

# Bayonne High School

## Unit 7: Waves

2024 - 2025

Aligned to the New Jersey Student Learning Standards 2020

Marking Period	Unit Title	Recommended Instructional Days
4	Waves	19
NJSLS - Science: <i>Title</i>	NJSLS - Science: <i>Performance Expectations</i>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Recommended Activities, Investigations, Interdisciplinary Connections, and/or Student Experiences to Explore NJSL-S within Unit</b></p>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer</b></p>	<p><b>HS-PS4-1:</b> Use mathematical representations to support a claim regarding relationships among the frequency, wavelength, and speed of waves traveling in various media. [Clarification Statement: Examples of data could include electromagnetic radiation traveling in a vacuum and glass, sound waves traveling through air and water, and seismic waves traveling through the earth.] [Assessment Boundary: Assessment is limited to algebraic relationships and describing those relationships qualitatively.]</p> <p><b>HS-PS4-2:</b> Evaluate questions about the advantages of using a digital transmission and storage of information. [Clarification Statement: Examples of advantages could include that digital information is stable because it can be stored reliably in computer memory, transferred easily, and copied and shared rapidly. Disadvantages could include issues of easy deletion, security, and theft.]</p>	

	<p><b>HS-PS4-3:</b> Evaluate the claims, evidence, and reasoning behind the idea that electromagnetic radiation can be described either by a wave model or a particle model, and that for some situations one model is more useful than the other.</p> <p>[Clarification Statement: Emphasis is on how the experimental evidence supports the claim and how a theory is generally modified in light of new evidence. Examples of a phenomenon could include resonance, interference, diffraction, and photoelectric effect.]</p> <p>[Assessment Boundary: Assessment does not include using quantum theory.]</p>	
<p><b>FOUNDATION Disciplinary: Core Idea</b></p>	<p><b>FOUNDATION Disciplinary: Statement</b></p>	
<p><b>Conservation of Energy and Energy Transfer, Wave Properties</b></p>	<p><b>HS-PS3.B:</b> Conservation of energy means that the total change of energy in any system is always equal to the total energy transferred into or out of the system.</p> <p><b>HS-PS3.B:</b> Energy cannot be created or destroyed, but it can be transported from one place to another and transferred between systems.</p> <p><b>HS-PS4.A:</b> The wavelength and frequency of a wave are related to one another by the speed of travel of the wave, which depends on the type</p>	<p><b><u>Essential Question/s:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● What types of waves exist?</li> <li>● What factors affect the speed, frequency, and wavelength of a wave?</li> <li>● How do instruments work?</li> </ul> <p><b><u>Activity Description:</u></b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Mechanical Waves Investigation:</b> Students working in teams of three or four model the two types of mechanical waves (longitudinal and transverse) with a slinky. The students then design and implement an experiment to test whether the following characteristics affect the speed of a pulse: frequency, wavelength, and amplitude.</li> <li>● <b>Wave Boundary Behavior Investigation:</b> Working in teams of three or four, students design and implement an experiment to compare</li> </ul>

