SANTO
INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Santo Independent School District
Annual Financial Report
For The Year Ended August 31, 2024

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Introductory Section

CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Santo Independent School District	Palo Pinto	182-904
Name of School District	County	Co. Dist. Number

We, the undersigned, certify that the attached financial reports of the above named school district were reviewed and (check one) ✓ approved ____ disapproved for the year ended August 31, 2024, at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school district on the 21st day of November, 2024.

Signature of Board Secretary

Signature of Board President

If the board of trustees disapproved of the auditor's report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are):
(attach list as necessary)

Financial Section

SNOWGARRETT WILLIAMS
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Trustees
Santo Independent School District
P.O Box 67
Santo, Texas 76472

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District ("the District"), as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District as of August 31, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter

As described in Note A to the financial statements, in Fiscal Year 2024, Santo Independent School District adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 100 *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Santo Independent School District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

1207 Santa Fe Drive • Weatherford, Texas 76086 • 817-596-9301 • Fax 817-596-9304

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards,* we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability, schedule of the District's pension contributions, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, and schedule of the District's OPEB contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements. The accompanying financial information listed as other supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles; and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards,* and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards,* we have also issued our report dated November 20, 2024 on our consideration of Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Snow Garrett Williams
November 20, 2024

Management's Discussion and Analysis
(Unaudited)

As management of the District, we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the year ended August 31, 2024. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which follow this section.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent period by $6,607,667 (*net position*). Of this amount, ($451,101) (*unrestricted net position*) may be used to meet the District's ongoing obligations.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $22,292,072. Approximately 12% of this total amount, $2,655,330, is *available for spending* at the government's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was $2,655,330, or 35% of the total general fund expenditures.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: (1) government-wide financial statements, (2) fund financial statements, and (3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as *net position.* Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information for all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods.

Both of the District's government-wide financial statements distinguish the functions of the District as being principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) as opposed to *business-type activities* that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The District has no *business-type activities* and no component units for which it is financially accountable. The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 12-13 of this report.

Fund financial statements. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related requirements. The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds-not the District as a whole.

- Some funds are required by State law and/or bond covenants.
- Other funds may be established by the Board to control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is properly using certain taxes or grants.

All of the funds of the District can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds.

- ***Governmental funds***. *Governmental funds* are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources,* as well as on *balances of spendable resources* available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements. Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*. The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, debt service fund and food service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided to demonstrate compliance with these budgets. The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 14-19 of this report.

- ***Fiduciary funds***. *Fiduciary funds* are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the District's own programs. The District is the trustee, or *fiduciary*, for these funds and is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position that can be found on pages 20-21.

- **Notes to the financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a complete understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22-46 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. Required supplementary information can be found on pages 47-53 of this report.

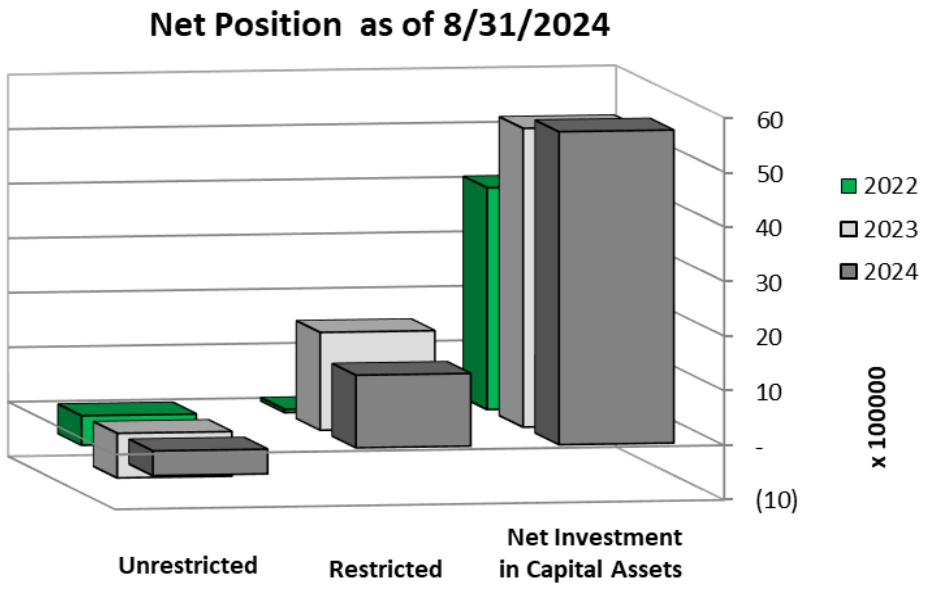
SANTO HIGH SCHOOL

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, assets and deferred outflows exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by $6,607,667 as of August 31, 2024.

The District's Net Position

	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023
Current assets	$ 22,993,765	$ 4,630,704
Capital assets	6,710,184	5,754,947
Total assets	29,703,949	10,385,651
Deferred outflows of resources:		
Deferred outfow related to pensions	1,266,441	1,088,687
Deferred outfow related to OPEB	920,717	913,421
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,187,158	2,002,108
Current liabilities	637,407	458,156
Long-term liabilities outstanding	22,571,943	3,160,233
Total liabilities	23,209,350	3,618,389
Deferred inflows of resources:		
Deferred inflow related to pensions	146,900	216,110
Deferred inflow related to OPEB	1,927,190	2,105,846
Total deferred outflows of resources	2,074,090	2,321,956
Net position:		
Net investment in capital assets	5,729,479	5,472,584
Restricted	1,329,289	1,791,382
Unrestricted	(451,101)	(816,552)
Total net position	$ 6,607,667	$ 6,447,414

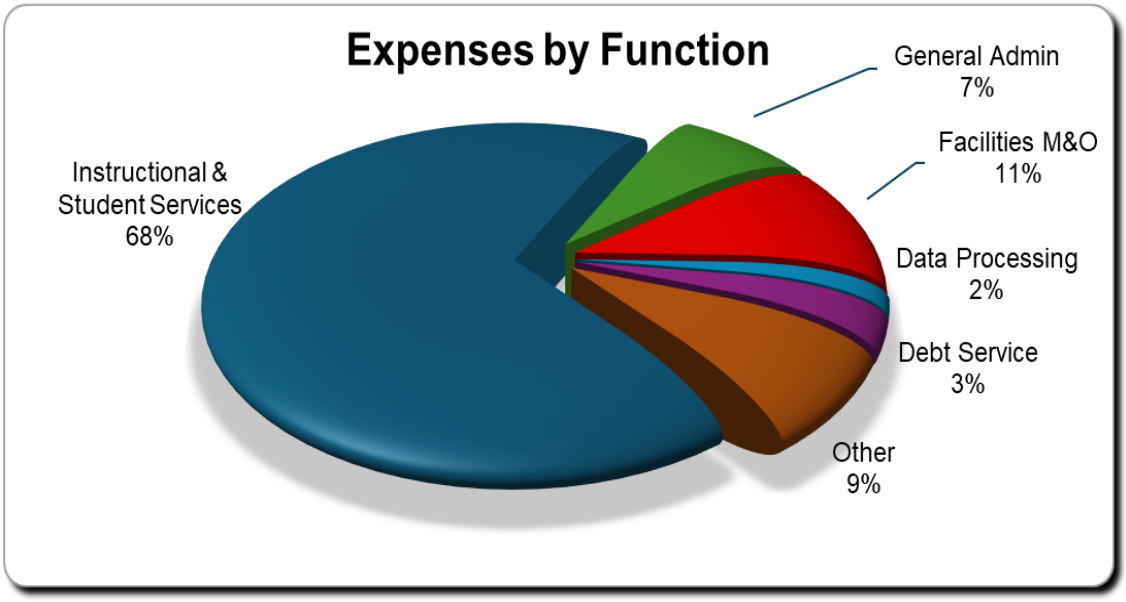


The net investment in capital assets and right to use assets (e.g., land, buildings, furniture and equipment, construction in progress, and right to use assets) is $ 5,729,479. The District uses these capital assets and right to use assets to provide services to students; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets and right to use assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. An additional $1,329,289 of the District's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The remaining balance of *unrestricted net position is a* negative $451,101. This deficit is not an indication that the District has insignificant resources available to meet financial obligations next year, but rather the result of having *long-term* commitments that are in excess of currently available resources.

Governmental activities. The District's total net position increased by $160,253. The total cost of all *governmental activities* this year was $9,657,043. The amount that our taxpayers paid for these activities through property taxes was $4,188,588 or 43%.

Changes in the District's Net Position

	Fiscal Year August 31, 2024	Fiscal Year August 31, 2023
Revenues:		
Program revenues		
Charges for services	$ 210,240	$ 241,477
Operating grants and contributions	1,378,984	1,638,937
General revenues		
Property taxes	4,188,588	5,117,382
Grants and Contributions	3,072,106	1,696,492
Other	967,378	446,760
Special Item	-	1,878,423
Total revenues	9,817,296	11,019,471
Expenses:		
Instruction	4,440,286	4,054,984
Instructional resources and media services	111,281	104,781
Curriculum and staff development	-	927
Instructional leadership	6,615	11,019
School leadership	465,701	449,888
Guidance, counseling & evaluation services	195,956	171,213
Health services	77,413	68,937
Student transportation	434,538	303,825
Food service	404,725	370,830
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities	468,450	491,098
General administration	698,112	632,657
Facilities maintenance and operations	1,056,510	1,032,486
Security and monitoring services	43,171	51,857
Data processing services	165,896	144,169
Community services	110,535	96,674
Interest on long-term debt	65,695	2,328
Bond issuance costs and fees	240,207	-
Capital outlay	351,930	-
Contracted instructional services	40,213	-
Payments related to shared service arrangements	279,809	168,000
Total expenses	9,657,043	8,155,673
Increase (decrease) in net position	160,253	2,863,798
Beginning net position	6,447,414	3,583,616
Ending net position	$ 6,607,667	$ 6,447,414



Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements, bond covenants, and segregation for particular purposes.

