

Domain Anchor Statement Codes			
Reading	Writing	Speaking and Listening	Language
CR: Close Reading of Text	AW: Argumentative Writing	PE: Participate Effectively	RF: Foundational Skills: Reading Language
CI: Central Ideas and Themes	IW: Informative and Explanatory Writing	II: Integrate Information	WF: Foundational Skills: Written Language
IT: Interactions Among Text Elements	NW: Narrative Writing	ES: Evaluate Speakers	SS: System and Structure of Language
TS: Text Structure	WP: Writing Process	PI: Present Information	KL: Knowledge of Language
PP: Perspective and Purpose in Texts	WR: Writing Research	UM: Use Media	VL: Vocabulary Acquisition, Use, and Literal Meaning
MF: Diverse Media and Formats	SE: Sources of Evidence	AS: Adapt Speech	VI: Vocabulary Acquisition, Use and Interpretative Meaning
AA: Analysis of an Argument	RW: Range of Writing		
CT: Comparison of Texts			

Marking Period	Unit Title	Recommended Instructional Days
4	The Realism Period	50 days

Grade NJSLS - ELA	Core Ideas and Practices Interdisciplinary Standards
<p>Language Domain</p> <p>L.KL.11–12.2. Apply knowledge of language to understand how language functions in different contexts, to make effective choices for meaning or style, and to comprehend more fully when reading or listening.</p> <p>A. Acquire and use accurately general academic and domain-specific words and phrases, sufficient for reading, writing, speaking, and listening at the college and career readiness level.</p> <p>B. Vary syntax for effect, apply an understanding of syntax to the study of complex texts.</p> <p>C. Demonstrate independence in gathering vocabulary knowledge when considering a word or phrase important to comprehension or expression.</p> <p>L.VL.11–12.3. Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grades 11–12 reading and content, including technical meanings, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.</p>	<p>Essential Question/s:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • In what ways does World War I impact post-war literature? • How can an essay be an exercise in creative writing? • Why and how do British authors experiment with writing styles and formats in the Modern era? • How and why does postmodernism differ from modernism? • What are the effects of feminism and postcolonialism on British literature? • What is the future of British literature? <p>Activity Description: Small and large group discussions (i.e. Think-Pair-Share) Discussion on female writers and their impacts on literary history Guided or interactive editing or revision exercises Complete graphic organizers, such as TPCASTT forms and Venn Diagrams Writing revision tasks, both independently and with partners.</p> <p>Interdisciplinary Connections: Content;; NJSLS#:</p>

<p>A. Use context (e.g., the overall meaning of a sentence, paragraph, or text; a word’s position or function in a sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.</p> <p>B. Identify and correctly use patterns of word changes that indicate different meanings or parts of speech (e.g., conceive, conception, conceivable).</p> <p>C. Analyze how an author or speaker uses and refines the meaning of a key term or terms over the course of a text or discussion.</p> <p>D. Consult general and specialized reference materials (e.g., dictionaries, glossaries, thesauruses), both print and digital, to find the pronunciation of a word or determine or clarify its precise meaning, its part of speech, its etymology, or its standard usage.</p> <p>E. Verify the preliminary determination of the meaning of a word or phrase (e.g., by checking the inferred meaning in context or in a dictionary).</p> <p>L.VI.11–12.4. Demonstrate understanding of figurative language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings, including connotative meanings.</p> <p>A. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., hyperbole, paradox) in context and analyze their role in the text.</p> <p>B. Analyze nuances in the meaning of words with similar denotations.</p> <p>C. Analyze how the meaning of a key term or terms develops or is refined over the course of a text.</p> <p>D. Analyze the impact of specific word choices on meaning and tone, including language that is particularly fresh, engaging, or beautiful.</p>	
Reading Domain	
<p>Reading literature:</p> <p>RL.CR.11–12.1. Accurately cite strong and thorough textual evidence and make relevant connections to strongly support a comprehensive analysis of multiple aspects of</p>	

what a literary text says explicitly and inferentially, as well as interpretations of the text; this may include determining where the text leaves matters uncertain.

RL.CI.11–12.2. Determine two or more themes of a literary text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of the text, including how they interact and build on one another to produce a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RL.PP.11–12.5. Evaluate perspectives/lenses from two or more texts on related topics and justify the more cogent viewpoint (e.g., different accounts of the same event or issue, use of different media or formats).

