



Financial Statements
June 30, 2023

Lompoc Unified School District

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Independent Auditor's Report

To the Governing Board
Lompoc Unified School District
Lompoc, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lompoc Unified School District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lompoc Unified School District, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Notes 1 and 16 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the governmental activities net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability and related ratios, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability – MPP program, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalSTRS, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability - CalPERS, schedule of the District's contributions - CalSTRS, and schedule of the District's contributions - CalPERS, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by *Government Auditing Standards*

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 10, 2024 on our consideration of the District’s internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District’s internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
January 10, 2024



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Dr. Clara Finneran, Superintendent

This section of Lompoc Unified School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023 with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2022. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the Lompoc Unified School District using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. They present governmental activities. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflow of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The primary unit of the government is the Lompoc Unified School District.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's *operating results*. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we present the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - All of the District's services are reported in this category. This includes the education of kindergarten through grade twelve students, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, State income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, State and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities. The District reports all of its services in this category.

REPORTING THE DISTRICT'S MOST SIGNIFICANT FUNDS

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - All of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can

be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statement.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Overall, at the conclusion of the 2022-2023 school year, the District's General Fund balance was \$39,711,110.19.

THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Net Position

The District's net position was \$39,741,128 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. Of this amount, \$(68,037,642) was unrestricted (deficit). Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants, grantors, constitutional provisions, and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use that net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022 as restated
Assets		
Current and other assets	\$ 87,355,157	\$ 61,895,671
Capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets	88,877,802	88,465,148
Total assets	<u>176,232,959</u>	<u>150,360,819</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>30,587,584</u>	<u>24,696,836</u>
Liabilities		
Current liabilities	18,227,178	17,337,452
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions	25,502,466	28,542,642
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	6,809,722	6,716,501
Aggregate net pension liabilities	<u>101,090,465</u>	<u>66,281,838</u>
Total liabilities	<u>151,629,831</u>	<u>118,878,433</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>15,449,584</u>	<u>51,621,442</u>
Net Position		
Net investment in capital assets	67,197,837	65,842,776
Restricted	40,580,933	20,524,249
Unrestricted (deficit)	<u>(68,037,642)</u>	<u>(81,809,245)</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 39,741,128</u>	<u>\$ 4,557,780</u>

The \$(68,037,642) in unrestricted (deficit) net position of all governmental activities represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. Unrestricted net deficit decreased by \$13,771,603, 16.8%, compared to the prior year balance of \$(81,809,245).

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022 *
Revenues		
Program revenues		
Charges for services and sales	\$ 1,217,385	\$ 1,654,592
Operating grants and contributions	55,850,287	40,004,471
General revenues		
Federal and State aid not restricted	87,543,522	76,980,910
Property taxes	34,949,226	33,389,040
Other general revenues	1,964,727	366,832
Total revenues	181,525,147	152,395,845
Expenses		
Instruction	97,638,694	87,706,186
Pupil services	19,005,582	17,016,454
Administration	8,838,251	7,830,500
Plant services	15,235,090	13,881,881
All other services	5,624,182	9,009,580
Total expenses	146,341,799	135,444,601
Change in net position	\$ 35,183,348	\$ 16,951,244

* The revenues and expenses for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

Governmental Activities

As reported in the *Statement of Activities* on page 14, the cost of all of our governmental activities this year was \$146,341,799. However, the amount that our taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes was only \$34,949,226 because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$1,217,385), or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$55,850,287). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$89,508,249, in Federal and State funds and other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the cost and net cost of each of the District's largest functions – instruction-related, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services	
	2023	2022 *	2023	2022 *
Instruction-related	\$ 97,638,694	\$ 87,706,186	\$ (58,227,657)	\$ (59,332,647)
Pupil services	19,005,582	17,016,454	(7,974,303)	(8,090,239)
Administration	8,838,251	7,830,500	(6,243,872)	(6,282,789)
Plant services	15,235,090	13,881,881	(14,838,097)	(13,559,965)
All other services	5,624,182	9,009,580	(1,990,198)	(6,519,898)
Total	\$ 146,341,799	\$ 135,444,601	\$ (89,274,127)	\$ (93,785,538)

* The total and net cost of services for fiscal year 2022 were not restated to show the effects of GASB Statement No. 96 for comparative purposes.

THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

As the District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$69,154,190, which is an increase of \$24,565,041, or 55.1% from last year. (Table 4)

Table 4

Governmental Fund	Balances and Activity			
	July 01, 2022	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2023
General Fund	\$ 33,125,087	\$ 174,372,938	\$ 152,987,852	\$ 54,510,173
Student Activity Fund	760,972	1,123,710	1,178,219	706,463
Adult Education Fund	1,302,577	1,497,701	1,414,103	1,386,175
Cafeteria Fund	2,871,728	7,335,440	4,879,850	5,327,318
Capital Facilities Fund	1,172,477	133,865	-	1,306,342
County School Facilities	550,554	15,887	262,141	304,300
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	1,939,915	2,297,555	2,567,153	1,670,317
Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	2,865,839	2,597,444	1,520,181	3,943,102
Total	\$ 44,589,149	\$ 189,374,540	\$ 164,809,499	\$ 69,154,190

The primary reasons for these increases/decreases are:

1. The General Fund is the District's principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund increased from \$45 million to \$69 million due to one-time funding, and deferred expenses to new year.
2. The Cafeteria Fund increased due to one-time funding and universal meals.
3. The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is County controlled and dependent on the structure of the debt.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on June 27, 2023. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 63.)

CAPITAL ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE LEASED ASSETS, RIGHT-TO-USE SUBSCRIPTION IT ASSETS, AND LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

At June 30, 2023, the District had \$88,877,802, in a broad range of capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets (net of depreciation and amortization), including land and construction in process, land improvements, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, depreciation, and amortization) of \$412,654, or 0.5% from last year (Table 5).

Table 5

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022 as restated
Land and construction in progress	\$ 12,030,269	\$ 10,246,606
Land improvements	21,775,865	21,251,692
Buildings and improvements	49,260,028	51,656,012
Furniture and equipment	5,038,801	4,185,150
Right-to-use leased assets	489,045	721,188
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	283,794	404,500
Total	\$ 88,877,802	\$ 88,465,148

Several capital projects are planned for the 2023-2024 year. We anticipate capital additions to be \$18,414,653 for the 2023-2024 year. We present more detailed information about our capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets in Note 5 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities Other than Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) and Pension

At the end of this year, the District had \$25,502,466, in long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions versus \$28,542,642, last year, a decrease of \$3,040,176, or 10.7%. The liabilities consisted of the following:

Table 6

	Governmental Activities	
	2023	2022 as restated
Long-Term Liabilities		
General obligation bonds	\$ 6,915,000	\$ 8,114,805
Premium on issuance	459,065	687,974
Private placement debt -		
Energy efficiency financing	13,935,916	14,109,233
Leases	494,323	796,211
Subscription-based IT arrangements	190,856	315,022
Finance purchase agreement	452,251	-
Supplemental Early Retirement Plan	1,181,586	2,612,930
Early retirement incentives	6,553	114,784
Compensated absences	1,866,916	1,791,683
	<u>\$ 25,502,466</u>	<u>\$ 28,542,642</u>
Total		

The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that Districts can issue to 2.5% of the assessed value of all taxable property within the District's boundaries. The District's outstanding general obligation debt is significantly below statutorily imposed limit.

We provide more detailed information regarding long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions in Note 9 of the financial statements.

OPEB and Pension Liabilities

At year-end, the District had a net other post-employment benefits (OPEB) liability of \$6,809,722, versus \$6,716,501, last year, an increase of \$93,221, or 1.4%.

In addition, at year-end, the District had an aggregate net pension liability of \$101,090,465 versus \$66,281,838 last year, an increase of \$34,808,627, or 52.5%.

We provide more detailed information regarding OPEB and pensions in Note 10 and Note 13, respectively, of the financial statements.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES

In considering the District Budget for the 2023-2024 year, the governing board and management used the following criteria:

Revenues:

1. The LCFF Base Grant will increase by the COLA percentage 8.22%.
2. Funded ADA will be based on the average of the last three years.
3. Federal, Other State and Other Local Revenue will be budgeted according to published funding results and actual revenue receipts.

Expenditures:

1. Benefits will increase due to increase of Health Insurance and PERS rates.
2. Salary budget will increase by 6.5%.
3. The District will have large capitalized projects budgeted in ESSER for kindergarten classrooms.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact Douglas Sorum, Assistant Superintendent, Business Services, at Lompoc Unified School District, 1301 North "A" Street, P.O. Box 8000, Lompoc, California, 93438-8000, or e-mail at sorum.douglas@lusd.org.

Lompoc Unified School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 74,023,906
Receivables	13,086,887
Prepaid expense	191,643
Stores inventories	52,721
Capital assets not depreciated	12,030,269
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	76,074,694
Right-to-use leased assets, net of accumulated amortization	489,045
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of accumulated amortization	283,794
Total assets	176,232,959
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	526,098
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	610,474
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	29,451,012
Total deferred outflows of resources	30,587,584
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	14,015,440
Accrued interest payable	26,211
Unearned revenue	4,185,527
Long-term liabilities	
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due within one year	2,162,841
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions due in more than one year	23,339,625
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	6,809,722
Aggregate net pension liability	101,090,465
Total liabilities	151,629,831
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	1,541,313
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	13,908,271
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,449,584
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	67,197,837
Restricted for	
Debt service	3,916,891
Capital projects	1,610,642
Educational programs	28,072,723
Other activities	6,980,677
Unrestricted (deficit)	(68,037,642)
Total net position (deficit)	\$ 39,741,128

Lompoc Unified School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities				
Instruction	\$ 82,726,637	\$ 561,929	\$ 34,684,734	\$ (47,479,974)
Instruction-related activities				
Supervision of instruction	4,476,634	41,098	1,920,100	(2,515,436)
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,255,302	-	109,188	(2,146,114)
School site administration	8,180,121	38,091	2,055,897	(6,086,133)
Pupil services				
Home-to-school transportation	2,076,349	-	-	(2,076,349)
Food services	4,589,893	271,864	7,179,660	2,861,631
All other pupil services	12,339,340	65,714	3,514,041	(8,759,585)
Administration				
Data processing	2,133,059	12,110	282,004	(1,838,945)
All other administration	6,705,192	16,698	2,283,567	(4,404,927)
Plant services	15,235,090	13,438	383,555	(14,838,097)
Ancillary services	3,056,284	17	1,157,072	(1,899,195)
Interest on long-term liabilities	568,495	-	-	(568,495)
Other outgo	1,999,403	196,426	2,280,469	477,492
	<u>\$ 146,341,799</u>	<u>\$ 1,217,385</u>	<u>\$ 55,850,287</u>	<u>(89,274,127)</u>
Total governmental activities				
General Revenues and Subventions				
Property taxes, levied for general purposes				31,966,914
Property taxes, levied for debt service				2,574,379
Taxes levied for other specific purposes				407,933
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes				87,543,522
Interest, investment earnings, and change in fair market valuations				(8,594)
Interagency revenues				209,802
Miscellaneous				1,763,519
				<u>124,457,475</u>
Subtotal, general revenues and subventions				
Change in Net Position				35,183,348
Net Position - Beginning, as restated				<u>4,557,780</u>
Net Position - Ending				<u>\$ 39,741,128</u>