Governmental funds. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of a fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of $22,292,072, an increase of $18,007,970. Approximately 12% of this total amount ($2,655,330) constitutes *unassigned fund balance*. The remainder of fund balance is *restricted and assigned* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is *restricted* for the for federal/state grant restrictions ($181), for capital acquisitions (17,972,179), for retirements of long-term debt ($9,180), for shared services arrangement ($1,318,990), for *other committed fund balance*-campus activity ($11,634), and assigned to pay for other expenditures as needed ($324,578).

The general fund is the primary operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was $2,655,330, out of a total fund balance of $2,955,330. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare unassigned fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 35% of the total general fund expenditures.

The fund balance of the District's general fund increased $500,308 during the current fiscal year. Key factors in this increase were:

- The District adopted a balanced budget in August of 2023. State revenue throughout the fiscal year was greater than anticipated and several prior year tax appraisals with the state generated additional revenue. In addition, the District received $400,000 in community donations that were used toward the installation of artificial turf at WA Lewis Stadium, and some state safety grants allowed general revenue expenditures appropriated for safety improvements to be reserved.

Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District recommended, and the Board approved several revisions to budgeted revenue and appropriations. These amendments fall into the following categories:

- Revisions to the 2023-2024 budget included additional dollars for a planned track resurfacing.
- An 850K artificial turf installation at the football stadium.
- 3 new HVAC systems.
- Band uniforms.
- Classroom technology upgrades.
- Initial money toward the construction of a new transportation/maintenance facility or capital outlay.

The following are significant variations between the final budget and actual amounts for the general fund:

- Actual revenues were higher than the budgeted amount by $614,952, primary related to increases in state program revenues; and
- Actual expenditures exceeded the budget by $155,708, primarily due to higher than anticipated capital outlay expenditures.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets and right to use assets for its governmental activities as of August 31, 2024, amounts to $6,710,184 (net of accumulated depreciation/amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and right to use assets.

Major capital asset acquisitions during the year consisted of the expansion of elementary campus classrooms, football field turf, bus barn and the purchase of a new bus.

District's Capital Assets

(Net of Depreciation/Amortization)

	August 31, 2024	August 31, 2023
Land	$ 312,595	$ 312,595
Construction in progress	165,614	1,425,487
Buildings and improvements	5,184,508	2,801,276
Furniture and equipment	1,017,732	934,424
Right to use assets	29,735	60,497
Total at historical cost	$ 6,710,184	$ 5,534,279

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in Note D on page 30 of this report.

Long-term debt. As of August 31, 2024, the District had total general obligation bonded debt outstanding of $17,200,000, an increase of $17.2 million from the prior year due to the issuance of 2024 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds. Premium on bonds increased $1,722,105 from the prior year resulting in an ending balance of $1,722,105. The net pension liability for fiscal year 2024 had an ending balance of $2,422,688, an increase of $549,044 from the prior year. The net OPEB liability for fiscal year 2024 had an ending balance of $1,196,371, a decrease of $28,523 over the prior year. The lease liability for fiscal year 2024 is $10,238, a decrease of $7,790. The SBITA liability for fiscal year 2024 is $20,541, a decrease of $23,126 from the prior year.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in Note F on pages 31-32 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

- Property values increased over 14% from the preceding year and student enrollment appears to increase by almost 30 students.
- The district added a debt component following 7 years being debt free. The M&O rate fell an additional 2 pennies for the 2024-2025 school year.
- The Districts M&O rate decreased from $0.78 to $0.76 and an I&S rate of $0.32 was added for a total tax rate of $1.08149 per $100 of appraisal value. ($0.76 M&O and $0.32 I&S)
- The District increased personnel needs/costs, absorbed federal ESSER funding and adopted a deficit budget with appropriated 199 revenues and expenditures in 2024-2025 of $7,109,405 and $7,971,606 respectively.
- All federal ESSER funds were depleted at the end of the August 2024 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances as well as demonstrate accountability for funds the District receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to the Santo Independent School District, P.O. Box 67, Santo, Texas 76472.



Basic Financial Statements

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Governmental Activities
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 4,894,531
1120	Current Investments	17,705,232
1225	Property Taxes Receivable (Net)	128,460
1240	Due from Other Governments	265,542
	Capital Assets:	
1510	Land	312,595
1520	Buildings and Improvements (Net)	5,184,508
1530	Furniture and Equipment (Net)	1,017,732
1550	Right to Use Assets (Net)	29,735
1580	Construction in Progress	165,614
1000	Total Assets	29,703,949
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Outflow Related to Pensions	1,266,441
	Deferred Outflow Related to OPEB	920,717
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,187,158
	LIABILITIES:	
2110	Accounts Payable	133,408
2140	Interest Payable	64,174
2165	Accrued Liabilities	378,658
2300	Unearned Revenue	61,167
	Noncurrent Liabilities:	
2501	Due Within One Year	543,686
2502	Due in More Than One Year	18,409,198
2540	Net Pension Liability	2,422,688
2545	Net OPEB Liability	1,196,371
2000	Total Liabilities	23,209,350
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:	
	Deferred Inflow Related to Pensions	146,900
	Deferred Inflow Related to OPEB	1,927,190
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	2,074,090
	NET POSITION:	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	5,729,479
	Restricted For:	
3820	Federal and State Programs	181
3850	Debt Service	10,118
3890	Shared Services Arrangement	1,318,990
3900	Unrestricted	(451,101)
3000	Total Net Position	$ 6,607,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes	Functions/Programs	1 Expenses	3 Program Revenues: Charges for Services	4 Program Revenues: Operating Grants and Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position: Governmental Activities
	Governmental Activities:				
11	Instruction	$ 4,440,286	$ 39,399	$ 1,051,204	$ (3,349,683)
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	111,281	727	(8,652)	(119,206)
21	Instructional Leadership	6,615	--	--	(6,615)
23	School Leadership	465,701	2,639	61,696	(401,366)
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	195,956	4,183	(13,323)	(205,096)
33	Health Services	77,413	482	(6,193)	(83,124)
34	Student Transportation	434,538	8,042	(6,457)	(432,953)
35	Food Service	404,725	124,638	212,751	(67,336)
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	468,450	2,737	56	(465,657)
41	General Administration	698,112	4,805	(2,225)	(695,532)
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,056,510	7,137	(8,174)	(1,057,547)
52	Security and Monitoring Services	43,171	177	60,792	17,798
53	Data Processing Services	165,896	1,017	(3,393)	(168,272)
61	Community Services	110,535	683	(7,476)	(117,328)
72	Interest on Long-term Debt	65,695	--	--	(65,695)
73	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	240,207	--	--	(240,207)
81	Capital Outlay	351,930	5,567	37,418	(308,945)
91	Contracted Instructional Services between Schools	40,213	260	1,750	(38,203)
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements	279,809	7,747	9,210	(262,852)
TG	Total Governmental Activities	9,657,043	210,240	1,378,984	(8,067,819)
TP	Total Primary Government	$ 9,657,043	$ 210,240	$ 1,378,984	(8,067,819)
	General Revenues:				
MT	Property Taxes, Levied for General Purposes				4,188,460
DT	Property Taxes, Levied for Debt Service				128
IE	Investment Earnings				189,346
SF	State Aid-Formula Grants				3,072,106
MI	Miscellaneous				778,032
TR	Total General Revenues				8,228,072
CN	Change in Net Position				160,253
NB	Net Position - Beginning				6,447,414
NE	Net Position - Ending				$ 6,607,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	SSA Operating Fund - Special Education
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 2,607,870	$ 160,194
1120	Current Investments	529,717	--
1225	Taxes Receivable	289,060	--
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes (Credit)	(161,538)	--
1240	Due from Other Governments	232,377	--
1260	Due from Other Funds	--	--
1000	Total Assets	$ 3,497,486	$ 160,194
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	$ --	$ 133,408
2150	Payroll Deductions and Withholdings	825	--
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	296,945	26,239
2170	Due to Other Funds	110,575	--
2200	Accrued Expenditures	6,289	547
2300	Unearned Revenue	--	--
2000	Total Liabilities	414,634	160,194
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
	Property Taxes	127,522	--
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	127,522	--
	FUND BALANCES:		
	Restricted Fund Balances:		
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions	--	--
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations	--	--
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt	--	--
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance - SSA	--	--
	Committed Fund Balances:		
3545	Other Committed Fund Balance	--	--
	Assigned Fund Balances:		
3570	Capital Expenditures for Equipment	--	--
3590	Other Assigned Fund Balance - Major Projects	300,000	--
3600	Unassigned	2,655,330	--
3000	Total Fund Balances	2,955,330	--
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources and Fund Balances	$ 3,497,486	$ 160,194