	<p>of wave and the medium through which it is passing.</p> <p><b>HS-PS4.A:</b>Waves can add or cancel one another as they cross, depending on their relative phase (i.e., relative position of peaks and troughs of the waves), but they emerge unaffected by each other. (Boundary: The discussion at this grade level is qualitative only; it can be based on the fact that two different sounds can pass a location in different directions without getting mixed up.)</p>	<p>what happens to the phase of a transverse wave on a spring toy when a pulse is reflected from a fixed-end boundary and a free-end boundary, and when it is reflected and transmitted from various boundaries (spring to string).</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Standing Waves Investigation:</b> Students working in teams of three or four use a string attached to a mechanical oscillator that vibrates with a known frequency. The other end of the string loops over a pulley system and is attached to a hanger for which the mass can be varied. For a particular tension, students predict the length of the string necessary to generate the first two harmonics of a standing wave on the string. Then they perform the experiment and compare the outcome with their prediction.</li> </ul>
<p><b>FOUNDATION</b> <b>Science and Engineering Practices:</b> <i>Core Idea</i></p>	<p><b>FOUNDATION</b> <b>Science and Engineering Practices:</b> <i>Statement</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>What is warming Earth? (continued from Unit 5, Energy):</b> Students will revisit a previously developed mechanism attempting to explain the steady warming of Earth, incorporating newly developed understanding of waves and the wave model of light.</li> </ul>
<p><b>Planning and Carrying Out Investigations:</b> Planning and carrying out investigations to answer questions or test solutions to problems in 9–12 builds on K–8 experiences and progresses to include investigations that provide evidence for and test conceptual, mathematical, physical and empirical models.</p> <p><b>Analyzing and Interpreting Data:</b> Analyzing data in 9–12 builds on K–8 and progresses to introducing more detailed statistical analysis, the comparison of data sets for consistency, and the use of models to generate and analyze data.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Plan and conduct an investigation individually and collaboratively to produce data to serve as the basis for evidence, and in the design: decide on types, how much, and accuracy of data needed to produce reliable measurements and consider limitations on the precision of the data (e.g., number of trials, cost, risk, time), and refine the design accordingly.</li> <li>• Analyze data using tools, technologies, and/or models (e.g., computational, mathematical) in order to make valid and reliable scientific claims or determine an optimal design solution.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Speed of Sound Investigation:</b> Working in small groups, students design two different procedures to determine the speed of sound in air.</li> </ul> <p><b>Interdisciplinary Connections: Content: NJSLS:</b></p> <p><i>Connections to NJSLS – English Language Arts</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>RST.9-10.8:</b> Determine if the reasoning and evidence in a text support the author’s claim or a recommendation for solving a scientific or technical problem.</li> <li>• <b>RST.11-12.1:</b> Write arguments focused on discipline-specific content.</li> <li>• <b>RST.11-12.7:</b> Integrate and evaluate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., quantitative data, video, multimedia) in order to address a question or solve a problem.</li> <li>• <b>RST.11-12.8:</b> Evaluate the hypotheses, data, analysis, and conclusions in a science or technical text, verifying the data when possible and corroborating or challenging conclusions with other sources of information.</li> </ul>

<p><b>Using Mathematics and Computational Thinking:</b> Mathematical and computational thinking at the 9–12 builds on K–8 and progresses to using algebraic thinking and analysis, a range of linear and nonlinear functions including trigonometric functions, exponentials and logarithms, and computational tools for statistical analysis to analyze, represent, and model data. Simple computational simulations are created and used based on mathematical models of basic assumptions.</p> <p><b>Construction Explanations and Designing Solutions:</b> Constructing explanations and designing solutions in 9–12 builds on K–8 experiences and progresses to explanations and designs that are supported by multiple and independent student-generated sources of evidence consistent with scientific ideas, principles, and theories.</p> <p><b>Obtaining, Evaluating, and Communicating Information:</b> Obtaining, evaluating, and communicating information in 9–12 builds on K–8 and progresses to evaluating the validity and reliability of the claims, methods, and designs.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Use mathematical representations of phenomena to describe explanations.</li> <li>● Apply scientific ideas to solve a design problem, taking into account possible unanticipated effects.</li> </ul> <p>Communicate scientific and technical information (e.g. about the process of development and the design and performance of a proposed process or system) in multiple formats (including orally, graphically, textually, and mathematically).</p>	<p><i>Connections to NJSL – Mathematics</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>MP.2:</b> Reason abstractly and quantitatively.</li> <li>● <b>MP.4:</b> Model with mathematics.</li> <li>● <b>HSA-SSE.A.1:</b> Interpret expressions that represent a quantity in terms of its context.</li> <li>● <b>HSA-SSE.B.3</b> Choose and produce an equivalent form of an expression to reveal and explain properties of the quantity represented by the expression.</li> <li>● <b>HSA.CED.A.4:</b> Rearrange formulas to highlight a quantity of interest, using the same reasoning as in solving equations.</li> </ul>
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>FOUNDATION</b> <b>Crosscutting Concepts:</b> <i>Core Idea</i></p>	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>FOUNDATION</b> <b>Crosscutting Concepts:</b> <i>Statement</i></p>	

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● <b>Patterns</b></li> <li>● <b>Cause and Effect</b></li> <li>● <b>Energy and Matter</b></li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Different patterns may be observed at each of the scales at which a system is studied and can provide evidence for causality in explanations of phenomena.</li> <li>● Empirical evidence is required to differentiate between cause and correlation and make claims about specific causes and effects.</li> <li>● Changes of energy and matter in a system can be described in terms of energy and matter flows into, out of, and within that system.</li> <li>● Energy cannot be created or destroyed—only moves between one place and another place, between objects and/or fields, or between systems.</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Social and Emotional Learning:</b> <i>Competencies</i></p>	<p><b>Social and Emotional Learning:</b> <i>Sub-Competencies</i></p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Self-Awareness</li> <li>● Social Awareness</li> <li>● Relationship Skills</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Recognizing Strengths</li> <li>● Respect for Others</li> <li>● Communication</li> <li>● Social Engagement</li> <li>● Teamwork</li> </ul>	
<p><b>Assessments (Formative)</b> <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully engage within:</i></p>		<p><b>Assessments (Summative)</b> <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:</i></p>
<p><b>Formative Assessments:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Warm-up quizzes, student responses on group work and class discussion</li> </ul>		<p><b>Benchmarks:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● District Assessment</li> </ul> <p><b>Summative Assessments:</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Waves Test</li> </ul>

				<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Written report based on the Speed of Sound Investigation</li> </ul>
<b>Differentiated Student Access to Content: Teaching and Learning Resources/Materials</b>				
<b>Core Resources</b>	<b>Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</b>	<b>ELL Core Resources</b>	<b>Gifted &amp; Talented Core Resources</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Student Chromebooks</li> <li>Lab equipment such as a mechanical oscillator, etc.</li> <li>Course textbook</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scaffolded Notes</li> <li>Leveled physics games and simulations</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Scaffolded Notes</li> <li>Google Translate</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Extension Activities</li> <li>Level appropriate physics games, simulations and problems</li> </ul>	
<b>Supplemental Resources</b>				
<b>Technology:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Schoology</li> <li>Investigative Science Learning Environment Physics Videos</li> <li>PhET Physics Simulations</li> <li>Physics-related and school-appropriate YouTube videos</li> <li>Universe and More Physics Games</li> </ul>				
<b>Differentiated Student Access to Content: Recommended Strategies &amp; Techniques</b>				
<b>Core Resources</b>	<b>Alternate Core Resources IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</b>	<b>ELL Core Resources</b>	<b>Gifted &amp; Talented Core</b>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Promote an approach that benefits multiple learning styles exploring phenomena through readings, videos, and collaborative work.</li> <li>Establishing proper safety protocols for using specialized equipment and gathering materials.</li> <li>Establishing communication protocols for collaborative activities to ensure all</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Utilize a multi-sensory approach during instruction, provide multiple presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple verbal explanations, mathematical representations, visual representations, etc.), modify test content and/or format, allow students to retake test for</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Utilize a multi-sensory approach during instruction, provide multiple presentations of skills by varying the method (repetition, simple verbal explanations, mathematical representations, visual representations, etc.), modify test content and/or format, allow students to retake test for additional credit, provide additional times and</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Create an enhanced set of introductory activities, integrate active teaching/learning opportunities, incorporate authentic components, propose interest-based extension activities, and connect students to related talent development opportunities.</li> </ul>	

<p>students properly communicate and involve every student.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Demonstrate that the Engineering Design Process is a flexible cycle that allows for steps to be repeated.</li> </ul>	<p>additional credit, provide additional times and preferential seating as needed, review, restate and repeat directions, provide study guides, and/or break assignments into segments of shorter tasks.</p>	<p>preferential seating as needed, review, restate and repeat directions, provide study guides, and/or break assignments into segments of shorter tasks.</p>	
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<p><b>NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES &amp; KEY SKILLS</b></p>	<p><b>Disciplinary Concept:</b> Technology Literacy</p>	
	<p><b>Core Ideas:</b></p>	<p>Digital tools differ in features, capacities, and styles. Knowledge of different digital tools is helpful in selecting the best tool for a given task.</p>
	<p><b>Performance Expectation/s:</b></p>	<p>9.4.12.TL.2: Generate data using formula-based calculations in a spreadsheet and draw conclusions about the data.</p>
	<p><b>Career Readiness, Life Literacies, &amp; Key Skills Practices</b></p>	
	<p><b>Practice:</b> Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them.</p>	<p><b>Description:</b> Students readily recognize problems in the workplace, understand the nature of the problem, and devise effective plans to solve the problem. They are aware of problems when they occur and take action quickly to address the problem; they thoughtfully investigate the root cause of the problem prior to introducing solutions. They carefully consider the options to solve the problem. Once a solution is agreed upon, they follow through to ensure the problem is solved, whether through their own actions or the actions of others.</p>

New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code  
(place an "X" before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)

Amistad Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88</i>		Holocaust Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28</i>		LGBT and Disabilities Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35</i>		Diversity & Inclusion: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a</i>	x	Standards in Action: <i>Climate Change</i>
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Content Area: Science (NJSL-S) Grades K - 12  
Grade: 9-12

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