Lompoc Unified School District
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets			
Deposits and investments	\$ 62,049,089	\$ 11,974,817	\$ 74,023,906
Receivables	9,739,931	3,346,956	13,086,887
Due from other funds	154,238	-	154,238
Prepaid expenditures	191,643	-	191,643
Stores inventories	14,982	37,739	52,721
	<u>72,149,883</u>	<u>15,359,512</u>	<u>87,509,395</u>
Total assets	\$ 72,149,883	\$ 15,359,512	\$ 87,509,395
Liabilities and Fund Balances			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	\$ 13,454,183	\$ 561,257	\$ 14,015,440
Due to other funds	-	154,238	154,238
Unearned revenue	4,185,527	-	4,185,527
	<u>17,639,710</u>	<u>715,495</u>	<u>18,355,205</u>
Total liabilities	17,639,710	715,495	18,355,205
Fund Balances			
Nonspendable	211,460	42,739	254,199
Restricted	28,072,723	12,775,769	40,848,492
Committed	2,397,808	-	2,397,808
Assigned	19,090,183	1,825,509	20,915,692
Unassigned	4,737,999	-	4,737,999
	<u>54,510,173</u>	<u>14,644,017</u>	<u>69,154,190</u>
Total fund balances	54,510,173	14,644,017	69,154,190
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 72,149,883	\$ 15,359,512	\$ 87,509,395

Lompoc Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2023

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds		\$ 69,154,190
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of capital assets is	\$ 204,782,599	
Accumulated depreciation is	<u>(116,677,636)</u>	
Net capital assets		88,104,963
Right-to-use leased assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use leased assets is	1,160,714	
Accumulated amortization is	<u>(671,669)</u>	
Net right-to-use leased assets		489,045
Right-to-use subscription IT assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.		
The cost of right-to-use subscription IT assets is	542,258	
Accumulated amortization is	<u>(258,464)</u>	
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets		283,794
In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred.		
		(26,211)
Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to		
Deferred charge on refunding	526,098	
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	610,474	
Aggregate net pension liability	<u>29,451,012</u>	
Total deferred outflows of resources		30,587,584
Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and are not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to		
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB) liability	(1,541,313)	
Aggregate net pension liability	<u>(13,908,271)</u>	
Total deferred inflows of resource		(15,449,584)
Aggregate net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		
		(101,090,465)

Lompoc Unified School District
 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2023

The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		\$ (6,809,722)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds	\$ (6,915,000)	
Premium on issuance	(459,065)	
Energy efficiency financing	(13,935,916)	
Leases	(494,323)	
Subscription-based IT arrangements	(190,856)	
Finance purchase agreement	(452,251)	
Supplemental Early Retirement Plan	(1,181,586)	
Early retirement incentive	(6,553)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	<u>(1,866,916)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(25,502,466)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u>\$ 39,741,128</u>

Lompoc Unified School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues			
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 115,519,612	\$ -	\$ 115,519,612
Federal sources	13,836,614	5,764,534	19,601,148
Other State sources	34,392,558	3,552,919	37,945,477
Other local sources	10,162,440	5,684,149	15,846,589
Total revenues	<u>173,911,224</u>	<u>15,001,602</u>	<u>188,912,826</u>
Expenditures			
Current			
Instruction	85,982,048	664,998	86,647,046
Instruction-related activities			
Supervision of instruction	4,535,386	185,885	4,721,271
Instructional library, media, and technology	2,308,197	-	2,308,197
School site administration	8,541,986	412,534	8,954,520
Pupil services			
Home-to-school transportation	1,894,486	-	1,894,486
Food services	288,685	4,679,366	4,968,051
All other pupil services	12,917,090	83,625	13,000,715
Administration			
Data processing	3,353,965	-	3,353,965
All other administration	6,699,521	187,651	6,887,172
Plant services	13,176,932	200,163	13,377,095
Ancillary services	1,990,933	1,178,219	3,169,152
Other outgo	6,999,403	-	6,999,403
Facility acquisition and construction	3,274,401	2,709,025	5,983,426
Debt service			
Principal	608,834	1,225,000	1,833,834
Interest and other	415,985	295,181	711,166
Total expenditures	<u>152,987,852</u>	<u>11,821,647</u>	<u>164,809,499</u>
Excess of Revenues			
Over Expenditures	<u>20,923,372</u>	<u>3,179,955</u>	<u>24,103,327</u>
Other Financing Sources			
Other sources - SBITAs	9,463	-	9,463
Other sources - Finance purchase agreement	452,251	-	452,251
Net Financing Sources	<u>461,714</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>461,714</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	21,385,086	3,179,955	24,565,041
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>33,125,087</u>	<u>11,464,062</u>	<u>44,589,149</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 54,510,173</u>	<u>\$ 14,644,017</u>	<u>\$ 69,154,190</u>

Lompoc Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ 24,565,041

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are different from the fund financial statements because

Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization expenses in the period.

Capital outlay	\$ 7,653,568
Depreciation and amortization expenses	<u>(7,240,914)</u>

Net expense adjustment	412,654
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The District issued capital appreciation general obligation bonds. The accretion of interest on the general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year was (25,195)

Right-to-use subscription IT assets acquired this year were financed with Subscription-Based IT Arrangements (SBITAs). The amount financed by the SBITAs is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the SBITAs are not revenues in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitute long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. (9,463)

The district entered into a finance purchase agreement to renovate classrooms for transitional Kindergarten. The amount financed by the arrangement is reported in the governmental funds as a source of financing. On the other hand, the finance purchase agreement is not revenue in the Statement of Activities, but rather constitutes a long-term liability in the Statement of Net Position. (452,251)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) and early retirement incentives, are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation and early retirement incentives earned and used. 1,464,342

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and aggregate net pension liability during the year. 7,389,894

Lompoc Unified School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2023

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and OPEB liability during the year.

\$ (163,374)

Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.

Premium amortization

\$ 228,909

Deferred charge on refunding amortization

(65,762)

163,147

Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.

General obligation bonds

1,225,000

Energy efficiency financing

173,317

Leases

301,888

Subscription-based IT arrangements

133,629

1,833,834

Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due.

4,719

Change in net position of governmental activities

\$ 35,183,348

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Lompoc Unified School District (the District) was unified on July 1, 1960, under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally-elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades K-12 as mandated by the State and/or Federal agencies. The District operates nine elementary schools, two middle schools, two high schools, a community day school, a continuation high school, an adult education program, and an independent study program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Lompoc Unified School District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Other Related Entities

The District has approved charter for the Manzanita Public Charter School (0973) pursuant to *Education Code* Section 47605. The charter school is operated independently and not considered a component unit of the District. The District receives revenues on behalf of the charter school, which it passes on to the charter school.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into a single fund category: governmental.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for the ordinary operations of the District. All transactions except those accounted for in another fund are accounted for in this fund.

Two funds currently defined as special revenue funds in the California State Accounting Manual (CSAM) do not meet the GASB Statement No. 54 special revenue fund definition. Specifically, Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, are not substantially composed

of restricted or committed revenue sources. While these funds are authorized by statute and will remain open for internal reporting purposes, these funds function effectively as extensions of the General Fund, and accordingly have been combined with the General Fund for presentation in these audited financial statements.

As a result, the General Fund reflects an increase in fund balance of \$14,799,063.

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Adult Education Fund** The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).
- **County School Facilities Fund** The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070 et seq.).

- **Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects** The Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects exists primarily to provide for the accumulation of General Fund monies for capital outlay purposes (*Education Code* Section 42840).

Debt Service Funds The Debt Service Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the payment of principal and interest on general long-term liabilities.

- **Bond Interest and Redemption Fund** The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a district (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, for each governmental function and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation and amortization of leased assets and subscription IT assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

Governmental Funds All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial

statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements therefore include reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements government-wide financial statements and the statements for the governmental funds on a modified accrual basis of accounting and the current financial resources measurement focus. Under this basis, revenues are recognized in the accounting period in which they become measurable and available. Expenditures are recognized in the accounting period in which the fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose requirements. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable, and typically paid within 90 days. Principal and interest on general long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the government-wide statements.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in the Santa Barbara County Investment Pool are determined by the program sponsor.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds when used.

Capital Assets, Depreciation, and Amortization

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$5,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for general capital assets are historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated, if applicable.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings, 20 to 50 years; improvements/infrastructure, 5 to 50 years; equipment, 2 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2023.

The District records the value of intangible right-to-use assets based on the underlying leased asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*. The right-to-use intangible asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

The District records the value of right-to-use subscription IT assets based on the underlying subscription asset in accordance with GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*. The right-to-use subscription IT asset is amortized each year for the term of the contract or useful life of the underlying asset.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables." These amounts are eliminated in the governmental column of the Statement of Net Position.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability and reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is the amount that is normally expected to be paid using expendable available financial resources. These amounts are recorded in the accounts payable in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums, and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Assets. Debt premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In the governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charge on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position reports a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for pension related items and for OPEB related items.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District Plan and the CalSTRS Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program and additions to/deductions from the District Plan and the MPP's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the District Plan and the MPP. For this purpose, the District Plan and the MPP recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value, except for money market investments and participating interest-earning investment contracts that have a maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less, which are reported at cost. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund.

Leases

The District recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset (lease asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the lease term, the District measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term or useful life of the underlying asset.

Subscriptions

The District recognizes a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription IT asset (subscription IT asset) in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of the subscription term, the District measures the subscription liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the subscription term. Subsequently, the subscription liability is reduced by the principal portion of subscription payments made. The subscription IT asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the subscription liability, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the subscription IT asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over shorter of the subscription term or useful life of the underlying asset. The amortization period varies from 2 to 4 years.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2023, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board. The District currently does not have any committed funds.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in order to protect the District against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted on-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of unassigned amounts equal to no less than three percent of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available. The government-wide financial statements report \$40,580,933 of net position restricted by enabling legislation.

Interfund Activity

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented on the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental columns of the Statement of Activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Barbara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Change in Accounting Principles

Implementation of GASB Statement No. 96

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*. The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. The effect of the implementation of this standard on beginning net position is disclosed in Note 16 and the additional disclosures required by this standard are included in Notes 5 and 9.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	<u><u>\$ 74,023,906</u></u>
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Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2023, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 768,588
Cash in revolving	9,835
Investments	<u>73,245,483</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 74,023,906</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under *California Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, obligations with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage obligations.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (Education Code Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value

provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk, credit risk, and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by holding the majority of its investments in the Santa Barbara County Treasury pool. The Pool purchases shorter term investments and attempts to time cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations. The District maintains an investment of \$73,245,483, with the Santa Barbara County Treasury Investment Pool. The average weighted maturity for this pool was 643 days.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the Santa Barbara County Treasury Investment Pool is currently not rated, nor is required to be rated.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the *California Government Code* requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150% of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105% of the secured deposits. As of June 30, 2023, the District's bank balance of \$294,266 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Note 3 - Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets that the District has the ability to access at the measurement date. Level 1 assets may include debt and equity securities that are traded in an active exchange market and that are highly liquid and are actively traded in over-the-counter markets.
- Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active, or other inputs that are observable, such as interest rates and curves observable at commonly quoted intervals, implied volatilities, and credit spreads. For financial reporting purposes, if an asset has a specified term, a Level 2 input is required to be observable for substantially the full term of the asset.
- Level 3 - Unobservable inputs should be developed using the best information available under the circumstances, which might include the District's own data. The District should adjust that data if reasonably available information indicates that other market participants would use different data or certain circumstances specific to the District are not available to other market participants.

As of June 30, 2023, the District's investments of \$73,245,483 the Santa Barbara County Treasury Investment Pool are uncategorized.

Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables at June 30, 2023, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest, and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal Government			
Categorical aid	\$ 3,933,999	\$ 2,210,104	\$ 6,144,103
State Government			
Categorical aid	3,042,601	621,483	3,664,084
Lottery	608,145	-	608,145
Special education	845,729	-	845,729
Local Government			
Interest	293,699	63,767	357,466
Other local sources	1,015,758	451,602	1,467,360
Total	\$ 9,739,931	\$ 3,346,956	\$ 13,086,887

Note 5 - Capital Assets, Right-to-Use Leased Assets, and Right-to-Use Subscription IT Assets

Capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2022 as restated	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 9,336,000	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,336,000
Construction in progress	910,606	3,889,749	(2,106,086)	2,694,269
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>10,246,606</u>	<u>3,889,749</u>	<u>(2,106,086)</u>	<u>12,030,269</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Land improvements	33,306,562	2,112,332	-	35,418,894
Buildings and improvements	135,001,716	1,939,001	-	136,940,717
Furniture and equipment	18,592,326	1,800,393	-	20,392,719
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>186,900,604</u>	<u>5,851,726</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>192,752,330</u>
Total capital assets	<u>197,147,210</u>	<u>9,741,475</u>	<u>(2,106,086)</u>	<u>204,782,599</u>
Accumulated depreciation				
Land improvements	(12,054,870)	(1,588,159)	-	(13,643,029)
Buildings and improvements	(83,345,704)	(4,334,985)	-	(87,680,689)
Furniture and equipment	(14,407,176)	(946,742)	-	(15,353,918)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(109,807,750)</u>	<u>(6,869,886)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(116,677,636)</u>
Net depreciable capital assets	<u>77,092,854</u>	<u>(1,018,160)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>76,074,694</u>
Right-to-use leased assets being amortized				
Furniture and equipment	1,160,714	-	-	1,160,714
Total accumulated amortization	<u>(439,526)</u>	<u>(232,143)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(671,669)</u>
Net-right-to-use leased assets	<u>721,188</u>	<u>(232,143)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>489,045</u>
Right-to-use subscription IT assets being amortized				
Right-to-use subscription IT assets	524,079	18,179	-	542,258
Accumulated amortization	(119,579)	(138,885)	-	(258,464)
Net right-to-use subscription IT assets	<u>404,500</u>	<u>(120,706)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>283,794</u>
Governmental activities capital assets, right-to-use leased assets, and right-to-use subscription IT assets, net	<u>\$ 88,465,148</u>	<u>\$ 2,518,740</u>	<u>\$ (2,106,086)</u>	<u>\$ 88,877,802</u>

Depreciation and amortization expense were charged to governmental functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 3,866,643
Home-to-school transportation	260,065
Food services	224,723
Data processing	87,481
All other administration	418,405
Plant services	<u>2,383,597</u>
Total depreciation and amortization expense governmental activities	<u>\$ 7,240,914</u>

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2023, between major governmental funds and non-major governmental funds are as follows:

Due To	Non-Major Governmental Funds
General Fund	<u>\$ 154,238</u>

The balance of \$135,750 due to the General Fund from the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund is for reimbursement of payroll expenditures and indirect cost charges.

The balance of \$18,488 due to the General Fund from the Adult Education Non-Major Governmental Fund is for reimbursement of payroll expenditures and indirect cost charges.

Note 7 - Accounts Payable

Accounts payable at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Salaries and benefits	\$ 4,319,629	\$ 113,808	\$ 4,433,437
Due to CDE	1,848,816	-	1,848,816
LCFF apportionment	600,860	-	600,860
Other vendor payables	6,684,878	-	6,684,878
Other local governments	-	447,449	447,449
Total	<u>\$ 13,454,183</u>	<u>\$ 561,257</u>	<u>\$ 14,015,440</u>

Note 8 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2023, consisted of the following:

	General Fund
Federal financial assistance	\$ 2,214,599
State categorical aid	1,970,928
Total	\$ 4,185,527

Note 9 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2022 as restated	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2023	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 8,114,805	\$ 25,195	\$ (1,225,000)	\$ 6,915,000	\$ 735,000
Premium on issuance	687,974	-	(228,909)	459,065	-
Private placement debt -					
Energy efficiency financing	14,109,233	-	(173,317)	13,935,916	217,359
Leases payable	796,211	-	(301,888)	494,323	145,535
Subscription-based IT arrangements	315,022	9,463	(133,629)	190,856	130,218
Finance purchase agreement	-	452,251	-	452,251	337,383
Supplemental Early Retirement Plan	2,612,930	-	(1,431,344)	1,181,586	590,793
Early retirement incentives	114,784	-	(108,231)	6,553	6,553
Compensated absences	1,791,683	75,233	-	1,866,916	-
Total	\$ 28,542,642	\$ 562,142	\$ (3,602,318)	\$ 25,502,466	\$ 2,162,841

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the Bond Interest and Redemption Fund with local revenues. Payments for the energy efficiency financing are paid by the General Fund. Lease and subscription-based IT arrangement payments were made by the General Fund. The finance purchase agreement will be paid by the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. Payments for the Supplemental Early Retirement Plan and the early retirement incentive were made by the General Fund. The compensated absences will be paid by the General Fund, the Adult Education Fund, and the Child Nutrition Fund.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2022	Interest Accreted	Redeemed	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2023
5/1/2008	8/1/2022	3.50-5.25%	\$ 21,605,971	\$ 579,805	\$ 25,195	\$ (605,000)	\$ -
4/15/2015	6/1/2032	2.00-5.00%	9,920,000	7,535,000	-	(620,000)	6,915,000
				<u>\$ 8,114,805</u>	<u>\$ 25,195</u>	<u>\$ (1,225,000)</u>	<u>\$ 6,915,000</u>

2008 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In May 2008, the District issued \$21,605,971 of the 2008 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The 2008 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued as both current interest and capital appreciation bonds, with the capital appreciation bonds accreting interest to a maturity value of \$4,485,000. The bonds mature through August 1, 2022, with interest rates ranging from 3.50 to 5.25%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund portions of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2002, the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2002, Series B, and pay costs of issuance of the refunding bonds. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance had been fully retired.

2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

In April 2015, the District issued \$9,920,000 of the 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds. The 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued as current interest bonds. The bonds have a final maturity to occur on June 1, 2032, with interest rates ranging from 2.00 to 5.00%. Proceeds from the sale of the bonds were used to refund portions of the District's outstanding General Obligation Bonds, Election of 2002, Series C. At June 30, 2023, the principal balance outstanding was \$6,915,000.

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The bonds mature through 2032 as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2024	\$ 735,000	\$ 264,181	\$ 999,181
2025	545,000	227,431	772,431
2026	560,000	200,181	760,181
2027	640,000	172,181	812,181
2028	795,000	140,181	935,181
2029-2032	3,640,000	293,706	3,933,706
	<u>\$ 6,915,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,297,861</u>	<u>\$ 8,212,861</u>

Private Placement Debt

Energy Efficiency Financing

In June 2020, the District entered into an energy efficiency financing agreement in the amount of \$14,426,062. Proceeds from the lease will be used to fund energy and water efficiency projects on sites throughout the District. The agreement was issued at 2.71% with the final payment to occur on June 26, 2040. The repayment schedule is as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 217,359	\$ 377,663	\$ 595,022
2025	250,702	371,773	622,475
2026	310,951	364,979	675,930
2027	358,802	356,552	715,354
2028	429,264	346,829	776,093
2029-2033	3,247,457	1,522,363	4,769,820
2034-2038	5,816,822	954,298	6,771,120
2039-2040	3,304,559	136,709	3,441,268
Total	<u>\$ 13,935,916</u>	<u>\$ 4,431,166</u>	<u>\$ 18,367,082</u>

Leases

The District has entered into agreements to lease various facilities and equipment. The District's liability on lease agreements is summarized below:

Lease	July 1, 2022	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2023
Konica Minolta Model 6136	\$ 98,985	\$ -	\$ (28,147)	\$ 70,838
Konica Minolta Model C3080	28,825	-	(8,196)	20,629
Pitney Bowes Postage Meter	9,688	-	(3,906)	5,782
Xerox Versalink C400 DN	84,140	-	(20,599)	63,541
Xerox AltaLink	329,811	-	(80,744)	249,067
Cisco Phone System	244,762	-	(160,296)	84,466
Total	<u>\$ 796,211</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (301,888)</u>	<u>\$ 494,323</u>

Konica Minolta Model 6136

The District entered an agreement to lease a Konica Minolta Digital Monochrome Press, Model 6136, for five years, beginning November 30, 2020. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$2,515.72, which amounts to total principal and interest costs of \$150,943. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 2.37%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$71,106, and a lease liability of \$70,838 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$28,442 in amortization expense and \$2,042 in interest expense for the right to use the press.

Konica Minolta Model C3080

The District entered an agreement to lease a Konica Minolta Digital Color Press, Model C3080, for five years, beginning November 30, 2020. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$732.60, which amounts to total principal and interest costs of \$43,956. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 2.37%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$20,706, and a lease liability of \$20,629 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$8,283 in amortization expense and \$595 in interest expense for the right to use the press.

Pitney Bowes Postage Meter

The District entered an agreement to lease a Pitney Bowes postage meter SendPro P Series with accessories for five years, beginning November 29, 2019. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$349.40, which amounts to total principal and interest costs of \$20,964. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 3.62%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$5,745, and a lease liability of \$5,782 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$3,830 in amortization expense and \$287 in interest expense for the right to use the press.

Xerox Versalink C400 DN Printers

The District entered an agreement to lease 200 Xerox Versalink C400 DN printers, for five years, beginning May 3, 2021. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$1,894.10, which amounts to total principal and interest costs of \$113,646. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 2.85%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$52,901, and a lease liability of \$63,541 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$21,161 in amortization expense and \$2,130 in interest expense for the right to use the copiers.

Xerox AltaLink and Versalink Printers

The District entered an agreement to lease a total of 42 Xerox printers, for five years, beginning May 3, 2021. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays monthly payments of \$1,894.10, which amounts to total principal and interest costs of \$113,646. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 2.85%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$207,364, and a lease liability of \$249,067 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$82,946 in amortization expense and \$8,350 in interest expense for the right to use the copiers.