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

60 Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
$ 821,242	$ 1,305,225	$ 4,894,531
17,175,515	--	17,705,232
--	11,648	300,708
--	(10,710)	(172,248)
--	33,165	265,542
--	110,575	110,575
$ 17,996,757	$ 1,449,903	$ 23,104,340
$ --	$ --	$ 133,408
--	--	825
--	43,348	366,532
--	--	110,575
--	4,465	11,301
--	61,167	61,167
--	108,980	683,808
--	938	128,460
--	938	128,460
--	181	181
17,972,179	--	17,972,179
--	9,180	9,180
--	1,318,990	1,318,990
--	11,634	11,634
24,578	--	24,578
--	--	300,000
--	--	2,655,330
17,996,757	1,339,985	22,292,072
$ 17,996,757	$ 1,449,903	$ 23,104,340

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET
TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION
AUGUST 31, 2024

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	$	22,292,072
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		128,460
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		6,710,184
Deferred resource outflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		1,266,441
Deferred resource outflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		920,717
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(2,422,688)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(1,196,371)
Deferred resource inflows related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(146,900)
Deferred resource inflows related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(1,927,190)
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(17,200,000)
Payables for right-to-use leases which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(10,238)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(64,174)
Premiums on bonds which are not due and payable in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(1,722,105)
Payables for right-to-use SBITAs which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(20,541)
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	$	6,607,667

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES
IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		10 General Fund	SSA Operating Fund - Special Education
	REVENUES:		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	$ 4,725,525	$ 300,447
5800	State Program Revenues	3,402,360	17,620
5900	Federal Program Revenues	--	--
5020	Total Revenues	8,127,885	318,067
	EXPENDITURES:		
	Current:		
0011	Instruction	3,058,294	431,044
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	113,157	--
0023	School Leadership	409,225	--
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	121,051	66,702
0033	Health Services	74,372	--
0034	Student Transportation	292,708	120,675
0035	Food Service	--	--
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	424,784	--
0041	General Administration	650,605	11,966
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,105,801	150
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	27,462	--
0053	Data Processing Services	158,073	--
0061	Community Services	106,009	--
0071	Principal on Long-term Debt	27,942	--
0072	Interest on Long-term Debt	1,465	--
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	--	--
0081	Capital Outlay	863,301	--
0091	Contracted Instructional Services		
0091	Between Public Schools	40,213	--
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	146,400	133,409
6030	Total Expenditures	7,620,862	763,946
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)		
1100	Expenditures	507,023	(445,879)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):		
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)	--	--
7915	Transfers In	15,760	355,433
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds	--	--
8911	Transfers Out	(22,475)	--
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	(6,715)	355,433
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances	500,308	(90,446)
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning	2,455,022	--
	Change within financial reporting entity (major to nonmajor fund)	--	--
	Change within financial reporting entity (nonmajor to major fund)	--	90,446
	Fund Balances - Beginning, as Restated	2,455,022	90,446
3000	Fund Balances - Ending	$ 2,955,330	$ --

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

Formerly Major Fund SHARS Fund	60 Capital Projects Fund	onmf Other Governmental Funds	98 Total Governmental Funds
$ --	$ 178,164	$ 142,724	$ 5,346,860
--	--	118,768	3,538,748
--	--	1,052,654	1,052,654
--	178,164	1,314,146	9,938,262
--	--	851,383	4,340,721
--	--	--	113,157
--	--	28,761	437,986
--	--	--	187,753
--	--	--	74,372
--	--	--	413,383
--	--	384,429	384,429
--	--	20,193	444,977
--	1,000	--	663,571
--	26,896	--	1,132,847
--	--	59,601	87,063
--	--	--	158,073
--	--	--	106,009
--	--	2,974	30,916
--	--	56	1,521
--	240,207	--	240,207
--	852,089	--	1,715,390
--	--	--	40,213
--	--	--	279,809
--	1,120,192	1,347,397	10,852,397
--	(942,028)	(33,251)	(914,135)
--	17,192,102	7,898	17,200,000
--	--	22,475	393,668
--	1,722,105	--	1,722,105
--	--	(371,193)	(393,668)
--	18,914,207	(340,820)	18,922,105
--	17,972,179	(374,071)	18,007,970
1,674,423	24,578	130,079	4,284,102
(1,674,423)	--	1,674,423	--
--	--	(90,446)	--
--	24,578	1,714,056	4,284,102
$ --	$ 17,996,757	$ 1,339,985	$ 22,292,072

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds	$	18,007,970
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities ("SOA") are different because:		
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.		19,346
Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.		1,706,193
The depreciation / amortization of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.		(530,288)
GASB 68 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These pension contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.		198,556
Pension contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction to net pension liability.		(180,985)
Changes in the net pension liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the government wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the change is a decrease in net position.		(319,651)
GASB 75 required that certain plan expenditures be de-expended and recorded as deferred resource outflows. These OPEB contributions made after the measurement date of the plan increased net position.		49,475
OPEB contributions made before the measurement date and during the previous fiscal year were expended and recorded as a reduction in the net OPEB liability.		(46,846)
Changes in the net OPEB liability and related deferred inflows and outflows are recognized in the government wide financials but are not reported in the fund financial statements. The net effect of the change is an increase in net position.		211,846
Issuance of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as other financing sources in the funds		(17,200,000)
Bond premiums on issuance are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.		(1,722,105)
Repayment of right-to-use lease principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		7,790
Increase in accrued interest on bonds from beginning of period to end of period.		(64,174)
Repayment of SBITA principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.		23,126
Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities	$	160,253

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		Custodial Fund
	ASSETS:	
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	$ 122,197
1000	Total Assets	122,197
	LIABILITIES:	
2000	Total Liabilities	--
	NET POSITION:	
3800	Restricted for Student Activities	122,197
3000	Total Net Position	$ 122,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION
FIDUCIARY FUNDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

	Custodial Funds
ADDITIONS:	
Revenue from Student Activities	$ 137,074
Total Additions	137,074
DEDUCTIONS:	
Payments for Student Activities	149,291
Total Deductions	149,291
Change in Fiduciary Net Position	(12,217)
Net Position-Beginning of the Year	134,414
Net Position-End of the Year	$ 122,197

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this statement.

A. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The basic financial statements of Santo Independent School District (the "District") have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") applicable to governmental units in conjunction with the Texas Education Agency's Financial Accountability System Resource Guide ("Resource Guide"). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board ("GASB") is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

1. Reporting Entity

The Board of School Trustees ("Board"), a seven-member group, has governance responsibilities over all activities related to public elementary and secondary education within the jurisdiction of the District. The Board is elected by the public and has the exclusive power and duty to govern and oversee the management of the public schools of the District. All powers and duties not specifically delegated by statute to the Texas Education Agency ("TEA") or to the State Board of Education are reserved for the Board, and the TEA may not substitute its judgment for the lawful exercise of those powers and duties by the Board. The District receives funding from local, state and federal government sources and must comply with the requirements of those funding entities. However, the District is not included in any other governmental reporting entity and there are no component units included within the District's reporting entity.

2. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting

a. Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities include the financial activities of the overall government, except for fiduciary activities**.** Eliminations have been made to minimize the double-counting of internal activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses in the statement of activities**.** Program revenues include (a) fees, fines, and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, with separate statements presented for each fund category. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund: This is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the District except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SSA Operating Fund – Special Education: This fund is used to account for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA. The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides special education services to the member districts listed in Note N.

Capital Projects Fund: This fund is used to account for all financial resources restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of capital assets.

In addition, the District reports the following fund types:

Custodial Funds: These funds are used to report student activity funds and other resources held in a purely custodial capacity. Custodial funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment, and remittance of the fiduciary resources to individuals, private organizations, or other governments.

Fiduciary funds are reported in the fiduciary fund financial statements. However, because their assets are held in a trustee capacity, and are therefore not available to support District programs, these funds are not included in the government-wide statements.

b. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and Fiduciary Fund Financial Statements: These financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus. They are reported using the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Fund Financial Statements: Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Revenues from local sources consist primarily of property taxes**.** Property tax revenues and revenues received from the State are recognized under the susceptible-to-accrual concept. Miscellaneous revenues are recorded as revenue when received in cash because they are generally not measurable until actually received. Investment earnings are recorded as earned, since they are both measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under lease contracts and subscription-based information technology arrangements are reported as other financing sources.

When the District incurs an expenditure or expense for which both restricted and unrestricted resources may be used, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources.

