

The School Board of the City of Virginia Beach (a component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia)



School Board of the City of Virginia Beach

(A component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia)

ANNUAL COMPREHENSIVE FINANCIAL REPORT

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

PREPARED BY

OFFICE OF BUSINESS SERVICES

Daniel Hopkins, CPA Director of Business Services

Misty Caish, MPA Accounting Coordinator

Michael Jackson Accounting Coordinator

Thea Jones
Financial Management Specialist

Karen Pawley Principal Accountant

Necole Cortes Principal Accountant

Terrashae Burgos Principal Accountant

Theresa Jordan Principal Accountant

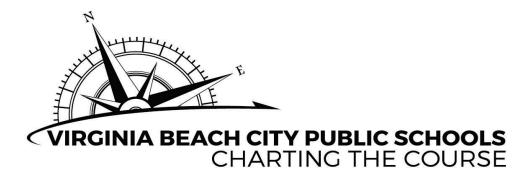


Table of Contents

| ı | NTR | ODI | ICT | ORV | SF | CTI | ON. | ı |
|---|-----|-----|-----|------------|----|-----|-----|---|
| | | | | | | | | |

| | Page Page |
|----------------|---|
| | Letter of Transmittal 1 |
| | School Board |
| | GFOA Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in |
| | Financial Reporting 18 |
| | ASBO Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting 19 |
| | School Board Organizational Chart |
| FINAN | CIAL SECTION |
| | Report of Independent Auditor23 |
| | Management's Discussion and Analysis 27 |
| | Basic Financial Statements: |
| <u>Exhibit</u> | |
| | Government-Wide Financial Statements: |
| A-1 | Statement of Net Position46 |
| A-2 | Statement of Activities 47 |
| | Fund Financial Statements: |
| A-3 | Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds 48 |
| | Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds |
| | to the Statement of Net Position 49 |
| A-4 | Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in |
| | Fund Balances – Governmental Funds 50 |
| | Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures |
| | and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds |
| | to the Statement of Activities 51 |
| A-5 | Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds 52 |
| A-6 | Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in |
| | Net Position – Proprietary Funds 53 |
| A-7 | Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds 54 |
| A-8 | Statement of Fiduciary Net Position 55 |
| A-9 | Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position 56 |
| | Notes to the Basic Financial Statements |

| Statement/ | <u>Page</u> |
|-----------------|--|
| <u>Schedule</u> | Required Supplementary Information:149 |
| B-1 | Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability150 |
| B-2 | Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios151 |
| B-3 | Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions – Professional153 |
| B-4 | Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions – Nonprofessional154 |
| B-5 | Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability / Related Ratios-Retiree Health155 |
| B-6 | Schedule of Annual Contributions-Retiree Health157 |
| B-7 | Schedule of Investment Returns-Retiree Health159 |
| B-8 | Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability / Related Ratios-HIC160 |
| B-9 | Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability - HIC161 |
| B-10 | Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability - GLI163 |
| B-11 | Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OPEB Liability - VLDP165 |
| B-12 | Schedule of Employer Contributions – HIC167 |
| B-13 | Schedule of Employer Contributions – GLI169 |
| B-14 | Schedule of Employer Contributions – VLDP171 |
| | Major Governmental Funds: |
| | Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in |
| | Fund Balances – Budget and Actual: |
| C-1 | General Fund173 |
| C-2 | School Grants Special Revenue Fund176 |
| C-3 | School Cafeterias Special Revenue Fund182 |
| | Notes to the Required Supplementary Information183 |
| | Other Supplementary Information: |
| | Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules |
| | Nonmajor Governmental Funds – Special Revenue Funds:187 |
| D-1 | Combining Balance Sheet188 |
| D-2 | Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in |
| | Fund Balances |

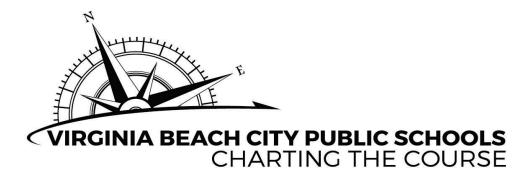
Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget and Actual:

| Statement/ Schedule | | |
|------------------------|--|------|
| <u>scricuaic</u> | | Page |
| D-3 | School Textbooks Special Revenue Fund | 190 |
| D-4 | School Communication Towers/Technology Special Revenue Fund | 191 |
| D-5 | School Vending Operations Special Revenue Fund | 192 |
| D-6 | School Equipment Replacement Special Revenue Fund | 193 |
| | Internal Service Funds: | 195 |
| E-1 | Combining Statement of Net Position | 196 |
| E-2 | Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in | |
| | Net Position | |
| E-3 | Combining Statement of Cash Flows | 198 |
| STATISTICA | L SECTION | 199 |
| <u>Table</u> | | |
| 1 | Government-Wide Net Position by Component – Last Ten Fiscal Years. | |
| 2 | Government-Wide Changes in Net Position – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 3 | Government-Wide Expenses by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 4 | Government-Wide Revenues – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 5 | Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 206 |
| 6 | Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds – | |
| | Last Ten Fiscal Years | 208 |
| 7 | General Fund Expenditures and Other Financing Uses | |
| | by Function – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 8 | General Fund Revenues by Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 211 |
| 9 | Per Pupil Financial Support for Expenditures by Major | |
| | Revenue Source – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 212 |
| 10 | Composite Index of Local Ability-to-Pay Costs of Standards | |
| | of Quality – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 214 |

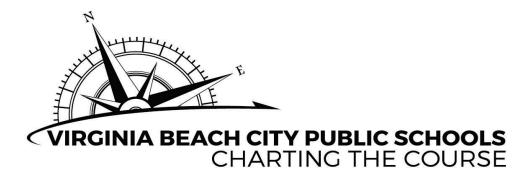
| <u>Table</u> | | |
|--------------|--|------|
| | | Page |
| 11 | Students Promoted – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 12 | Student Attendance – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 13 | Student Dropouts – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 14 | Scholastic Aptitude Test (SAT) – Mean Scores – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 219 |
| 15 | Graduates as Percent of Ninth Grade Membership Four Years | |
| | Earlier – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 16 | Graduates Continuing Education – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 221 |
| 17 | Ratio of Students to Teaching/Instructional Personnel – | |
| | Last Ten Fiscal Years | 222 |
| 18 | Personnel Positions – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 224 |
| 19 | Instructional Personnel Positions per 1,000 Students in ADM – | |
| | Last Ten Fiscal Years | 226 |
| 20 | Instructional Personnel Salaries – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 227 |
| 21 | Teachers Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 228 |
| 22 | School Cafeterias Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 230 |
| 23 | Capital Assets Information by Governmental Activities – | |
| | Last Ten Fiscal Years | 232 |
| 24 | School Buildings Information – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 25 | Student Membership – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 26 | Student Membership by Ethnic Group – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 27 | Miscellaneous Statistical Data of the City of Virginia Beach | |
| 28 | Principal Employers of the City of Virginia Beach – | |
| | Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 245 |
| 29 | Demographic and Economic Statistics of the City of Virginia Beach – | |
| | Last Ten Fiscal Years | 246 |
| 30 | Principal Property Taxpayers of the City of Virginia Beach – | 240 |
| 30 | Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago | 247 |
| 31 | Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property of the | 277 |
| J1 | City of Virginia Beach – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 248 |
| 32 | Property Tax Levies and Collections of the | 240 |
| 32 | City of Virginia Beach – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 249 |
| 33 | | 243 |
| 33 | Revenue Rates for Real Estate and Personal Property of the | 250 |
| 24 | City of Virginia Beach – Last Ten Fiscal Years | 250 |
| 34 | Ratios of Outstanding General Bonded Debt by Type of the | 254 |
| 25 | City of Virginia Beach – Last Ten Fiscal Years | |
| 35 | Legal Debt Margin of the City of Virginia Beach | |
| 36 | Ratios of Outstanding Debt | 254 |

COMPLIANCE SECTION

| Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over | |
|---|-----|
| Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters | |
| Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in | |
| Accordance with Government Auditing Standards2 | 257 |



INTRODUCTORY SECTION





VIRGINIA BEACH CITY PUBLIC SCHOOLS CHARTING THE COURSE

December 13, 2024

The Honorable Members of the School Board Citizens of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia:

We are pleased to submit to you the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (the ACFR) of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of presentation, including all disclosures, rests with management. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data is accurate in all material respects and is reported in a manner designed to fairly present the financial position and results of operations of the Governmental Activities and various funds of the School Board. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the School Board's financial activities have been included.

The ACFR is divided into four sections:

<u>Introductory Section</u>-includes this Transmittal Letter, reproductions of the Government Finance Officers Association's (GFOA) and the Association of School Business Officials' (ASBO) financial reporting certificate awards, the School Board members (June 30, 2024), and an Organizational Chart (June 30, 2024).

<u>Financial Section</u>-includes the Report of Independent Auditor, Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A), Basic Financial Statements, Notes to the Basic Financial Statements, Required Supplementary Information for Retirement, Other Postemployment Benefits and Major Governmental Funds, Notes to the Required Supplementary Information, and Combining and Individual Fund Statements and Schedules for Nonmajor Funds.

<u>Statistical Section</u>-includes several tables and graphs that present various financial, student/personnel, demographic, economic, and other information, for the School Board and City of Virginia Beach, generally presented on a multi-year basis.

<u>Compliance Section</u>-includes the Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United Stated of America (the GAAP) require that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the Basic Financial Statements in the form of MD&A. This Transmittal Letter is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The School Board's MD&A is presented immediately following the Report of Independent Auditor.

The School Board is required to undergo an annual single audit in conformity with the provisions of the Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996 and Office of Management and Budget Uniform Grant Guidance. Information related to this single audit, including the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, findings and recommendations, if any, and auditors' reports, is included in the City of Virginia Beach's ACFR.

THE REPORTING ENTITY AND ORGANIZATION

The present City of Virginia Beach (the City) was formed on January 1, 1963, by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former, smaller City of Virginia Beach. This merger created one of the largest cities in the Commonwealth of Virginia with an area of 310 square miles and 38 miles of shoreline on the Atlantic Ocean and the Chesapeake Bay.

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the city. The elected eleven-member School Board, vested with legislative powers, appoints the Superintendent who is the executive and administrative head of the public school division. The City Council approves the School Board's operating budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance their portion of the operations, and approves the borrowing of money and issuance of bonds when necessary. The City Council is prohibited from exercising any control over specific appropriations within the operating budget of the School Board. However, City Council may exercise control in total by major categories (e.g., Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology) as prescribed by the Code of Virginia, as amended.

In accordance with the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), the financial reporting entity consists of the primary government (the City of Virginia Beach), as well as its component units, which are legally separate organizations for which the City Council is financially accountable (e.g., a component unit that is fiscally dependent on the Primary Government). The School Board is considered a component unit of the City and the financial position and results of operations of the School Board are also presented in the City's ACFR. The School Board has no component units for financial reporting purposes.

The School Board is fiscally dependent (i.e., it does not have taxing or levying authority, or borrowing authority). It derives most of its funding from allocations from the City and the Commonwealth of Virginia and is the fourth largest school division in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Cities in Virginia have sole property taxing jurisdiction over the entire area within their boundaries and operate independently of any county government. There are no overlapping jurisdictions and, consequently, citizens of Virginia cities are not subject to overlapping debt or taxation.

Leadership is provided by the School Board working in concert with the Superintendent. The School Board consists of eleven citizens directly elected to serve four-year overlapping terms. The City's Charter designates that the composition of the School Board consists of one member from among the residents of each of the ten districts elected, with one additional at-large member. The School Board is responsible for setting policy, while the Superintendent and his administrative staff are charged with managing the school division's operations.

The administrative structure is divided into eight operational areas, as follows: Chief of Staff; School Leadership; School Division Services (such as construction, facilities planning, food services, pupil transportation, distribution services, custodial services, maintenance, safe schools, and similar activities); Technology; Budget and Finance; Teaching and Learning; Human Resources; and Communications and Community Engagement.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The School Board serves Virginia Beach, the largest city in the Commonwealth of Virginia with a population of more than 457,000 people, and oversees Virginia Beach City Public Schools (VBCPS), the fourth largest school system in Virginia, with an enrollment of roughly 64,000 students and more than 14,000 employees. Situated on the coast of the Atlantic Ocean adjacent to Chesapeake Bay, Virginia Beach is 146 air miles from Washington, D.C.

Virginia Beach is well known as a resort community. Its diversification, however, has been the underlying strength of the city's economy. Major components of the city's economic base include advanced manufacturing, information technology, professional services, biomedical, offshore wind, agriculture, the military community consisting of three bases, and the omnipresent resort and convention trade.

Here are some highlights provided by Virginia Beach Department of Economic Development:

1. Economic Development Incentive Program (EDIP)

The Virginia Beach Development Authority (VBDA) awarded four EDIP grants totaling \$444,600, resulting in \$5.59 million new capital investment in our City. The grants brought one new business to the City of Virginia Beach and helped expand three existing businesses during the period July 1, 2023, to June 30, 2024. Through the program, 355 jobs were created, and 336 jobs retained.

a. Expansions:

- VBDA approved an EDIP grant of \$100,000 to Hermes Abrasives based on its commitment to invest \$3.6 million in new capital and to create 30 new jobs in the City.
- VBDA approved an EDIP grant of \$167,000 to DOMA Technologies, LLC (DOMA), a Virginia Beach-based cloud software company, to expand its operations to a larger facility in the City based on its commitment to invest \$1.675 million in new capital. More than 275 new jobs were created and

222 existing positions retained within the City.

 The engineering firm Rinker Design and Associates, P.C., headquartered in Manassas, Virginia, was awarded \$47,600. The company is committed to \$190,000 in capital investment while creating 10 new jobs and retaining 11 existing positions within the City.

b. New business:

VBDA approved an EDIP grant of \$130,000 to ThayerMahan, Inc. (ThayerMahan), a data-driven marine services firm based in Connecticut. The company committed to \$125,000 in capital investment while creating 40 new jobs and establishing its mid-Atlantic headquarters in Virginia Beach. With a significant customer base and a workforce composed largely of military veterans, the company is a critical contributor to the region's growing maritime, defense and offshore wind industries.

2. Amazon Fulfillment Center

Amazon's multi-story robotics fulfillment center and delivery station brings an expected \$383 million in capital investment. The project brings 2,000 new jobs and adds 3.42 million square feet to the Virginia Beach landscape. The delivery station is expected to launch this year, and the robotics fulfillment center is planned to open in 2025.

3. Façade Improvement Grant (FIG) Program:

The FIG program provides matching grants to small, locally owned and operated businesses to make exterior building improvements to enhance the overall appearance and attractiveness of these businesses and add to the overall economic vitality of the City.

a. This year VBDA awarded a total of 16 grants totaling \$126,320 which resulted in \$530,861 in private investment for façade improvements throughout the City. The \$10,000 awardees were MPN Group, LLC.; Cosmo's Corner, Inc.; North Bay, LLC.; Jungle Golf of VB; 1st Class Assets, LLC.; Dubay Properties; SEDA, Inc.; and Yorkies Modern Deli.

4. International Incubator:

VBDA maintains office space which is available on a short-term basis to international companies looking to establish a United States presence here in Virginia Beach.

a. This year, VBDA welcomed three new tenants to its International Incubator: Silogic Technology, a UK-based global data science company using AI to secure wind turbines and optimize wind farm operations; Surus Marine, a government contractor offering a range of services for maintaining and repairing various types of marine vessels; Cassieopeia Space Systems, an Israeli and U.S. company specializing in developing and selling satellite

communication terminals for maritime, land and air applications. Also, Chorus Intelligence, the first company to join the International Incubator, successfully outgrew the incubator and opened its own office in Town Center.

5. VBDA Assets:

- a. The Virginia Beach Amphitheater celebrates its 28th season in 2024. This year the venue has hosted 10 events with approximately 153,000 attendees, generating about \$1.44 million. Since opening, the amphitheater has entertained more than 7.3 million music lovers and contributed more than \$37.7 million in direct revenue to the City.
- b. The Virginia Beach National Golf Course generated more than \$295,971 in income to the City. The VBDA received management fees of more than \$209,391 to fund capital repairs and maintenance to the facility.
- c. Precision Measurements Incorporated, a full-service land surveying firm broke ground for a 16,000 square foot facility in Corporate Landing business park in early 2024. Employment for the project, with an overall investment of \$5 million, is projected to grow 25% in the next three years.

6. Atlantic Park Project:

a. VBDA has entered into all contracts as a public partner, holds title to the real estate and administers the Capital Improvement Program onsite. Upon completion of the project, VBDA will hold title to parking garages and entertainment venues. The projected completion date of the venue is Spring 2025.

7. Ribbon Cutting:

- a. Powertrain Industries opened its new 100,000 square foot manufacturing facility after receiving a \$192,000 EDIP grant. Employee numbers increased from 35 to 135.
- b. 360 IT Partners opened a new headquarters after receiving a \$40,000 EDIP grant. The expansion adds 10 new high-wage jobs.

In the current fiscal year, the Virginia Beach Development Authority will continue outreach and marketing initiatives identified by its targeted key industries as listed below.

- Advanced Manufacturing
- Defense & Aerospace
- IT/Cyber
- Maritime/Logistics
- Renewable Energy

- The HIVE/ Local Business Growth & Entrepreneurship
- Professional Office & Retail

OFFSHORE WIND ENERGY

Virginia Beach has the potential to become a significant offshore wind energy hub. Dominion Energy has begun construction of one of the first commercial-scale wind farms in the U.S. totaling \$18 billion in private capital investment. As of September of this year, more than 70 monopiles have been installed offshore. The completed number of turbines is expected to be 176 by 2026. Installation of structures for underground and overhead cables to connect with underwater sea cables is progressing and direct pipe installations have been completed at State Military Reservation (SMR), which will connect with underwater sea cables. Horizontal directional drilling has been completed under Lake Christine and Lake Rudee.

Infrastructure in Virginia Beach and across the region is already in place to accommodate businesses in the offshore wind supply chain, providing them with ample opportunities to benefit from the rapid growth of this sector.

BIO & LIFE SCIENCES

Virginia Beach serves as a vibrant hub for both established and emergent companies in the bio and life sciences sector. The City's strategic location on the U.S. East Coast, talent pipeline, bio networks and industry associations, capital access, incentive programs, and commitment to innovation are what makes Virginia Beach a natural fit for this industry.

ADVANCED MANUFACTURING

Given its central location on the East Coast of the United States and its access to an extensive multi-modal transportation network, Virginia Beach offers a logistical advantage to manufacturers looking to transport their goods both domestically and internationally.

By far the biggest appeal to manufacturers located in Virginia Beach is the proximity to the best performing port in North America — The Port of Virginia — which provides direct access to 90 foreign ports via 30 shipping lines with quick and efficient rail service to destinations throughout the United States.

School-to-Industry Partnership: Tidewater Community College (TCC) has teamed up with local manufacturers, including IMS: Gear, STIHL, and Busch Vacuum Solutions, to turn a manufacturing floor into a college classroom. While TCC provides the curriculum and instruction, local companies supply the lab space and necessary materials. Also, a dual enrollment agreement exists between VBCPS and TCC that allows high school students to earn college credit for selected manufacturing courses.

MARTIME & LOGISTICS

Virginia Beach is the location of choice for businesses in the distribution and logistics sector. Given its close proximity to The Port of Virginia, the deepest harbor on the East Coast, the

City has naturally gained a heavy concentration of businesses involved in freight transportation arrangement, marine cargo handling, logistics consulting services, port and harbor operations, coastal and deep-sea freight transportation, supply chain management, and warehousing and storage.

The Hampton Roads region offers competitive wages, a lower cost of living, and the real benefits of a high quality of life.

MILITARY & DEFENSE

The greater Virginia Beach area is home to the largest active-duty military population in the United States, as well as nine major military installations representing all branches of the U.S. Armed Forces. In addition, the only permanent NATO headquarters outside of Europe is located in the greater Virginia Beach area, as are the world's largest naval base and other major military commands including the U.S. Navy's headquarters for computer network command and control.

Private industry support for the area's defense operation plays a major role in the regional economy, creating thousands of jobs and leading significant innovations in new technologies for both military and private sector applications. Two major federal research and development facilities (NASA Langley Research Center and Thomas Jefferson National Accelerator Facility) are responsible for developing new technologies in the fields of materials, sensors, aviation safety, and nuclear science.

CYBER SECURITY & INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

Virginia Beach is rapidly emerging as a leader in the cybersecurity, information technology, and advanced digital communications industries. Thanks to its advantageous business climate, a robust 21st century fiber broadband infrastructure, a reliable power supply, and a highly skilled workforce, Virginia Beach is a natural choice for the IT and cybersecurity industry. Major IT companies in Virginia Beach include Christian Broadcasting Network, Inc.; Lockheed Martin; SAIC; Liberty Tax/TH Holdings; Electronics Systems, Inc.; and DOMA Technologies, LLC.

