



Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools

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Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
School Board and Administration
June 30, 2024

Name	Position	Term Expires
School Board		
Mark Sellin	Chairperson	2025
Kara Brager	Vice Chairperson	2025
Jeff Lee	Clerk	2027
Steve Olson	Treasurer	2025
Cody Marshall	Director	2027
Bobbi Siegel	Director	2027
Theodore "TJ" Tibbetts	Director	2025
Administration		
Phil Jensen	Superintendent	
Maria Beringer	Business Manager	



Independent Auditor's Report

The School Board of
Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Hawley, Minnesota

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 150 ("the District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis; schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios; schedule of employer's share of net pension liability; and schedule of employer's contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The schedule of changes in UFARS fund balances - general fund; combining balance sheet - nonmajor governmental funds; combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - nonmajor governmental funds; and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards compliance table are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the schedule of changes in UFARS fund balances - general fund; combining balance sheet - nonmajor governmental funds; combining schedule of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance - nonmajor governmental funds; and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards compliance table are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the school board and administration listing but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated November 18, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Legal Compliance Audit Guide prepared by the Office of the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, we have also issued a report dated November 18, 2024, on our consideration of the District's compliance with aspects of the provisions of the Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of noncompliance. That report is an integral part of procedures performed in accordance with Office of the State Auditor's Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts in considering the District's compliance with certain regulatory requirements pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65.

The image shows a handwritten signature in cursive script that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Fargo, North Dakota
November 18, 2024

This section of Hawley Public Schools - Independent School District No. 150's annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

Key financial highlights for the 2023-2024 fiscal year include the following:

- *General Fund 01* - The overall revenues were \$13,858,281 while the overall expenditures were \$12,710,685. These, along with other financing sources of \$96,101, increased the fund balance by \$1,243,697.
- *Food Service Fund 02* - The overall revenues were \$935,883 while the overall expenditures were \$882,865. These increased the fund balance by \$53,018.
- *Community Service Fund 04* - The overall revenues were \$780,589 while the overall expenditures were \$753,492. These increased the fund balance by \$27,097.
- *Capital Projects Fund 06* - The overall revenues were \$2,619,463 while the overall expenditures were \$9,317,764. These decreased the fund balance by \$6,698,301.
- *Debt Service Fund 07* - The overall revenues were \$3,310,111 while the overall expenditures were \$10,237,288. These decreased the fund balance by \$6,927,177.

Overview of the Financial Statements

Government-Wide Statements

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two government-wide statements report the District's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources - are one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of school buildings and other facilities.

In the government-wide financial statement the District's activities are shown in one category:

- *Governmental Activities* - All of the District's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education, transportation, administration, food service, and community education. Property taxes and state aids finance most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds—focusing on its most significant or “major” funds—not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs:

- Some funds are required by State law and by bond covenants.
- The District establishes other funds to control and manage money for particular purposes (e.g., repaying its long-term debts) or to show that it is properly using revenues (e.g., federal grants).

The District has one kind of funds:

- *Governmental Funds* - All of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps to determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the district-wide statements, we provide additional information following the governmental funds statements that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial Analysis of the District as a Whole

Net Position

The District's combined net position was \$10,733,145 on June 30, 2024.

Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Assets		
Current assets	\$ 59,343,575	\$ 68,914,173
Capital assets	31,805,364	23,426,914
Total assets	91,148,939	92,341,087
Deferred Outflows of Resources	2,140,096	2,745,819
Liabilities		
Other liabilities	3,833,320	1,555,512
Long-term liabilities	73,588,339	81,505,050
Total liabilities	77,421,659	83,060,562
Deferred Inflows of Resources	5,134,231	5,881,098
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	13,242,180	1,418,970
Restricted for specific purposes	47,746,199	60,822,369
Unrestricted	(50,255,234)	(56,096,093)
Total net position	\$ 10,733,145	\$ 6,145,246

Independent School District No. 150

Hawley Public Schools

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

Changes in Net Position - The District's total revenues were approximately \$21.5 million for the year ended June 30, 2024. Property taxes and state formula aid accounted for 71.2% of total revenue for the year. Another 12.3% came from program revenues.

The total cost of all programs and services was approximately \$16.9 million. The District's expenses are predominantly related to educating and caring for students. The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 4.3% of total costs.

The total revenues exceeded expenses, increasing the net position by approximately \$4.6 million for fiscal year 2024.

Statement of Activities
Years Ended June 30, 2024 and 2023

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for service	\$ 1,345,324	\$ 1,420,204
Operating grants and contributions	1,310,876	902,706
General		
Property taxes	3,735,057	2,094,074
Aids and payments from state and other	11,587,636	10,611,893
Miscellaneous revenues	<u>3,539,059</u>	<u>887,494</u>
Total revenues	<u>21,517,952</u>	<u>15,916,371</u>
Expenses		
Administration	727,578	672,832
District support services	453,829	536,446
Regular instruction	5,802,885	4,406,439
Vocational instruction	443,378	432,638
Special education instruction	1,427,560	1,359,612
Community education and services	750,287	679,786
Instructional support services	582,190	494,235
Pupil support services	1,694,057	1,628,008
Sites and buildings	2,517,274	3,226,452
Fiscal and other fixed-cost programs	<u>2,531,015</u>	<u>1,461,662</u>
Total expenses	<u>16,930,053</u>	<u>14,898,110</u>
Change in Net Position	4,587,899	1,018,261
Net Position - Beginning	<u>6,145,246</u>	<u>5,126,985</u>
Net Position - Ending	<u>\$ 10,733,145</u>	<u>\$ 6,145,246</u>

Independent School District No. 150

Hawley Public Schools

Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2024

General Fund

The General Fund includes the primary operations of the District in providing educational services to students from kindergarten through grade 12, including pupil transportation activities, buildings and grounds, and capital outlay projects.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund Revenues.

	Year Ended June 30,		Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
	2024	2023		
Local property taxes	\$ 1,209,682	\$ 1,053,872	\$ 155,810	14.8%
Other local sources	1,365,957	770,140	595,817	77.4%
State sources	11,151,473	9,897,799	1,253,674	12.7%
Federal sources	131,169	818,542	(687,373)	-84.0%
Miscellaneous	-	3,597	(3,597)	-100.0%
Total general fund revenues	\$ 13,858,281	\$ 12,543,950	\$ 1,314,331	10.5%

Total General Fund revenue increased by \$1,314,331 or 10.5% from the previous year. Basic general education revenue is determined by a state per student funding formula and consists of an equalized mix of property tax and state aid revenue. The mix of property tax and state aid can change significantly from year to year without any net change on revenue. Federal aid decreased during 2024 as a result of less grant funding received through the Education Stabilization Fund.

The following schedule presents a summary of General Fund expenditures.

	Year Ended June 30,		Amount of Increase (Decrease)	Percent Increase (Decrease)
	2024	2023		
Salaries and benefits	\$ 9,439,118	\$ 8,836,687	\$ 602,431	6.8%
Purchased services	1,319,316	1,437,896	(118,580)	-8.2%
Supplies and materials	1,230,368	1,018,488	211,880	20.8%
Capital expenditures	340,390	1,072,695	(732,305)	-68.3%
Other expenditures	381,493	460,837	(79,344)	-17.2%
Total general fund expenditures	\$ 12,710,685	\$ 12,826,603	\$ (115,918)	-0.9%

Total General Fund expenditures decreased by \$115,918 or 0.9% from the previous year. The District had a decrease in expenditures for 2024 for dues and memberships and pension expense. Capital expenditures decreased due to less equipment purchases, as significantly less ESSER funds available to spend during the year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The District's general fund results when compared to the final budget are:

- Actual revenues were \$460,536 more than budget, mainly because of an increase in enrollment.
- Actual expenditures were \$1,452 more than budget.

Other Non-Major Funds

The Food Service Fund incurred a current year surplus of \$53,018. The Community Service Fund incurred a current year surplus of \$27,097. From the standpoint of maintaining current operating expenditures within the range of annual revenue, the Community Service Fund and Food Service Fund continue to operate on a sound financial basis.

Capital Assets

By the end of fiscal year 2024, the District had invested approximately \$48.3 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, athletic facilities, computer and audit-visual equipment, and school vehicles. Total depreciation/amortization expense for the year was \$1,279,704. Note 5 presents the detail of the District's capital assets.

Capital Assets Governmental Activities
June 30, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Land	\$ 112,700	\$ 112,700
Construction in progress	11,934,219	2,617,388
Buildings	32,054,339	32,054,339
Improvements	1,219,701	1,219,701
Equipment	2,554,281	2,309,058
Right-to-use lease assets	415,424	434,014
Accumulated depreciation/amortization	(16,485,300)	(15,320,286)
Total capital assets	\$ 31,805,364	\$ 23,426,914

Long-Term Liabilities

At year end the District had \$64,672,325 of long term debt, excluding pension and OPEB liabilities. This consisted of bonded indebtedness of \$61,580,000, unamortized bond premiums of \$2,787,704, leases payable of \$224,621 and severance payable of \$80,000. Note 6 presents the detail of the District's leases. Note 7 presents the detail of the District's long-term debt. The District has \$328,945 in liabilities for other postemployment benefits. See Note 8 for further information on OPEB obligations. The District has \$8,587,069 in net pension liability at June 30, 2024. See Note 9 for further information on pensions.

Factors Bearing on the District's Future

With the exception of voter-approved excess operating referendum, the District is dependent on the State of Minnesota for its revenue authority. At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the District was aware of the following factors that could significantly affects its financial health in the future:

- The political environment at the state level will have a significant effect on future finances. The state legislature sets the amount of revenue from aids and levies that Minnesota school districts will receive.
- Enrollment fluctuations can have a significant effect on the District's revenue. The District will continue to monitor enrollment closely and adjust budgets as necessary.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide the District's citizens, taxpayers, customers and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have any questions about this report or would like additional information, contact the Business Office, Independent School District No. 150, Hawley, Minnesota.

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

Assets	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 55,042,836
Receivables	
Current property taxes	2,863,621
Delinquent property taxes	52,855
Accounts	92,808
Due from other governmental units	1,261,057
Prepaid items	1,537
Inventories	28,861
	<u>59,343,575</u>
Capital assets	
Capital assets not being depreciated	
Land	112,700
Construction in progress	11,934,219
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	
Buildings and improvements	17,773,751
Land improvements	498,149
Equipment	1,241,401
Right-to-use leased assets	245,144
	<u>245,144</u>
Total capital assets	<u>31,805,364</u>
Total assets	<u>91,148,939</u>
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Other postemployment benefits	72,914
Pension plans	2,067,182
	<u>2,067,182</u>
Total deferred outflows of resources	<u>2,140,096</u>
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	239,915
Contracts and retainage payable	1,421,704
Due to other governmental units	4,327
Salaries payable	1,058,026
Accrued interest payable	1,087,239
Unearned revenue	22,109
Long-term liabilities	
Due within one year - other than pensions and OPEB	1,366,483
Due in more than one year - other than pensions and OPEB	63,305,842
Due in more than one year - other postemployment benefits	328,945
Due in more than one year - net pension liability	8,587,069
	<u>8,587,069</u>
Total liabilities	<u>77,421,659</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	4,484,293
Other postemployment benefits	96,264
Pension plans	553,674
	<u>553,674</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>5,134,231</u>
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	13,242,180
Restricted for specific purposes	47,746,200
Unrestricted	(50,255,235)
	<u>(50,255,235)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 10,733,145</u>

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	
Governmental activities					
Administration	\$ 727,578	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (727,578)
District support services	453,829	-	-	-	(453,829)
Regular instruction	5,802,885	502,316	99,521	-	(5,201,048)
Vocational instruction	443,378	-	-	-	(443,378)
Special education instruction	1,427,560	111,238	-	-	(1,316,322)
Community education and services	750,287	673,655	59,775	-	(16,857)
Instructional support services	582,190	-	-	-	(582,190)
Pupil support services	1,694,057	58,115	886,441	-	(749,501)
Sites and buildings	2,517,274	-	265,139	-	(2,252,135)
Fiscal and other fixed-cost programs	2,531,015	-	-	-	(2,531,015)
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,930,053	\$ 1,345,324	\$ 1,310,876	\$ -	(14,273,853)
General Revenues					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					1,223,307
Property taxes, levied for community education and services					41,707
Property taxes, levied for debt service					2,470,043
Aids and payments from state sources					11,538,480
Aids and payments from federal sources					31,648
County apportionment					17,508
Unrestricted investment earnings					3,048,737
Miscellaneous revenues					490,322
Total general revenues					18,861,752
Change in Net Position					4,587,899
Net Position - Beginning					6,145,246
Net Position - Ending					\$ 10,733,145

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Governmental Funds
Balance Sheet
June 30, 2024

	<u>General</u>	<u>Capital Projects</u>	<u>Debt Service</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,647,400	\$ 47,450,845	\$ 1,417,880	\$ 526,711	\$ 55,042,836
Receivables					
Current property taxes	839,026	-	1,998,754	25,841	2,863,621
Delinquent property taxes	14,331	-	37,826	698	52,855
Accounts	87,726	-	-	5,082	92,808
Due from other governmental units	1,190,084	-	65,149	5,824	1,261,057
Prepaid items	1,537	-	-	-	1,537
Inventories	-	-	-	28,861	28,861
Total assets	<u>\$ 7,780,104</u>	<u>\$ 47,450,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,519,609</u>	<u>\$ 593,017</u>	<u>\$ 59,343,575</u>
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 221,683	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 18,232	\$ 239,915
Due to other governmental units	5,137	-	-	-	5,137
Salaries payable	1,033,555	-	-	23,661	1,057,216
Contracts and retainage payable	-	1,421,704	-	-	1,421,704
Unearned revenue	1,905	-	-	20,204	22,109
Total liabilities	<u>1,262,280</u>	<u>1,421,704</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>62,097</u>	<u>2,746,081</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	7,574	-	19,992	369	27,935
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	1,424,099	-	3,015,821	44,373	4,484,293
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>1,431,673</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,035,813</u>	<u>44,742</u>	<u>4,512,228</u>
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable	1,537	-	-	28,861	30,398
Restricted	1,752,682	46,029,141	483,796	529,296	48,794,915
Committed	80,000	-	-	-	80,000
Assigned	3,330,365	-	-	-	3,330,365
Unassigned	(78,433)	-	-	(71,979)	(150,412)
Total fund balance	<u>5,086,151</u>	<u>46,029,141</u>	<u>483,796</u>	<u>486,178</u>	<u>52,085,266</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 7,780,104</u>	<u>\$ 47,450,845</u>	<u>\$ 3,519,609</u>	<u>\$ 593,017</u>	<u>\$ 59,343,575</u>

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 52,085,266
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position is different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and, therefore, are not reported as assets in the governmental funds.	31,805,364
Accrued interest payable for long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported as liabilities in the funds.	(1,087,239)
Delinquent property taxes are not available to pay for current period expenditures and, therefore, are reported as unavailable revenue in the funds.	27,935
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pension and OPEB plans are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	1,490,158
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, unamortized bond premium, leases, severance payable, other post-employment benefits, and pension liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.	<u>(73,588,339)</u>
Total Net Position - Governmental Activities	<u><u>\$ 10,733,145</u></u>

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Other Governmental Funds	Totals
Revenues					
Local property tax levies	\$ 1,209,682	\$ -	\$ 2,470,043	\$ 55,068	\$ 3,734,793
Other local and county sources	1,120,011	-	-	650,089	1,770,100
Investment earnings	240,695	2,619,463	188,579	-	3,048,737
Rental income	5,251	-	-	-	5,251
State sources	11,151,473	-	651,489	644,406	12,447,368
Federal sources	131,169	-	-	317,467	448,636
Sales and other conversion of assets	-	-	-	49,442	49,442
Total revenues	13,858,281	2,619,463	3,310,111	1,716,472	21,504,327
Expenditures					
Current					
Administration	748,500	-	-	-	748,500
District support services	403,366	-	-	-	403,366
Regular instruction	6,586,773	-	-	-	6,586,773
Vocational instruction	312,781	-	-	-	312,781
Special education instruction	1,424,109	-	-	-	1,424,109
Community education and service	-	-	-	753,492	753,492
Instructional support services	527,267	-	-	-	527,267
Pupil support services	758,548	-	-	882,865	1,641,413
Sites and buildings	1,393,329	-	-	-	1,393,329
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	87,151	-	2,247	-	89,398
Debt service					
Principal	109,174	-	7,370,000	-	7,479,174
Interest and fees	19,297	-	2,865,041	-	2,884,338
Capital outlay	340,390	9,317,764	-	-	9,658,154
Total expenditures	12,710,685	9,317,764	10,237,288	1,636,357	33,902,094
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	1,147,596	(6,698,301)	(6,927,177)	80,115	(12,397,767)
Other Financing Sources					
Leases (as lessee)	96,101	-	-	-	96,101
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,243,697	(6,698,301)	(6,927,177)	80,115	(12,301,666)
Fund Balance, Beginning	3,842,454	52,727,442	7,410,973	406,063	64,386,932
Fund Balance, End of Year	\$ 5,086,151	\$ 46,029,141	\$ 483,796	\$ 486,178	\$ 52,085,266

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,
and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Change in Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds \$ (12,301,666)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Capital outlays are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. However, in the statement of activities the cost of capital assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization expense.

Capital outlay	9,658,154
Depreciation/amortization expense	(1,279,704)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	13,625
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In the statement of activities, OPEB liabilities are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used.	46,123
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In the statement of activities, the cost of pension benefits earned net of employee contributions is reported as pension expense. In the governmental funds, however, the contributions are reported as an expense.	644,869
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The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds. Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position. This amount is the net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items.	7,806,498
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Change in Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 4,587,899
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Independent School District No. 150

Hawley Public Schools

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget to Actual - General Fund

Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Original Budget</u>	<u>Final Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	<u>Variance With Final Budget</u>
Revenues				
Local property tax levies	\$ 1,135,729	\$ 1,157,685	\$ 1,209,682	\$ 51,997
Other local and county sources	927,008	932,437	1,120,011	187,574
Investment earnings	100,000	150,000	240,695	90,695
Rental income	5,000	5,000	5,251	251
State sources	10,114,498	11,031,131	11,151,473	120,342
Federal sources	216,304	121,492	131,169	9,677
	<u>12,498,539</u>	<u>13,397,745</u>	<u>13,858,281</u>	<u>460,536</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Administration	763,272	758,605	748,500	10,105
District support services	382,219	395,549	403,366	(7,817)
Regular instruction	6,116,148	6,271,729	6,586,773	(315,044)
Vocational instruction	287,563	191,020	312,781	(121,761)
Special education instruction	1,453,107	1,422,001	1,424,109	(2,108)
Instructional support services	559,735	544,638	527,267	17,371
Pupil support services	822,796	848,183	758,548	89,635
Sites and buildings	1,838,357	1,801,980	1,393,329	408,651
Fiscal and other fixed cost programs	173,803	149,654	87,151	62,503
Debt Service				
Principal	97,000	156,000	109,174	46,826
Interest	16,000	7,800	19,297	(11,497)
Capital outlay	136,643	162,074	340,390	(178,316)
	<u>12,646,643</u>	<u>12,709,233</u>	<u>12,710,685</u>	<u>(1,452)</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues over (under) Expenditures	(148,104)	688,512	1,147,596	459,084
Other Financing Sources				
Leases (as lessee)	-	-	96,101	96,101
Net Change in Fund Balance	<u>\$ (148,104)</u>	<u>\$ 688,512</u>	1,243,697	<u>\$ 555,185</u>
Fund Balance, Beginning of Year			<u>3,842,454</u>	
Fund Balance, End of Year			<u>\$ 5,086,151</u>	

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Organization

Independent School District No. 150, Hawley Public Schools, Hawley, Minnesota (“the District”) was formed and operates pursuant to applicable Minnesota laws and statutes. The District is governed by a School Board elected by voters of the District. The financial statements of the District have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

B. Reporting Entity

The accompanying financial statements include all funds, departments, agencies, boards, commissions, and other organizations that comprise the District, along with any component units.

Component units are legally separate entities for which the District (primary government) is financially accountable, or for which the exclusion of the component unit would render the financial statements of the primary government misleading. The criteria used to determine if the primary government is financially accountable for a component unit include whether or not the primary government appoints the voting majority of the potential component unit’s governing body, is able to impose its will on the potential component unit, is in a relationship of financial burden or benefit with the potential component unit, or is fiscally depended upon by the potential component unit.

Based on these criteria, there are no organizations considered to be component units of the District.

C. Government-Wide Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include all the financial activities of the District. Generally, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from the government-wide financial statements.

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other internally directed revenues are reported as general revenues.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Property taxes are generally recognized as revenues in the fiscal year for which they are levied, except for amounts advance recognized in accordance with a statutory “tax shift” described later in these notes. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The District applies restricted resources first when an expense is incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted resources are available. For capital assets that can be specifically identified with, or allocated to functional areas, depreciation expense is included as a direct expense in the functional areas that utilize the related capital assets. Interest on long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

D. Fund Financial Statement Presentation

Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements. Aggregated information for the remaining nonmajor governmental funds is reported in a single column in the fund financial statements.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this basis of accounting transactions are recorded in the following manner:

Revenue Recognition - Revenue is recognized when it becomes measurable and available. “Measurable” means the amount of the transaction can be determined and “available” means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District generally considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days after year-end. Grants and similar items are recognized when all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. State revenue is recognized in the year to which it applies according to Minnesota Statutes. Federal revenue is recorded in the year in which the related expenditure is made. Proceeds of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Recording of Expenditures - Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt, including lease liabilities, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, severance, postemployment benefits, and pensions, are recognized later based on specific accounting rules applicable to each, generally when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions, including entering into contracts giving the District the right to use leased assets, are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and financing through leases are reported as other financing sources.

Description of Funds

The existence of the various district funds has been established by the Minnesota Department of Education. Each fund is accounted for as an independent entity. Descriptions of the funds included in this report are as follows:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund - The general fund is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. It includes the general operations and pupil transportation activities of the District, as well as the capital related activities such as maintenance of facilities, equipment purchases, and health and safety projects. The District's Student Activity Funds are under board control and are reported in the general fund.

Capital Projects Fund - The capital projects fund is used to account for capital projects within the District.

Debt Service Fund - The debt service fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and payment of, general obligation bond principal, interest, and related costs.

Nonmajor Governmental Funds

Food Service Fund - The food service fund is used to account for food service revenues and expenditures.

Community Service Fund - The community service fund is used to account for services provided to residents in the areas of recreation, civic activities, nonpublic pupils, adult or early childhood programs, extended day programs, or other similar services.

E. Other Significant Accounting Policies

Budgeting

An operating budget is adopted by July 1 of each fiscal year for all governmental funds on the same modified accrual basis used to reflect actual revenues and expenditures. The superintendent is authorized to transfer budget amounts within line items; however, supplemental appropriations that amend total appropriations of any fund require a board resolution. Reported budgeted amounts are as originally adopted or as amended by board resolution. Unencumbered appropriations lapse at year-end.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash balances for all district funds are pooled and invested to the extent available in various investment instruments as authorized by state statutes. Earnings from such investments are allocated to each of the funds based on the fund's average monthly cash and cash equivalents balance. Funds that incur a deficit balance in pooled cash and cash equivalents during the year are charged interest.

Deposits and investments consist of deposits, money market accounts, certificates of deposit, monies deposited with the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund (MSDLAF), U.S. Government obligations, and municipal bonds, and are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell the investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

Receivables

Amounts are shown net of any allowance for uncollectibles. No allowances for uncollectibles have been recorded. The only receivables not expected to be collected within one year are property taxes receivable.

Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Inventories

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method of accounting and consist of purchased food, supplies, and surplus commodities received from the federal government. Food and supply purchases are recorded at invoice cost, computed on a first-in, first-out method. Surplus commodities are stated at standardized costs, as determined by the U.S. Department of Agriculture.

Property Taxes

The majority of district revenue is determined annually by statutory funding formulas. The total revenue allowed by these formulas is allocated between property taxes and state aids by the Legislature based on education funding priorities.

Generally, property taxes are recognized as revenue by the District in the fiscal year that begins midway through the calendar year in which the tax levy is collectible. To help balance the state budget, the Minnesota Legislature utilizes a tool referred to as the “tax shift,” which periodically changes the District’s recognition of property tax revenue. The tax shift advance recognizes cash collected for the subsequent year’s levy as current year revenue, allowing the state to reduce the amount of aid paid to the District. The remaining portion of the taxes collectible in 2024 is recorded as deferred inflows of resources (property taxes levied for subsequent year).

Property tax levies are certified to the County Auditor in December of each year for collection from taxpayers in May and October of the following calendar year. In Minnesota, counties act as collection agents for all property taxes. The county spreads all levies over taxable property. Such taxes become a lien on property on the following January 1. The county general remits taxes to the District at periodic intervals as they are collected. A portion of the property taxes levied is paid by the State of Minnesota through various tax credits, which are included in revenue from state sources in the financial statements.

Current property taxes receivable is the uncollected portion of the taxes levied in 2023 and collectible in 2024. This levy is offset with a deferred inflow of resources for property taxes levied for a subsequent year. Delinquent taxes receivable includes the past six years’ uncollected taxes. Delinquent taxes have been offset by a deferred inflow of resources for delinquent taxes not received within 60 days after year-end in the fund financial statements.

Capital Assets

Capital assets are capitalized at historical cost, or estimated historical cost for assets where actual historic cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Acquisition value is the price that would have been paid to acquire an asset with equivalent service potential on the date of the donation. The District maintains a threshold level of \$2,000 or more for capitalizing capital assets. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend asset lives are not capitalized.

Capital assets are recorded in the government-wide financial statements, but are not reported in the fund financial statements. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives. Since surplus assets are sold for an immaterial amount when declared as no longer needed for public school purposes by the District, no salvage value is taken into consideration for depreciation purposes. Useful lives vary from 3 to 50 years. Land and construction in progress are not depreciated.

The District does not possess any material amounts of infrastructure capital assets. Items such as sidewalks and other land improvements are considered to be part of the cost of buildings or other improvable property.

Right to use leased assets are recognized at the lease commencement date and represent the District's right to use an underlying asset for the lease term. Right-to-use leased assets are measured at the initial value of the lease liability plus any payments made to the lessor before commencement of the lease term, less any lease incentives received from the lessor at or before the commencement of the lease term, plus any initial direct costs necessary to place the lease asset into service. Right to use leased assets are amortized over the shorter of the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset using the straight-line method. The amortization period is 5 years.

Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources, while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Lease liabilities represent the District's obligation to make lease payments arising from the lease. Lease liabilities are recognized at the lease commencement date based on the present value of future lease payments expected to be made during the lease term. The present value of lease payments are discounted based on a borrowing rate determined by the District.

Accrued Employee Benefits

Vacation - The District compensates substantially all full-time noncertified employees for unused vacation upon termination; however, no employee is allowed to accumulate more than a one-year vacation allowance. In the fund financial statements, the expenditure for vacation pay is recognized when payment is made, and a liability is recorded only for amounts payable in the current period. In the district-wide statements, vacation expense is recognized as earned and a liability is recorded for all earned vacation pay. Vacation is immaterial as of June 30, 2024, and is not accrued.

Sick Leave - Substantially all District employees are allowed to accrue sick leave at varying amounts each year and accumulate within specified limits. Employees are not compensated for unused sick leave upon termination of employment. Since the employees accumulating rights to receive compensation for future absences being caused by future illnesses such amounts cannot be reasonably estimated, a liability for unused sick leave has not been recorded in the financial statements. In some instances, unused sick leave does enter into the calculation of severance pay for some employees upon termination.

Severance Benefits - The district has a severance pay plan for teachers who have taught at least 10 years of teaching service in the District and 25 years of teaching experience. Eligible teachers, upon resignation, shall receive as severance pay an amount representing a maximum of 108 days of the teacher's final salary, reduced by the amount of contributions to the teacher's 403(b) plan made by the District.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

Under the provisions of the various employee and union contracts, the District provides certain postemployment benefits other than pensions to eligible retirees. These OPEB obligations are funded on a pay-as-you-go basis. The total OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and OPEB expense were actuarially determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75. Additional information can be found in Note 8.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA) and the Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) and additions to/deductions from PERA's and TRA's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERA and TRA. For this purpose, plan contributions are recognized as of employer payroll paid dates and benefit payments and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

TRA has a special funding situation created by direct aid contributions made by the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. This direct aid is a result of the Minneapolis Teachers Retirement Fund Association merger into TRA in 2006. A second direct aid source is from the State of Minnesota for the merger of the Duluth Teacher's Retirement Fund Association (DTRFA) in 2015. Additional information can be found in Note 9.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then.

The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category on the government-wide statement of net position. Deferred outflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits consists of various estimate differences and contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as expenditures in future years. Deferred outflows of resources related to pension plans consists of various estimate differences and contributions made to the plan subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as expenses in future years.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

The District has three types of items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item, unavailable revenue from property taxes, arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and is reported only in the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet. Delinquent property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the governmental funds in the period the amounts become available. The second item is property taxes levied for subsequent years, which represent property taxes received or reported as a receivable before the period for which the taxes are levied, and is reported as a deferred inflow of resources in both the government-wide statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. Property taxes levied for subsequent years are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements in the year for which they are levied and in the governmental fund financial statements during the year for which they are levied, if available. The third item is deferred inflows related to pension and OPEB plans as a result of various estimate differences that will be recognized as expenses in future years, reported in the government-wide statement of net position.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the District's government-wide financial statements. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any long-term debt attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Unrestricted net position is the net amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that are not included in the determination of net investment in capital assets or the restricted component of net position.

Fund Balance

In governmental fund types, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called "fund balance." The District's governmental funds report the following categories of fund balance, based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes.

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts are comprised of funds that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. They include items that are inherently nonspendable, such as, but not limited to, inventories, prepaid items, long-term receivables, non-financial assets held for resale, or the permanent principal of endowment funds.

- Restricted fund balance amounts are comprised of funds that have legally enforceable constraints placed on their use that either are externally imposed by resource providers or creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, voters, or laws or regulations of other governments, or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance amounts are comprised of unrestricted funds used for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the school board and that remain binding unless removed by the school board by subsequent formal action. The formal action to commit a fund balance must occur prior to fiscal year end; however, the specific amounts actually committed can be determined in the subsequent fiscal year. A majority vote of the school board is required to commit a fund balance to a specific purpose and subsequently to remove or change any constraint so adopted by the board. A committed fund balance cannot be a negative number.
- Assigned fund balance amounts are comprised of unrestricted funds constrained by the school district's intent that they be used for specific purposes, but that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In funds other than the general fund, the assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The assigned fund balance category will cover the portion of a fund balance that reflects the school district's intended use of those resources. The action to assign a fund balance may be taken after the end of the fiscal year. The school board, by majority vote, may assign fund balances to be used for specific purposes when appropriate. The board also delegates the power to assign fund balances to the following: the Superintendent and School Board Finance Committee. Assignments so made shall be reported to the school board on a monthly basis, either separately or as part of ongoing reporting by the assigning party if other than the school board. An assigned fund balance cannot be a negative number.
- Unassigned fund balance amounts are the residual amounts in the general fund not reported in any other classification. Unassigned amounts in the general fund are technically available for expenditure for any purpose. The general fund is the only fund that can report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other funds would report a negative unassigned fund balance should the total of nonspendable, restricted, and committed fund balances exceed the total net resources of that fund.

If resources from more than one fund balance classification could be spent, the school district will strive to spend resources from fund balance classifications in the following order (first to last): restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned. The school district will strive to maintain a minimum unrestricted (the combined committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance) general fund balance of three months of operating expenses.

Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts: theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; natural disasters; and workers' compensation for which the District carries commercial insurance. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three fiscal years. There were no significant reductions in the District's insurance coverage in fiscal year 2024.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance, and Accountability

Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Budget control for the fund is established by its total appropriations. The General Fund had expenditures exceeding appropriations in the amount of \$1,452 for the year ended June 30, 2024. These over expenditures were funded by greater than expected revenues.

Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

Deposits

In accordance with applicable Minnesota Statutes, the District maintains deposits at depository banks authorized by the District's School Board. All such depositories are members of the Federal Reserve System.

The following is considered the most significant risk associated with deposits:

Custodial Credit Risk - In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may be lost.

Minnesota Statutes require that all deposits be protected by federal deposit insurance, corporate surety bond, or collateral. The market value of collateral pledged must equal 110% of the deposits not covered by federal deposit insurance or corporate surety bonds. Authorized collateral includes treasury bills, notes, and bonds; issues of U.S. government agencies; general obligations rated "A" or better; revenue obligations rated "AA" or better; irrevocable standard letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank; and certificates of deposit. Minnesota Statutes require that securities pledged as collateral be held in safekeeping in a restricted account at the Federal Reserve Bank or in an account at a trust department of a commercial bank or other financial institution that is not owned or controlled by the financial institution furnishing the collateral.

At June 30, 2024, all deposits were insured or collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

Concentration of Credit Risk - The District maintains its cash in bank deposit accounts which exceed federally insured limits. Accounts are guaranteed by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) up to \$250,000 per depositor, per insured bank, for each account ownership category. At June 30, 2024, the District had approximately \$156,000 in excess of FDIC-insured limits, of which all of it was collateralized by securities held by the District's agent in the District's name.

Investments

The following are considered the most significant risks associated with investments:

Credit Risk - Investments - Minnesota Statutes authorize the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury, agencies and instrumentalities, bankers' acceptances, certain repurchase agreements and commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments - The investment in the Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund is not subject to the credit risk classifications as noted in paragraph 9 of GASB Statement No. 40.

Interest Rate Risk - Investments - The District does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities.

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District has the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

- Term series of \$5,000,000 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)
- Municipal bonds of \$12,256,997 are valued using quoted market prices (Level 1 inputs)

The following table presents the District’s deposit and investment balances at June 30, 2024:

Type	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (in Years)		
		N/A	< 1	1 - 5
Cash and Cash Equivalents				
Minnesota School				
District Liquid Asset Fund	\$ 5,769,939	\$ 5,769,939	\$ -	\$ -
Deposits	26,183,768	26,183,768	-	-
Money Market Accounts	232,160	232,160	-	-
Investments				
Certificates of Deposit	5,599,972	-	4,685,922	914,050
Term Series	5,000,000	-	5,000,000	-
Municipal Bonds	12,256,997	-	8,839,962	3,417,035
	<u>\$ 55,042,836</u>	<u>\$ 32,185,867</u>	<u>\$ 18,525,884</u>	<u>\$ 4,331,085</u>

The Minnesota School District Liquid Asset Fund is an external investment pool not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) that follows the same regulatory rules of the SEC under rule 2a7. The fair value of the position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool’s shares.

Note 4 - Due from Other Governmental Units

Amounts receivable from other governments as of June 30, 2024, include:

Fund	State
Major Funds	
General	\$ 1,190,084
Debt service	65,149
Non-major Funds	<u>5,824</u>
	<u>\$ 1,261,057</u>

Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023,	Additions	Deletions	Balance June 30, 2024
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated				
Land	\$ 112,700	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 112,700
Construction in progress	2,617,388	9,316,831	-	11,934,219
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	2,730,088	9,316,831	-	12,046,919
Capital Assets Being Depreciated/Amortized				
Buildings and improvements	32,054,339	-	-	32,054,339
Equipment	2,309,058	245,223	-	2,554,281
Land improvements	1,219,701	-	-	1,219,701
Right-to-use leased assets	434,014	96,100	114,690	415,424
Total capital assets being depreciated/amortized	36,017,112	341,323	114,690	36,243,745
Less Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization for				
Buildings and improvements	13,330,498	950,090	-	14,280,588
Equipment	1,112,246	200,634	-	1,312,880
Land improvements	679,248	42,304	-	721,552
Right-to-use leased assets	198,294	86,676	114,690	170,280
Total accumulated depreciation/amortization	15,320,286	1,279,704	114,690	16,485,300
Net capital assets, depreciated/amortized	20,696,826	(938,381)	-	19,758,445
Total capital assets, net	\$ 23,426,914	\$ 8,378,450	\$ -	\$ 31,805,364

Depreciation/amortization expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was charged to the following functions/programs:

District support services	\$ 96,586
Regular instruction	57,499
Vocational education instruction	8,693
Special education instruction	3,451
Instructional support services	43,159
Pupil support services	30,142
Sites and buildings	1,040,174
Total depreciation/amortization expense	\$ 1,279,704

Note 6 - Leases Payable

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of two buses. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$22,608. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$23,412 with the option to purchase for \$73,780 at the end of the fifth year. It is the District's intention to return the buses to the lessor at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 3.557%.

During the year ended June 30, 2021, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of two printers. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$4,356. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$298 with the option to purchase for \$1 at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 4.0%.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of two buses. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$33,881. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$17,848 with the option to purchase for \$76,442 at the end of the fifth year. It is the District's intention to return the buses to the lessor at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 3.55%.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of welding tanks. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$1,990. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$1,055 with the option to renew the lease at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 4.0%.

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of a postage meter. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$4,955. The District is required to make monthly principal and interest payments of \$146 with the option to renew the lease at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 2.12%.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of three buses. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$80,027. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$29,994 with the option to purchase for \$85,836 at the end of the fifth year. It is the District's intention to return the buses to the lessor at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 6.10%.

During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District entered into a 5-year lease agreement as lessee for the acquisition and use of two buses. As of June 30, 2024, the value of the lease liability was \$76,804. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$22,577 with the option to purchase for \$72,583 at the end of the fifth year. It is the District's intention to return the buses to the lessor at the end of the fifth year. The lease has an interest rate of 6.81%.

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

The future principal and interest lease payments as of June 30, 2024, were as follows:

<u>Years Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>
2025	\$ 87,820	\$ 12,399
2026	66,012	8,110
2027	49,651	4,529
2028	21,138	1,440
	<u>\$ 224,621</u>	<u>\$ 26,478</u>

Principal and interest on leases are paid from the general fund.

Note 7 - Long-Term Liabilities

Changes in long-term liabilities during the year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

	<u>Balance July 1, 2023</u>	<u>Additions</u>	<u>Deletions</u>	<u>Balance June 30, 2024</u>	<u>Due Within One Year</u>
Bonds payable	\$ 68,950,000	\$ -	\$ 7,370,000	\$ 61,580,000	\$ 1,110,000
Unamortized bond premium	3,152,862	-	365,158	2,787,704	128,663
Leases	237,694	96,101	109,174	224,621	87,820
Severance payable	80,000	-	-	80,000	40,000
	<u>\$ 72,420,556</u>	<u>\$ 96,101</u>	<u>\$ 7,844,332</u>	<u>\$ 64,672,325</u>	<u>\$ 1,366,483</u>

Bonds Payable

Following is a summary of bonds payable as of June 30, 2024:

<u>Bond Description</u>	<u>Final Maturity</u>	<u>Interest Rate</u>	<u>Original Principal</u>	<u>Outstanding Balance</u>
General Obligation Facilities Maintenance Bonds, Series 2019A	2034	2.25%-4.00%	\$ 2,125,000	\$ 1,560,000
General Obligation Taxable Crossover Refunding Bonds, Series 2021A	2034	0.73%-2.03%	7,070,000	7,070,000
General Obligation School Building Bonds, Series 2023A	2046	4.00%-5.00%	52,950,000	<u>52,950,000</u>
				<u>\$ 61,580,000</u>

The bonds are general obligations of the District for which the full faith and credit and unlimited taxing powers of the district are pledged. Bond principal and interest payments are made by the debt service fund.

Remaining principal and interest payments on bonds payable are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest
2025	\$ 1,110,000	\$ 2,629,811
2026	1,290,000	2,604,470
2027	1,440,000	2,569,636
2028	1,575,000	2,526,400
2029	1,710,000	2,477,301
2030-2034	11,165,000	11,342,356
2035-2039	16,065,000	8,426,938
2040-2044	18,765,000	4,246,788
2045-2046	8,460,000	542,938
	\$ 61,580,000	\$ 37,366,638

Lease Liability

See lease liability information disclosed in Note 6.

Severance Payable

Severance benefits as discussed in Note 1, are paid out of the general fund. Expected maturities of the severance payable are as follows:

Years Ending June 30,	
2025	\$ 40,000
2026	40,000
	\$ 80,000

Note 8 - Other Post-Employment Benefits

A. Plan Description

The Independent School District No. 150 other post-employment benefits plan is a defined OPEB plan that provides a single employer defined health care plan to eligible retirees. This plan covers active and retired employees who have reached age 55, with teachers needing at least 3 years of service and all other district employees needing 5 years of service. Benefit provisions are established through negotiations between the District and the union representing District employees and are renegotiated at the end of each contract period. Medical coverage is administered by the Sanford Health Plan. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report. No assets are accumulated in a trust.

B. Benefits Provided

The contract groups have access to other post-retirement benefits of blended medical premiums of \$584 for single and \$1,460 for family coverage. The implicit rate subsidy is only until Medicare eligibility. There are no subsidized post-employment medical, dental, or life insurance benefits.

C. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At the valuation date of July 1, 2023, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	8
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	134
	142

D. Total OPEB Liability

The District’s total OPEB liability of \$328,945 was measured as of July 1, 2023, and was determined by an actuarial valuation of July 1, 2023.

E. Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the July 1, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary increases	Service graded table, based on years of service
Healthcare cost trend rates	6.50 percent, grading to 5.00 percent over 6 years, and then to 4.00 percent over the next 48 years
Retiree Plan Participation	Future retirees electing coverage
Pre-65 subsidy available	N/A
Pre-65 subsidy not available	Business manager, teachers, and admin - 50% All others - 5%
Percent of Married Retirees Electing Spouse Coverage	
Spouse subsidy available	N/A
Spouse subsidy not available	25%

Since the plan is not funded by an irrevocable trust, the discount rate is equal to the 20-Year Municipal Bond Yield.

Mortality rates were based on the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2023, valuation were based on inputs from a variety of published sources of historical and projected future financial data.

Since the previous valuation dated July 1, 2021, the following changes have been made:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.10% to 3.90%.

F. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2023	\$	333,972
Changes from the Prior Year		
Service cost		20,121
Interest cost		7,036
Assumption changes		(27,021)
Difference between expected and actual experience		33,166
Benefit payments		<u>(38,329)</u>
Total Net Changes		<u>(5,027)</u>
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	<u><u>328,945</u></u>

The measurement date of the OPEB liability was July 1, 2023; the date of the actuarial valuation on which the total OPEB liability is based was July 1, 2023.

G. Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in Discount Rate and the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate of one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

	<u>1% Decrease in Discount Rate</u>	<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase in Discount Rate</u>
Discount rate	2.90%	3.90%	4.90%
Total OPEB liability	\$ 347,782	\$ 328,945	\$ 310,878

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend of one percentage point lower and one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	<u>1% Decrease in Healthcare Trend Rate</u>	<u>Selected Healthcare Trend Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase in Healthcare Trend Rate</u>
Medical trend rate	5.50%, grading to 4.00% over 6 years, then to 3.00% over the next 48 years	6.50%, grading to 5.00% over 6 years, then to 4.00% over the next 48 years	7.50%, grading to 6.00% over 6 years, then to 5.00% over the next 48 years
Total OPEB liability	\$ 328,945	\$ 328,945	\$ 360,649

H. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized OPEB revenue of \$4,815. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Liability losses/gains	\$ 27,638	\$ 72,140
Assumption changes	10,506	24,124
Employer contributions made after the measurement date	<u>34,770</u>	<u>-</u>
	<u>\$ 72,914</u>	<u>\$ 96,264</u>

The \$34,770 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expenses as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	OPEB Expense Amount
2025	\$ (38,506)
2026	(10,834)
2027	(10,829)
2028	1,024
2029	1,025

Note 9 - Defined Benefit Pension Plans

Substantially all employees of the District are required by state law to belong to defined benefit, multi-employer, cost-sharing pension plans administered by the Public Employees’ Retirement Association (PERA) or the Teachers’ Retirement Association (TRA), both of which are administered on a state-wide basis.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of deferred outflows of resources, net pension liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the plans as follows:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Net Pension Liability	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Pension Expense
PERA	\$ 369,596	\$ 1,090,418	\$ 381,431	\$ 14,859
TRA	1,697,586	7,496,651	172,243	1,141,802
Total all plans	\$ 2,067,182	\$ 8,587,069	\$ 553,674	\$ 1,156,661

Disclosures relating to these plans are as follows:

Public Employees Retirement Association (PERA)

A. Plan Descriptions

The District participates in the General Employees Retirement Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Public Employees Retirement Association of Minnesota (PERA). PERA’s defined benefit pension plans are established and administered in accordance with *Minnesota Statutes*, Chapters 353 and 356. PERA’s defined benefit pension plans are tax qualified plans under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The General Employees Retirement Plan covers certain full time and part-time employees of the District. General Employees Plan members belong to the Coordinated Plan. Coordinated Plan members are covered by Social Security.

B. Benefits Provided

PERA provides retirement, disability, and death benefits. Benefit provisions are established by state statute and can only be modified by the state Legislature. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits, but are not receiving them yet, are bound by the provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

General Employees Plan benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five successive years of allowable service, age, and years of credit at termination of service. Two methods are used to compute benefits for PERA's Coordinated Plan members. Members hired prior to July 1, 1989, receive the higher of Method 1 or Method 2 formulas. Only Method 2 is used for members hired after June 30, 1989. Under Method 1, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.2 percent for each of the first 10 years of service and 1.7 percent for each additional year. Under Method 2, the accrual rate for Coordinated members is 1.7 percent for all years of service. For members hired prior to July 1, 1989, a full annuity is available when age plus years of service equal 90 and normal retirement age is 65. For members hired on or after July 1, 1989, normal retirement age is the age for unreduced Social Security benefits capped at 66.

Benefit increases are provided to benefit recipients each January. The postretirement increase is equal to 50 percent of the cost-of-living adjustment (COLA) announced by the SSA, with a minimum increase of at least 1 percent and a maximum of 1.5 percent. Recipients that have been receiving the annuity or benefit for at least a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive the full increase. Recipients receiving the annuity or benefit for at least one month but less than a full year as of the June 30 before the effective date of the increase will receive a reduced prorated increase. In 2023, legislation repealed the statute delaying increases for members retiring before full retirement age.

C. Contribution Rate

Minnesota Statutes Chapter 353 sets the rates for employer and employee contributions. Contribution rates can only be modified by the state Legislature.

Coordinated Plan members were required to contribute 6.50 percent of their annual covered salary in fiscal year 2024 and the District was required to contribute 7.50 percent for Coordinated Plan members. The District's contributions to the General Employees Fund for the year ended June 30, 2024, were \$131,625. The District's contributions were equal to the required contributions as set by state statute.

D. Pension Costs

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$1,090,418 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Fund’s net pension liability. The District’s net pension liability reflected a reduction due to the State of Minnesota’s contribution of \$16 million. The State of Minnesota is considered a non-employer contributing entity and the state’s contribution meets the definition of a special funding situation. The State of Minnesota’s proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District totaled \$30,153.

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability was based on the District’s contributions received by PERA during the measurement period for employer payroll paid dates from July 1, 2022, through June 30, 2023, relative to the total employer contributions received from all of PERA’s participating employers. The District’s proportionate share was 0.0195 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0202 percent for the beginning of the period.

District’s proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 1,090,418
State of Minnesota’s proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the District	<u>30,153</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 1,120,571</u></u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,859 for its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan’s pension expense. In addition, the District recognized \$136 as grant revenue for its proportionate share of the State of Minnesota’s pension expense for the annual \$16 million contribution.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of the General Employees Plan’s deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual economic experience	\$ 36,119	\$ 7,204
Changes in actuarial assumptions	169,823	298,874
Net collective difference between projected and actual investment earnings	-	8,293
Change in proportion	32,029	67,060
Contributions paid to PERA subsequent to the measurement date	131,625	-
Total	\$ 369,596	\$ 381,431

The \$131,625 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	Pension Expense Amount
2025	\$ 11,489
2026	(147,908)
2027	16,613
2028	(23,654)

E. Long-Term Expected Return on Investment

The State Board of Investment, which manages the investments of PERA, prepares an analysis of the reasonableness on a regular basis of the long-term expected rate of return using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce an expected long-term rate of return by weighting the expected future rates of return by the target asset allocation percentages. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%
International equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed income	25.0%	0.75%
Private markets	25.0%	5.90%
	100.0%	

F. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023, actuarial valuation was determined using an individual entry-age normal actuarial cost method. The long-term rate of return on pension plan investments used in the determination of the total liability is 7.0 percent. This assumption is based on a review of inflation and investments return assumptions from a number of national investment consulting firms. The review provided a range of return investment return rates deemed to be reasonable by the actuary. An investment return of 7.0 percent was deemed to be within that range of reasonableness for financial reporting purposes.

Inflation is assumed to be 2.25 percent for the General Employees Plan. Benefit increases after retirement are assumed to be 1.25 percent for the General Employees Plan.

Salary growth assumptions in the General Employees Plan range in annual increments from 10.25 percent after one year of service to 3.0 percent after 27 years of service.

Mortality rates for the General Employees Plan are based on the Pub-2010 General Employee Mortality Table. The table is adjusted slightly to fit PERA’s experience.

Actuarial assumptions for the General Employees Plan are reviewed every four years. The most recent four-year experience study for the General Employees Plan was completed in 2022. The assumption changes were adopted by the Board and became effective with the July 1, 2023, actuarial valuation.

The following changes in actuarial assumptions and plan provisions occurred in 2023:

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions:

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions:

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

G. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability in 2023 was 7.0 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and employers will be made at rates set in Minnesota Statutes. Based on these assumptions, the fiduciary net position of the General Employees Fund was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

H. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability for the plan it participates in, calculated using the discount rate disclosed in the preceding paragraph, as well as what the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity Analysis
Net Pension Liability (Asset) at Different Discount Rates

	General Employees Fund	
1% lower	6.00%	\$ 1,929,037
Current discount rate	7.00%	\$ 1,090,418
1% higher	8.00%	\$ 400,622

I. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan’s fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued PERA financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at www.mnpera.org.

Teachers Retirement Association (TRA)

A. Plan Descriptions

The Teachers Retirement Association (TRA) is an administrator of a multiple employer, cost-sharing, defined benefit retirement fund. TRA administers a Basic Plan (without Social Security coverage) and a Coordinated Plan (with Social Security coverage) in accordance with Minnesota Statutes, Chapters 354 and 356. TRA is a separate statutory entity and administered by a Board of Trustees. The Board consists of four active members, one retired member and three statutory officials.

Educators employed in Minnesota’s public elementary and secondary schools, charter schools, and certain other TRA-covered educational institutions maintained by the state are required to be TRA members (except those employed by St. Paul schools or Minnesota State Colleges and Universities). Educators first hired by Minnesota State may elect either TRA coverage or coverage through the Defined Contribution Plan (DCR) administered by Minnesota State.

B. Benefits Provided

TRA provides retirement benefits as well as disability benefits to members, and benefits to survivors upon death of eligible members. Benefits are established by Minnesota Statute and vest after three years of service credit. The defined retirement benefits are based on a member's highest average salary for any five consecutive years of allowable service, age, and a formula multiplier based on years of credit at termination of service.

Two methods are used to compute benefits for TRA's Coordinated and Basic Plan members. Members first employed before July 1, 1989, receive the greater of the Tier I or Tier II benefits as described.

Tier I Benefits

<u>Tier 1</u>	<u>Step Rate Formula</u>	<u>Percentage</u>
Basic	First ten years of service	2.2% per year
	All years after	2.7% per year
Coordinated	First ten years if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.2% per year
	First ten years if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.4% per year
	All other years of service if service years are up to July 1, 2006	1.7% per year
	All other years of service if service years are July 1, 2006 or after	1.9% per year

With these provisions:

- a.) Normal retirement age is 65 with less than 30 years of allowable service and age 62 with 30 or more years of allowable service.
- b.) 3 percent per year early retirement reduction factor for all years under normal retirement age.
- c.) Unreduced benefits for early retirement under a Rule-of-90 (age plus allowable service equals 90 or more).

or

For years of service prior to July 1, 2006, a level formula of 1.7 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for basic members is applied. For years of service July 1, 2006, and after, a level formula of 1.9 percent per year for coordinated members and 2.7 percent per year for Basic members applies. Beginning July 1, 2015, the early retirement reduction factors are based on rates established under Minnesota Statute. Smaller reductions, more favorable to the member, will be applied to individuals who reach age 62 and have 30 years or more of service credit.

Tier II Benefits

Members first employed after June 30, 1989, receive only the Tier II benefit calculation with a normal retirement age that is their retirement age for full Social Security retirement benefits, but not to exceed age 66.

Six different types of annuities are available to members upon retirement. The No Refund Life Plan is a lifetime annuity that ceases upon the death of the retiree - no survivor annuity is payable. A retiring member may also choose to provide survivor benefits to a designated beneficiary(ies) by selecting one of the five plans that have survivorship features. Vested members may also leave their contributions in the TRA Fund upon termination of service in order to qualify for a deferred annuity at retirement age. Any member terminating service is eligible for a refund of their employee contributions plus interest.

The benefit provisions stated apply to active plan participants. Vested, terminated employees who are entitled to benefits but not yet receiving them are bound by the plan provisions in effect at the time they last terminated their public service.

C. Contribution Rate

Per Minnesota Statutes, Chapter 354 sets the contribution rates for employees and employers. Rates for each fiscal year ending June 30, 2022, June 30, 2023, and June 30, 2024, were:

	June 30, 2022		June 30, 2023		June 30, 2024	
	Employees	Employers	Employees	Employers	Employees	Employers
Basic	11.00%	12.34%	11.00%	12.55%	11.25%	12.75%
Coordinated	7.50%	8.34%	7.50%	8.55%	7.75%	8.75%

The following is a reconciliation of employer contributions in TRA’s fiscal year 2023 ACFR “Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position” to the employer contributions used in Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Pension Allocations.

	<i>in thousands</i>
Employer contributions reported in TRA's ACFR, Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position	\$ 508,764
Employer contributions not related to future contribution efforts	(87)
TRA's contributions not included in allocation	<u>(643)</u>
Total employer contributions	508,034
Total non-employer contributions	<u>35,587</u>
Total contributions reported in <i>Schedule of Employer and Non-Employer Allocations</i>	<u><u>\$ 543,621</u></u>

Amounts reported in the allocation schedules may not precisely agree with financial statement amounts or actuarial valuations due to the number of decimal places used in the allocations. TRA has rounded percentage amounts to the nearest ten thousandths.

D. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement.

Key Methods and Assumptions Used in Valuation of Total Pension Liability	
Actuarial Information	
Valuation Date	July 1, 2023
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023
Experience Study	June 28, 2019 (demographic and economic assumptions)*
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	7.00%
Price inflation	2.50%
Wage growth rate	2.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% after June 30, 2028
Projected salary increase	2.85% to 8.85% before July 1, 2028, and 3.25% to 9.25% after June 30, 2028
Cost of living adjustment	1.0% for January 2019 through January 2023, then increasing by 0.1% each year up to 1.5% annually
Mortality Assumptions	
Pre-retirement	RP-2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back five years and female rates set back seven years. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
Post-retirement	RP-2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP-2015 scale.
Post-disability	RP-2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.

The assumptions prescribed are based on the experience study dated June 28, 2019. For GASB 67 purposes, the long-term rate of return assumptions is selected by TRA management in consultation with actuary.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocations	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	33.5%	5.10%
International equity	16.5%	5.30%
Fixed income	25.0%	0.75%
Private markets	25.0%	5.90%
Total	100.0%	

The TRA actuary has determined the average of the expected remaining service lives of all members for fiscal year 2024 is six years. The *Difference between Expected and Actual Experience*, *Changes of Assumptions*, and *Changes in Proportion* use the amortization period of six years in the schedule presented. The amortization period for *Net Difference between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings on Pension Plan Investments* is five years as required by GASB 68.

Changes in actuarial assumptions since the 2022 valuation

The 2023 Tax Finance and Policy Bill, effective July 1, 2025:

- The employer contribution rate will increase from 8.75% to 9.5% on July 1, 2025.
- The employee contribution rate will increase from 7.75% to 8% on July 1, 2025.
- The pension adjustment rate for school districts and the base budgets for Minnesota State, Perpich Center for Arts Education, and Minnesota Academies will increase to reflect the 0.75% employer contribution rate increase.

The 2024 Omnibus Pensions and Retirement Bill:

- The Normal Retirement Age (NRA) for active and eligible deferred Tier II members will be 65 effective July 1, 2024.
- TRA’s amortization date will remain the same at 2048.

E. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.00 percent. There was no change in the discount rate since the prior measurement. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the fiscal year 2023 contribution rate, contributions from school districts will be made at contractually required rates (actuarially determined), and contributions from the state will be made at current statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be depleted and, as a result, the Municipal Bond Index Rate was not used in the determination of the Single Equivalent Interest Rate (SEIR).

F. Net Pension Liability

On June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability of \$7,496,651 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's contributions to TRA in relation to total system contributions including direct aid from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District. District proportionate share was 0.0908 percent at the end of the measurement period and 0.0893 percent for the beginning of the year.

The pension liability amount reflected a reduction due to direct aid provided to TRA. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the direct aid, and total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of net pension liability	<u>\$ 7,496,651</u>
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability associated with the district	<u>\$ 525,344</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension revenue of \$1,141,802. It also recognized \$73,973 as an increase to pension expense for the support provided by direct aid.

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

On June 30, 2024, the District had deferred resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 72,023	\$ 108,360
Net difference between projected and actual investment earnings on pension plan investments	-	41,520
Changes of assumptions	861,730	-
Changes in proportion	221,907	22,363
District's contributions to TRA subsequent to the measurement date	541,926	-
Total	\$ 1,697,586	\$ 172,243

The \$541,926 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ended June 30,	Pension Expense Amount
2025	\$ 139,562
2026	22,557
2027	891,414
2028	(76,765)
2029	6,649

G. Pension Liability Sensitivity

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent as well what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (6.00%) or one percentage point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

Sensitivity of Net Pension Liability (NPL) to changes in the discount rate

1% decrease (6.00%)	Current (7.00%)	1% increase (8.00%)
\$ 11,956,608	\$ 7,496,651	\$ 3,845,634

The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on the employer contributions to TRA in relation to TRA’s total employer contributions including direct aid contributions from the State of Minnesota, City of Minneapolis and Minneapolis School District.

H. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRA’s fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued TRA financial report. That report can be obtained at www.MinnesotaTRA.org, by writing to TRA at 60 Empire Drive, Suite 400, St. Paul, MN, 55103-4000; or by calling (651)-296-2409 or (800)-657-3669.

Note 10 - Fund Balance

Certain portions of fund balances are restricted based on state requirements to track special program funding, to provide for funding on certain long-term liabilities, or as required by other outside parties.

The following is a summary of fund balances as of June 30, 2024:

	General	Capital Projects	Debt Service	Other Government Funds	Totals
Nonspendable					
Inventories	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 28,861	\$ 28,861
Prepays	1,537	-	-	-	1,537
Total nonspendable	<u>1,537</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,861</u>	<u>30,398</u>
Restricted					
Student activities	163,131	-	-	-	163,131
Literacy incentive aid	60,222	-	-	-	60,222
Community education	-	-	-	114,723	114,723
Early childhood and family education	-	-	-	117,594	117,594
School readiness	-	-	-	89,786	89,786
Food service	-	-	-	207,193	207,193
Capital projects	-	45,881,197	-	-	45,881,197
Debt service	-	-	483,796	-	483,796
Long-term facilities maintenance	1,391,734	147,944	-	-	1,539,678
Medical assistance	137,165	-	-	-	137,165
Total restricted	<u>1,752,682</u>	<u>46,029,141</u>	<u>483,796</u>	<u>529,296</u>	<u>48,794,915</u>
Committed					
Severance	80,000	-	-	-	80,000
Assigned					
Capital projects	3,086,365	-	-	-	3,086,365
Technology	74,000	-	-	-	74,000
Academic innovation projects	170,000	-	-	-	170,000
Total assigned	<u>3,330,365</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,330,365</u>
Unassigned	(78,433)	-	-	(71,979)	(150,412)
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 5,086,151</u>	<u>\$ 46,029,141</u>	<u>\$ 483,796</u>	<u>\$ 486,178</u>	<u>\$ 52,085,266</u>

Independent School District No. 150

Hawley Public Schools

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2024

The UFARS fund balance reporting standards are slightly different than the reporting standards under GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. Below is a reconciliation between the fund balance reporting under GASB 54 and UFARS reporting standards:

	GASB Balance	Reconciling Items	UFARS Balance
Nonspendable			
Inventories	\$ 28,861	\$ -	\$ 28,861
Prepays	1,537	-	1,537
Total nonspendable	<u>30,398</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>30,398</u>
Restricted			
Student activities	163,131	-	163,131
Literacy incentive aid	60,222	-	60,222
Community education	114,723	-	114,723
Early childhood and family education	117,594	-	117,594
School readiness	89,786	-	89,786
Safe schools levy	-	(292,817)	(292,817)
Food service	207,193	-	207,193
Capital projects	45,881,197	-	45,881,197
Long-term facilities maintenance			
General fund	1,391,734	-	1,391,734
Capital projects fund	147,944	-	147,944
Medical assistance	137,165	-	137,165
Total restricted	<u>48,794,915</u>	<u>(292,817)</u>	<u>48,502,098</u>
Committed			
Severance	80,000	-	80,000
Assigned			
Capital projects	3,086,365	-	3,086,365
Technology	74,000	-	74,000
Academic innovation projects	170,000	-	170,000
Total assigned	<u>3,330,365</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>3,330,365</u>
Unassigned	<u>(150,412)</u>	<u>292,817</u>	<u>142,405</u>
Total fund balance	<u>\$ 52,085,266</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 52,085,266</u>

Note 11 - Flexible Benefit Plan

The District has a flexible benefit plan which is classified as a “cafeteria plan” (the Plan) under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code. All employee groups of the District are eligible if and when the collective bargaining agreement or contract with their group allows eligibility. Eligible employees can elect to participate by contributing pre-tax dollars withheld from payroll checks to the Plan for healthcare and dependent care benefits. Before the beginning of the Plan year, which is from September 1, thru August 31, each participant designates a total amount of pre-tax dollars to be contributed to the Plan during the year. At June 30, the District is contingently liable for claims against the total amount of participants’ annual contributions to the medical reimbursement portion of the Plan, whether or not such contributions have been made.

Payment of insurance premiums (health, dental, life, and disability) are made by the District directly to the designated insurance companies. These payments are made monthly and are accounted for in the General Fund and special revenue funds.

Amounts withheld for medical reimbursement and dependent care are paid by the District to an outside administrator upon an employee submitting a request for reimbursement. Payments are made by the outside administrator to participating employees upon submitting a request for reimbursement of eligible expenses actually incurred by the employee.

All property of the Plan and income attributable to that property is solely the property of the District, subject to the claims of the District’s general creditors. Participants’ rights under the plan are equal to those of general creditors of the District in an amount equal to eligible healthcare and dependent care expenses incurred by the participants. The District believes that it is unlikely that it will use the assets to satisfy the claims of general creditors in the future.

Note 12 - Employee Benefit Plan 403(b)

Contracted District employees are eligible to participate in the 403(b) program as described by the District. Employee’s participation in the 403(b) program and 403(b) matching program is in accordance with the Master Agreement between Independent School District No. 150, Hawley Public Schools and Education Minnesota Hawley. The District contributions for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$131,289, \$90,965 and \$117,644, respectively.

Note 13 - Commitments and Contingencies

Federal and State Revenue

Amounts received or receivable from federal and state agencies are subject to agency audit and adjustment. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of funds which may be disallowed by the agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Litigation and Potential Exposure

In the ordinary course of its operations, the District is party to legal proceedings as a plaintiff or defendant. The financial impact of remaining actions is not determinable at June 30, 2024, but, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, the ultimate disposition of any or all of these proceedings will not have a material effect on the District's financial position.

Construction Commitments

The District has active construction projects as of June 30, 2024. The project includes the construction and remodeling of the District's school buildings with construction costs of \$11,934,219 reported as construction in progress with remaining commitments of \$39,925,191 as of June 30, 2024. The remodeling project is expected to be completed in September 2026.

Note 14 - Related Organizations

The District, in conjunction with five other school districts, is a member district of Lake Agassiz Education Cooperative, Joint Power District No. 397. The Cooperative is governed by a Governing Board appointed by the District they represent. The purpose of the Joint Powers Board is to provide by cooperative effort a comprehensive special education program for the member districts. Contributions of \$174,202 were made by the District to the related organization for the year ended June 30, 2024. The contributions are based on the operating budget of the Cooperative and allocated per agreement to the member districts. Lake Agassiz Education Cooperative is separately audited from the District. Complete financial statements for the Cooperative can be obtained from its administrative office at PO Box 628, Hawley, Minnesota 56549.



Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

**Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools**

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
June 30, 2024

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Last 10 Fiscal Years*

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Service cost	\$ 20,121	\$ 24,620	\$ 23,903	\$ 26,050	\$ 25,291	\$ 29,221	\$ 28,370
Interest	7,036	7,177	12,664	12,541	19,016	18,705	18,209
Changes of assumptions	(27,021)	-	21,012	-	(9,657)	-	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	33,166	-	(92,155)	-	(156,395)	-	-
Benefit payments	(38,329)	(29,784)	(35,882)	(29,129)	(38,268)	(31,477)	(34,220)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(5,027)	2,013	(70,458)	9,462	(160,013)	16,449	12,359
Total OPEB liability - beginning	333,972	331,959	402,417	392,955	552,968	536,519	524,160
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$ 328,945	\$ 333,972	\$ 331,959	\$ 402,417	\$ 392,955	\$ 552,968	\$ 536,519
Covered payroll	\$ 7,318,130	\$ 6,830,134	\$ 6,631,198	\$ 6,270,832	\$ 6,088,186	\$ 5,888,367	\$ 5,716,861
District's total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	4.49%	4.89%	5.01%	6.42%	6.45%	9.39%	9.38%

*GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

Notes to the Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2021 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.00% to 2.50%.
- The discount rate was changed from 2.10% to 3.90%.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022:

- The health care trend rates were changed to better anticipate short term and long-term medical increases.
- The mortality tables were updated from the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2018 Generational Improvement Scale to the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Headcount-Weighted Mortality Tables (General, Teachers) with MP-2020 Generational Improvement Scale.
- The salary increase rates for non-teachers were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The withdrawal rates were updated to reflect the latest experience study.
- The inflation rate was changed from 2.50% to 2.00%.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.10% to 2.10%.

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
June 30, 2024

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020:

- Health care trend rates, mortality tables, and salary increase rates were updated.
- The discount rate was changed from 3.40% to 3.10%.

There have been no changes in plan provisions.

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
June 30, 2024

**Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability
Last 10 Fiscal Years**

Pension Plan	Measurement Date	Employer's Proportion (Percentage) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a)	State's Proportionate Share (Amount) of the Net Pension Liability Associated With District (b)	Total (d) (a+b)	Employer's Covered Payroll (e)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll (a/e)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
PERA	6/30/2014	0.0209%	\$ 981,777	N/A	\$ 981,777	\$ 1,118,551	87.8%	78.8%
PERA	6/30/2015	0.0203%	1,052,051	N/A	1,052,051	1,126,499	93.4%	78.2%
PERA	6/30/2016	0.0213%	1,729,454	22,610	1,752,064	1,229,800	140.6%	68.9%
PERA	6/30/2017	0.0193%	1,232,099	15,453	1,247,552	1,188,298	103.7%	75.9%
PERA	6/30/2018	0.0196%	1,087,328	35,591	1,122,919	1,234,568	88.1%	79.5%
PERA	6/30/2019	0.0194%	1,072,583	33,499	1,106,082	1,265,608	84.7%	80.2%
PERA	6/30/2020	0.0204%	1,222,073	37,663	1,259,736	1,366,546	89.4%	79.1%
PERA	6/30/2021	0.0187%	798,574	24,423	822,997	1,264,373	63.2%	87.0%
PERA	6/30/2022	0.0202%	1,599,847	46,920	1,646,767	1,510,000	106.0%	70.5%
PERA	6/30/2023	0.0195%	1,090,418	30,153	1,120,571	1,551,707	70.3%	83.1%
TRA	6/30/2014	0.0930%	\$ 4,285,373	\$ 301,342	\$ 4,586,715	\$ 4,246,288	100.9%	81.5%
TRA	6/30/2015	0.0870%	5,381,810	660,324	6,042,134	4,413,680	121.9%	76.8%
TRA	6/30/2016	0.0876%	20,894,690	2,097,439	22,992,129	4,554,493	458.8%	44.9%
TRA	6/30/2017	0.0882%	17,606,320	1,701,489	19,307,809	4,747,133	370.9%	51.6%
TRA	6/30/2018	0.0874%	5,486,780	541,567	6,028,347	4,826,333	113.7%	78.1%
TRA	6/30/2019	0.0873%	5,564,520	492,310	6,056,830	4,954,047	112.3%	78.1%
TRA	6/30/2020	0.0875%	6,464,617	541,567	7,006,184	5,085,316	127.1%	75.5%
TRA	6/30/2021	0.0896%	3,921,164	330,853	4,252,017	5,361,747	73.1%	86.6%
TRA	6/30/2022	0.0893%	7,150,675	530,162	7,680,837	5,522,830	129.5%	76.2%
TRA	6/30/2023	0.0908%	7,496,651	525,344	8,021,995	5,772,667	129.9%	76.4%

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Schedule of Employer's Contributions
June 30, 2024

**Schedule of Employer's Contributions
Last 10 Fiscal Years**

Pension Plan	Fiscal Year Ending	Statutorily Required Contribution (a)	Contributions in Relation to the Statutorily Required Contribution (b)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (a-b)	Covered Payroll (d)	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (b/d)
PERA	6/30/2015	\$ 84,487	\$ 84,487	\$ -	\$ 1,126,499	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2016	92,235	92,235	-	1,229,800	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2017	89,122	89,122	-	1,188,298	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2018	92,593	92,593	-	1,234,568	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2019	94,921	94,921	-	1,265,608	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2020	102,491	102,491	-	1,366,546	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2021	94,828	94,828	-	1,264,373	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2022	113,250	113,250	-	1,510,000	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2023	116,378	116,378	-	1,551,707	7.5%
PERA	6/30/2024	131,625	131,625	-	1,755,000	7.5%
TRA	6/30/2015	\$ 331,026	\$ 331,026	\$ -	\$ 4,413,680	7.5%
TRA	6/30/2016	341,587	341,587	-	4,554,493	7.5%
TRA	6/30/2017	356,035	356,035	-	4,747,133	7.5%
TRA	6/30/2018	361,975	361,975	-	4,826,333	7.5%
TRA	6/30/2019	381,957	381,957	-	4,954,047	7.7%
TRA	6/30/2020	402,757	402,757	-	5,085,316	7.9%
TRA	6/30/2021	435,910	435,910	-	5,361,747	8.1%
TRA	6/30/2022	460,604	460,604	-	5,522,830	8.3%
TRA	6/30/2023	493,563	493,563	-	5,772,667	8.6%
TRA	6/30/2024	541,926	541,926	-	6,193,440	8.8%

Notes to the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions

PERA

2023 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption and single discount rate were changed from 6.5 percent to 7.0 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- An additional one-time direct state aid contribution of \$170.1 million will be contributed to the Plan on October 1, 2023.
- The vesting period of those hired after June 30, 2010, was changed from five years of allowable service to three years of allowable service.
- The benefit increase delay for early retirements on or after January 1, 2024, was eliminated.
- A one-time, non-compounding benefit increase of 2.5 percent minus the actual 2024 adjustment will be payable in a lump sum for calendar year 2024 by March 31, 2024.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2020 to Scale MP-2021.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return and single discount rates were changed from 7.50 percent to 6.50 percent, for financial reporting purposes.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2019 to Scale MP-2020.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There were no changes in plan provisions since the previous valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The price inflation assumption was decreased from 2.50% to 2.25%.
- The payroll growth assumption was decreased from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Assumed salary increase rates were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The net effect is assumed rates that average 0.25% less than previous rates.
- Assumed rates of retirement were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The changes result in more unreduced (normal) retirements and slightly fewer Rule of 90 and early retirements.
- Assumed rates of termination were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The new rates are based on service and are generally lower than the previous rates for years 2-5 and slightly higher thereafter.
- Assumed rates of disability were changed as recommended in the June 30, 2019 experience study. The change results in fewer predicted disability retirements for males and females.

- The base mortality table for healthy annuitants and employees was changed from the RP-2014 table to the Pub-2010 General Mortality table, with adjustments. The base mortality table for disabled annuitants was changed from the RP-2014 disabled annuitant mortality table to the PUB-2010 General/Teacher disabled annuitant mortality table, with adjustments.
- The mortality improvement scale was changed from Scale MP-2018 to Scale MP-2019.
- The assumed spouse age difference was changed from two years older for females to one year older.
- The assumed number of married male new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 35% to 45%. The assumed number of married female new retirees electing the 100% Joint & Survivor option changed from 15% to 30%. The corresponding number of married new retirees electing the Life annuity option was adjusted accordingly.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Augmentation for current privatized members was reduced to 2.0% for the period July 1, 2020 through December 31, 2023 and 0.0% after. Augmentation was eliminated for privatizations occurring after June 30, 2020.

2019 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2017 to MP-2018.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The employer supplemental contribution was changed prospectively, decreasing from \$31.0 million to \$21.0 million per year. The State's special funding contribution was changed prospectively, requiring \$16.0 million due per year through 2031.

2018 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The mortality projection scale was changed from MP-2015 to MP-2017.
- The assumed benefit increase was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.25 percent per year.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The augmentation adjustment in early retirement factors is eliminated over a five-year period starting July 1, 2019, resulting in actuarial equivalence after June 30, 2024.
- Interest credited on member contributions decreased from 4.00 percent to 3.00 percent, beginning July 1, 2018.
- Deferred augmentation was changed to 0.00 percent, effective January 1, 2019. Augmentation that has already accrued for deferred members will still apply.
- Contribution stabilizer provisions were repealed.
- Postretirement benefit increases were changed from 1.00 percent per year with a provision to increase to 2.50 percent upon attainment of 90.00 percent funding ratio to 50.00 percent of the Social Security Cost of Living Adjustment, not less than 1.00 percent and not more than 1.50 percent, beginning January 1, 2019.
- For retirements on or after January 1, 2024, the first benefit increase is delayed until the retiree reaches normal retirement age; does not apply to Rule of 90 retirees, disability benefit recipients, or survivors.
- Actuarial equivalent factors were updated to reflect revised mortality and interest assumptions.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The combined service annuity (CSA) loads were changed from 0.80 percent for active members and 60.00 percent for vested and non-vested deferred members. The revised CSA load are now 0.00 percent for active member liability, 15.00 percent for vested deferred member liability, and 3.00 percent for non-vested deferred member liability.
- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed for 1.00 percent per year for all years to 1.00 percent per year through 2044 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- The State's contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund equals \$16,000,000 in 2017 and 2018, and \$6,000,000 thereafter.
- The Employer Supplemental Contribution for the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund changed from \$21,000,000 to \$31,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031. The state's contribution changed from \$16,000,000 to \$6,000,000 in calendar years 2019 to 2031.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year for all years.
- The assumed investment return was changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent. The single discount rate changed from 7.90 percent to 7.50 percent.
- Other assumptions were changed pursuant to the experience study June 30, 2015. The assumed future salary increases, payroll growth, and inflation were decreased by 0.25 percent to 3.25 percent for payroll growth and 2.50 percent for inflation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The assumed postretirement benefit increase rate was changed from 1.00 percent per year through 2030 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter to 1.00 percent per year through 2035 and 2.50 percent per year thereafter.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- On January 1, 2015, the Minneapolis Employees Retirement Fund was merged into the General Employees Fund, which increased the total pension liability by \$1.1 billion and increase the fiduciary plan net position by \$892 million. Upon consolidation, state and employer contributions were revised; the State's contribution of \$6.0 million, which meets the special funding situation definition, was due September 2015.

TRA**2023 Changes**

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50% to 7.00%. This does not affect the GASB valuation which was already using the 7.00% assumption.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- Effective July 1, 2025, the normal retirement age for Tier 2 members will decrease from 66 to 65.
- The employer contribution rate will increase from 8.75% to 9.50% on July 1, 2025.
- The employee contribution rate will increase from 7.75% to 8.00% on July 1, 2025.

2022 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2021 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The investment return assumption was changed from 7.50 percent to 7.00 percent.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2020 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero percent beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers is reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.
- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years, (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2019 Changes**Changes in Actuarial Assumptions**

- The COLA was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% in January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending June 30, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
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- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next 6 years, (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2018 Changes**Changes in Actuarial Assumptions**

- The discount rate was decreased to 4.66% from 8.0%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was reduced from 2.0% each January 1 to 1.0%, effective January 1, 2019. Beginning January 1, 2024, the COLA will increase 0.1% each year until reaching the ultimate rate of 1.5% on January 1, 2028.
- Beginning July 1, 2024, eligibility for the first COLA changes to normal retirement age (age 65 to 66, depending on date of birth). However, members who retire under Rule of 90 and members who are at least age 62 with 30 years of service credit are exempt.
- The COLA trigger provision, which would have increased the COLA to 2.5% if the funded ratio was at least 90% for two consecutive years, was eliminated.
- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out over a five-year period beginning July 1, 2019 and ending July 1, 2024 (this reduces early retirement benefits). Members who retire and are at least age 62 with 30 years of service are exempt.
- Augmentation on deferred benefits will be reduced to zero% beginning July 1, 2019. Interest payable on refunds to members was reduced from 4.0% to 3.0%, effective July 1, 2018. Interest due on payments and purchases from members, employers was reduced from 8.5% to 7.5%, effective July 1, 2018.

- The employer contribution rate is increased each July 1 over the next six years (7.71% in 2018, 7.92% in 2019, 8.13% in 2020, 8.34% in 2021, 8.55% in 2022, and 8.75% in 2023). In addition, the employee contribution rate will increase from 7.50% to 7.75% on July 1, 2023. The state provides funding for the higher employer contribution rate through an adjustment in the school aid formula.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2017 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 5.12% from 4.66%.
- The cost of living adjustment (COLA) was assumed to increase from 2.0% annually to 2.5% annually on July 1, 2045.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase to 2.5% but remain at 2.0% for all future years.
- Adjustments were made to the combined service annuity loads. The active load was reduced from 1.4% to 0.0%, the vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 7.0% and the non-vested inactive load increased from 4.0% to 9.0%.
- The investment return assumption was changed from 8.0% to 7.5%.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 2.75% to 2.5%.
- The payroll growth assumption was lowered from 2.5% to 3.0%.
- The general wage growth assumption was lowered from 3.5% to 2.85% for ten years followed by 3.25% thereafter.
- The salary increase assumption was adjusted to reflect the changes in the general wage growth assumption.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2016 Changes

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The discount rate was decreased to 4.66% from 8.0%.
- The COLA was not assumed to increase for funding or the GASB calculation. It remained at 2% for all future years.
- The price inflation assumption was lowered from 3% to 2.75%.
- The general wage growth and payroll growth assumptions were lowered from 3.75% to 3.5%.
- Minor changes as some durations for the merit scale of the salary increase assumption.
- The pre-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar employee table, male rates set back six years and female rates set back five years. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-retirement mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 white collar annuitant table, male rates set back three years and female rates set back three years, with further adjustments of the rates. Generational projection uses the MP 2015 scale.
- The post-disability mortality assumption was changed to the RP 2014 disabled retiree mortality table, without adjustment.

- Augmentation in the early retirement reduction factors is phased out o Separate retirement assumptions for members hired before or after July 1, 1989, were created to better reflect each group's behavior in light of different requirements for retirement eligibility.
- Assumed termination rates were changed to be based solely on years of service in order to better fit the observed experience.
- A minor adjustment and simplification of the assumption regarding the election of optional form of annuity payment at retirement were made.

Changes in Plan Provisions

- There have been no changes since the prior valuation.

2015 Changes

Changes of benefit terms

- The DTRFA was merged into TRA on June 30, 2015.

Changes in Actuarial Assumptions

- The annual COLA for the June 30, 2015, valuation assumed 2%. The prior year valuation used 2% with an increase to 2.5% commencing in 2034. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 8.0%. This is a decrease from the discount rate at the prior measurement date of 8.25%. Details, if necessary, can be obtained from the TRA Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

PERA's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report may be obtained on the PERA's website at www.mnpera.org for notes to the Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability and Schedule of Employer's Contributions.

Additional financial and actuarial information can be found in TRA's GASB 67-68 report. Both reports can be obtained at <https://minnesotatra.org>.



Combining and Individual Fund Schedules
June 30, 2024

**Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools**

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
General Fund
Schedule of Changes in UFARS Fund Balances
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Fund Balance (Deficit), Beginning of Year	Net Change in Fund Balance	Fund Balance (Deficit), End of Year
Nonspendable	\$ 43,161	\$ (41,624)	\$ 1,537
Restricted for student activities	125,024	38,107	163,131
Restricted for staff development	16,354	(16,354)	-
Restricted for literacy incentive aid	-	60,222	60,222
Restricted for operating capital	-	430	430
Restricted for gifted and talented	223	(223)	-
Restricted for safe schools levy	(252,513)	(40,304)	(292,817)
Restricted for long term facilities maintenance	1,154,452	237,282	1,391,734
Restricted for medical assistance	131,050	6,115	137,165
Committed for severance	80,000	-	80,000
Assigned for capital projects	2,131,000	955,365	3,086,365
Assigned for technology	74,000	-	74,000
Assigned for academic innovation projects	170,000	-	170,000
Unassigned	169,703	44,681	214,384
	<u>\$ 3,842,454</u>	<u>\$ 1,243,697</u>	<u>\$ 5,086,151</u>

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Balance Sheet
June 30, 2024

	Food Service	Community Service	Totals
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 227,726	\$ 298,985	\$ 526,711
Receivables			
Current property taxes	-	25,841	25,841
Delinquent property taxes	-	698	698
Accounts	82	5,000	5,082
Due from other governmental units	-	5,824	5,824
Inventories	28,861	-	28,861
	<u>28,861</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>28,861</u>
Total assets	<u>\$ 256,669</u>	<u>\$ 336,348</u>	<u>\$ 593,017</u>
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 18,232	\$ 18,232
Salaries payable	411	23,250	23,661
Unearned revenue	20,204	-	20,204
	<u>20,204</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>20,204</u>
Total liabilities	<u>20,615</u>	<u>41,482</u>	<u>62,097</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	-	369	369
Property taxes levied for subsequent year	-	44,373	44,373
	<u>-</u>	<u>44,373</u>	<u>44,373</u>
Total deferred inflows of resources	<u>-</u>	<u>44,742</u>	<u>44,742</u>
Fund Balance			
Nonspendable	28,861	-	28,861
Restricted	207,193	322,103	529,296
Unassigned	-	(71,979)	(71,979)
	<u>-</u>	<u>(71,979)</u>	<u>(71,979)</u>
Total fund balance	<u>236,054</u>	<u>250,124</u>	<u>486,178</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balance	<u>\$ 256,669</u>	<u>\$ 336,348</u>	<u>\$ 593,017</u>

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
Combining Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Food Service</u>	<u>Community Service</u>	<u>Totals</u>
Revenues			
Local property tax levies	\$ -	\$ 55,068	\$ 55,068
Other local and county sources	-	650,089	650,089
State sources	568,974	75,432	644,406
Federal sources	317,467	-	317,467
Sales and other conversion of assets	49,442	-	49,442
Total revenues	<u>935,883</u>	<u>780,589</u>	<u>1,716,472</u>
Expenditures			
Current			
Community education and service	-	753,492	753,492
Pupil support services	882,865	-	882,865
Total expenditures	<u>882,865</u>	<u>753,492</u>	<u>1,636,357</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	53,018	27,097	80,115
Fund Balance, Beginning	<u>183,036</u>	<u>223,027</u>	<u>406,063</u>
Fund Balance, End of Year	<u>\$ 236,054</u>	<u>\$ 250,124</u>	<u>\$ 486,178</u>



Other Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

**Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools**

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fiscal Compliance Report - 6/30/2024

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District: **HAWLEY (150-1)** [Back Print](#)

	Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS		Audit	UFARS	Audit - UFARS
01 GENERAL FUND				06 BUILDING CONSTRUCTION			
Total Revenue	\$13,858,281	<u>\$13,858,280</u>	\$1	Total Revenue	\$2,619,463	<u>\$2,619,463</u>	\$0
Total Expenditures	\$12,710,685	<u>\$12,710,683</u>	\$2	Total Expenditures	\$9,317,764	<u>\$9,317,762</u>	\$2
<i>Non Spendable:</i>				<i>Non Spendable:</i>			
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$1,537	<u>\$1,537</u>	\$0	4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>				<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.01 Student Activities	\$163,131	<u>\$163,131</u>	\$0	4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.13 Funded by COP/FP	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.03 Staff Development	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.67 LTFM	\$147,944	<u>\$147,944</u>	\$0
4.07 Capital Projects Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<i>Restricted:</i>			
4.08 Cooperative Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$45,881,197	<u>\$45,881,199</u>	(\$2)
4.12 Literacy Incentive Aid	\$60,222	<u>\$60,222</u>	\$0	<i>Unassigned:</i>			
4.14 Operating Debt	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.16 Levy Reduction	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	07 DEBT SERVICE			
4.17 Taconite Building Maint	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	Total Revenue	\$3,310,111	<u>\$3,310,110</u>	\$1
4.20 American Indian Education Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	Total Expenditures	\$10,237,288	<u>\$10,237,287</u>	\$1
4.24 Operating Capital	\$430	<u>\$430</u>	\$0	<i>Non Spendable:</i>			
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.27 Disabled Accessibility	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.28 Learning & Development	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.25 Bond Refundings	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.34 Area Learning Center	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.33 Maximum Effort Loan Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.35 Contracted Alt. Programs	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.36 State Approved Alt. Program	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.67 LTFM	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.38 Gifted & Talented	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<i>Restricted:</i>			
4.39 English Learner	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$483,796	<u>\$483,798</u>	(\$2)
4.40 Teacher Development and Evaluation	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<i>Unassigned:</i>			
4.41 Basic Skills Programs	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.43 School Library Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	08 TRUST			
4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.49 Safe Schools Levy	(\$292,817)	<u>(\$292,817)</u>	\$0	Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.51 QZAB Payments	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.53 Unfunded Sev & Retiremt Levy	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.59 Basic Skills Extended Time	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.67 LTFM	\$1,391,734	<u>\$1,391,734</u>	\$0	18 CUSTODIAL			
4.71 Student Support Personnel Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.72 Medical Assistance	\$137,165	<u>\$137,165</u>	\$0	Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<i>Restricted:</i>				<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.01 Student Activities	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.75 Title VII Impact Aid	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.02 Scholarships	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.76 Payments in Lieu of Taxes	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	4.48 Achievement and Integration	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<i>Committed:</i>				4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.18 Committed for Separation	\$80,000	<u>\$80,000</u>	\$0	20 INTERNAL SERVICE			
4.61 Committed Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0	Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<i>Assigned:</i>				Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.62 Assigned Fund Balance	\$3,330,365	<u>\$3,330,365</u>	\$0	4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
<i>Unassigned:</i>				4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	\$0
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$214,387	<u>\$214,387</u>	\$0				

Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Uniform Financial Accounting and Reporting Standards Compliance Table
Year Ended June 30, 2024

02 FOOD SERVICES

Total Revenue	\$935,883	<u>\$935,883</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$882,865	<u>\$882,865</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Non Spendable:</i>			
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$28,861	<u>\$28,861</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Restricted:</i>			
4.04 Restricted Fund Balance	\$207,193	<u>\$207,194</u>	<u>(\$1)</u>
<i>Unassigned:</i>			
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

04 COMMUNITY SERVICE

Total Revenue	\$780,589	<u>\$780,589</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$753,492	<u>\$753,492</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Non Spendable:</i>			
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Restricted / Reserved:</i>			
4.26 \$25 Taconite	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.31 Community Education	\$114,723	<u>\$114,723</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.32 E.C.F.E	\$117,594	<u>\$117,594</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.40 Teacher Development and Evaluation	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.44 School Readiness	\$89,786	<u>\$89,786</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.47 Adult Basic Education	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.52 OPEB Liab Not In Trust	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Restricted:</i>			
4.04 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Unassigned:</i>			
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	(\$71,979)	<u>(\$71,978)</u>	<u>(\$1)</u>

25 OPEB REVOCABLE TRUST

Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

45 OPEB IRREVOCABLE TRUST

Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.22 Unassigned Fund Balance (Net Assets)	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>

47 OPEB DEBT SERVICE

Total Revenue	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
Total Expenditures	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Non Spendable:</i>			
4.60 Non Spendable Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Restricted:</i>			
4.25 Bond Refundings	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
4.64 Restricted Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<i>Unassigned:</i>			
4.63 Unassigned Fund Balance	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>



Additional Reports
June 30, 2024

**Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools**



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

The School Board of
Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Hawley, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 150, Hawley Public Schools (“the District”), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings as items 2024-001, 2024-002, and 2024-003, that we consider to be material weaknesses.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform procedures on the District's responses to findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Audit Findings. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Fargo, North Dakota
November 18, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on *Minnesota Legal Compliance*

The School Board of
Independent School District No. 150
Hawley Public Schools
Hawley, Minnesota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Independent School District No. 150, Hawley Public Schools ("the District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated November 18, 2024.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe that the District failed to comply with the provisions of the contracting - bid laws, depositories of public funds and public investments, conflicts of interest, public indebtedness, claims and disbursements, miscellaneous provisions, and uniform financial accounting and reporting standards for Minnesota school districts (UFARS) sections of the *Minnesota Legal Compliance Audit Guide for School Districts*, promulgated by the State Auditor pursuant to Minn. Stat. §6.65, insofar as they relate to accounting matters. However, our audit was not directed primarily toward obtaining knowledge of such noncompliance. Accordingly, had we performed additional procedures, other matters may have come to our attention regarding the District's noncompliance with the above referenced provisions, insofar as they relate to accounting matters.

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP".

Fargo, North Dakota
November 18, 2024

Section I - Financial Statement Findings

**2024-001 Preparation of Financial Statements
Material Weakness**

Criteria - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for internally preparing the District's financial statements.

Condition - The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited. The auditors were requested to, and did, draft the financial statements and accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Cause - The District does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the financial statements being audited.

Effect - The disclosures in the financial statements could be incomplete.

Recommendation - It is the responsibility of management and those charged with governance to make the decision whether to accept the degree of risk associated with this condition because of cost or other considerations.

Views of Responsible Officials - There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

**2024-002 Material Journal Entries
Material Weakness**

Criteria - A good system of internal accounting control contemplates an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the financial statements.

Condition - During the course of our engagement, we proposed material audit adjustments that were not identified as a result of the District's existing internal controls, and therefore could have resulted in a material misstatement of the District's financial statements.

Cause - The District does not have an internal control system designed to identify all necessary adjustments.

Effect - This deficiency could result in a misstatement to the financial statements that would not be prevented or detected.

Recommendation - A thorough review and reconciliation of accounts in each fund should take place prior to the beginning of the audit. This review should be done at both the accounting staff and accounting supervisor levels.

Views of Responsible Officials - There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

**2024-003 Segregation of Duties
Material Weakness**

Criteria - A good system of internal control requires an adequate segregation of duties so that no one individual has incompatible responsibilities. No one person should have more than one duty relating to the authorization (approval), custody of assets (check signers), record keeping and reconciliation functions.

Condition - The District does not adequately separate duties in cash receipts and journal entry posting.

Cause - One individual is responsible for receipting cash, preparing the deposit slip, making the deposit in the financial institution, and entering the transaction into the accounting system. Also, there is no formal process to review journal entries that are posted into the accounting system.

Effect - Inadequate segregation of duties could adversely affect the District's ability to detect misstatements in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements in a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions.

Recommendation - The accounting functions should be reviewed to determine if additional segregation of duties is feasible and to improve the efficiency and effectiveness of financial management and financial statement accuracy for the District. Segregation of authorization, custody of assets, record keeping and reconciliation functions would assist in mitigating the risk of fraud or misstatements to the financial statements.

Views of Responsible Officials - There is no disagreement with the audit finding.

Section II - Minnesota Legal Compliance Findings

None Reported.