3. Financial Statement Amounts

a. Property Taxes

Property taxes are levied by October 1 on the assessed value listed as of the prior January 1 for all real and business personal property in conformity with Subtitle E, Texas Property Tax Code**.** Taxes are due on receipt of the tax bill and are delinquent if not paid before February 1 of the year following the year in which imposed. On January 1 of each year, a tax lien attaches to property to secure the payment of all taxes, penalties, and interest ultimately imposed. Property tax revenues are considered available (1) when they become due or past due and receivable within the current period and (2) when they are expected to be collected during a 60-day period after the close of the fiscal year**.**

Allowances for uncollectible tax receivables within the General and Debt Service Funds are based upon historical experience in collecting property taxes. Uncollectible personal property taxes are periodically reviewed and written off, but the District is prohibited from writing off real property taxes without specific statutory authority from the Texas Legislature.

b. Inventories

The District records purchases of supplies as expenditures, utilizing the purchase method of accounting for inventory in accordance with the Resource Guide.

c. Capital Assets

Purchased or constructed capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items are recorded at their acquisition value at the date of donation. The cost of maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized. A capitalization threshold of $5,000 is used. Significant accounting policies for right-to-use assets are located at Note G for leases and Note H for Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAS)

Capital assets are being depreciated / amortized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Asset Class	Estimated Useful Lives
Buildings and Improvements	10-30 years
Furniture and Equipment	5-15 years
Right-to-Use Assets Leases	27 months
Right-to Use Assets SIBTAs	1-2 years

d. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statements of financial position (the government-wide statement of net position and governmental funds balance sheet) will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position and/or fund balance that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statements of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to one or more future periods and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

e. Receivable and Payable Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

f. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide statement of activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide statement of net position.

g. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires the use of management's estimates.

h. Data Control Codes

Data Control Codes appear in the rows and above the columns of certain financial statements**.** The TEA requires the display of these codes in the financial statements filed with TEA in order to ensure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

i. Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

Fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - represents amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid insurance) or legally required to remain intact (such as notes receivable or principal of a permanent fund).

Restricted Fund Balance - represents amounts that are constrained by external parties, constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - represents amounts that can only be used for a specific purpose because of a formal action by the District's Board of Trustees, which is a Board resolution. Committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Board of Trustees removes those constraints by taking the same type of formal action. Committed fund balance amounts may be used for other purposes with appropriate due process by the Board of Trustees. Commitments are typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. Committed fund balance amounts differ from restricted balances in that the constraints on their use do not come from outside parties, constitutional provisions, or enabling legislation.

Assigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which the District intends to use for a specific purpose, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent may be stipulated by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority. Specific amounts that are not restricted or committed in a special revenue, capital projects, debt service or permanent fund are assigned for purposes in accordance with the nature of their fund type or the fund's primary purpose. Assignments within the general fund convey that the intended use of those amounts is for a specific purpose that is narrower than the general purposes of the District itself. The Board shall delegate to the Superintendent the authority to assign fund balance.

Unassigned Fund Balance - represents amounts which are unconstrained in that they may be spent for any purpose. Only the general fund reports a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds might report a negative balance in this classification because of overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed or assigned.

j. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

k. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance**.** Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

4. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

5. Other Post-Employment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) TRS-Care Plan has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities and additions to / deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account**.**

6. Implementation of New Standards

In the current fiscal year, the district implemented the following new standard. The applicable provisions of the new standards are summarized below. Implementation is reflected in the financial statements and the notes to the financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections*

The primary objective of this Statement is to enhance accounting and financial reporting requirements for accounting changes and error corrections to provide more understandable, reliable, relevant, consistent, and comparable information for making decisions or assuming accountability.

This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. In addition, information about the quantitative effects on beginning balances of each accounting change and error correction should be disclosed by reporting unit in a tabular format to reconcile beginning balances as previously reported to beginning balances as restated. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is effected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). For periods that are earlier than those included in the basic financial statements, information presented in RSI or SI should be restated for error corrections, if practicable, but not for changes in accounting principles.

The requirements of this Statement are effective for accounting changes and error corrections made in fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2023, and all reporting periods thereafter.

B. Compliance and Accountability

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 38, *Certain Financial Statement Note Disclosures*, violations of finance related legal and contractual provisions, if any, are reported below, along with actions taken to address such violations:

Violation	Action Taken
General Fund total actual expenditures exceeded final budgeted amounts.	The District will closely review the approved budgeted amounts adopted by the School Board and propose amendments for unexpected resources needed during the year to prevent future overspending.

C. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC") insurance.

1. Cash Deposits:

At August 31, 2024, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was $5,546,444 and the bank balance was $6,965,766. The District's cash deposits at August 31, 2024 were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

2. Investments:

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, The Public Funds Investment Act, to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Public Funds Investment Act ("Act") requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions, (1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas, (2) certificates of deposit, (3) certain municipal securities, (4) securities lending program, (5) repurchase agreements, (6) bankers acceptances, (7) mutual funds, (8) investment pools, (9) guaranteed investment contracts, and (10) commercial paper.

The District's investments at August 31, 2024 consist of U.S. Treasury Notes and certificates of deposit. The certificates of deposit are entirely covered by FDIC and pledged collateral by the bank, and are included in the cash balance in Note C-1. The District's investments at August 31, 2024 are shown below.

Investment or Investment Type	Maturity		Fair Value
Simmons Bank			
Certificates of Deposit	6 months	$	529,717
Hilltop Securities Asset Management			
SLGS Demand Deposit- U.S. Treasury Notes	Daily		17,175,515
Total Investments		$	17,705,232

3. Analysis of Specific Deposit and Investment Risks

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures:

a. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not significantly exposed to credit risk.

b. Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

c. Concentration of Credit Risk

This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

d. Interest Rate Risk

This is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to interest rate risk.

e. Foreign Currency Risk

This is the risk that exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

Investment Accounting Policy

The District's general policy is to report money market investments and short-term participating interest-earning investment contracts at amortized cost and to report nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts using a cost-based measure. However, if the fair value of an investment is significantly affected by the impairment of the credit standing of the issuer or by other factors, it is reported at fair value. All other investments are reported at fair value unless a legal contract exists which guarantees a higher value. The term "short-term" refers to investments which have a remaining term of one year or less at time of purchase. The term "nonparticipating" means that the investment's value does not vary with market interest rate changes. Nonnegotiable certificates of deposit are examples of nonparticipating interest-earning investment contracts.

Hilltop Securities Asset Management

Hilltop Securities Asset Management assists the District with the management of their invested bond proceeds in the State and Local Government Series Securities (SLGS). The SLGS program was initiated in 1972, following federal legislation enacted in 1969, restricting state and local government entities from earning arbitrage profits from investing bond proceeds in higher yielding investments. Under the SLGS program, special low-interest bearing Treasury securities are offered to tax exempt entities for the investment of bond proceeds subject to IRS arbitrage restrictions. The District's investments are in a Demand Deposit SLGS account and are one-day Certificates of Indebtedness that are automatically rolled over with interest each day until redemption is requested.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. GASB Statement No. 72, *Fair Value Measurement and Application*, provides a framework for measuring fair value which establishes a three-level fair value hierarchy that describes the inputs that are used to measure the assets and liabilities.

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.
- Level 2 inputs are inputs- other than quoted prices included within Level 1- that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for an assets or liability

The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to Level 1 inputs and the lowest priority to Level 3 inputs. If a price for an identical asset or liability is not observable, a government should measure fair value using another valuation technique that maximizes the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizes the use of unobservable inputs. If the fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using inputs from more than one level of the fair value hierarchy, the measurement is considered to be based on the lowest priority level input that is significant to the entire measurement.

Investments' fair value measurements are as follows at August 31, 2024:

		Fair Value Measure Using		
Investments	Fair Value	Level 1 Inputs	Level 2 Inputs	Level 3 Inputs
Hilltop Securities				
U.S. Treasury Notes	$ 17,175,515	$ -	$ 17,175,515	$ -
Total Investments	$ 17,175,515	$ -	$ 17,175,515	$ -

D. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended August 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balances	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balances
Governmental activities:				
Capital assets not being depreciated / amortized:				
Land	$ 312,595	$ -	$ -	$ 312,595
Construction in Progress	1,425,487	165,614	1,425,487	165,614
Total capital assets not being depreciated / amortized	1,738,082	165,614	1,425,487	478,209
Capital assets being depreciated / amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	10,650,483	2,704,540	-	13,355,023
Equipment	2,334,104	261,526	-	2,595,630
Right-to-use assets - Leases	32,605	-	-	32,605
Right-to-use assets - SBITAs	66,325	-	-	66,325
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized	13,083,517	2,966,066	-	16,049,583
Less accumulated depreciation / amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(7,849,207)	(321,308)	-	(8,170,515)
Equipment	(1,399,680)	(178,218)	-	(1,577,898)
Right-to-use assets - Leases	(15,343)	(7,672)	-	(23,015)
Right-to-use assets - SBITAs	(23,090)	(23,090)	-	(46,180)
Total accumulated depreciation / amortization	(9,287,320)	(530,288)	-	(9,817,608)
Total capital assets being depreciated / amortized, net	3,796,197	2,435,778	-	6,231,975
Governmental activities capital assets, net	$ 5,534,279	$ 2,601,392	$ 1,425,487	$ 6,710,184

Depreciation / amortization was charged to functions as follows:

Instruction	$ 280,636
Instructional resources and media services	6,615
School leadership	25,606
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services	10,977
Health services	4,348
Student transportation	24,168
Food services	22,475
Extracurricular activities	26,015
General administration	38,794
Plant maintenance and operations	66,229
Security and monitoring services	8,986
Data processing services	9,241
Community services	6,198
	$ 530,288

E. Interfund Balances and Activities

1. Due To and From Other Funds

Balances due to and due from other funds at August 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

Due To Fund	Due From Fund	Amount
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	$ 110,575
	Total	$ 110,575

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that reimbursable expenditures occur or deposits of revenue are received, the dates the transactions are recorded in the accounting system, and the date the interfund payments are actually settled. All interfund receivables and payables will be liquidated within the next fiscal year.

