the Constitution (i.e., consent of the governed, rule of law, federalism, limited government, separation of powers, checks and balances, and individual rights) in establishing a federal government that allows for growth and change over time.</p>	

	<p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.3: Take a position on an issue in which fundamental ideals and principles are in conflict (e.g., liberty, equality).</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.4: Use evidence and quantitative data to propose or defend a public policy related to climate change.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.5: Engage in simulated democratic processes (e.g., legislative hearings, judicial proceedings, elections) to understand how conflicting points of view are addressed in a democratic society.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.6: Seek the perspectives of multiple stakeholders with diverse points of view regarding a local budget issue and take a position on proposed policy.</p> <p>6.3.8.CivicsPR.7: Compare how ideas become laws at the local, state, and national level.</p>	
<p>Fundamental rights are derived from the inherent worth of each individual and include civil, political, social, economic, and cultural</p>	<p>6.3.8.CivicsHR.1: Construct an argument as to the source of human rights and how they are best protected.</p>	
<p>Economic decision-making involves setting goals, weighing costs and benefits, and identifying the resources available to achieve those goals.</p>	<p>6.3.8.EconET.1: Using quantitative data, evaluate the opportunity cost of a proposed economic action, and take a position and support it (e.g., healthcare, education, transportation).</p>	

	<p>6.3.8.EconET.2: Assess the impact of government incentives and disincentives on the economy (e.g., patents, protection of private property, taxes).</p>	
<p>Social Studies Practices</p>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Developing Questions and Planning Inquiry ● Gathering and Evaluating Sources (sourcing; contextualization; corroboration) ● Seeking Diverse Perspectives ● Developing Claims and Using Evidence ● Presenting Arguments and Explanations ● Engaging in Civil Discourse and Critiquing Conclusions ● Taking Informed Action 		
<p>Social and Emotional Learning: <i>Competencies</i></p>	<p>Social and Emotional Learning: <i>Sub-Competencies</i></p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Self- awareness ● Social Awareness ● Self- Management ● Relationship Skills ● Responsible Decision-Making 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Recognizing the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges. ● Demonstrate an awareness of the expectations for social interactions in a variety of ways. ● Demonstrate an understanding of the need for mutual respect when viewpoints differ. ● Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals. ● Utilize positive communication and social 	

	<p>skills to interact effectively with others.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Develop, implement, and model effective problem solving and critical thinking skills. 	
<p align="center">Assessments (Formative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully engage within:</i></p>		<p align="center">Assessments (Summative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:</i></p>
<p><u>Formative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do Nows - Exit Tickets • Document/Data Review and Discussion <ul style="list-style-type: none"> o Gerrymandering o Voting Restriction Laws (Texas & Georgia) o Abortion Rights (Texas Law & Supreme Court Opinion) o Prison data (Racial, Juvenile, Location, Reasons for Incarceration) o Abuse of power (Trump Impeachment/Florida Disney Incident “Don’t Say Gay Law”) o Black Lives Matter (George Floyd) • Small group and large group discussions • Newsela Articles • Image Analysis & Graphic Organizers/Gallery Walk • Map Skills Assignments • Analyzing Political Cartoons • Identify and summarize points of view • Online Games: Quizizz and Quizlet for content and vocabulary respectively • Quizzes • Flip Books • Debates/Discussions • Data Based Questions • Document Based Questions • Small and large group discussions • Peer reviews • View films • Listen to audio 		<p><u>Benchmarks:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • District Assessment <p><u>Summative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Document Analysis - Research various topics of the • Tests/Assessments • Reflection Journal • Flip Book • Class Discussions/Debates • Current Event Journal/Discussions • PowerPoint Presentations

- Conduct interviews
- Simulations
- Analyze statistics
- Policy analysis and recommendations
- Persuasive/Expository Writing Prompts

**Differentiated Student Access to Content:
Teaching and Learning Resources/Materials**

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Prentice Hall, <i>United States History: New Jersey Edition</i> ● Prentice Hall, <i>A History of the United States</i> ● McDougal Littell, <i>The Americans</i> ● Pearson, <i>The African-American Odyssey</i> ● Pearson's Pacemaker Series, United States History ● Teacher's Curriculum Institute: History Alive! ● Amistad Curriculum ● Holocaust & Genocide Education Curriculum ● DBQ Online ● JStor ● NewsELA ● Cicero: History Beyond the Textbook ● ArcGIS 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Skill building activities ● Pearson's Pacemaker Series ● DBQ Online ● ProEd Shorts ● NewsELA ● Videos ● Leveled Assessments ● Choice Boards 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Bilingual dictionary ● Modified assessments and/or rubric ● Videos in their native language ● Pearson's Pacemaker Series ● ProEd Shorts ● NewsELA 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Leveled readings ● Novels; periodicals ● Leveled Assessments ● Enrichment activities & projects ● Choice Boards ● Inquiry projects ● Genius Hour Projects