Virginia Beach has a number of higher education facilities that provide a wide variety of degree and certificate programs to support the area's rapidly expanding private-sector IT core.

Additionally, our active-duty military population is a real asset for the cybersecurity industry. Every year, many highly trained service members who leave the military choose to remain in the region, which strengthens the labor force and talent pool.

Virginia Beach is primed for the digital future with three of the fastest, highest-capacity transatlantic submarine cables in the world today landing in Virginia Beach. Coupled with its 21st century broadband infrastructure, Virginia Beach can deliver what it takes to fuel a digital economy.

Virginia Beach is also well-positioned to support the growth of the emergent unmanned vehicle systems industry.

OFFICE & RETAIL

Virginia Beach is an extremely attractive location for retailers with locals contributing more than \$6.4 billion in retail sales per year.

A variety of real estate options are available to support headquarters and corporate back-office operations, either in urban office towers, mid-rise buildings, or traditional suburban-style office parks. Additionally, the Virginia Beach MSA has one of the most robust telecommunication infrastructure systems in the U.S. to support all facets of corporate operations.

INTERNATIONAL PROFILE

Virginia Beach's central location on the East Coast of the United States, and proximity to two international airports and the fast-growing Port of Virginia, establish the City as a hub of international commerce. Many international companies choose to locate and grow in Virginia Beach because they enjoy a low-tax, business-friendly environment that encourages business expansion.

The large volume of global trade that takes place in the Virginia Beach area allows businesses to have access to some of the best international business law and immigration attorneys in the United States. Moreover, many banks in the area are also experienced in conducting international financial transactions.

LOCAL SUCCESS STORIES

In 1974, STIHL established its North American headquarters in the City of Virginia Beach. The global leader in handheld outdoor power equipment has since expanded its local manufacturing operation on numerous occasions and has continued to create new employment opportunities for the citizens of Virginia Beach. What initially started as a 20,000 square foot manufacturing facility for the German manufacturer has grown into a 150-acre campus with a workforce of more than 2,000 and 2 million square feet of combined industrial and office space in the City.

Sanjo Corte Fino, a Spanish metal-stamping company based in Barcelona, announced that it selected Virginia Beach for the site of its North American manufacturing headquarters in 2016. Sanjo, a family-owned business founded in 1967, initially invested \$17.5 million in real estate and equipment in the City of Virginia Beach. Six years after breaking ground on its 24,000 square foot facility, Sanjo now prepares for an additional investment of \$3.2 million to expand its manufacturing operation in Virginia Beach, creating 40 new jobs as a result.

QUALITY OF LIFE

There is always something fun to do in Virginia Beach; one of the reasons Virginia Beach has been called a great place to live, work and enjoy.

Thousands of visitors flock here every year to enjoy the 38 miles of beautiful beaches and 4,500-plus acres of community parks including First Landing State Park. There are also numerous outdoor sports and recreational options and a variety of sporting venues such as public golf courses, softball fields, tennis courts and many recreation centers.

From the flourishing local culinary scene to the variety of arts and entertainment, to family-friendly attractions, to that special energy and vibe that is Virginia Beach. It's why locals choose to call our City home and millions of visitors come here every year.

MAJOR INITIATIVES

Virginia Beach City Public Schools (VBCPS) is committed to providing the best possible experience to meet the needs of students and families.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools has continued to maintain record levels with respect to the On-Time Graduation (OTG) rate, which stands at 96.1% for the 2024 cohort year, and a low dropout rate of 2.1%. Virginia Beach City Public Schools also outperformed Virginia's rates for OTG and for dropouts.

Another indicator of the remarkable success of the school community is the Virginia Department of Education pass rates from the Standards of Learning Assessments for 2023-24. The data shows VBCPS exceeded the state level of performance in all subject areas and outperformed all local divisions in reading, writing, science and history. The division also outperformed seven other comparable divisions in Virginia in reading and science, and data shows that VBCPS continues to excel, exceeding pre-pandemic pass rates in Geometry and Earth Science.

Academic and Career Planning (ACP) is mapped from elementary school through graduation. This highlights that VBCPS is intentional about when and how its youngest students begin to be aware of careers and how their educational choices shape their opportunities. High school teachers will be delivering ACP lessons to highlight careers as well as VBCPS courses in those subject areas. Virginia Beach City Public Schools believes that providing work-based learning (WBL) experiences is a worthwhile part of preparing all students to go out into the world. The Office of Career and Technical Education has established the FIELD-X program for Work-Based Learning, which features a full-time WBL Specialist who supports work and service-learning field experiences. Through this initiative, WBL implementation is thriving at all high schools. A second full-time Specialist will be hired this year to bolster continued expansion. From 2022-23 to 2023-24, student economic impact via Work-Based Learning at the high school level grew more than 150% from about \$400,000 to over \$1 million. This increase stemmed partly from the scaled implementation of Service Learning, particularly in English 10. Participation in high school Service Learning rose more than 600%, with over 4,200 students completing projects. FIELD-X continues to innovate field experience programming through mutually beneficial partnerships to ensure that every student, regardless of means or background, has access to work and service learning and that these opportunities are of the highest possible quality.

Since the industry credential program began in 2002, over 167,725 industry credentials

have been earned by VBCPS students. Each year, students have access to over 134 different credentials that link to career fields free of charge. Students build their resume by collecting stackable credentials that prove the professional skills they can demonstrate. During the 2023-24 school year, high school students earned a total of 14,330 industry credentials.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools recently opened a second welding lab and classroom effectively doubling the size of its dual enrolled welding program targeted at supporting the Regional Maritime Training System. This new training facility represents a more than \$2-million investment by the NAVY and the Hampton Roads Workforce Council into VBCPS facilities. Enrolled students earn a Career Studies Certificate through Tidewater Community College. This is just the latest example in the continual expansion of dual enrollment in CTE, which currently includes Virginia Teachers for Tomorrow, Early Childhood Education at the Tech Center, Welding, CISCO, Network Administration, Veterinary Assisting, Hotel Management, EMT, and the entire associate degree in business offered at the Entrepreneurship and Business Academy at Kempsville High School.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools prioritizes creating and fostering meaningful partnerships to enhance student learning opportunities. As such, VBCPS teamed up with Naval Air Station (NAS) Oceana on Project SEARCH, which connects high school students with intellectual and developmental disabilities to internships and on-the-job training. NAS Oceana is the Navy's first installation in the country to host the innovative program and the partnership supports the city's military families and provides pathways to building student independence.

Advancement via Individual Determination (AVID) is a schoolwide approach to teaching and learning which fosters equitable access to educational resources and experiences required for students to be future ready. Through intentional professional learning on Writing, Inquiry, Collaboration, Organization, and Reading, also known as WICOR, teachers are equipped with Tier 1 research-based instructional practices to meet the needs of all students. An AVID elective is also offered to support students in the academic middle. AVID elective students are often first-generation college students and traditionally underrepresented populations. The AVID elective provides students an opportunity to learn, develop and refine skills through the use of WICOR to prepare to become successful lifelong learners. Virginia Beach City Public Schools started using AVID in 1998 and has expanded the program to include four elementary schools and all middle and high schools.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools cares deeply about each student's academic experience and recognizes the critical importance of family to their success. One of the ways the division is working to enhance service to families is through the hiring of Family Outreach Representatives to help families navigate the education process. The Family Outreach Representative position is a vital component to the success of Family Engagement. The role of the Family Outreach Representative is to foster authentic communication to engage the school community while creating an inclusive welcoming environment by promoting best practices, access to information and resources necessary to ensure academic success. We believe these actions will improve well-being of families and students. The Family Outreach Representative accomplishes this work by providing training and resources to staff and

families creating a mutually beneficial partnership between home and school. Along with Family Outreach Representatives, VBCPS has also launched a Language Ambassadors program using volunteers to help welcome families whose first language isn't English into schools.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools has also hosted hundreds of Family Connection webinars to support families and recently held the fourth annual Back-to-School Care Fair that served thousands of families by providing free backpacks, haircuts, vision and hearing screenings, a vaccination clinic and more.

The VBCPS strategic plan, Compass to 2025, has six goals with an equity emphasis within each goal. Three of the goal areas focused specifically on student learning, combined with the division's core value of innovation — reflected in the behavioral imperative to "be open to change" — means that VBCPS strives to ensure all students are connected to learning and achieving at the highest levels. From workshops on Building Inclusive Communities for division leaders to supporting all stakeholders by promoting belonging through a culture of dignity, VBCPS intentionally places focus on creating environments where children can thrive and where educational excellence is the norm, not the exception.

With equity as a crucial tenet of Compass to 2025, each day students and adults learn about, develop, and utilize their future-ready skills in a safe and inclusive environment that prioritizes the well-being of individuals and the collective community.

As a part of our continued commitment to supporting School Board Policy 5-4, Educational Equity, VBCPS recently launched an educational data dashboard. This dashboard provides a comprehensive look at progress being made in VBCPS to meeting goals set forth in the strategic framework and the equity plan. Additionally, the dashboard affirms our commitment to transparency and desire for growth.

Key priorities of the equity plan include:

- •Ensuring diverse cultures and perspectives are positively represented in the curriculum.
- Creating an environment where all students feel safe, welcome, and included at school.
- Addressing student discipline disparities.
- •Increasing access to and success in rigorous learning opportunities for all students.
- •Recruiting, retaining, and promoting a workforce representative of the diverse student population.
- •Increasing opportunities for stakeholders to be informed and involved.
- Ensuring equitable allocation of resources across schools and students.

Virginia Beach City Public Schools is dedicated to charting a course for each individual student that includes inclusive, meaningful learning experiences along with the social emotional support and skill-building that will prepare them for long-term success.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining an internal control structure designed to ensure that the assets of the School Board are protected from loss, theft, or misuse; and to ensure that adequate accounting data is compiled to allow for the preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP. The internal control structure is designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: (1) the cost of a control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived; and (2) the valuation of costs and benefits requires estimates and judgments by management.

The School Board maintains extensive budgetary controls. The objective of these controls is to ensure compliance with legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget. Activities of the General Fund and Special Revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. The level of budgetary control (i.e., the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the individual fund level for the General Fund and the Special Revenue funds. In addition, certain controls are exercised administratively on the General Fund (e.g., cost center, personnel positions, capital outlay, and certain line-items; and the appropriations related thereto). A cost center is an activity (e.g., Elementary Classroom, Gifted Education and Academy Programs) of a category (e.g., Instruction). In addition, certain controls are exercised on the Special Revenue funds (e.g., federal and state grants, and the appropriations related thereto). The School Board also maintains an encumbrance accounting system as one method of maintaining budgetary control. Outstanding encumbrances of certain governmental funds at the end of the fiscal year are reappropriated as part of the following fiscal year's operating budget.

The School Board has adopted budgets for the following funds: General, Grants, Cafeterias, Textbooks, Communication Towers/Technology, Vending Operations, and Equipment Replacement Funds. As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the School Board continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management.

The local government provides an appropriation for education in excess of the Commonwealth of Virginia Standards of Quality (SOQ) payments and determines the level of total education support by means of a Revenue Sharing Formula. The amount derived from the application of this formula is allocated to Debt Service, "Pay As You Go" Capital Improvements, and the Operating Budget. Debt Service, which is managed and controlled by the City, receives the first allocation of funds; "Pay As You Go" Capital Improvements, which are projects which can reasonably be expected to be completed within one year receives the next allocation; and the balance of the funds are allocated as operating budget support.

Long-term financial planning includes a five-year forecast submission to the City establishing underlying assumptions about expected costs, revenues, position turnover, inflation, and enrollment as well as evaluating the budget impact of post-employment benefits, the risk management program, and assessing the fiscal impact of the capital improvement program on the school division's operations. With over 50% of General Fund revenue derived from the City

appropriation, assumptions regarding the City's revenue growth play a major role in forecast results and the budget development process. In addition, nearly 85% of the School Board's Operating Budget is tied to personnel and assumptions related to salary increases, rise in healthcare costs and the impact of pension costs and other post-employment benefits are significant factors in future forecasting.

INDEPENDENT AUDIT

An independent audit of the School Board's finances is required each fiscal year by either the Virginia Auditor of Public Accounts or a firm of independent Certified Public Accountants. Accordingly, the records have been audited by Cherry Bekaert LLP and its report on the financial statements is included herein.

FINANCIAL REPORTING CERTIFICATE AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the School Board for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. The Certificate of Achievement is a prestigious national award recognizing conformance with the highest standards for preparation of a governmental entity financial report. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a governmental entity must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized Annual Comprehensive Financial Report, whose contents conform to program standards. The ACFR must satisfy both GAAP and applicable legal requirements. A GFOA Certificate is the highest form of recognition awarded in the field of governmental financial reporting and is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement program requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine the School Board's eligibility for another certificate award.

In addition, the Association of School Business Officials International (ASBO) awarded a <u>Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting</u> to the School Board for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023. ASBO sponsors this <u>Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting</u> program to foster excellence in the preparation and issuance of school system annual financial reports. This prestigious international certificate award is the highest form of recognition in school financial reporting and is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR conforms also to the ASBO program requirements, and we are submitting it to the ASBO to determine the School Board's eligibility for another certificate award.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Preparation of this report would not have been possible without the dedicated efforts of the entire staff of the Office of Business Services. During the year, they rendered professional and knowledgeable financial services to and on behalf of the school division and maintained the financial records on a current and timely basis. We are most appreciative of these efforts and take this opportunity to recognize these outstanding public servants and their dedication, work ethics, and integrity.

In addition, appreciation and recognition is given for the strong conservative policies and practices dictated by the School Board in the oversight of the financial affairs of the school division, which have achieved the results contained in this financial report. The School Board and the administration are commended for their continuing support which is vital to the financial health of the school division and demonstration of the commitment to financial accountability, stewardship, and transparency.

Respectfully Submitted,

Wm & Koluk

Donald E. Robertson Jr., Ph.D.

Superintendent

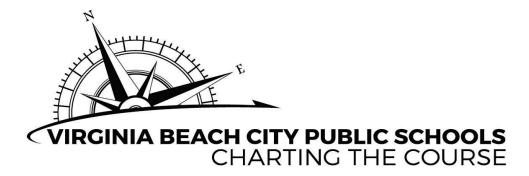
Crystal M. Pate, MPA, CPA Chief Financial Officer

omer i marielar orricer

Daniel G. Hopkins, CPA

Sant & Wh

Director of Business Services



This Page Intentionally Left Blank



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA June 30, 2024



Kimberly A. Melnyk Chair District 2

Jennifer Franklin Vice Chair District 2



Beverly M. Anderson At-Large



Kathleen Brown District 10



Michael Callan District 6



David Culpepper District 8



Shannon L. Kendrick District 4



Mrs. Victoria Manning At-Large



Trenace B. Riggs
District 1



Carolyn D. Weems
District 9



Jessica L. Owens District 3



Donald E. Robertson Jr., Ph.D. Superintendent



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

School Board of the City of Virginia Beach Virginia

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2023

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



The Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented to

School Board of the City of Virginia Beach

for its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2023.

The district report meets the criteria established for ASBO International's Certificate of Excellence in Financial Reporting.

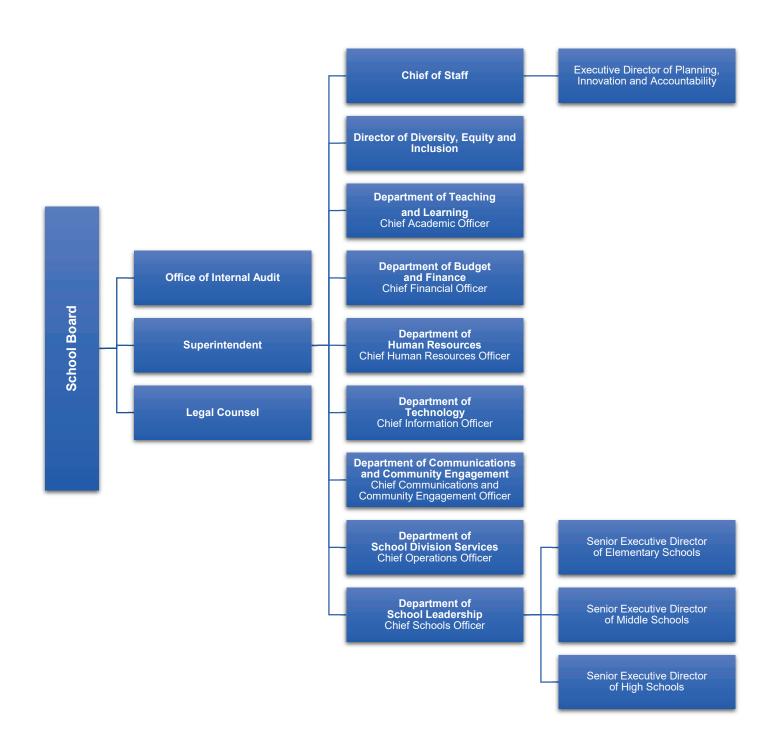


Ryan S. Stechschulte President

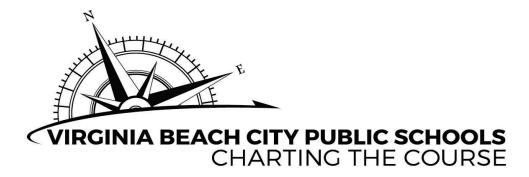
Rvan S. Steckschults

James M. Rowan, CAE, SFO CEO/Executive Director

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA Organizational Chart June 30, 2024



FINANCIAL SECTION



This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Report of Independent Auditor

To the Honorable Members of the School Board City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia Beach, Virginia Beach, Virginia Beach, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Specifications"). Our responsibilities under those standards and Specifications are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are required to be independent of the School Board and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Specifications will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Specifications, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that
 are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness
 of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the School Board's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the Required Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements. The Other Supplementary Information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Other Supplementary Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Introductory and Statistical Sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

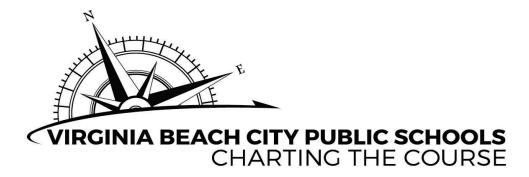
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 13, 2024, on our consideration of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering School Board's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Virginia Beach, Virginia December 13, 2024

Cherry Bekaert LLP



Management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) provides a narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board) as of and for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. The MD&A should be read in conjunction with the information contained in the transmittal letter, which begins on page 1, and the financial statements and notes, which immediately follow the MD&A.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the assets and deferred outflows of the School Board exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows by \$283,498,724 (net position) at June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$630,341,593 is investment in capital assets, \$35,254,410 is restricted for grants, cafeterias, textbooks, school activities, and OPEB Asset, and (\$382,097,279) is an unrestricted deficit. The deficit is due to net pension liability and net OPEB liability in the amounts \$484,716,006 and \$152,262,481 respectively.

On a government-wide basis for governmental activities, the School Board's revenues of \$1,116,212,484 exceeded expenses of \$1,020,110,658 by \$96,101,826.

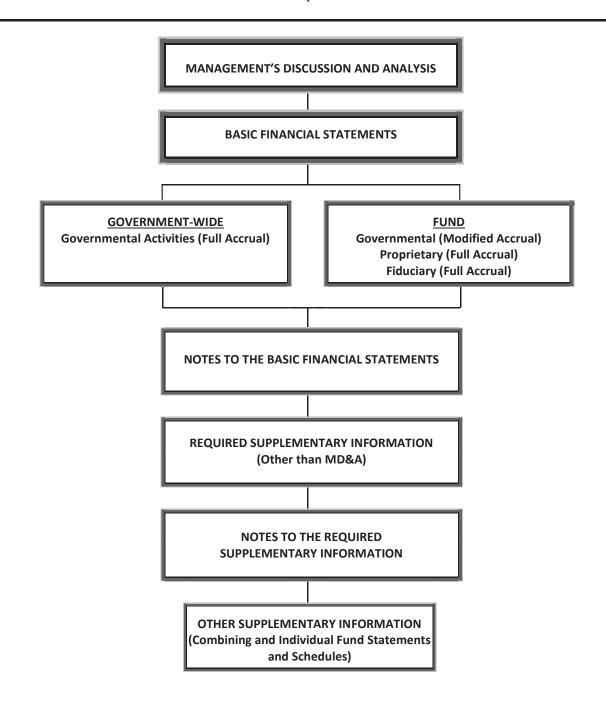
The School Board's Governmental funds reported total fund balances of \$170,007,927 at June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$1,571,808 is nonspendable (i.e., inventories and prepaid items), \$35,180,122 is restricted (e.g. federal and state grantor agencies, cafeterias, textbook adoptions, school activities), \$121,480,402 is committed (e.g., capital projects contracts, communication towers/technology, vending, equipment replacement, school allocations), and \$11,775,595 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, athletics, instruction, administration, attendance, and health, pupil transportation, operations and maintenance, technology).