2. Transfers To and From Other Funds

Transfers to and from other funds at August 31, 2024, consisted of the following:

Transfers To	Transfers From	Amount	Reason
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	General Fund	$ 22,475	To supplement food service fund
General Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	15,760	Excess collections after repayment of bonds
Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	355,433	To supplement Fund 437 with Fund 455
	Total	$ 393,668	

F. Long-Term Obligations

The District has entered into a continuing disclosure undertaking to provide Annual Reports and Material Event Notices to the State Information Depository of Texas, which is the Municipal Advisory Council. This information is required under SEC Rule 15c2-12 to enable investors to analyze the financial condition and operations of the District.

1. Long-Term Obligation Activity

Long-term obligations include debt and other long-term liabilities. Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended August 31, 2024, are as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance	Amounts Due Within One Year
Governmental activities:					
General Obligation Bonds	$ -	$ 17,200,000	$ -	$ 17,200,000	$ 515,000
Premium on Bond Issuance	-	1,722,105	-	1,722,105	-
Net Pension Liability*	1,873,644	549,044	-	2,422,688	-
Net OPEB Liability*	1,224,894	-	28,523	1,196,371	-
Lease Liability*	18,028	-	7,790	10,238	8,145
SBITA Liability*	43,667	-	23,126	20,541	20,541
Total governmental activities	$ 3,160,233	$ 19,471,149	$ 59,439	$ 22,571,943	$ 543,686

* Other long-term liabilities

The funds typically used to liquidate other long-term liabilities in the past are as follows:

Liability	Activity Type	Fund
Net Pension Liability *	Governmental	General
Net OPEB Liability *	Governmental	General
Lease Liability*	Governmental	General
SBITA Liability	Governmental	General and Special Revenue

2. Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at August 31, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Governmental Activities Bonds Principal	Interest	Total
2025	$ 515,000	$ 1,112,206	$ 1,627,206
2026	905,000	722,650	1,627,650
2027	950,000	677,400	1,627,400
2028	1,000,000	629,900	1,629,900
2029	1,030,000	599,900	1,629,900
2030-2034	5,755,000	2,382,600	8,137,600
2035-2039	7,045,000	1,091,000	8,136,000
Totals	$ 17,200,000	$ 7,215,656	$ 24,415,656

General Obligation Bonds	Interest Rate	Amount of Original Issue	Amount Outstanding 8/31/2024
2024 Unlimited Tax School Building Bonds	3% to 5%	$ 17,200,000	$ 17,200,000

The District did not have any unused lines of credit, assets pledged as collateral for debt, or terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, termination events with finance-related consequences, or subjective acceleration clauses as of August 31, 2024.

G. Leases

The District is a lessee for noncancelable leases of equipment. The District recognizes a lease liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset, reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes lease liabilities with an initial, individual value of $5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a lease, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments. The lease asset is initially measured at the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus initial direct costs that are ancillary charges necessary to place the lease in service. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to leases include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the lease.
- The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease.
- Lease payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

There were no variable payments or residual value guarantees or penalties not included in the measurement of the lease. The District did not have any commitments under leases not yet commenced at year-end, components of losses associated with asset impairments, or sublease transactions for fiscal year 2024.

The lease with Canon matures on December 10, 2025 and is for copier equipment with an initial value of $32,605 payable in monthly installments of $703 at an interest rate of 4.46%.

Future lease payment maturity schedule is as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	$ 8,145	$ 291	$ 8,436
2026	2,093	16	2,109
Totals	$ 10,238	$ 307	$ 10,545

H. Subscription Based IT Arrangements

The District is a contractee for noncancelable Subscriptions Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The District recognizes a SBITA liability, reported with long-term debt, and a right-to-use lease asset, reported with other capital assets, in the government-wide financial statements. The District recognizes SBITA liabilities with an initial, individual value of $5,000 or more.

At the commencement of a of a SBITA, the District measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments. The SBITA asset is initially measured at the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the commencement of the SBITA term, plus capitalizable initial implementation costs as described in GASB 96 paragraph 29b. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the SBITA term or its useful life.

Key estimates and judgments related to SBITAs include how the District determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- The District uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for the SBITA.
- The SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the SBITA.
- SBITA payments included in the measurement of the liability are composed of fixed payments and any other payments that are reasonably certain of being required based on an assessment of all relevant factors.

The District monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

There were no variable payments or residual value guarantees or penalties not included in the measurement of the SBITA. The District did not have any commitments under SBITAs not yet commenced at year-end, components of losses associated with asset impairments, or sublease transactions for fiscal year 2024.

The SBITA with Raptor matures on September 1, 2025 and is for emergency management software with an initial value of $11,671 payable in annual installments of $4,050 at an interest rate of 2.04%.

The SBITA with Houghton Mifflin matures on September 28, 2024 and is for a high school science platform with an initial value of $5,892 payable in annual installments of $3,030 at an interest rate of 1.89%.

The SBITA with CEV matures on August 1, 2025 and is for CTE curriculum with an initial value of $48,762 payable in annual installments of $16,921 at an interest rate of 2.04%.

Future SBITA payment maturity schedule is as follows:

Year Ending August 31	Principal	Interest	Total
2025	$ 20,541	$ 419	20,960
Totals	$ 20,541	$ 419	$ 20,960

I. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, theft, damage or destruction of assets, errors and omissions, injuries to employees, and natural disasters. During fiscal year 2024, the District purchased commercial insurance from Hibbs Hallmark to cover general liabilities. There were no significant reductions in coverage in the past fiscal year and there were no settlements exceeding insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Workers Compensation

The District has established a partially self-funded workers' compensation plan by participating in the Texas Educational Insurance Association. The Association is a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member colleges and school districts. The main purpose of the Association is to partially self-insure certain worker’s compensation risks up to an agreed upon retention limit. The plan for worker's compensation benefits is authorized by Section 504.011 of the Labor Code. Claims are paid by a third-party administrator acting on behalf of the District under the terms of a contractual agreement. Administrative fees are included within the provisions of that agreement. The liability of the workers' compensation self-insurance plan includes $7,127 incurred but not reported claims. Costs are allocated to other funds and the retained earnings are fully reserved for self-funded insurance. Estimates of claims payable and of claims incurred, but not reported at August 31, 2024, are reflected as accounts and claims payable, if material. The plan is funded to discharge liabilities of the fund as they become due.

Changes in the balances of claim liabilities during the past year are as follows:

	Year ended 8/31/2024	Year ended 8/31/2023
Unpaid claims, beginning of year	$ 21,289	$ 21,580
Incurred claims	640	1,873
Claim payments	(1,823)	(2,164)
Unpaid claims, end of year	$ 20,106	$ 21,289

Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended August 31, 2024, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund ("the Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's unemployment compensation program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute Interlocal Agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended August 31, 2024, the Fund anticipates that Santo ISD will have no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2023, are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

J Pension Plan

1. Plan Description

   The District participates in a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS). It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67, and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. The pension's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

   All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by the system.

2. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

   Detailed information about the Teacher Retirement System's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

   TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan description in (1) above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements, if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years, or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action. Actuarial implications of the funding provided in the manner are determined by the System's actuary.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, Section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of the System during the fiscal year.

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. The TRS Pension Reform Bill (Senate Bill 12) of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2019 through 2025.

Contributors to the plan include members, employers and the State of Texas as the only non-employer contributing entity. The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools and state agencies including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to the plan in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act (GAA).

Contribution Rates

	2023	2024
Member	8.00%	8.25%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	8.00%	8.25%
Employers	8.00%	8.25%

District's 2024 Employer Contributions	$	198,556
District's 2024 Member Contributions	$	389,146
2023 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	$	245,378

As the non-employer contributing entity for public education and junior colleges, the State of Texas contributes to the retirement system an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of the pension trust fund during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities or the State of Texas as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational and general, or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to the retirement system an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees; and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge an employer is subject to.

- All public schools, charter schools, and regional educational service centers must contribute 1.8% of the member's salary beginning in fiscal year 2023, gradually increasing to 2% in fiscal year 2025.

- When employing a retiree of the Teacher Retirement System, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the August 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method	Fair Value
Single Discount Rate	7.00%
Long-term expected Investment Rate of Return	7.00%
Municipal Bond Rate as of August 2023	4.13% *
Last year ending August 31 in Projection Period	2122
Inflation	2.30%
Salary Increases including inflation	2.95% to 8.95%
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

* The source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index".

The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the total pension liability are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of August 31, 2022. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the actuarial valuation report dated November 22, 2022.

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.00% was used to measure the total pension liability. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers and the non-employer contributing entity will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 9.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2024 increasing to 9.56% in fiscal year 2025 and thereafter. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments is 7.00%. The long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in the System's target asset allocation as of August 31, 2023 are summarized below:

Asset Class *	Target Allocation **	Long-Term Expected Arithmetic Real Rate of Return ***	Expected Contribution to Long-Term Portfolio Returns
Global Equity			
USA	18.00%	4.00%	1.00%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.00%	4.50%	0.90%
Emerging Markets	9.00%	4.80%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	7.00%	1.50%
Stable Value			
Government Bonds	16.00%	2.50%	0.50%
Absolute Return	0.00%	3.60%	0.00%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	5.00%	4.10%	0.20%
Real Return			
Real Estate	15.00%	4.90%	1.10%
Energy, Natural Resources and Infrastructure	6.00%	4.80%	0.40%
Commodities	0.00%	4.40%	0.00%
Risk Parity	8.00%	4.50%	0.40%
Asset Allocation Leverage			
Cash	2.00%	3.70%	0.00%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-6.00%	4.40%	-0.10%
Inflation Expectation			2.30%
Volatility Drag ****			-0.90%
Expected Return	**100.00%**		**8.00%**

* Absolute Return includes Credit Sensitive Investments.
** Target allocations are based on the FY2023 policy model.
*** Capital Market Assumptions come from Aon Hewitt (as of 06/30/2023).
**** The volatility drag results from the conversion between arithmetic and geometric mean returns.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following table presents the Net Pension Liability of the plan using a discount rate of 7.00%, and what the net position liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower (6.00%) or 1% higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (6.00%)	Discount Rate (7.00%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (8.00%)
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability:	$ 3,622,053	$ 2,422,688	$ 1,425,416

8. Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of $2,422,688 for its proportionate share of the TRS net pension liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	$ 2,422,688
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	3,279,052
Total	$ 5,701,740

The net pension liability was measured as of August 31, 2022, and rolled forward to August 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the employer's proportion of the collective net pension liability was 0.003527%, which was an increase of 0.000371% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

9. Changes in Assumptions and Benefits Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The actuarial assumptions and methods are the same as used in the determination of the prior year's net pension liability.

The Texas 2023 Legislature passed legislation that provides a one-time stipend to certain retired teachers. The stipend was paid to retirees beginning in September of 2023. The Legislature appropriated funds to pay for this one-time stipend so there will be no impact on the net pension liability of TRS. In addition, the Legislature also provided for a cost of living adjustment (COLA) to retirees which was approved during the November 2023 election which will be paid in January 2024. Therefore, this contingent liability was not reflected as of August 31, 2023.

For the year ended August 31, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of $995,744 and revenue of $495,108 representing pension expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	$ 86,321	$ 29,336
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	229,139	56,076
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	352,560	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	399,865	61,488
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net Pension Liability	198,556	-
Total	$ 1,266,441	$ 146,900

The deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025. The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	Pension Expense Amount
2025	$ 202,799
2026	146,563
2027	385,324
2028	157,320
2029	28,979
Thereafter	-

K. Defined Other Post-Employment Benefit Plans

1. Plan Description

The District participates in the Texas Public School Retired Employees Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care). It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined Other Post-Employment Benefit (OPEB) plan with a special funding situation. The TRS-Care program was established in 1986 by the Texas Legislature.

The TRS Board of Trustees administers the TRS-Care program and the related fund in accordance with Texas Insurance Code Chapter 1575. The Board of Trustees is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. The Board may adopt rules, plans, procedures, and orders reasonably necessary to administer the program, including minimum benefits and financing standards.

2. OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX 78701-2698; or by calling (512) 542-6592.

3. Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides health insurance coverage to retirees from public and charter schools, regional education service centers and other educational districts who are members of the TRS pension plan. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible non-Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in TRS-Care Standard, a high-deductible health plan. Eligible Medicare retirees and their dependents may enroll in the TRS-Care Medicare Advantage medical plan and the TRS-Care Medicare Rx prescription drug plan. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least 10 years of service credit in the TRS pension system. There are no automatic post-employment benefit changes; including automatic cost of living adjustments (COLAs).

The premium rates for retirees are reflected in the following table.

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

	Medicare	Non-Medicare
Retiree or Surviving Spouse	$ 135	$ 200
Retiree and Spouse	529	689
Retiree or Surviving Spouse and Children	468	408
Retiree and Family	1,020	999

4. Contributions

Contribution rates for the TRS-Care plan are established in State Statute by the Texas Legislature, and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. The TRS-Care plan is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the state, active employees, and participating employers are based on active employee compensation. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Section 1575.202 of the Texas Insurance Code establishes the State's contribution rate which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate which is 0.65% of Salary. Section 1575.204 establishes a public school contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the employer. The actual public school contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act, which is 0.75% of each active employee's pay for fiscal year 2023. The following table shows contributions to the TRS-Care plan by type of contributor.

Contribution Rates

	2023	2024
Member	0.65%	0.65%
Non-Employer Contributing Entity (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/Private Funding remitted by Employers	1.25%	1.25%

District's 2024 Employer Contributions	$ 49,475
District's 2024 Member Contributions	$ 31,821
2023 NECE On-Behalf Contributions (State)	$ 56,567

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge all TRS employers are subject to *(regardless of whether they participate in the TRS-Care OPEB program*). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of $535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State of Texas as the Non-Employer Contributing Entity in the amount of $21.3 million in fiscal year 2023 provided by Rider 14 of the Senate Bill GAA of the 87th Legislature. These amounts were re-appropriated from amounts received by the pension and TRS-Care funds in excess of the state's actual obligation and then transferred to TRS-Care.

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The actuarial valuation was performed as of August 31, 2022. Update procedures were used to roll forward the Total OPEB Liability to August 31, 2023. The actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2021. The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are based on an established pattern of practice and are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2022 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward August 31, 2023:

Rates of Mortality	General Inflation
Rates of Retirement	Wage Inflation
Rates of Termination	
Rates of Disability	

The active mortality rates were based on PUB(2010), Amount-Weighted, Below-Median Income, Teacher male and female tables (with a two-year set forward for males). The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2021 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables. The rates were projected on a fully generational basis using the ultimate improvement rates from mortality projection scale MP-2021.

Additional Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Valuation Date	August 31, 2022 rolled forward to August 31, 2023
Actuarial Cost Method	Individual Entry-Age Normal
Inflation	2.30%
Single Discount Rate	4.13% as of August 31, 2023
Aging Factors	Based on plan specific experience
Expenses	Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of health care benefits are included in the age-adjusted claims costs.
Projected Salary Increases	2.95% to 8.95%, including inflation
Ad hoc post-employment benefit changes	None

6. Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 4.13% was used to measure the Total OPEB Liability. This was an increase of .22% in the discount rate since the previous year.

Because the investments are held in cash and there is no intentional objective to advance fund the benefits, the Single Discount Rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate.

The source of the municipal bond rate is the Fidelity "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of August 31, 2023 using the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/ Data Municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds.

7. Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% lower than and 1% higher than the discount rate that was used (4.13%) in measuring the net OPEB liability.

	1% Decrease in Discount Rate (3.13%)	Discount Rate (4.13%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (5.13%)
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	$ 1,409,076	$ 1,196,371	$ 1,022,799

8. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEBs

At August 31, 2024, the District reported a liability of $1,196,371 for its proportionate share of the TRS's Net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the Net OPEB Liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	$ 1,196,371
State's proportionate share that is associated with District	1,443,605
Total	$ 2,639,976

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2022 and rolled forward to August 31, 2023; and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to OPEB relative to the contributions of all employers to the plan for the period September 1, 2022 through August 31, 2023.

At August 31, 2023 the District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.005404%, which was an increase of 0.000288% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2022.

The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if a healthcare trend rate that is 1% less than and 1% greater than the health trend rates assumed.

	1% Decrease in the Healthcare Trend Rate	Current Single Healthcare Trend Rate	1% Increase in the Healthcare Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability:	$ 985,152	$ 1,196,371	$ 1,468,105

9. Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability (TOL) since the prior measurement period:

- The single discount rate changed from 3.91% as of August 31, 2022 to 4.13% as of August 31, 2023, accompanied by revised demographic and economic assumptions based on the TRS experience study.

Changes of Benefit Terms Since the Prior Measurement Date - There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

The amount of OPEB expense recognized by the District in the reporting period was ($473,612) and revenue of $(308,612) representing OPEB expense incurred by the State on behalf of the District.

At August 31, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other post-employment benefits from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between Expected and Actual Actuarial Experience	$ 54,127	$ 1,006,520
Changes in Actuarial Assumptions	163,296	732,570
Difference Between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings	517	-
Changes in Proportion and Difference between District's Contributions and the Proportionate Share of Contributions	653,302	188,100
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date of the Net OPEB Liability	49,475	-
Total	$ 920,717	$ 1,927,190

The deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended August 31, 2025. The net amount of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended August 31	OPEB Expense Amount
2025	$ (264,548)
2026	(209,675)
2027	(135,387)
2028	(199,047)
2029	(123,826)
Thereafter	(123,465)

10. Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for the Texas Public School Retired Employee Group Insurance Program (TRS-Care) to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal year ended August 31, 2023, the subsidy payment received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District was $25,188.

L. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended August 31, 2024, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the Plan). The District paid premiums of $325 per month per employee to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a third-party administrator, acting on behalf of the licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Section 21.922, Texas Education Code and was documented by contractual agreement.

The contract between the District and the third-party administrator is renewable annually, and terms of coverage and premium costs are included in the contractual provisions.

Latest financial statements for the Plan are available and have been filed with the Texas State Board of Insurance, Austin, Texas, and are public records.

M. Commitments and Contingencies

1. Commitments

The District has a commitment for a construction project to complete the high school expansion. The contract was in progress but not completed as of fiscal year end. The total contractual commitments outstanding as of August 31, 2024 total approximately $91,431.

2. Contingencies

The District participates in grant programs which are governed by various rules and regulations of the grantor agencies. Costs charged to the respective grant programs are subject to audit and adjustment by the grantor agencies; therefore, to the extent that the District has not complied with the rules and regulations governing the grants, refunds of any money received may be required and the collectability of any related receivable may be impaired. In the opinion of the District, there are no significant contingent liabilities relating to compliance with the rules and regulations governing the respective grants; therefore, no provision has been recorded in the accompanying basic financial statements for such contingencies.

3. Litigation

No reportable litigation was pending against the District at August 31, 2024.

N. Shared Services Arrangements

Shared Services Arrangement - Membership
The District is the fiscal agent for a Shared Services Arrangement ("SSA") which provides special education services to the member districts listed below. All services are provided by the fiscal agent. The member districts provide the funds to the fiscal agent. According to guidance provided in TEA's Resource Guide, the District has accounted for the fiscal agent's activities of the SSA in funds 437 (SSA Operating Fund) and 455 (SSA SHARs Fund) and are accounted for using Model 3 in the SSA section of the Resource Guide. Expenditures of the SSA are summarized below:

Member Districts		Expenditures
Gordon ISD	$	118,105
Graford ISD		153,539
Palo Pinto ISD		29,523
Santo ISD		272,040
Strawn ISD		70,863
Total	$	644,070

O. Adjustments to Beginning Balances

The District's SHARS Fund was a major fund in the prior year and became a non-major fund in the current year. Additionally, the SSA Operating Fund - Special Education was non-major in the prior year and became a major fund in the current year. Accordingly, GASB Statement No. 100 *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections* applies. As a result the beginning fund balances of the other governmental funds has been changed as follow:

	Governmental			
	SHARS Fund	SSA Operating Fund - Special Education	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Beginning fund balance, as previously reported	$ 1,674,423	$ -	$ 130,079	$ 1,804,502
Change from major to nonmajor fund	(1,674,423)	-	1,674,423	-
Change from nonmajor to major fund	-	90,446	(90,446)	-
Beginning fund balance, as adjusted	$ -	$ 90,446	$ 1,714,056	$ 1,804,502

P. Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events through November 20, 2024, the date the financial statements were available to be issued and no subsequent events were noted.

Required Supplementary Information

Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT G-1

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Budgeted Amounts Original	2 Budgeted Amounts Final	3 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:				
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	$ 4,297,511	$ 4,697,511	$ 4,725,525	$ 28,014
5800	State Program Revenues	2,815,422	2,815,422	3,402,360	586,938
5020	Total Revenues	7,112,933	7,512,933	8,127,885	614,952
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
	Instruction and Instructional Related Services:				
0011	Instruction	3,192,106	3,123,577	3,058,294	65,283
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services	111,200	115,000	113,157	1,843
0013	Curriculum and Instructional Staff Development	4,900	3,400	--	3,400
	Total Instruction and Instr. Related Services	3,308,206	3,241,977	3,171,451	70,526
	Instructional and School Leadership:				
0023	School Leadership	407,017	414,917	409,225	5,692
	Total Instructional and School Leadership	407,017	414,917	409,225	5,692
	Student Support Services:				
0031	Guidance, Counseling and Evaluation Services	174,655	126,099	121,051	5,048
0033	Health Services	78,425	78,425	74,372	4,053
0034	Student Transportation	474,310	339,610	292,708	46,902
0036	Extracurricular Activities	427,410	427,410	424,784	2,626
	Total Student Support Services	1,154,800	971,544	912,915	58,629
	Administrative Support Services:				
0041	General Administration	603,735	651,585	650,605	980
	Total Administrative Support Services	603,735	651,585	650,605	980
	Support Services:				
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations	1,033,075	1,118,475	1,105,801	12,674
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	26,000	27,000	27,462	(462)
0053	Data Processing Services	151,050	162,050	158,073	3,977
	Total Support Services	1,210,125	1,307,525	1,291,336	16,189
	Ancillary Services:				
0061	Community Services	111,000	111,000	106,009	4,991
	Total Ancillary Services	111,000	111,000	106,009	4,991
	Debt Service:				
0071	Debt Service	21,650	21,650	27,942	(6,292)
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt	--	--	1,465	(1,465)
	Total Debt Service	21,650	21,650	29,407	(7,757)
	Capital Outlay:				
0081	Facilities Acquisition and Construction	150,000	550,000	863,301	(313,301)
	Total Capital Outlay	150,000	550,000	863,301	(313,301)
	Intergovernmental Charges:				
0091	Contracted Instr. Services Between Public Schools	--	48,556	40,213	8,343
0093	Payments to Fiscal Agent/Member Dist.-SSA	146,400	146,400	146,400	--
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	146,400	194,956	186,613	8,343
6030	Total Expenditures	7,112,933	7,465,154	7,620,862	(155,708)

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

GENERAL FUND
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Budgeted Amounts Original	2 Budgeted Amounts Final	3 Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	--	47,779	507,023	459,244
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):				
7915	Operating Transfers In	--	--	15,760	15,760
8911	Operating Transfers Out	--	(10,880)	(22,475)	(11,595)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	--	(10,880)	(6,715)	4,165
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	--	36,899	500,308	463,409
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	2,455,022	2,455,022	2,455,022	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ 2,455,022	$ 2,491,921	$ 2,955,330	$ 463,409

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS

	Measurement Year									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the net pension liability	0.003527%	0.003156%	0.002525%	0.002222%	0.002609%	0.002601%	0.002393%	0.002290%	0.002300%	0.001166%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability	$ 2,422,688	$ 1,873,644	$ 643,037	$ 1,190,093	$ 1,356,149	$ 1,431,570	$ 765,293	$ 865,296	$ 812,949	$ 311,534
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	3,279,052	2,736,831	1,273,430	2,768,766	2,401,151	2,592,073	1,600,369	1,986,350	1,952,916	1,682,839
Total	$ 5,701,740	$ 4,610,475	$ 1,916,467	$ 3,958,859	$ 3,757,300	$ 4,023,643	$ 2,365,662	$ 2,851,646	$ 2,765,865	$ 1,994,373
District's covered payroll	$ 4,459,042	$ 3,875,159	$ 3,508,884	$ 3,374,741	$ 3,106,449	$ 2,915,537	$ 2,913,014	$ 2,830,679	$ 2,831,310	$ 2,754,569
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	54.33%	48.35%	18.33%	35.26%	43.66%	49.10%	26.27%	30.57%	28.71%	11.31%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	73.15%	75.62%	88.79%	75.54%	75.24%	73.74%	82.17%	78.00%	78.43%	83.25%

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT'S PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution	$ 198,556	$ 180,985	$ 146,887	$ 107,651	$ 92,439	$ 91,184	$ 87,186	$ 78,383	$ 72,754	$ 68,098
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	(198,556)	(180,985)	(146,887)	(107,651)	(92,439)	(91,184)	(87,186)	(78,383)	(72,754)	(68,098)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered payroll	$ 4,716,923	$ 4,459,042	$ 3,875,159	$ 3,508,884	3,374,741	$ 3,106,449	$ 2,915,537	$ 2,913,014	$ 2,830,679	$ 2,831,310
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.21%	4.06%	3.79%	3.07%	2.74%	2.94%	2.99%	2.69%	2.57%	2.41%

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
LAST TEN MEASUREMENT YEARS *

	Measurement Year									
	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability	0.005404%	0.005116%	0.004508%	0.004267%	0.004284%	0.004939%	0.004320%	--	--	--
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability	$ 1,196,371	$ 1,224,894	$ 1,739,099	$ 1,622,120	$ 2,025,918	$ 2,466,302	$ 1,878,796	$ --	$ --	$ --
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District	1,443,605	1,494,178	2,330,005	2,179,741	2,691,995	2,514,182	2,321,612	--	--	--
Total	$ 2,639,976	$ 2,719,072	$ 4,069,104	$ 3,801,861	$ 4,717,913	$ 4,980,484	$ 4,200,408	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered payroll	$ 4,459,042	$ 3,875,159	$ 3,508,884	$ 3,374,741	$ 3,106,449	$ 2,915,537	$ 2,913,014	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	26.83%	31.61%	49.56%	48.07%	65.22%	84.59%	64.50%	--	--	--
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	14.94%	11.52%	6.18%	4.99%	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%	--	--	--

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information only for those years for which information is available.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S OPEB CONTRIBUTIONS
TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS *

	Fiscal Year									
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	$ 49,475	$ 46,846	$ 41,954	$ 35,202	$ 32,968	$ 30,390	$ 34,075	$ --	$ --	$ --
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution	(49,475)	(46,846)	(41,954)	(35,202)	(32,968)	(30,390)	(34,075)	--	--	--
Contribution deficiency (excess)	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --	$ --
District's covered payroll	$ 4,716,923	$ 4,459,042	$ 3,875,159	$ 3,508,884	$ 3,374,741	$ 3,106,449	$ 2,915,537	$ --	$ --	$ --
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	1.05%	1.05%	1.08%	1.00%	0.98%	0.98%	1.17%	--	--	--

* This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this schedule provides the information for those years for which information is available.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Budget

The official budget was prepared for adoption for all Governmental Fund Types legally required (General Fund, Food Service Fund, and Debt Service Fund). The budget was prepared in accordance with accounting practices generally accepted in the United States of America. The following procedures are followed in establishing the budgetary data:

a. Prior to August 20 of the preceding fiscal year, the District prepares a budget for the next succeeding fiscal year. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.

b. A meeting of the Board is then called for the purpose of adopting the proposed budget after ten days' public notice of the meeting has been given.

c. Prior to the beginning of the fiscal year, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution by the Board.

Once a budget is approved, it can be amended at function and fund level only by approval of a majority of the members of the Board. Amendments are presented to the Board at its regular meetings.

Each amendment must have Board approval. Such amendments are made before the fact, are reflected in the official minutes of the Board and are not made after fiscal year end as required by law.

Each amendment is controlled by the budget coordinator at the revenue and expenditure function/object level. Budgeted amounts are as amended by the Board. All budget appropriations lapse at year end.

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts. Under Texas law, appropriations lapse at August 31, and encumbrances outstanding at that time are to be either cancelled or appropriately provided for in the subsequent year's budget. There were no end-of-year outstanding encumbrances that were provided for in the subsequent year's budget.

Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Defined Benefit OPEB Plan

Changes of benefit terms

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Any changes of benefit terms that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note K).

Changes of assumptions

Any changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net pension liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note J).

Any changes of assumptions that affected the measurement of the net OPEB liability during the measurement period are described in the notes to the financial statements (Note K).

Other Supplementary Information

This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Year Ended August 31	1 Tax Rates Maintenance	2 Tax Rates Debt Service	3 Assessed/Appraised Value For School Tax Purposes
2015 and Prior Years	$ Various	$ Various	$ Various
2016	1.17	.1241	272,027,844
2017	1.17	.1380	267,674,824
2018	1.17	.1310	270,859,905
2019	1.17	--	282,565,298
2020	1.0683	--	303,734,075
2021	1.0077	--	338,033,442
2022	.9603	--	413,616,995
2023	.9429	--	554,490,614
2024 (School Year Under Audit)	.7844	--	531,251,137
1000 Totals			

8000 - Total Taxes Refunded under Section 26.1115, Tax Code

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Column 20, Current Year's Total Levy is the ending levy due provided by Erath County Tax Office and Palo Pinto County Tax Office

Column 3, Assessed/Appraised Value for School Tax Purposes is calculated based on current year total levy divided by current year total tax rate.

10 Beginning Balance 9/1/23	20 Current Year's Total Levy	31 Maintenance Collections	32 Debt Service Collections	40 Entire Year's Adjustments	50 Ending Balance 8/31/24	99 Total Taxes Refunded Under Sect. 26.1115(c)
$ 97,618	$ --	$ 842	$ 94	$ (1,609)	$ 95,073	
4,715	--	301	32	1	4,383	
7,287	--	293	35	1	6,960	
5,581	--	282	32	1	5,268	
5,096	--	311	--	--	4,785	
8,968	--	2,428	--	--	6,540	
13,116	--	1,798	--	--	11,318	
23,985	--	5,632	--	4,068	22,421	
102,608	--	51,448	--	3,063	54,223	
--	4,395,491	4,053,094	--	(252,660)	89,737	
$ 268,974	$ 4,395,491	$ 4,116,429	$ 193	$ (247,135)	$ 300,708	

$ --

$ --

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT J-2

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	$ 120,400	$ 124,825	$ 4,425
5800	State Program Revenues	--	14,081	14,081
5900	Federal Program Revenues	239,961	214,385	(25,576)
5020	Total Revenues	360,361	353,291	(7,070)
	EXPENDITURES:			
	Current:			
	Student Support Services:			
0035	Food Services	397,261	384,429	12,832
	Total Student Support Services	397,261	384,429	12,832
6030	Total Expenditures	397,261	384,429	12,832
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	(36,900)	(31,138)	5,762
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
7915	Operating Transfers In	--	22,475	22,475
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	--	22,475	22,475
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	(36,900)	(8,663)	28,237
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	8,663	8,663	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ (28,237)	$ --	$ 28,237

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

EXHIBIT J-3

DEBT SERVICE FUNDS
BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		1 Budget	2 Actual	3 Variance Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:			
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	$ --	$ 418	$ 418
5020	Total Revenues	--	418	418
	EXPENDITURES:			
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)			
1100	Expenditures	--	418	418
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):			
7911	Issuance of Bonds	--	7,898	7,898
8911	Operating Transfers Out	--	(15,760)	(15,760)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	--	(7,862)	(7,862)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	--	(7,444)	(7,444)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning	16,624	16,624	--
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	$ 16,624	$ 9,180	$ (7,444)

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

USE OF FUNDS REPORT - SELECT STATE ALLOTMENT PROGRAM
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		Responses	
	Section A: Compensatory Education Programs		
AP1	Did your LEA expend any state compensatory education program state allotment funds during the district's fiscal year?		Yes
AP2	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its state compensatory education program?		Yes
AP3	List the total state allotment funds received for state compensatory education programs during the district's fiscal year.	$	325,556
AP4	List the actual direct program expenditures for state compensatory education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PICs 24, 26, 28 29, 30)	$	538,337
	Section B: Bilingual Education Programs		
AP5	Did your LEA expend any bilingual education program state allotment funds during the LEA's fiscal year?		Yes
AP6	Does the LEA have written policies and procedures for its bilingual education program?		Yes
AP7	List the total state allotment funds received for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year.	$	13,303
AP8	List the actual direct program expenditures for bilingual education programs during the LEA's fiscal year. (PIC 25)	$	22,456

SNOWGARRETT WILLIAMS
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance With *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees
Santo Independent School District
P.O. Box 67
Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Santo Independent School District, as of and for the year ended August 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Santo Independent School District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 20, 2024.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Santo Independent School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Santo Independent School District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards.*

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of Santo Independent School District in a separate letter dated November 20, 2024.

1207 Santa Fe Drive • Weatherford, Texas 76086 • 817-596-9301 • Fax 817-596-9304

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



November 20, 2024

SNOWGARRETT WILLIAMS
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program and
Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees
Santo Independent School District
P.O Box 67
Santo, Texas 76472

Members of the Board of Trustees:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Santo Independent School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on Santo Independent School District's major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024. Santo Independent School District's major federal program is identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Santo Independent School District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on its major federal program for the year ended August 31, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards,* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Santo Independent School District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Santo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Santo Independent School District's federal programs.

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Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Santo Independent School District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards,* and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Santo Independent School District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards,* and the Uniform Guidance we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Santo Independent School District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

- Obtain an understanding of Santo Independent School District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Santo Independent School District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.



Snow Garrett Williams
November 20, 2024

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A. Summary of Auditor's Results

1 Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified		
Internal control over financial reporting:			
One or more material weaknesses identified?	____ Yes	X No	
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ Yes	X None Reported	
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	____ Yes	X No	

2 Federal Awards

Internal control over major programs:			
One or more material weaknesses identified?	____ Yes	X No	
One or more significant deficiencies identified that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	____ Yes	X None Reported	
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified		
Version of compliance supplement used in audit:	May 2024		
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, para. 200.516(a)??	____ Yes	X No	

Identification of major programs:

Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
84.027/84.173	Special Education Cluster (IDEA)

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	$750,000	
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	X Yes	____ No

B. Financial Statement Findings

NONE

C. Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

NONE

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT
CORRECTIVE ACTION PLAN
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

A corrective action plan is not needed.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT K-1
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

(1) Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	(2) Federal ALN Number	(2A) Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	71402401	$ 46,519
National School Lunch Program	10.555	71302401	121,129
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			167,648
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash)	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	16,596
Commodity Storage and Delivery	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	1,716
Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	NT4XL1YGLGC5	27,564
Total ALN 10.555			45,876
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture			45,876
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			213,524
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			213,524
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:			
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
IDEA-Part B, Formula	84.027	246600011829046000	272,379
IDEA-Part B, Formula	84.027	256600011829046000	7,397
Total ALN 84.027			279,776
IDEA-Part B, Preschool	84.173	246610011829046000	10,576
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			290,352
Total U.S. Department of Education			290,352
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			290,352
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
U. S. Department of Education			
Direct Program:			
ESEA Title V, Part B, Subpart 2 - REAP	84.358A		38,799
Passed Through State Department of Education:			
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	24610101182904	114,561
ESEA Title I, Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010A	25610101182904	14,608
Total ALN 84.010A			129,169

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT EXHIBIT K-1

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

(1) Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	(2) Federal ALN Number	(2A) Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	(3) Federal Expenditures
ESEA Title II, Part A - Teacher & Principal Training & Recruiting	84.367A	24694501182904	$ 15,999
Title IV, Part A, Subpart 1	84.424A	24680101182904	10,746
Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III-COVID 19)	84.425U	21528001182904	353,204
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			509,118
Total U.S. Department of Education			547,917
U. S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture:			
State Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer (P-EBT- COVID-19) Administrative Costs Grants	10.649	NT4XL1YGLGC5	861
Total Passed Through Texas Department of Agriculture			861
Total U. S. Department of Agriculture			861
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			$ 1,052,654

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED AUGUST 31, 2024

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards ("the Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of Santo Independent School District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

Santo Independent School District has elected not to use the 10-*percent de minimis indirect cost rate* allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

SANTO INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

SCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS
AS OF AUGUST 31, 2024

Data Control Codes		Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year-end?	No
SF3	Did the school district make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the school district was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued, the school district is considered to not have made timely payments.) Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued. Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.	Yes
SF4	Was the school district issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the school district is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.	No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state or federal funds?	No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?	No
SF7	Did the school district post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statutes, laws and rules that were in effect at the school district's fiscal year-end?	Yes
SF8	Did the school board members discuss the school district's property values at a board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?	Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year-end	$ --