RI.MF.11–12.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the concept).

RL.CT.11–12.8. Demonstrate knowledge of, analyze, and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and literary significance for their themes, purposes, and rhetorical features, including how two or more texts from the same period treat similar themes or topics.

Reading Informational

RI.CI.11–12.2. Determine two or more central ideas of an informational text and analyze how they are developed and refined over the course of a text, including how they interact and build on one another to provide a complex account or analysis; provide an objective summary of the text.

RI.TS.11–12.4. Evaluate the author’s choices concerning structure and the effectiveness of the structure an author uses in his or her exposition or argument, including whether the structure makes points clear, convincing, and engaging.

RI.PP.11–12.5. Analyze an author’s purpose in a text distinguishing what is directly stated in a text or through rhetoric, analyzing how style and content convey information and advance a point of view.

RI.MF.11–12.6. Synthesize complex information across multiple sources and formats to develop ideas, resolve conflicting information, or develop an interpretation that goes beyond explicit text information (e.g., express a personal point of view, new interpretation of the concept).

RI.AA.11–12.7. Describe and evaluate the reasoning in seminal U.S. and global texts, and the premises, purposes, and arguments in these works.

RI.CT.11–12.8. Analyze and reflect on (e.g., practical knowledge, historical/cultural context, and background knowledge) documents of historical and scientific significance for their purposes, including primary source documents relevant to U.S. and/or global history and texts proposing scientific or technical advancements. 🌱

Writing Domain

W.AW.11–12.1. Write arguments to support claims in an analysis of substantive topics or texts, using valid reasoning and relevant and sufficient evidence.

- A. Introduce precise, knowledgeable claim(s), establish the significance of the claim(s), distinguish the claim(s) from alternate or opposing claims, and create an organization that logically sequences claim(s), counterclaims, reasons, and evidence.
- B. Develop claim(s) and counterclaims avoiding common logical fallacies and using sound reasoning and thoroughly, supplying the most relevant evidence for each while pointing out the strengths and limitations of both in a manner that anticipates the audience’s knowledge level, concerns, values, and possible biases.
- C. Use transitions (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships between claim(s) and reasons, between reasons and evidence, and between claim(s) and counterclaims.

D. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

E. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.IW.11–12.2. Write informative/explanatory texts (including the narration of historical events, scientific procedures/ experiments, or technical processes) to examine and convey complex ideas, concepts, and information clearly and accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content.

A. Introduce a topic; organize complex ideas, concepts, and information so that each new element builds on that which precedes it to create a unified whole; include formatting (e.g., headings), graphics (e.g., figures, tables), and multimedia when useful to aiding comprehension.

B. Develop the topic thoroughly by selecting the most significant and relevant facts, extended definitions, concrete details, quotations, or other information and examples appropriate to the audience’s knowledge of the topic.

C. Use appropriate and varied transitions and syntax to link the major sections of the text, create cohesion, and clarify the relationships among complex ideas and concepts.

D. Use precise language, domain-specific vocabulary, and techniques such as metaphor, simile, and analogy to manage the complexity of the topic.

E. Establish and maintain a style and tone appropriate to the audience and purpose (e.g., formal and objective for academic writing) while attending to the norms and conventions of the discipline in which they are writing.

F. Provide a concluding paragraph or section that supports the argument presented (e.g., articulating implications or the significance of the topic).

W.NW.11–12.3. Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences.

- A. Engage and orient the reader by setting out a problem, situation, or observation and its significance, establishing one or multiple point(s) of view, and introducing a narrator and/or characters; create a smooth progression of experiences or events.
- B. Use narrative techniques, such as dialogue, pacing, description, reflection, and multiple plot lines, to develop experiences, events, and/or characters.
- C. Use a variety of techniques to sequence events so that they build on one another to create a coherent whole and build toward a particular tone and outcome (e.g., a sense of mystery, suspense, growth, or resolution).
- D. Use precise words and phrases, telling details, and sensory language to convey a vivid picture of the experiences, events, setting, and/or characters.
- E. Provide a conclusion that follows from and reflects on what is experienced, observed, or resolved over the course of the narrative.