In the General Fund, the School Board returned unexpended appropriations and excess revenue (reversion) for Fiscal Year 2024 to the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (City) in the amount of \$31,693,624 as required by the Code of Virginia, as amended. Based on the Revenue Sharing Formula between the City and the School Board, the initial reversion amount available for reappropriation in Fiscal Year 2024 will be decreased by (\$1,162,099) due to certain City revenue streams coming in under budget for Fiscal Year 2024. The net reversion of \$30,531,525 is designated for use in Fiscal Year 2025 in the following manner; \$10,031,525 will be re-appropriated to the CIP fund, \$10,500,000 will be re-appropriated to School Reserve Special Revenue Fund for schools replacements in the CIP fund, and \$10,000,000 re-appropriated to the Health Insurance Fund for increased claims.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The MD&A serves as an introduction to the School Board's basic financial statements. The School Board's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains required supplementary information and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) consists of four sections, as follows: Introductory, Financial, Statistical, and Compliance. The following presents the components of the Financial Section of the ACFR.



GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements are designed to present a broad overview of the School Board's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the School Board's assets and deferred outflows, and liabilities and deferred inflows, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Increases and decreases in net position over time may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the School Board is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the School Board's net position changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave, claims and judgments).

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions related to governmental activities (principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues) and business-type activities (intended to recover all or a significant portion of costs through user fees and charges). The School Board reports only governmental activities, since it has no business-type activities.

Both of the government-wide financial statements (Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) present governmental activities of the School Board. These governmental activities are principally supported by the City, State sales tax, and intergovernmental revenues. The reported governmental activities of the School Board are Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Cafeterias; and Technology.

The government-wide financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-1 and A-2 of this report.

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The School Board, like other state and local governments and public school divisions, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All the funds of the School Board can be divided into three categories: Governmental funds, Proprietary funds, and Fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same activities reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental funds' financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources

available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By conducting this comparison, a better understanding may be achieved in the long-term impact of the School Board's near-term financing decisions. Both the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet (Exhibit A-3) and the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit A-4) provide a reconciliation for each statement to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The School Board maintains nine individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the Governmental Funds' Balance Sheet (Exhibit A-3) and in the Governmental Funds' Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances (Exhibit A-4) for the General, School Grants, School Cafeterias, and Capital Projects Funds, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other five governmental funds, which are considered nonmajor funds, are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is presented in the form of combining statements in Statements D-1 and D-2 of this report.

The School Board adopts an annual appropriated budget for all its major and nonmajor governmental funds, except the School Activity Fund and Capital Projects Fund (appropriations for capital projects do not parallel the School Board's fiscal year). Budgetary comparison schedules have been provided for the General, School Grants, and School Cafeterias Funds in the Required Supplementary Information section of this report (Schedules C-1 through C-3) to demonstrate compliance with this budget. Individual fund budgetary comparison schedules for each nonmajor fund are presented in Schedules D-3 through D-6 of this report to also demonstrate compliance with this budget.

As noted above, the basic governmental funds' financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-3 and A-4 of this report.

Proprietary Funds

The School Board maintains one type of Proprietary fund, which is the Internal Service Fund type. Internal Service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the School Board's various activities and the City. The School Board uses Internal Service funds to account for its Risk Management and Health Insurance programs. Because both of these services predominantly benefit governmental functions, they have been included within governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. Both Internal Service funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation in the proprietary funds' financial statements (Exhibits A-5 through A-7). Individual fund data for the Internal Service funds is presented in the form of combining statements in Statements E-1 through E-3 of this report.

As noted above, the basic proprietary fund financial statements are presented in Exhibits A-5 through A-7 of this report.

Fiduciary Fund

The fiduciary fund is used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the government. The fiduciary fund is not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the School Board's programs.

The School Board's Fiduciary fund is a Trust fund for the Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB) fund which accounts for assets in essentially the same manner as a Proprietary Fund using the economic resources measurement focus.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements are presented in Exhibit A-8 and A-9 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements and the Required Supplementary Information

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements and the required supplementary information.

The Notes to the Basic Financial Statements begin after Exhibit A-9 and the Notes to the Required Supplementary Information begin after Schedule C-3 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information concerning the School Board's retirement plans and Other Postemployment Benefits for the professional and nonprofessional employees.

Required supplementary information begins after the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements. As noted above, the combining statements for the Nonmajor Governmental funds are presented in Statements D-1 and D-2; and the combining statements for the Internal Service funds are presented in Statements E-1 through E-3 of this report.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

NET POSITION

Assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$283,498,724 (net position) at June 30, 2024, as illustrated in the Summary of Net Position (with comparative amounts at June 30, 2023), as follows:

| s | umn | nary of Net Position | n | | | |
|--------------------------------|-----|----------------------|-----|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | Variance |
| Current and Other Assets | \$ | 414,903,032 | \$ | 419,387,668 | \$ | (4,484,636) |
| Capital Assets, net | | 638,893,881 | | 570,672,899 | | 68,220,982 |
| Total Assets | \$ | 1,053,796,913 | \$ | 990,060,567 | \$ | 63,736,346 |
| Deferred Outflows | \$ | 195,281,830 | \$ | 162,270,280 | \$ | 33,011,550 |
| Current Liabilities | \$ | 183,756,718 | \$ | 161,600,021 | \$ | 22,156,697 |
| Net Pension Liability | | 484,716,006 | | 462,205,827 | | 22,510,179 |
| Net OPEB Liability | | 152,262,481 | | 157,587,101 | | (5,324,620) |
| Other Noncurrent Liabilities | | 38,498,180 | | 36,314,348 | | 2,183,832 |
| Total Liabilities | \$ | 859,233,385 | \$ | 817,707,297 | \$ | 41,526,088 |
| Deferred Inflows | \$ | 106,346,634 | \$ | 147,226,652 | \$ | (40,880,018) |
| Net Position: | | | | | | |
| Net Invested in Capital Assets | \$ | 630,341,593 | \$ | 557,050,053 | \$ | 73,291,540 |
| Restricted for: Grants | | 4,795,611 | | 4,762,445 | | 33,166 |
| Cafeterias | | 17,074,952 | | 20,802,112 | | (3,727,160) |
| Textbooks | | 7,793,847 | | 5,991,443 | | 1,802,404 |
| School Activities | | 5,515,712 | | 5,227,536 | | 288,176 |
| Net Pension/OPEB Asset | | 74,288 | | 45,743 | | 28,545 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | | (382,097,279) | | (406,482,434) | | 24,385,155 |
| Total Net Position (Deficit) | \$_ | 283,498,724 | \$_ | 187,396,898 | \$ <u>-</u> | 96,101,826 |

The largest portion of the School Board's net position reflects its net investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles). The School Board uses these assets (e.g., schools, buses) for elementary and secondary educational purposes; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending.

An additional portion of the School Board's net position represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on their use. The \$382,097,279 unrestricted deficit reflects the effects of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requirements for reporting pensions and OPEB activity. At June 30, 2024 the net pension liability is \$484,716,006 and the net OPEB liability is \$152,262,481.

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

The School Board's revenues of \$1,116,212,484 exceeded expenses of \$1,020,110,658 by \$96,101,826 for Fiscal Year 2024. Changes in Net Position (with comparative amounts for the year ended June 30, 2023), is illustrated as follows:

| | Cł | nange in Net Posi | tio | n | | |
|-----------------------------|----|-------------------|-----|---------------|-----|--------------|
| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | Variance |
| Revenues | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 14,112,785 | \$ | 14,779,616 | \$ | (666,831) |
| Operating Grants | | 291,860,087 | | 269,510,671 | | 22,349,416 |
| Capital Grants | | - | | 15,823,813 | | (15,823,813) |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Local Government | | 484,102,134 | | 456,010,900 | | 28,091,234 |
| State Basic Aid | | 204,051,071 | | 192,465,613 | | 11,585,458 |
| State Sales Tax | | 90,678,103 | | 98,633,260 | | (7,955,157) |
| Federal Impact Aid | | 19,680,896 | | 15,699,124 | | 3,981,772 |
| Interest Earnings | | 2,021,944 | | 977,987 | | 1,043,957 |
| Miscellaneous | | 9,421,827 | | 8,122,786 | | 1,299,041 |
| Sale of Capital Assets | ١. | 283,637 | | 613,955 | | (330,318) |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 1,116,212,484 | \$ | 1,072,637,725 | \$_ | 43,574,759 |
| <u>Expenses</u> | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 695,976,251 | \$ | 661,318,464 | \$ | 34,657,787 |
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | | 42,118,861 | | 36,864,956 | | 5,253,905 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 52,727,075 | | 53,277,359 | | (550,284) |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 136,709,778 | | 121,182,598 | | 15,527,180 |
| Cafeterias | | 42,107,415 | | 37,165,648 | | 4,941,767 |
| Technology | | 50,471,278 | | 62,660,454 | | (12,189,176) |
| Total Expenses | \$ | 1,020,110,658 | \$ | 972,469,479 | \$ | 47,641,179 |
| Change in Net Position | | 96,101,826 | | 100,168,246 | | (4,066,420) |
| Net Position (Deficit) - | | | | | | |
| July 1 | | 187,396,898 | | 87,228,652 | _ | 100,168,246 |
| Net Position | | | | | | _ |
| (Deficit) - June 30 | \$ | 283,498,724 | | 187,396,898 | | 96,101,826 |

Total revenue increased by \$43,574,759 (4.1%). This is a net result of:

- An increase in local government revenue source of \$28,091,234 mainly due to the City selling bonds for capital projects; and
- Increase in State Basic Aid revenue of \$11,585,458; and
- Increase in Federal Impact Aid revenue of \$3,981,772; and
- Increase in Operating Grants of \$22,349,416 mainly due to flexible per pupil funding; and
- Decrease in Capital Grants of \$15,823,813 due to no funding available.

Total expenses increased by 47,641,179 (4.9%). This is a net result of:

- An increase in Instruction of \$34,657,787 due to an 8% average increase in salaries and an increase in pension expenses and health insurance claims; and
- Increase in Admin, Attendance and Health of \$5,253,905 due to an 8% average increase in salaries; and
- Increase in Operations and Maintenance of \$15,527,180 due to building improvements and higher payroll costs; and
- Increase in Cafeteria's expenses of \$4,941,767 due to increased costs for scratch cooking program; and
- Decrease in Technology of \$12,189,176 due to reduction of capital equipment and subscription liability.

Governmental Activities

The following illustration presents the cost of the governmental activities: Instruction; Administration, Attendance and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Cafeterias; and Technology during Fiscal Years 2024 and 2023. The illustration also shows each activity's net cost (total cost less charges for services, operating grants, and capital grants). The net cost shows the financial impact that is placed on the School Board's general revenue sources (local government, federal and state aid, interest earnings, and other nonspecific revenue sources).

| Tot | al and Net Cost of | Governmental Ac | tivities | |
|----------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | Total Cost of | Net Cost of | Total Cost of | Net Cost of |
| | Services | Services | Services | Services |
| | 2024 | 2024 | 2023 | 2023 |
| <u>Expenses</u> | | | | |
| Instruction | \$695,976,251 | \$480,696,747 | \$661,318,464 | \$481,773,448 |
| Admin, Atendance, & Health | 42,118,861 | 11,755,864 | 36,864,956 | (6,905,866) |
| Pupil Transportation | 52,727,075 | 51,673,913 | 53,277,359 | 51,877,036 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 136,709,778 | 128,101,482 | 121,182,598 | 104,470,187 |
| Cafeterias | 42,107,415 | 4,289,886 | 37,165,648 | 72,873 |
| Technology | 50,471,278 | 37,619,894 | 62,660,454 | 41,067,701 |
| Total Expenses | \$1,020,110,658 | \$714,137,786 | \$972,469,479 | \$672,355,379 |
| | | | | |

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE SCHOOL BOARD'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the School Board uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The focus of the School Board's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the School Board's financing requirements. In particular, the unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of the School Board's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2024, the School Board's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$170,007,927 a decrease of \$11,151,554 in comparison with the prior fiscal year balance. Of the total amount of the combined fund balances, \$1,571,808 is nonspendable (i.e., inventories and prepaid items), \$35,180,122 is restricted (e.g., federal and state grantor agencies, cafeterias, textbook adoptions, school activities), \$121,480,402 is committed (e.g., capital projects, communication towers/technology, vending, equipment replacement), and \$11,775,595 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, athletics, instruction, administration, attendance, and health, pupil transportation, operations and maintenance, technology). The fund balance decreased 6.2% mainly due to a decrease in fund balance in the School Cafeterias Fund, where they are expanding the scratch cooking initiative with additional personnel and equipment. The following pages will provide additional fund balance information.

General Fund

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board that is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. At June 30, 2024, the fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,372,700. Of this amount, \$597,105 is nonspendable (i.e., prepaid items) and \$11,775,595 is assigned (e.g., instructional technology, athletics, instruction, administration, attendance, and health, pupil transportation, operations and maintenance, technology). The General Fund balance decreased \$5,502,219 due to a decrease in encumbrances that were previously carried from Fiscal Year 2023.

General Fund Budget Amendment

<u>Amount</u> <u>Purpose</u>

\$ 3,658,066

There was a supplemental budget amendment, other than for encumbrances, during Fiscal Year 2024. The General Fund budget amendment to provide additional 2% compensation increase for all employees was funded through an increase in revenue from the state and the local government provided additional funding to athletics due to increase in security costs.

General Fund Original Budget to Final Budget Difference Reconciliation

General Fund:

\$ 16,014,585 – FY 2023 Outstanding Encumbrances Appropriated

3,658,066 – Budget Amendment (See above)

\$ 19,672,651 - Original Budget to Final Budget Difference (including the Other Financing Uses budget)

General Fund Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance Reconciliation

The following table presents a summary comparison of the General Fund's final budget compared to actual expenditures by type. The variance includes \$9,977,503 of outstanding encumbrances at June 30, 2024.

| | | | Variance from | |
|------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------|
| | Final Budget | Actual | Final Budget | % |
| <u>Expenditures</u> | | | | |
| Salaries and Benefits | \$810,003,567 | \$793,025,101 | \$16,978,466 | 2.10% |
| Purchased Services | 57,893,081 | 57,343,158 | 549,923 | 0.95% |
| Other | 30,882,538 | 30,553,474 | 329,064 | 1.07% |
| Materials and Supplies | 37,981,083 | 32,404,390 | 5,576,693 | 14.68% |
| Capital Outlay | 9,798,861 | 6,507,875 | 3,290,986 | 33.59% |
| Total Expendiutures | 946,559,130 | 919,833,998 | 26,725,132 | 2.82% |
| | | | | |

The remaining available balances, which is not expected to affect future services, are as follows:

- Lower than expected expenditures for salaries and benefits due to vacancies and lapsed salaries;
- Lower than expected expenditures for purchased services due to reduced contractual services; the variance has been committed in carryforward balances for necessary building maintenance
- Lower than expected expenditures of materials and supplies due to a reduction of \$1.5 million in instructional supplies; \$4.0 million in technology supplies; variance includes \$2.3 million in carryover and other commitments;
- Capital Outlay variance includes \$3.2 million in carryover and other commitments for school bus and vehicle replacements.

Transfers:

\$ 5,631,673 – Final Budget to Actual Expenditures Variance

Transfers are budgeted and presented separately as required for reporting purposes. The budget is mainly for the local match requirements of federal and state grants budgeted in the Grants Special Revenue Fund.

Special Revenue Funds

The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects), which are legally restricted or committed to be expended for specified purposes. These funds are used to finance designated programs and are generally not available for other purposes. The School Board's Special Revenue funds are as follows:

Major Funds:

<u>School Grants</u> – accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if required).

<u>School Cafeterias</u> – accounts for the revenues (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia, Federal Government) and expenditures associated with the food services operations of the school division.

Nonmajor Funds:

<u>School Textbooks</u> – accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisitions of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

<u>School Communication Towers/Technology</u> – accounts for the rent receipts (long-term contracts with telecommunication companies) relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property and technology related expenditures.

<u>School Vending Operations</u> – accounts for receipts (long-term exclusive contract with a vending company) relating to the bottled drinks vending operations of the school division and expenditures (including school-level allocations).

<u>School Equipment Replacement</u> – accounts for the financing (e.g., local government) and acquisition of various replacement equipment.

<u>School Activity</u> – accounts for the receipts and expenditures relating to activities conducted at individual school sites in connection with student athletics, classes, clubs, and various fundraising and private donor activities.

School Grants Fund: During Fiscal Year 2024, revenues and other financing sources totaled \$101,776,632 and expenditures totaled \$101,743,466. This resulted in an increase in the fund balance of \$33,166 due to revenue received in a prior year and expenditures taking place in current fiscal year. The significant difference for this was the award of the Flexible Per Pupil Funding from the state. The remaining fund balances will be used for the required local match of Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal approved Fiscal Year 2024 grant proceeds to be disbursed in Fiscal Year 2025.

<u>School Cafeterias Fund</u>: During Fiscal Year 2024, revenues totaled \$38,374,511 and expenditures totaled \$42,147,163. This resulted in a decrease in the fund balance of \$3,772,652. As compared to Fiscal Year 2023, there was a significant increase in personnel services, other purchased services, and materials and supplies due to additional staff added and equipment to expand the scratch initiative program.

Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds: During Fiscal Year 2024, revenues totaled \$13,697,036, expenditures totaled \$11,241,878. This resulted in a combined increase in the fund balances of all nonmajor Special Revenue funds of \$2,455,158. The School Textbook fund, Communication Towers/Technology, School Vending Operations, and School Activity funds had an increase in fund balance while the School Equipment Replacement fund incurred an expected decrease in fund

balance. The remaining fund balances of these nonmajor Special Revenue funds will be used in the future for technology purposes, equipment replacements and other appropriate needs.

Proprietary Funds – Internal Service Funds

The Internal Service funds are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School Board operates Internal Service funds for the school division's Risk Management and Self-Insured Health Care Benefits programs.

During Fiscal Year 2024, total revenues including nonoperating revenues amounted to \$176,345,536. Expenses totaled \$189,326,937. This resulted in a decrease in net position of \$12,981,401 due to less than budgeted charges in the Risk Management Fund for unexpected claims and the increase in health claims in the Health Insurance Fund.

Capital Projects Fund (Major Fund)

During Fiscal Year 2024, revenues including other financing sources totaled \$48,032,526 and expenditures totaled \$52,397,533. This resulted in a decrease in the fund balance of \$4,365,007 due to the fact we did not receive any state funding.

Proceeds from public improvement charter bond issues, State Literary Fund Loans, Virginia Public School Authority financing, local funding sources, and construction grants (including lottery proceeds) from the Commonwealth of Virginia are accounted for in the Capital Projects Fund until improvement projects are completed. The City provides the aforementioned sources of revenues (classified as From Local Government in the financial statements, except interest earnings and Commonwealth of Virginia revenues).

When capital projects are completed, the costs of the improvements (meeting the capitalization threshold) are transferred from construction in progress to the appropriate capital asset account. The various significant active capital projects for the current fiscal year are presented below.

Princess Anne High School Replacement Energy Performance Contracts Lynnhaven Middle School Expansion Bayside High School Replacement B. F. Williams-Bayside 6th Replacement Renovations/Replacements-HVAC Systems Renovations/Replacements-Reroofing Renovations/Replacements-Grounds Renovations/Replacements-Various Phone System Replacement Bus Fleet Replacement

CAPITAL ASSETS

Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, affects the reporting of local School Board capital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under this legislation, the City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on-behalf of" debt for any school property which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board property equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the applicable "on-behalf of" debt at June 30, 2024. The below illustration reflects capital assets remaining with the School Board (net of those that have been transferred between the School Board and the City as the outstanding principal balance changes).

The School Board's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024 amounts to \$638,893,881 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, construction in progress, buildings, improvements other than buildings, machinery/equipment and vehicles, and subscription lease for software. The total increase in the School Board's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was 11.9%, as follows:

| (net of acc | um | nital Assets Julated deprecia June 30, 2024 | itio | on) | |
|---|----|---|------|---|-------------------------------------|
| AS | | 2024 | | 2023 | Percentage Change |
| Land Construction in Progress Buildings and Improvements Machinery/Equipment and Vehicles | \$ | 38,967,870 14,768,654 523,096,289 61,268,452 | \$ | 38,967,870 18,441,696 454,058,033 57,544,077 | 0.00% -19.92% 15.20% 6.47% |
| Subscription Lease Total Capital Assets (net) | \$ | 792,616 638,893,881 | \$ | 1,661,223 570,672,899 | -52.29% 11.95% |

The significant decrease in Construction in Progress is due to the opening of the building addition at Lynnhaven Middle School for the Achievable Dream Academy. This opening contributed to the addition of Building and Improvements along with a new system-wide phone system. The increase in capital assets is due to the replacement of buses and vehicles in addition to cafeteria equipment that has been purchased to implement scratch cooking. The decrease in subscription lease is due to the expiration of two leases.