Cisco Phone System

The District entered an agreement to lease a Cisco Phone System, for five years, beginning May 26, 2020. Under the terms of the lease, the District pays annual payments of \$87,481.65, which amounted to total principal and interest costs of \$437,408. The annual interest rate imputed for the lease is 2.37%. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$131,223, and a lease liability of \$84,466 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$87,481 in amortization expense and \$8,740 in interest expense for the right to use the copiers.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the lease obligation debt as of June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Interest	Total
2024	\$ 145,535	\$ 15,389	\$ 160,924
2025	231,584	8,448	240,032
2026	117,204	1,542	118,746
Total	<u>\$ 494,323</u>	<u>\$ 25,379</u>	<u>\$ 519,702</u>

Subscriptions-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)

Lease	July 1, 2022 as restated	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2023
Illuminate	\$ 137,457	\$ -	\$ (69,564)	\$ 67,893
Active Internet Technologies	140,272	-	(47,820)	92,452
Navigate 360	37,293	-	(13,019)	24,274
Power School	<u>9,463</u>	<u>9,463</u>	<u>(3,226)</u>	<u>6,237</u>
Total	<u>\$ 315,022</u>	<u>\$ 9,463</u>	<u>\$ (133,629)</u>	<u>\$ 190,856</u>

Illuminate

The District entered into a SBITA for the learning assessment software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$106,491 and a SBITA liability of \$67,893 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$70,994 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$71,275 through June 2024. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.50%.

Active Internet Technologies

The District entered into a SBITA for the website management software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$129,128 and a SBITA liability of \$92,452 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$51,651 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$53,885 through June 2025. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.50%.

Navigate 360

The District entered into a SBITA for the internet safety and emergency preparedness software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$33,026 and a SBITA liability of \$24,274 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$13,210 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$13,546 through February 2026. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.50%.

Power School

The District entered into a SBITA for the student information system software. At June 30, 2023, the District has recognized a right-to-use subscriptions IT asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$15,149 and a SBITA liability of \$6,237 related to this agreement. During the fiscal year, the District recorded \$3,030 in amortization expense. The District is required to make annual principal and interest payments of \$3,226 through February 2026. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.50%.

The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the SBITA obligation debt as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 130,218	\$ 7,963	\$ 138,181
2025	60,638	6,269	66,907
Total	<u>\$ 190,856</u>	<u>\$ 14,232</u>	<u>\$ 205,088</u>

Finance Purchase Agreement

In 2022-2023 fiscal year, the District entered into a finance purchase agreement to fund certain facilities projects. The agreement has a final maturity to occur on October 31, 2024, with an interest rate of 4.25%. The remaining principal and interest payment requirements for the agreement are as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Principal</u>	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>
2024	\$ 337,383	\$ 9,666	\$ 347,049
2025	114,868	815	115,683
Total	<u>\$ 452,251</u>	<u>\$ 10,481</u>	<u>\$ 462,732</u>

Supplemental Early Retirement Incentives

Classified Employees:

During the 2020-2021 fiscal year, the District offered supplemental early retirement incentives to classified employees. Classified employees with at least five years of full-time CalPERS service in the District and attainment of age 50 were eligible to participate in this supplemental early retirement incentive program. Qualifying employees receive a payment each year for medical insurance benefits. Eligible participants receive 80% of their final annual pay deposited to an IRC Section 403 (b) account in five annual installments. There are 28 participants in the plan. The outstanding contract amount for this purpose is \$1,181,586.

At June 30, 2023, future minimum payments on supplemental early retirement incentives were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Balance June 30, 2023
2024	\$ 590,793
2025	590,793
Total	\$ 1,181,586

Early Retirement Incentives

The District provides early retirement incentives, in accordance with District employment contracts, to employees who retire from the District and meet certain eligibility requirements. Employees have various payment options, ranging from a lump-sum payment to payments over several years.

Classified Early Retirement Plans:

Classified employees with at least 15 years of full-time CalPERS service in the District and attainment of age 57 are eligible to participate in this early retirement incentive program. Qualifying employees receive 17% of their last 12 months' salary for a maximum of five years. Currently, 14 retirees met those eligibility requirements. The outstanding contract amount for this purpose is \$6,553.

At June 30, 2023, future minimum payments on early retirement incentive were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Balance June 30, 2023
2024	\$ 6,553

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences (unpaid employee vacation) for the District at June 30, 2023, amounted to \$1,866,916.

Note 10 - Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 6,384,484	\$ 610,474	\$ 1,541,313	\$ 552,565
Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program	425,238	-	-	(107,104)
Total	<u>\$ 6,809,722</u>	<u>\$ 610,474</u>	<u>\$ 1,541,313</u>	<u>\$ 445,461</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

District Plan

Plan Administration

The District's governing board administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the Plan). The Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions (OPEB) for eligible retirees and their spouses. No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75.

Plan Membership

At July 1, 2021, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	82
Active employees	936
	<hr/>
Total	<u>1,018</u>

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical and dental insurance benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. The District does not explicitly contribute towards the cost of these benefits for retirees. Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer. The District's governing board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

The benefit payment requirements of the Plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District, the Lompoc Federation of Teachers (LFT), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The benefit payment is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually through the agreements with the District, LFT, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For measurement period of June 30, 2023, the District paid \$282,087 in benefits in the form of implicit subsidy.

Total OPEB Liability of the District

The District's total OPEB liability of \$6,384,484 was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2023, was determined by applying updated procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2021 and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2023. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.00%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	3.86% for 2023
Healthcare cost trend rates	5.50%
Retirees' share of benefit-related costs	100% of projected health insurance premiums for eligible retirees

The discount rate was based on the index rate for 20-Year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

Mortality rates for active certificated employees, retired certificated members, and beneficiaries of certificated employees were based on CalSTRS experience analysis (2015-2018). Pre-retirement mortality rates for classified employees were based on CalPERS experience study (2000-2019). Post-retirement mortality rates for classified employees were based on post-retirement rates for healthy recipients from CalPERS experience study (2000-2019). If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reduction. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The actuarial assumptions used in the July 1, 2021, valuation was based on the results of a review of plan experience for the period July 1, 2020, to June 30, 2021.

Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance, June 30, 2022	\$ 6,184,159
Service cost	419,994
Interest	238,536
Changes of assumptions	(176,118)
Benefit payments	(282,087)
Net change in total OPEB liability	200,325
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 6,384,484

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.69 % in 2022 to 3.86% in 2023.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.86%)	\$ 7,543,650
Current discount rate (3.86%)	6,384,484
1% increase (4.86%)	5,489,191

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates	Total OPEB Liability
1% decrease (4.50%)	\$ 5,289,533
Current healthcare cost trend rate (5.50%)	6,384,484
1% increase (6.50%)	7,835,532

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$552,565. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	\$ 66,267	\$ 358,183
Changes of assumptions	544,207	1,183,130
Total	\$ 610,474	\$ 1,541,313

Amounts reported as outflows of resources related to OPEB and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ (105,965)
2025	(95,379)
2026	(101,678)
2027	(113,836)
2028	(122,657)
Thereafter	(391,324)
Total	\$ (930,839)

Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program

Plan Description

The Medicare Premium Payment (MPP) Program is administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The MPP Program is a cost-sharing multiple-employer other postemployment benefit plan (OPEB) established pursuant to Chapter 1032, Statutes 2000 (SB 1435). CalSTRS administers the MPP Program through the Teachers' Health Benefits Fund (THBF).

A full description of the MPP Program regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Medicare Premium Payment Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The MPP Program pays Medicare Part A premiums and Medicare Parts A and B late enrollment surcharges for eligible members of the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) Defined Benefit (DB) Program who were retired or began receiving a disability allowance prior to July 1, 2012, and were not eligible for premium free Medicare Part A. The payments are made directly to the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) on a monthly basis.

The MPP Program is closed to new entrants as members who retire after July 1, 2012, are not eligible for coverage under the MPP Program.

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you go basis from a portion of monthly District benefit payments. In accordance with California *Education Code* Section 25930, contributions that would otherwise be credited to the DB Program each month are instead credited to the MPP Program to fund monthly program and administrative costs. Total redirections to the MPP Program are monitored to ensure that total incurred costs do not exceed the amount initially identified as the cost of the program.

Net OPEB Liability and OPEB Expense

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability of \$425,238 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability for the MPP Program. The net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2022, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The District’s proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the OPEB Plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.1291%, and 0.1335%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0044%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$(107,104).

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The June 30, 2022 total OPEB liability was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2022, using the assumptions listed in the following table:

Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
Valuation Date	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Experience Study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry age normal	Entry age normal
Investment Rate of Return	3.54%	2.16%
Medicare Part A Premium Cost Trend Rate	4.50%	4.50%
Medicare Part B Premium Cost Trend Rate	5.40%	5.40%

For the valuation as of June 30, 2021, CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

Assumptions were made about future participation (enrollment) into the MPP Program because CalSTRS is unable to determine which members not currently participating meet all eligibility criteria for enrollment in the future. Assumed enrollment rates were derived based on past experience and are stratified by age with the

probability of enrollment diminishing as the members' age increases. This estimated enrollment rate was then applied to the population of members who may meet criteria necessary for eligibility and are not currently enrolled in the MPP Program. Based on this, the estimated number of future enrollments used in the financial reporting valuation was 209 or an average of 0.14% of the potentially eligible population (145,282).

The MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis with contributions generally being made at the same time and in the same amount as benefit payments and expenses coming due. Any funds within the MPP Program as of June 30, 2022, were to manage differences between estimated and actual amounts to be paid and were invested in the Surplus Money Investment Fund, which is a pooled investment program administered by the State Treasurer.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of June 30, 2022, is 3.54%. As the MPP Program is funded on a pay-as-you-go basis as previously noted, the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position was not projected to be sufficient to make projected future benefit payments. Therefore, a discount rate of 3.54%, which is the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index from Bondbuyer.com as of June 30, 2022, was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to measure the total OPEB liability. The discount rate increased 1.38% from 2.16% as of June 30, 2021.

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the current discount rate, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (2.54%)	\$ 463,591
Current discount rate (3.54%)	425,238
1% increase (4.54%)	392,029

Sensitivity of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Medicare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the Medicare costs trend rates, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using Medicare costs trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current rates:

Medicare Cost Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.50% Part A and 4.40% Part B)	\$ 390,171
Current Medicare costs trend rate (4.50% Part A and 5.40% Part B)	425,238
1% increase (5.5% Part A and 6.40% Part B)	464,987

Note 11 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Nonspendable			
Revolving cash	\$ 4,835	\$ 5,000	\$ 9,835
Stores inventories	14,982	37,739	52,721
Prepaid expenditures	191,643	-	191,643
Total nonspendable	<u>211,460</u>	<u>42,739</u>	<u>254,199</u>
Restricted			
Legally restricted programs	28,072,723	989,635	29,062,358
Student activity	-	706,463	706,463
Food service	-	5,284,579	5,284,579
Capital projects	-	1,851,990	1,851,990
Debt service	-	3,943,102	3,943,102
Total restricted	<u>28,072,723</u>	<u>12,775,769</u>	<u>40,848,492</u>
Committed			
Energy project	1,217,497	-	1,217,497
OPEB	1,180,311	-	1,180,311
Total committed	<u>2,397,808</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>2,397,808</u>
Assigned			
Special reserve	12,086,185	-	12,086,185
2% reserve per Governing Board policy	3,049,727	-	3,049,727
LCFF supplemental & concentration	2,339,514	-	2,339,514
Emergency maintenance and repairs	1,101,724	-	1,101,724
Deferred maintenance	315,071	-	315,071
Textbook and instructional supplies	197,962	-	197,962
Adult education	-	396,540	396,540
Capital projects	-	1,428,969	1,428,969
Total assigned	<u>19,090,183</u>	<u>1,825,509</u>	<u>20,915,692</u>
Unassigned			
Reserve for economic uncertainties	4,737,999	-	4,737,999
Total	<u>\$ 54,510,173</u>	<u>\$ 14,644,017</u>	<u>\$ 69,154,190</u>

Note 12 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts, damage, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the District participated in the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (ReLiEF) public risk entity pool for property and liability insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

The District participated in the Santa Barbara County Schools Self-Insurance Program for Employees (SBC SIPE) public entity risk pool joint powers authority (JPA) for workers' compensation insurance coverage. The intent of SBC SIPE is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the JPA. Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate.

Employee Medical Benefits

The District participates in the Self-Insured Schools of California III (SISC III) public risk entity pool for health benefits insurance coverage. SISC III is a shared risk pool comprised of school districts throughout California. Rates are set through an annual calculation process. The District pays a monthly contribution, which is placed in a common fund from which claims payments are made for all participating districts.

Note 13 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

<u>Pension Plan</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
CalSTRS	\$ 59,768,043	\$ 16,275,806	\$ 10,569,171	\$ 3,890,465
CalPERS	41,322,422	13,175,206	3,339,100	4,301,443
Total	\$ 101,090,465	\$ 29,451,012	\$ 13,908,271	\$ 8,191,908

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	STRP Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit formula	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit vesting schedule	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Benefit payments	60	62
Retirement age	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	10.25%	10.205%
Required employee contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required employer contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%
Required state contribution rate		

Contributions

Required member, District, and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.1% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$10,529,202.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2023, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total Net Pension Liability, including State Share

Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 59,768,043
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	29,931,602
Total	\$ 89,699,645

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.0860% and 0.0888%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0028%.

Lompoc Unified School District

Notes to Financial Statements

June 30, 2023

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,890,465. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$2,413,964, for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 10,529,202	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	2,733,516	3,165,042
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	-	2,922,773
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	49,028	4,481,356
Changes of assumptions	<u>2,964,060</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 16,275,806</u>	<u>\$ 10,569,171</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2024	\$ (2,146,994)
2025	(2,325,904)
2026	(3,493,981)
2027	<u>5,044,106</u>
Total	<u>\$ (2,922,773)</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ 1,450,788
2025	(411,127)
2026	(677,478)
2027	(707,527)
2028	(928,938)
Thereafter	(625,512)
Total	<u>\$ (1,899,794)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in

conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2022, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	42%	4.8%
Real estate	15%	3.6%
Private equity	13%	6.3%
Fixed income	12%	1.3%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	1.8%
Inflation sensitive	6%	3.3%
Cash/liquidity	2%	(0.4%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 101,508,304
Current discount rate (7.10%)	59,768,043
1% increase (8.10%)	25,111,076

California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2021 annual actuarial valuation report, Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor, and the member's final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member's beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee's eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013), and has at least five years of credited service. The cost of living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2023, are summarized as follows:

	<u>School Employer Pool (CalPERS)</u>	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	25.37%	25.37%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$5,052,600.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2023, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$41,322,422. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2022. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021, respectively, was 0.1201% and 0.1273%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0072%.

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,301,443. At June 30, 2023, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 5,052,600	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	-	2,310,945
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	4,879,055	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	186,753	1,028,155
Changes of assumptions	3,056,798	-
Total	\$ 13,175,206	\$ 3,339,100

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ 813,672
2025	721,670
2026	368,637
2027	2,975,076
Total	\$ 4,879,055

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2024	\$ (261,298)
2025	107,883
2026	137,940
2027	(80,074)
Total	<u>\$ (95,549)</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2022. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2022
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Projected returns for all asset classes are estimated and, combined with risk estimates, are used to project compound (geometric) returns over the long term. The discount rate used to discount liabilities was informed by the long-term projected portfolio return. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.45%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$ 59,692,331
Current discount rate (6.90%)	41,322,422
1% increase (7.90%)	26,140,368

Self-Insured Schools of California (SISC) Defined Benefit Plan Description

The District contributes to the SISC Defined Benefit Plan, a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by SISC. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by the SISC Board of Trustees. The SISC Defined Benefit Plan issues a separate comprehensive annual financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. Copies of the SISC Defined Benefit Plan annual financial report may be obtained from SISC, 1300 17th Street - City Centre, Bakersfield, California 93303.

Active plan members are not required to contribute. The District is required to contribute an actuarially determined rate. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rate are those adopted by the SISC Board of Trustees. The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2016-2017 was 3.2% for previously covered employees hired prior to January 1, 2013, and 1.6% for employees hired on or after that date. There are no contribution requirements of the plan members hired prior to January 31, 2013. The District's contributions to the SISC Defined Benefit Plan for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2023, 2022, and 2021, were \$20,048, \$19,954, and \$45,456, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$4,801,643 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual *Budget Act* for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves but have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the *General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule*.

Note 14 - Commitments and Contingencies

Grants

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2023.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2023, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

Capital Project	Remaining Construction Commitment	Expected Date of Completion
Kindergarten classrooms	\$ 3,817,924	06/30/25
Modernization, Manzanita ES	1,718,255	06/30/25
Aquarium Wetlands Exhibit, Cabrillo HS	685,471	03/31/24
Switchgear, Hapgood ES	285,880	06/30/24
Security camera installation - various sites	279,456	06/30/24
Stadium Pro Sound System, Lompoc HS	79,712	12/31/23
Pre-Kindergarten Classrooms		
La Honda and Miguelito ES	79,130	06/30/25
Other projects	28,220	06/30/24
	<u>\$ 6,974,048</u>	
Total		

Note 15 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools and Joint Power Authorities

The District is a member of the Southern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (SC ReLiEF), Self-Insured Schools of California III (SISC III), and the Santa Barbara County Schools Self-Insurance Program for Employees (SBC SIPE) public entity risk pools joint powers authority (JPA). The County pays an annual premium to each entity for its property and liability, benefits, and workers' compensation coverage, respectively. The relationships between the District, the pools, and the JPA are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the County are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are available from the respective entities.

During the year ended June 30, 2023, the District made payments of \$898,694, \$11,833,085, and \$948,997, to SC ReLiEF, SISC III, and SBC SIPE, respectively, for services received.

Note 16 - Restatement of Prior Year Net Position

As of July 1, 2022, the District adopted GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs)*. The implementation of this standard establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription IT asset – an intangible asset – and a corresponding liability. The standard provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA. The Statement requires recognition of certain SBITA assets and liabilities for SBITAs that previously were recognized as outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively adopt the provisions of GASB Statement No. 96 as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Net Position - Beginning, as previously reported on June 30, 2022	\$ 4,468,302
Right-to-use subscription IT assets, net of amortization	404,500
Subscription liabilities	<u>(315,022)</u>
Net Position - Beginning as restated on July 1, 2022	<u>\$ 4,557,780</u>



Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Lompoc Unified School District

Lompoc Unified School District
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	\$ 105,480,307	\$ 115,502,083	\$ 115,519,612	\$ 17,529
Federal sources	18,829,508	24,538,035	13,836,614	(10,701,421)
Other State sources	12,884,351	28,773,012	34,392,558	5,619,546
Other local sources	7,812,209	10,321,910	10,162,440	(159,470)
Total revenues ¹	<u>145,006,375</u>	<u>179,135,040</u>	<u>173,911,224</u>	<u>(5,223,816)</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	53,863,117	58,269,805	57,702,475	567,330
Classified salaries	20,835,204	20,121,392	19,414,511	706,881
Employee benefits	37,101,614	35,411,919	34,249,168	1,162,751
Books and supplies	6,018,727	8,901,435	8,433,523	467,912
Services and operating expenditures	17,424,022	24,072,744	19,993,245	4,079,499
Other outgo	6,467,521	7,497,666	6,810,751	686,915
Capital outlay	10,367,707	14,597,977	5,359,360	9,238,617
Debt service				
Debt service - principal	173,317	472,393	608,834	(136,441)
Debt service - interest and other	382,360	413,244	415,985	(2,741)
Total expenditures ¹	<u>152,633,589</u>	<u>169,758,575</u>	<u>152,987,852</u>	<u>16,770,723</u>
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures				
	<u>(7,627,214)</u>	<u>9,376,465</u>	<u>20,923,372</u>	<u>11,546,907</u>
Other Financing Sources				
Transfers in	2,250,000	-	-	-
Other sources - SBITAs	-	-	9,463	9,463
Other sources - Finance purchase agreement	-	-	452,251	452,251
Net financing sources	<u>4,500,000</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>461,714</u>	<u>461,714</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	<u>(3,127,214)</u>	<u>9,376,465</u>	<u>21,385,086</u>	<u>12,008,621</u>
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>33,125,087</u>	<u>33,125,087</u>	<u>33,125,087</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 29,997,873</u>	<u>\$ 42,501,552</u>	<u>\$ 54,510,173</u>	<u>\$ 12,008,621</u>

¹ Due to the consolidation of Fund 14, Deferred Maintenance Fund, and Fund 17, Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects, for reporting purposes into the General Fund, additional revenues and expenditures pertaining to these funds is included in the Actual (GAAP Basis) revenues and expenditures, however, are not included in the original and final General Fund budgets.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	2023	2022	2021
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 419,994	\$ 625,602	\$ 505,572
Interest	238,536	161,148	165,515
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	-	(462,003)	-
Changes of assumptions	(176,118)	(1,203,379)	533,663
Benefit payments	(282,087)	(248,971)	(284,519)
Net change in total OPEB liability	200,325	(1,127,603)	920,231
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	\$ 6,184,159	\$ 7,311,762	\$ 6,391,531
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 6,384,484	\$ 6,184,159	\$ 7,311,762
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021
	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability			
Service cost	\$ 429,454	\$ 331,709	\$ 357,192
Interest	181,042	178,835	157,563
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total OPEB liability	122,663	-	-
Changes of assumptions	133,323	437,765	(412,854)
Benefit payments	(264,431)	(196,317)	(195,228)
Net change in total OPEB liability	602,051	751,992	(93,327)
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	5,789,480	5,037,488	5,130,815
Total OPEB Liability - Ending	\$ 6,391,531	\$ 5,789,480	\$ 5,037,488
Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Total OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

¹ The OPEB Plan is not administered through a trust and contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability – MPP Program
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Year ended June 30,	2023	2022	2021
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1291%	0.1335%	0.1312%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 425,238	\$ 532,342	\$ 639,038
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.94%)	(0.80%)	(0.71%)
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020
Year ended June 30,	2020	2019	2018
Proportion of the net OPEB liability	0.1492%	0.1477%	0.1445%
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability	\$ 555,790	\$ 565,328	\$ 607,940
Covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of it's covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	(0.81%)	(0.40%)	0.01%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017

¹ As of June 30, 2012, active members are no longer eligible for future enrollment in the MPP Program; therefore, the covered payroll disclosure is not applicable.

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.0860%	0.0888%	0.0865%	0.0844%	0.0823%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 59,768,043	\$ 40,406,190	\$ 83,865,434	\$ 76,197,056	\$ 75,626,337
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	29,931,602	20,330,828	43,232,641	41,570,581	43,299,615
Total	<u>\$ 89,699,645</u>	<u>\$ 60,737,018</u>	<u>\$ 127,098,075</u>	<u>\$ 117,767,637</u>	<u>\$ 118,925,952</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 52,022,571</u>	<u>\$ 48,980,960</u>	<u>\$ 47,499,058</u>	<u>\$ 45,879,552</u>	<u>\$ 43,541,594</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	<u>114.89%</u>	<u>82.49%</u>	<u>176.56%</u>	<u>166.08%</u>	<u>173.69%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	<u>81%</u>	<u>87%</u>	<u>72%</u>	<u>73%</u>	<u>71%</u>
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.0798%	0.0857%	0.0948%	0.0830%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 73,815,363	\$ 69,338,738	\$ 63,849,154	\$ 48,497,613
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability		43,668,545	39,473,307	33,769,164	29,284,952
Total		<u>\$ 117,483,908</u>	<u>\$ 108,812,045</u>	<u>\$ 97,618,318</u>	<u>\$ 77,782,565</u>
Covered payroll		<u>\$ 43,443,068</u>	<u>\$ 43,596,803</u>	<u>\$ 40,718,829</u>	<u>38,955,594</u>
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		<u>169.91%</u>	<u>159.05%</u>	<u>156.80%</u>	<u>124.49%</u>
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		<u>69%</u>	<u>70%</u>	<u>74%</u>	<u>77%</u>
Measurement Date		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalPERS	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1201%	0.1273%	0.1284%	0.1332%	0.1311%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 41,322,422	\$ 25,875,648	\$ 39,406,276	\$ 38,826,878	\$ 34,943,367
Covered payroll	\$ 18,407,682	\$ 18,259,145	\$ 18,454,510	\$ 18,451,622	\$ 17,871,045
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	224.48%	141.71%	213.53%	210.43%	195.53%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	81%	70%	70%	71%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018
		<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Proportion of the net pension liability		0.1307%	0.1350%	0.1273%	0.1310%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability		\$ 31,193,627	\$ 26,658,156	\$ 18,756,783	\$ 14,874,020
Covered payroll		\$ 16,680,616	\$ 16,318,494	\$ 13,803,101	13,781,650
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll		187.01%	163.36%	135.89%	107.93%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		72%	74%	79%	83%
		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of the District Contributions – CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalSTRS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,529,202	\$ 8,802,219	\$ 7,910,425	\$ 8,122,339	\$ 7,469,191
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>10,529,202</u>	<u>8,802,219</u>	<u>7,910,425</u>	<u>\$ 8,122,339</u>	<u>7,469,191</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>55,126,712</u>	<u>52,022,571</u>	<u>48,980,960</u>	<u>\$ 47,499,058</u>	<u>\$ 45,879,552</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>16.92%</u>	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>	<u>16.28%</u>
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 6,283,052	\$ 5,465,138	\$ 4,677,937	\$ 3,615,832
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>6,283,052</u>	<u>5,465,138</u>	<u>4,677,937</u>	<u>3,615,832</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll		<u>\$ 43,541,594</u>	<u>\$ 43,443,068</u>	<u>\$ 43,596,803</u>	<u>\$ 40,718,829</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of the District Contributions - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2023

CalPERS	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,052,600	\$ 4,217,200	3,779,643	\$ 3,639,414	\$ 3,332,732
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>5,052,600</u>	<u>4,217,200</u>	<u>3,779,643</u>	<u>3,639,414</u>	<u>3,332,732</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>19,915,648</u>	<u>18,407,682</u>	<u>18,259,145</u>	<u>\$ 18,454,510</u>	<u>\$ 18,451,622</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>25.370%</u>	<u>22.910%</u>	<u>20.700%</u>	<u>19.721%</u>	<u>18.062%</u>
		2018	2017	2016	2015
Contractually required contribution		\$ 2,775,552	\$ 2,316,604	\$ 1,933,252	\$ 1,624,763
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		<u>2,775,552</u>	<u>2,316,604</u>	<u>1,933,252</u>	<u>1,624,763</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)		<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll		<u>\$ 17,871,045</u>	<u>\$ 16,680,616</u>	<u>\$ 16,318,494</u>	<u>\$ 13,803,101</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		<u>15.531%</u>	<u>13.888%</u>	<u>11.847%</u>	<u>11.771%</u>

Note : In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District's changes in the total OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, and the total OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Change in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Change of Assumptions* – Changes of assumptions reflect a change in the discount rate from 3.69% in 2022 to 3.86% in 2023.

Schedule of the District's Contributions for OPEB

This schedule presents information on the District's actuarially determined contribution, contributions in relation to the actuarially determined contribution, and any excess or deficiency related to the actuarially determined contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability - MPP Program

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB Liability – MPP Program and the plans' fiduciary net position. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in the benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – The plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 3.69% to 3.86% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS plan from the previous valuations. The CalPERS plan rate of investment return assumption was changed from 7.15% to 6.90% since the previous valuation.

Schedule of the District Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.



Supplementary Information
June 30, 2023

Lompoc Unified School District

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Justice Children Exposed to Violence	16.818	[1]	\$ 120,708
Total U.S. Department of Justice			<u>120,708</u>
U.S. Department of Defense Community Investment	12.600	[1]	913,035
Total U.S. Department of Defense			<u>913,035</u>
U.S. Department of Education Impact Aid	84.041	[1]	1,289,300
Passed Through California Department of Education Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			
IDEA Basic Local Assistance Entitlement, Part B, Sec 611	84.027	13379	1,884,471
COVID-19 - ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611 Local Assistance Entitlement	84.027	15638	400,031
COVID-19 - ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 611 Local Assistance Private School Individual Service Plans	84.027	10169	<u>1,354</u>
Subtotal			<u>2,285,856</u>
IDEA Preschool Grants, Part B, Sec 619	84.173	13430	61,925
COVID-19 - ARP IDEA Part B, Sec 619 Preschool Grants	84.173	15639	<u>36,224</u>
Subtotal			<u>98,149</u>
Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster			<u>2,384,005</u>
Adult Basic Education & ELA	84.002A	14508	129,120
Adult Secondary Education	84.002	13978	<u>52,510</u>
Subtotal			<u>181,630</u>
Title I, Part A, Basic Grants Low-Income and Neglected School Improvement (CSI) Funding for LEAs	84.010	14329	2,962,378
	84.010	15438	<u>439,270</u>
Subtotal			<u>3,401,648</u>
Education Stabilization Fund			
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D	15547	\$ 2,544,846
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	84.425U	15559	1,110,134
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	84.425U	10155	1,922,682
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth (ARP HYC) Program	84.425W	15564	349
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II) Program	84.425W	15566	<u>52,428</u>
Subtotal			<u>5,630,439</u>

[1] Direct funded program

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Title II, Part A, Supporting Effective Instruction Local Grants	84.367	14341	415,579
Title IV, Part A, Student Support and Academic Enrichment Grants	84.424	15396	169,586
Title III, English Learner Student Program	84.365	14346	205,154
Title IX, Part A, McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Grant	84.196	14332	75,319
Carl D. Perkins Career and Technical Education: Secondary, Section 131	84.048	14894	95,340
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>13,848,000</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - School Breakfast Basic	10.553	13525	19,210
School Breakfast Program - School Breakfast Needy	10.553	13526	784,350
Subtotal			<u>803,560</u>
National School Lunch Program, Section 4	10.555	15323	757,982
National School Lunch Program, Section 11	10.555	15324	2,192,259
National School Lunch Program - Meal Supplements	10.555	13755	52,157
National School Lunch Program - Commodity Food Distribution	10.555	13524	344,871
Supply Chain Assistance for School Meals	10.555	15655	217,815
COVID-19 Emergency Operational Costs Reimbursement	10.555	15637	11,955
Subtotal			<u>3,577,039</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>4,380,599</u>
COVID-19 - Pandemic Electronic Benefit Transfer	10.649	15644	\$ 5,814
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>4,386,413</u>
U.S. Department of Health and Human Services			
Passed Through California Department of Public Health			
COVID-19 - Emerging Infections, ELC Reopening Schools	93.323	Grant No. 543	49,536
Total U.S. Department of the Health and Human Services			<u>49,536</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 19,317,692</u>

[1] Direct funded program

ORGANIZATION

The Lompoc Unified School District was established on July 1, 1960. The District currently operates nine elementary schools, two middle schools, two high schools, a community day school, a continuation high school, an adult education program, and an independent study program. There were no boundary changes during the year.

GOVERNING BOARD

MEMBER	OFFICE	TERM EXPIRES
William Caldeira	President	2026
Tom Blanco	Vice President	2024
Janet Blevins	Clerk	2024
Sarah Anne Read	Member	2026
Jerri Thiel	Member	2026

ADMINISTRATION

Clara A. Finneran, Ed.D.	Superintendent
Paul Bommersbach	Assistant Superintendent, Human Resources
Brian Jaramillo	Assistant Superintendent, Education Services
Douglas Sorum	Assistant Superintendent, Business Services

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Final Report		As Adjusted per Audit	
	Second Period Report	Annual Report	Second Period Report	Annual Report
	C9975C98	5A20DBB5		
Regular ADA				
Transitional kindergarten through third	2,524.56	2,528.58	2,524.56	2,528.58
Fourth through sixth	1,771.20	1,765.78	1,771.20	1,765.78
Seventh and eighth	1,292.87	1,286.01	1,292.87	1,286.01
Ninth through twelfth	2,577.34	2,551.15	2,571.92	2,545.71
Total Regular ADA	<u>8,165.97</u>	<u>8,131.52</u>	<u>8,160.55</u>	<u>8,126.08</u>
Extended Year Special Education				
Transitional kindergarten through third	4.46	4.46	4.46	4.46
Fourth through sixth	2.04	2.04	2.04	2.04
Seventh and eighth	2.12	2.12	2.12	2.12
Ninth through twelfth	2.02	2.02	2.02	2.02
Total Extended Year Special Education	<u>10.64</u>	<u>10.64</u>	<u>10.64</u>	<u>10.64</u>
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools				
Ninth through twelfth	1.00	0.91	1.00	0.91
Extended Year Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools				
Seventh and eighth	0.16	0.16	0.16	0.16
Community Day School				
Seventh and eighth	5.45	5.85	5.45	5.85
Ninth through twelfth	8.08	7.41	8.08	7.41
Total Community Day School	<u>13.53</u>	<u>13.26</u>	<u>13.53</u>	<u>13.26</u>
Total ADA	<u><u>8,191.30</u></u>	<u><u>8,156.49</u></u>	<u><u>8,185.88</u></u>	<u><u>8,151.05</u></u>

Lompoc Unified School District
 Schedule of Instructional Time
 Year Ended June 30, 2023

Grade Level	1986-1987 Minutes Requirement	2022-2023 Actual Minutes	Number of Minutes Credited Form J-13A*	Total Minutes Offered	Traditional Calendar			Multitrack Calendar			Status
					Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A*	Total Days Offered	Number of Actual Days	Number of Days Credited Form J-13A	Total Days Offered	
Kindergarten	36,000	41,610	260	41,870	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grades 1 - 3											
Grade 1	50,400	50,133	305	50,438	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 2	50,400	50,133	305	50,438	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 3	50,400	50,133	305	50,438	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grades 4 - 8											
Grade 4	54,000	53,683	331	54,014	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 5	54,000	53,683	331	54,014	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 6	54,000	54,143	331	54,474	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 7	54,000	60,685	355	61,040	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 8	54,000	60,685	355	61,040	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grades 9 - 12											
Grade 9	64,800	64,487	371	64,858	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 10	64,800	64,487	371	64,858	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 11	64,800	64,487	371	64,858	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied
Grade 12	64,800	64,487	371	64,858	179	1	180	N/A	N/A	N/A	Complied

* The District received an approved J-13A for 1 day and 260 minutes for Kindergarten, 305 minutes for grades 1-3, 331 minutes for grades 4-6, 355 minutes for grades 7-8, and 371 minutes for grades 9-12.

Lompoc Unified School District
 Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
 Year Ended June 30, 2023

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements at June 30, 2023.

	Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund
Fund Balance	
Balance, June 30, 2023, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 5,043,862
Increase in Receivables	283,456
Balance, June 30, 2023, Audited Financial Statements	\$ 5,327,318

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	(Budget) 2024 ¹	2023	2022 ¹	2021 ¹
General Fund ³				
Revenues	\$ 160,068,541	\$ 173,754,002	\$ 145,074,103	\$ 131,137,602
Other sources	1,185,178	461,714	-	-
Total Revenues and Other Sources	<u>161,253,719</u>	<u>174,215,716</u>	<u>145,074,103</u>	<u>131,137,602</u>
Expenditures	165,553,419	152,929,899	137,727,286	127,209,144
Other uses	-	5,000,000	1,000,000	700,000
Total expenditures and other uses	<u>165,553,419</u>	<u>157,929,899</u>	<u>138,727,286</u>	<u>127,909,144</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>(4,299,700)</u>	<u>16,285,817</u>	<u>6,346,817</u>	<u>3,228,458</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 35,411,410</u>	<u>\$ 39,711,110</u>	<u>\$ 23,425,293</u>	<u>\$ 17,078,476</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 4,966,603</u>	<u>\$ 4,737,999</u>	<u>\$ 4,181,820</u>	<u>\$ 3,837,275</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>3.00%</u>	<u>3.00%</u>	<u>3.01%</u>	<u>3.00%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities including OPEB and Pensions	<u>N/A</u>	<u>\$ 133,402,653</u>	<u>\$ 101,540,981</u>	<u>\$ 164,088,355</u>
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	<u>8,060</u>	<u>8,186</u>	<u>8,153</u>	<u>9,099</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$22,632,634, over the past two years. The fiscal year 2023-2024 budget projects a decrease of \$4,299,700 (10.8%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has incurred operating surpluses in each of the past three years, but anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have decreased by \$30,685,702 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has declined by 913 over the past two years. An additional decline of 126 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2023-2024.

¹ Financial information for 2024, 2022, and 2021 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects.

³ General Fund amounts do not include activity related to the consolidation of the Deferred Maintenance Fund and the Special Reserve Fund for Other Than Capital Outlay Projects as required by GASB Statement No. 54.

Lompoc Unified School District
Schedule of Charter Schools
Year Ended June 30, 2023

Name of Charter School	Charter Number	Included in Audit Report
Manzanita Public Charter School	0973	No

Lompoc Unified School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 706,463	\$ 1,354,760	\$ 3,713,838	\$ 1,299,189	\$ 334,507	\$ 646,026	\$ 3,920,034	\$ 11,974,817
Receivables	-	136,796	1,904,945	7,153	2,093	1,272,901	23,068	3,346,956
Stores inventories	-	-	37,739	-	-	-	-	37,739
Total assets	\$ 706,463	\$ 1,491,556	\$ 5,656,522	\$ 1,306,342	\$ 336,600	\$ 1,918,927	\$ 3,943,102	\$ 15,359,512
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 86,893	\$ 193,454	\$ -	\$ 32,300	\$ 248,610	\$ -	\$ 561,257
Due to other funds	-	18,488	135,750	-	-	-	-	154,238
Total liabilities	-	105,381	329,204	-	32,300	248,610	-	715,495
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	-	42,739	-	-	-	-	42,739
Restricted	706,463	989,635	5,284,579	1,306,342	304,300	241,348	3,943,102	12,775,769
Assigned	-	396,540	-	-	-	1,428,969	-	1,825,509
Total fund balances	706,463	1,386,175	5,327,318	1,306,342	304,300	1,670,317	3,943,102	14,644,017
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 706,463	\$ 1,491,556	\$ 5,656,522	\$ 1,306,342	\$ 336,600	\$ 1,918,927	\$ 3,943,102	\$ 15,359,512

Lompoc Unified School District
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances- Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2023

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ 181,630	\$ 4,669,869	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 913,035	\$ -	\$ 5,764,534
Other State sources	-	1,183,888	2,351,951	-	-	-	17,080	3,552,919
Other local sources	1,123,710	132,183	313,620	133,865	15,887	1,384,520	2,580,364	5,684,149
Total revenues	<u>1,123,710</u>	<u>1,497,701</u>	<u>7,335,440</u>	<u>133,865</u>	<u>15,887</u>	<u>2,297,555</u>	<u>2,597,444</u>	<u>15,001,602</u>
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction	-	664,998	-	-	-	-	-	664,998
Instruction-related activities								
Supervision of instruction	-	185,885	-	-	-	-	-	185,885
School site administration	-	412,534	-	-	-	-	-	412,534
Pupil services								
Food services	-	-	4,679,366	-	-	-	-	4,679,366
All other pupil services	-	83,625	-	-	-	-	-	83,625
Administration								
All other administration	-	51,901	135,750	-	-	-	-	187,651
Plant services	-	15,160	64,734	-	-	120,269	-	200,163
Ancillary services	1,178,219	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,178,219
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	-	262,141	2,446,884	-	2,709,025
Debt service								
Principal	-	-	-	-	-	-	1,225,000	1,225,000
Interest and other	-	-	-	-	-	-	295,181	295,181
Total expenditures	<u>1,178,219</u>	<u>1,414,103</u>	<u>4,879,850</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>262,141</u>	<u>2,567,153</u>	<u>1,520,181</u>	<u>11,821,647</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	(54,509)	83,598	2,455,590	133,865	(246,254)	(269,598)	1,077,263	3,179,955
Fund Balance - Beginning	760,972	1,302,577	2,871,728	1,172,477	550,554	1,939,915	2,865,839	11,464,062
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 706,463</u>	<u>\$ 1,386,175</u>	<u>\$ 5,327,318</u>	<u>\$ 1,306,342</u>	<u>\$ 304,300</u>	<u>\$ 1,670,317</u>	<u>\$ 3,943,102</u>	<u>\$ 14,644,017</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the Lompoc Unified School District (the District) under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position and fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District does not draw for indirect administrative expenses and has not elected to use the ten percent de minimis cost rate.

Food Donation

Nonmonetary assistance is reported in this schedule at the fair market value of the commodities received and disbursed. At June 30, 2023, the District did not report any commodities in inventory.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The reconciling amounts consist of funds that were recorded in the current period as revenues that have not been expended as of June 30, 2023. These unspent balances are reported as legally restricted ending balances within the Cafeteria Non-Major Governmental Fund.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number	Amount
Total Federal Revenues reported on the financial statements		\$ 19,601,148
Child Nutrition Cluster: Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	(283,456)
Total Federal Financial Assistance		\$ 19,317,692

Local Education Agency Organization Structure

This schedule provides information about the District's boundaries and schools operated members of the governing board, and members of the administration.

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule lists all Charter Schools chartered by the District and whether or not the Charter School is included in the District's audit.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.



Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2023

Lompoc Unified School District



**Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance
and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
*Government Auditing Standards***

To the Governing Board
Lompoc Unified School District
Lompoc, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lompoc Unified School District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 10, 2024.

Adoption of New Accounting Standard

As discussed in Notes 1 and 16 to the financial statements, the District has adopted the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, *Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements*, for the year ended June 30, 2023. Accordingly, a restatement has been made to the government-wide net position as of July 1, 2022, to restate beginning net position. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We identified a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as item 2023-001 that we consider to be a material weakness.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

The District's Response to Findings

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

We noted certain matters that we reported to management of the District in a separate letter dated January 10, 2024.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.



Rancho Cucamonga, California
January 10, 2024



Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Governing Board
Lompoc Unified School District
Lompoc, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lompoc Unified School District’s (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District’s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. The District’s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor’s results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District’s federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
January 10, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance

To the Governing Board
Lompoc Unified School District
Lompoc, California

Report on Compliance

Opinion on State Compliance

We have audited Lompoc Unified School District's (the District) compliance with the requirements specified in the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District’s compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District’s compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we consider necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District’s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	Yes
Continuation Education	Yes
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes

2022-2023 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	No, see below
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	No, see below
Middle or Early College High Schools	No, see below
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	No, see below
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	No, see below
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	No, see below
Independent Study Certification for ADA Loss Mitigation	Yes
 School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	No, see below
After/Before School Education and Safety Program:	Yes, see below
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study-Course Based	No, see below
Immunizations	No, see below
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	Yes
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Transitional Kindergarten	Yes
 Charter Schools	
Attendance	No, see below
Mode of Instruction	No, see below
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	No, see below
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	No, see below
Annual Instructional Minutes – Classroom Based	No, see below
Charter School Facility Grant Program	No, see below

The District did not offer an Early Retirement Incentive Program during the current year; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Early Retirement Incentive Program.

We did not perform Juvenile Court Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Middle or Early College High Schools procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

We did not perform Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction procedures because the program is not offered by the District.

The District did not elect to operate as a school district of choice; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to District of Choice.

The District did not receive Home-to-School Transportation Reimbursement; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to Home-to-School Transportation Reimbursement

We did not perform California Clean Energy Jobs Act procedures because the related procedures were performed in a previous year.

The District does not offer a Before School Education and Safety Program; therefore, we did not perform procedures related to the Before School Education and Safety Program.

The District does not offer an Independent Study - Course Based program; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to the Independent Study - Course Based Program.

The District was not listed on the immunization assessment reports; therefore, we did not perform any related procedures.

The Charter School is independent of the District; therefore, we did not perform any procedures related to charter schools.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2023-002, 2023-003, and 2023-004.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be significant deficiencies.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2023-002, 2023-003, and 2023-004 to be significant deficiencies.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

The image shows a handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Eide Bailly LLP". The signature is written in a cursive, flowing style.

Rancho Cucamonga, California
January 10, 2024



Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2023

Lompoc Unified School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	Yes
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

Name of Federal Program or Cluster	Federal Financial Assistance Listing Number
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief II (ESSER II) Fund	84.425D
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund	85.425U
COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief III (ESSER III) Fund: Learning Loss	86.425U
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth (ARP HYC) Program	87.425W
COVID-19 - American Rescue Plan - Homeless Children and Youth II (ARP HYC II) Program	88.425W
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555
Community Investment	12.600
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes

State Compliance

Internal Control over state compliance programs	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	Yes
Other matters to be reported	Yes
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Unmodified

The following finding represents a material weakness that is required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
30000	Internal Control

2023-001 30000 – Adjustment (Material Weakness)

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls to ensure that financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud. Such internal controls should include a review of the year-end closing entries to ensure the financial statements are fairly stated. The District should ensure that all applicable accounting principles are adhered to when preparing the financial statements.

Condition

During our review of federal categorical program revenues and the related receivables, we noted that the District had failed to accrue an entitlement in the Cafeteria Fund in the amount of \$283,456.

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with this finding.

Context

The condition was identified as a result of our audit of the federal categorical revenues and related accruals.

Effect

The effect of the error was an understatement in the Aggregate Non-Major Funds, specifically the Cafeteria Fund, ending fund balance in the amount of \$283,456.

Cause

The cause of the condition identified appears to be a failure to properly identify the award as an entitlement rather than a grant.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

The District should review each funding source to determine whether it is classified as a grant or entitlement, and then should apply the appropriate accounting treatment. In addition, a thorough review of the District's financial statements, including all adjusting entries and reclassifying entries should take place before the financial statements are finalized by the District's business department.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District will ensure all claims and invoices are entered in the corresponding year to accrue the expense accurately. Training has been given to new staff working on the Child Nutrition claims and invoices.

None reported.

The following findings represent significant deficiencies and instances of noncompliance including questioned costs that are required to be reported by the *2022-2023 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. The findings have been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
10000	Attendance
40000	State Compliance
61000	Classroom Teacher Salaries
70000	Instructional Materials

2023-002 10000 and 40000 – Attendance and Independent Study

Criteria or Specific Requirements

The Second Period and Annual Reports of Attendance submitted to the CDE should reconcile to supporting documents to ensure that ADA is reported accurately. With respect to independent study, California *Education Code* Section 51747, states a local educational agency shall obtain a signed written agreement for independent study from the pupil, or the pupil’s parent or legal guardian if the pupil is less than 18 years of age, the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and all persons who have direct responsibility for providing assistance to the pupil no later than 30 days after the first day of instruction.

Condition

The District has implemented written agreements for each pupil enrolled in independent study. However, the written agreements selected for testing were not complete and did not have the signatures of the certificated employee who has been designated as having responsibility for the general supervision of independent study, and all persons who have direct responsibility for providing assistance to the pupil. A review of the remaining independent study agreements at Maple High School showed the same missing signatures.

Questioned Costs

The questioned costs associated with this condition resulted in a potential decrease of \$74,539.31 in Local Control Funding Formula. The estimated penalty was calculated using the CDE’s LCFF Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span. However, there will be no fiscal impact since the District was funded on ADA from prior three year average (2020 – 2022). As a result, the questioned costs is nullified.

Context

The condition was identified as a result of our audit of the Independent Study programs as required by the State Audit Guide. Through our review of the District records supporting the ADA claimed, we noted the issues discussed above.

Effect

The District overclaimed 5.42 ADA on its Second Period Report of Attendance, resulting in an estimated penalty as follows:

<u>Grade Span</u>	<u>Independent Study ADA Disallowed</u>	<u>Derived Value of ADA by Grade Span</u>	<u>Penalty</u>
9-12	<u>5.42</u>	<u>\$ 13,752.64</u>	<u>\$ 74,539.31</u>

Cause

The error was a result of oversight of the requirements of the program.

Repeat Finding

Yes, see prior year finding 2022-001.

Recommendation

The District should review program requirements for independent study and add internal controls to monitor compliance with those requirements.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District’s Second Period and Annual Reports of Attendance for the 2022-2023 fiscal year have been revised and audited by Eide Bailly, District's external auditors. Their audit of these reports and the supporting documentation showed inaccuracy of the totals included in the Reports of Attendance: 2022-2023 Second Period Report of Attendance, which reflects line A-6 total ADA of 8,191.30. The Annual Report of Attendance reflects line A-6 total ADA of 8,201.41 (adjusted for J-13A). The District overreported due to incomplete written agreements for the Independent Study program. As a result, the auditors identified that the district overclaimed ADA for the Second Period and Annual Reports of Attendance for the 2022-2023 fiscal year. The Second Period (P2) ADA was overreported by 5.42, and the Annual (PA) ADA was overreported by 5.44. The following represents the revised P2 and P-Annual Regular ADA:

- P2 is now 8,185.88
- P-Annual is now 8,195.97 (adjusted for J-13A)

The District will file its amended P-2 report with the Santa Barbara County Education Office (SBCEO) by February 23rd, 2024, and both P-2 and P-Annual will be revised in the Principal Apportionment Data Collection (PADC). To ensure compliance with the requirements for written agreements for the Independent Study program, the district will ensure that teachers, counselors, and administrators overseeing independent study agreements at each school site complete training each school year. The Department of Pupil Support Services will review random independent study written agreements from each site two times per school year.

2023-003 61000 – Classroom Teacher Salaries

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Education Code Section 41372 requires that the payment of classroom teacher salaries and benefits meet or exceed 55% (as required for elementary districts) of total current expense of the district, as calculated using Form CEA of the Standardized Account Code Structure System (SACS Software).

Condition

The District's current expense of education totaled \$123,116,814. The District spent 53.47%, or \$65,832,423, on classroom teacher salaries and benefits. This is below the 55% requirement.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with the finding.

Context

In reviewing the Form CEA, the auditor noted that the calculation performed by the SACS software indicated that the District did not meet the minimum required 55% of General Fund expenditures for classroom teacher salaries.

Effect

The deficiency is calculated to be \$1,883,687, or 1.53% of the District's Current Expense-Part II, as calculated on Form CEA.

Cause

As a result of the District receiving significant sources of new funding from the state and federal governments to be used specifically for COVID-19 related expenditures, the District's ratio was not maintained. These one-time funding sources were not eligible for exclusion from the calculation.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

The District should consider reviewing this calculation for compliance during interim budget periods and make adjustments where available. In addition, as a result of the new funding that is ineligible for exclusion, the District should consider applying for a waiver for this requirement.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

In FY 2022-23, the District settled a 2-year compensation agreement which included a salary increase of 3.0% for 2022-23 and 6.5% for 2023-24 as approved in the AB1200 document for 2023-24 for LFT and CSEA groups. The total 2023-24 compensation increase for “teachers” (objects 1100 & 2100) of \$3,040,015 meets and exceeds the deficiency calculated to be \$1,883,687, as calculated on Form CEA.

As a result of the District receiving significant sources of new funding from the state and federal governments to be used specifically for COVID-19 related expenditures, the District’s ratio was not maintained. These one-time funding sources were not eligible for exclusion from the calculation. The District will continue reviewing this calculation for compliance during interim budget periods and make adjustments where available.

In addition, as a result of the new funding that is ineligible for exclusion (Resources: 5630,7085,3305,3308,3310,3315,5632,5634,5880,5885,6331,6300,6536,6547,6762,7010,7028,7029,7032,7311,7413,7426,7412), the District plans to file for a waiver with the Santa Barbara County Office of Education. The supporting documents have been submitted to SBCEO for preliminary review. The comparable districts are between 7,000 and 10,000 ADA with a UPP between 55% and 70%.

2023-003 70000 – Instructional Materials

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Education Code Section 60119 requires that the school district governing board hold a public hearing on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day pupils attended school for the year, prior to making a determination through a resolution as to the sufficiency of textbooks or other instructional materials.

Condition

The District did not hold the public hearing on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day pupils attended school. The hearing was held during the ninth week after the first day of school.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs associated with the finding.

Context

In reviewing the governing board minutes and the board resolution regarding the sufficiency of instructional materials, the auditor noted that the hearing was held and the resolution passed on October 11, 2022, while the first day of school was August 15, 2022.

Effect

The District did not hold the public hearing and related resolution regarding sufficiency of instructional materials on or before the end of the eighth week from the first day pupils attended school.

Cause

The District failed to schedule the public hearing and related resolution regarding sufficiency of instructional materials prior to the end of the eighth week of school.

Repeat Finding

No.

Recommendation

The District should file for a waiver with the county office of education. The District should schedule the public hearing and related resolution regarding sufficiency of instructional materials prior to the end of the eighth week of school.

Corrective Action Plan and Views of Responsible Officials

The District's Pupil Support Services department will receive training on the requirements and timelines of the Williams Act by June 30th, 2024. The department will create a yearly calendar for the Williams requirements and place dates on the annual school board meeting calendar by August 1st for each upcoming school year.

Except as specified in previous sections of this report, summarized below is the current status of all audit findings reported in the prior year's Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs.

State Compliance Findings

2022-001 10000

Criteria or Specific Requirements

Pursuant to California Education Code Section 42238.02, the Second Period (P2) and Annual (PA) reports of attendance submitted to the California Department of Education must reconcile back to supporting documents that the Local Educational Agency (LEA) has prepared in connection with the calculation of its Average Daily Attendance (ADA) reported on each of the reporting line items.

Condition

The District reported the following numbers on its P2 and PA reports of attendance:

	Second Period	Annual
Regular ADA		
TK-3	2,484.02	2,500.39
4-6	1,763.26	1,771.19
7-8	1,313.73	1,315.94
9-12	2,555.87	2,542.47
Total Regular ADA	8,116.88	8,129.99

However, the District utilized the wrong attendance summary for the Independent Study program. As result, we requested the correct attendance summary reports to be ran from the system and summarized the ADA for P2 and PA ADA for the Independent Study Program. The following represents the revised P2 and PA Regular ADA:

	Second Period	Annual
Regular ADA		
TK-3	2,485.10	2,500.39
4-6	1,764.50	1,771.19
7-8	1,314.27	1,314.94
9-12	2,561.67	2,544.56
Total Regular ADA	8,125.54	8,131.08

Questioned Costs

There were no questioned costs associated with the condition identified, due to the District being funded based off of prior year ADA in the current year.

Context

The condition was identified during our review of the District's P2 and PA attendance reports and the supporting documents.

Effect

The district underreported Total Regular ADA for P2 and PA by 8.66 and 1.09 ADA, respectively.

Cause

The cause of the condition identified as a result of the District utilizing the incorrect attendance summary reports.

Recommendation

The District should revamp its procedures over the review of the attendance reports. The reviewer should ensure the P2 and PA attendance reports were compiled using the correct attendance summary reports.

Current Status

Partially implemented. See current year finding 2023-002.



Management
Lompoc Unified School District
Lompoc, California

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Template Binders (the District) for the year ended June 30, 2023, we considered its internal control structure in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control structure.

However, during our audit, we noted matters that are opportunities for strengthening internal controls and operating efficiency. The following items represent conditions noted by our audit that we consider important enough to bring to your attention. This letter does not affect our report dated January 10, 2024, on the government-wide financial statements of the District.

Associated Student Body

Lompoc Valley Middle School

Observation

Based on the review of the cash receipting procedures, it was noted that two of six deposits tested were not deposited in a timely manner. The delay in deposit ranged from approximately 19 to 29 days from the date of receipt. This could result in large cash balances being maintained at the sites which can hinder the safeguarding of ASB assets.

Recommendation

The ASB should, at a minimum, make their deposits once a week to minimize the amount of cash held at the sites. During weeks of high cash activity, there may be a need to make more than one deposit. The District should communicate specific guidelines for this procedure including the maximum cash on hand that should be maintained at the site.

Cabrillo High School

Observation

Based on the review of the cash receipting procedures, it was noted that five of 40 deposits tested were not deposited in a timely manner. The delay in deposit ranged from approximately 12 to 19 days from the date of receipt. This could result in large cash balances being maintained at the sites which can hinder the safeguarding of ASB assets.

Recommendation

The ASB should, at a minimum, make their deposits once a week to minimize the amount of cash held at the sites. During weeks of high cash activity, there may be a need to make more than one deposit. The District should communicate specific guidelines for this procedure including the maximum cash on hand that should be maintained at the site.

We will review the status of the current year comments during our next audit engagement.

Eide Bailly LLP

Rancho Cucamonga, California
January 10, 2024