Supplemental Resources			
<p>Technology:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Chromebooks, Geoinquiries, Zoom and Google Meets, Google Classroom, Interactive Textbooks, Jamboards, Schoology, Schoology Discussion Board, GoogleClassroom, Quiz, Quizlet, Kahoot, <p>Other:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Novels, Periodicals, Maps, artifacts, JStor, ARC’s Research Lab, NewsELA, DBQ Online 			
Differentiated Student Access to Content: Recommended <i>Strategies & Techniques</i>			
Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ELL Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Deliver instruction utilizing varied learning styles including audio, visual, and tactile/kinesthetic Provide individual instruction as needed Modify assessments and/or rubrics Repeat instructions as needed 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Skill building activities Leveled Assessments Choice Boards Multi-sensory (VAKT) approach during instruction Alternate presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple explanations, additional examples, modeling, etc.) Modify test content and/or format Retakes Additional time Preferential seating Review, restate and repeat directions; written directions Study guides Break assignments into segments of shorter tasks 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Modified activities Extend time requirements Preferred seating Checks for understanding/review Oral/visual directions/prompts when necessary, supplemental materials including Bilingual dictionary Modified assessments and/or rubric Reading materials in the native language Watching videos in the native language 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Curriculum compacting & acceleration Leveled readings Leveled Assessments Enrichment activities & projects Choice Boards Inquiry projects

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Oral rather than written answers 		
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<p>NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES & KEY SKILLS</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy • Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training • Standard 9.3: Career and Technical Education • Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills 	<p>Disciplinary Concepts:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Financial health • Financial Landscape • Money Management • Career Awareness and Planning • Creativity and Innovation • Critical Thinking and Problem-solving • Digital Citizenship • Global and Cultural Awareness • Information and Media Literacy • Technology Literacy 	
	<p>Core Ideas:</p>	<p>Standard 9.1 Personal Financial Literacy: This standard outlines the important fiscal knowledge, habits, and skills that must be mastered in order for students to make informed decisions about personal finance. Financial literacy is an integral component of a student's college and career readiness, enabling students to achieve fulfilling, financially-secure, and successful careers. • Standard 9.2 Career Awareness, Exploration, Preparation and Training. This standard outlines the importance of being knowledgeable about one's interests and talents, and being well informed about postsecondary and career options, career planning, and career requirements. • Standard 9.3: This standard outlines what students should know and be able to do upon completion of a CTE Program of Study. • Standard 9.4 Life Literacies and Key Skills. This standard outline key literacies and technical skills such as critical thinking, global and cultural awareness, and technology literacy* that are critical for students to develop to live and work in an interconnected global economy.</p>
	<p>Performance Expectation/s:</p>	<p>Civic Financial Responsibility (CFR) • Credit Profile (CP) • Financial Psychology (FP) • Financial Institutions (FI) • Planning and Budgeting (PB) • Risk Management and Insurance (RMI) • Economic and Government Influences (EGI) • Career Awareness and Planning (CAP) • Creativity and Innovation (CI) • Critical Thinking and Problem-Solving (CT) • Digital Citizenship (DC) • Global and Cultural Awareness (GCA) • Information and Media Literacy (IML) •</p>

	Technology Literacy (TL)
	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills Practices
	<p>Continually self-reflects and seek to improve historical thinking skills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Critical Thinking & Problem-Solving ● Creativity and Innovation ● Collaboration, Teamwork and Leadership ● Cross-Cultural Understanding and Interpersonal Communications ● Communication and Media Fluency ● Accountability, Productivity and Ethics <p>Evaluate resources, understand author bias, and evaluate echo chambers; Uses effective communication and collaboration skills and resources to interact with a global society; Plans, executes, and alters goals in response to changing societal and economic conditions; Seeks to attain skill and content mastery to achieve success in a chosen career path.</p>

New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code
(place an "X" before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)

	Amistad Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88</i>		Holocaust Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28</i>		LGBT and Disabilities Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35</i>		Diversity & Inclusion: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a</i>		Standards in Action: <i>Climate Change</i>
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