Annual Financial Report

For the Fiscal Year Ended August 31, 2024

STAFFORD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

1633 Staffordshire Rd Stafford, Texas 77477

Prepared by the Finance Department:

Dovran Ovezov, CPA Chief Financial Officer

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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Stafford Municipal School District	Fort Bena	079 - 910
Name of School District	County	Co Dist. No.
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual financia	I reports of the above named	d school district were reviewed
and approved disapproved for the fiscal year end	ded August 31, 2024, at a mee	eting of the Board of Trustees of
such school district on January 24, 2025.		
President of the Board	Vice President of the Boa	rd

i



FINANCIAL SECTION





Houston Office 3737 Buffalo Speedway Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77098 713 621 1515 Main

whitleypenn.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stafford Municipal School District (the "District"), a component unit of the City of Stafford, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's
 internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, pension information, and other-post employment benefit information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required Texas Education Agency (TEA) schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining nonmajor fund financial statements, required TEA schedules, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Schedule L-1 but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 24, 2025 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Houston, Texas January 24, 2025

Whitley TENN LLP



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of Stafford Municipal School District (the "District"), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the District were exceeded by its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$24,112,180 (deficit net position). Of this amount, \$18,797,054 (unrestricted net position) was in a deficit due to the recording of other post-employment benefit liabilities.
- The District's total net position increased by \$1,527,876 from current operations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances
 of \$8.44 million, an increase of \$1.79 million mainly due to an increase in fund balance of \$2,199,366 in the general
 fund.
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$3.21 million, or 8.2% of total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and supplementary and other information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) presents information on all of the District's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is changing.

The Statement of Activities (Exhibit B-1) presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the year. Changes in net position are reported upon occurrence of the underlying event giving rise to the change, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and incurred by unpaid workers' compensation benefits).

The government-wide financial statements of the District are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities). The governmental activities of the District include Instruction, Instructional Resources and Media Services, Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development, Instructional Leadership, School Leadership, Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services, Health Services, Student Transportation, Food Services, Extracurricular Activities, General Administration, Plant Maintenance and Operations, Security and Monitoring Services, Data Processing Services, Community Services, Interest on Long-term Debt, Issuance Costs and Fees, Facilities Repair and Maintenance, and Other Intergovernmental Charges.

Fund Financial Statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, as do other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the District can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources*, as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a District's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains 22 individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund and debt service fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation titled total nonmajor governmental funds.

The District adopts an annual revenue and appropriations budget for its general fund, debt service fund, and school breakfast and national school lunch fund. All other governmental funds adopt project length budgets. Subsequent to adoption, amendments approved by the governing body are reflected in a revised budget column. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund, debt service fund and the national school breakfast and lunch program special revenue fund to demonstrate compliance with its budget.

Proprietary Funds. The District maintains one enterprise fund, which consist of the Daycare Program. Enterprise funds, a type of proprietary fund, are used to report on other activity for which a fee is charged to external users for goods or services. Enterprise funds are included within the business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of students. The District's custodial fund is used to account for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District and consists of funds that are the property of students or others. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Required Supplementary Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. The required supplementary information relates to comparison of the original adopted budget, the final amended budget, and the actual amounts for the fiscal year. This is required supplementary information for the general fund and any major special revenue fund. The required supplementary information also provides information on the District's cost-sharing multiple employer pension and OPEB plan of which the District is a participant.

Supplementary and Other Information. The combining fund financial statements and required Texas Education Agency schedules are presented immediately following the required supplementary information.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Government-Wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a District's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows of resources were exceeded by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$24,112,180, after an increase in net position of \$1,527,876 during the fiscal year.

Stafford Municipal School District's Net Position

	Governmen	Governmental Activities Business			pe A	ctivities	Total				
		2023,						2023,			
	2024	as Restated		2024		2023	2024	as Restated			
Current assets	\$ 14,149,351	\$ 18,002,572	\$	(19,518)	\$	(33,423)	\$ 14,129,833	\$ 17,969,149			
Capital assets	85,642,375	90,443,422					85,642,375	90,443,422			
Total Assets	99,791,726	108,445,994		(19,518)		(33,423)	99,772,208	108,412,571			
Total Deferred Outflows											
of Resources	16,577,036	10,917,681					16,577,036	10,917,681			
Current lia bilities	4,222,055	9,596,893		4,019		-	4,226,074	9,596,893			
Noncurrent liabilities	124,260,828	123,198,640				-	124,260,828	123,198,640			
Total Liabilities	128,482,883	132,795,533		4,019			128,486,902	132,795,533			
Total Deferred Inflows											
of Resources	11,974,522	11,705,941					11,974,522	11,705,941			
Net Position											
Net investment in capital assets	(10,093,261)	(10,498,666)		-		-	(10,093,261)	(10,498,666)			
Restricted	4,778,135	5,158,091		-		-	4,778,135	5,158,091			
Unrestricted	(18,773,517)	(19,797,224)		(23,537)		(33,423)	(18,797,054)	(19,830,647)			
Total Net Position	\$ (24,088,643)	\$ (25,137,799)	\$	(23,537)	\$	(33,423)	\$ (24,112,180)	\$ (25,171,222)			

Deficit net investment in capital assets of a negative \$10,093,261 reflects the District's investment of \$85.64 million in capital assets less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$4,778,135 is restricted for debt service and grants.

The remaining balance, deficit *unrestricted net position* of \$18,797,054 is a result of the negative impact from the District's pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities.

Governmental Activities. Governmental activities increased the District's deficit net position by \$1,517,990 from current operations.

Business-type Activities. Net position of the District's business-type activities increased by \$9,886 for the year ended August 31, 2024 due to operations of the District's Daycare Program.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Stafford Municipal School District's Changes in Net Position

	Governmen	ital Activities	Business-Ty	pe Ac	tivities		To	tal	
		2023,							
	2024	as Restated	 2024		2023		2024		2023
Program Revenues									
Charges for services	\$ 839,723	\$ 636,038	\$ 252,789	\$	247,170	\$	1,092,512	\$	883,208
Operating grants and contributions	10,612,580	9,139,898	-		17,970		10,612,580		9,157,868
General Revenues									
Property taxes:									
Levied for general purpose	30,411,846	31,612,287	-		-		30,411,846		31,612,287
Levied for debt service	8,065,223	9,026,811	-		-		8,065,223		9,026,811
State-aid formula grants	6,438,909	4,332,192	-		-		6,438,909		4,332,192
Interest earnings	865,162	795,204	-		-		865,162		795,204
Other	673,790	338,701	 -		-		673,790		338,701
Total Revenues	57,907,233	55,881,131	 252,789		265,140		58,160,022		56,146,271
Expenses									
Instruction	27,888,402	28,745,090	_		_		27,888,402		28,745,090
Instructional resources and media services	381,145	428,007	-		_		381,145		428,007
Curriculum and staff development	790,316	1,082,268	-		_		790,316		1,082,268
Instructional leadership	1,898,901	1,821,217	_		_		1,898,901		1,821,217
School leadership	2,313,522	2,677,999	-		_		2,313,522		2,677,999
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	1,654,456	1,589,714	-		_		1,654,456		1,589,714
Social work services	21,583	33,150	-		-		21,583		33,150
Health services	380,626	486,146	-		-		380,626		486,146
Student transportation	1,160,183	1,307,737	-		-		1,160,183		1,307,737
Food services	3,067,466	2,976,216	-		-		3,067,466		2,976,216
Extracurricular activities	1,390,342	1,532,227	-		-		1,390,342		1,532,227
General administration	2,918,380	3,033,239	-		-		2,918,380		3,033,239
Plant maintenance and operations	5,096,520	5,484,040	-		-		5,096,520		5,484,040
Security and monitoring services	801,774	537,350	-		-		801,774		537,350
Data processing services	878,498	972,718	-		-		878,498		972,718
Community services	374,850	420,368	-		-		374,850		420,368
Interest on long-term debt	3,426,098	3,803,637	-		-		3,426,098		3,803,637
Contracted Instructional Services	1,628,856	1,527,238	-		-		1,628,856		1,527,238
Payments related to shared services									
arrangements	23,830	62,958	-		-		23,830		62,958
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative									
Education Programs	-	12,500	-		-		-		12,500
Other intergovernmental charges	293,495	321,873	-		-		293,495		321,873
Daycare Program			 242,903		276,273		242,903		276,273
Total Expenses	56,389,243	58,855,692	 242,903		276,273		56,632,146		59,131,965
Increase (Decrease) in Net Position	1,517,990	(2,974,561)	9,886		(11,133)		1,527,876		(2,985,694)
Beginning Net Position (Deficit)	(25,606,633)	(22,632,072)	(33,423)		(22,290)		(25,640,056)		(22,654,362)
Ending Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (24,088,643)	\$ (25,606,633)	\$ (23,537)	\$	(33,423)	Ś	(24,112,180)	\$	(25,640,056)
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Revenues are generated primarily from two sources. Property taxes, \$38.48 million, represent 66% of total revenues and grants and contributions, \$17.05 million, represent 29% of total revenues. The remaining 5% is generated from charges for services, investment earnings, and miscellaneous revenues. The increase in revenues is primarily the result of an increase in state aid.

The primary functional expenses of the District are instruction (\$27.89 million or 49% of total expenses), plant maintenance and operations (\$5.10 million or 9% of total expenses), interest on long-term debt (\$3.43 million or 6% of total expenses), and general administration (\$2.92 million or 5% of total expenses). The remaining functional categories of expenses are individually less than 5 percent of total expenses.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the District's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$8.44 million, an increase of \$1.79 million.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance was \$3.21 million and the total fund balance of the general fund was \$3.79 million. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 8.2% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 9.7% of that same total. Fund balance increased by \$2.20 million due to the implementation of more effective budget monitoring procedures.

The debt service fund has a total fund balance of \$3.54 million, all of which is restricted for the payment of debt service. Fund balance decreased by \$0.19 million from the prior year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District amends the budget as needed throughout the year. The following is a comparison of the original budget to the final amended budget for the general fund.

	Bud	lget		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget
Total revenues	\$ 36,136,611	\$ 37,649,448	\$ 41,175,331	\$ 3,525,883
Total expenditures	36,136,611	39,615,843	39,258,164	357,679
Other financing sources (uses)			282,199	282,199
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ (1,966,395)	\$ 2,199,366	\$ 4,165,761

The most significant variations in the original budget to the final amended budget of the general fund were increases to the budget of \$1.5 million for recapture. Actual expenditures were less than the final amended budget by \$357,679.

Capital Asset and Long-term Liabilities Administration

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental type activities as of August 31, 2024, amounts to \$85.64 million (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, vehicles, equipment, and the intangible right-to-use assets. Total capital assets, net of depreciation/amortization, decreased by \$4,801,047 during the fiscal year.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Stafford Municipal School District's Capital Assets

(net of depreciation/amortization)

	Governmental Activities								
		2024		2023		Change			
Land	\$	1,250,000	\$	1,250,000	\$	-			
Construction in progress		-		145,524		(145,524)			
Buildings and improvements		83,394,173		87,916,475		(4,522,302)			
Vehicles		220,515		497,545		(277,030)			
Equipment		383,016		228,104		154,912			
Right to use leased assets		394,671		405,774		(11,103)			
Totals	\$	85,642,375	\$	90,443,422	\$	(4,801,047)			

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in notes to the financial statements as noted in the table of contents of this report.

Long-term Liabilities. At year-end, the District had the following long-term liabilities:

Stafford Municipal School District's Outstanding Long-term Liabilities

	Go	over	nmental Activ	ities				
			2023,					
	2024		as Restated		Change			
General obligation bonds	\$ 96,667,685	\$	102,422,446	\$	(5,754,761)			
Workers' compensation	81,015		84,021		(3,006)			
Compensated absences	17,920		64,790		(46,870)			
Leases payable	102,018		201,465		(99,447)			
SBITAs payable	346,978		182,196		164,782			
Net pension liability	19,357,063		13,363,383		5,993,680			
Net OPEB liability	7,688,149		6,933,009		755,140			
Totals	\$ 124,260,828	\$	123,251,310	\$	1,009,518			

The District's net bonded debt decreased by \$5,754,761 (5.6%) during the current fiscal year due to the scheduled payments of bond principal.

The District's general obligation debt is backed by the full faith and credit of the District and, when eligible, is further guaranteed by the Texas Permanent School Fund Bond Guarantee Program. State statutes do not limit the tax rate or amount for the support of school districts' bonded indebtedness. However, approval by the Attorney General of the State of Texas is required prior to the sale of bonds Additional information on the District's long-term debt, net pension liability, and OPEB liability can be found in the notes to the financial statements as indicated in the table of contents of this report.

On April 3, 2024, Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") downgraded the District's investor rating to "A3" from "A1". Concurrently, Moody's removed the negative outlook.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (continued)

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget and Rates

In preparation of its annual budget, the District's management considers various factors that drive school district's budgets; these include enrollment trends, property values, state funding, facility needs, and the economy.