W.SE.11–12.6. Gather relevant information from multiple authoritative print and digital sources, using advanced searches effectively; assess the strengths and limitations of each source in terms of the task, purpose, and audience; integrate information into the text selectively to maintain the flow of ideas, avoiding plagiarism and overreliance on any one source and following a standard format for citation (MLA or APA Style Manuals).

Speaking and Listening Domain

SL.II.11–12.2. Integrate multiple sources of information presented in diverse formats and media (e.g., visually, quantitatively, orally) in order to make informed decisions and solve problems, evaluating the credibility and accuracy of each source and noting any discrepancies among the data.

SL.PI.11–12.4 Present information, findings and supporting evidence clearly, concisely, and logically. The content, organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience.

<p>SL.UM.11–12.5. Make strategic use of digital media (e.g., textual, graphical, audio, visual, and interactive elements) in presentations to enhance understanding of findings, reasoning, and evidence and to add interest. 🌱</p> <p>SL.AS.11–12.6. Adapt speech to a variety of contexts and tasks, demonstrating a command of formal English when indicated or appropriate.</p>		
<p>Social and Emotional Learning: <i>Competencies</i></p>	<p>Social and Emotional Learning: <i>Sub-Competencies</i></p>	
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Self-Awareness • Self-Management • Social Awareness • Responsible Decision-Making • Relationship Skills 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Recognize the importance of self-confidence in handling daily tasks and challenges • Recognize the skills needed to establish and achieve personal and educational goals • Demonstrate an understanding of the need for mutual respect when viewpoints differ • Develop, implement, and model effective problem-solving and critical thinking skills • Utilize positive communication and social skills to interact effectively with others 	
<p>Assessments (Formative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully engage within:</i></p>		<p>Assessments (Summative) <i>To show evidence of meeting the standard/s, students will successfully complete:</i></p>
<p><u>Formative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research biographies of the various writers in the unit • Sample AP Literature multiple choice question quizzes • Group and individual presentations of poetry analysis • Peer revision of essays • KWL chart on Victorian literature, Victorian culture and etiquette 		<p><u>Benchmarks:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • AP Literature and Composition District Assessment <p><u>Summative Assessments:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Research Analysis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ New Criticism and its followers have argued that the greatest works of literature are those that reveal eternal truths about the human condition and that do so through the perfect union of a work’s “content” and “form.” To

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Individual and group debates on <i>The Importance of Being Earnest</i> Alternative Assessments (projects, student portfolios, performance-based assessments) 	<p>what extent would you argue that this belief is supported by any of the text we have examined in this module?</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In Virginia Woolf’s text, <i>A Room of One’s Own</i>, she highlights the many failures of society that keep men and women from achieving equal status. You will be asked to participate in a debate in which you and your group members will make an impassioned and informed argument as to whether or not equal status has been achieved since the completion of Woolf’s text, and if not, to define those failures which perpetuate inequality <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (LGBT and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35) (Standards in Action: Climate Change) (Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88) (Holocaust Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28) Narrative Writing: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Construct a resume and personal statement for one of the characters we have studied this year as if they were applying for a new position. Be ready to defend your choices and review another classmate’s application. Literary Analysis: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> In the light of our reading of W.H. Auden’s, “Musee des Beaux Art,” an ekphrasis poem that corresponds with Brueghel’s painting, “Landscape with the Fall of Icarus,” use any of the poetic or literary forms we have discussed to “respond” to an already existing piece of art of a different medium.
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**Differentiated Student Access to Content:
Teaching and Learning Resources/Materials**

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ML Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core Resources
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Learning Contracts Centers/Stations Interactive Journals Leveled Readers Online Simulations Teacher Editions Student Editions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Extra Support Readers Provide options for Comprehension Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials Provide options for perception 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Online Thesaurus Extra Support Readers Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of materials 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Enrichment Readers Enrichment Activities Compacting Tiered Content/Activities Provide a variety of rigorous materials

- Manipulatives

Supplemental Resources

Technology:

- Websites:
 - AP Classroom, Commonlit, NYTimes website, Vocabulary, Miro, Canva, CrashCourse Literature, CrashCourse History, TedTalk, TedEd,
- Schoology
- Librivox, Lit2Go, Project Gutenberg
- School-provided laptop

Other:

- Virginia Woolf, *A Room of One's Own*
- W.H. Auden, "In Praise of Limestone," "In Memory of W.B. Yeats," "Musee des Beaux Art," "The More Loving One," "Refugee Blues," "Funeral Blues" 2. Elizabeth Bishop, "One Art," "Visits to St. Elizabeth's," "Questions of Travel" **(LGBT and Disabilities Law: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35)**
- T.S. Eliot, "The Love Song of J. Alfred Prufrock"
- Robert Frost, "Mending Wall,"
- Edna St. Vincent Millay, "Childhood," "Love is not all" 6. Wilfred Owen, "Dulce et Decorum Est"
- Ezra Pound, "A Pact," "In a Station of the Metro"
- Rainer Maria Rilke, "For the Sake of a Single Poem," "Faces," "Fears,"
- William Butler Yeats, "The Second Coming," "The Old Men Admiring Themselves by the Water," "When You are Old"
- Kazuo Ishiguro, *Never Let Me Go* **(Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a)**

Suggest informational texts

- David Foster Wallace, *Brief Interviews with Hideous Men*
- Joan Didion, *The Year of Magical Thinking*

Suggest informational texts

- Anonymus, "Verses Written by a Young Lady, on Women Born to Be Controll'd!"
- Gilbert King "What Paul Robeson Said" **(Amistad Law: N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88)**
- Gloria Steinem, "Testimony Before the Senate Hearings on the Equal Rights Amendment" **(Diversity & Inclusion: N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a)**

Differentiated Student Access to Content:
Recommended Strategies & Techniques

Core Resources	Alternate Core Resources <i>IEP/504/At-Risk/ESL</i>	ML Core Resources	Gifted & Talented Core
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Learning Contracts • Centers/Stations • Interactive Journals • Leveled Readers • Online Simulations • Teacher Editions • Student Editions 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Extra Support Readers • Provide options for Comprehension • Tiered Content/Activities • Provide a variety of materials • Provide options for perception • Manipulatives 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Online Thesaurus • Extra Support Readers • Tiered Content/Activities • Provide a variety of materials 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Enrichment Readers • Enrichment Activities • Compacting • Tiered Content/Activities • Provide a variety of rigorous materials

<p>NJSLS CAREER READINESS, LIFE LITERACIES & KEY SKILLS</p>	<p>Disciplinary Concept: • With a growth mindset, failure is an important part of success. • Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities.</p>	
	<p><i>Core Ideas:</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • There are reasons and consequences to taking on debt. •
	<p><i>Performance Expectation/s:</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CRP1. Act as a responsible and contributing citizen and employee. • CRP2. Apply appropriate academic and technical skills. • CRP3. Attend to personal health and financial well-being. • CRP4. Communicate clearly and effectively and with reason. • CRP5. Consider the environmental, social and economic impacts of decisions. • CRP6. Demonstrate creativity and innovation. • CRP7. Employ valid and reliable research strategies. • CRP8. Utilize critical thinking to make sense of problems and persevere in solving them. • CRP9. Model integrity, ethical leadership and effective management.

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● CRP10. Plan education and career paths aligned to personal goals. ● CRP11. Use technology to enhance productivity. ● CRP12. Work productively in teams while using cultural global competence.
	Career Readiness, Life Literacies, & Key Skills Practices	
	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● There are strategies to improve one’s professional value and marketability. Career planning requires purposeful planning based on research, self-knowledge, and informed choices. Innovative ideas or innovation can lead to career opportunities. Collaboration with individuals with diverse experiences can aid in the problem-solving process, particularly for global issues where diverse solutions are needed. Digital communities influence many aspects of society, especially the workforce. The increased connectivity between people in different cultures and different career fields have changed the nature, content, and responsibilities of many careers. 	

New Jersey Legislative Statutes and Administrative Code
(place an “X” before each law/statute if/when present within the curriculum map)

X	Amistad Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A 52:16A-88</i>	X	Holocaust Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-28</i>	X	LGBT and Disabilities Law: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.35</i>	X	Diversity & Inclusion: <i>N.J.S.A. 18A:35-4.36a</i>	X	Standards in Action: <i>Climate Change</i>
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