Additional information on the School Board's capital assets is presented in Note 4 of this report.

LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

As of June 30, 2024, the School Board has reported a total of \$703,614,509 long-terms obligations with \$28,137,842 due within one year. Below is a breakdown of what makes up those obligations compared to Fiscal Year 2023:

| Long-Term Obligations As of June 30, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2024 | | 2023 | | | | | | |
| Compensated Absences | \$ | 49,065,484 | \$ | 43,913,225 | | | | | | |
| Estimated Claims and Judgements | | 16,791,979 | | 18,090,286 | | | | | | |
| Subscription Liability | | 778,559 | | 1,623,811 | | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liabilities | | 484,716,006 | | 462,205,827 | | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liabilities | _ | 152,262,481 | l _ | 157,587,101 | | | | | | |
| Total Capital Assets (net) | \$_ | 703,614,509 | \$_ | 683,420,250 | | | | | | |

Additional detailed information regarding the long-term obligations, including the current year's activity can be found in Note 5A of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS

The unemployment rate for the City continues to be below the Metropolitan Statistical Area (MSA) and U.S. rates and is also below the Commonwealth of Virginia (state) rate. Average annual unemployment rates for 2023 were 2.8% for Virginia Beach, 3.1% for the MSA, 2.9% for Virginia, and 3.6% for the U.S. Unemployment rates are consistent in 2023 compared with 2022 for the City, decreased for the region and Nation, and there is a slight increase in the State. There has been a steady decline in the unemployment rate in Virginia Beach from 2013 through 2019. The shock of COVID-19 caused unemployment to increase in Virginia Beach to 12.6% in April 2020 with the gradual decline to 2.6% in January of 2023 as the economy continued recovering. Likewise, for the MSA, the unemployment rate rose to 12.4% in April 2020 and declined to 2.9% by January 2023. For the Commonwealth, the unemployment rate was 11.1% in April 2020 and decreased to 2.7% in January of 2023. For the United States, the unemployment rate was 14.4% in April 2020 and decreased to 4.2% by January 2023 (U.S. Department of Labor, Bureau of Labor Statistics).

Based on the most recent data available, the per capita personal income for 2023 was \$72,091 for Virginia Beach, \$62,575 for the MSA, \$73,841 for Virginia, and \$69,810 for the U.S. Over the 5-year period from 2019 to 2023, the per capita personal income for Virginia Beach has increased an

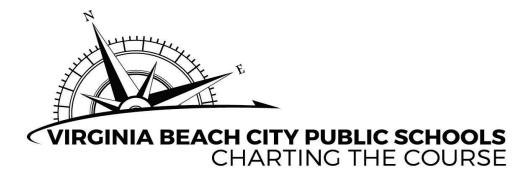
average of 5.6% per year. (Source: U.S. Department of Commerce, Bureau of Economic Analysis (BEA)) Based on the latest data available, the median household income continues to increase for Virginia Beach in 2023 to \$87,544 compared with \$83,245 in 2022. Median household income for the City has increased an average of 2.8% per year since 2017. (Source: US Census Bureau)

Factors Influencing Future Budgets

- Decline in student enrollment
- Global and national economic conditions
- Employee health care costs
- Employee post-employment benefits
- Unfunded state and federal mandates
- Competitive salaries and pay raises
- Rising cost of operating expenses (e.g., fuel and utilities)
- Changes with the Virginia Retirement System (VRS)
- Increasing debt service
- Maintenance of facilities and future capital improvement program needs
- Increased costs resulting from the impact of COVID-19
- Loss of Federal Pandemic relief funds (e.g., ESSER grants)

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This Annual Comprehensive Financial Report is designed to provide a general overview of the School Board's finances and to demonstrate the School Board's commitment to financial accountability, stewardship, and transparency. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Director of Business Services, Virginia Beach City Public Schools, 2512 George Mason Drive, P.O. Box 6038, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456-0038.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

| | Governmental |
|--|--------------------------|
| | Activities |
| ACCETC | |
| ASSETS Current Assets: | |
| Cash and Investments (Notes 1L1 and 6) | \$ 368,137,191 |
| Accounts Receivable | 7,370,439 |
| Due from Commonwealth (Note 2A) | 11,117,574 |
| Due from Federal Government (Note 2B) | 24,788,858 |
| Lease Receivable (Note 2C) | 680,309 |
| Inventories (Note 1G) | 683,512 |
| Prepaid Items (Note 1L5) | 1,175,439 |
| Total Current Assets | \$ 413,953,322 |
| Noncurrent Assets: | y 413,333,322 |
| Net OPEB Asset (Note 8) | \$ 74,288 |
| Lease Receivable, Non-Current (Note 2C) | 875,422 |
| Capital Assets (Note 4): | 075,422 |
| Land | 38,967,870 |
| Buildings, Improvements, Machinery, Equipment, and | 36,307,670 |
| Vehicles (net of accumulated depreciation) | 584,364,741 |
| Construction in Progress | 14,768,654 |
| Subscription Asset (net of accumulated amortization) | 792,616 |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | |
| Total Noncurrent Assets | \$ 639,843,591 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 1,053,796,913 |
| . O MENUSEIS | 7 1,000,010 |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (Note 8) | |
| Deferred Outflows from Pensions | \$ 148,771,591 |
| Deferred Outflows from OPEB | 46,510,239 |
| | .5,510,233 |
| TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ 195,281,830 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities: | |
| Salaries Payable and Withholding (Note 7C) | \$ 92,327,256 |
| Vouchers and | 7 52,527,250 |
| Accounts Payable | 33,380,995 |
| Accrued Interest Payable | 21,354 |
| • | 75,000 |
| Deposits Payable | |
| Due to Commonwealth | 20,761 |
| Due to Federal Government | 90,043 |
| Unearned Revenues (Note 3) | 29,703,467 |
| Long-term Liabilities (Note 5A) | 28,137,842 |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ 183,756,718 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | |
| Net Pension Liability (Notes 5A and 8) | 484,716,006 |
| Net OPEB Liability (Notes 5A and 8) | 152,262,481 |
| Other Long-term Liabilities (Notes 1I, 5A and 9) | 38,498,180 |
| Total Noncurrent Liabilities | \$ 675,476,667 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 859,233,385 |
| | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | |
| Deferred Inflows from Pensions (Note 8) | \$ 74,346,781 |
| Deferred Inflows from OPEB (Note 8) | 30,535,077 |
| Deferred Inflows from Leases (Note 2C) | 1,464,776 |
| | |
| TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | \$ 106,346,634 |
| NET POSITION (DEFICIT) (Note 1K) | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 630,341,593 |
| Restricted for: (Note 10D) | 030,341,393 ب |
| Grants | 4 705 644 |
| | 4,795,611 |
| Cafeterias | 17,074,952 |
| Textbooks | 7,793,847 |
| School Activities | 5,515,712 |
| Net OPEB Asset | 74,288 |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (382,097,279) |
| | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ 283,498,724 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Program | Program Revenues | | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Expenses | Charges for Services | Operating Grants and Contributions | Revenues and Change In Net Position | | | | | |
| GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction Administration, Attendance, & Health Pupil Transportation Operations and Maintenance Cafeterias Technology Total Governmental Activities | \$ 695,976,251 42,118,861 52,727,075 136,709,778 42,107,415 50,471,278 \$ 1,020,110,658 | \$ 2,387,484 415 1,053,162 334,400 9,028,816 1,308,508 \$ 14,112,785 | \$ 212,892,020 30,362,582 - 8,273,896 28,788,713 11,542,876 \$ 291,860,087 | \$ (480,696,747) (11,755,864) (51,673,913) (128,101,482) (4,289,886) (37,619,894) \$ (714,137,786) | | | | | |
| | | General Revenues: | | | | | | | |
| | | Local Sources: | | | | | | | |
| | | Local Government Miscellaneous Sale of Capital Asse | | \$ 484,102,134 9,421,827 283,637 | | | | | |
| | | Federal and State Aid no to Specific Purpo | | | | | | | |
| | | State Basic Aid State Sales Tax Federal Impact Aid | | 204,051,071 90,678,103 19,680,896 | | | | | |
| | | Interest Earnings | | 2,021,944 | | | | | |
| | | Total General Re | venues | \$ 810,239,612 | | | | | |
| | | Change in Net Po | osition | \$ 96,101,826 | | | | | |
| | | Total Net Positio | n - July 1 | 187,396,898 | | | | | |
| | | Total Net Positio | n - June 30 | \$ 283,498,724 | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | General | | School Grants | | School Cafeterias | | Capital Projects | (| Other Governmental Funds | | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----|-------------|----|---------------------|----|----------------------|----|---------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| ASSETS | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Investments | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Notes 1L1 and 6) | \$ | 93,512,527 | \$ | 13,344,893 | \$ | 19,002,366 | \$ | 122,765,559 | \$ | 19,965,692 | \$ | 268,591,037 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 1,013,027 | | 942,206 | | 104,324 | | - | | - | | 2,059,557 |
| Due from Commonwealth | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (Note 2A) | | 10,329,149 | | 781,832 | | 6,593 | | - | | - | | 11,117,574 |
| Due from Federal | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Government (Note 2B) | | 205,483 | | 23,376,975 | | 1,206,400 | | - | | - | | 24,788,858 |
| Lease Receivable (Note 2C) | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,555,731 | | 1,555,731 |
| Inventories (Note 1G) | | - | | - | | 683,512 | | - | | - | | 683,512 |
| Prepaid Items (Note 1L5) | | 597,105 | | - | | 4,323 | | - | | 286,868 | | 888,296 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 105,657,291 | \$ | 38,445,906 | \$ | 21,007,518 | \$ | 122,765,559 | \$ | 21,808,291 | \$ | 309,684,565 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS, AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries Payable and Withholding (Note 7C) | \$ | 86,560,457 | \$ | 4,215,718 | \$ | 1,493,727 | \$ | 54.798 | \$ | 131 | Ś | 92,324,831 |
| Vouchers and Accounts | Ş | 80,300,437 | Ş | 4,215,718 | Ş | 1,493,727 | Ş | 54,798 | Ş | 131 | Ş | 92,324,831 |
| Payable | | 6,160,575 | | 9,922,282 | | 1,088,107 | | 7 772 720 | | | | 24,944,693 |
| , | | 0,100,575 | | 9,922,282 | | 1,088,107 | | 7,773,729 | | 75,000 | | |
| Deposits Payable Due to Commonwealth | | 20,686 | | - 75 | | - | | - | | 75,000 - | | 75,000 20,761 |
| Due to Commonwealth Due to Federal Government | | 20,080 | | 2.129 | | - | | - 07.014 | | - | | • |
| Unearned Revenue (Note 3) | | 542,873 | | 2,129 19,510,091 | | 662,897 | | 87,914 | | 40,673 | | 90,043 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | Ś | 93,284,591 | Ś | 33,650,295 | Ś | 3,244,731 | Ś | 7,916,441 | \$ | 115,804 | Ś | 20,756,534 138,211,862 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | Ş | 95,204,591 | Ş | 33,030,293 | Ş | 3,244,731 | ې | 7,910,441 | Ş | 113,604 | Ş | 150,211,002 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Leases (Note 2C) | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 1,464,776 | \$ | 1,464,776 |
| Fund Balances: (Notes 1J and 10D) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ | 597,105 | \$ | - | \$ | 687,835 | \$ | - | \$ | 286,868 | \$ | 1,571,808 |
| Restricted | | - | | 4,795,611 | | 17,074,952 | | - | | 13,309,559 | | 35,180,122 |
| Committed | | - | | - | | - | | 114,849,118 | | 6,631,284 | | 121,480,402 |
| Assigned | | 11,775,595 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 11,775,595 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | \$ | 12,372,700 | \$ | 4,795,611 | \$ | 17,762,787 | \$ | 114,849,118 | \$ | 20,227,711 | \$ | 170,007,927 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES | \$ | 105,657,291 | \$ | 38,445,906 | \$ | 21,007,518 | \$ | 122,765,559 | \$ | 21,808,291 | \$ | 309,684,565 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position in Exhibit A-1 are different from amounts reported for governmental funds in this exhibit because: | | |
|--|--|----------------|
| Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (this exhibit) | | \$ 170,007,927 |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are no reported in the governmental funds. | t | |
| Cost of Capital Assets less: Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization | \$ 1,225,198,618 586,304,737 | 638,893,881 |
| Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of the following: | t | |
| Compensated Absences Subscription Liability Accrued Interest on long-term debt | \$ (49,065,484) (778,559) (21,354) | (49,865,397) |
| Internal Service Funds are used to account for the risk management and health insurance programs and related charges to the various governmental funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position. | | |
| Total Assets less: Total Liabilities Total Net Position | \$ 105,144,179 34,177,639 | 70,966,540 |
| Per GAAP, pension activity is not reported in the governmental funds (Note 8). | | |
| Net Pension Liability Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ (484,716,006) 148,771,591 (74,346,781) | (410,291,196) |
| Per GAAP, OPEB activity is not reported in the governmental funds (Note 8). | | |
| Net OPEB Liability Net OPEB Asset Deferred Outflows of Resources Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ (152,262,481) 74,288 46,510,239 (30,535,077) | (136,213,031) |
| Total Net Position of Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position (Exhibit A-1) | | \$ 283,498,724 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | General | | School Grants | | School Cafeterias | | Capital Projects | (| Other Governmental Funds | | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|----|-------------|----|------------------|----|----------------------|----|---------------------|----|--------------------------------|----|--------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property | \$ | 334,400 | \$ | - | \$ | 655,448 | \$ | 20,454 | \$ | 1,077,186 | \$ | 2,087,488 |
| Charges for Services | | 928,150 | | - | | 8,200,336 | | - | | 115,105 | | 9,243,591 |
| Miscellaneous | | 5,822,007 | | 1,671,136 | | 847,755 | | | | 7,555,715 | | 15,896,613 |
| From Local Government | | 436,114,062 | | - | | - | | 47,988,072 | | - | | 484,102,134 |
| From Commonwealth | | 453,833,530 | | 15,770,067 | | 831,646 | | - | | 4,949,030 | | 475,384,273 |
| From Federal Government | | 21,926,762 | | 79,448,660 | | 27,839,326 | | - | | - | | 129,214,748 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 918,958,911 | \$ | 96,889,863 | \$ | 38,374,511 | \$ | 48,008,526 | \$ | 13,697,036 | \$ | 1,115,928,847 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | Ś | 673,148,637 | Ś | 72,395,689 | \$ | _ | \$ | 309,582 | \$ | 8,275,788 | Ś | 754,129,696 |
| Administration, Attendance, | Ψ. | 0,0,1,0,00, | Ψ. | , 2,000,000 | Ψ. | | 7 | 303,302 | Ψ. | 3,2,3,,33 | ~ | , 5 ., 125, 656 |
| & Health | | 41,665,488 | | 1,659,846 | | - | | - | | - | | 43,325,334 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 51,328,257 | | 335,862 | | - | | - | | - | | 51,664,119 |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 114,164,588 | | 17,391,802 | | - | | 6,342,685 | | - | | 137,899,075 |
| Cafeterias | | - | | 1,867,410 | | 41,910,908 | | - | | - | | 43,778,318 |
| Technology | | 38,893,302 | | 8,092,857 | | 236,255 | | 24,090 | | 2,707,509 | | 49,954,013 |
| Capital Outlay | | - | | - | | - | | 45,721,176 | | - | | 45,721,176 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | -, , | | | | -, , - |
| Principal-Subscription Liability | | 593,953 | | - | | - | | - | | 251,299 | | 845,252 |
| Interest-Subscription Liability | | 39,773 | | - | | _ | | - | | 7,282 | | 47,055 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 919,833,998 | \$ | 101,743,466 | \$ | 42,147,163 | \$ | 52,397,533 | \$ | 11,241,878 | \$ | 1,127,364,038 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | \$ | (875,087) | \$ | (4,853,603) | \$ | (3,772,652) | \$ | (4,389,007) | \$ | 2,455,158 | \$ | (11,435,191 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| (USES) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In (Note 10A) | \$ | _ | \$ | 4,886,769 | Ś | _ | \$ | _ | \$ | _ | Ś | 4,886,769 |
| Transfers Out (Note 10A) | ۲ | (4,886,769) | ڔ | 4,000,703 | Ų | | ڔ | | Ų | | ٧ | (4,886,769 |
| Sale of Capital Assets | | | | - | | - | | 24,000 | | - | | , , , , |
| • | _ | 259,637 | _ | | _ | | _ | 24,000 | _ | | _ | 283,637 |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses), net | \$ | (4,627,132) | \$ | 4,886,769 | \$ | - | \$ | 24,000 | \$ | - | \$ | 283,637 |
| | | | _ | | | | | | _ | | _ | |
| NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES | \$ | (5,502,219) | \$ | 33,166 | \$ | (3,772,652) | \$ | (4,365,007) | \$ | 2,455,158 | \$ | (11,151,554 |
| ELIND DALANCES HILV 1 | | 17 974 010 | | 4 762 AAE | | 21 525 420 | | 110 214 125 | | 17 772 552 | | 101 150 401 |
| FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 | _ | 17,874,919 | _ | 4,762,445 | _ | 21,535,439 | _ | 119,214,125 | _ | 17,772,553 | _ | 181,159,481 |
| FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30 | \$ | 12,372,700 | \$ | 4,795,611 | \$ | 17,762,787 | \$ | 114,849,118 | \$ | 20,227,711 | \$ | 170,007,927 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| ounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities in ifferent from amounts reported for governmental funds in this exhibit bec | | | | |
|--|---|--|----|------------|
| let Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds (this exhibit) | | | \$ | (11,151,55 |
| Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are sh Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciant the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by whice depreciation/amortization expense (including other transactions (e.g., logyear (Note 10C). | own in the Statement of Net ciation/amortization expenses h capital outlay exceeded | | | 23,711,99 |
| Compensated absences (annual, sick, and personal leave) are reported expenditures, which are measured by the amount of financial rescand amounts actually paid). However, for governmental activities, those could be the net of the amounts of leave used and earned for the fiscal year in | ources used (essentially, the ests are shown and measured | | | |
| | Leave Used Leave Earned | \$ 14,802,814 (19,955,073) | | (5,152,2 |
| Internal Service Funds are used to account for the risk management are and related charges to the various governmental funds. The change in Service Funds for the fiscal year is reported with governmental acceptable. | net position for the Internal | | | |
| | Risk Management Health Insurance | \$ 962,459 (13,943,860) | | (12,981,4 |
| Section 15.2-1800.1 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, affects the recapital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incursochool property owned by the School Board which is payable over more reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board incurs the depreciation expense) equal to the total outstand applicable "on-behalf of" debt at June 30, 2024. This amount is the applicable application expense for the fiscal year. | this legislation, the City has a s "on-behalf of" debt for any e than one year. For financial I Board property (the School ing principal balance of the | | | 44,508,9 |
| | | | | 44,500,5 |
| Principal and interest on subscription liabilities are reported as expendi However, the principal payments reduce the liabilities in the Statement result in expenses in the Statement of Activities and Interest is ex Statement of Activities. | of Net Position and does not | | | 869,30 |
| Per GAAP, this amount is the Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows and year (Note 8). | Deferred Inflows for the fiscal | | | |
| | Pension Expense Deferred Inflows Deferred Outflows | \$ (22,510,179) 47,655,633 27,478,432 | | 52,623,8 |
| Per GAAP, this amount is the OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows and E year (Note 8). | Deferred Inflows for the fiscal | | | |
| | OPEB Expense Deferred Inflows Deferred Outflows | \$ 5,353,165 (7,213,477) 5,533,118 | | 3,672,80 |
| Change in Net Position of governmental activities in the Statement of Act | ivities (Exhibit A-2) | | \$ | 96,101,82 |
| | | | _ | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds |
|--|----|--|
| ASSETS . | | |
| Current Assets: | | |
| Cash and Investments (Notes 1L1 and 6) | \$ | 99,546,154 |
| Accounts Receivable | | 5,310,882 |
| Prepaid Items (Note 1L5) | _ | 287,143 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 105,144,179 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | |
| Salaries Payable | \$ | 2,425 |
| Vouchers and | | |
| Accounts Payables | | 8,436,302 |
| Unearned Revenues (Note 3) | | 8,946,933 |
| Estimated Claims and | | |
| Judgments (due within one year) | | |
| (Notes 5A and 9) | _ | 12,593,984 |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ | 29,979,644 |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | |
| Estimated Claims and | | |
| Judgments (due in more than one year) | | |
| (Notes 5A and 9) | _ | 4,197,995 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 34,177,639 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ | 70,966,540 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 70,966,540 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Governmental Activities: Internal Service Funds |
|------------------------------|--|
| | |
| OPERATING REVENUES | ć 472.452.720 |
| Charges for Services | \$ 172,453,720 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | 373,287 |
| Total Operating Revenues | \$ 172,827,007 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | |
| Personnel Services | \$ 1,020,529 |
| Fringe Benefits | 375,008 |
| Purchased Services | 2,150,487 |
| Other Charges (Note 1L2) | 185,780,913 |
| Total Operating Expenses | \$ 189,326,937 |
| | |
| OPERATING LOSS | \$ (16,499,930) |
| | |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | ć 2.540.520 |
| Interest Income | \$ 3,518,529 |
| Total Nonoperating | ć 2.540.520 |
| Revenues | \$ 3,518,529 |
| CHANGES IN NET POSITION | \$ (12,981,401) |
| | + (==,===, :==, |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1 | 83,947,941 |
| | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30 | \$ 70,966,540 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

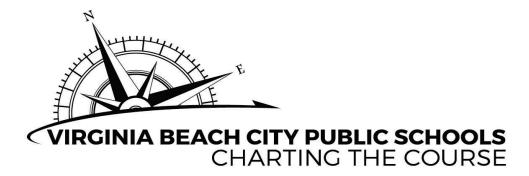
| | Governmental |
|--|-----------------|
| | Activities: |
| | Internal |
| | Service Funds |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING | |
| ACTIVITIES: | |
| Receipts from Users | \$ 172,517,986 |
| Payments to Vendors for Goods/Services | (185,084,898) |
| Payments to Employees for Services | (1,394,253) |
| Net Cash Used In Operating Activities | \$ (13,961,165) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING | |
| ACTIVITIES: | |
| Interest Received on Investments | 3,518,529 |
| NET DECREASE IN | |
| CASH AND INVESTMENTS | \$ (10,442,636) |
| CASH AND INVESTMENTS, | |
| BEGINNING OF YEAR | 109,988,790 |
| CASH AND INVESTMENTS, | |
| END OF YEAR | \$ 99,546,154 |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING | |
| LOSS TO NET CASH | |
| <u>USED IN OPERATING</u> | |
| ACTIVITIES: | |
| Operating Loss | \$ (16,499,930) |
| Adjustments to Reconcile Operating | |
| Loss to Net Cash Used In | |
| Operating Activities | |
| (Increase) Decrease in Assets | |
| Accounts Receivable | \$ (790,949) |
| Prepaid Items | (17,214) |
| Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities | |
| Salaries Payable | 1,284 |
| Vouchers and Accounts Payable | 4,162,023 |
| Unearned Revenue | 481,928 |
| Estimated Claims and Judgments | (1,298,307) |
| Total Adjustments | \$ 2,538,765 |
| Net Cash Used In Operating Activities | \$ (13,961,165) |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2024

| | P | Other ostemploymen Benefits Trust Fund |
|---|----|---|
| | | |
| ASSETS | | |
| Fixed Income | \$ | 9,362,168 |
| Stocks | | 22,937,310 |
| Real Estate | | 7,021,626 |
| Alternative Investments | | 7,489,734 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 46,810,838 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Net Position Restricted for Postemployment Benefits | | |
| Other than Pensions | \$ | 46,810,838 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Other Postemploy Benefit Trust Fu | yment its |
|---|--|--------------|
| | 1143614 | |
| ADDITIONS | | |
| Contributions: | . 0.112 | . 700 |
| Employer | \$ 8,143 | ,/32 |
| Investment Earnings: | | |
| Increase in the Fair Value of Investments | \$ 4,054 | .762 |
| | y .,,ee ., | , |
| Total Additions | \$ 12,198 | 3,494 |
| | | |
| DEDUCTIONS | | |
| Benefits | \$ 8,143, | ,732 |
| Administrative Expenses | 28, | 3,130 |
| | | |
| Total Deductions | \$ 8,171 | .,862 |
| | | |
| Change in Net Position | \$ 4,026 | 632 |
| Change in Net Fosition | ,4,020 | ,,032 |
| Net Position at Beginning of Year | 42,784 | ,206 |
| | | |
| Net Position at End of Year | \$ 46,810 |),838 |



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | <u>ige</u> |
|----|-----|--|------------|
| 1. | | nmary of Significant Accounting Policies | |
| | A. | Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements | |
| | В. | Financial Reporting Entity | |
| | C. | Capital Assets | |
| | D. | Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements | |
| | E. | Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus | |
| | F. | Encumbrances | |
| | G. | Inventories | |
| | н. | Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources | 66 |
| | I. | Accrued Compensated Leave | 66 |
| | J. | Fund Balance | 67 |
| | K. | Net Position | 68 |
| | L. | Miscellaneous | 68 |
| | | 1. Cash and Investments | 68 |
| | | 2. Proprietary Funds' Other Charges | |
| | | 3. Statement of Cash Flows | |
| | | 4. Long-Term Obligations | |
| | | 5. Prepaid Items | 69 |
| | | 6. Debt Service | 69 |
| | M. | Use of Estimates | 69 |
| | | Pensions | |
| | 0. | Other Postemployment Benefits | |
| | | 1. Retiree Health Benefits | |
| | | 2. Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program | |
| | | 3. Group Life Insurance | |
| | | 4. Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program . | |
| | | Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements | |
| | Q. | Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Effective | 71 |
| • | Das | eivables | |
| ۷. | | Due from Commonwealth | 72 |
| | | Due from Federal Government | |
| | | | |
| | C. | Lease Receivable | /3 |
| 3. | Une | earned Revenue | 73 |
| | | | |
| 4. | Cap | ital Assets | |
| | • | Summary of Changes in Capital Assets | 74 |
| | | Tenancy in Common with the City on Certain School Buildings | |
| | | Depreciation Expense on Capital Assets | |
| | | | - |
| 5. | Lon | g-Term Liabilities | |
| | A. | Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities | 75 |
| | В. | Accrued Compensated Leave | 77 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

| _ | | | Page |
|----|-----|--|-------|
| 6. | | posits and Investments | |
| | | Deposits | |
| | | Interest Rate Risk | |
| | | Foreign Currency Risk | |
| | D. | Credit Risk | 80 |
| 7. | | mmitments and Contingencies | |
| | | Litigation | |
| | | Intergovernmental Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues | |
| | C. | Salaries Payable | |
| | D. | | |
| | E. | Encumbrances | 82 |
| 8. | Ret | tirement and Other Postemployment Benefits | |
| | A. | Virginia Retirement System | 82 |
| | | 1. Plan Description | 82 |
| | | 2. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms | 92 |
| | | 3. Contributions | 92 |
| | | 4. Net Pension Liability | 93 |
| | | 5. Pension Expense | 93 |
| | | 6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources | 94 |
| | | 7. Actuarial Assumptions | 95 |
| | | 8. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | 98 |
| | | 9. Discount Rate | 99 |
| | | 10. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate | 100 |
| | | 11. Combining Pension Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources | 101 |
| | | 12. Changes in Net Pension Liability – Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan | |
| | | 13. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Teacher Retirement Plan | |
| | В. | · | |
| | | 1. Plan Description | |
| | | 2. Plan Membership | |
| | | 3. Benefits Provided | |
| | | 4. Contributions | |
| | | 5. Investments Policy, Target Allocation, Rate of Return | |
| | | 6. Net OPEB Liability | |
| | | 7. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions | |
| | | 8. Discount Rate | |
| | | 9. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability | |
| | | 10. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| | | 11. Sensitivity Analysis | |
| | C. | Other Postemployment Benefits – Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program | |
| | C. | 1. Plan Description | |
| | | 2. Plan Membership | |
| | | 3. Contributions | |
| | | | |
| | | 4. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources | . TT2 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | <u>Page</u> |
|-----|------|---|--------------|
| | | 5. Changes in the Net Political Subdivision HIC OPEB Liability | |
| | | 6. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources | |
| | | 7. Actuarial Assumptions | |
| | | 8. Net HIC OPEB Liability | |
| | | 9. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | |
| | | 10. Discount Rate | 120 |
| | | 11. Sensitivity Analysis | 121 |
| | | 12. Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position | 121 |
| | D. | Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance | 122 |
| | | 1. Plan Description | 122 |
| | | 2. Plan Membership | 123 |
| | | 3. Contributions | 123 |
| | | 4. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Reso | ources 124 |
| | | 5. Actuarial Assumptions | 126 |
| | | 6. Net GLI OPEB Liability | 129 |
| | | 7. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | |
| | | 8. Discount Rate | |
| | | 9. Sensitivity Analysis | |
| | | 10. Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position | |
| | E. | Other Postemployment Benefits – Virginia Local Disability Program | |
| | | 1. Plan Description | |
| | | 2. Plan Membership | |
| | | 3. Contributions | |
| | | 4. OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Reso | |
| | | 5. Actuarial Assumptions | |
| | | 6. Net VLDP OPEB Liability | |
| | | 7. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | |
| | | 8. Discount Rate | |
| | | 9. Sensitivity Analysis | |
| | | 10. VLDP OPEB Fiduciary Net Position | |
| | F. | Combining Net OPEB Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Re | |
| | г. | Combining Net OFED Liabilities, Deferred Outflows and Deferred filliows of Re | :Sources 144 |
| a | Ricl | Management and Health Care Benefits | |
| ٥. | | School Self-Insurance Program | 1/// |
| | | Surety Bonds | |
| | | • | |
| 10 | | Self-Insured Health Care Benefits Program | |
| TO. | | tain Interfund Transactions, Exhibits A-4 to A-2 Reconciliation for Capital Outla and Fund Balance Classifications | у, |
| | | | 4.4.0 |
| | | Interfund Transfers | |
| | | Interfund Receivables and Payables | |
| | | Exhibits A-4 to A-2 Reconciliation for Capital Outlay | |
| | D. | Fund Balance Classifications | 148 |

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The present City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (City) was formed on January 1, 1963 by the merger of Princess Anne County and the former smaller City of Virginia Beach. The elected eleven-member School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the School Board), vested with the legislative powers, appoints the Superintendent who is the executive and administrative head of the public school division.

The accounting policies of the School Board conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies of the School Board:

A. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The accounts of the School Board are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses, as appropriate.

The basic financial statements and required supplementary information include both the government-wide (based upon the School Board as a whole) financial statements (i.e., Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities) and fund financial statements.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, the governmental activities column is presented on a full accrual and economic resources basis. This basis incorporates long-term assets and receivables, and long-term debt and obligations.

The government-wide Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of an activity are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific activity. Program revenues are those that are directly associated with the specific activity (e.g., Instruction, Pupil Transportation, Cafeterias). Program revenues include: 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given activity and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular activity. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. The School Board does not allocate indirect expenses. The operating grants include operating-specific and discretional (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reflects capital-specific grants.

Fund financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds (i.e., internal service funds), and fiduciary funds (i.e., custodial funds). By definition, the assets of the fiduciary funds are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government; therefore, these funds are excluded from the government-wide

financial statements. Furthermore, the internal service funds have been incorporated into the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The School Board reports the following major governmental funds:

<u>General Fund</u> - is the general operating fund of the School Board which is used to account for all financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from the Federal Government (including impact aid and awards), Commonwealth of Virginia (including basic aid, awards, and sales tax), and the City.

<u>School Grants Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if applicable).

<u>School Cafeterias Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for sales and proceeds from the school cafeterias.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - is used to account for the financial resources for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities.

Additionally, the School Board reports the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds - are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources, other than for the above special revenue funds, which are restricted or committed to be expended for specified purposes. The Textbook Fund accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisitions of textbooks and related materials used in the school division. The Communication Towers/Technology Fund accounts for rent receipts relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property. The Vending Operations Fund accounts for receipts and expenditures relating to soft drink vending operations. The Equipment Replacement Fund accounts for financial resources provided for equipment replacement cycle for selected capital equipment for schools and central offices. The School Activity Fund accounts for receipts and expenditures relating to activities conducted at individual school sites in connection with student athletics, classes, clubs, and various fundraising and private donor activities.

<u>Proprietary Funds/Internal Service Funds</u> - are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost-reimbursement basis. The School Board has established Internal Service Funds for the Risk Management and Health Insurance programs.

<u>Fiduciary Fund</u> - is used to account for assets held by the School Board in a trustee capacity or as an agent for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, and/or other funds. The Fiduciary Fund is the Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund for Retiree Health Benefits. The OPEB Trust Fund accounts for assets in essentially the same manner as a Proprietary Fund using the economic resources measurement focus.

B. Financial Reporting Entity

The School Board is responsible for elementary and secondary education within the City. Members of the School Board are elected by the voters and serve staggered terms on the School Board. The City Council approves the School Board's operating budget, levies the necessary taxes to finance the operations, and approves the borrowing of money and issuance of bonds when necessary. The City Council is prohibited from exercising any control over specific appropriations within the operating budget of the School Board. However, City Council may exercise control in total by major categories (e.g., Instruction; Administration, Attendance, and Health; Pupil Transportation; Operations and Maintenance; Technology) as prescribed by the *Code of Virginia*, as amended.

The School Board is considered a component unit of the City and, accordingly, the financial position and results of operations of the School Board are also presented in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR).

The School Board uses the following criteria in determining reportable component units (legally, separate organizations): 1) significance of their operational or financial relationship with the School Board, 2) for which the School Board is financially accountable, and 3) whose relationship with the School Board is such that exclusion would cause the School Board's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The School Board has no component units.

C. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings (e.g., schools, portables), improvements other than buildings (e.g., parking lots, curbs and gutters, sidewalks, drainage systems, fences), machinery and equipment, and vehicles (including school buses) are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the School Board as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more. Subscription-based information technology arrangements ("SBITA") are defined as an intangible asset with an initial, individual cost of \$300,000 or more. Capital assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and as assets in the government-wide financial statements. Depreciation is recorded on the capital assets on a government-wide basis using the straight-line method with the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings 25 - 50 years Improvements other than 20 years

Buildings

Machinery, Equipment and

Vehicles

5 – 20 years

All capital assets are reported at cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value in the year donated.

D. Subscription Based Information Technology Arrangements

The School Board has recorded Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangement ("SBITA") assets and liabilities as a result of implementing GASB 96. The SBITA assets are initially measured at an amount equal to the initial measurement of the related SBITA liability plus any SBITA payments made prior to the subscription term, less SBITA incentives, and plus any ancillary charges necessary to place the SBITA into service. The SBITA assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the life of the related contract. SBITAs which are based on variable payments (or user seats) are not recorded as subscription assets or liabilities and are expenses as incurred.

E. Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. The effects of interfund activity have been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements; however, interfund services (e.g., risk management, health insurance) provided and used are not eliminated (elimination of these charges would distort the reported function expenses and program revenues).

The accounting and financial reporting treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the Balance Sheet. Operating statements of these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

All Proprietary Funds are accounted for on a flow of economic resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, all assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of these funds are included on the Statement of Net Position. Proprietary fund-type operating statements present increases (e.g., revenues) and decreases (e.g., expenses) in net position.

The modified accrual basis of accounting is used by all governmental fund types and the full accrual basis of accounting is used by the custodial funds. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when susceptible to accrual (i.e., when they become both measurable and available). "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (for the most part, revenues are considered available, if they are collected within 90 days of the end of the fiscal year). Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, if measurable.

The following is a list of the major revenue sources, which meet the "susceptible to accrual" criteria:

- Commonwealth of Virginia
- State Sales Taxes
- Federal Government

All Proprietary Funds are reported under the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred. Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Internal Service Funds are charges for services. Operating expenses for the Internal Service Funds include administrative expenses, insurance premiums, and claims payments. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for the same purpose, restricted resources are used first, where practicable and permitted.

The School Board reports unearned revenues on its government-wide financial statements when revenues are received prior to the period in which all eligibility requirements have been met. Unearned revenue at the fund level arises when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the government before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the government has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the Balance Sheet and revenue is recognized.

F. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting, in which purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded (reduces the applicable available appropriation), is followed

in the General, Special Revenue, and Capital Projects Funds. Encumbrances outstanding do not constitute expenditures until expended or accrued as liabilities.

G. Inventories

All inventories are reported using the weighted average cost inventory method. Reported inventories are accounted for under the consumption method (i.e., recorded as expenditures when used) in the governmental funds.

The School Cafeteria Fund's inventory includes United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities under the Donated Commodity Program (operated as an adjunct to the National School Lunch Program). This program provides free agricultural products for use in the preparation of school lunches. The contributions are recorded in the financial statements as revenue upon receipt (title of products pass upon delivery) and expenditures at the time of consumption of the products based on the estimated wholesale market value (provided by the USDA). Other inventories are reported using the weighted average cost inventory method.

H. Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources

The School Board recognizes deferred outflows and inflows of resources. A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to future periods. A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to future periods. The Statement of Net Position reports deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEB (See A-1 and Note 8).

I. Accrued Compensated Leave

Annual leave, according to a graduated scale based on years of employment, is credited to each employee as it accrues. In general, administrative personnel may accrue a maximum of 50 days. Instructional personnel may accrue a maximum of 8 personal leave days. Upon employment termination, payment is made by the School Board to the respective employee on the unused portion.

School Board employees are granted one sick leave day per month and may accumulate an unlimited number of sick leave days. However, no payment is made by the School Board on the unused portion upon employment termination, except on the condition of retirement. School Board retirees are paid for their unused sick leave.

An accrual has been made in the financial statements for certain accumulated annual, personal, and sick leave days. This estimate includes salary and the related Social Security and Medicare taxes.

The estimated amount of accrued compensated leave for the School Board's governmental activities is reported in the government-wide financial statements. See Note 5B for the estimated amounts related thereto.

Accrued compensated leave is typically liquidated by the General Fund, or the applicable special revenue (e.g., School Cafeterias) or internal service (e.g., Risk Management) fund.

J. Fund Balance

Fund balance is divided into four classifications based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The classifications are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u> - The nonspendable fund balance classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are not in spendable form, or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. The "not in spendable form" criterion includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash, for example, inventories and prepaid items.

<u>Restricted</u> - The restricted fund balance classification is used when constraints placed on the use of resources are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or is imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation authorizes the School Board to assess, levy, charge, or otherwise mandate payment of resources (from external resource providers) and includes a legally enforceable requirement that those resources be used only for the specific purposes stipulated in the legislation. Legal enforceability means that the School Board can be compelled by an external party, such as citizens, public interest groups, or the judiciary, to use resources created by enabling legislation only for the purposes specified by the legislation.

<u>Committed</u> - The committed fund balance classification, includes amounts, if applicable, that can be used only for the specific purposes imposed by a resolution adopted by the School Board. Those committed amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the School Board removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action it employed to previously commit those amounts.

Committed fund balance also incorporates contractual obligations to the extent that existing resources in the fund have been specifically committed for use in satisfying those contractual requirements.

<u>Assigned</u> - The assigned fund balance classification represents amounts intended to be used by the School Board for specific purposes. Assigned amounts are established by the School Board (see Note 10D).

The School Board applies restricted resources first when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which either restricted or unrestricted (committed, assigned, and unassigned) amounts are available. Similarly, within unrestricted fund balance, committed amounts are reduced first followed by assigned, and then unassigned amounts when expenditures are incurred for purposes for which amounts in any of the unrestricted fund balance classifications could be used.

<u>Unassigned</u> - The unassigned fund balance classification represents amounts of the General Fund that are not constrained for any particular purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds, the unassigned classification is only used to report a deficit fund balance. There were no unassigned fund balances this fiscal year.

K. Net Position

The difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources in the government-wide Statement of Net Position must be labeled as net position. In addition, net position must be subdivided into three components: net investment in capital assets; restricted net position; and unrestricted net position, as follows:

<u>Investment in Capital Assets</u> - The investment in capital assets component presents the net position that comprise the capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation).

<u>Restricted Net Position</u> - The restricted net position component presents the net position that is restricted when constraints placed on the net position use are either externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Unrestricted Net Position</u> - The unrestricted net position component consists of net position that does not meet the "investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position" definition.

L. Miscellaneous

1. Cash and Investments

The School Board's cash and investments are pooled and invested with the City's centralized cash and investment pool (see Note 6). Cash invested at June 30 is included in the various cash accounts reflected in the financial statements. Investments are stated at amortized cost or fair value. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to certain funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund.

2. **Proprietary Funds' Other Charges**

The Proprietary Funds' Other Charges category mainly consists of premiums and claims payments (including current estimated claims and judgments) in the Risk Management and Health Insurance Internal Service Funds.

3. Statement of Cash Flows

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, all highly liquid debt instruments and certificates of deposit, regardless of maturity date, are grouped into cash and temporary investments. The proprietary funds participate in the City's centralized cash and investment pool (see Note

6); therefore, separate information on cash equivalents (i.e., investments with original maturities of three months or less upon acquisition) for the fund is not available.

4. Long-Term Obligations

All long-term liabilities (see Note 5) are reported in the government-wide financial statements.

5. Prepaid Items

Prepaid items are certain required/negotiated payments made during the current fiscal year for goods/services to be delivered/rendered (and recorded as an expenditure/expense on a consumption basis, accordingly) during the following fiscal year(s).

6. **Debt Service**

The School Board has debt service payments on debt incurred by the City "on behalf of" the School Board (see Note 4B for related information). However, information on the School Board and City debt service payments and outstanding debt as a whole are presented in the City's ACFR.

M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as of the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

N. Pensions

In government-wide financial statements, pensions are required to be recognized and disclosed using the accrual basis of accounting (see Note 8 and the Required Supplementary Information (RSI) section), regardless of the amount recognized as pension expenditures on the governmental fund statements, which use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Retirement Plan is a multiple employer cost-sharing plan. The VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is a multiple employer, agent plan.

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan and the Political Subdivision Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from these plan's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

O. Other Postemployment Benefits

1. Retiree Health Benefits

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to other postemployment benefits, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Other Post Employment Benefit Trust Fund and the additions to/deductions from the OPEB net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the VML/VACo Pooled OPEB Trust. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

2. Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program

The VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Program is a multiple-employer, costsharing plan. This program is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is a multiple-employer, agent defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. These programs were established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia as amended, and to provide the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. For purposes of measuring the net Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, and the Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

3. **Group Life Insurance**

The VRS Group Life Insurance (GLI) Program is a multiple employer, cost-sharing plan. It provides coverage to state employees, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions. The Group Life Insurance Program was established pursuant §51.1-500 et seq. of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. The program is a defined benefit plan that provides a basic group life insurance benefit for employees or participating employers. For purposes of measuring the net Group Life Insurance Program OPEB liability, deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, and Group Life Insurance Program OPEB expense, information

about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Group Life Insurance program OPEB and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Group Life Insurance Program OPEB's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

4. Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The VRS Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing plan. For purposes of measuring the net Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB liability, asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB, and the Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee VLDP; and the additions to/deductions from the VRS Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee VLDP's net fiduciary position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

P. Implementation of New Accounting Pronouncements

The School Board implemented GASB Statement No. 100, Accounting Changes and Error Corrections. The requirements of this Statement establishes standards for accounting and financial reporting for each type of accounting change and the corrections of an error in previously issued financial statements. This statement requires that changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods. Changes to or within the financial reporting entity should be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period and changes in accounting estimates should be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. Additionally, this statement mandates that the aggregate amounts of adjustments and restatements of beginning net position, fund balance, or fund net position, as applicable, be displayed by the reporting unit in the financial statements.

Q. Pronouncements Issued but not Yet Effective

The GASB has issued the following pronouncements, not yet effective, that may affect future financial position, results of operations, cash flows or the financial presentation of the School Board upon implementation. Management is evaluating these new standards.

| GASB | | EFFECTIVE |
|---------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| STATEMENT NO. | GASB ACCOUNTING STANDARD | FISCAL YEAR |
| 101 | Compensated Absenses | 2025 |

2. RECEIVABLES

A. Due from Commonwealth

The following revenues were due from the Commonwealth of Virginia at June 30, 2024:

| State Share Sales Tax | \$ 7,891,655 |
|---|------------------|
| Special Education – Regional Program | 2,437,494 |
| Technology Initiative | 403,222 |
| Juvenile Detention Center | 328,487 |
| Other Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues | 56,716 |
| Total Due From Commonwealth (Exhibit A-3 and A-1) | \$ 11,117,574 |

B. Due from Federal Government

The following revenues were due from various Federal agencies at June 30, 2024:

| Adult Basic Education | \$ 96,919 |
|--|------------------|
| ARP and ARPA | 11,023,995 |
| Carl Perkins | 903,881 |
| CSLFRF | 3,147,471 |
| COPS School Violence Prevention | 134,635 |
| DODEA Spanish Immersion | 50,608 |
| DODEA WLARP | 172,191 |
| McKinney Homeless | 65,952 |
| NJROTC | 205,484 |
| Preschool Incentive | 133,612 |
| RIPE for Public Instruction | 185,000 |
| National School Lunch Program | 832,256 |
| School Breakfast Program | 354,956 |
| Summer Feeding Program | 2,575 |
| Child and Adult Care Program | 16,612 |
| Title I | 4,184,046 |
| Title II | 638,363 |
| Title III | 49,491 |
| Title IV | 818,501 |
| Title VI-B | 1,679,668 |
| Other Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues | 92,642 |
| Total Due From Federal Gvt (Exhibit A-3 and A-1) | \$ 24,788,858 |

C. Lease Receivable

The School Board leases cell towers to various third parties under multiple leases. The leases are for periods ending at various dates through December 2028 and the School Board receives monthly lease payments ranging from \$72 to \$6,565. The School Board recognized \$585,314 in lease revenue and \$22,059 in interest revenue during the current fiscal year related to these leases. As of June 30, 2024, the School Board's receivable for lease payments was \$1,555,731. Also, the School Board has deferred inflows of resources associated with this lease that will be recognized as revenue over the lease term. As of June 30, 2024, the balance of the deferred inflow of resources was \$1,464,776.

3. UNEARNED REVENUES

Unearned revenues represent amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Unearned revenues consist of the following as of June 30, 2024:

| General Fund – Summer School Tuition, Regular School Tuition School Grants Fund – Early Reading Intervention, Algebra Readiness, | \$ 542,873 |
|---|------------------|
| VA Preschool Initiative, and other grants | 19,510,091 |
| School Cafeterias - Charges for Service | 662,897 |
| Other Governmental Funds – Cell Tower Lease | 40,673 |
| Total Unearned Revenue – Governmental Funds (Exhibit A-3) | \$ 20,756,534 |
| School Health Insurance Internal Service Fund – Prepayment of July | |
| health insurance premiums (Exhibit A-5) | 8,946,933 |
| Total Unearned Revenue – Governmental Activities (Exhibit A-1) | \$ 29,703,467 |

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Summary of Changes in Capital Assets

| | | Balance | | | | | Balance |
|---|-----|---------------|---------------|-----------|------------|-----|---------------|
| Governmental Activities: | | July 1, 2023 | Increases | Decreases | | Jι | une 30, 2024 |
| Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated: | | | | | | | |
| Land | \$ | 38,967,870 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 38,967,870 |
| Construction in Progress | | 18,441,696 | 19,243,466 | | 22,916,508 | | 14,768,654 |
| Total Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated | \$ | 57,409,566 | \$ 19,243,466 | \$ | 22,916,508 | \$ | 53,736,524 |
| Capital Assets Being Depreciated / Amortized: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 819,176,395 | \$106,839,500 | \$ | 2,323,665 | \$ | 923,692,230 |
| Improvements Other Than Buildings | | 84,175,685 | 2,501,369 | | - | | 86,677,054 |
| Machinery/Equipment and Vehicles | | 152,070,028 | 13,311,124 | | 5,966,904 | | 159,414,248 |
| Subscription Lease | | 2,516,118 | - | | 837,556 | | 1,678,562 |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated / Amortized | \$: | 1,057,938,226 | \$122,651,993 | \$ | 9,128,125 | \$1 | 1,171,462,094 |
| Less Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization for: | | | | | | | |
| Buildings | \$ | 392,992,474 | \$ 37,541,309 | \$ | 2,272,042 | \$ | 428,261,741 |
| Improvements Other Than Buildings | | 56,301,573 | 2,709,681 | | - | | 59,011,254 |
| Machinery/Equipment and Vehicles | | 94,525,951 | 9,447,459 | | 5,827,614 | | 98,145,796 |
| Subscription Lease | | 854,895 | 868,607 | | 837,556 | | 885,946 |
| Total Accumulated Depreciation / Amortization | \$ | 544,674,893 | \$ 50,567,056 | \$ | 8,937,212 | \$ | 586,304,737 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated / Amortized, Net | \$ | 513,263,333 | \$ 72,084,937 | \$ | 190,913 | \$ | 585,157,357 |
| | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net | \$ | 570,672,899 | \$ 91,328,403 | \$ | 23,107,421 | \$ | 638,893,881 |

B. Tenancy in Common with the City on Certain School Buildings

Section 15.2-1800.1 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, affects the reporting of local School Board capital assets and related debt for financial reporting purposes. Under this legislation, the City has a "tenancy in common" with the School Board whenever the City incurs "on behalf of" debt for any school property owned by the School Board, which is payable over more than one year. For financial reporting purposes, the City will report the Net Book Value of School Board property (the School Board incurs the depreciation expense) equal to the total outstanding principal balance of the applicable "on behalf of" debt at June 30, 2024, as follows:

| School Buildings reported by the City | \$ 384,200,260 |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| Less: Accumulated Depreciation | 67,665,831 |
| | |
| Net Book Value reported by the City | \$ 316,534,429 |

C. Depreciation / Amortization Expense on Capital Assets

Depreciation / Amortization expense was charged to governmental activities, as follows:

| Instruction | \$ 28,411,282 |
|-----------------------------|------------------|
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | 376,361 |
| Pupil Transportation | 5,876,206 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 1,842,771 |
| Cafeterias | 492,848 |
| Technology | 2,564,770 |
| | |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$ 39,564,238 |

Note: Approximately \$9.0 million of the depreciation expense is on buildings owned by the School Board and reported by the City, and the net accumulated depreciation change/transfer on buildings owned by the School Board and previously reported by the City as a result of the Tenancy in Common provisions disclosed in Note 4B.

The School Board also reported \$11,002,818 increase to accumulated depreciation in Note 4A as a result of the transfer of buildings previously reported by the City and transferred to the School Board in the current year as a result of the Tenancy in Common provision disclosed in Note 4B.

5. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Summary of Changes in Long-Term Liabilities

The School Board has entered into SBITAs for finance, reporting, and learning software for a period of 2 to 4 years and an incremental borrowing rate of 2.86 percent. The SBITAs have been recorded at the present value of the future contract payments as of the date of their inception or, for SBITAs existing prior to the implementation year at the remaining terms of the agreement, using the facts and circumstances available at July 1, 2022. SBITA liabilities and subscription terms are included in long-term liabilities as follows at June 30, 2024:

| Governmental Activities: Accrued Compensated Leave | | Balance July 1, 2023 | <u>Additions</u> | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2024 | [| Amounts Due Within One Year |
|--|-----|-------------------------|------------------|----------------|--------------------------|----|-----------------------------------|
| (Note 5B) | \$ | 43,913,225 | \$ 19,955,073 | \$ 14,802,814 | \$ 49,065,484 | \$ | 15,098,871 |
| Estimated Claims and Judgmer | its | | | | | | |
| (Notes 9A and 9C) | | 18,090,286 | 185,780,913 | 187,079,220 | 16,791,979 | | 12,593,984 |
| Net Pension Liability | | | | | | | |
| (Note 8A) | | 462,205,827 | 257,306,967 | 234,796,788 | 484,716,006 | | - |
| Net OPEB Liability | | | | | | | |
| (Note 8B-F) | | 157,587,101 | 66,279,293 | 71,603,913 | 152,262,481 | | - |
| Subscription Liability | _ | 1,623,811 | | 845,252 | 778,559 | | 444,987 |
| Long-Term Liabilities | \$ | 683,420,250 | \$ 529,322,246 | \$ 509,127,987 | \$ 703,614,509 | \$ | 28,137,842 |

Software lease debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | | | | | | Total |
|----------------------|----|----------|----|---------|----|---------|
| June 30 | P | rincipal | lı | nterest | Pa | ayments |
| 2025 | \$ | 444,987 | \$ | 22,561 | \$ | 467,548 |
| 2026 | | 164,404 | | 9,666 | | 174,070 |
| 2027 | | 169,168 | | 4,902 | | 174,070 |
| | | | | | | |
| Total SBITA Payments | \$ | 778,559 | \$ | 37,129 | \$ | 815,688 |

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board has software leases with variable payments that were based on user seats which were expensed as incurred in the amount of \$6,674,026.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board had no other payments, such as termination penalties, not previously included in the measurement of the software liability.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board had no commitments under software leases before the commencement of the subscription term or any losses associated with the impairment.

B. Accrued Compensated Leave

The accrued compensated leave is as follows at June 30, 2024:

| Compensated | |
|-------------|--------------|
| Leave | |
| | |
| Annual | \$16,953,206 |
| Sick | 23,463,493 |
| Personal | 8,648,785 |
| | |
| Total | \$49,065,484 |

6. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Constitution of Virginia and the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, require the election of a City Treasurer. The City's Charter provides that the City Treasurer is the custodian of City cash and has powers and duties prescribed by general law. Cash and temporary investments pertaining to the School Board's funds (except school activity account funds) are pooled and invested with the cash and temporary investments of the City. The bank balance of the City's deposits, which includes the School Board's cash pooled with the City, is covered by Federal Depository Insurance or collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act. Information to categorize investments for the School Board only, by the level of risk assumed, is unavailable for disclosure. However, information on the pooled deposits and investments (including the investments stated at amortized cost and the investments stated at fair value) for the School Board and City as a whole is presented in the City's ACFR, and below, as follows:

A. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits policy — All cash of the City including the School Board Component Unit (excluding the School Board's School Activity Accounts) is maintained in accounts collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act, Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the *Code of Virginia* or covered by Federal Depository Insurance.

The City has compensating balance arrangements with one financial institution. Bank of America provides services to the City while a \$3.5 million balance is maintained in a non-interest bearing certificate of deposit. A fluctuating checking account balance based on monthly investment services is a requirement of Branch Banking & Trust (BB&T).

The City categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by

generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure fair value of the assets. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in an active market for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; and Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs (the City does not value any of its investments using level 3 inputs).

As of June 30, 2024, the City had the following recurring investments. Except for the investments in the State Non-Arbitrage Program (SNAP), Virginia Investment Pool (VIP), and Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP), all investments are in an internal investment pool.

| | Ji | une 30, 2024 | Ac | oted Prices in tive Markets or Identical Assets (Level 1) | Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2) | Significant Other nobservable Inputs (Level 3) | Weighted Average Maturities (in months) |
|---|------|---------------|----|---|---|--|--|
| Investments at Fair Value: | | | | | | | |
| Money Market Funds | \$ | 10,742,242 | \$ | - | \$ 10,742,242 | \$ - | 0.01 |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposits | | 70,068,337 | | - | 70,068,337 | - | 0.17 |
| Commercial Paper | | 43,785,533 | | - | 43,785,533 | - | 0.18 |
| U.S. Government Securities | | 405,988,386 | | - | 405,988,386 | - | 3.61 |
| Municipal Bonds | | 5,028,603 | | - | 5,028,603 | - | 0.14 |
| Miscellaneous Coupon Securities | | 290,049,159 | | | 290,049,159 | - | 1.89 |
| | \$ | 825,662,260 | \$ | | \$ 825,662,260 | \$ | |
| Investments Measured at Amortized Cost: | | | | | | | |
| Certificates of Deposits | \$ | 65,000,000 | | | | | 0.12 |
| State Non Arbitrage Program (SNAP) | | 148,984,682 | | | | | 0.09 |
| State Treasurer's Local Government Pool (LGIP) | | 312,000,000 | | | | | 0.19 |
| Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) | | 11,223,232 | | | | | 0.01 |
| Virginia Investment Pool (VIP) - Liquidity Pool | | 322,231,703 | | | | | 0.19 |
| Total Fair Value | \$ | 859,439,617 | | | | | |
| Total Investments | \$: | 1,685,101,877 | | | | | |
| Portfolio Weighted Average Maturity | | | | | | | 1.29 |

Reconciliation of total deposits and investments at June 30, 2024:

| | | S | chool Board | | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------------------|--|---|--|
| | Primary | | | | |
| Government Unit | | | | | Total |
| \$ | 1,240,816,231 | \$ | 368,137,191 | \$ | 1,608,953,422 |
| | 327,451,330 | | - | | 327,451,330 |
| | 63,066,451 | | 46,810,838 | | 109,877,289 |
| \$ | 1,631,334,012 | \$ | 414,948,029 | \$ | 2,046,282,041 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | (361,180,164) |
| 202 | 4 | | | \$ | 1,685,101,877 |
| | \$ | Government \$ 1,240,816,231 | Primary Government \$ 1,240,816,231 \$ 327,451,330 63,066,451 \$ 1,631,334,012 \$ | Government Unit \$ 1,240,816,231 \$ 368,137,191 327,451,330 - 63,066,451 46,810,838 \$ 1,631,334,012 \$ 414,948,029 | Primary Component Government Unit \$ 1,240,816,231 \$ 368,137,191 \$ 327,451,330 - - 63,066,451 46,810,838 \$ \$ 1,631,334,012 \$ 414,948,029 \$ |

The City has investments in U.S. Government securities valued at \$406.0 million (Level 2 inputs). These investments are classified in Level 2 at the fair value hierarchy and are valued using matrix pricing techniques maintained by various pricing vendors. Matrix pricing is used to value securities based on the securities' relationship to benchmark quoted prices. Fair value is defined as the quoted market value on the last trading day of the period. These prices are obtained from various pricing sources by the City's custodian bank.

Investments in Money Market Funds (Level 2 inputs) and Commercial Paper (Level 2 inputs) are classified in Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy and are valued in accordance with pricing sources by the City's custodian bank.

The remaining investments are measured in accordance with existing GAAP standards at amortized costs totaled \$859.4 million at June 30, 2024. Investments within the SNAP Investment Pool are held there to meet the debt service reserve requirements of the bond covenants and therefore cannot be withdrawn for any other purpose. Investments within the LGIP have no restrictions on withdrawals and can be obtained upon demand. Investments in the VIP fall within two primary funds, 1-3 Year High Quality Bond Fund and Stable NAV Liquidity Pool. The 1-3 High Quality Bond Fund redemptions are available twice a month and participants are required to provide 5 days' notice. Redemptions greater than \$5 million are requested to be submitted 60 days in advance and if the redemption is greater than 10% of the portfolio's net asset value without the 60 days' notice, the redemption can be executed over time. The Stable NAV Liquidity Pool has no restrictions on withdrawals and funds are available the same day.

B. Interest Rate Risk

As a means of limiting its exposure to fair value losses arising from rising interest rates, the City's investment policy limits maximum final stated maturities of investments to five years. In addition, the City will structure the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements and by investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities.

Investments of debt proceeds held by bond trustees are governed by provisions of the debt agreements. Reverse and escrow funds may be invested in securities exceeding five years to maturity if the maturities of such investments are made to coincide as nearly as practicable with the expected use of the funds.

The City assumes all investments will be held until maturity or until called at their par value. However, an investment may be sold at an earlier date to meet certain obligations or if the investment's credit quality drops. This makes the City's investments sensitive to market rate fluctuations. To mitigate the impact of market rate fluctuations, the City maintains enough liquidity to meet its short-term needs with a smaller portion invested in long-term government-sponsored organizations and high-quality corporate notes.

C. Foreign Currency Risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that changes in exchange rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At the present time, there are no specific foreign currency guidelines for equities or active fixed income investments because the VBCPS does not hold foreign currency invetments.

D. Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk an investor is subject to as a result of the credit quality of investments in debt securities. Statutes, as well as the City's investment policy, authorize the City to invest in; obligations of the United States or agencies thereof; the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof; obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank); the Asian Development Bank; the African Development Bank; commercial paper rated A-1 by Standard & Poor's Corporation or P-1 by Moody's Commercial Paper Record; bankers' acceptance instruments; repurchase agreements which are collateralized with securities approved for direct investment; State Treasurer's LGIP; and corporate notes with at least a rating of Aa by Moody's or AA by Standard and Poor's.

The LGIP is an externally managed investment pool that is not registered with the Securities Exchange Commission but is managed as a "2a-7 like pool". Pursuant to the *Code of Virginia*, the Treasury Board of the Commonwealth sponsors the LGIP and has delegated certain functions to the State Treasurer. The LGIP reports to the Treasury Board at their regularly scheduled monthly meetings. The LGIP values portfolio securities by the amortized cost method and on a monthly basis this valuation is compared to current market to monitor any variance. The fair value of the City's position in the pool is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Custodial credit risk for investments policy: For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of a failure of the counterparty, the City will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The City requires that all investments be clearly marked as to ownership and to the extent possible, be registered in the name of the City. In addition, the City pre-qualifies the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the City will do business.

The City's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2024 were rated by Standard & Poor's and Moody's and/or an equivalent national rating organization and the ratings are presented below using the respective rating scale from both agencies.

| | <u>AAA</u> | <u>A1/P1/F1+</u> |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------------------|
| LGIP | \$ 312,000,000 | \$ - |
| U. S. Government Securities | 405,988,386 | - |
| SNAP | 148,984,682 | - |
| Commercial Paper | - | 43,785,533 |

Concentration of Credit Risk: Concentration of credit risk represents the risk of investments in any one issue that represents 5% or more of investments. The City's investment policy limits the amount it can invest in commercial paper and bankers' acceptance instruments. By policy, investments in commercial paper are limited to 35% of the total available for investment and not more than 5% of the total available for investment, or \$15,000,000, whichever is less, can be invested in any one issuing corporation. Bankers' acceptance instruments shall not exceed 50% of the total investment portfolio's book value on the date of acquisition.

All City and School Board Funds participate in a centralized cash and investment pool. Interest earnings on investments are allocated to the appropriate funds based upon the average monthly cash balance of each fund.

7. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Litigation

The School Board, as of June 30, 2024, is a named defendant in various lawsuits. The School Board is vigorously defending all cases and expects no losses will be incurred, which would have a material effect on the School Board's financial position.

B. Intergovernmental Grants, Entitlements, and Shared Revenues

The School Board participates in a number of Federal and state grants, entitlements, and shared revenue programs. These programs are subject to program compliance audits by the applicable federal or state agency or their representatives. The "Single Audit Act Amendments of 1996" and Office of Management and Budget Uniform Grant Guidance requires most governmental recipients of Federal assistance to have an annual independent organization wide financial and compliance audit. The results thereof are incorporated in the City's Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. The amounts, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by these audits cannot be determined at this time, although the School Board expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

C. Salaries Payable

The outstanding Salaries Payable amount represents salaries due (in July and August 2024) to school employees (e.g., teachers) who have opted to be paid over a twelve-month period; and salaries that are due (e.g., for services rendered in June 2024 and not paid until July 2024) to substitutes, part-time employees, and other school personnel.

D. Construction Projects

The School Board has active construction projects and related contractual commitments as of June 30, 2024, as follows:

| Construction in Progress | Commitments | |
|--------------------------|--------------|--|
| \$14,768,654 | \$23,791,997 | |

E. Encumbrances

The School Board has encumbrances such as purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments for the expenditure of monies for goods and/or services not received as of June 30, 2024. These outstanding encumbrances (listed below) do not constitute expenditures until expended or accrued as liabilities and, therefore, are not reflected in the accompanying financial statements.

| <u>Fund</u> | Amou | int of Encumbrances |
|--------------------|------|---------------------|
| General | \$ | 9,977,503 |
| Capital Projects | | 23,791,997 |
| Other Governmental | | 10,009,646 |
| Total | \$ | 43,779,146 |

8. RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

A. Virginia Retirement System

1. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, upon employment. All full-time, salaried permanent (non-professional) employees of the School Board are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan, upon employment. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System or VRS) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the *Code of Virginia*, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees in the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan and VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan – Plan 1, Plan 2, and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria. The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

| PLAN 1 Retirement Plan Provisions | PLAN 2 Retirement Plan Provisions | HYBRID Retirement Plan Provisions |
|---|---|--|
| Plan 1 Plan 1 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. | Plan 2 Plan 2 is a defined benefit plan. The retirement benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. | Hybrid Retirement Plan The Hybrid Retirement Plan combines the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. • The defined benefit is based on a member's age, service credit, and average final compensation at retirement using a formula. • The benefit from the defined contribution component of the plan depends on the member and employer contributions made to the plan and the investment performance of those contributions. • In addition to the monthly benefit payment payable from the defined benefit plan at retirement, a member may start receiving distributions from the balance in the defined contribution account, reflecting the contributions, investment gains or losses, and any required fees. |
| Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 1 if their membership date is before July 1, 2010, and they were vested as of | Eligible Members Employees are in Plan 2 if their membership date is on or after July 1, 2010, or their membership | Eligible Members Employees are in the Hybrid Retirement Plan if their |

| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | HYBRID |
|---|--|---|
| Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions |
| January 1, 2013, and they have not taken a refund | date is before July 1, 2010, and they were not vested as of January 1, 2013. | membership date is on or after January 1, 2014. This includes: School division employees Political subdivision |
| Hybrid Opt-In Election VRS non-hazardous duty covered Plan 1 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through | Hybrid Opt-In Election Eligible Plan 2 members were allowed to make an irrevocable decision to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan during a special election window held January 1 through April 30, 2014. | employees* • Members in Plan 1 or Plan 2 who elected to opt into the plan during the election window held January 1-April 30, 2014; the plan's effective date for opt-in members was July 1, 2014 |
| April 30, 2014. The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 1 members who opted in was July 1, | The Hybrid Retirement Plan's effective date for eligible Plan 2 members who opted in was July 1, 2014. | *Non-Eligible Members Some employees are not eligible to participate in the Hybrid Retirement Plan. They include: |
| 2014. If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and had prior service under Plan 1 | If eligible deferred members returned to work during the election window, they were also eligible to opt into the Hybrid Retirement Plan. Members who were eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) and have prior service under Plan 2 were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and | Political subdivision employees who are covered by enhanced benefits for hazardous duty employees Those employees eligible for an optional retirement plan (ORP) must elect the ORP plan or the Hybrid Retirement Plan. If these members have prior service under Plan 1 or Plan 2, they are not |
| were not eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and remain as Plan 1 or ORP. | remain as Plan 2 or ORP. | eligible to elect the Hybrid Retirement Plan and must select Plan 1 or Plan 2 (as applicable) or ORP. |
| Retirement Contributions Employees contribute 5% of their compensation each month to their member contribution account through a pre-tax salary reduction. Member contributions are tax-deferred until they are withdrawn as part of a retirement benefit or as a refund. The | Retirement Contributions Same as Plan 1. | Retirement Contributions A member's retirement benefit is funded through mandatory and voluntary contributions made by the member and the employer to both the defined benefit and the defined contribution components of the plan. Mandatory contributions are based on a |

| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | HYBRID |
|---|--------------------------------|--|
| Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions |
| employer makes a separate actuarially determined contribution to VRS for all covered employees. VRS invests both member and employer contributions to provide funding for the future benefit payment. | | percentage of the employee's creditable compensation and are required from both the member and the employer. Additionally, members may choose to make voluntary contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, and the employer is required to match those voluntary contributions according to specified percentages. |
| Service Credit Service Credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. | Service Credit Same as Plan 1. | Service Credit Defined Benefit Component: Under the defined benefit component of the plan, service credit includes active service. Members earn service credit for each month they are employed in a covered position. It also may include credit for prior service the member has purchased or additional service credit the member was granted. A member's total service credit is one of the factors used to determine their eligibility for retirement and to calculate their retirement benefit. It also may count toward eligibility for the health insurance credit in retirement, if the employer offers the health insurance credit. Defined Contribution Component: Under the defined contribution component, service credit is used to determine vesting for the employer contribution portion of the plan. |

| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | HYBRID |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions |
| Vesting Vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members become vested when they have at least five years (60 months) of service credit. Vesting means members are eligible to qualify for retirement if they meet the age and service requirements for their plan. Members also must be vested to receive a full refund of their member contribution account balance if they leave employment and request a refund. | Vesting Same as Plan 1. | Vesting Defined Benefit Component: Defined benefit vesting is the minimum length of service a member needs to qualify for a future retirement benefit. Members are vested under the defined benefit component of the Hybrid Retirement Plan when they reach five years (60 months) of service credit. Plan 1 or Plan 2 members with at least five years (60 months) of service credit service who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan remain vested in the defined benefit component. |
| Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. | | Defined Contribution Component: Defined contribution vesting refers to the minimum length of service a member needs to be eligible to withdraw the employer contributions from the defined contribution component of the plan. |
| | | Members are always 100% vested in the contributions that they make. Upon retirement or leaving covered employment, a member is eligible to withdraw a percentage of employer contributions to the defined contribution component of the plan, based on service. • After two years, a member is |
| | | 50 % vested and may withdraw 50 % of employer |

| PLAN 1 Retirement Plan Provisions | PLAN 2 Retirement Plan Provisions | HYBRID Retirement Plan Provisions |
|--|---|--|
| | | contributions. • After three years, a member is 75 % vested and may withdraw 75 % of employer contributions. • After four or more years, a member is 100 % vested and may withdraw 100 % of employer contributions. Distributions not required, except as governed by law. |
| Calculating the Benefit The basic benefit is calculated based on a formula using the member's average final compensation, a plan multiplier, and total service credit at retirement. An early retirement reduction factor is applied to the basic benefit if the member retires with a reduced retirement benefit. In cases where the member has elected an optional form of retirement payment, an option factor specific to the option chosen is then applied. | Calculating the Benefit See definition under Plan 1. | Calculating the Benefit Defined Benefit Component: See definition under Plan 1 Defined Contribution Component: The benefit is based on contributions made by the member and any matching contributions made by the employer, plus net investment earnings on those contributions. |
| Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of the 36 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. | Average Final Compensation A member's average final compensation is the average of their 60 consecutive months of highest compensation as a covered employee. | Average Final Compensation Same as Plan 2. It is used in the retirement formula for the defined benefit component of the plan. |
| Service Retirement Multiplier The retirement multiplier is a | Service Retirement Multiplier Same as Plan1 for service | Service Retirement Multiplier Defined Benefit Component: |

| PLAN 1 Retirement Plan Provisions | PLAN 2 Retirement Plan Provisions | HYBRID Retirement Plan Provisions |
|--|--|---|
| factor used in the formula to determine a final retirement benefit. The retirement multiplier for non-hazardous duty members is 1.70%. | earned, purchased, or granted prior to January 1, 2013. The retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013. For non-hazardous duty members the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for service credit earned, purchased, or granted on or after January 1, 2013. | The retirement multiplier for the defined benefit component is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. |
| Normal Retirement Age Age 65 | Normal Retirement Age Normal Social Security retirement age. | Normal Retirement Age Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. |
| Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit at age 65 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or at age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. | Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. | Earliest Unreduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: Members are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit when they reach normal Social Security retirement age and have at least five years (60 months) of service credit or when their age and service equal 90. |

| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | HYBRID |
|---|--|---|
| Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions |
| | | Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. |
| Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. | Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Members who are not in hazardous duty positions may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit. | Earliest Reduced Retirement Eligibility Defined Benefit Component: Members who are not in hazardous duty positions may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least five years (60 months) of service credit. |
| | | Defined Contribution Component: Members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions. |
| Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 3% increase in the Consumer Price Index for all Urban Consumers | Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement The Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) matches the first 2% increase in the CPI-U and half of any additional increase (up to | Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 2. |
| (CPI-U) and half of any additional increase (up to 4 %) up to a maximum COLA of 5 %. | 2%), for a maximum COLA of 3%. | Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. |
| Eligibility: For members who retire with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. | Eligibility: Same as Plan 1. | Eligibility: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. |

| PLAN 1 | PLAN 2 | HYBRID |
|--|---|--|
| Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions | Retirement Plan Provisions |
| For members who retire with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit, the COLA will go into effect on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. | | |
| Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: The COLA is effective July 1 following one full calendar year (January 1 to December 31) under any of the following circumstances: The member is within five years of qualifying for an unreduced retirement benefit as of January 1, 2013. The member retires on disability. The member is involuntarily from short-term or long-term disability. The member is involuntarily separated from employment for causes other than job performance or misconduct and is eligible to retire under the Workforce Transition Act or the Transitional Benefits Program. The member dies in service and the member's survivor or beneficiary is eligible for a monthly death-in-service benefit. | Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1. | Exceptions to COLA Effective Dates: Same as Plan 1 and Plan 2. |
| The COLA will go into effect on July 1 following one full calendar | | |

| PLAN 1 Retirement Plan Provisions | PLAN 2 Retirement Plan Provisions | HYBRID Retirement Plan Provisions |
|--|--|--|
| year (January 1 to December 31) from the date the monthly benefit begins. | | |
| Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.70% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted. | Disability Coverage Members who are eligible to be considered for disability retirement and retire on disability, the retirement multiplier is 1.65% on all service, regardless of when it was earned, purchased, or granted. | Disability Coverage Employees of school divisions (including Plan 1 and Plan2 optins) participate in the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) unless their local governing body provides an employer-paid comparable program for its members. Hybrid members (including Plan 1 and Plan 2 opt-ins) covered under VLDP are subject to a one-year waiting period before becoming eligible for non-work-related disability benefits. |
| Purchase of Prior Service Members may be eligible to purchase service from previous public employment, active duty military service, an eligible period of leave, or VRS refunded service as service credit in their plan. Prior service credit counts toward vesting, eligibility for retirement and the health insurance credit. Only active members are eligible to purchase prior service. Members also may be eligible to purchase periods of leave without pay. | Purchase of Prior Service Same as Plan 1. | Purchase of Prior Service Defined Benefit Component: Same as Plan 1, with the following exceptions: Hybrid Retirement Plan members are ineligible for ported service. Defined Contribution Component: Not applicable. |

2. <u>Employees Covered by Benefit Terms</u>

As of the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation, the following nonprofessional employees (non-teacher) were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

Nonprofessional Employees (non-teacher):

| Inactive Members or Their Beneficiaries | |
|---|-------|
| Currently Receiving Benefits | 1,820 |
| Inactive Members: | |
| Vested Inactive Members | 408 |
| Non-Vested Inactive Members | 1,174 |
| LTD | 13 |
| Active Elsewhere in VRS | 412 |
| Total Inactive Members | 2,007 |
| Active Members | 1,768 |
| Total Covered Employees | 5,595 |

3. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement. For the Professional Plan (Teacher Retirement Plan), each school division's contractually required contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the pension plan from the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia were \$80,073,655 and \$73,202,797 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

For the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) employees. The School Board contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 7.99% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. When combined with employee contributions, this rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the School Board were \$4,494,351 and \$4,109,022 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

4. Net Pension Liability

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a net pension liability of \$471,432,374 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability of the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional). The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The School Board's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2023, relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the School Board's proportion was 4.66432% as compared to 4.75530% at June 30, 2022.

The net pension liability is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less that employer's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, net pension liability amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan are as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Teacher Employee Retirement Plan | |
|--|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position | \$ | 57,574,609 47,467,405 |
| Employers' Net Pension Liability | \$ | 10,107,204 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability | | 82.45% |

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

For the School Board's Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan, the net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a net pension liability of \$13,283,632 for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan.

5. Pension Expense

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$38,202,035 for the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional). Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts

from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

In addition, for the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized pension expense of \$1,005,529 for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan.

6. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u>

At June 30, 2024, for the Teacher Retirement Plan (Professional), the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------------|
| Differences between Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 40,496,442 | \$ | 18,397,306 |
| Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | | _ | | 30,652,614 |
| Change in Assumptions Changes in Proportion and Differences | | 21,371,682 | | - |
| between Employer Contributions and Proportionate Share of Contributions Employer Contributions Subsequent | | 65,724 | | 20,633,056 |
| to the Measurement Date | | 80,073,655 | | - |
| Total | \$ 1 | 142,007,503 | \$ | 69,682,976 |

\$80,073,655 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ended | Deferred | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--|
| June 30 | Amounts | |
| 2025 | \$ (16,970,620) | |
| 2026 | (32,878,635) | |
| 2027 | 34,421,029 | |
| 2028 | 7,679,098 | |
| | | |
| | \$ (7,749,128) | |

In addition, at June 30, 2024, for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Differences between Expected and | | | | |
| Actual Experience | \$ | 2,269,737 | \$ | 446,267 |
| Net Difference between Projected and | | | | |
| Actual Earnings on Pension Plan | | | | |
| Investments | | - | | 4,217,538 |
| Employer Contributions Subsequent | | | | |
| to the Measurement Date | | 4,494,351 | | |
| Total | \$ | 6,764,088 | \$ | 4,663,805 |

\$4,494,351 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| al Year Ended | Deferred |
|---------------|----------------|
| June 30 | Amounts |
| 2025 | \$ (1,309,820) |
| 2026 | (4,923,073) |
| 2027 | 3,701,071 |
| 2028 | 137,754 |
| | |
| | \$ (2,394,068) |

7. Actuarial Assumptions

<u>Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan</u>

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

| Inflation | 2.50% |
|---------------------------------------|---|
| Salary increases, including Inflation | 3.5% - 5.95% |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, |
| | including inflation |

Mortality rates:

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Pan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan

The total pension liability for Nonprofessional Retirement Plan (non-teacher) was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the

following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including Inflation 3.5% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses,

including inflation

Mortality rates:

Largest 10 – Non-Hazardous Duty: 20% of deaths assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

All Others (Non 10 Largest) – Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% rates for females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years

Mortality Improvement:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

- Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

8. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension system investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| Public Equity 34.00% 6.14% 2.09% Fixed Income 15.00% 2.56% 0.38% Credit Strategies 14.00% 5.60% 0.78% Real Assets 14.00% 5.02% 0.70% Private Equity 16.00% 9.17% 1.47% MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies 4.00% 4.50% 0.18% PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% 2.50% *Expected arithmetic nominal return 8.25% | Asset Class (Strategy) | Target Allocation | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return* |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------|--|---|
| Credit Strategies 14.00% 5.60% 0.78% Real Assets 14.00% 5.02% 0.70% Private Equity 16.00% 9.17% 1.47% MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies 4.00% 4.50% 0.18% PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | Public Equity | 34.00% | 6.14% | 2.09% |
| Real Assets 14.00% 5.02% 0.70% Private Equity 16.00% 9.17% 1.47% MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies 4.00% 4.50% 0.18% PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.56% | 0.38% |
| Private Equity 16.00% 9.17% 1.47% MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies 4.00% 4.50% 0.18% PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.60% | 0.78% |
| MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies 4.00% 4.50% 0.18% PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.02% | 0.70% |
| PIP Private Investment Partnership 2.00% 7.18% 0.14% Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | Private Equity | 16.00% | 9.17% | 1.47% |
| Cash 1.00% 1.20% 0.01% Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 4.00% | 4.50% | 0.18% |
| Total 100.00% 5.75% Inflation 2.50% | PIP Private Investment Partnership | 2.00% | 7.18% | 0.14% |
| Inflation 2.50% | Cash | 1.00% | 1.20% | 0.01% |
| | Total | 100.00% | | 5.75% |
| *Expected arithmetic nominal return 8.25% | Inflation | | | 2.50% |
| | *Expected arithmetic nominal return | | | 8.25% |

^{*}The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.5%.

9. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, school divisions are assumed to contribute 112% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be

available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

10. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease Current Discount 1.00% Increase | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--|-------------|----|-------------|----------------|--|--|--|
| | | 5.75% | | 6.75% | 7.75% | | | |
| School Division's Proportionate | | | | | | | | |
| Share of the Net Pension Liability | | | | | | | | |
| for the VRS Teacher Retirement | \$ | 835,681,452 | \$ | 471,432,374 | \$ 171,989,671 | | | |
| Plan | | | | | | | | |

In addition, the following presents the School Board's net pension liability for the Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the net pension liability/(asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease Current Discount 1.00% Increase | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|--|------------|----|------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | | 5.75% | | 6.75% | 7.75% | | |
| School Division's Net Pension | | | | | | | |
| Liability (Asset) for the | | | | | | | |
| NonProfessional (non-teacher) | \$ | 45,575,504 | \$ | 13,283,632 | \$ (13,813,099) | | |
| Retirement Plan | | | | | | | |

11. <u>Combining Pension Liabilities, Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Statement of Net Position</u>

| | Virginia Retirement System | | | | | | |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| | Professional | Nonprofessional | Combined | | | | |
| | Plan | Plan | Totals | | | | |
| | | | <u>.</u> | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability | \$ 471,432,374 | \$ 13,283,632 | \$ 484,716,006 | | | | |
| Pension Expense | \$ 38,202,035 | \$ 1,005,529 | \$ 39,207,564 | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | | | | | | | |
| Differences in Expected and Actual Experience | \$ 40,496,442 | \$ 2,269,737 | \$ 42,766,179 | | | | |
| Change in Assumptions | 21,371,682 | - | 21,371,682 | | | | |
| Changes in Proportion and Differences | | | | | | | |
| between Employer Contributions and | | | | | | | |
| Proportionate Share of Contributions | 65,724 | - | 65,724 | | | | |
| Employer Contributions Subsequent | | | | | | | |
| to the Measurement Date | 80,073,655 | 4,494,351 | 84,568,006 | | | | |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ 142,007,503 | \$ 6,764,088 | \$ 148,771,591 | | | | |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | |
| Differences in Expected and Actual Experience | \$ 18,397,306 | \$ 446,267 | \$ 18,843,573 | | | | |
| Net Difference between Projected and | | | | | | | |
| Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments | 30,652,614 | 4,217,538 | 34,870,152 | | | | |
| Changes in Proportion and Differences | | | | | | | |
| between Employer Contributions and | | | | | | | |
| Proportionate Share of Contributions | 20,633,056 | | 20,633,056 | | | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ 69,682,976 | \$ 4,663,805 | \$ 74,346,781 | | | | |

12. Changes in Net Pension Liability – Nonprofessional (non-teacher) Retirement Plan

| | Total Pension Liability (a) | Fiduciary Net Position (b) | Net Pension Liability (a) - (b) |
|---|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--|
| Balance - July 1, 2022 | \$ 266,164,170 | \$ 256,691,371 | \$ 9,472,799 |
| Changes for the fiscal year: | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 4,580,664 | \$ - | \$ 4,580,664 |
| Interest | 17,751,173 | - | 17,751,173 |
| Diff between Expected/Actual Experience | 4,390,987 | - | 4,390,987 |
| Contribution - Employer | - | 4,068,854 | (4,068,854) |
| Contribution - Employee | - | 2,670,800 | (2,670,800) |
| Net Investment Income | - | 16,335,735 | (16,335,735) |
| Benefit Payments | (15,194,069) | (15,194,069) | - |
| Refunds of contributions | (334,923) | (334,923) | - |
| Administrative Expenses | - | (165,884) | 165,884 |
| Other Changes | | 2,486 | (2,486) |
| Net Changes | \$ 11,193,832 | \$ 7,382,999 | \$ 3,810,833 |
| Balance - June 30, 2023 | \$ 277,358,002 | \$ 264,074,370 | \$ 13,283,632 |

13. Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position – Teacher Retirement Plan

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position or the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/pdf/publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

B. Other Postemployment Benefits – Retiree Health Benefits

1. Plan Description

The City and School Board OPEB Plans are each a single-employer, defined benefit plan, administered by the City and School Board in accordance with State and City statutes. Section 15.2-1500 of the Virginia State Code provides that every locality shall provide for the governmental functions of the locality, including employment of the officers and other employees. In connection with this employment, the School Board has established certain plans

to provide post-employment benefits other than pensions as defined in Section 15.2-1545 of the Virginia Code to retirees and their spouses and eligible dependents.

In accordance with Article 8, Chapter 15, Subtitled II of Title 15.2 of the Virginia Code, the City and School Board have elected to establish a trust for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund OPEB. The School Board, in accordance with this election, has joined the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund (Trust) established by the Virginia Municipal League and the Virginia Association of Counties in 2008 for the purpose of accumulating and investing assets to fund postemployment benefits other than pensions for counties, cities, towns, school divisions, and other authorized political subdivisions of the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The Trust's Board of Trustees has fiduciary responsibility for the investment of monies and administration of the Trust pursuant to the Trust Agreement. The Board of Trustees is composed of nine members. Trustees are members of Local Finance Boards of participating employers and are elected for staggered three-year terms by the participants in the Trust. In accordance with Section 15.2-1547 of the Virginia Code, City Council appointed the City's Deferred Compensation Board Trust as the OPEB's Local finance Board to serve as the trustee of the City and School Board with respect to the OPEB trust. The board includes City employees, an appointee from City Council, a member of the Sheriff's Office, a member of the School Board, and the Schools' Chief Financial Officer. The trust does not administer the retiree health benefits of each participating employer. Deposits to the trust are irrevocable and held solely for the payment of OPEB benefits for the City and School Board.

2. Plan Membership

The membership as of January 1, 2024 includes:

| | 10,926 |
|---|--------|
| Spouse of Current Retirees currently receiving benefits | 71 |
| Retirees and Surviving Spouses currently receiving benefits | 571 |
| Active Plan Members | 10,284 |

3. Benefits Provided

The School Board provides health insurance benefits for their retirees. These benefits are provided through a self-insured program. Employees that retire under VRS guidelines with at least 25 years of service with the City and/or School Board as well as those who retire on a work-related disability compensable under the Workers' Compensation Act before age 65 are eligible for health insurance coverage. This benefit is payable until the retiree becomes eligible for Medicare.

4. Contributions

Contribution requirements of the City, School Board, and plan members are established and may be amended by the respective legislative bodies. The required contributions were actuarially determined and are based upon projected pay as you go financing requirements with an additional amount to prefund benefits. For the period ending June 30, 2024, the School Board's OPEB cost of \$8,143,732 exceeded its actuarially determined employer contribution of \$7,627,700 by \$516,032. For the period ending June 30, 2023, the School Board's OPEB cost was \$7,514,976. Plan members from School Board contributed \$1,753 and \$832 for the POS and Consumer Driven Health plans respectively, annually for retiree-only point of service coverage. The School Board retirees with coverage for their spouses contributed \$5,862 and \$3,716 for the POS and Consumer Driven Health plans, respectively, annually until Medicare eligibility. The School Board has determined that all current employees and retirees shall contribute to the cost of their health care coverage and no level of benefit shall be provided free of charge. Rates are calculated by an actuary with the City and School Board health care consultant and finalized by the Benefits Executive Committee, comprised of City and School executive leadership.

5. Investments Policy, Target Allocation, Rate of Return

The OPEB plan's policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the Virginia Pooled OPEB Trust Fund Board of Trustees. Plan assets are managed on a total return basis with a long-term objective of achieving and maintaining a fully funded status for the benefits provided through the OPEB plan.

The best estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by taking the annual average long-term future inflation and real return components including the anticipated effects of return volatility and correlation among various asset classes. The data used in the assessment of reasonability were Milliman's investment consulting practice December 31, 2023 capital market assumptions.

| | | Long-Term | Long-Term |
|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| | | Expected | Expected |
| | | Arithmetic | Geometric |
| | Target | Real Rate | Real Rate |
| Asset Class | Allocation | of Return | of Return |
| | 22.222/ | 2.240/ | 2.222/ |
| Core Fixed Income | 20.00% | 2.21% | 2.08% |
| Large Cap US Equities | 21.00% | 5.38% | 3.80% |
| Small Cap US Equities | 10.00% | 6.94% | 4.39% |
| Foreign Developed Equities | 13.00% | 6.92% | 5.13% |
| Emerging Market Equities | 5.00% | 9.59% | 6.21% |
| Private Real Estate Property | 15.00% | 5.14% | 3.91% |
| Private Equities | 10.00% | 10.46% | 6.25% |
| Hedge FOF Strategic | 6.00% | 2.69% | 1.94% |
| Total | 100.00% | | |
| Assumed Inflation Mean | | 2.31% | 2.30% |
| Assumed Inflation Standard Deviation | | 1.44% | 1.44% |
| Portfolio Real Mean Return | | 5.62% | 4.71% |
| Portfolio Nominal Mean Return | | 7.93% | 7.12% |
| Portfolio Standard Deviation | | | 13.16% |
| Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | | | 6.50% |

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the annual money-weighted rate of return on investments, net of investment expense, was 9.48%. The money-weighted rate of return considers the changing amounts actually invested during a period and weights the amount of plan investments by the proportion of time they are available to earn a return during that period. External cash flows are determined on a monthly basis and are assumed to occur at the beginning of each month. External cash inflows are netted with external cash outflows, resulting in a net external cash flow in each month. The money-weighted rate of return is calculated net of investment expenses.

6. Net OPEB Liability

The components of the net OPEB liability of the School Board at June 30, 2024 and 2023, were as follows:

| Net OPEB Liability | J | une 30, 2023 | June 30, 2024 |
|---|----|--------------|----------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 108,301,873 | \$ 113,392,703 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | (42,784,206) | (46,810,838) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 65,517,667 | \$ 66,581,865 |
| Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability | | 39.50% | 41.28% |
| Covered Employee Payroll | \$ | 481,013,873 | \$ 563,813,011 |
| Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll | | 13.62% | 11.81% |

7. Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

The Total OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2024, calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and projected forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2024. There have been no significant changes between the valuation and measurement date.

Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the employer and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases 5.35% up to 2 years of service, 4.75% 3 years of service,

4.45% 4-6 years of service, 4.35% 7 years of service, 4.25% 8 years of service, 4% 9-10 years of service, 3.65% 11-19 years of service, 3.50% for 20 or more years

of service, including inflation

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return 6.50%

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Rates consistent with information from the Getzen Trend Model;

7.50% in 2024, 6.60% in 2025, 5.60% in 2026, then grading to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2074

Acturial Cost Method Projected unit credit

Mortality Pre-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates, projected generationally;

males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

20% of deaths are assumed to be servcie-related.

Post-Retirement: Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates, projected generationally;

95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year.

 $Post-Disable ment: Pub-2010\ Amount\ Weighted\ General\ Disabled\ Rates,\ projected\ generationally;$

110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

 $Beneficiary: Pub-2010\ Amount\ Weighted\ General\ Contingent\ Annutiy\ Rates,\ projected\ generationally.$

Mortality Improvement: Mortality rates are projected generationally using 75% of the Society of

Actuaries' Scale MP-2020 mortality improvement scale.

8. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.50%.

| | June 30, 2023 | June 30, 2024 |
|--|---------------|---------------|
| | | |
| Discount Rate | 6.50% | 6.50% |
| Long-Term Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expense | 6.50% | 6.50% |

The plan's Fiduciary Net Position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the discount rate for calculating the Total OPEB Liability is equal to the long-term expected rate of return.

9. Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | _ |
|--|---------------------|----------|-----|-------------|---------------|---|
| | Plan | | | | | |
| | Total | OPEB | - 1 | Fiduciary | Net OPEB | |
| | Liab | ility | Ne | et Position | Liability | |
| | (a | a) | | (b) | (a) - (b) | _ |
| | | | | | | |
| Balance at June 30,2023 | \$ 108, | 301,873 | \$ | 42,784,206 | \$ 65,517,667 | _ |
| Changes for the year: | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 1, | 399,597 | | | \$ 1,399,597 | |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | 6, | 870,091 | | | 6,870,091 | |
| Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains | (11, | 286,206) | | | (11,286,206) |) |
| Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs | 16, | 251,080 | | | 16,251,080 | |
| Employer Contributions | | - | \$ | 8,143,732 | (8,143,732) |) |
| Net Investment Income | | - | | 4,054,762 | (4,054,762) |) |
| Benefit Payments | (8, | 143,732) | | (8,143,732) | - | |
| Administrative Expenses | | | | (28,130) | 28,130 | |
| Net Changes in Total OPEB Liability | \$ 5, | 090,830 | \$ | 4,026,632 | \$ 1,064,198 | _ |
| Balance at June 30, 2024 | \$ 113, | 392,703 | \$ | 46,810,838 | \$ 66,581,865 | _ |

10. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the years ended June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2024, the School Board recognized OPEB expense of \$10,466,129 and \$11,082,055 respectively.

| OPEB Expense | June 30, 2023 | | June 30, 2023 June | |
|---|---------------|-------------|--------------------|-------------|
| | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 2,072,937 | \$ | 1,399,597 |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | | 5,812,560 | | 6,870,091 |
| Administrative Expenses | | 27,865 | | 28,130 |
| Expected Investment Return net of Investment Expenses | | (2,584,803) | | (2,780,074) |
| Recognition of Deferred Inflows/Outflows of Resources | | | | |
| Recognition of Economic/Demographic Gains or Losses | | 4,192,487 | | 2,311,453 |
| Recognition of Assumption Changes or Inputs | | 879,877 | | 3,588,390 |
| Recognition of Investment Gains or Losses | | 65,206 | | (335,532) |
| OPEB Expense | \$ | 10,466,129 | \$ | 11,082,055 |

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

| | rred Outflows Resources | Deferred Inflow of Resources | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Difference between Expected and Actual Experience Changes in Assumptions Net Difference between Projected and Actual Earnings | \$ 12,975,050 16,727,750 - | \$ | 9,405,172 7,659,779 119,748 | |
| Total | \$ 29,702,800 | \$ | 17,184,699 | |

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Fiscal Year Ending June 30: | |
|-----------------------------|--------------|
| 2025 | \$ 2,845,187 |
| 2026 | 3,364,368 |
| 2027 | 3,633,631 |
| 2028 | 1,847,436 |
| 2029 | 827,479 |
| | \$12,518,101 |

^{*}Note that additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.

11. Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the Net OPEB liability of the School Board, calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the School Board's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1 percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate.

| | 1.0 | 1.00% Decrease | | Discount Rate | | .00% Increase |
|------------------------|-----|----------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|
| | | 5.50% | | 6.50% | | 7.50% |
| | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 121,207,021 | \$ | 113,392,703 | \$ | 106,121,659 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | (46,810,838) | | (46,810,838) | | (46,810,838) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 74,396,183 | \$ | 66,581,865 | \$ | 59,310,821 |

The following presents the Net OPEB Liability of the School Board, calculated using the current healthcare cost trend rates, as well as what the School Board's Net OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rates.

| | | | Current | | |
|------------------------|-----|--------------|-------------------|----|--------------|
| | 1.0 | 0% Decrease | Trend Rate | 1. | 00% Increase |
| | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ | 104,424,334 | \$ 113,392,703 | \$ | 123,479,725 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | (46,810,838) | (46,810,838) | | (46,810,838) |
| Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 57,613,496 | \$ 66,581,865 | \$ | 76,668,887 |

C. Other Postemployment Benefits – Health Insurance Credit Program

1. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program and all full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program upon employment. These plans are administered by the VRS, along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The health insurance credit is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is set out in the table below:

TEACHER EMPLOYEE HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- <u>At Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire with at least 15 years of service, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either:
 - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or
 - \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 year of service credit to qualify for the health insurance credit as a retiree.

POLITICAL SUBDIVISION HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees who elect the benefit and who retire with at least 15 years of service credit.

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment. They include:

• Full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under VRS pension plan.

Benefit Amounts

The political subdivision Retiree Health Insurance Credit Program provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

- At Retirement For employees who retire with at least 15 years of service, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month.
- <u>Disability Retirement</u> For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

Health Insurance Credit Program Notes:

- The monthly Health Insurance Credit benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount.
- No Health Insurance Credit for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans.
- Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the Health Insurance Credit as a retiree.

2. Plan Membership

The Teacher membership as of June 30, 2023 includes:

| Active Plan Members | 153,356 |
|--|---------|
| Inactive Members or their Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 75,973 |
| Inactive Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 10,520 |
| | 239,849 |

The Political Subdivision membership as of June 30, 2023 includes:

| Active Plan Members | 36,427 |
|--|--------|
| Inactive Members or their Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 10,975 |
| Inactive Members entitled to but not yet receiving benefits | 12,179 |
| | 59,581 |

3. Contributions

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's and political subdivision's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 1.21% and 1.02%, respectively, of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program or Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program, respectively. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were \$6,150,231 and \$5,603,990 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contributions from the School Board to the Political Subdivision HIC Program were \$650,062 and \$588,631 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

4. <u>Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported a liability of \$56,251,561 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The School Board's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Liability was based on the School Board's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the School Board's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program was 4.64345% as compared to 4.73288% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB expense of \$3,510,531. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 2,475,914 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments | | 28,228 | | - |
| Change in assumptions | | 1,309,441 | | 56,684 |
| Changes in proportionate share | | 1,063 | | 3,177,889 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 6,150,231 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 7,488,963 | \$ | 5,710,487 |

\$6,150,231 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30

| FY 2025 | \$ (1,063,430) |
|------------|----------------|
| FY 2026 | (979,295) |
| FY 2027 | (721,803) |
| FY 2028 | (745,574) |
| FY 2029 | (591,519) |
| Thereafter | (270,134) |
| | |
| | \$ (4,371,755) |
| | |

5. Changes in the Net Political Subdivision HIC OPEB Liability

| | Increase (Decrease) | | | | |
|------------------------------------|---------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|------------------------|
| | Total Plan | | | Net | |
| | | HIC OPEB | Fiduciary | | HIC OPEB |
| | | Liability | Ne | et Position | Liability |
| | | (a) | | (b) | (a) - (b) |
| Balance at June 30,2022 | ¢ | 6,406,465 | \$ | 705,580 | \$ 5,700,885 |
| Changes for the year: | , | 0,400,403 | - | 703,300 | - 3,700,003 |
| Service Cost | \$ | 43,751 | \$ | _ | \$ 43,751 |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | Ą | 429,451 | Y | _ | 429,451 |
| Differences between expected and | | 423,431 | | _ | 423,431 |
| actual experiences | | (2,817,220) | | _ | (2,817,220) |
| • | | (2,817,220) | | EQE 621 | (585,631) |
| Contributions - Employer | | - | | 585,631 | • • • • |
| Net investment income | | - | | 62,476 | (62,476) |
| Benefit Payments | | (175,968) | | (175,968) | - |
| Administrative Expenses | | - | | (1,676) | 1,676 |
| Other | | | | 235 | (235) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | \$ | (2,519,986) | \$ | 470,698 | \$ (2,990,684) |
| Balance at June 30, 2023 | \$ | 3,886,479 | \$ | 1,176,278 | \$ 2,710,201 |

6. <u>Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB</u>

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia recognized Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB recovery of (\$132,208).

At June 30, 2024, the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|---|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | - | \$ | 2,249,676 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on HIC OPEB plan investments | | 12,384 | | - | |
| Change in assumptions | | 296,304 | | - | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 650,062 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 958,750 | \$ | 2,249,676 | |

\$650,062 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Political Subdivision HIC OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Political Subdivision HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30

| FY 2025 | \$ (545,447) |
|---------|----------------|
| FY 2026 | (567,055) |
| FY 2027 | (631,718) |
| FY 2028 | (196,768) |
| | |
| | \$ (1,940,988) |

7. Actuarial Assumptions

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program and Political Subdivision HIC OPEB liability for the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including inflation -

Teacher Employees 3.5 percent – 5.95 percent Political Subdivision Employees 3.5 percent – 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate N/A

Mortality rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

Mortality rates – Political Subdivision

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 2 years.

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years.

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set back 3 years; 90% of rates for females set back 3 years.

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females set forward 2 years.

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, | Updated to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For |
|----------------------------------|--|
| post-retirement healthy, and | future mortality improvements, replace load with a |
| disabled) | modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |

8. Net HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Teacher Employee HIC OPEB <u>Plan</u> |
|--|--|
| Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability | \$ 1,475,471 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | <u>264,054</u> |
| Teacher Employee net HIC OPEB Liability | \$ 1,211,417 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | |
| of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability | 17.90% |

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

The School Board Net Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The total Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2022, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

9. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| AssetClass (Strategy) | Target Allocation | Arithmetic Long-Term Expected Rate of Return | Weighted Average Long-Term Expected Rate of Return* |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 6.14% | 2.09% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.56% | 0.38% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.60% | 0.78% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.02% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 16.00% | 9.17% | 1.47% |
| MAPS-Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 4.00% | 4.50% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 2.00% | 7.18% | 0.14% |
| Cash | 1.00% | 1.20% | 0.01% |
| Total | 100.00% | - - | 5.75% |
| Inflation | | _ | 2.50% |
| *Expected arithmetic nominal return | | = | 8.25% |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%.

10. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB and Political Subdivision HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by each school division and entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of

return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

11. Sensitivity Analysis

The following presents the School Board's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.0 | 0% Decrease | Curre | ent Discount | 1.00 | 0% Increase |
|---------------------------------|-----|-------------|-------|--------------|------|-------------|
| | | 5.75% | | 6.75% | | 7.75% |
| | | | | | | |
| School division's proportionate | | | | | | |
| share of the VRS Teacher | | | | | | |
| Employee HIC OPEB Plan | \$ | 63,626,798 | \$ | 56,251,561 | \$ | 50,001,689 |
| Net HIC OPEB Liability | | | | | | |

The following presents the Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00 |)% Decrease 5.75% | nt Discount 6.75% | 1.00 | % Increase 7.75% |
|---|------|----------------------|----------------------|------|---------------------|
| Political Subdivision's Net HIC OPEB Liability | \$ | 3,123,598 | \$ 2,710,201 | \$ | 2,358,353 |

12. <u>Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position</u>

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program's Fiduciary Net Position and Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Report. A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at waretire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

D. Other Postemployment Benefits – Group Life Insurance

1. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Group Life Insurance Program upon employment. This plan is administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic Group Life Insurance benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional Group Life Insurance Program. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB.

The specific information for Group Life Insurance Program OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is set out in the table below:

GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Group Life Insurance Program was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers and employees of political subdivisions that elect the program, including the following employers that do not participate in VRS for retirement:

- City of Richmond
- City of Portsmouth
- City of Roanoke
- City of Norfolk
- Roanoke City Schools Board

Basic group life insurance coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

Benefit Amounts

The benefits payable under the Group Life Insurance Program have several components.

• Natural Death Benefit – The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled.

- <u>Accidental Death Benefit</u> The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit.
- Other Benefit Provisions In addition to the basic natural and accidental death benefits, the program provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances. These include:
 - Accidental dismemberment benefit
 - Safety belt benefit
 - o Repatriation benefit
 - o Felonious assault benefit
 - Accelerated death benefit option

Reduction in benefit Amounts

The benefit amounts provided to members covered under the Group Life Insurance Program are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value.

Minimum Benefit Amount and Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA)

For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, there is a minimum benefit payable under the Group Life Insurance Program. The minimum benefit was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This amount will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living adjustment calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$9,254 as of June 30, 2024.

2. Plan Membership

The membership as of June 30, 2023 includes:

| Active Plan Members | 362,386 |
|--|---------|
| Inactive Members or their Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits | 207,810 |
| Inactive members entitled to, but not yet receiving benefits | 11,134 |
| | 581,330 |
| | |

3. