



# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY JUNE 30, 2024

# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

TITLE THE STATE OF	PAGE
ndependent Auditor's Report	1
Prepared by Management:	
Management's Discussion and Analysis	5
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements: Statement of Net Position	14
Statement of Activities	15
Fund Financial Statements: Balance Sheet Governmental Funds	16
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities	17
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds	
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund	20
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	21
Required Supplementary Information:	
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS))	58
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS))	60
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS))	62
Schedule of School District Pension Contributions (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS))	64
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS))	66
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the  Net OPER Liability (Asset) (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS))	67

# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY JUNE 30, 2024

# TABLE OF CONTENTS (Continued)

IIILE	PAGE
Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions (School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS))	68
Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions (State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS))	70
Notes to the Required Supplementary Information	72
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	81
Notes to the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	82
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Required by Government Auditing Standards	83
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	85
Schedule of Findings	89



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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Poland Local School District **Mahoning County** 3030 Dobbins Road Poland. Ohio 44514

To the Board of Education:

#### Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poland Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poland Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position thereof and the budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Poland Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 2

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
  period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and schedules of net pension and other post-employment benefit liabilities and pension and other post-employment benefit contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Poland Local School District Mahoning County Independent Auditor's Report Page 3

# Supplementary information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

# Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 11, 2025, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2025

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Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

The discussion and analysis of Poland Local School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole; readers should also review the notes to the basic financial statements and financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

## **Financial Highlights**

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2024 are as follows:

- In total, net position increased \$2,392,487 from fiscal year 2023, due mostly to an increase in cash on hand and property taxes receivable. The effects of GASB 68 and 75 distort the comparative analysis to follow in this MD&A due to the significant change in total expenses on a full accrual basis.
- General revenues accounted for \$24,583,812 in revenue or 92 percent of all revenues. Program specific revenues in the form of charges for services and sales, and grants and contributions accounted for \$2,162,831 or 8 percent of total revenues of \$26,746,643.
- The District had \$24,354,156 in expenses related to governmental activities; only \$2,162,831 of these
  expenses were offset by program specific charges for services, grants or contributions. General
  revenues supporting governmental activities (primarily taxes and unrestricted grants and
  entitlements) of \$24,583,812 were adequate to provide for these programs, as evidenced by the
  overall increase in net position.
- The District's major funds are the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects fund. On a modified accrual basis, the general fund had \$24,450,393 in revenues and \$21,611,956 in expenditures, excluding other financing sources and uses. The general fund balance increased \$1,831,937 from \$6,022,629 in fiscal year 2023, to \$7,854,566 in fiscal year 2024.
- The District's total net pension liability increased to \$17,973,730 from \$17,411,992 and the OPEB liability increased to \$1,020,606, from \$847,244, a combined net increase of \$735,100. For more information on these liabilities see Notes 15 and 16 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Using these Basic Financial Statements**

This annual report consists of this management's discussion and analysis, a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Poland Local School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term and what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's most significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. In the case of the Poland Local School District, the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects funds are by far the most significant funds and the only ones reported as major.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

#### Reporting the District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

While this document contains the large number of funds used by the District to provide programs and activities, the view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during fiscal year 2024?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting will take into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in Ohio restricting revenue growth, facility conditions, required educational programs and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District has only one kind of activity:

Governmental Activities - All of the District's programs and services are reported here including
instruction, support services, operation and maintenance of plant, pupil transportation and
extracurricular activities. Due to the continuing subsidies that go to the lunchroom fund from the
general fund, the lunchroom operation is also being considered as governmental activities.

#### Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The analysis of the District's major funds begins on page 10. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses many funds to account for a multitude of financial transactions. However, these financial statements focus on the District's most significant funds. The District's major governmental funds are the general fund and permanent improvement capital projects fund.

Governmental Funds All of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and balances left at year-end available for spending in future periods. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general governmental operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or difference) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

# The District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 shows net position for fiscal year 2024 as compared to fiscal year 2023.

Table 1 - Net Position Governmental Activities

	2024	2023	Change
Assets			
Current and Other Assets	\$34,682,461	\$30,053,455	\$4,629,006
Capital Assets, Net	11,295,388	11,633,111	(337,723)
Total Assets	45,977,849	41,686,566	4,291,283
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension	4,250,832	4,195,979	54,853
OPEB	644,940	328,840	316,100
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,895,772	4,524,819	370,953
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	3,523,683	2,265,565	1,258,118
Long-Term Liabilities			
Due within One Year	710,612	673,106	37,506
Due in More than One Year - Pension	17,973,730	17,411,992	561,738
Due in More than One Year - OPEB	1,020,606	847,244	173,362
Due in More than One Year - Other	3,230,508	3,685,411	(454,903)
Total Liabilities	26,459,139	24,883,318	1,575,821
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Property Taxes	17,348,935	15,222,978	2,125,957
Pension	1,712,233	2,575,649	(863,416)
OPEB	2,045,536	2,614,149	(568,613)
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,106,704	20,412,776	693,928
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,548,427	8,359,392	189,035
Restricted	4,186,621	4,453,818	(267,197)
Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,427,270)	(11,897,919)	2,470,649
Total Net Position	\$3,307,778	\$915,291	\$2,392,487

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

The net pension liability (NPL) is the largest single liability reported by the School District at June 30, 2024 and is reported pursuant to GASB Statement 68, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions—an Amendment of GASB Statement 27." The School District adopted GASB Statement 75, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions," which significantly revises accounting for costs and liabilities related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB). For reasons discussed below, many end users of this financial statement will gain a clearer understanding of the School District's actual financial condition by adding deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB, the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability to the reported net position and subtracting deferred outflows related to pension and OPEB.

Most long-term liabilities have set repayment schedules or, in the case of compensated absences (i.e. sick and vacation leave), are satisfied through paid time-off or termination payments. There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability or the net OPEB liability. As explained above, changes in benefits, contribution rates, and return on investments affect the balance of these liabilities but are outside the control of the local government. In the event that contributions, investment returns, and other changes are insufficient to keep up with required payments, State statute does not assign/identify the responsible party for the unfunded portion. Due to the unique nature of how the net pension liability and the net OPEB liability are satisfied, these liabilities are separately identified within the long-term liability section of the statement of net position.

In accordance with GASB 68 and GASB 75, the School District's statements prepared on an accrual basis of accounting include an annual pension expense and an annual OPEB expense for their proportionate share of each plan's *change* in net pension liability and net OPEB liability, respectively, not accounted for as deferred inflows/outflows.

Over time, net position can serve as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. At June 30, 2024, the District's total net position was \$3,307,778. Unrestricted net position at the end of the current fiscal year was a negative \$9,427,270.

The net investment in capital assets at June 30, 2024, was \$8,548,427. These capital assets are used to provide services to the students and are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources to repay the debt must be provided from other sources, since capital assets may not be used to liquidate these liabilities.

Restricted net position of \$4,186,621 represents resources that are subject to external restriction on how they may be used.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

# Table 2 - Change in Net Position Governmental Activities

	2024	2023	Increase (Decrease)
Revenues			(2002000)
Program Revenues			
Charges for Services and Sales	\$911,323	\$853,961	\$57,362
Operating Grants and Contributions	1,245,508	1,659,540	(414,032)
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,000	13,000	(7,000)
Total Program Revenues	2,162,831	2,526,501	(363,670)
General Revenues			
Property Taxes	16,207,483	14,723,364	1,484,119
Intergovernmental	7,550,280	7,105,027	445,253
Investment Earnings	788,184	493,080	295,104
Miscellaneous	37,865	83,150	(45,285)
Total General Revenues	24,583,812	22,404,621	2,179,191
Total Revenues	\$26,746,643	\$24,931,122	\$1,815,521
Program Expenses			
Instruction	12,935,241	12,231,817	703,424
Support Services	9,513,905	8,055,229	1,458,676
Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Services	734,296	831,190	(96,894)
Extracurricular Activities	1,086,798	1,042,148	44,650
Interest and Fiscal Charges	83,916	98,435	(14,519)
Total Program Expenses	24,354,156	22,258,819	2,095,337
Change in Net Position	2,392,487	2,672,303	(279,816)
Net Position Beginning of Year	915,291	(1,757,012)	2,672,303
Net Position End of Year	\$3,307,778	\$915,291	\$2,392,487

#### Governmental Activities

The primary sources of revenue for governmental activities are derived from property taxes and grants and entitlements. These two revenue sources represent 89 percent of total governmental revenue. Between these two revenue items, 98 percent of total expenses were funded this fiscal year.

The largest expense of the District is for its instructional programs. Instructional expenses totaled \$12,935,241, or 53 percent, of total governmental expenses of \$24,354,156. The effects of GASB 68 and 75 distort this comparative analysis due to the significant impact changes made to cost of living adjustments enacted by the state pension board had on the District's share of the total pension/OPEB liability.

The Statement of Activities shows the cost of program services and the charges for services and grants offsetting those services. Table 3 shows, for governmental activities, the total cost of services and the net cost of services for fiscal year 2024 and 2023. That is, it identifies the cost of these services supported by tax revenue and unrestricted State grants and entitlements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

**Table 3**Total and Net Cost of Program Services

	2024		20	23
	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services	Total Cost of Services	Net Cost of Services
Program Expenses	Of Services	Of Services	Of Services	Of Services
Instruction	\$12,935,241	\$12,208,087	\$12,231,817	\$11,651,598
Support Services	9,513,905	9,257,378	8,055,229	7,338,330
Operation of Non-Instructional/Food Services	734,296	(119,143)	831,190	(14,553)
Extracurricular Activities	1,086,798	761,087	1,042,148	658,508
Interest and Fiscal Charges	83,916	83,916	98,435	98,435
Total Expenditures	\$24,354,156	\$22,191,325	\$22,258,819	\$19,732,318

The table above reflects how the District funds its programs through program revenues. Instructional services, support services, co-curricular activities, and interest charges rely heavily on general revenues, while non-instructional and food services were mostly funded by program revenues during the fiscal year. The large increase in instructional and support services is the byproduct of GASB 68 and 75 as previously discussed. To gain a better understanding of operations, please refer to the fund analysis on the next following pages.

The dependence upon general tax revenues and other general revenues for governmental activities is apparent. 100 percent of all District expenses are supported through general revenues. For all governmental activities, general revenue and prior year cash balances support all expenses as shown in the above table. The community, as a whole, is by far the primary support for District students.

#### The District's Funds

The District's governmental funds (as presented on the balance sheet) reported a combined fund balance of \$11,973,566 which is an increase from last year's total of \$10,428,166 by 15 percent. The schedule below indicates the fund balance and the total change in fund balance as of June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	Fund Balance June 30, 2024	Fund Balance June 30, 2023	Increase (Decrease)
General	\$7,854,566	\$6,022,629	\$1,831,937
Permanent Improvement	2,984,999	3,329,787	(344,788)
Other Governmental	1,134,001	1,075,750	58,251
Total	\$11,973,566	\$10,428,166	\$1,545,400

#### General Fund

During fiscal year 2024, the District's general fund balance increased on a modified accrual basis by \$1,831,937; total revenues within the general fund increased by 9.7 percent due to increases in property taxes, interest and intergovernmental revenues. General fund expenditures also increased, by 2.0 percent, due to an increase in instruction and support services from the prior year. The following table assists in illustrating the financial activities and fund balance of the general fund.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

	2024 Amount	2023 Amount	Percentage Change
Revenues			
Taxes	\$15,820,213	\$14,377,730	10.0 %
Earnings on investments	756,436	474,120	59.5 %
Intergovernmental	7,504,399	7,058,133	6.3 %
Other revenues	369,345	375,661	(1.7) %
Total	\$24,450,393	\$22,285,644	9.7 %
<b>Expenditures</b>			
Instruction	12,080,970	11,558,259	4.5 %
Support services	8,143,020	8,009,815	1.7 %
Operation of non-instructional services	2,963	5,432	(45.5) %
Extracurricular activities	618,609	643,783	(3.9) %
Capital outlay	153,512	350,759	(56.2) %
Debt service	612,882	612,880	0.0 %
Total	\$21,611,956	\$21,180,928	2.0 %

#### Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund

During fiscal year 2024, the permanent improvement fund balance decreased on a modified accrual basis by \$344,788. Total expenditures within the fund outpaced the revenues, including a transfer in of \$1,000,000 from the general fund.

## General Fund Budgeting Highlights

The District's budget is prepared according to Ohio law and is based on accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements and encumbrances. The most significant budgeted fund is the General Fund.

During the course of fiscal year 2024 the District amended its General Fund budget as needed.

For the General Fund, actual revenue, excluding other financing sources, was \$24,178,166, which was equal to the final budgeted revenue, and was \$1,565,166 more than the original budget estimate of \$22,613,000. The actual and the final budgeted revenue amounts were more than the original budget due to a conservative approach in the original budget.

Total actual expenditures, excluding other financing uses, were \$21,572,076, which was equal to final appropriations and \$144,341 more than original appropriations. The variance with original appropriations was due to an overall conservative approach in the original budget.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

# Capital Assets

At the end of fiscal year 2024, the District had \$11,295,388 invested in land, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture, fixtures and equipment, vehicles, and intangible assets.

Table 4 shows fiscal year 2024 balances compared to fiscal year 2023:

**Table 4**Capital Assets at June 30 (Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	2024	2023
Land	\$304,780	\$304,780
Land Improvements	2,712,836	2,682,784
Buildings and Improvements	6,722,221	6,896,832
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	843,467	996,923
Vehicles	632,378	643,955
Intangible Right to Use Lease	79,706	107,837
Total	\$11,295,388	\$11,633,111

All capital assets, except land, are reported net of depreciation/amortization. As one can see, the District had an overall decrease in capital assets of \$337,723. The reason for this decrease is due to current year additions of \$705,034 being less than current year depreciation/amortization of \$1,033,923 and net deletions of \$8,834. For more information about the District's capital assets, see Note 9 to the basic financial statements.

#### **Outstanding Obligations**

# **Long-Term Obligations**

The following table summarizes all of the District's outstanding long-term obligations.

**Table 5**Outstanding Long-Term Obligations at Year End

	2024	2023
Financed Purchases from Direct Borrowing	\$2,662,434	\$3,162,434
Leases	84,527	111,285
Compensated Absences	1,194,159	1,084,798
Net Pension Liability	17,973,730	17,411,992
Net OPEB Liability	1,020,606	847,244
Total	\$22,935,456	\$22,617,753

See Note 13 to the basic financial statements for additional information on the District's long-term debt obligations.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024 (Unaudited)

#### **Current Financial Related Activities**

The District faces many challenges in the future. As the preceding information shows, the District relies heavily upon grants and entitlements and property taxes. Since future grant revenue is expected to decrease, the reliance upon local taxes is increasingly important. Property taxes account for nearly 65 percent of the District's general fund operating revenue; thus, making all levy renewals an urgent matter.

A challenge still facing the District is the future of state funding. At this time, the District is unable to determine what effect future State funding will have on its financial operations. Less than 30 percent of the District's general fund operating revenue is received under the current state funding formula.

In conclusion, the District has committed itself to financial excellence for many years. The District's systems of budgeting and internal controls are well regarded. All of the District's financial abilities will be needed to meet the financial challenges of the future.

# **Contacting the District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide our citizen's, taxpayers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information contact the District Treasurer, Poland Local School District, 3030 Dobbins Road, Poland, Ohio 44514.

Mahoning County, Ohio

# Statement of Net Position June 30, 2024

Intergovernmental Receivable 19,300 Property Taxes Receivable 17,955,069 Inventory Held for Resale 11,438 Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset 1,318,902 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 304,780 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 10,990,608  Total Assets 45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		Covernmental
Assets         \$15,375,887           Accounts Receivable         1,865           Intergovernmental Receivable         19,300           Property Taxes Receivable         17,955,069           Inventory Held for Resale         1,318,902           Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset         1,318,902           Nondepreciable Capital Assets         304,780           Depreciable Capital Assets, Net         10,990,608           Total Assets         45,977,849           Deferred Outflows of Resources         4,250,832           Pension         4,250,832           Other Postemployment Benefits         644,940           Total Deferred Outflows of Resources         4,895,772           Liabilities         36,2772           Liabilities         1,719,760           Contracts Payable         1,719,760           Contracts Payable         1,187,248           Intergovernmental Payable         445,026           Matured Compensated Absences Payable         35,349           Accrued Interest Payable         11,759           Long-Term Liabilities:         10,012           Due Within One Year         710,612           Due In More Than One Year:		Octamicalia
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents  Accounts Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Intergovernmental Receivable Inventory Held for Resale Inventory Held for Resa		Activities
Accounts Receivable 1,865 Intergovernmental Receivable 19,300 Property Taxes Receivable 17,955,069 Inventory Held for Resale 11,438 Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset 1,318,902 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 304,780 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 10,990,608  Total Assets 45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		
Intergovernmental Receivable 19,300 Property Taxes Receivable 17,955,069 Inventory Held for Resale 11,438 Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset 1,318,902 Nondepreciable Capital Assets 304,780 Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 10,990,608  Total Assets 45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		\$15,375,887
Property Taxes Receivable Inventory Held for Resale Inventory Authors Inventory Held for Held for Inventory Authors Inventory Held for Resale Inventory Authors Inventory Held for Inventory Authors Inventory Authors Inventory Held for Resale Inventory Authors		1,865
Inventory Held for Resale  Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset  Nondepreciable Capital Assets  Depreciable Capital Assets  Depreciable Capital Assets, Net  10,990,608  Total Assets  45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension  Other Postemployment Benefits  644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Liabilities  Accounts Payable  Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable  Contracts Payable  Intergovernmental Payable  Matured Compensated Absences Payable  Accrued Interest Payable  Long-Term Liabilities:  Due Within One Year  Due In More Than One Year:		
Net Other Postemployment Benefits Asset  Nondepreciable Capital Assets  Depreciable Capital Assets, Net  10,990,608  Total Assets  Deferred Outflows of Resources  Pension  Other Postemployment Benefits  4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits  644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Liabilities  Accounts Payable  Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable  Contracts Payable  Intergovernmental Payable  Matured Compensated Absences Payable  Accrued Interest Payable  Ling-Term Liabilities:  Due Within One Year  Due In More Than One Year:	- ·	
Nondepreciable Capital Assets Depreciable Capital Assets, Net  10,990,608  Total Assets  45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable Accrued Compensated Absences Payable Accrued Interest Payable Ling-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year:	•	•
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net 10,990,608  Total Assets 45,977,849  Deferred Outflows of Resources  Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities  Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	_ ·	
Total Assets  Deferred Outflows of Resources Pension		
Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	10,990,608
Pension 4,250,832 Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Total Assets	45,977,849
Other Postemployment Benefits 644,940  Total Deferred Outflows of Resources 4,895,772  Liabilities Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources  Liabilities Accounts Payable Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable Contracts Payable Intergovernmental Payable Accrued Interest Payable Accrued Interest Payable Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year:		4,250,832
Liabilities  Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Other Postemployment Benefits	644,940
Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	4,895,772
Accounts Payable 124,541 Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	Liabilities	
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable 1,719,760 Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		124.541
Contracts Payable 1,187,248 Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		•
Intergovernmental Payable 445,026 Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		
Matured Compensated Absences Payable 35,349 Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		
Accrued Interest Payable 11,759 Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:	-	
Long-Term Liabilities: Due Within One Year Due In More Than One Year: 710,612		
Due Within One Year 710,612 Due In More Than One Year:		
Due In More Than One Year:	=	710,612
	Due In More Than One Year:	
Net Pension Liability 17,973,730	Net Pension Liability	17,973,730
-		1,020,606
- ·	_ ·	3,230,508
Total Liabilities 26,459,139	Total Liabilities	26,459,139
Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property Taxes 17,348,935	Property Taxes	17,348,935
Pension 1,712,233	Pension	1,712,233
Other Postemployment Benefits 2,045,536	Other Postemployment Benefits	2,045,536
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources 21,106,704	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	21,106,704
Net Position	Net Position	
Net Investment in Capital Assets 8,548,427	Net Investment in Capital Assets	8,548,427
Restricted for:	Restricted for:	
Capital Projects 3,261,908	Capital Projects	3,261,908
		924,713
Unrestricted (Deficit) (9,427,270)	Unrestricted (Deficit)	(9,427,270)
Total Net Position \$3,307,778	Total Net Position	\$3,307,778

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

			Program Revenues		Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
_	Expenses	Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Current:					
Instruction:					
Regular	\$9,878,544	\$215,766	\$126,732	\$0	(\$9,536,046)
Special	2,775,228	26,425	321,063	0	(2,427,740)
Vocational	220,505	0	0	0	(220,505)
Other	60,964	37,168	0	0	(23,796)
Support Services:					
Pupils	1,698,947	0	163,579	0	(1,535,368)
Instructional Staff	251,551	0	67,335	0	(184,216)
Board of Education	95,126	0	0	0	(95,126)
Administration	1,785,015	0	0	0	(1,785,015)
Fiscal	550,930	0	5,993	0	(544,937)
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	3,759,931	1,815	12,705	0	(3,745,411)
Pupil Transportation	1,057,410	4,998	102	0	(1,052,310)
Central	314,995	0	0	0	(314,995)
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	734,296	314,403	539,036	0	119,143
Extracurricular Activities	1,086,798	310,748	8,963	6,000	(761,087)
Interest and Fiscal Charges	83,916	0	0	0	(83,916)
Total Governmental Activities	\$24,354,156	\$911,323	\$1,245,508	\$6,000	(22,191,325)
		General Revenues			
		Property Taxes Levi			15 055 700
		General Purposes Capital Outlay	5		15,855,722
		Grants and Entitlem	anta nat		351,761
					7 550 200
		Restricted to Spec	•		7,550,280
		Investment Earning Miscellaneous	S		788,184 37,865
		Total General Reven	ues		24,583,812
		Change in Net Posit	ion		2,392,487
		Net Position Beginni	ng of Year		915,291
		Net Position End of Y	'ear		\$3,307,778

Mahoning County, Ohio

Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2024

	General	Permanent Improvement	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets				
Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$9,895,803	\$4,192,954	\$1,287,130	\$15,375,887
Accounts Receivable	1,865	0	0	1,865
Intergovernmental Receivable	16,585	0	2,715	19,300
Property Taxes Receivable	17,583,626	371,443	0	17,955,069
Inventory Held for Resale	0	0	11,438	11,438
Total Assets	\$27,497,879	\$4,564,397	\$1,301,283	\$33,363,559
Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	\$79,254	\$22,300	\$22,987	\$124,541
Accrued Wages and Benefits Payable	1,593,234	0	126,526	1,719,760
Contracts Payable	0	1,187,248	0	1,187,248
Intergovernmental Payable	427,791	0	17,235	445,026
Matured Compensated Absences Payable	34,815	0	534	35,349
Total Liabilities	2,135,094	1,209,548	167,282	3,511,924
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Property Taxes	16,989,994	358,941	0	17,348,935
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	518,225	10,909	0	529,134
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,508,219	369,850	0	17,878,069
Fund Balances				
Restricted	0	338,043	865,889	1,203,932
Committed	0	0	266,000	266,000
Assigned	910,423	2.646.956	74,638	3,632,017
Unassigned (Deficit)	6,944,143	0	(72,526)	6,871,617
Total Fund Balances	7,854,566	2,984,999	1,134,001	11,973,566
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of				
Resources and Fund Balances	\$27,497,879	\$4,564,397	\$1,301,283	\$33,363,559

Mahoning County, Ohio

Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balances to Net Position of Governmental Activities June 30, 2024

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$11,973,566
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds.	11,295,388
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current- period expenditures and therefore are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds:	
Delinquent Property Taxes	529,134
The net pension and OPEB liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Deferred Outflows - Pension 4,250,832 Deferred Inflows - Pension (1,712,233) Net Pension Liability (17,973,730) Deferred Outflows - OPEB 644,940 Deferred Inflows - OPEB (2,045,536) Net OPEB Asset 1,318,902 Net OPEB Liability (1,020,606)	
Total	(16,537,431)
In the statement of activities, interest is accrued on outstanding bonds and lease purchase agreements, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	(11,759)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:  Leases (84,527) Financed Purchases (2,662,434) Compensated Absences (1,194,159)	
Total	(3,941,120)
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$3,307,778

Mahoning County, Ohio

# Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

		_	Other	Total
	<b>G</b> 1	Permanent	Governmental	Governmental
Revenues	General	Improvement	<u>Funds</u>	Funds
Property Taxes	\$15,820,213	\$352,677	\$0	\$16,172,890
Tuition and Fees	284,357	0	Φ0	284,357
Interest	756,436	0	31,748	788,184
Charges for Services	0	0	314,403	314,403
Extracurricular Activities	39,217	0	271,531	310,748
Rentals	1,815	6,000	0	7.815
Contributions and Donations	6,103	0	75,138	81,241
Intergovernmental	7,504,399	45,881	1,164,267	8,714,547
Miscellaneous	37,853	0	12	37,865
Total Revenues	24,450,393	404,558	1,857,099	26,712,050
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:				
Regular	9,317,132	0	54,467	9,371,599
Special	2,498,990	0	302,575	2,801,565
Vocational	203,884	0	0	203,884
Other	60,964	0	0	60,964
Support Services:		_		
Pupils	1,564,092	0	193,137	1,757,229
Instructional Staff	189,281	0	68,032	257,313
Board of Education	95,126	0	0	95,126
Administration	1,838,622	0	0	1,838,622
Fiscal	598,925	5,800	5,993	610,718
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,460,848	1,141,941 0	138,170 108	3,740,959
Pupil Transportation Central	1,067,460 328,666	0	0	1,067,568 328,666
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	2,963	0	745,215	748,178
Extracurricular Activities	618,609	86,903	260,831	966,343
Capital Outlay	153,512	449,702	101,820	705,034
Debt Service:	100,012	110,100	101,020	100,004
Principal Retirement	526,758	0	0	526,758
Interest and Fiscal Charges	86,124	0	0	86,124
Total Expenditures	21,611,956	1,684,346	1,870,348	25,166,650
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	2,838,437	(1,279,788)	(13,249)	1,545,400
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers In	0	1,000,000	71,500	1,071,500
Transfers Out	(1,006,500)	(65,000)	0	(1,071,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,006,500)	935,000	71,500	0
Net Change in Fund Balances	1,831,937	(344,788)	58,251	1,545,400
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	6,022,629	3,329,787	1,075,750	10,428,166
Fund Balance (Deficit) End of Year	\$7,854,566	\$2,984,999	\$1,134,001	\$11,973,566

Mahoning County, Ohio

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental F	unds	\$1,545,400
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because		
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditure However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those is allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecia amortization expense. This is the amount by which capi was less than depreciation/amortization in the current p Capital Outlay  Current Year Depreciation/Amortization	assets ation/ tal outlay	
Total		(328,889)
The net effect of various transactions involving capital ass (i.e.; disposals and sales) is a decrease in net position.  Assets Disposed  Accumulated Depreciation on Disposals	ets (104,393) 95,559	
Total		(8,834)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide financial resources are not reported as revenues in the Property Taxes		34,593
Contractually required contributions are reported as exp governmental funds; however, the statement of net posi these amounts as deferred outflows.  Pension  OPEB		
Total		1,656,375
Except for amounts reported as deferred inflows/outflows net pension/OPEB liability are reported as pension/OPE statement of activities.  Pension OPEB	=	
Total		(925,763)
Repayment of long-term financed purchase/lease princip in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces t liabilities in the statement of net position.	_	526,758
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do the use of current financial resources and therefore are as expenditures in governmental funds.  Accrued Interest on Financed Purchases	=	2,208
Some expenses reported in the statement of activities, succompensated absences, do not require the use of current resources and therefore are not reported as expenditure in governmental funds.	nt financial	(109,361)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$2,392,487
See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements		

Mahoning County, Ohio

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes In Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual General Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts			Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original	Final	Actual	(Negative)
Revenues	<b>614 770 250</b>	<b>615 700 604</b>	<b>#15 700 604</b>	<b>ው</b>
Property Taxes Tuition and Fees	\$14,770,350	\$15,792,684	\$15,792,684	\$0
	112,728	120,531	120,531	0
Interest Extracurricular Activities	707,468 0	756,436 0	756,436 0	0
	1,698	1,815	1,815	0
Rentals		7,487,814	•	0
Intergovernmental Miscellaneous	7,003,093 17,663	18,886	7,487,814 18,886	0
Wiscendieous	11,000	10,000	10,000	0
Total Revenues	22,613,000	24,178,166	24,178,166	0
Expenditures				
Current:				
Instruction:	0.450.150	0.000.000	0.000.000	0
Regular	9,459,179	9,282,029	9,282,029	0
Special	2,530,548	2,622,669	2,622,669	0
Vocational	206,964	203,227	203,227	0
Other	55,110	58,015	58,015	0
Support Services:	1 400 010	1 400 001	1 400 001	0
Pupils Instructional Staff	1,460,612	1,439,381	1,439,381 242,289	0
Board of Education	246,745	242,289	•	0
Administration	91,838	97,446	97,446	0
Fiscal	1,817,637	1,795,514	1,795,514	
	624,295	613,117	613,117	0
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	2,526,718 1,204,661	2,529,143 1,212,061	2,529,143 1,212,061	0
Pupil Transportation Central	322,347	316,526	316,526	0
Extracurricular Activities	589,231	580,127	580,127	0
Debt Service:	369,231	360,121	360,121	U
Principal Retirement	500,000	500,000	500,000	0
Interest and Fiscal Charges	80,532	80,532	80,532	0
merest and risear charges	00,002	00,002	00,002	Ü
Total Expenditures	21,716,417	21,572,076	21,572,076	0
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	896,583	2,606,090	2,606,090	0
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Refund of Prior Year Expenditure	0	3,730	3,730	0
Transfers Out	(1,000,000)	(1,032,291)	(1,032,291)	0
Halisiers Out	(1,000,000)	(1,002,291)	(1,032,291)	U
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(1,000,000)	(1,028,561)	(1,028,561)	0
Net Change in Fund Balance	(103,417)	1,577,529	1,577,529	0
Fund Balance Beginning of Year	7,964,423	7,964,423	7,964,423	0
Prior Year Encumbrances Appropriated	11,562	11,562	11,562	0
Fund Balance End of Year	\$7,872,568	\$9,553,514	\$9,553,514	\$0
	Ţ-,- <b>-</b>	+-,,	+-,,	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 1 - Description of the District

The Poland Local School District (the "District") is organized under Section 2 and 3, Article VI of the Constitution of the State of Ohio to provide educational services to the students and other community members of the District. Under such laws there is no authority for a District to have a charter or adopt local laws. The legislative power of the District is vested in the Board of Education, consisting of five members elected at large for staggered four-year terms by the citizens of the District.

The District serves an area of approximately 25 square miles in Mahoning County, including all of the Village of Poland and portions of surrounding townships.

The District is the 211th largest in the State of Ohio (among the 896 public school districts and community schools in the State of Ohio) in terms of enrollment. The District is staffed by 205 certified and classified personnel to provide services to approximately 1,705 students and other community members.

## **Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The financial statements of the School District have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the School District's accounting policies are described below.

#### A. - Reporting Entity

The reporting entity has been defined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity", and as amended by GASB Statement No. 39, "Determining Whether Certain Organizations Are Component Units" and GASB Statement No. 61, "The Financial Reporting Entity: Omnibus an amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 34". A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure that the financial statements of the District are not misleading. The primary government consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Component units are legally separate organizations for which the District is financially accountable. The District is financially accountable for an organization if the District appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and (1) the District is able to significantly influence the programs or services performed or provided by the organization; or (2) the District is legally entitled to or can otherwise access the organization's resources; or (3) the District is legally obligated or has otherwise assumed the responsibility to finance the deficits of, or provide financial support to the organization; or (4) the District is obligated for the debt of the organization. Component units may also include organizations that are fiscally dependent on the District in that the District approves the debt, the issuance of debt, or the levying of taxes. Based upon the application of these criteria, the District has no component units. The basic financial statements of the reporting entity include only those of the District (the primary government).

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

## **Jointly Governed Organizations**

Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System (ACCESS) Council of Governments The Area Cooperative Computerized Educational Service System/ACCESS Assembly (ACCESS) is a consortium of twenty-six school districts in Mahoning and Columbiana Counties, two educational service centers, twenty non-public schools and two Special Education Regional Resource Centers.

The jointly governed organization was formed for the purpose of utilizing computers and other electronic equipment for administrative and instructional functions among member districts. These include educational management information system services, fiscal services, library services, network services and student services.

ACCESS is governed by an Assembly, which makes all decisions regarding programs, fees, budget and policy. The Assembly is composed of the Superintendent of each of the member districts. Assembly members may designate proxy attendees at meetings for voting purposes. The Assembly meets twice per year, once in November and once in May. Budgets and fees are discussed at the fall meeting, while the Board of Directors are chosen at the spring meeting.

While the Assembly has overall governance for ACCESS, the Board of Directors is selected to make the majority of the day-to-day operational decisions. Everything from equipment purchases, contracts, personnel action and financial oversight is handled by the Board. The Board is made up of two superintendents each from both Mahoning and Columbiana counties, and the superintendents from both the Mahoning County and Columbiana County Educational Service Centers. The ACCESS Executive Director and the Treasurer are also part of the Board of Directors but are non-voting members.

All ACCESS revenues are generated from charges for services and State funding. Each of the members supports the ACCESS Assembly based upon a per pupil charge. Financial information can be obtained by contacting the Treasurer at the Mahoning County Educational Service Center, who serves as fiscal agent, at 493 Bev Road, Building #1, Youngstown, Ohio, 44512.

Mahoning County Career and Technical Center The Mahoning County Career and Technical Center is a distinct political subdivision of the State of Ohio operated under the direction of a Board consisting of representatives from the participating school districts' elected boards, which possess its own budgeting and taxing authority. To obtain financial information, write to the Treasurer of the Career and Technical Center, at 7300 North Palmyra Road, Canfield, Ohio 44406.

#### **Public Entity Risk Pools**

Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan The District participates in a group rating plan for workers' compensation as established under Section 4123.29 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Plan (the "Plan") was established through the Ohio School Boards Association (OSBA) as a group purchasing pool.

The Plan's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member Board of Directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect, and the Immediate Past President of the OSBA. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the Plan. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the Plan to cover the costs of administering the program.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Mahoning County School Employees Insurance Consortium - The Mahoning County Schools Employee Insurance Consortium is a shared risk pool comprised of twelve Mahoning County School Districts. The Consortium is governed by an assembly which consists of one representative from each participating school district (usually the superintendent or designee). The assembly exercises control over the operation of the Consortium. All Consortium revenues are generated from charges for services and remitted to the fiscal agent, Springfield Local School District. The fiscal agent will then remit the charges to Professional Risk Management (PRM), who acts in the capacity of a third-party administrator (TPA) for claims processing.

#### B. - Fund Accounting

The District uses funds to report its financial position and the results of its operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain school district activities or functions. Funds are classified into three categories: governmental, proprietary and fiduciary. The District has no proprietary or fiduciary funds.

#### Governmental Funds

Governmental funds focus on the sources, uses and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. Following are the District's major governmental funds:

**General Fund** - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund balance is available for any purpose provided it is expended or transferred according to the general laws of Ohio.

**Permanent Improvement Capital Project Fund** - The Permanent Improvement Capital Projects Fund accounts for all transactions related to the acquiring, constructing, or improving of such permanent improvements as are authorized by Chapter 5705, Ohio Revised Code.

The other governmental funds of the School District account for grants and other resources whose use is restricted, committed or assigned to a particular purpose.

# C. - Basis of Presentation and Measurement Focus

Government-wide Financial Statements - The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the primary government.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for governmental funds.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The statement of net position presents the financial condition of the governmental activities of the School District at fiscal year-end. The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each program or function of the School District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program or department and therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipient of the goods or services offered by the program, grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program and interest earned on grants that is required to be used to support a particular program. Revenues which are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the School District, with certain limited exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the School District.

**Fund Financial Statements** - Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Nonmajor funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. The financial statements for governmental funds are a balance sheet, which generally includes only current assets, deferred outflows of resources, current liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and a statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances, which reports on the sources (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and uses (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources.

# D. - Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting determines when transactions are recorded in the financial records and reported on the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Differences in the accrual and the modified accrual bases of accounting arise in the recognition of revenue, the recording of deferred inflows and outflows of revenue and in the presentation of expenses versus expenditures.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions - Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, available means expected to be received within sixty days of fiscal year-end.

Nonexchange transactions, in which the School District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied (See Note 7). Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are required to be used or the year when use is first permitted, matching requirements, in which the School District must provide local resources to be used for a specified purpose, and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

the School District on a reimbursement basis. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from nonexchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Under the modified accrual basis, the following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: property taxes available as an advance, interest, tuition, grants, fees and rentals.

**Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources** - In addition to assets, the statements of net position and balance sheets will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. For the District, deferred outflows of resources include pension and OPEB reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred outflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are explained in Notes 15 and 16.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of net position and balance sheets report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. For the District, deferred inflows of resources include property taxes, pension, OPEB and unavailable revenue. Property taxes represent amounts for which there is an enforceable legal claim as of June 30, 2024, but which were levied to finance fiscal year 2025 operations. These amounts have been recorded as a deferred inflow on both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental fund financial statements. Unavailable revenue is reported only on the governmental funds balance sheet and represents receivables which will not be collected within the available period. For the District unavailable revenue includes delinquent property taxes. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available. Deferred inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB are reported on the government-wide statement of net position (see Notes 15 and 16).

**Expenses/Expenditures** - On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The entitlement value of donated commodities used during the year is reported in the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances as an expenditure with a like amount reported as intergovernmental revenue.

The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in governmental funds.

# E. - Budgets

All funds are legally required to be budgeted and appropriated. The major documents prepared are the tax budget, the appropriation resolution and the certificate of estimated resources, which are prepared on the budgetary basis of accounting. The tax budget demonstrates a need for existing or increased tax rates. The certificate of estimated resources establishes a limit on the amounts that the Board of Education may appropriate. The appropriation resolution is the Board's authorization to spend resources and sets annual limits on expenditures plus encumbrances at a level of control selected by the Board. The legal level of control has been established by the Board of Education at the fund level for all funds. Any budgetary modifications at the legal level of budgetary control may only be made by resolution of the Board of Education.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Tax Budget:

Prior to January 15 of the preceding year, the Superintendent and Treasurer submit to the Board of Education a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing for all funds. Public hearings are publicized and conducted to obtain taxpayers' comments. The expressed purpose of this budget document is to reflect the need for existing (or increased) tax rates. By no later than January 20, the board-adopted budget is filed with the Mahoning County Budget Commission for tax rate determination.

# **Estimated Resources**:

By April 1, the Board of Education accepts, by formal resolution, the tax rates as determined by the Budget Commission and receives the Commission's Certificate of Estimated Resources which states the projected revenue of each fund. Prior to June 30, the District must revise its budget so that total contemplated expenditures from any fund during the ensuing year will not exceed the amount stated in the Certificate of Estimated Resources. The revised budget then serves as a basis for the appropriation measure. On or about July 1, the Certificate is amended to include any unencumbered balances from the preceding year as reported by the District Treasurer. The amounts reported as the original and final budget amounts reflect the amounts in the first and final amended official certificate of estimated resources, respectively, issued during the fiscal year.

## **Appropriations:**

Upon receipt from the County Auditor of an amended certificate of estimated resources based on final assessed values and tax rates, or a certificate of estimated resources saying no new certificate of estimated resources is necessary, the annual appropriation resolution is enacted by the Board of Education. Prior to passage of the annual appropriation measure, the Board may pass a temporary appropriation measure to meet the ordinary expenses of the District. The appropriation resolution, by fund, must be within the estimated resources as certified by the County Budget Commission and the total of expenditures may not exceed the appropriation totals at any level of control.

The Board of Education may pass supplemental appropriations, so long as the total appropriations by fund do not exceed the amounts set forth in the most recent certificate of estimated resources. During the fiscal year, all supplemental appropriations were legally enacted by the Board.

The appropriation resolution is subject to amendment by the Board throughout the year with the restriction that appropriations may not exceed estimated resources. The amounts reported on the original budget amounts reflect the first appropriation for that fund that covered the entire fiscal year, including amounts automatically carried over from the prior year. The amounts reported as final budgeted amounts represent the final appropriation amounts passed by the Board during the fiscal year.

#### F. - Cash and Investments

Cash received by the District is pooled in a central bank account with individual fund balance integrity maintained throughout. Individual fund integrity is maintained through the District's records. Each fund's interest in the pool is presented as "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents." During the fiscal year, investments were limited to the State Treasury Asset Reserve of Ohio (STAR Ohio).

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Except for nonparticipating investment contracts, investments are reported at fair value, which is based on quoted market prices. Nonparticipating investment contracts such as repurchase agreements are reported at cost.

STAR Ohio is an investment pool managed by the State Treasurer's Office, which allows governments within the State to pool their funds for investment purposes. STAR Ohio is not registered with the SEC as an investment company but has adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 79' "Certain External Investment Pools and Pool Participants." The District measures their investment in STAR Ohio at the net asset value (NAV) per share provided by STAR Ohio. The NAV per share is calculated on an amortized cost basis that provides a NAV per share that approximates fair value.

For fiscal year 2024, there were no limitations or restrictions on any participant withdrawals due to redemption notice periods, liquidity fees, or redemption gates. However, notice must be given 24 hours in advance of all deposits and withdrawals exceeding \$100 million. STAR Ohio reserves the right to limit the transaction to \$250 million, requiring the excess amount to be transacted the following business days(s), but only to the \$250 million limit. All accounts of the participant will be combined for these purposes.

Under existing Ohio statutes all investment earnings are assigned to the General fund unless statutorily required to be credited to a specific fund. Interest revenue credited to the general fund during fiscal year 2024 amounted to \$756,436, which includes \$255,564 assigned from other District funds.

For purposes of the Statement of Net Position, investments of the cash management pool and investments with original maturities of three months or less at the time they are purchased by the District are considered to be cash equivalents. Investments with an initial maturity of more than three months are reported as investments.

An analysis of the District's investment account at year-end is provided in Note 6.

#### G - Inventory

On government-wide financial statements, inventories are presented at the lower of cost or market on a first-in, first-out basis and are expensed when used. Inventories consist of donated food, purchased food, and non-food supplies held for resale and are expensed when used.

## H. - Capital Assets

The District's only capital assets are classified as general capital assets. These assets generally result from expenditures in the governmental funds. These assets are reported in the governmental activities column of the government-wide Statement of Net Position but are not reported in the fund financial statements.

All capital assets are capitalized at cost (or estimated historical cost) and updated for additions and retirements during the year. The District was able to estimate the historical cost for the initial reporting of assets by backtrending (i.e., estimating the current replacement cost of the asset to be capitalized and using an appropriate price-level index to deflate the cost to the acquisition year or estimated acquisition year.) Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition values as of the date received. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

All reported capital assets except land are depreciated. Improvements are depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Description	Estimated Lives
Land Improvements	20 years
Buildings and Improvements	20 - 50 years
Furniture, Fixtures and Equipment	5 - 20 years
Vehicles	5 - 10 years
Intangible Right to Use Lease	5 - 10 years

#### I. – Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid from them are not presented on the financial statements.

# J. – Compensated Absences

Compensated absences of the District consist of vacation leave and severance liability to the extent that payments to the employee for these absences are attributable to services already rendered and are not contingent on a specific event that is outside the control of the District and the employee.

In accordance with the provisions of GASB Statement No. 16, "Accounting for Compensated Absences", a liability for vacation leave is accrued if a) the employees' rights to payment are attributable to services already rendered; and b) it is probable that the employer will compensate the employees for the benefits through paid time off or other means, such as cash payment at termination or retirement. A liability for severance is accrued using the vesting method; i.e., the liability is based on the sick leave accumulated at the balance sheet date by those employees who are currently eligible to receive termination (severance) payments, as well as those employees expected to become eligible in the future. For purposes of establishing a liability for severance on employees expected to become eligible to retire in the future, any employee at least 50 years of age with at least 10 years of service, or any employee with at least 20 years of service were considered expected to become eligible to retire in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16.

The total liability for vacation and severance payments has been calculated using pay rates in effect at June 30, 2024, and reduced to the maximum payment allowed by labor contract and/or statute, plus any additional salary related payments.

On the governmental fund financial statements, compensated absences are recognized as liabilities and expenditures to the extent payments come due each period upon the occurrence of employee resignations and retirements.

#### K. - Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Obligations

All payables, accrued liabilities and long-term obligations are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities are reported as obligations of the funds regardless of whether they will be liquidated with current resources. However, compensated absences that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current fiscal year. In general, liabilities that mature or come due for payment during the fiscal year are considered to have been made with current available financial resources. Bonds and other long-term obligations that will be paid from governmental funds are not recognized as a liability in the fund financial statements when due. Net pension/OPEB liability should be recognized in the governmental funds to the extent that benefit payments are due and payable and the pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is not sufficient for payment of those benefits.

#### L. - Fund Balances

Fund balance is divided into five classifications based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

**Nonspendable** The nonspendable fund balance category includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash. It also includes the long-term amount of loans receivable, as well as property acquired for resale, unless the use of the proceeds from the collection of those receivables or from the sale of those properties is restricted, committed, or assigned.

**Restricted** Fund balance is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions.

**Committed** The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a formal action (resolution) of the District Board of Education. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the District Board of Education removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (resolution) it employed to previously commit those amounts. Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

**Assigned** Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. In the general fund, assigned amounts represent intended uses established by the District Board of Education, which may be expressed by a motion but need not be passed by formal action, such as a Board Resolution.

**Unassigned** Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is used only to report a deficit balance resulting from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The District applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. This occurred within the Permanent Improvement fund during the fiscal year. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

#### M. - Net Position

Net position represents the difference between all other elements in a statement of financial position. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors or laws or regulations of other governments. Net position restricted for other purposes include operation of instructional services, food service operations and extracurricular activities.

The School District applies restricted resources last when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

#### N. Pensions/Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net pension/OPEB liability/(asset), deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the pension/OPEB plans and additions to/deductions from their fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the pension/OPEB systems. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. The pension/OPEB systems report investments at fair value.

#### O. - Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### P. - Fair Value

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

#### Note 3 - Change in Accounting Principle

For fiscal year 2024, the District has implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 100, "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62".

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

GASB Statement No. 100 primary objective is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assessing accountability. The implementation of this pronouncement did not impact the beginning net position or fund balance of the District.

#### Note 4 - Fund Deficits

Fund balances at June 30, 2024 included the following individual fund deficits:

Nonmajor Governmental Funds:	Deficit
IDEA Part B	\$47,289
Title I	23,733
Improving Teacher Quality	1,504

The deficit fund balances in these funds are the result of adjustments for accrued liabilities. The general fund is liable for any deficits in these funds and provides transfers when cash is required, not when accruals occur.

### **Note 5 - Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the District is reporting its financial position, results of operations, and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts, disbursements, and encumbrances. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance - Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented for the General Fund is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The major differences between the budget basis and GAAP (modified accrual) basis are as follows:

- 1. Revenues are recorded when received in cash (budget) as opposed to when susceptible to accrual (GAAP).
- 2. Expenditures are recorded when paid in cash (budget) as opposed to when the fund liability is incurred (GAAP).
- 3. Encumbrances are treated as expenditures (budget) rather than restricted, committed or assigned fund balances (GAAP).
- 4. Budgetary revenues and expenditures of the NE8 Athletic Conference fund are reclassified to the general fund for GAAP reporting.

The following table summarizes the adjustments necessary to reconcile the GAAP basis statements to the budgetary basis statements for the general fund.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Net Change in Fund Balance

GAAP Basis	\$1,831,937
Net Adjustment for Revenue Accruals	(253,555)
Net Adjustment for Expenditure Accruals	273,265
Net Adjustment for Funds Budgeted as Special Revenue	(14,942)
Adjustment for Encumbrances	(259,176)
Budget Basis	\$1,577,529

#### Note 6 - Deposits and Investments

Monies held by the District are classified by State statute into three categories.

Active deposits are public deposits determined to be necessary to meet current demands upon the District treasury. Active monies must be maintained either as cash in the District Treasury, in commercial accounts payable or withdrawable on demand, including negotiable order of withdrawal (NOW) accounts, or in money market deposit accounts.

Inactive deposits are public deposits that the Board of Education has identified as not required for use within the current five year period of designation of depositories. Inactive deposits must either be evidenced by certificates of deposit maturing not later than the end of the current period of designation of depositories, or by savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts.

Interim deposits are deposits of interim monies. Interim monies are those monies which are not needed for immediate use but which will be needed before the end of the current period of designation of depositories. Interim deposits must be evidenced by time certificates of deposit maturing not more than one year from the date of deposit or by savings or deposit accounts including passbook accounts.

Interim monies held by the District can be deposited or invested in the following securities:

- United States Treasury Notes, Bills, Bonds, or any other obligation or security issued by the United States Treasury, or any other obligation guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by the United States;
- 2. Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or securities issued by any federal government agency or instrumentality, including, but not limited to, Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, Government National Mortgage Association, and Student Loan Marketing Association. All federal agency securities shall be direct issuances of federal government agencies or instrumentalities;
- 3. Written repurchase agreements in securities listed above;
- 4. Bonds and other obligations of the State of Ohio or Ohio local governments;
- 5. Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit accounts including, but not limited to, passbook accounts;
- 6. No-load money market mutual funds consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (1) or (2) and repurchase agreements secured by such obligations;

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

- 7. The State Treasurer's investment pool (STAROhio);
- 8. Commercial paper and bankers acceptances if training requirements have been met.

Protection of District's deposits is provided by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC), by eligible securities pledged by the financial institution as security for repayment, or by the financial institutions participation in the Ohio Pooled Collateral System (OPCS), a collateral pool of eligible securities deposited with a qualified trustee and pledged to the Treasurer of State to secure repayment of all public monies deposited in the financial institution.

Investments in stripped principal or interest obligations, reverse repurchase agreements and derivatives are prohibited. The issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage, the use of leverage and short selling are also prohibited. An investment must mature within five years from the date of purchase unless matched to a specific obligation or debt of the District and must be purchased with the expectation that it will be held to maturity. Investments may only be made through specified dealers and institutions. Payment for investments may be made only upon delivery of the securities representing the investments to the Treasurer or, if the securities are not represented by a certificate, upon receipt of confirmation of transfer from the custodian.

#### A. Cash on Hand

At fiscal year-end, the District had \$175 in undeposited cash on hand, which is included in the Basic Financial Statements of the District as part of "Equity in Pooled Cash and Cash Equivalents".

# **B. Deposits**

At June 30, 2024, the carrying value amount of all the District's deposits was \$2,469,205. Based on the criteria described in GASB Statement No. 40, "Deposits and Investments Risk Disclosures", as of June 30, 2024, none of the District's bank balance of \$2,637,975 was exposed to custodial risk as described below, meaning all of it was covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and the OPCS.

Custodial Credit Risk Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. All deposits are collateralized with eligible securities in amounts equal to at least 105 percent of the carrying value of the deposits. Such collateral, as permitted by the Ohio Revised Code, is held in single financial institution collateral pools at Federal Reserve Banks, or at member banks of the federal reserve system, in the name of the respective depository bank and pledged as a pool of collateral against all of the public deposits it holds or as specific collateral held at the Federal Reserve Bank in the name of the District. The District has no deposit policy for custodial credit risk beyond the requirements of State statute. Although securities were held by the pledging institutions' trust department and all statutory requirements for the deposit of money had been followed, noncompliance with federal requirements could potentially subject the District to a successful claim by the FDIC.

#### C. Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the School District had STAR Ohio as the only investment with an amount of \$12,906,507 and an average maturity less than six months. STAR Ohio is measured at net asset value per share.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Interest Rate Risk** As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses caused by rising interest rates, the District's investment policy requires that operating funds be invested primarily in short-term investments maturing within five years from the date of purchase.

**Credit Risk** STAROhio carries a rating of AAAm by Standard & Poor's. Ohio law requires that STAROhio maintain the highest rating provided by at least one nationally recognized standard rating service. The District's investment policy does not specifically address credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Custodial Credit Risk For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The District's investment policy does not specifically address custodial credit risk beyond the adherence to all relevant sections of the Ohio Revised Code.

Concentration of Credit Risk The District's investment policy addresses concentration of credit risk by requiring investments to be diversified in order to reduce the risk of loss resulting from the over concentration of assets in a specific type of security, the erosion of market value, or by default. However, the District places no limit on the amount it may invest in any one issuer. The District's investment in STAR Ohio represents 100 percent of District investments.

# D. Reconciliation of Cash and Investments to the Statement of Net positions

The following is a reconciliation of cash and investments as reported in the footnote above to cash and investments as reported on the Statement of Net Position as of June 30, 2024:

# Cash and Investments per Note Disclosure:

Carrying amount of deposits	\$2,469,205
Investments	12,906,507
Cash on hand	175
Total	\$15,375,887

# Cash and Investments per Statement of Net Position:

Governmental Activities	\$15,375,887
Total	\$15,375,887

# **Note 7 - Property Taxes**

Property taxes are levied and assessed on a calendar year basis while the school district fiscal year runs from July through June. First half tax collections are received by the school district in the second half of the fiscal year. Second half tax distributions occur in the first half of the following fiscal year.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Property taxes include amounts levied against all real property and public utility property located in the School District. Real property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Real property taxes received in calendar year 2024 were levied after April 1, 2023, on the assessed value as of January 1, 2023, the lien date. Assessed values for real property taxes are established by State statute at thirty-five percent of appraised market value. Real property taxes are payable annually or semi-annually. If paid annually, payment is due December 31; if paid semi-annually, the first payment is due December 31 with the remainder payable by June 20. Under certain circumstances, State statute permits alternate payment dates to be established.

Public utility property tax revenues received in calendar year 2024 represent the collection of calendar year 2023 taxes. Public utility real and personal property taxes received in calendar year 2024 became a lien December 31, 2022, were levied after April 1, 2023 and are collected in 2024 with real property taxes. Public utility real property is assessed at thirty-five percent of true value; public utility tangible personal property currently is assessed at varying percentages of true value.

The School District receives property taxes from Mahoning County. The County Auditor periodically advances to the School District its portion of the taxes collected. Second-half real property tax payments collected by the County by June 30, 2024, are available to finance fiscal year 2024 operations. The amount available to be advanced can vary based on the date the tax bills are sent.

Accrued property taxes receivable includes real property and public utility property taxes which are measurable as of June 30, 2024 and for which there is an enforceable legal claim. Although total property tax collections for the next fiscal year are measurable, only the amount of real property taxes available as an advance at June 30 was levied to finance current fiscal year operations and is reported as revenue at fiscal year-end. The portion of the receivable not levied to finance current fiscal year operations is offset by a credit to deferred inflows of resources – property taxes.

The amount available as an advance at June 30, 2024 was \$75,407 in the general fund and \$1,593 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund.

On a full accrual basis, collectible delinquent property taxes have been recorded as a receivable and revenue, while on a modified accrual basis the revenue has been reported as deferred inflows of resources – unavailable revenue.

The assessed values upon which the fiscal year 2024 taxes were collected are:

		2023 Second Half Collections Amount Percent		st tions
	Amount			Percent
Agricultural/Residential and Other Real Estate	\$435,785,110	95.82 %	\$583,028,230	96.83 %
Public Utility Personal	19,011,780	4.18	19,106,210	3.17
Total	\$454,796,890	100.00 %	\$602,134,440	100.00 %
Tax rate per \$1,000 of assessed valuation	\$49.20		\$45.20	

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 8 - Fund Balances

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the government funds.

The constraints placed on fund balance for the major governmental funds and all other governmental funds are presented below:

Fund Balances	General	Permanent Improvement	Nonmajor Governmental	Total
Restricted for		-		
Food Service Operations	0	0	672,871	672,871
College Scholarships	0	0	14,227	14,227
Athletics & Music	0	0	155,596	155,596
Auxiliary Services	0	0	5,083	5,083
Miscellaneous State Grants	0	0	9,480	9,480
Miscellaneous Federal Grants	0	0	8,632	8,632
Capital Improvements	0	338,043	0	338,043
Total Restricted	0	338,043	865,889	1,203,932
Committed to				
Capital Improvements	0	0	266,000	266,000
Assigned to				
Other Purposes	72,113	0	0	72,113
Encumbrances	179,922	0	0	179,922
Capital Improvements	0	2,646,956	0	2,646,956
Family Trust	0	0	74,638	74,638
Subsequent Year Appropriations	658,388	0	0	658,388
Total Assigned	910,423	2,646,956	74,638	3,632,017
Unassigned (Deficit)	6,944,143	0	(72,526)	6,871,617
Total Fund Balances	\$7,854,566	\$2,984,999	\$1,134,001	\$11,973,566

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# **Note 9 - Capital Assets**

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance 6/30/23	Additions	Reductions	Balance 6/30/24
Governmental Activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$304,780	\$0	\$0	\$304,780
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Land improvements	6,653,390	284,562	(7,000)	6,930,952
Buildings and improvements	17,439,995	261,026	(20,107)	17,680,914
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	3,661,613	49,156	(19,888)	3,690,881
Vehicles	1,925,827	110,290	(57,398)	1,978,719
Intangible Right to Use Lease**	281,107	0	0	281,107
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	29,961,932	705,034	(104,393)	30,562,573
Accumulated depreciation/amortization:				
Land improvements	(3,970,606)	(252,410)	4,900	(4,218,116)
Buildings and improvements	(10,543,163)	(435,637)	20,107	(10,958,693)
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	(2,664,690)	(201,618)	18,894	(2,847,414)
Vehicles	(1,281,872)	(116,127)	51,658	(1,346,341)
Intangible Right to Use Lease**	(173,270)	(28,131)	0	(201,401)
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	(18,633,601)	(1,033,923) *	95,559	(19,571,965)
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized, net	11,328,331	(328,889)	(8,834)	10,990,608
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$11,633,111	(\$328,889)	(\$8,834)	\$11,295,388

<sup>\*</sup> Depreciation/amortization expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction:	
Regular	\$757,860
Special	21,908
Support Services:	
Operation and Maintenance of Plant	82,665
Pupil Transportation	33,377
Operation of Non-Instructional Services	6,114
Extracurricular	131,999
Total Depreciation Expense	\$1,033,923

<sup>\*\*</sup>Of the current year depreciation total of \$1,033,923, \$28,131 is presented as a regular instruction expense on the Statement of Activities related to the District's intangible asset of copiers, which are included in the table above as an Intangible Right to Use Lease. With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, a lease meeting the criteria of this statement requires the lessee to recognize the lease liability and an intangible right to use asset.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Note 10 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2024, consisted of property taxes of \$17,955,069, accounts of \$1,865. And Intergovernmental of \$19,300 and are all considered collectible in full due to the ability to foreclose for the nonpayment of taxes. All receivables are expected to be collected within one year.

# Note 11 - Compensated Absences

The criteria for determining vacation and sick leave benefits are derived from negotiated agreements and State laws. Classified employees earn ten to twenty days of vacation per fiscal year, depending upon length of service and hours worked. Teachers do not earn vacation time. Administrators earn twenty days of vacation annually. Accumulated unused vacation time is paid to classified employees and administrators upon termination of employment.

Each employee earns sick leave at the rate of one and one-quarter days per month. Sick leave may be accumulated to a maximum of 285 days for all employees. Upon retirement, classified employees with at least 10 years of service will receive payment for one-third of their total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 63 days.

Upon retirement, certified employees with at least 10 years of service receive payment for one-third of their total sick leave accumulation up to a maximum of 60 days.

# Note 12 - Financed Purchases Payable from Direct Borrowing

In fiscal year 2020, the District currently refunded \$3,992,523 in principal and \$77,911 in interest on prior outstanding obligations and issued a new financed purchase agreement in the amount of \$5,070,434. This agreement was dated September 18, 2019, and consists of a current refunding in the amount of \$4,070,434 and a new money portion in the amount of \$1,000,000. The prior obligations and new money portion were/will be used for the improvement, acquisition and construction of capital projects within the District. The current refunding saved the District approximately \$160,000 over the life of the agreement and will mature on May 1, 2029. During the fiscal year, the District repaid \$500,000 in principal and \$80,532 in interest on this obligation.

The amounts capitalized under the financed purchase agreements include the costs of the Projects funded by these agreements that were incurred as of June 30, 2024.

The following is a schedule of the future minimum payments required under the financed purchase agreements and the present value of the future minimum financed purchase payments as of June 30, 2024:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	
2025	\$580,176
2026	580,528
2027	580,430
2028	558,147
2029	559,363
Total Minimum Financed Purchase Payments	2,858,644
Less: Amount Representing Interest	(196,210)
Present Value of Minimum Financed Purchase	\$2,662,434

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 13 - Long-term Obligations

The changes in the District's long-term obligations during fiscal year 2024 were as follows:

	Balance at			Balance at	Amounts Due in
	06/30/23	Increases	Decreases	6/30/24	One Year
Governmental Activities:					
Other Long-Term Obligations:					
Lease	\$111,285	\$0	(\$26,758)	\$84,527	\$28,307
Financed purchase agreements					
payable from direct borrowing	3,162,434	0	(500,000)	2,662,434	513,000
Compensated Absences	1,084,798	255,709	(146,348)	1,194,159	169,305
Total Before Net Pension & OPEB Liability	4,358,517	255,709	(673,106)	3,941,120	710,612
Net Pension Liability:					
STRS	14,218,693	385,163	0	14,603,856	0
SERS	3,193,299	176,575	0	3,369,874	0
Total Net Pension Liability	17,411,992	561,738	0	17,973,730	0
Net OPEB Liability (Asset):					
SERS	847,244	173,362	0	1,020,606	0
Total	\$22,617,753	\$990,809	(\$673,106)	\$22,935,456	\$710,612

Lease Payable – The District had a lease agreement outstanding at the beginning of the year for copiers. Due to the implementation of GASB Statement No. 87, this lease has met the criteria of a lease thus requiring it to be recorded by the District. The lease will be amortized over the lease term since it is shorter than the useful life due to the District not taking ownership of the copiers. A summary of the principal and interest amounts remaining for the lease are as follows:

Fiscal	Lease		
Year Ending		2022 Copiers	
June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	\$28,307	\$4,043	\$32,350
2026	29,945	2,405	32,350
2027	26,275	684	26,959
Total	\$84,527	\$7,132	\$91,659

Financed Purchase Agreements: See Note 12 for detailed information on the financed purchase agreements.

Compensated Absences: Compensated absences will be paid from the fund in which the employees' salaries are paid. For the District this includes the general fund and the food service, auxiliary services, IDEA grant and Title I grant special revenue funds.

There is no repayment schedule for the net pension liability and net OPEB liability; however, employer pension and OPEB contributions are made from the General Fund. For additional information related to the net pension liability and net OPEB liability see Notes 15 and 16.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The Ohio Revised Code provides that voted net general obligation debt of the District shall never exceed 9 percent of the total assessed valuation of the District. The code further provides that unvoted indebtedness shall not exceed 1/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the District. The code additionally states that unvoted indebtedness related to energy conservation debt shall not exceed 9/10 of 1 percent of the property valuation of the District.

The assessed valuation used in determining the District's legal debt margins has been modified by House Bill 530, which became effective March 30, 2006. In accordance with House Bill 530, the assessed valuation used in the District's legal debt margin calculations excluded tangible personal property used in business, telephone or telegraph property, interexchange telecommunications company property, and personal property owned or leased by a railroad company and used in railroad operations.

The effects of these debt limitations at June 30, 2024, are a legal voted debt margin of \$54,192,100, a legal unvoted debt margin of \$602,134, and a legal energy conservation debt margin of \$5,419,210.

# Note 14 - Risk Management

# A. Property, Fleet and Liability Insurance

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District maintains comprehensive commercial insurance coverage for real property, building contents, vehicles, boilers, electronic data processing equipment and instruments. Real property, building and contents are fully insured.

The business auto coverage limits are \$1,000,000 for liability and bodily injury for each person and each accident. The property damage liability limit is \$1,000,000. The uninsured bodily injury and under insured motorists has a liability limit of \$1,000,000 each person and each accident. Comprehensive has a \$100 deductible and collision has a \$500 deductible.

The District has liability insurance coverage limits of \$1,000,000 per claim and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate.

The District has a liability limit of \$500,000 for boiler insurance with a deductible of \$1,000.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There have been no significant reductions in coverage from the prior year.

# B. Employee Group Health Insurance

The District pays insurance premiums for all full-time employees, less a 10 percent co-pay paid by the employee. For part-time employees, premiums paid by the District based on a percentage worked.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### C. Workers' Compensation

The District participates in the Ohio School Boards Association Workers' Compensation Group Rating Program (GRP), an insurance purchasing pool (see Note 2A). The GRP's business and affairs are conducted by a three-member board of directors consisting of the President, the President-Elect and the Immediate Past President of the Ohio School Boards Association. The Executive Director of the OSBA, or his designee, serves as coordinator of the program. Each year, the participating school districts pay an enrollment fee to the GRP to cover the costs of administering the program.

The intent of the GRP is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the GRP. The worker's compensation experience of the participating school districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all school districts in the GRP. Each participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity pooling fund". This "equity pooling" arrangement ensures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the GRP. Participation in the GRP is limited to school districts that can meet the GRP's selection criteria. The firm of Gates McDonald & Co. provides administrative, cost control and actuarial services to the GRP.

#### Note 15 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

The Statewide retirement systems provide both pension benefits and other postemployment benefits (OPEB).

# A. Net Pension Liability/Net OPEB Liability/(Asset)

The net pension liability and the net OPEB liability (asset) reported on the statement of net position represent liabilities to employees for pensions and OPEB, respectively. Pensions/OPEB are a component of exchange transactions-between an employer and its employees-of salaries and benefits for employee services. Pensions/OPEB are provided to an employee-on a deferred-payment basis-as part of the total compensation package offered by an employer for employee services each financial period. The obligation to sacrifice resources for pensions is a present obligation because it was created as a result of employment exchanges that already have occurred.

The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) represent the District's proportionate share of each pension/OPEB plan's collective actuarial present value of projected benefit payments attributable to past periods of service, net of each pension/OPEB plan's fiduciary net position. The net pension/OPEB liability (asset) calculation is dependent on critical long-term variables, including estimated average life expectancies, earnings on investments, cost of living adjustments and others. While these estimates use the best information available, unknowable future events require adjusting these estimates annually.

Ohio Revised Code limits the District's obligation for this liability to annually required payments. The District cannot control benefit terms or the manner in which pensions/OPEB are financed; however, the District does receive the benefit of employees' services in exchange for compensation including pension and OPEB.

GASB 68/75 assumes the liability is solely the obligation of the employer, because (1) they benefit from employee services; and (2) State statute requires funding to come from these employers. All pension contributions to date have come solely from these employers (which also includes pension costs paid in the form of withholdings from employees). The retirement systems may allocate a portion of the employer contributions to provide for these OPEB benefits. In addition, health care

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

plan enrollees pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. State statute requires the retirement systems to amortize unfunded pension liabilities within 30 years. If the pension amortization period exceeds 30 years, each retirement system's board must propose corrective action to the State legislature. Any resulting legislative change to benefits or funding could significantly affect the net pension/OPEB liability (asset). Resulting adjustments to the net pension/OPEB liability (asset) would be effective when the changes are legally enforceable. The Ohio Revised Code permits but does not require the retirement systems to provide healthcare to eliqible benefit recipients.

The proportionate share of each plan's unfunded benefits is presented as a *net OPEB asset* or long-term *net pension/OPEB liability* on the accrual basis of accounting. Any liability for the contractually-required pension/OPEB contribution outstanding at the end of the year is included in *intergovernmental payable* on both the accrual and modified accrual bases of accounting.

The remainder of this note includes the required pension disclosures. See Note 16 for the required OPEB disclosures.

# **B. School Employees Retirement System**

<u>Plan Description</u> - District non-teaching employees participate in SERS, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by SERS. Established in 1937, SERS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to non-teaching employees of Ohio's public K-12 school districts. Authority to establish and amend benefits is provided by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3309. SERS issues a publicly available, stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information and detailed information about SERS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by visiting the SERS website at <a href="www.ohsers.org">www.ohsers.org</a> under Employers/Audit Resources.

Age and service requirements for retirement are as follows:

	Eligible to Retire on or Before August 1, 2017*	Eligible to Retire on or After August 1, 2017
Full Benefits	Any age with 30 years of service credit	Age 67 with 10 years of service credit; or
Tun Belients	They age with ou years of service ereal.	Age 57 with 30 years of service credit
Actuarially Reduced Benefits	Age 60 with 5 years of service credit Age 55 with 25 years of service credit	Age 62 with 10 years of service credit; or Age 60 with 25 years of service credit

<sup>\*</sup> Members with 25 years of service credit as of August 1, 2017, will be included in this plan

Annual retirement benefits are calculated based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service; 2.2 percent for the first thirty years of service and 2.5 percent for years of service credit over 30. Final average salary is the average of the highest three years of salary.

An individual whose benefit effective date is before April 1, 2018, is eligible for a cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) on the first anniversary date of the benefit. New benefit recipients must wait until the fourth anniversary of their benefit for COLA eligibility. The COLA is added each year to the base benefit amount on the anniversary date of the benefit. The COLA, is indexed to the percentage increase in the CPI-W, not to exceed 2.5 percent and with a floor of 0 percent.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Funding Policy – Plan members are required to contribute 10 percent of their annual covered salary and the District is required to contribute 14 percent of annual covered payroll. The contribution requirements of plan members and employers are established and may be amended by the SERS' Retirement Board up to statutory maximum amounts of 10 percent for plan members and 14 percent for employers. The Retirement Board, acting with the advice of the actuary, allocates the employer contribution rate among four of the System's funds (Pension Trust Fund, Death Benefit Fund, Medicare B Fund, and Health Care Fund). For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the allocation to pension, death benefits, and Medicare B was 14.0 percent. For fiscal year 2024, the Retirement Board did not allocate any employer contribution to the Health Care Fund.

The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$328,516 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount \$164,124 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

#### C. State Teachers Retirement System

<u>Plan Description</u> - District licensed teachers and other faculty members participate in STRS Ohio, a cost-sharing multiple employer public employee system administered by STRS. STRS provides retirement and disability benefits to members and death and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. STRS issues a stand-alone financial report that includes financial statements, required supplementary information, and detailed information about STRS' fiduciary net position. That report can be obtained by writing to STRS, 275 E. Broad St., Columbus, OH 43215-3771, by calling (888) 227-7877, or by visiting the STRS Web site at www.strsoh.org.

New members have a choice of three retirement plans; a Defined Benefit (DB) Plan, a Defined Contribution (DC) Plan, and a Combined (CO) Plan. Benefits are established by Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307.

The DB plan offers an annual retirement allowance based on final average salary multiplied by a percentage that varies based on years of service. Effective August 1, 2015, the calculation is 2.2 percent of final average salary for the five highest years of earnings multiplied by all years of service. Eligibility changes will be phased in until August 1, 2026, when retirement eligibility for unreduced benefits will be five years of service credit and age 65, or 34 years of service credit at any age.

The DC Plan allows members to place all their member contributions and 11.09 percent of the 14 percent employer contributions into an investment account. Investment allocation decisions are determined by the member. The remaining 2.91 percent of the 14 percent employer rate is allocated to the defined benefit unfunded liability. A member is eligible to receive a retirement benefit at age 50 and termination.

The CO Plan offers features of both the DB Plan and the DC Plan. In the CO Plan, 12 percent of the 14 percent member rate is deposited into the member's DC account and the remaining 2 percent is applied to the DB Plan. Member contributions to the DC Plan are allocated among investment choices by the member, and contributions to the DB Plan from the employer and the member are used to fund the defined benefit payment at a reduced level from the regular DB Plan. The defined benefit portion of the CO Plan payment is payable to a member on or after age 60 with five years of service. The defined contribution portion of the account may be taken as a lump sum payment or converted to a lifetime monthly annuity at age fifty and after termination of employment.

New members who choose the DC plan or CO Plan will have another opportunity to reselect a permanent plan during their fifth year of membership. Members may remain in the same plan or transfer to another STRS plan. The optional annuitization of a member's defined contribution account

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

or the defined contribution portion of a member's Combined Plan account to a lifetime benefit results in STRS bearing the risk of investment gain or loss on the account. STRS has therefore included all three plan options as one defined benefit plan for GASB 68 reporting purposes.

A DB or CO Plan member with five or more years of credited service who is determined to be disabled may qualify for a disability benefit. Eligible survivors of members who die before service retirement may qualify for monthly benefits. New members on or after July 1, 2013, must have at least ten years of qualifying service credit to apply for disability benefits. Members in the DC Plan who become disabled are entitled only to their account balance. If a member of the DC Plan dies before retirement benefits begin, the member's designated beneficiary is entitled to receive the member's account balance.

Funding Policy – Employer and member contribution rates are established by the State Teachers Retirement Board and limited by Chapter 3307 of the Ohio Revised Code. The fiscal year 2024 employer and employee contribution rate of 14 percent was equal to the statutory maximum rates. For fiscal year 2024, the full employer contribution was allocated to pension.

The District's contractually required contribution to STRS was \$1,290,399 for fiscal year 2024. Of this amount \$229,156 is reported as an intergovernmental payable.

# D. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and pension expense:

-	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net Pension Liability Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.05903920%	0.06396137%	
Current Measurement Date	0.06098750%	0.06781471%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00194830%	0.00385334%	
Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,369,874	\$14,603,856	\$17,973,730
Pension Expense	\$365,045	\$897,331	\$1,262,376

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$144,845	\$532,427	\$677,272
Change of Assumptions	23,870	1,202,708	1,226,578
Change in Proportionate Share	93,063	635,004	728,067
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	328,516	1,290,399	1,618,915
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$590,294	\$3,660,538	\$4,250,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$0	\$32,407	\$32,407
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on pension plan investments	47,368	43,767	91,135
Change of Assumptions	0	905,293	905,293
Change in Proportionate Share	0	683,398	683,398
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$47,368	\$1,664,865	\$1,712,233

\$1,618,915 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	\$71,835	(\$377,825)	(\$305,990)
2026	(98,287)	(606,650)	(704,937)
2027	238,351	1,768,066	2,006,417
2028	2,511	(78,317)	(75,806)
Total	\$214,410	\$705,274	\$919,684

#### Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

SERS' total pension liability was determined by their actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each defined benefit retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment termination). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations. Future benefits for all current plan members were projected through 2132.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation, prepared as of June 30, 2023, are presented below:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percentage of Payroll)

Inflation 2.40 Percent

Future Salary Increases, Including Inflation 3.25 Percent to 13.58 Percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.0 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses

COLA or Ad hoc COLA 2.0 Percent, on and after April 1, 2018, COLA's for future retirees will be delayed for 3 years following commencement

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term return expectation for the Pension Plan Investments has been determined by using a building-block approach and assumes a time horizon, as defined in SERS' Statement of Investment Policy. A forecasted rate of inflation serves as the baseline for the return expectation. Various real return premiums over the baseline inflation rate have been established for each asset class. The long-term expected nominal rate of return has been determined by calculating an arithmetic weighted average of the expected real return premiums for each asset class, adding the projected inflation rate, and adding the expected return from rebalancing uncorrelated asset classes.

The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

	Target		Long-Term Expected	
Asset Class	Allocation	_	Real Rate of Return	
Cash	2.00	%	0.75	%
U.S. Equity	24.75		4.82	
Non-U.S. Equity Developed	13.50		5.19	
Non-U.S. Equity Emerging	6.75		5.98	
Fixed Income/Global Bond	19.00		2.24	
Private Equity	12.00		7.49	
Real Estate/Real Assets	17.00		3.70	
Private Debt/Private Credit	5.00	_	5.64	
Total	100.00	%		

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

**Discount Rate** The total pension liability was calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent. The discount rate determination does not use a municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employers would contribute the actuarially determined contribution rate of projected compensation over the remaining 21-year amortization period of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability. Projected inflows from investment earning were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.0 percent). Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefits to determine the total pension liability. The annual money-weighted rate of return, calculated as the internal rate of return on pension plan investments for fiscal year 2023, was 6.90 percent.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate Net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate, and to illustrate the potential impact the following table presents the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.0 percent, as well as what each plan's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0 percent), or one percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate.

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
District's Proportionate Share of the			
Net Pension Liability	\$4,973,761	\$3,369,874	\$2,018,904

# Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation 2.50 Percent

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal (Level Percent of Payroll)

Projected Salary Increases Varies by Service from 2.5% to 8.5%

Investment Rate of Return 7.0 Percent, Net of Investment Expenses, Including Inflation

Payroll Increases 3.00 Percent
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) 0 Percent

Post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation are based on the results of the latest available actuarial experience study which is for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

STRS' investment consultant develops an estimate range for the investment return assumption based on the target allocation adopted by the Retirement Board. The target allocation and long-term expected rate of return for each major asset class are summarized as follows:

Asset Class	Target Allocation*	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**	_
Domestic Equity	26.00 %	6.60	%
International Equity	22.00	6.80	
Fixed Income	22.00	1.75	
Alternatives	19.00	7.38	
Real Estate	10.00	5.75	
Liquidity Reserves	1.00	1.00	_
Total	100.00 %	7.00	%

<sup>\*</sup>Final target weights reflected at October 1, 2022.

\*\*10-Year annualized geometric nominal returns, which include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.25 percent and is net of investment expenses. Over a 30-year period, STRS Ohio's investment consultant indicates that the above target allocations should generate a return above the actuarial rate of return, without net value added by management.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that member and employer contributions will be made at the statutory contribution rates in accordance with rate increases described above. For this purpose, only employer contributions that are intended to fund benefits of current plan members and their beneficiaries are included. Based on those assumptions, STRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate The following table presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.0 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one-percentage-point lower (6.0 percent) or one-percentage-point higher (8.0 percent) than the current rate:

	Current		
	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$22,457,498	\$14,603,856	\$7,961,823

**Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date** The discount rate remained at 7.00 percent for June 30, 2023 valuation.

Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### E. Social Security System

Effective, July 1, 1991, all employees not otherwise covered by the School Employees Retirement System or the State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio have an option to choose Social Security or the School Employees Retirement System/State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio. As of June 30, 2024, certain members of the Board of Education have elected Social Security. The District's liability is 6.2 percent of wages paid.

# Note 16 - Defined Benefit Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plans

See note 15 for a description of the net OPEB liability (asset).

# Plan Description - School Employees Retirement System (SERS)

Health Care Plan Description - The District contributes to the SERS Health Care Fund, administered by SERS for non-certificated retirees and their beneficiaries. For GASB 75 purposes, this plan is considered a cost-sharing other postemployment benefit (OPEB) plan. SERS' Health Care Plan provides healthcare benefits to eligible individuals receiving retirement, disability, and survivor benefits, and to their eligible dependents. Members who retire after June 1, 1986, need 10 years of service credit, exclusive of most types of purchased credit, to qualify to participate in SERS' health care coverage. In addition to age and service retirees, disability benefit recipients and beneficiaries who are receiving monthly benefits due to the death of a member or retiree, are eligible for SERS' health care coverage. Most retirees and dependents choosing SERS' health care coverage are over the age of 65 and therefore enrolled in a fully insured Medicare Advantage plan; however, SERS maintains a traditional, self-insured preferred provider organization for its non-Medicare retiree population. For both groups, SERS offers a self-insured prescription drug program. Health care is a benefit that is permitted, not mandated, by statute. The financial report of the Plan is included in the SERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be obtained on SERS' website at www.ohsers.org under Employers/Audit Resources.

Access to health care for retirees and beneficiaries is permitted in accordance with Section 3309 of the Ohio Revised Code. The Health Care Fund was established and is administered in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 105(e). SERS' Retirement Board reserves the right to change or discontinue any health plan or program. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. The SERS Retirement Board established the rules for the premiums paid by the retirees for health care coverage for themselves and their dependents or for their surviving beneficiaries. Premiums vary depending on the plan selected, qualified years of service, Medicare eligibility, and retirement status.

Funding Policy - State statute permits SERS to fund health care benefits through employer contributions. Each year, after the allocation for statutorily required pensions and benefits, the Retirement Board may allocate the remainder of the employer contribution of 14 percent of covered payroll to the Health Care Fund in accordance with the funding policy. For fiscal year 2024, no allocation was made to health care. An additional health care surcharge on employers is collected for employees earning less than an actuarially determined minimum compensation amount, pro-rated if less than a full year of service credit was earned. For fiscal year 2023, this amount was \$25,000. Statutes provide that no employer shall pay a health care surcharge greater than 2.0 percent of that employer's SERS-covered payroll; nor may SERS collect in aggregate more than 1.5 percent of the total statewide SERS-covered payroll for the health care surcharge. For fiscal year 2024, the District's surcharge obligation was \$37,460.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The surcharge added to the allocated portion of the 14 percent employer contribution rate is the total amount assigned to the Health Care Fund. The District's contractually required contribution to SERS was \$37,460 for fiscal year 2024, all of which was reported as an intergovernmental payable.

# Plan Description - State Teachers Retirement System (STRS)

Plan Description – The State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) administers a cost-sharing Health Plan administered for eligible retirees who participated in the defined benefit or combined pension plans offered by STRS. Ohio law authorizes STRS to offer this plan. Benefits include hospitalization, physicians' fees, prescription drugs and partial reimbursement of monthly Medicare Part B premiums. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be continued indefinitely. The Plan is included in the report of STRS which can be obtained by visiting <a href="www.strsoh.org">www.strsoh.org</a> or by calling (888) 227-7877.

Funding Policy – Ohio Revised Code Chapter 3307 authorizes STRS to offer the Plan and gives the Retirement Board discretionary authority over how much, if any, of the health care costs will be absorbed by STRS. Active employee members do not contribute to the Health Care Plan. Nearly all health care plan enrollees, for the most recent year, pay a portion of the health care costs in the form of a monthly premium. Under Ohio law, funding for post-employment health care may be deducted from employer contributions, currently 14 percent of covered payroll. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, STRS did not allocate any employer contributions to post-employment health care.

# OPEB Liabilities/(Asset), OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

The net OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) was based on the District's share of contributions to the respective retirement systems relative to the contributions of all participating entities. Following is information related to the proportionate share and OPEB expense:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) Prior Measurement Date Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.06034460%	0.06396137%	
Current Measurement Date	0.06195080%	0.06781471%	
Change in Proportionate Share	0.00160620%	0.00385334%	
Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$1,020,606	(\$1,318,902)	(\$298,296)
OPEB Expense	(\$230,654)	(\$105,959)	(\$336,613)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	SERS	STRS	Total
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$2,125	\$2,056	\$4,181
Net difference between projected and			
actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	7,912	2,356	10,268
Change of Assumptions	345,099	194,291	539,390
Change in Proportionate Share	50,279	3,362	53,641
District contributions subsequent to			
the measurement date	37,460	0	37,460
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	<u>\$442,875</u>	\$202,065	\$644,940
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and			
actual experience	\$526,360	\$201,163	\$727,523
Change of Assumptions	289,861	870,192	1,160,053
Change in Proportionate Share	101,761	56,199	157,960
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$917,982	\$1,127,554	\$2,045,536

\$37,460 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

	SERS	STRS	Total
Fiscal Year Ending June 30:			
2025	(\$226,440)	(\$424,263)	(\$650,703)
2026	(151,452)	(180,870)	(332,322)
2027	(79,616)	(70,646)	(150,262)
2028	(45,390)	(94,111)	(139,501)
2029	(28,388)	(86,319)	(114,707)
Thereafter	18,719	(69,280)	(50,561)
Total	(\$512,567)	(\$925,489)	(\$1,438,056)

# Actuarial Assumptions - SERS

The total OPEB liability is determined by SERS' actuaries in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, as part of their annual actuarial valuation for each retirement plan. Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts (e.g., salaries, credited service) and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future (e.g., mortality, disabilities, retirements, employment terminations). Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual review and potential modifications, as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employers and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and plan members to that point. The projection of benefits for financial reporting purposes does not explicitly incorporate the potential effects of legal or contractual funding limitations.

Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective. For a newly hired employee, actuarial calculations will take into account the employee's entire career with the employer and also take into consideration the benefits, if any, paid to the employee after termination of employment until the death of the employee and any applicable contingent annuitant. In many cases, actuarial calculations reflect several decades of service with the employer and the payment of benefits after termination.

Key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability in the latest actuarial valuation date of June 30, 2023, are presented below:

Wage Inflation	2.40 percent
Future Salary Increases, including inflation	3.25 percent to 13.58 percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.0 percent net of investment expense, including inflation
Municipal Bond Index Rate:	
Measurement Date	3.86 percent
Prior Measurement Date	3.69 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment expense,	
including price inflation	
Measurement Date	4.27 percent
Prior Measurement Date	4.08 percent
Medical Trend Assumption	
Medicare	6.75 to 4.40 percent

Mortality rates were based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Disabled retirees is based on PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Contingent survivors is based on PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5 percent for males and adjusted 122.5 percent for females..

The most recent experience study was completed for the five-year period ended June 30, 2020.

The long-term expected rate of return on plan assets is reviewed as part of the actuarial five-year experience study. The most recent study covers fiscal years 2016 through 2020 and was adopted by the Board on April 15, 2021. Several factors are considered in evaluating the long-term rate of return assumption including long-term historical data, estimates inherent in current market data, and a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expense and inflation) were developed by the investment consultant for each major asset class. These ranges were combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return, 7.0 percent, by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and then adding expected inflation. The assumption is intended to be a long-term assumption and is not expected to change absent a significant change in the asset allocation, a change in the inflation assumption, or a fundamental change in the market that alters expected returns in future years.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

The SERS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15 for details.

Discount Rate The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability at June 30, 2023 was 4.27 percent. The discount rate used to measure total OPEB liability prior to June 30, 2023 was 4.08 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions will be made from members and the System at the state statute contribution rate of 1.50 percent of projected covered employee payroll each year, which includes a 1.50 percent payroll surcharge and no contributions from the basic pension benefits plan. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to become insufficient to make all projected future benefit payments of current System members by SERS actuaries. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is used in the determination of the SEIR for both the June 30, 2023, and the June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability. The Municipal Bond Index rate is the single rate that will generate a present value of benefit payments equal to the sum of the present value determined by the long-term expected rate of return, and the present value determined by discounting those benefit s after the date of depletion. The Municipal Bond Index Rate is 3.86 percent at June 30, 2023 and 3.69 percent at June 30, 2022.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate and Changes in the Health Care Cost Trend Rates The net OPEB liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate and the health care cost trend rate. The following table presents the net OPEB liability of SERS, what SERS' net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (3.27 percent) and higher (5.27 percent) than the current discount rate (4.27 percent). Also shown is what SERS' net OPEB liability would be based on health care cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (5.75 percent decreasing to 3.40 percent) and higher (7.75 percent decreasing to 5.40 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (3.27%)	Current Discount Rate (4.27%)	1% Increase (5.27%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$1,304,626	\$1,020,606	\$796,644
	1% Decrease (5.75 % decreasing to 3.40 %)	Current Trend Rate (6.75% decreasing to 4.40 %)	1% Increase (7.75 % decreasing to 5.40 %)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$749,804	\$1,020,606	\$1,379,455

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Actuarial Assumptions - STRS

Key methods and assumptions used in the latest actuarial valuation, reflecting experience study results used in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation are presented below:

Projected salary increases Varies by Service from 2.5 percent

to 8.5 percent

Investment Rate of Return 7.0 percent, net of investment

expenses, including inflation

Payroll Increases 3.0 percent
Discount Rate of Return 7.0 percent

Health Care Cost Trends:

Medical

Pre-Medicare 7.50 percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate

Medicare (10.94) percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate

Prescription Drug

Pre-Medicare (11.95) percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate
Medicare 1.33 percent initial, 4.14 percent ultimate

Projections of benefits include the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employers and retired plan members.

For healthy retirees the post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020; pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. For disabled retirees, mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Disabled Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023, valuation are based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021. An actuarial experience study is done on a quinquennial basis.

The STRS health care plan follows the same asset allocation and long-term expected real rate of return for each major asset class as the pension plan, see Note 15.

**Discount Rate** The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.0 percent as of June 30, 2023. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes STRS continues to allocate no employer contributions to the health care fund. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members as of June 30, 2023. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on health care plan investments of 7.0 percent was applied to all periods of projected health care costs to determine the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023.

Sensitivity of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount and Health Care Cost Trend Rate The following table represents the net OPEB asset as of June 30, 2023, calculated using the current period discount rate assumption of 7.0 percent, as well as what the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.0 percent) or one percentage point higher (8.0 percent) than the current assumption. Also shown is the net OPEB asset as if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current health care cost trend rates.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

	1% Decrease (6.0%)	Current Discount Rate (7.0%)	1% Increase (8.0%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset	\$1,116,278	\$1,318,902	\$1,495,367
		Current	
	1% Decrease	Trend Rate	1% Increase
District's proportionate share			
of the net OPEB asset	\$1,503,555	\$1,318,902	\$1,096,491

Assumption and Benefit Changes Since the Prior Measurement Date The discount rate remained unchanged at 7.00 percent for June 30, 2023, valuation.

Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

# Note 17 - Interfund Activity

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following, as reported on the fund financial statements:

	Transfers In	Transfers Out
Major Governmental Funds:		
General	\$0	\$1,006,500
Permanent Improvement	1,000,000	65,000
Non-major Governmental Funds:		
District Managed Student Activity	6,500	0
Capital Projects-Turf Replacement	65,000	0
Total	\$1,071,500	\$1,071,500

Transfers are used to move revenues from the fund that statute or budget required to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and to use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorization.

The general fund transferred \$1,000,000 to the permanent improvement fund to help fund future capital projects, and \$6,500 to the district managed student activity fund for student related activities. The permanent improvement fund transferred \$65,000 to the capital projects turf replacement fund to help fund the stadium turf replacement project.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# Note 18 - Other Commitments

The District utilizes encumbrance accounting as part of its budgetary controls. Encumbrances outstanding at year-end are reservations of fund balance for subsequent-year expenditures and may be reported as part of restricted, committed, or assigned fund balance. At year end, the District's significant commitment for encumbrances in the general fund was \$259,176, and \$1,404,294 in the permanent improvement capital projects fund. Total encumbrances outstanding for all nonmajor District funds was \$39,755 at fiscal year-end.

# Note 19 - Set-Asides

The District is required by State statute to annually set aside in the general fund an amount based on a statutory formula for the acquisition and construction of capital improvements. Amounts not spent by year-end or offset by similarly restricted resources received during the year must be held in cash at year-end and carried forward to be used for the same purposes in future years.

The following cash basis information describes the change in the year-end set-aside amounts for capital acquisitions. Disclosure of this information is required by State statute.

	Capital
	Improvements
Set-Aside Balance as of June 30, 2023	\$0
Current Year Set-Aside Requirement	371,751
Qualifying Disbursements	0
Current Year Offsets	(1,398,087)
Total	(\$1,026,336)
Set-Aside Balance Carried Forward to	
Future Fiscal Years	\$0
Cash balance as of June 30, 2024	\$0

Although the School District had qualifying offsets during the fiscal year that reduced the set-aside amount to below zero for the capital acquisition set-aside, this amount may not be used to reduce the set-aside requirement for future years. This negative balance is therefore not presented as being carried forward to future years.

# Note 20 - Contingencies

# A. Grants

The District received financial assistance from federal and state agencies in the form of grants. The expenditure of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreement and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the general fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

# B. Litigation

The District is not currently party to any legal proceedings.

# C. School District Foundation

School District foundation funding is based on the annualized full-time equivalent (FTE) enrollment of each student. The Ohio Department of Education (ODE) is legislatively required to adjust/reconcile funding as enrollment information is updated by schools throughout the State, which can extend past the fiscal year end. As of the date of this report, additional ODE adjustments for fiscal year 2024 which have been finalized, and did not result in a material receivable to, or liability of, the District.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.06098750%	0.05903920%	0.05812070%	0.05801300%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$3,369,874	\$3,193,299	\$2,144,485	\$3,837,102
School District's Employee Payroll	\$2,420,036	\$2,204,950	\$2,006,179	\$2,109,133
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	139.25%	144.82%	106.89%	181.93%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	76.06%	75.82%	82.86%	68.55%

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.05918080%	0.06727450%	0.08604480%	0.09297150%	0.09233090%	0.09125200%
\$3,540,891	\$3,852,935	\$5,140,987	\$6,804,656	\$5,268,491	\$4,618,212
\$1,972,704	\$2,612,100	\$3,048,879	\$2,796,293	\$2,924,985	\$2,666,652
179.49%	147.50%	168.62%	243.35%	180.12%	173.18%
70.85%	71.36%	69.50%	62.98%	69.16%	71.70%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS)
Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
School District's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.067814710%	0.063961370%	0.068964395%	0.069548460%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$14,603,856	\$14,218,693	\$8,817,718	\$16,828,253
School District's Employee Payroll	\$9,159,621	\$8,315,286	\$8,509,757	\$8,393,414
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	159.44%	170.99%	103.62%	200.49%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability	80.00%	78.90%	87.80%	75.48%

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
0.072803470%	0.073052700%	0.078854970%	0.084115160%	0.087839370%	0.084339460%
\$16,100,050	\$16,062,648	\$18,732,167	\$28,155,880	\$24,276,233	\$20,514,275
\$8,307,486	\$8,641,393	\$9,504,207	\$9,067,514	\$9,342,086	\$9,786,246
193.80%	185.88%	197.09%	310.51%	259.86%	209.62%
77.40%	77.30%	75.30%	66.80%	72.10%	74.70%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$328,516	\$338,805	\$308,693	\$280,865
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$328,516)	(\$338,805)	(\$308,693)	(\$280,865)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$2,346,543	\$2,420,036	\$2,204,950	\$2,006,179
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$284,733	\$266,315	\$365,694	\$426,843	\$391,481	\$385,513
(\$284,733)	(\$266,315)	(\$365,694)	(\$426,843)	(\$391,481)	(\$385,513)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,109,133	\$1,972,704	\$2,612,100	\$3,048,879	\$2,796,293	\$2,924,985
14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	13.18%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District Pension Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required Pension Contribution	\$1,290,399	\$1,282,347	\$1,164,140	\$1,191,366
Pension Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$1,290,399)	(\$1,282,347)	(\$1,164,140)	(\$1,191,366)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$9,217,136	\$9,159,621	\$8,315,286	\$8,509,757
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%	14.00%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$1,175,078	\$1,163,048	\$1,209,795	\$1,330,589	\$1,269,452	\$1,307,892
(\$1,175,078)	(\$1,163,048)	(\$1,209,795)	(\$1,330,589)	(\$1,269,452)	(\$1,307,892)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$8,393,414	\$8,307,486	\$8,641,393	\$9,504,207	\$9,067,514	\$9,342,086

# Poland Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability	0.06195080%	0.06034460%	0.05970700%	0.06028100%	0.06055330%	0.06845950%	0.08685080%	0.08685080%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability	\$1,020,606	\$847,244	\$1,130,004	\$1,310,103	\$1,522,788	\$1,899,251	\$2,330,847	\$2,475,569
School District's Employee Payroll	\$2,420,036	\$2,204,950	\$2,006,179	\$2,109,133	\$1,972,704	\$2,612,100	\$3,048,879	\$2,796,293
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	42.17%	38.42%	56.33%	62.12%	77.19%	72.71%	76.45%	88.53%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	30.02%	30.34%	24.08%	18.17%	15.57%	13.57%	12.46%	11.49%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

# Poland Local School District Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information
Schedule of the School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)
State Teachers Retirement System 60 Nho (STRS)
Last Eight Fiscal Years (1)

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
School District's Proportion of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	0.067814710%	0.063961370%	0.068964395%	0.069548460%	0.073052700%	0.078854970%	0.084115160%	0.087839370%
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset)	(\$1,318,902)	(\$1,656,172)	(\$1,454,058)	(\$1,222,313)	(\$1,205,800)	(\$1,173,882)	\$3,076,630	\$4,217,184
School District's Employee Payroll	\$9,159,621	\$8,315,286	\$8,509,757	\$8,393,414	\$8,307,486	\$8,641,393	\$9,504,207	\$9,067,514
School District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Employee Payroll	-14.40%	-19.92%	-17.09%	-14.56%	-14.51%	-13.58%	32.37%	46.51%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability (Asset)	168.52%	230.73%	174.73%	182.13%	174.74%	176.00%	47.10%	37.30%

<sup>(1)</sup> Information prior to 2017 is not available.

Amounts presented as of the District's measurement date which is the prior fiscal year end.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions School Employees Retirement System of Ohio (SERS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required OPEB Contribution	\$37,460	\$40,941	\$39,288	\$37,327
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	(\$37,460)	(\$40,941)	(\$39,288)	(\$37,327)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$2,346,543	\$2,420,036	\$2,204,950	\$2,006,179
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	1.60%	1.69%	1.78%	1.86%

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$39,109	\$46,376	\$40,704	\$45,186	\$34,779	\$72,179
(\$39,109)	(\$46,376)	(\$40,704)	(\$45,186)	(\$34,779)	(\$72,179)
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$2,109,133	\$1,972,704	\$2,612,100	\$3,048,879	\$2,796,293	\$2,924,985
1.85%	2.35%	1.56%	1.48%	1.24%	2.47%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Required Supplementary Information Schedule of School District OPEB Contributions State Teachers Retirement System of Ohio (STRS) Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2024	2023	2022	2021
Contractually Required OPEB Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
OPEB Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
School District Employee Payroll	\$9,217,136	\$9,159,621	\$8,315,286	\$8,509,757
Contributions as a Percentage of Employee Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

See accompanying notes to the required supplementary information.

2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
\$8,393,414	\$8,307,486	\$8,641,393	\$9,504,207	\$9,067,514	\$9,342,086
0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net Pension Liability**

#### Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Beginning in fiscal year 2018, an assumption of 2.5 percent was used for COLA or Ad Hoc Cola. Prior to 2018, an assumption of 3 percent was used.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions used by SERS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These assumptions compared with those used in fiscal year 2016 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year	Fiscal Year
	2022	2017	2016 & Prior
Wage inflation	2.40 Percent	3.00 Percent	3.25 Percent
Future Salary Increases,			
Including Inflation	3.25 to 13.58 Percent	3.50 to 18.20 Percent	4.00 to 22.00 Percent
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 Percent Net of Investment	7.50 Percent Net of Investment	7.75 Percent Net of Investment
	Expense, Including Inflation	Expense, Including Inflation	Expense, Including Inflation

Beginning in 2022, amounts reported use mortality rates based on the PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weight Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20 percent for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35 percent for females. Mortality among disabled members were based upon the PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3 percent for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8 percent for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Beginning with fiscal year 2017, mortality assumptions use mortality rates that are based on the RP- 2014 Blue Collar Mortality Table with fully generational projection and a five year age set-back for both males and females. Amounts reported for fiscal year 2016 and prior, use mortality assumptions that are based on the 1994 Group Annuity Mortality Table set back one year for both men and women. Special mortality tables were used for the period after disability retirement.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

- \*Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%
- \*Payroll growth assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%
- \*Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%
- \*Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was reduced from 2.50% to 2.00%
- \*The discount rate was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%
- \*Rates of withdrawal, compensation, participation, spouse coverage assumption, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.
- \*Mortality among active members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

\*Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Employee Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net Pension Liability**

#### Changes in Assumptions – SERS (continued)

\*Mortality among contingent survivors was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

\*Mortality among disabled members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females. Future improvement in mortality rates is reflected by applying the MP-2020 projection scale generationally.

#### Fiscal Year 2023-2024

\*Cost-of-Living-Adjustments was increased from 2.00% to 2.50%

#### Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms - SERS

In fiscal year 2019, post-retirement increases in benefits included the following changes:

\*Members, or their survivors, retiring prior to January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase of 3 percent of their base benefit on the anniversary of their initial date of retirement.

\*Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after January 1, 2018, receive a COLA increase on each anniversary of their initial date of retirement equal to the annual rate of increase in the CPI-W measured as of the June preceding the beginning of the applicable calendar year. The annual rate of increase shall not be less than 0 percent, nor greater than 2.5 percent. COLAs are suspended for calendar years 2018, 2019, and 2020.

\*Members, or their survivors, retiring on and after April 1, 2018, will have their COLA delayed for three years following their initial date of retirement.

Fiscal Year 2022-2024 None

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net Pension Liability**

#### **Changes in Assumptions - STRS**

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, amounts reported incorporate changes in assumptions and changes in benefit terms used by STRS in calculating the total pension liability in the latest actuarial valuation. These new assumptions compared with those used in fiscal years 2018-2021 and fiscal year 2017 and prior are presented below:

	Fiscal Year 2022		
Inflation	2.50 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	Varies by Service from 2.50 to 8.50 Percent		
Investment Rate of Return	7.00 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent, Effective July 1, 2017		
	Fiscal Year 2018		
Inflation	2.50 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	12.50 Percent at Age 20 to 2.50 Percent at Age 65		
Investment Rate of Return	7.45 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.00 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	0 Percent, Effective July 1, 2017		
	Fiscal Year 2017 & Prior		
Inflation	2.75 Percent		
Projected Salary Increases	12.25 Percent at Age 20 to 2.75 Percent at Age 70		
Investment Rate of Return	7.75 Percent, Net of Expenses, Including Inflation		
Payroll Increases	3.50 Percent		
Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA) 2 Percent Simple applied as follows:			
	For Members Retiring Before August 1, 2013		
	3 percent per year.		
	For Members retiring August 1, 2013 or later,		
	2 percent COLA commences on 5th anniversary date		

Beginning with fiscal year 2022, post-retirement mortality rates are based on the Pub-2010 Teachers Healthy Annuitant Mortality Table, adjusted 110 percent for males, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Employee Table adjusted 95 percent for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on Pub-2010 Teachers Disable Annuitant Table projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2020.

Beginning with fiscal year 2018, post-retirement mortality rates for healthy retirees are based on the RP-2014 Annuitant Mortality Table with 50 percent of rates through age 69, 70 percent of rates between ages 70 and 79, 90 percent of rates between ages 80 and 84, and 100 percent of rates thereafter, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Post-retirement disabled mortality rates are based on the RP-2014 Disabled Mortality Table with 90 percent of rates for males and 100 percent of rates for females, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016. Pre-retirement mortality rates are based on RP-2014 Employee Mortality Table, projected forward generationally using mortality improvement scale MP-2016.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net Pension Liability**

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS (continued)

For fiscal year 2017 and prior actuarial valuation, mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Mortality Table (Projection 2022—Scale AA) for Males and Females. Males' ages are set-back two years through age 89 and no set-back for age 90 and above. Females younger than age 80 are set back four years, one year set back from age 80 through 89, and no set back from age 90 and above.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

The investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45 percent to 7.0 percent.

#### Fiscal Year 2023-2024

- \*The investment and discount rate remained at 7.0 percent.
- \*Demographic assumptions were changed based on the actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2021.

#### **Changes in Benefit Terms - STRS**

There were no changes in benefit terms from the amounts reported for fiscal years 2014 - 2017. For fiscal year 2018, STRS decreased the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) to zero. There were no changes in benefit terms from amounts previously reported for fiscal years 2019 - 2022.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

\* For fiscal year 2023, the Board approved a one-time 3 percent COLA effective on the anniversary of a benefit recipient's retirement date for those eligible during fiscal year 2023 and eliminated the age 60 requirement to receive unreduced retirement that was scheduled to go into effect August 1, 2026.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

#### Changes in Assumptions - SERS

Municipal Bond Index Rate:

Amounts reported incorporate changes in key methods and assumptions used in calculating the total OPEB liability as presented below:

Fiscal year 2024	3.86 percent
Fiscal year 2023	3.69 percent
Fiscal year 2022	1.92 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.45 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.13 percent
Fiscal year 2019	3.62 percent
Fiscal year 2018	3.56 percent
Fiscal year 2017	2.92 percent
Single Equivalent Interest Rate, net of plan investment	
expense, including price inflation	
Fiscal year 2024	4.27 percent
Fiscal year 2023	4.08 percent
Fiscal year 2022	2.27 percent
Fiscal year 2021	2.63 percent
Fiscal year 2020	3.22 percent

#### Fiscal Year 2022

Fiscal year 2019

Fiscal year 2018

Fiscal year 2017

3.70 percent

3.63 percent

2.98 percent

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Employee mortality table.

#### \*Mortality among service retired members was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Employee Amount Weighted Below Median Healthy Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 94.20% for males and set forward 2 years and adjusted 81.35% for females.

#### \*Mortality among beneficiaries was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Amount Weighted Below Median Contingent Survivor mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 1 year and adjusted 105.5% for males and adjusted 122.5% for females.

# \*Mortality among disabled member was updated to the following:

PUB-2010 General Disabled Retiree mortality table projected to 2017 with ages set forward 5 years and adjusted 103.3% for males and set forward 3 years and adjusted 106.8% for females.

\*Mortality rates are projected using a fully generational projection with Scale MP-2020.

<sup>\*</sup>The discount rate was changed from 2.63% to 2.27%.

<sup>\*</sup>The investment rate of return was reduced from 7.50% to 7.00%.

<sup>\*</sup>Assumed rate of inflation was reduced from 3.00% to 2.40%

<sup>\*</sup>Payroll Growth Assumption was reduced from 3.50% to 1.75%

<sup>\*</sup>Assumed real wage growth was increased from 0.50% to 0.85%

<sup>\*</sup>Rates of withdrawal, retirement and disability were updated to reflect recent experience.

<sup>\*</sup>Rate of health care participation for future retirees and spouses was updated to reflect recent experience.

<sup>\*</sup>Mortality among active members was updated to the following:

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

### Changes in Assumptions – SERS (continued)

#### Fiscal Year 2023

- \*The discount rate was changed from 2.27% to 4.08%.
- \*The health care trend rates were updated.

#### Fiscal Year 2024

The Discount rate changed from 4.08% to 4.27%.

Health care trend rates were updated.

Assumption for percentage of pre-Medicare eligible retirees who choose the Wraparound plan was increased from 10% to 20%.

Health care trend assumption on retiree premiums was updated to not apply the trend to the \$35 surcharge. Assumption was added to assume that 15% of pre-65 retirees who waive health care will elect coverage upon Medicare eligibility.

Morbidity factors were updated based on the society of Actuaries' June 2013 research report, Health Care Costs—From Birth to Death by Dale Yamamoto, and from the Actuarial Standards of Practice (ASOP) 6 practice note developed by the American Academy of Actuaries.

### Changes of Benefit and Funding Terms - SERS

In fiscal year 2019, SERS' funding policy allowed a 2.0 percent health care contribution rate to be allocated to the Health Care fund. The 2.0 percent is a combination of 0.5 percent employer contributions and 1.5 percent surcharge.

In fiscal year 2020, SERS' funding policy allowed a 1.5 percent health care contribution rate to be allocated to the Health Care fund. The 1.5 percent is a combination of 0.0 percent employer contributions and 1.5 percent surcharge.

# Fiscal Year 2022

SERS changed the Cost of Living Adjustment (COLA) of 2.5% to 2.0%.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

None

#### Fiscal Year 2024

Effective January 1, 2024, the non-Medicare disability health care subsidy amounts will change to reflect amounts equal to that of service retirees by years of service.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### **Net OPEB Liability**

#### Changes in Assumptions – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the discount rate was increased from 3.26 percent to 4.13 percent based on the methodology defined under GASB Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans (OPEB) and the long term expected rate of return was reduced from 7.75 percent to 7.45 percent. Valuation year per capita health care costs were updated, and the salary scale was modified. The percentage of future retirees electing each option was updated based on current data and the percentage of future disabled retirees and terminated vested participants electing health coverage were decreased. The assumed mortality, disability, retirement, withdrawal and future health care cost trend rates were modified along with the portion of rebated prescription drug costs.

For fiscal year 2019, the discount rate was increased from the blended rate of 4.13 percent to the long-term expected rate of return of 7.45.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

In 2021 the investment and discount rate of return changed from 7.45 percent to 7.0 percent.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

Demographic assumptions were reviewed and adopted by the Board on February 17, 2022 as part of an experience study performed (report dated and accepted March 11, 2022) covering the period from July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2021, with changes going into effect June 30, 2022.

From Plan Year Ending June 30, 2022 to Plan Year Ending June 30, 2023, Medicare projected medical cost decreased 42%, the Medicare projected net pharmacy cost increased 6% and the premium charged to Medicare Eligible Retirees dropped 15%. The Non Medicare projected medical, pharmacy and premium charged to retirees increased 3%, slightly less than expected.

#### Fiscal Year 2024

The investment and discount rate of return remained unchanged at 7.0 percent.

#### Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB

For fiscal year 2018, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was reduced from 2.1 percent to 1.9 percent per year of service. Medicare Part B premium reimbursements were discontinued for certain survivors and beneficiaries and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 2020.

For fiscal year 2019, the subsidy multiplier for non-Medicare benefit recipients was increased from 1.9 percent to 1.944 percent per year of service effective January 1, 2019. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2019 and all remaining Medicare Part B premium reimbursements will be discontinued beginning January 1, 2020.

For fiscal year 2020, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2020 from 1.944 percent to 1.984 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2020. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed to January 1, 2021.

Mahoning County, Ohio

Notes to the Required Supplementary Information For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

#### Changes in Benefit Terms – STRS OPEB (continued)

For fiscal year 2021, there was no change to the claims costs process. Claim curves were trended to the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021 to reflect the current price renewals. The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2021 from 1.984 percent to 2.055 percent per year of service. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base premium was increased effective January 1, 2021. The Medicare subsidy percentages were adjusted effective January 1, 2021 to 2.1 percent for the AMA Medicare plan. The Medicare Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

#### Fiscal Year 2022

The non-Medicare subsidy percentage was increased effective January 1, 2022 from 2.055 percent to 2.100 percent. The non-Medicare frozen subsidy base was increased effective January 1, 2022. The Medicare Part D subsidy was updated to reflect it is expected to be negative in current year 2022. The Part B monthly reimbursement elimination date was postponed indefinitely.

#### Fiscal Year 2023

The change in the 2023 subsidy percentage and the base amount for all participants, went from 2.1% per year to 2.2% per year, max 30 years, as well as the changes in Primary Care Physician office visit copays, the PBM network changes for Medicare, and the increase of the Part B premium reimbursement to \$30 per month for all retirees and surviving spouses.

#### Fiscal Year 2024

Healthcare trends were updated to reflect emerging claims and recoveries experience as well as benefit changes effective January 1, 2024.

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# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

FEDERAL GRANTOR  Pass Through Grantor  Program / Cluster Title	Federal AL Number	Grant Year	Total Federal Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education & Workforce:  Nutrition Cluster:  Non-Cash Assistance (Food Distribution)  National School Lunch Program	10.555	2024	\$ 57,396
Cash Assistance: National School Lunch Program COVID-19 School Lunch Program National School Breakfast Program Cash Assistance Subtotal	10.555 10.555 10.553	2024 2024 2024	135,532 33,144 18,644 187,320
Total Nutrition Cluster			244,716
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			244,716
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION  Passed Through Ohio Department of Education & Workforce:  Special Education Cluster:  Special Education-Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)  Special Education-Grants to State (IDEA, Part B)  Total Special Education Grants to States	84.027 84.027	2023 2024	15,288 375,417 390,705
Special Education-Preschool Grants (IDEA Preschool)	84.173	2024	9,587
Total Special Education Cluster			400,292
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies EOEC Expanding Opportunities Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	2023 2024	15,492 169,952 185,444
English Language Acquisition State Grants	84.365	2024	1,531
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	2024	52,923
Student Support and Academic Enrichment Student Support and Academic Enrichment - Strong Connections	84.424 84.424F	2024 2024	14,075 5,000 19,075
COVID-19 - Ohio K12 School Safety Grant COVID-19 - Ohio K12 School Safety Grant Total Ohio K12 School Safety Grant	21.027 21.027A	2023 2024	61,208 145,840 207,048
Total U.S. Department of Education			866,313
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 1,111,029

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

# NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS 2 CFR 200.510(b)(6) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **NOTE A - BASIS OF PRESENTATION**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the Schedule) includes the federal award activity of Poland Local School District (the District's) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information on this Schedule is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of the District.

#### NOTE B - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance wherein certain types of expenditures may or may not be allowable or may be limited as to reimbursement.

#### **NOTE C - INDIRECT COST RATE**

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

### **NOTE D - CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER**

The District commingles cash receipts from the U.S. Department of Agriculture with similar State grants. When reporting expenditures on this Schedule, the District assumes it expends federal monies first.

#### **NOTE E - FOOD DONATION PROGRAM**

The District reports commodities consumed on the Schedule at the entitlement value. The District allocated donated food commodities to the respective program that benefitted from the use of those donated food commodities.



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Poland Local School District Mahoning County 3030 Dobbins Road Poland, Ohio 44514

#### To the Board of Education:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Poland Local School District, Mahoning County, Ohio (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 11, 2025.

# Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

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Poland Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over
Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters
Required by Government Auditing Standards
Page 2

# Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **Purpose of This Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2025



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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO THE MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Poland Local School District Mahoning County 3030 Dobbins Road Poland, Ohio 44514

To the Board of Education:

## Report on Compliance for the Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We have audited Poland Local School District's, Mahoning County, (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Poland Local School District's major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024. Poland Local School District's major federal program is identified in the *Summary of Auditor's Results* section of the accompanying schedule of findings.

In our opinion, Poland Local School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Basis for Opinion on the Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for the major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

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Poland Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 2

## Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

The District's Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design
  and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a
  test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred
  to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in
  order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report
  on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the
  purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over
  compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Poland Local School District
Mahoning County
Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements
Applicable to the Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance
Required by the Uniform Guidance
Page 3

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance* section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of this testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Keith Faber Auditor of State Columbus, Ohio

March 11, 2025

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# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT MAHONING COUNTY

# SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS 2 CFR § 200.515 JUNE 30, 2024

# 1. SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

(d)(1)(i)	Type of Financial Statement Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(ii)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iii)	Was there any reported material noncompliance at the financial statement level (GAGAS)?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any material weaknesses in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(iv)	Were there any significant deficiencies in internal control reported for major federal programs?	No
(d)(1)(v)	Type of Major Programs' Compliance Opinion	Unmodified
(d)(1)(vi)	Are there any reportable findings under 2 CFR § 200.516(a)?	No
(d)(1)(vii)	Major Programs (list):	Nutrition Cluster (AL #10.553 and #10.555)
(d)(1)(viii)	Dollar Threshold: Type A\B Programs	Type A: > \$ 750,000 Type B: all others
(d)(1)(ix)	Low Risk Auditee under 2 CFR § 200.520?	Yes

# 2. FINDINGS RELATED TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS REQUIRED TO BE REPORTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GAGAS

None

# 3. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR FEDERAL AWARDS

None

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# POLAND LOCAL SCHOOL DISTRICT

#### **MAHONING COUNTY**

#### **AUDITOR OF STATE OF OHIO CERTIFICATION**

This is a true and correct copy of the report, which is required to be filed pursuant to Section 117.26, Revised Code, and which is filed in the Office of the Ohio Auditor of State in Columbus, Ohio.



Certified for Release 3/25/2025

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