The 2024-2025 fiscal year budget includes the following financial highlights:

- Estimated revenues of \$42.1 million
- Estimated expenditures of \$42.1 million
- M&O tax rate of \$0.7869 per \$100 valuation

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances for all those with an interest in this information. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Chief Financial Officer, Stafford Municipal School District, 1633 Staffordshire Road, Stafford, Texas 77477.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STAFFORD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

August 31, 2024

Data				
Control		Governmental	Business-type	
Codes	_	Activities	Activities	Total
	Assets			
1110	Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,324,210	\$ -	\$ 9,324,210
1225	Property taxes receivables, net	1,640,978	-	1,640,978
1240	Due from other governments	3,084,735	-	3,084,735
1260	Internal balances	20,432	(20,432)	-
1290	Other receivables, net	35,070	914	35,984
1300	Inventories	15,539	-	15,539
1410	Prepaid items	28,387	-	28,387
1510	Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	1 250 000		1 250 000
1510	Land	1,250,000	-	1,250,000
1530	Capital assets net of depreciation/amortization:	02 204 472		02 204 472
1520	Buildings and improvements	83,394,173	-	83,394,173
1530	Furniture and equipment	603,531	-	603,531
1550	Right to use assets	394,671	(40.540)	394,671
1000	Total Assets	99,791,726	(19,518)	99,772,208
	Deferred Outflows of Resources			
	Deferred charge on refunding	1,638,560	-	1,638,560
	Deferred outflows - pension	9,739,945	-	9,739,945
	Deferred outflows - OPEB	5,198,531		5,198,531
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,577,036		16,577,036
	Liabilities			
2110	Accounts payable	1,153,206	4,019	1,157,225
2140	Interest payable	165,344	-	165,344
2150	Payroll deductions and withholdings	736,477	-	736,477
2160	Accrued wages payable	1,845,234	-	1,845,234
2180	Due to other governments	224,373	-	224,373
2190	Due to student groups	37,704	-	37,704
2200	Accrued expenses	51,459	-	51,459
2300	Unearned revenue	8,258	-	8,258
	Noncurrent Liabilities:			
2501	Due within one year	3,472,186	-	3,472,186
	Due in more than one year:			
2502	Bonds, compensated absences, claims	93,743,430	-	93,743,430
2540	Net pension liability	19,357,063	-	19,357,063
2545	Net OPEB liability	7,688,149	-	7,688,149
2000	Total Liabilities	128,482,883	4,019	128,486,902
	Deferred Inflows of Resources			
	Deferred inflows - pension	798,743	-	798,743
	Deferred inflows - OPEB	11,175,779	-	11,175,779
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	11,974,522		11,974,522
	Net Position (Deficit)			
3200	Net investment in capital assets	(10,093,261)	-	(10,093,261)
	Restricted for:	•		,
3820	Federal and state programs	1,052,139	-	1,052,139
3850	Debt service	3,725,996	-	3,725,996
3900	Unrestricted	(18,773,517)	(23,537)	(18,797,054)
3000	Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (24,088,643)	\$ (23,537)	\$ (24,112,180)

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

						Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Program Revenue				Primary Government					
Data					Operating						
Control		_		ges for	Grants and	Governmental		iness-type			
Codes	Functions/Programs	Expenses	Ser	rvices	Contributions	Activities	A	ctivities		Total	
	Primary Government										
	Governmental Activities:	4 27 222 422		20 227		A (22.554.042)				(22.654.042)	
11	Instruction	\$ 27,888,402	\$	39,327	\$ 4,194,132	\$ (23,654,943)			\$	(23,654,943)	
12	Instructional resources and media services	381,145		-	6,615	(374,530)				(374,530)	
13	Curriculum and staff development	790,316		-	656,292	(134,024)				(134,024)	
21	Instructional leadership	1,898,901		-	640,957	(1,257,944)				(1,257,944)	
23	School leadership	2,313,522		-	40,426	(2,273,096)				(2,273,096)	
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	1,654,456		-	644,611	(1,009,845)				(1,009,845)	
32	Social work services	21,583		-	21,681	98				98	
33	Health services	380,626		-	11,499	(369,127)				(369,127)	
34	Student transportation	1,160,183		-	11,292	(1,148,891)				(1,148,891)	
35	Food service	3,067,466		64,610	2,824,634	(178,222)				(178,222)	
36	Extracurricular activities	1,390,342	3	370,007	23,796	(996,539)				(996,539)	
41	General administration	2,918,380		-	809,306	(2,109,074)				(2,109,074)	
51	Plant maintenance and operations	5,096,520		63,838	202,892	(4,829,790)				(4,829,790)	
52	Security and monitoring services	801,774		-	51,139	(750,635)				(750,635)	
53	Data processing services	878,498		-	19,444	(859,054)				(859,054)	
61	Community services	374,850	3	301,941	137,218	64,309				64,309	
72	Interest on long-term debt	3,426,098		-	316,646	(3,109,452)				(3,109,452)	
91	Contracted instructional services	1,628,856		-	-	(1,628,856)				(1,628,856)	
	between schools										
93	Payments related to shared services	23,830		-	-	(23,830)				(23,830)	
	arrangements										
99	Other intergovernmental charges	293,495				(293,495)				(293,495)	
TG	Total Governmental Activities	56,389,243	8	339,723	10,612,580	(44,936,940)				(44,936,940)	
	Business-Type Activities:										
01	Daycare Program	242,903		252,789			\$	9,886		9,886	
ТВ	Total Business-Type Activities	242,903		252,789				9,886		9,886	
TP	Total Primary Government	\$ 56,632,146	\$ 1,0	092,512	\$ 10,612,580	(44,936,940)		9,886		(44,927,054)	
		General Revenu	es:								
	MT		es levi	ed for øe	neral purposes	30,411,846		_		30,411,846	
	DT	Property tax		_		8,065,223		_		8,065,223	
	SF	State-aid form			S. JCI VICE	6,438,909		-		6,438,909	
	IE	Investment ea				865,162		_		865,162	
	MI	Miscellaneous	_			673,790		-		673,790	
	TR	Total General R		s		46,454,930				46,454,930	
	CN	Change in net				1,517,990		9,886		1,527,876	
	NB	Net Position (De			g. as Restated	(25,606,633)		(33,423)		(25,640,056)	
	NE	Net Position (De		_	o,	\$ (24,088,643)	\$	(23,537)	\$	(24,112,180)	

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2024

Data Control	ontrol			De	ebt Service		Nonmajor overnmental	Go	Total Governmental		
Codes	_	Ge	eneral Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds		
	Assets										
1110	Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$	5,005,082	\$	3,144,862	\$	1,174,266	\$	9,324,210		
1220	Property taxes - delinquent		1,301,569		355,985		-		1,657,554		
1230	Allowance for uncollectible taxes (credit)		(13,016)		(3,560)		-		(16,576)		
1240	Receivables from other governments		406,348		-		2,678,387		3,084,735		
1260	Due from other funds		3,061,515		394,053		470,124		3,925,692		
1290	Other receivables		35,070		-		-		35,070		
1300	Inventories, at cost		-		-		15,539		15,539		
1410	Prepaid items		28,387		-		-		28,387		
1000	Total Assets	\$	9,824,955	\$	3,891,340	\$	4,338,316	\$	18,054,611		
	Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,										
	and Fund Balances Liabilities:										
2110	Accounts payable	\$	708,987	\$	-	\$	444,219	\$	1,153,206		
2150	Payroll withholdings payable		736,477		-		-		736,477		
2160	Accrued wages payable		1,700,672		-		144,562		1,845,234		
2170	Due to other funds		1,290,022		-		2,615,238		3,905,260		
2180	Payable to other governments		224,373		-		-		224,373		
2190	Due to student groups		37,704		_		-		37,704		
2200	Accrued expenditure		35,560		-		15,899		51,459		
2300	Unearned revenue		-		-		8,258		8,258		
2000	Total Liabilities		4,733,795		-		3,228,176		7,961,971		
	Deferred Inflows of Resources:										
	Unavailable revenue - property taxes		1,298,053		352,426		-		1,650,479		
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		1,298,053		352,426				1,650,479		
	Fund Balances:										
	Nonspendable:										
3430	Prepaid items Restricted:		28,387		-		-		28,387		
3450	Grant restrictions		_		-		1,052,139		1,052,139		
3480	Debt service		_		3,538,914		-		3,538,914		
	Assigned:				, ,						
3570	Capital expenditures		550,000		-		-		550,000		
3590	Other purposes		-		-		315,516		315,516		
3600	Unassigned		3,214,720		-		(257,515)		2,957,205		
3000	Total Fund Balances		3,793,107		3,538,914		1,110,140		8,442,161		
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources,			_							
	and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	9,824,955	<u>></u>	3,891,340	<u> </u>	4,338,316	<u>Ş</u>	18,054,611		

RECONCILIATION OF BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

August 31, 2024

Data Control Codes

Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds

\$ 8,442,161

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The governmental capital assets at year-end consist of:

1	Governmental capital assets costs	188,996,476
2	Accumulated depreciation/amortization of governmental capital assets	(103,354,101)

Property taxes receivable, which will be collected subsequent to year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the funds.

1,650,479

Long-term liabilities that are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.

4	Bonds payable	(89,305,000)
5	Premium on bonds	(7,362,685)
6	Deferred charge on refunding	1,638,560
7	Accrued interest on the bonds	(165,344)
8	Leases payable	(102,018)
9	Leases payable	(346,978)
10	Compensated absences	(17,920)
11	Workers' compensation	(81,015)
12	Net pension liability	(19,357,063)
13	Net OPEB liability	(7,688,149)
14	Deferred inflows/outflows of resources related to pension/OPEB	2,963,954
29	Total Net Deficit - Governmental Activities	\$ (24,088,643)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Control Codes	_	General Fund	De	ebt Service Fund		Nonmajor vernmental Funds	Go	Total overnmental Funds
	Revenues							
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 31,984,639	\$	8,314,009	\$	364,329	\$	40,662,977
5800	State program revenues	8,338,262		316,646		1,400,456		10,055,364
5900	Federal program revenues	852,430		-		6,996,440		7,848,870
5020	Total Revenues	41,175,331		8,630,655		8,761,225		58,567,211
	Expenditures							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction	21,599,714		-		3,386,368		24,986,082
0012	Instruction resources and media services	333,744		-		-		333,744
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff development	115,331		-		634,139		749,470
0021	Instructional leadership	1,183,390		-		568,133		1,751,523
0023	School leadership	2,014,726		-		3,649		2,018,375
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation services	949,606		-		598,317		1,547,923
0032	Social work services	-		-		20,396		20,396
0033	Health services	320,920		-		-		320,920
0034	Student transportation	1,022,185		-		1,501		1,023,686
0035	Food services	-		-		2,842,041		2,842,041
0036	Extracurricular activities	1,138,230		-		82,080		1,220,310
0041	General administration	2,387,029		-		18,400		2,405,429
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	4,190,793		-		524,171		4,714,964
0052	Security and monitoring services	723,001		-		49,899		772,900
0053	Data processing services	716,232		-		119,790		836,022
0061	Community services	96,471		-		129,979		226,450
	Debt Service:							
0071	Principal on long-term debt	216,864		4,790,000		-		5,006,864
0072	Interest on long-term debt	187,447		3,909,076		-		4,096,523
0073	Other debt service fees	-		123,813		-		123,813
	Capital Outlay:							
0081	Facilities acquisition and construction	116,300		-		-		116,300
	Intergovernmental:							
0091	Contracted instructional services	1,628,856		-		-		1,628,856
	Payments related to shared services							
0093	arrangements	23,830		-		-		23,830
0099	Other intergovernmental charges	293,495				-		293,495
6030	Total Expenditures	39,258,164		8,822,889		8,978,863		57,059,916
	Other Financing Sources (Uses)							
7949	Issuance of debt - SBITA	282,199		_		_		282,199
7080	Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	282,199						282,199
1200	Net change in fund balances	2,199,366		(192,234)		(217,638)		1,789,494
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	1,593,741		3,731,148		1,327,778		6,652,667
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 3,793,107	\$	3,538,914	\$	1,110,140	\$	8,442,161
3000		7 3,733,107	<u> </u>	3,330,314	<u>~</u>	1,110,170	$\stackrel{\checkmark}{=}$	5,772,101

Exhibit C-2R

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data
Control
Codes

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds (from C-2) \$ 1,789,494

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities (B-1) are different because:

Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.

- Capital outlay
 Depreciation/amortization expense
 (5,464,426)
- 3 Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year end, they are not considered "available" revenues and are deferred in the governmental funds. Deferred tax revenues increased (decreased) by this amount this year.

192,767

Bond and other debt proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of bond and other debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Also, governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the statement of activities.

4	Issuance of debt - SBITAs	(282,199)
5	Principal paid - bonds	4,790,000
6	Principal paid - leases	99,447
7	Principal paid - SBITAs	117,417
8	Current period gain on defeasance/early repayment on bonds	384,747

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

9	Accrued interest on long-term debt	8,190
10	Amortization of bond premium	527,344

- 11 Amortization of deferred charge on refunding (126,043)
- The (increase) decrease in compensated absences is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as income (expenditures) in the governmental funds.

The (increase) decrease in workers' compensation is reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, is not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

3,006

14 The net change in net pension/OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows, and deferred inflows are reported in the statement of activities but does not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds.

(1,232,003)

46,870

Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities (see B-1)

1,517,990

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND August 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities		
	Daycare	Daycare Program	
Assets			
Current Assets:			
Other receivables	\$	914	
Total Assets		914	
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities:			
Accounts payable		4,019	
Due to other funds		20,432	
Total Liabilities		24,451	
Net Position (Deficit)			
Unrestricted		(23,537)	
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$	(23,537)	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Business-type Activities	
	Dayca	are Program
Operating Revenues		
Charges for services	\$	252,789
Total Operating Revenues		252,789
Operating Expenses		
Payroll costs		235,918
Supplies and materials		4,812
Other operating costs		2,173
Total Operating Expenses		242,903
Change in Net Position		9,886
Net Position (Deficit) - September 1 (Beginning)		(33,423)
Net Position (Deficit) - August 31 (Ending)	\$	(23,537)

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Business-type	
	Activities	
	Daycare Program	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities		_
Receipts from customers	\$	252,789
Payments to suppliers for goods and services		(16,871)
Payments to employees		(235,918)
Net Cash Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		-
Cash And Cash Equivalents September 1		
Cash And Cash Equivalents August 31	\$	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities:		
Operating income (loss)	\$	9,886
Adjustments To Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) To Net Cash		
Provided By (Used For) Operating Activities:		
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		4,019
Increase (decrease) in interfund payables		(13,905)
Total Adjustments		(9,886)
Net Cash Provided by (Used for) Operating Activities	\$	-

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND August 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund		
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	5,874	
Receivables:			
Due from others		37,729	
Total Assets	\$	43,603	
		_	
Net Position			
Restricted for student activities	\$	43,603	
Total Net Position	\$	\$ 43,603	

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund		
Additions		_	
Contributions: Revenues from student activities	\$	71,564	
Total Additions	٠,	71,564	
		· · · · · ·	
Deductions Payments for student activities		81,735	
Total Deductions		81,735	
		· · · · · ·	
Change in net position		(10,171)	
Net Position Beginning of Year		53,774	
Net Position End of Year	\$	43,603	



Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Reporting Entity

Stafford Municipal School District (the "District") is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board"), which has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public, elementary and secondary education within the District. Members of the Board are elected by the public; have authority to make decisions; appoint management and significantly influence operations; and have primary accountability for fiscal matters. The District is included in City of Stafford, Texas "reporting entity" as defined by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in its Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity," as amended, and there are no component units included within the reporting entity.

Effective September 1, 2003, Texas Education Code 11.303 was put into law, and it provided for the City Council to participate jointly with the Board for the following actions:

- Hearings and work sessions on the budget and ad valorem tax rate,
- Adopting of annual budget and ad valorem tax rates, and
- Authorization for bonded debt issuance.

The accompanying financial statements present the reporting entity of the District.

B. Description of Government-wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government (the District). All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities* normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary fund and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary fund. Separate statements for each fund category—governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary—are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

- The *General fund* is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District, except those accounted for in another fund.
- The *Debt Service fund* is used to account for the accumulation of resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned for the payment of principal and interest on long-term obligations of governmental funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

D. Basis of Presentation – Fund Financial Statements (continued)

The District reports the following nonmajor governmental funds and fund types:

- The Capital Projects fund accounts for the acquisition and construction of the District's major capital facilities, other than those financed by proprietary funds.
- The *Special Revenue funds* are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than those identified as a major fund) that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specific purposes.

The District reports the following nonmajor enterprise fund:

• The Daycare Program fund accounts for the activities of the District's Daycare Program. This program was created to provide all-day childcare to infants and toddlers ages six (6) months to three (3) years old. The program serves the City of Stafford residents, District personnel, as well as those families in surrounding communities.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

• The *Custodial Fund* accounts for resources held in a custodial capacity by the District and consists of funds that are the property of students or others.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental funds) are eliminated. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities (the enterprise fund) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the business-type activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column. Similarly, balances between the funds included in business-type activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the business-type activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to students or users for goods, services, or privileges provided and 2) operating grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes and investment income.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as required under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, claims and judgments, and postemployment benefits are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the District the right-to-use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and has been recognized as revenues in the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 120 days of year-end). All other revenue items, including property taxes, are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

The fiduciary fund is reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash, Cash Equivalents and Investments

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, bank demand deposits, time deposits with original maturities of one year or less from the date of acquisition, and investments pools.

Investments for the District, except for certain investments pools, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost or fair value. Such investments are not required to be reported in the fair value hierarchy.

2. Inventories and Prepaid Items

Inventories are valued at cost using the first-in/first-out (FIFO) method and consist of expendable supplies. The cost of such inventories is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, vehicles, equipment and the intangible right-to-use assets, are reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. The District's infrastructure includes parking lots and sidewalks associated with various buildings. The cost of the infrastructure was initially capitalized with the building cost and is being depreciated over the same useful life as the building. Capital assets are defined by the District as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

In the case of the initial capitalization of general infrastructure assets (i.e., those reported by governmental activities), the District chose to include all such items regardless of their acquisition date or amount. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of these assets through back trending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the infrastructure to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year). As the District constructs or acquires additional capital assets each period, including infrastructure assets, they are capitalized and reported at historical cost (except for intangible right-to-use leased assets). The reported value excludes normal maintenance and repairs which are essentially amounts spent in relation to capital assets that do not increase the capacity or efficiency of the item or increase its estimated useful life. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation. Intangible assets follow the same capitalization policies as tangible capital assets and are reported with tangible assets in the appropriate capital asset class.

Land and construction in progress are not depreciated. The buildings and improvements and vehicles and equipment of the District are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	In Years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 30
Vehicles	8 - 9
Furniture and equipment	5 - 15
Right-to-use lease assets	Lesser of useful life or lease term
Subscription assets	Subscription term

4. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditures) until then. Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension and OPEB activities are amortized over the weighted average remaining service life of all participants in the respective qualified pension plan and OPEB plan, except for projected and actual earnings differences on investments which are amortized on a closed basis over a 5-year period.
- District contributions to the pension and OPEB plans after the measurement date of each plan are recognized in the subsequent fiscal year.
- Deferred charge/gain on refunding is amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt.
- Property taxes are recognized in the period the amount becomes available.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

5. Compensated Absences

On retirement or death of certain employees, the District pays an accrued sick leave and vacation leave in a lump sum payment to such employee or his/her estate. Effective November 19, 2002, and thereafter, an employee who retires in accordance with Teacher Retirement System (TRS) guidelines after 20 or more years of service in the District shall be paid for up to 90 workdays of unused local leave as follows. A professional employee shall be paid at the rate of \$60 per day for each day of unused local leave. A paraprofessional or auxiliary employee shall be paid at the rate of 50% of the daily wage at the time of retirement, not to exceed \$40 per day, for each day of unused local leave

6. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted – net position and unrestricted – net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted – net position to have been depleted before unrestricted – net position is applied.

7. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

8. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The board of trustees (the Board) is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by board action or adoption of a resolution prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by board action or the resolution remains in place until a similar action is taken (the board action or adoption of another resolution) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The Board has, by policy, authorized the superintendent or his designee to assign fund balance. The Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

8. Fund Balance Policies (continued)

Unassigned fund balance represents the residual amount for the general fund that is not contained in the other classifications. The general fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

9. Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) Pension Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS's Pension Plan fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

10. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to/deductions from TRS Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

11. Leases/SBITAs

The District is under contract for various leases and subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs). The District recognizes a lease/SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use asset (lease asset or subscription asset) in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease/SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value of \$5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease/SBITA, the District initially measures the liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the contract term. Subsequently, the liability is reduced by the principal portion of payments made. The asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the liability, adjusted for payments made at or before the agreement's commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life or subscription term.

Key estimates and judgments include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected payments to present value, (2) lease/subscription term, and (3) payments.

- The District uses the interest rate charged by the vendor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the vendor is not provided, the District generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate.
- The term includes the noncancellable period of the lease or subscription. Payments included in the measurement of
 the liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the District is reasonably certain to
 exercise.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require are measurement of these amounts and will remeasure the asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the liability.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

11. Leases/SBITAs (continued)

Lease/subscription assets are reported with other capital assets and lease/SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term debt on the statement of net position.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code. Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On July 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available when collected.

3. Use of Estimates

The presentation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

4. Data Control Codes

The Data Control Codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by Texas Education Agency (TEA) in the *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide*. TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

5. Implementation of New Accounting Standards

GASB issued Statement No. 99, *Omnibus 2022*, in April 2022. This Statement was issued to enhance comparability in accounting and financial reporting and to improve the consistency of authoritative literature by addressing practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements and accounting and financial reporting for financial guarantees. The requirements of this statement had various effective dates and specific provisions were implemented prior to fiscal year 2024. The remaining requirements related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The remaining requirements of this statement were implemented in fiscal year 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses (continued)

5. Implementation of New Accounting Standards (continued)

GASB issued Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an Amendment of GASB Statement No. 62, in June 2022. The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this statement were implemented in fiscal year 2024 and is reflected in the financial statements.

GASB issued Implementation Guide 2021-1, Implementation Guidance Update – 2021, in May 2021. The primary objective of this Implementation Guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB Statements. The requirements of this Implementation Guide had various effective dates and specific provisions were implemented prior to fiscal year 2024. The remaining requirement, an amendment to Question 7.9.8 in Implementation Guide 2015-1 effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2023, requires governments to capitalize assets whose individual acquisition costs are less than the threshold for an individual asset if those assets in the aggregate are significant. The requirements of this statement were implemented in fiscal year 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

GASB issued Implementation Guide 2023-1, *Implementation Guidance Update – 2023*, in June 2023. The primary objective of this Implementation Guide is to provide guidance that clarifies, explains, or elaborates on GASB Statements. This Implementation Guide amends Implementation Guide No. 2019-3, *Leases*, Question 4.16, and Implementation Guide No. 2021-1, *Implementation Guidance Update—2021*, Question 4.13. The requirements of this Implementation Guide are effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter. The requirements of this Implementation Guide were implemented in fiscal year 2024 and did not have a material impact on the financial statements.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

A. Budgetary Information

The Board of Trustees and City Council adopts an appropriated budget for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund on a basis consistent with GAAP. Budgetary information for the general fund appears in the required supplementary information subsection where the District compares the final amended budget to actual revenues and expenditures

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board and Council is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is legally enacted and adopted by the Board and Council.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function and campus/department. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus/department. Transfers of appropriations between departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources requires the approval of the Board and Council. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability (continued)

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is utilized in all government fund types. Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at year-end and encumbrances outstanding at that time are appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds

A. Deposits and Investments

Cash Deposits

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract pursuant to the Texas School Depository Act. The depository bank pledges securities which comply with state law, and these securities are held for safekeeping and trust with the District's and the depository bank's agent bank. The pledged securities shall be in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-today basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

Investments

The District's investment policy is in accordance with the Public Funds Investment Act, the Public Funds Collateral Act, and federal and state laws. State law and District policy limits credit risk by allowing investing in 1) Obligations of the United States or its agencies which are backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of the State of Texas or its agencies, counties, cities, and other political subdivisions of any state rated as to investment quality by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO) not less than A or its equivalent; 2) Certificates of deposit issued by a broker or depository located in Texas which is insured by the FDIC or purchased through a broker who has an office located in Texas; 3) Repurchase agreements secured by obligations of the United States or its agencies not to exceed 90 days to maturity from the date of purchase; 4) Bankers' acceptances with a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer which are eligible for collateral for borrowing from a Federal Reserve Bank; 5) No-load money market mutual funds which shall be registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission which have an average weighted maturity of less than two years, investments comply with the Public Funds Investment Act and are continuously rated not less than AAA by at least one NRSRO; 6) A guaranteed investment contract (for bond proceeds only) which meets the criteria and eligibility requirements established by the Public Funds Investment Act; 7) Public funds investment pools which meets the requirements of the Public Funds Investment Act; 8) Commercial paper is an authorized investment if it has a stated maturity of 270 days or fewer from the date of its issuance and is rated not less than A-1 or P-1 or an equivalent rating by at least: two nationally recognized credit rating agencies; or one nationally recognized agency and is fully secured by an irrevocable letter of credit issued by a bank organized and existing under the laws of the United States or any state; 9) Securities lending program as permitted by Government Code 2256.0115; 10) Fully collateralized repurchase agreements permitted by Government Code 2256.011.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Investments (continued)

As of August 31, 2024, the carrying value of the District's cash and cash equivalents consisted of the following:

		Percent of	Weighted	
		Total	Average	S&P
Governmental Activities	air Value	Investments	Maturity (Days)	Rating
Local Government Investment Pools:				
Investments measured at amortized cost:				
TexPool	\$ 6,183,192	75%	26	AAAm
TexSTAR	719,909	9%	27	AAAm
Lone Star Government Overnight Fund	1,689		14	AAAm
Investments Measured at Fair Value:				
LOGIC	 1,330,806	16%	46	AAAm
Total	8,235,596	100%		
Portfolio weighted average maturity			29	
Cash and checking accounts	 1,088,614	N/A	N/A	
Total Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 9,324,210			

In addition, the District's fiduciary fund held cash and checking accounts in the amount of \$249 and TexPool in the amount of \$5,625.

The TexPool, TexSTAR, and Lone Star Government Overnight investment pools are external investment pools measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, investment pools must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity and diversification requirements within the investment pool. The investment pools transact at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, have weighted average maturity of 60 days or less and weighted average life of 120 days or less, investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organization, have no more than 5% of portfolio with on issuer (excluding US government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. Such pools have a redemption notice period of one day and no maximum transactions amounts. The investment pools' authorities may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pools' liquidity.

The LOGIC investment pool is an external investment pool measured at its net asset value. LOGIC's strategy is to seek preservation of principal, liquidity and current income through investment in a diversified portfolio of short-term marketable securities. The District has no unfunded commitments related to the investment pool. LOGIC has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. The investment pool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities market, general banking moratorium or national or state emergency that affects the pool's liquidity.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

A. Deposits and Investments (continued)

Credit Risk

For fiscal year 2024, the District invested in TexPool, Lone Star, TexSTAR, and LOGIC. TexPool is duly chartered and administered by the State Comptroller's Office. Lone Star Investment Pool is duly charted by the State of Texas Interlocal Cooperation Act and is administered by First Public, LLC, formerly the Texas Association of School Boards Financial Services. TexSTAR and LOGIC are administered by First Southwest, Asset Management, Inc. and JP Morgan Chase. The credit rating for investments is noted in the preceding table.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates may adversely affect the value of the investments. The District monitors interest rate risk utilizing weighted average maturity analysis and specific identification. In accordance with its investment policy, the District reduces its exposure to declines in fair values by limiting the weighted average maturity of any internally created pool to no more than 180 days, and any individual investment not to exceed one year, unless specifically authorized by the Board of Trustees.

Concentration of Credit Risk

The District's investment policy does not limit an investment in any one issuer. The investment portfolio shall be diversified in terms of investment instruments, maturity scheduling, and financial institutions to reduce risk of loss resulting from overconcentration of assets in a specific class of investments, specific maturity, or specific issuer.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of August 31, 2024, District's deposits were not exposed to custodial credit risk because such balances (\$1,831,877) were insured and collateralized with securities held by the District's agent and in the District's name.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. District policy requires investments to be in the District's name or held by the District's agent in the District's name. The District is not exposed to custodial risk due to the investments are insured or registered, or securities held by the District or its agent in the District's name.

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

B. Receivables

Property tax receivables of the general and debt service funds are reported net of estimated uncollectible amounts. The total change from the previous fiscal year in the uncollectible amounts is as follows:

	 Current Year-End	Prior Year-End	 Change
Property tax receivable, gross Allowance for uncollectibles	\$ 1,657,554 (16,576)	\$ 1,477,767 (29,555)	\$ 179,787 12,979
Property Tax Receivable, Net of Allowance	\$ 1,640,978	\$ 1,448,212	\$ 192,766
Allowance as a percentage of gross receivable	1.00%	2.00%	

C. Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

Receivables/Payables

The composition of interfund balances as of August 31, 2024 is as follows:

	Interfund			Interfund		
Fund	R	eceivables		Payables		
Governmental Funds:						
General fund	\$	3,061,515	\$	(1,290,022)		
Debt service fund		394,053		-		
Nonmajor governmental funds		470,124		(2,615,238)		
Proprietary Funds:						
Enterprise fund		-		(20,432)		
Total	\$	3,925,692	\$	(3,925,692)		

Interfund balances consist of short-term lending/borrowing arrangements that generally result from payroll and other regularly occurring charges that are paid by one fund and then charged back to the appropriate other fund. Additionally, some lending/borrowing may occur between two or more nonmajor governmental funds.

Transfers

Interfund transfers are defined as "flows of assets from one fund to another fund without equivalent flow of assets in return and without a requirement for repayment." Transfers are the use of funds collected in one fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds.

During fiscal year 2024, the District did not conduct any interfund transfers.

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases/ Transfers	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities:				
Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated:				
Land	\$ 1,250,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,250,000
Construction in progress	145,524	-	(145,524)	-
Total Capital Assets, Not Being Depreciated	1,395,524	-	(145,524)	1,250,000
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	176,058,457	125,875	145,524	176,329,856
Equipment	6,096,913	255,305	-	6,352,218
Vehicles	4,198,915	-	-	4,198,915
Right to use lease equipment	324,036	-	-	324,036
Subscription assets	324,314	282,199	(65,062)	541,451
Total Capital Assets, Being Depreciated	187,002,635	663,379	80,462	187,746,476
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	(88,141,982)	(4,793,701)	-	(92,935,683)
Equipment	(5,868,809)	(100,393)	-	(5,969,202)
Vehicles	(3,701,370)	(277,030)	-	(3,978,400)
Right to use lease equipment	(124,158)	(99,629)	-	(223,787)
Subscription assets	(118,418)	(193,673)	65,062	(247,029)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(97,954,737)	(5,464,426)	65,062	(103,354,101)
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated, Net	89,047,898	(4,801,047)	145,524	84,392,375
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$ 90,443,422	\$ (4,801,047)	\$ -	\$ 85,642,375

D. Capital Assets (continued)

Net investment in capital assets, as reported in the Statement of Net Position, consisted of the following as of August 31, 2024:

Capital Assets, Net	\$ 85,642,375
Less:	
Bonds payable	(89,305,000)
Premiums	(7,362,685)
Leases payable	(102,018)
SBITAs payable	(346,978)
Other capital-related liabilities	(257,515)
Plus:	
Deferred charges on refunding	 1,638,560
	\$ (10,093,261)

Depreciation/amortization was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities:

11 Instruction	\$ 2,975,357
12 Instructional resources and media services	45,441
13 Curriculum and instructional staff development	36,764
21 Instructional leadership	124,758
23 School leadership	283,336
31 Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	91,598
32 Social work services	750
33 Health services	57,055
34 Student transportation	134,087
35 Food services	290,866
36 Extracurricular activities	162,404
41 General administration	501,301
51 Plant maintenance and operations	555,641
52 Security and monitoring services	78,773
53 Data processing	106,654
61 Community services	 19,641
Total Depreciation/Amortization Expense	\$ 5,464,426

E. Long-term Obligations

The District's long-term liabilities consist of bond indebtedness, workers' compensation claims, compensated absences, leases, SBITAs, net pension liability, and OPEB liability. The current requirements for general obligation bonds principal and interest expenditures are accounted for in the debt service fund. Other long-term liabilities are generally liquidated with resources of the general fund.

E. Long-term Obligations (continued)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Restated Beginning				Due Within
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Bonds Payable:					
General obligation bonds	\$ 94,095,000	\$ -	\$ (4,790,000)	\$ 89,305,000	\$ 3,080,000
Premiums	8,274,776		(912,091)	7,362,685	
Total Bonds Payable	102,369,776		(5,702,091)	96,667,685	3,080,000
Workers' compensation	84,021	(3,006)	-	81,015	81,015
Compensated absences	64,790	-	(46,870)	17,920	17,920
Leases payable	201,465	-	(99,447)	102,018	87,268
SBITAs payable	182,196	282,199	(117,417)	346,978	205,983
Net pension liability	13,363,383	5,993,680	-	19,357,063	-
Net OPEB liability	6,933,009	755,140		7,688,149	
Governmental Activities Long-term Liabilities	\$ 123,198,640	\$ 7,028,013	\$ (5,965,825)	\$ 124,260,828	\$ 3,472,186

General Obligation Bonds

The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the construction and equipment of school facilities (BLDG) and to refund general obligation bonds (REF).

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. These bonds are issued as 3-30 year current interest (CIB) or capital appreciation bonds (CAB) with various amounts of principal maturing each year. Rates may be fixed or variable.

The following is a summary of changes in the general obligation bonds for the fiscal year:

Series	Interest Date	Oviginal Issue	Maturity Data	Restated Beginning	Additions	teductions	F	ding Balanca
Series	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Maturity Date	 Balance	 Additions	 eductions	Enc	ling Balance
2014 REF	2.0% - 4.0%	\$ 7,015,000	8/15/2026	\$ 2,415,000	\$ -	\$ (780,000)	\$	1,635,000
2016A REF A	2.0% - 3.0%	3,050,000	8/15/2025	740,000	-	(365,000)		375,000
2016B REF B	2.0% - 4.0%	5,540,000	8/15/2029	5,520,000	-	(1,825,000)		3,695,000
2018 BLDG	3.0% - 5.0%	48,210,000	8/15/2048	43,960,000	-	(500,000)		43,460,000
2019 BLDG A	4.0% - 5.0%	8,815,000	8/15/2049	7,720,000	-	(165,000)		7,555,000
2019 REF B	3.1% - 5.0%	35,975,000	8/15/2041	33,740,000	-	(1,155,000)		32,585,000
Totals				\$ 94,095,000	\$ -	\$ (4,790,000)	\$	89,305,000

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

E. Long-term Obligations (continued)

General Obligation Bonds (continued)

Debt service requirements on general obligation bonds debt at August 31, 2024 are as follows:

Year Ending	Governmental Activities - Bonds							
August 31,	Principal			Interest		Total		
						_		
2025	\$	3,080,000	\$	3,802,926	\$	6,882,926		
2026		3,210,000		3,672,526		6,882,526		
2027	3,185,000			3,521,976		6,706,976		
2028		3,300,000		3,403,476		6,703,476		
2029		1,615,000		3,256,326		4,871,326		
2030 - 2034		18,865,000		14,168,380		33,033,380		
2035 - 2039		21,355,000		9,875,854		31,230,854		
2040 - 2044		21,055,000		5,882,347		26,937,347		
2045 - 2049		13,640,000		1,410,000		15,050,000		
Total	\$	89,305,000	\$	48,993,811	\$	138,298,811		

Current Year Defeasance

During the fiscal year, the District defeased \$1,825,000 of Series 2016B Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds by depositing \$1,943,938 of current resources in an irrevocable trust to provide for future debt service payments. Accordingly, the trust account assets and the liability for the defeased bonds are not included in the District's financial statements. The current year defeasance transaction resulted in a current period gain of \$265,809. As of August 31, 2024, the District's defeased bonds include \$2,055,000 with a redemption date of August 15, 2028 and \$1,825,000 with a redemption date of August 15, 2026.

Bond Rating

On April 3, 2024, Moody's Investors Service ("Moody's") downgraded the District's investor rating to "A3" from "A1". Concurrently, Moody's removed the negative outlook.

Arbitrage

As of August 31, 2024, the District had no liability for arbitrage payable.

E. Long-term Obligations (continued)

Leases

The District is under contract for noncancellable leases that convey control of the right to use assets. The lease liabilities outstanding as of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

			Lease I	iability	F	Right-to-use Asse	t	
		Interest	Original	_		Accumulated		
Start Date	End Date	Rate	Amount	Remaining	Asset	Amortization	Net	
07/01/20	06/01/25	0.830%	\$ 116,604	\$ 25,629	\$ 116,604	\$ (91,260)	\$ 25,344	
02/01/22	01/01/26	1.548%	138,038	49,796	138,038	(89,156)	48,882	
06/01/23	05/30/25	3.501%	69,394	26,593	69,394	(43,371)	26,023	
			\$ 324,036	\$ 102,018	\$ 324,036	\$ (223,787)	\$ 100,249	
	07/01/20 02/01/22	07/01/20 06/01/25 02/01/22 01/01/26	Start Date End Date Rate 07/01/20 06/01/25 0.830% 02/01/22 01/01/26 1.548%	Start Date End Date Rate Amount 07/01/20 06/01/25 0.830% \$ 116,604 02/01/22 01/01/26 1.548% 138,038 06/01/23 05/30/25 3.501% 69,394	Start Date End Date Rate Amount Remaining 07/01/20 06/01/25 0.830% \$ 116,604 \$ 25,629 02/01/22 01/01/26 1.548% 138,038 49,796 06/01/23 05/30/25 3.501% 69,394 26,593	Start Date End Date Rate Amount Remaining Asset 07/01/20 06/01/25 0.830% \$ 116,604 \$ 25,629 \$ 116,604 02/01/22 01/01/26 1.548% 138,038 49,796 138,038 06/01/23 05/30/25 3.501% 69,394 26,593 69,394	Start Date End Date Rate Amount Remaining Asset Amortization 07/01/20 06/01/25 0.830% \$ 116,604 \$ 25,629 \$ 116,604 \$ (91,260) 02/01/22 01/01/26 1.548% 138,038 49,796 138,038 (89,156) 06/01/23 05/30/25 3.501% 69,394 26,593 69,394 (43,371)	

All amounts paid were previously included in the measurement of the lease liability and there were no other related outflows of resources for the period such as variable payments or termination penalties. In addition, there were no commitments incurred prior to commencement of any lease term and there were no impairment losses related to lease assets. Principal and interest payments remaining on the leases are as follows:

Fiscal Year(s)	Principal		In	terest	Total
2025	\$	87,268	\$	1,009	\$ 88,277
2026		14,750		57	14,807
	\$	102,018	\$	1,066	\$ 103,084

Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

The District is under contract for noncancellable SBITAs that convey control of the right to use software. The SBITA liabilities outstanding as of August 31, 2024, are as follows:

				SBITA I	SBITA Liability Right-to-use Asse			t
			Interest	Original	Amount			
Description	Start Date	End Date	Rate	Amount	Remaining	Asset	Amortization	Net
Instructional Material	12/01/22	11/30/25	N/A	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 33,252	\$ (19,397)	\$ 13,855
Instructional Material	10/21/22	10/21/25	2.200%	197,655	65,860	197,655	(122,620)	75,035
Copier - Software Portion	06/01/23	05/30/25	3.501%	28,345	10,863	28,345	(17,715)	10,630
Web Filter	10/01/23	08/31/26	3.041%	282,199	270,255	282,199	(87,297)	194,902
				\$ 508,199	\$ 346,978	\$ 541,451	\$ (247,029)	\$ 294,422

All amounts paid were previously included in the measurement of the subscription liability and there were no other related outflows of resources for the period such as variable payments or termination penalties. In addition, there were no commitments incurred prior to commencement of any SBITA term and there were no impairment losses related to SBITA assets. Principal and interest payments remaining on the SBITAs are as follows:

Fiscal Year(s)	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$ 205,983	\$ 16,450	\$ 222,433
2026	140,995	2,328	143,323
	\$ 346,978	\$ 18,778	\$ 365,756

Note 3 - Detailed Notes on All Funds (continued)

F. Fund Balance

Fund balance assigned for other purposes includes the following:

Campus Activity Fund:

Total Assigned Fund Balance	<u>\$</u>	315,516
Tarabase to sale and balance		245 546
Student motivation fund		51,772
Campus activities	\$	263,744

G. Revenues from Local and Intermediate Sources

During the current year, revenues from local and intermediate sources consisted of the following:

			De	ebt Service		Nonmajor	
	G	eneral Fund		Fund	Fund Funds		 Totals
Property taxes	\$	30,279,700	\$	8,004,602	\$	-	\$ 38,284,302
Charges for services		484,596		-		311,541	796,137
Investment earnings		546,553		309,407		408	856,368
Other		673,790				52,380	726,170
Totals	\$	31,984,639	\$	8,314,009	\$	364,329	\$ 40,662,977

H. Tax Anticipation Note

On August 30, 2023, the District issued \$6,000,000 Tax and Revenue Anticipation Notes, Series 2023. The notes were repaid on April 1, 2024 with interest of \$178,998 (5.090%).

Note 4 - Other Information

A. Risk Management

Property/Liability

The District participates in the Property Casualty Alliance of Texas (the Fund). The Fund was created to formulate, develop and administer a program of modified self-funding for the Fund's membership, obtain competitive costs for property and liability coverage and develop a comprehensive loss control program. The District pays a required contribution to the Fund for its property and liabilities coverage and transfers the risk of loss to the Fund. The District's agreement with the Fund provides that the Fund will be self-sustaining through member contributions. In the event that the Fund was to discontinue operations, the member political subdivisions would be responsible for any eligible claims not funded by the Fund. In addition, there were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2024, employees of the District were covered by TRS-Active Care (the Plan) a statewide health coverage program for Texas public education employees, implemented by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). The District paid premiums of \$225 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to TRS. The legislature created the Plan for public school employee group health coverage in 2002-03, requiring all Districts with fewer than 500 employees to participate in the Plan.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

A. Risk Management (continued)

Worker's Compensation

The District established a limited risk management program for workers' compensation by participating as a self-funded member of the Texas Public Schools Workers' Compensation Project (Pool). The Pool was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code and Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. As a self-funded member of the Pool, the District is solely responsible for all claims costs, both reported and unreported. A third-party administrator provides administrative services to its self-funded members including claims administration and customer service.

Premiums are paid into the general fund by the other funds and are available to pay claims, claim reserves, and administrative costs of the program.

Liabilities of the fund are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities also include an estimated amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNR). The result of the process to estimate the claims liability is not an exact amount as it depends on many complex factors, such as inflation, changes in legal doctrines, and damage awards. Accordingly, claims are reevaluated periodically to consider the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends (including frequency and amount of pay-outs), and other economic and social factors. The estimate of the claims liability also includes amounts for incremental claim adjustment expenses related to specific claims and other claim adjustment expenses regardless of whether allocated to specific claims. Estimated recoveries, for example from stop-loss or subrogation, are another component of the claims liability estimate. The Texas Public Schools Workers' Compensation Project limits the Pool's liability to \$350,000 per occurrence with a maximum aggregate exposure of \$5,000,000. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from the prior year. Settlements have not exceeded coverages for each of the past two fiscal years.

Changes in the balances of claims liabilities reported in the governmental activities during the past two years are as follows:

	 ar Ended 31/2024	Year Ended 8/31/2023		
Unpaid Claims, Beginning of Fiscal Year	\$ 84,021	\$	83,402	
Incurred claims (including IBNRs and changes in provisions)	(3,006)		619	
Claim payments	-		-	
Unpaid Claims, End of Fiscal Year	\$ 81,015	\$	84,021	

B. Litigation and Contingencies

The District participates in a number of federal and state financial assistance programs. Although the District's grant programs have been audited in accordance with the provisions of the Single Audit Act through August 31, 2024, these programs are subject to financial and compliance audits by the grantor agencies. The District is also subject to audit by the TEA of the attendance data upon which payments from the agency are based. These audits could result in questioned costs or refunds to be paid back to the granting agencies.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit pension plan that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS's defined benefit pension plan is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard work load and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3 percent (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs. Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in this manner are determined by the System's actuary.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the system during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 through 2025.

	Contribution Rates					
	September 1, 2023 to	September 1, 2022 to				
	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023				
Member	8.25%	8.00%				
Non-Employer Contributing Entity	8.25%	8.00%				
Employers	8.25%	8.00%				

	Cur	Current Fiscal Year			
	C	Contributions			
Employer (District)	\$	1,399,479			
Employee (Member)		2,344,030			
Non-Employer Contributing Entity					
On-Behalf Contributions (State)		1,365,903			

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate, times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year, reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the
 retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative
 employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Contributions (continued)

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is a surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.
- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2022, rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term Expected Rate	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2020	4.13% - The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index"
Last year ending August 31 in Projection	
Period	2122
(100 years)	
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Benefit changes during the year	None
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial methods and assumptions are used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50 percent of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Discount Rate (continued)

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefits payment of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the Systems target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

	Target	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real	Expected Contribution to Long-Term		
Asset Class	Allocation ²	Rate of Return ³	Portfolio Returns		
Global Equity					
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%		
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%		
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%		
Private Equity ¹	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%		
Stable Value					
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%		
Absolute Return ¹		3.60%			
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%		
Real Return					
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%		
Energy, Natural Resources & Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%		
Commodities		4.40%			
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%		
Asset Allocation Leverage					
Cash	2.00%	3.70%			
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%		
Inflation Expectation			2.30%		
Volatility Drag ⁴			-0.90%		
Expected Return	100.00%		8.00%		

¹ Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.

² Target allocations are based on the fiscal year 2023 policy model.

³ Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt as of August 31, 2023.

⁴ The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the District's proportional share of the Net Pension Liability of the plan using the discount rate of 7.00%, and what the Net Pension Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current rate.

	Discount Rate							
	1	1% Decrease Current Rate (6.00%) (7.00%)			1% Increase (8.00%)			
District's proportional share of the								
Net Pension Liability:	\$	28,939,881	\$	19,357,063	\$	11,388,945		

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$19,357,063 for its proportionate share of the TRS's net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 19,357,063
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 20,066,191
Total	\$ 39,423,254

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the District's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.0282% which was an increase of 0.0057% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

Change Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation - The actuarial assumptions and methods have been modified since the determination of the prior year's Net Pension Liability. These new assumptions were adopted in conjunction with an actuarial experience study. The primary assumption change was the lowering of the single discount rate from 7.25% to 7.00%.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,014,974. The District also recognized an additional on-behalf revenue and expense of \$3,029,821 representing for support provided by the State.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan (continued)

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows		Deferred Inflows of	
	of	Resources		Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$	689,699	\$	(234,393)
Changes of assumption		1,830,799		(448,038)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension				
plan investments		2,816,923		-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions				
and proportionate share of contributions		3,003,044		(116,312)
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of				
the net pension liability		1,399,480		-
Total	\$	9,739,945	\$	(798,743)

Deferred outflows of resources resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year following fiscal year 2024.

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending August 31,	Pension Expense Amount		-		 ce of Deferred ows (Inflows)
2025	\$	1,743,964	\$ 5,797,758		
2026		1,319,746	4,478,012		
2027		2,937,568	1,540,444		
2028		1,162,864	377,580		
2029		377,580	=		
	\$	7,541,722			

The District will continue to make the required pension contributions based on the statutorily determined rates established by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS will apply the District's contributions to the Net Pension Liability on an annual basis. The contributions are paid by the funds that pay the employees' salaries. These funding sources include the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS- Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit OPEB plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Plan Description (continued)

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detail information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_publications.aspx, or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698, or by calling (512) 542-6592.

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic COLAs.

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly for Retirees

	Medicare			Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	\$	135	\$	200
Retiree and Spouse		529		689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children		468		408
Retiree and Family		1,020		999

Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board of trustees does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Contributions (continued)

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the state's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023.. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

	Contribution Rates						
-	September 1, 2023 to	September 1, 2022 to					
	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023					
Member	0.65%	0.65%					
Non-employer contributing agency	1.25%	1.25%					
Employers	0.75%	0.75%					
Federal/private funding	1.25%	1.25%					
	Curi	rent Fiscal Year					
	<u>C</u>	ontributions					
Employer (District)	\$	276,360					
Employee (Member)		184,922					
Non-employer Contributing Ent	ity						
On-behalf Contributions (State	e)	458,917					

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to (regardless of whether or not they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS Care, a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of \$21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Component	Result
Valuation Date	August 31, 2022, rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits
	are included in the age-adjusted claim costs.
Projected Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95% including inflation
Healthcare Trend Rates	The initial medical trend rates were 7.75% for Medicare retirees and 7.00% for
	non-Medicare retirees. The initial prescription drug trend was 7.75% for all
	retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.25% over a
	period of 12 years.
Election Rates	Normal Retirement: 62% participation rate prior to age 65 and 25% participation
	rate after age 65.
	Pre-65 retirees: 30% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at
	age 65.
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2023: (a) Rates of Mortality, (b) Rates of Retirement, (c) Rates of Termination, (d) Rates of Disability, (e) General Inflation, and (f) Wage Inflation.

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was an increase of 0.22% in the discount rate since the previous year.

Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if the discount rate used was 1 percentage point lower than and 1 percentage point higher than the discount rate that was used (3.91%) in measuring the Net OPEB Liability.

		Dis	count Rate	
	 1% Decrease (3.13%)	C	urrent Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase (5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the				
Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 9,055,039	\$	7,688,149	\$ 6,572,735

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$7,688,149 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB Liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	\$ 7,688,149
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	 9,276,933
Total	\$ 16,965,082

The Net OPEB Liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023 and the Total OPEB Liability used to calculate the Net OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the Net OPEB Liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023, the District's proportion of the collective Net OPEB Liability was 0.0347% which was an increase of 0.0058% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following schedule shows the impact of the Net OPEB Liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	Healthcare Cost Trend Rate							
	1% Decrease Current Rate 1% Increas							
District's proportionate share of the								
Net OPEB Liability:	\$ 6,330,806	\$ 7,688,149	\$ 9,434,375					

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the Total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

• The single discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized negative OPEB expense of -\$1,015,639. The District also recognized negative on-behalf expense and revenue of -\$1,983,213 for support provided by the State.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	 rred Outflows Resources	 ferred Inflows f Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 347,830	\$ (6,468,121)
Changes of assumption	1,049,376	(4,707,658)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB		
plan investments	3,322	-
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions		
and proportionate share of contributions	3,521,643	-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date of		
the net OPEB liability	 276,360	<u>-</u>
Total	\$ 5,198,531	\$ (11,175,779)

The deferred outflows of resources related District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year following fiscal year 2024. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending	OPEB Expense		ance of Deferred
August 31:	 Amount	Ou	tflows (Inflows)
2025	\$ (1,655,553)	\$	(4,598,055)
2026	(1,302,932)		(3,295,123)
2027	(825,545)		(2,469,578)
2028	(1,015,041)		(1,454,537)
2029	(832,371)		(622,166)
Thereafter	(622,166)		=
	\$ (6,253,608)		

The District will continue to make the required OPEB contributions based on the statutorily determined rates established by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). TRS will apply the District's contributions to the Net OPEB Liability on an annual basis. The contributions are paid by the funds that pay the employees' salaries. These funding sources include the General Fund and Special Revenue funds.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

D. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans (continued)

Medicare Part D

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, effective. January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended August 31, 2024, 2023, and 2022, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on-behalf of the District were \$156,067, \$117,537, and \$114,854, respectively. These payments are recorded as equal revenues and expenditures in the governmental funds financial statements of the District.

E. Shared Services Arrangements (SSA)

The Brazoria-Fort Bend Regional Day School Program for the Deaf

The District participates in the Regional Day School for the Deaf with Fort Bend Independent School District acting as the fiscal agent and the District as a member district.

The District does not account for revenues or expenditures in this program and does not disclose them in these financial statements. The District neither has a joint ownership interest in capital assets purchased by the fiscal agent, school name, nor does the District have a net equity interest in the fiscal agent. The fiscal agent is neither accumulating significant financial resources nor fiscal exigencies that would give rise to a future additional benefit or burden to the District. The fiscal agent manager is responsible for all financial activities of the SSA.

F. Deficit Net Position and Fund Balances

The District currently reports a deficit net position in the following categories:

	Governmental		Business-Type		
		Activities		Activities	
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$	(10,093,261)	\$	-	
Unrestricted		(18,773,517)		(23,537)	

The deficit net position of the business-type activities (Daycare Program enterprise fund) will be replenished in future years from the general fund.

The District also reported a deficit fund balance of \$257,515 in the Capital Projects Fund. This deficit will be replenished during fiscal year 2025 upon issuance of Series 2024 Maintenance Tax Notes, which were authorized in August 2024 for the purpose of repair, rehabilitation, renovation, replacement and equipment for existing school facilities. The District authorized a reimbursement resolution to incur allowable expenditures prior to issuance of the maintenance tax notes.

Note 4 - Other Information (continued)

G. Restatements to Beginning Balances

During fiscal year 2024, error corrections resulted in restatements of beginning fund balance and net position, as follows:

	Fund Balance						Net Position
	Nonmajor Total				Total		
		General	Go	vernmental	Go	vernmental	Governmental
		Fund	Funds		unds		Activities
Fund Balance/Net Position - Beginning	\$	1,818,884	\$	1,571,469	\$	3,390,353	\$ (27,245,469)
Error Corrections							
Bank reconciliation corrections		(225,143)		67		(225,076)	(225,076)
Child Nutrition receivable corrections		-		(243,758)		(243,758)	(243,758)
Long-term debt corrections:							
Bonds payable		-		-		-	2,055,000
Premiums		-		-		-	52,670
Total Error Corrections		(225,143)		(243,691)		(468,834)	1,638,836
Fund Balance/Net Position - Beginning, as Restated	\$	1,593,741	\$	1,327,778	\$	2,921,519	\$ (25,606,633)

H. Subsequent Events

On September 19, 2024, the District issued Series 2024 Maintenance Tax Notes in the amount of \$5,000,000, incurring \$48,775 in issuance costs. These notes were issued for the purpose of repair, rehabilitation, renovation, replacement and equipment for existing school facilities.

On September 5, 2024, the District issued Series 2024 Tax Revenue Anticipation Notes in the amount of \$9,000,000. These notes are payable for the total amount of principal and interest of \$9,216,000 on March 15, 2025.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	Bud	lget		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual	Final Budget		
Revenues						
Local revenues	\$ 28,692,094	\$ 30,204,931	\$ 31,984,639	\$ 1,779,708		
State program revenues	6,383,216	6,383,216	8,338,262	1,955,046		
Federal program revenues	1,061,301	1,061,301	852,430	(208,871)		
Total Revenues	36,136,611	37,649,448	41,175,331	3,525,883		
Expenditures						
Current:						
Instruction	19,879,968	20,247,328	21,599,714	(1,352,386)		
Instruction resources and media services	354,712	377,486	333,744	43,742		
Curriculum and instructional						
staff development	266,352	209,349	115,331	94,018		
Instructional leadership	1,099,848	1,310,219	1,183,390	126,829		
School leadership	2,257,543	2,373,159	2,014,726	358,433		
Guidance, counseling and						
evaluation services	938,757	1,083,621	949,606	134,015		
Health services	364,807	6,619	320,920	(314,301)		
Student transportation	968,426	1,159,820	1,022,185	137,635		
Extracurricular activities	1,263,840	1,318,600	1,138,230	180,370		
General administration	2,449,036	2,635,431	2,387,029	248,402		
Plant maintenance and operations	4,426,291	4,476,214	4,190,793	285,421		
Security and monitoring services	462,978	730,907	723,001	7,906		
Data processing services	745,226	1,285,343	716,232	569,111		
Community services	107,763	102,059	96,471	5,588		
Debt Service:						
Principal on long-term debt	159,897	80,129	216,864	(136,735)		
Interest on long-term debt	-	2,663	187,447	(184,784)		
Capital Outlay:						
Facilities, acquisition and construction	-	128,355	116,300	12,055		
Intergovernmental:						
Contracted instructional services	-	1,512,837	1,628,856	(116,019)		
Payments related to shared services		, ,	, ,	, , ,		
arrangements	33,976	31,479	23,830	7,649		
Payments to Juvenile Justice Alternative	•	•	,	,		
Education Programs	9,404	=	-	-		
Other intergovernmental charges	347,787	544,225	293,495	250,730		
Total Expenditures	36,136,611	39,615,843	39,258,164	357,679		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Issuance of debt - SBITA	_	_	282,199	282,199		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)			282,199	282,199		
Net change in fund balances	-	(1,966,395)	2,199,366	4,165,761		
Fund Balances - Beginning	1,593,741	1,593,741	1,593,741			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$ 1,593,741	\$ (372,654)	\$ 3,793,107	\$ 4,165,761		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

OF A COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER PENSION PLAN

TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS

Last Ten Measurement Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	0.0281802% \$ 19,357,063 20,066,191	0.0225096% \$ 13,363,383 16,294,593	0.0229000% \$ 5,838,409 7,770,581	0.0213155% \$ 11,416,168 16,109,180	0.0187161% \$ 9,729,213 17,233,556
Total	\$ 39,423,254	\$ 29,657,976	\$ 13,608,990	\$ 27,525,348	\$ 26,962,769
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension	\$ 30,494,246	\$ 27,053,827	\$ 25,979,351	\$ 24,222,593	\$ 22,686,951
liability as a percentage of covered payroll	63.48%	49.40%	22.47%	47.13%	42.88%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability ¹ Plan's net pension liability as a percentage of	73.15%	75.65%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%
covered payroll ¹	122.32%	112.72%	51.08%	110.36%	114.93%
	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability					
District's proportion of the net pension liability District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	2018 0.0180385% \$ 9,928,805	2017 0.0177893% \$ 5,688,055	2016 0.0191661% \$ 7,242,566	2015 0.0194790% \$ 6,885,567	2014 0.0123698% \$ 3,304,145
,	0.0180385% \$ 9,928,805	0.0177893%	0.0191661%	0.0194790%	0.0123698% \$ 3,304,145
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	0.0180385%	0.0177893% \$ 5,688,055	0.0191661% \$ 7,242,566	0.0194790% \$ 6,885,567	0.0123698%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	0.0180385% \$ 9,928,805 19,020,219	0.0177893% \$ 5,688,055 10,491,633	0.0191661% \$ 7,242,566 12,847,271	0.0194790% \$ 6,885,567 12,143,198	0.0123698% \$ 3,304,145 10,416,152
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.0180385% \$ 9,928,805 19,020,219 \$ 28,949,024	0.0177893% \$ 5,688,055 10,491,633 \$ 16,179,688	0.0191661% \$ 7,242,566 12,847,271 \$ 20,089,837	0.0194790% \$ 6,885,567 12,143,198 \$ 19,028,765	0.0123698% \$ 3,304,145
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District Total District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net pension	0.0180385% \$ 9,928,805 19,020,219 \$ 28,949,024 \$ 21,938,980	0.0177893% \$ 5,688,055 10,491,633 \$ 16,179,688 \$ 20,124,614	0.0191661% \$ 7,242,566 12,847,271 \$ 20,089,837 \$ 20,408,255	0.0194790% \$ 6,885,567 12,143,198 \$ 19,028,765 \$ 19,433,586	0.0123698% \$ 3,304,145 10,416,152 \$ 13,720,297 \$ 18,730,371

 $^{^{\}rm 1}\,$ Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' annual comprehensive financial report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
Last Ten Fiscal Years

		2024		2023		2022		2021		2020
Contractually required contributions	\$	1,399,479	\$	1,374,714	\$	1,046,226	\$	1,017,173	\$	851,353
Contributions in relation to the contractual		1 200 470		1 274 714		1.046.226		1 017 172		051 252
required contributions	_	1,399,479	_	1,374,714	_	1,046,226	_	1,017,173	_	851,353
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		_\$	
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	28,219,028	\$		\$	27,053,827	\$	25,985,952	\$	24,222,593
payroll		4.96%		4.51%		3.87%		3.91%		3.51%
Contractually required contributions	\$	2019 667,044	\$	2018 621,642	\$	2017 583,029	\$	2016 608,576	\$	2015 575,781
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	667,044	<u> </u>	621,642	<u> </u>	583,029	<u> </u>	608,576	Ś	575,781 -
Contribution deficiency (excess)	ب		<u></u>		_		<u> </u>		<u>ٻ</u>	
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	22,686,951	\$	21,938,980	\$	20,124,614	\$	20,408,255	\$	19,433,586
payroll		2.94%		2.83%		2.90%		2.98%		2.96%

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB
LIABILITY OF A COST-SHARING MULTIPLE-EMPLOYER OPEB PLAN
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
Last Seven Measurement Years

	2023	2022	2021	2020
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.0347278% \$ 7,688,149	0.0289551% \$ 6,933,009	0.0284000% \$ 10,950,730	0.0283008% \$ 10,758,419
associated with the District	9,276,933	8,457,182	14,671,538	14,456,737
Total	\$ 16,965,082	\$ 15,390,191	\$ 25,622,268	\$ 25,215,156
District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 30,494,246	\$ 27,053,827	\$ 25,979,351	\$ 24,222,593
as a percentage of covered payroll	25.2%	25.6%	42.2%	44.4%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability ¹	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%
Plan's net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll ¹	51.86%	59.10%	100.13%	101.46%
	2019	2018	2017	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.0279770%	0.0275360%	0.0269057%	
District's proportion of the net OPEB liability District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	0.0279770% \$ 13,230,649	0.0275360% \$ 13,748,974	0.0269057% \$ 11,700,277	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,230,649	\$ 13,748,974	\$ 11,700,277	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 13,230,649 17,580,573	\$ 13,748,974 18,643,241	\$ 11,700,277 15,829,896	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 13,230,649	\$ 13,748,974	\$ 11,700,277	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District	\$ 13,230,649 17,580,573	\$ 13,748,974 18,643,241	\$ 11,700,277 15,829,896	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year)	\$ 13,230,649 17,580,573 \$ 30,811,222	\$ 13,748,974	\$ 11,700,277 15,829,896 \$ 27,530,173	
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability State's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability associated with the District Total District's covered payroll (for Measurement Year) District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	\$ 13,230,649 17,580,573 \$ 30,811,222 \$ 22,686,951	\$ 13,748,974 18,643,241 \$ 32,392,215 \$ 21,938,980	\$ 11,700,277 15,829,896 \$ 27,530,173 \$ 20,124,614	

Note: Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2017. Net other-post employment liability is calculated using a new methodology and will be presented prospectively in accordance with GASB 75.

¹ Per Teacher Retirement System of Texas' annual comprehensive financial report.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
Last Seven Fiscal Years

		2024		2023		2022		2021
Contractually required contributions	\$	276,360	\$	283,576	\$	236,700	\$	252,287
Contributions in relation to the contractual								
required contributions	_	276,360	_	283,576	_	236,700	_	252,287
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	28,219,028	\$	30,494,246	\$	27,053,827	\$	25,985,952
payroll		0.98%		0.93%		0.87%		0.97%
Contractually required contributions	\$	2020 215,784	\$	2019 193,224	\$	2018 190,103		
Contributions in relation to the contractual required contributions Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	215,784	\$	193,224	\$	190,103		
District's covered payroll Contributions as a percentage of covered	\$	24,222,593	\$,,	\$	21,938,980		
payroll		0.89%		0.85%		0.87%		

Note: Ten years of data should be presented in this schedule but data is unavailable prior to 2018.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Note 1. Budget

A. Budgetary Information

Each school district in Texas is required by law to prepare annually a budget of anticipated revenues and expenditures for the general fund, debt service fund, and the National School Breakfast and Lunch Program special revenue fund. The Texas Education Code requires the budget to be prepared not later than August 20 and adopted by August 31 of each year. The budgets are prepared on a basis of accounting that is used for reporting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the fund financial schedules:

- 1. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year beginning September 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.
- 3. Prior to September 1, the budget is formally approved and adopted by the Board.

The appropriated budget is prepared by fund and function. The District's campus/department heads may make transfers of appropriations within a campus or department. Transfers of appropriations between campuses or departments require the approval of the District's management. Increasing any one of the functional spending categories, or revenues object accounts and other resources require the approval of the Board. The legal level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level within a fund. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end.

B. Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations

For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2024, expenditures exceeded appropriations in the functions (the legal level of budgetary control) of the following funds:

	<u>Function</u>	Final Budget Actual		Exc	Excess Spending	
General Fund:						
Instruction	11	\$ 20,247,328	\$ 21,599,714	\$	(1,352,386)	
Health services	33	6,619	320,920		(314,301)	
Principal on long-term debt	71	80,129	216,864		(136,735)	
Interest on long-term debt	72	2,663	187,447		(184,784)	
Contracted instructional services	91	1,512,837	1,628,856		(116,019)	
Child Nutrition Fund:						
Food Services	35	2,485,900	2,842,041		(356,141)	
Facilities maintenance and operations	51	100,000	155,265		(55,265)	

Note 2. Net Pension Liability and Net OPEB Liability

Changes in actuarial assumptions and inputs

Pension:

Measurement Year 2018: The discount rate changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to a blended rate of 6.907% as of August 31, 2018. The long-term assumed rate of return changed from 8.0% as of August 31, 2017 to 7.25% as of August 31, 2018. Demographic and economic assumptions were updated based on the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017. The total pension liability as of August 31, 2018 was developed using a roll-forward method from the August 31, 2017 valuation.

Measurement Year 2020: The state and employer contribution rate changed from 6.8% to 7.5%. The 1.5% public education employer contribution applied to just employers whose employees were not covered by OASDI in 2019 and it changed in 2020 to apply to all public schools, charter schools and regional education centers irrespective of participation in OASDI.

Measurement Year 2021: The public education employer contribution rate changed from 1.5% in 2020 to 1.6% in 2021.

Measurement Year 2022: The discount rate changed from 7.25% to 7.00%.

Measurement Year 2023: None.

Other Post-employment Benefits:

Measurement Year 2018: The discount rate changed from 3.42% as of August 31, 2017 to 3.69% as of August 31, 2018, updated the health care trend rate assumption, and revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Measurement Year 2019: The discount rate changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019, lowered the participation rates and updated the health care trend rate assumption.

Measurement Year 2020: The discount rate changed from 2.63% as of August 31, 2019 to 2.33% as of August 31, 2020, lowered the participation rate assumption for employees who retire after the age of 65, and lowered the ultimate health care trend rate assumption to reflect the repeal of the excise (Cadillac) tax on high-cost employer health plans.

Measurement Year 2021: The discount rate changed from 2.33% as of August 31, 2020 to 1.95% as of August 31, 2021.

Measurement Year 2022: The discount rate changed from 1.95% as of August 31, 2021 to 3.91% as of August 31, 2022, lowered the participation rates, and updated the healthcare trend rate assumption.

Measurement Year 2023: The discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

		T Educ	206 exas ation for		211 EA, Title I,	224		225
Data			meless	-	Part A -			
Control			dren and	•	oving Basic	A - Part B,		- Part B,
Codes	_	Y	outh	P	rograms	 ormula	Pre	eschool
	Assets	_						
1110	Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-
	Receivables:							
1240	Receivables from other governments		8,041		741,750	273,055		2,574
1260	Due from other funds		-		-	-		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-	 		
1000	Total Assets	\$	8,041	\$	741,750	\$ 273,055	\$	2,574
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:							
	Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts payable	\$	6,051	\$	30,446	\$ 7,239	\$	1,724
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		28,540	2,939		-
2170	Due to other funds		1,990		679,432	262,544		850
2200	Accrued expenses		-		3,332	333		-
2300	Unearned revenues		-		-	 -		-
2000	Total Liabilities		8,041		741,750	273,055		2,574
	Fund Balances:							
	Restricted:							
3450	Grant restrictions		-		-	-		-
	Assigned:							
3590	Other assigned		-		-	=		-
3600	Unassigned		<u>-</u>			=		
3000	Total Fund Balances				-	-		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	8,041	\$	741,750	\$ 273,055	\$	2,574

		22	26		240		244	FSF	255 A, Title II,
Data Control		School Breakfast and IDEA - Part B, National School Discretionary Lunch Program		Career and Technical Education -		Part A - Supporting Effective			
Codes	_ Assets	Discret	lionary	Lur	ich Program	Вая	sic Grant	ins	struction
1110	Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$	-	\$	468,004	\$	-	\$	-
1240	Receivables from other governments		_		179,418		13,848		106,647
1260	Due from other funds		-		443,312		-		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		15,539		-		-
1000	Total Assets	\$		\$	1,106,273	\$	13,848	\$	106,647
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	199,627	\$	-	\$	1,456
2160	Accrued wages payable		-		99,947		3,407		-
2170	Due to other funds		-		-		10,045		105,191
2200	Accrued expenses		-		11,472		396		-
2300 2000	Unearned revenues Total Liabilities	-	-		311,046		13,848		106,647
		-			012,0.0				200,0
	Fund Balances: Restricted:								
3450	Grant restrictions Assigned:		-		795,227		-		-
3590	Other assigned		-		-		-		-
3600	Unassigned								-
3000	Total Fund Balances	,			795,227				
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$		\$	1,106,273	\$	13,848	\$	106,647

Data		E	263 III, Part A - English Inguage		278		279		280
Control		Acqu	isition and					ARP	Homeless
Codes	_	La	nguage	ARP I	Homeless I	TCL	AS ESSER III		II
	Assets								
1110	Cash and temporary investments	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
	Receivables:								
1240	Receivables from other governments		74,387		1,773		384,778		7,161
1260	Due from other funds		-		-		-		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-				
1000	Total Assets	\$	74,387	\$	1,773	\$	384,778	\$	7,161
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts payable	\$	19,995	\$	273	\$	16,871	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable		2,264		-		-		-
2170	Due to other funds		51,870		1,500		367,907		7,161
2200	Accrued expenses		258		-		-		-
2300	Unearned revenues		-				-		-
2000	Total Liabilities		74,387		1,773		384,778		7,161
	Fund Balances:								
	Restricted:								
3450	Grant restrictions		-		-		-		-
	Assigned:				-		-		-
3590	Other assigned		-		-		-		-
3600	Unassigned								
3000	Total Fund Balances		-		-		-		-
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	74,387	\$	1,773	\$	384,778	\$	7,161

Exhibit H-1 Page 4 of 6

410

226,668

230,154

397

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2024

3590

3600

3000 4000 Other assigned

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

Total Fund Balances

Unassigned

Data Control Codes			ER III Fund - ARP Act	Sum	mer School LEP	Place	anced ement ntives		tructional erials Fund
1110	Assets Cash and temporary investments	\$	_	\$	_	\$	_	\$	230,154
	Receivables:	,		*		•		,	
1240	Receivables from other governments		614,919		43,575		-		-
1260	Due from other funds		-		=		-		-
1310	Inventories, at cost		-		-				
1000	Total Assets	\$	614,919	\$	43,575	\$	_	\$	230,154
2110 2160 2170 2200 2300	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Accrued expenses Unearned revenues	\$	93,208 - 521,711 - -	\$	3,293 - 35,874 -	\$	- - - -	\$	3,486 - - - -
2000	Total Liabilities		614,919		39,167		-		3,486
3450	Fund Balances: Restricted: Grant restrictions Assigned:		-		4,408		-		226,668

614,919

282

289

4,408

43,575

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET ALL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS August 31, 2024 Exhibit H-1 Page 5 of 6

		429		461		499		699
Data Control Codes	_	cellaneous ite Grants	Cam	pus Activity Funds		itudent otivation	Сар	ital Projects Fund
	Assets				_	c= ccc	_	
1110	Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$ -	\$	246,031	\$	65,822	\$	164,255
1240	Receivables from other governments	226,461		-		-		-
1260	Due from other funds	-		26,812		-		-
1310	Inventories, at cost	 -						
1000	Total Assets	\$ 226,461	\$	272,843	\$	65,822	\$	164,255
	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts payable	\$ 46,886	\$	9,099	\$	4,565	\$	-
2160	Accrued wages payable	-		-		7,465		-
2170	Due to other funds	145,481		-		1,912		421,770
2200	Accrued expenses	-		-		108		-
2300	Unearned revenues	8,258		-		-		-
2000	Total Liabilities	 200,625		9,099		14,050		421,770
	Fund Balances: Restricted:							
3450	Grant restrictions Assigned:	25,836		-		-		-
3590	Other assigned	-		263,744		51,772		-
3600	Unassigned							(257,515)
3000	Total Fund Balances	25,836		263,744		51,772		(257,515)
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 226,461	\$	272,843	\$	65,822	\$	164,255

Data Control Codes	_	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
	Assets	
1110	Cash and temporary investments Receivables:	\$ 1,174,266
1240	Receivables from other governments	2,678,387
1260	Due from other funds	470,124
1310	Inventories, at cost	15,539
1000	Total Assets	\$ 4,338,316
2110 2160 2170 2200 2300 2000	Liabilities and Fund Balances Liabilities: Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Accrued wages payable Due to other funds Accrued expenses Unearned revenues Total Liabilities	\$ 444,219 144,562 2,615,238 15,899 8,258 3,228,176
3450 3590 3600 3000	Fund Balances: Restricted: Grant restrictions Assigned: Other assigned Unassigned Total Fund Balances	1,052,139 315,516 (257,515) 1,110,140
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 4,338,316

Data Control Codes		206 Texas Education for Homeless Children and Youth	211 ESEA, Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	224 IDEA - Part B, Formula	225 IDEA - Part B, Preschool
	Revenues				
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	-	-	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues	8,208	1,055,655	520,858	2,574
5020	Total Revenues	8,208	1,055,655	520,858	2,574
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	8,208	837,003	61,772	2,574
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development	-	25,220	718	-
0021	Instructional leadership	-	68,495	-	-
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation				
	services	-	78,072	458,368	-
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	-
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-
0061	Community services		46,932		
6030	Total Expenditures	8,208	1,055,722	520,858	2,574
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	(67)	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated		67		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

		226	240	244	255 ESEA, Title II,
Data			School Breakfast and	Career and Technical	Part A - Supporting
Control Codes		IDEA - Part B, Discretionary	National School Lunch Program	Education - Basic Grant	Effective Instruction
	Revenues	•			
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ 65,018	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	-	11,002	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues	45,323	2,743,395	43,479	125,000
5020	Total Revenues	45,323	2,819,415	43,479	125,000
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	45,323	-	43,479	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development	-	-	-	120,782
0021	Instructional leadership	-	-	-	4,218
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation				
	services	-	-	-	-
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	-
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	2,842,041	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	-	155,265	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-
0061	Community services				
6030	Total Expenditures	45,323	2,997,306	43,479	125,000
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	(177,891)	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	-	973,118	-	-
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 795,227	\$ -	\$ -

Data Control		263 Title III, Part A - English Language Acquisition and	278	279	280 ARP Homeless
Codes		Language	ARP Homeless I	TCLAS ESSER III	II
	Revenues			,	
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	-	-	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues	81,343	2,478	591,299	11,822
5020	Total Revenues	81,343	2,478	591,299	11,822
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	71,291	2,478	394,741	10,402
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development	9,912	-	34,040	-
0021	Instructional leadership	140	-	92,184	1,420
0023	School leadership	-	-	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation				
	services	-	-	-	-
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	-
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	-	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	-	-	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	70,334	-
0061	Community services				
6030	Total Expenditures	81,343	2,478	591,299	11,822
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	-	-	-
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated				
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

282 289 397 410

Data Control Codes	_	ESSER III Fund - ARP Act	Summer School LEP	Advanced Placement Incentives	Instructional Materials Fund
	Revenues				
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
5800	State program revenues	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	204	323,896
5900	Federal program revenues	1,577,876	187,130		
5020	Total Revenues	1,577,876	187,130	204	323,896
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	1,024,079	45,996	204	97,228
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development	42,110	136,139	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	221,679	587	-	-
0023	School leadership	-	_	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation				
	services	61,877	_	-	-
0032	Social work services	20,396	_	-	-
0034	Student transportation	1,501	-	-	-
0035	Food service	, -	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	_	_	-	-
0041	General administration	18,400	-	-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	55,851	_	-	-
0052	Security and monitoring services	-	_	-	-
0053	Data processing services	49,456	_	-	-
0061	Community services	82,527	_	-	-
6030	Total Expenditures	1,577,876	182,722	204	97,228
1200	Net change in fund balances	-	4,408	-	226,668
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated				
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ -	\$ 4,408	\$ -	\$ 226,668

429 461 499 699

Data Control Codes	_	Miscellaneous State Grants	Campus Activity Funds	Student Motivation	Capital Projects Fund
	Revenues				
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ -	\$ 246,931	\$ 43,586	\$ 8,794
5800	State program revenues	1,065,354	-	-	-
5900	Federal program revenues	_			-
5020	Total Revenues	1,065,354	246,931	43,586	8,794
	Expenditures				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction	544,991	112,989	83,610	-
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff				
	development	265,218	-	-	-
0021	Instructional leadership	179,410	-	-	-
0023	School leadership	-	3,649	-	-
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation				
	services	-	-	-	-
0032	Social work services	-	-	-	-
0034	Student transportation	-	-	-	-
0035	Food service	-	-	-	-
0036	Extracurricular activities	-	82,080	-	-
0041	General administration	-	-	-	-
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	-	-	-	313,055
0052	Security and monitoring services	49,899	-	-	-
0053	Data processing services	-	-	-	-
0061	Community services	-	520	-	-
6030	Total Expenditures	1,039,518	199,238	83,610	313,055
1200	Net change in fund balances	25,836	47,693	(40,024)	(304,261)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	-	216,051	91,796	46,746
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 25,836	\$ 263,744	\$ 51,772	\$ (257,515)

Data Control Codes	_	al Nonmajor vernmental Funds
	Revenues	 _
5700	Local, intermediate, and out-of-state	\$ 364,329
5800	State program revenues	1,400,456
5900	Federal program revenues	6,996,440
5020	Total Revenues	8,761,225
	Expenditures	
	Current:	
0011	Instruction	3,386,368
0013	Curriculum and instructional staff	0,000,000
0020	development	634,139
0021	Instructional leadership	568,133
0023	School leadership	3,649
0031	Guidance, counseling and evaluation	-,-
	services	598,317
0032	Social work services	20,396
0034	Student transportation	1,501
0035	Food service	2,842,041
0036	Extracurricular activities	82,080
0041	General administration	18,400
0051	Plant maintenance and operations	524,171
0052	Security and monitoring services	49,899
0053	Data processing services	119,790
0061	Community services	129,979
6030	Total Expenditures	8,978,863
1200	Net change in fund balances	(217,638)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning, as Restated	1,327,778
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 1,110,140



REQUIRED TEA SCHEDULES

	1	2	3	10	20	
Last Ten Fiscal Years			Net Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes	Beginning Balance 9/1/23	Current Year's Total Levy	
2015 and prior	Various	Various	Various	\$ 79,010	\$ -	
2016	\$1.040050	\$0.190000	\$2,183,465,388	51,867	-	
2017	1.040050	0.190000	2,229,686,598	129,160	-	
2018	1.040050	0.190000	2,411,451,567	114,510	-	
2019	1.053300	0.271750	2,454,481,038	103,685	-	
2020	0.970050	0.280000	2,598,475,981	133,001	-	
2021	0.966400	0.255912	2,791,336,810	148,747	-	
2022	0.913900	0.255900	3,017,559,583	167,622	-	
2023	0.854600	0.244700	3,701,381,516	550,165	-	
2024	0.812700	0.215200	3,819,007,102		39,255,574	
1000 Totals				\$ 1,477,767	\$ 39,255,574	

8000 Taxes Refunded

	31	32	40	50	99
Last Ten Fiscal Years	Maintenance Total Collections	Debt Service Total Collections	Entire Year's Adjustments	Ending Balance 8/31/24	Total Taxes Refunded Under Section 26.1115(c)
2015 and prior	\$ 1,283	\$ 222	\$ (27,854)	\$ 49,651	
2016	66	12	-	51,789	
2017	4,778	873	-	123,509	
2018	14,742	2,693	(20,326)	76,749	
2019	16,906	4,362	14,071	96,488	
2020	6,968	2,011	15,221	139,243	
2021	3,384	896	8,030	152,497	
2022	(44,122)	(12,355)	(80,229)	143,870	
2023	(562,221)	(160,982)	(1,021,379)	251,989	
2024	30,584,292	8,099,513		571,769	
1000 Totals	\$ 30,026,076	\$ 7,937,245	\$ (1,112,466)	1,657,554	
	\$ 1,657,554				
8000 Taxes Refun	\$ 9,716				

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND NATIONAL SCHOOL LUNCH PROGRAM For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

		lget	Final	Astrol	 riance with Final
B	 Original		Final	 Actual	 Budget
Revenues					
Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State	\$ 61,122	\$	61,122	\$ 65,018	\$ 3,896
State Program Revenues	10,000		10,000	11,002	1,002
Federal Program Revenues	2,367,536		2,367,536	2,743,395	375,859
Total Revenues	2,438,658		2,438,658	2,819,415	380,757
Expenditures Current:					
Food Services	2,338,658		2,485,900	2,842,041	(356,141)
Facilities maintenance and operations	100,000		100,000	155,265	(55,265)
Total Expenditures	2,438,658		2,585,900	2,997,306	(411,406)
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	-		(147,242)	(177,891)	(30,649)
Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	973,118		973,118	973,118	
Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 973,118	\$	825,876	\$ 795,227	\$ (30,649)

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – BUDGET AND ACTUAL DEBT SERVICE FUND

For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

				Variance with
	Buc	lget		Final
	Original	Final	Final Actual	
Revenues				
Local, Intermediate, and Out-of-State	\$ 8,801,792	\$ 8,801,792	\$ 8,314,009	\$ (487,783)
State Program Revenues	309,000	309,000	316,646	7,646
Total Revenues	9,110,792	9,110,792	8,630,655	(480,137)
Expenditures				
Debt Service:				
Principal on long-term debt	2,965,000	4,790,000	4,790,000	-
Interest on long-term debt	3,991,276	3,909,076	3,909,076	-
Issuance costs and fees	2,154,516	411,716	123,813	287,903
Total Expenditures	9,110,792	9,110,792	8,822,889	287,903
Increase (Decrease) in Fund Balance	_	-	(192,234)	(192,234)
,			, , ,	, , ,
Fund Balance - September 1 (Beginning)	3,731,148	3,731,148	3,731,148	
Fund Balance - August 31 (Ending)	\$ 3,731,148	\$ 3,731,148	\$ 3,538,914	\$ (192,234)

COMPENSATORY EDUCATION PROGRAM AND BILINGUAL EDUCATION PROGRAM COMPLIANCE RESPONSES For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Data Codes	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs	Re	sponses
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	\$ 3,	997,224
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28, 29, 30)	\$ 2	,227,885
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	\$	546,614
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	\$	305,127

SF1

Required Responses to Selected School FIRST Indicators For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

21.1	a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies?	
	(If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.	
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government Code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end.	\$ -0-

Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as

NOTE: This schedule is to be included as part of the annual financial audit report (AFR) submission on the required due date and published as a part of the school district's AFR. This schedule should be submitted in the data feed file and submitted as an Adobe Acrobat portable document file (pdf).



FEDERAL AWARDS SECTION





Houston Office 3737 Buffalo Speedway Suite 1600 Houston, Texas 77098 713 621 1515 Main

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Stafford Municipal School District (the "District"), a component unit of the City of Stafford, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise District's basic financial statements, and have issued our reports thereon dated January 24, 2025.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.



To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

Whitley FERN LLP

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Houston, Texas January 24, 2025



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM; REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Program

We have audited Stafford Municipal School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District's complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.



Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit
 procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the
 District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as
 we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in
 accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

To the Board of Trustees Stafford Municipal School District

Whitley FERN LLP

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Houston, Texas January 24, 2025



SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

I. Summary of Auditors' Results

Financial Statements

Type of auditors' report issued:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are

not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiencies identified that are

not considered to be material weaknesses?

None reported

Type of auditors' report issued on compliance with major programs

Unmodified

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be

reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516 (a)?

Identification of major programs:

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Assistance Listing Number (ALN)
COVID-19 - ARP Homeless I-TEHCY Supplemental	84.425W

COVID-19 - ARP Homeless II

COVID-19 - ARP Act ESSER III

84.425U

COVID-19 - ADSY Summer Learning Accelerator

COVID-19 - TCLAS ESSER III

84.425U

COVID-19 - TCLAS 8A - Community Foundations of TX

84.425U

Dollar Threshold Considered Between Type A and

Type B Federal Programs \$750,000

Auditee qualified as low risk auditee?

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS (continued) For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

II. Financial Statement Findings

None reported.

III. Federal Awards Findings and Questioned Costs

None reported.

STAFFORD MUNICIPAL SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

	(1) Federal Grantor/	(2) Assistance	(2A) Pass Through	(3)
Fund	Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Listing Number	Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
	U.S. Department of Education			
211	Passed Through Texas Education Agency:	84.0104	22610101070010	\$ 2,538
211 211	ESSA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs ESSA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A 84.010A	23610101079910 24610101079910	\$ 2,538 768,522
211	Title I, 1003 ESF Focused Support	84.010A	246101397110034	21,389
211	2022-2024 School Action Fund Continuation	84.010A	236101627110028	287,668
	Total ALN 84.010			1,080,117
224	IDEA - Part B ,Formula	84.027A	236600010799106600	1,102
224	IDEA - Part B, Formula	84.027A	246600010799106600	519,756
226	High Cost Fund	84.027A	66002406	45,323
225	IDEA - Part B, Preschool	84.173A	2246610010799106610	2,574
	Total Special Education Cluster (ALN 84.027, 84.173)			568,755
206	Texas Education for Homeless Children & Youth	84.196A	2446000057110084	8,208
244	2022-23 Perkins V: Strengthening CTE for 21st Century	84.048A	24420006079910	43,479
255 289	ESSA Title II, Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction LEP Summer School	84.367A 84.369A	24694501079910 69552402	129,775 4,408
				•
263 263	TITLE III, PART A- ELA	84.365A	23671001079910 224671001079910	1,840
203	TITLE III, PART A- ELA Total ALN 84.365	84.365A	2246/10010/9910	79,523 81,363
289	2023-2024 TRI - K TO G5 Continuation	84.371C	236470027110015	73,754
289	2023-2024 TRI - G6 TO G12 Continuation	84.371C	236470037110013	70,654
	Total ALN 84.371			144,408
289	Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	24680101079910	45,996
289	2024-2025 Stronger Connections	84.424F	236811017110057	623
	Total ALN 84.424			46,619
278	COVID-19 - ARP Homeless I-TEHCY Supplemental	84.425W	215330017110077	2,478
280	COVID-19 - ARP Homeless II	84.425W	21533002079910	12,194
282	COVID-19 - ARP Act ESSER III	84.425U	21528001079910	1,633,275
282	COVID-19 - ADSY Summer Learning Accelerator	84.425U	21528088079910	425,442
279	COVID-19 - TCLAS ESSER III Passed Through Communities Foundation of Texas	84.425U	21528042079910	806,401
279	COVID-19 - TCLAS 8A - Community Foundations of TX	84.425U	21528042079910	20,000
2.5	Total ALN 84.425	0250	210200 1207 33 10	2,899,790
	Total U.S. Department of Education			5,006,922
	U.S. Department of Agriculture			
240	Passed Through Texas Education Agency:	40.553	74.402.404	600.047
240 240	School Breakfast Program School Breakfast Program - Seamless Summer Option	10.553 10.553	71402401 71402401	608,947 21,103
240	National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302401	1,654,423
240	National School Lunch Program - Seamless Summer Option	10.555	71302401	66,940
	Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			•
240	Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	192,305
240	Non-Cash Assistance:	10.555	NTAVI 1VCI CCE	116 706
240	National School Lunch Program - Commodities Total Child Nutrition Cluster (ALN 10.553, 10.555)	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	2,660,504
	Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
240	Child and Adult Care Food Program	10.558	NT4XL1YGLGC5	82,891
	Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			2,743,395
	U.S. Department of Health And Human Services			
	Passed Through Texas Health and Human Services Commission:			
199	Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC)	93.778	079-910	2,961
	Total Medicaid Cluster (ALN 93.778) Total U.S. Department of Health And Human Services			2,961 2,961
	Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 7,753,278
	iotal Expelicitures of receial Awdius			÷ 1,133,218

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards includes the federal grant activity of Stafford Municipal School District and is presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Therefore, some amounts presented in this schedule may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of the basic financial statements. National School Lunch Program non-cash commodities are recorded at their estimated market value at the time of donation.

Note 2. De Minimis Cost Rate

The District elected not to use the 10% de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Note 3. Reconciliation to Basic Financial Statements

Presented below is a reconciliation of total federal revenues to Exhibit C-2:

Total Expenditures of Federal Awards - Exhibit K-1	\$	7,753,278
Other federal revenue:		
Reserve officers' training corps (ROTC)		95,592
Total Federal Revenue - Exhibit C-2		7,848,870

Presented below is a reconciliation of General Fund federal revenues to Exhibit C-2:

Endoral	Dovonuo	Accounted	for in	Canaral	Eund.
Federal	Kevenije	Accounted	tor in	Generai	Filluu.

Total General Fund Federal Revenue - Exhibit C-2	\$ 852,430
Indirect Costs	 753,877
Reserve officers' training corps (ROTC)	95,592
Medicaid Administrative Claiming (MAC)	\$ 2,961

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Section 200.511 states, "The auditee is responsible for follow-up and corrective action on all audit findings. As part of this responsibility, the auditee must prepare a summary schedule of prior audit findings." The summary schedule of prior audit findings must report the status of the following:

- All audit findings included in the prior audit's schedule of findings and questioned costs and
- All audit findings reported in the prior audit's summary schedule of prior audit findings except audit findings listed as corrected.

The Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings for the year ended August 31, 2024 has been prepared to address these requirements.

I. Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2023-001 Timely Preparation of Audit Schedules and Submission of Annual Financial Report

Resolved.

Finding 2023-002 General Fund Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Resolved.

CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
For the Year Ended August 31, 2024

Federal regulations, Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations §200.511 states, "At the completion of the audit, the auditee must prepare, in a document separate from the auditor's findings described in §200.516 Audit findings, a corrective action plan to address each audit finding included in the current year auditor's reports."

I. Corrective Action Plan

N/A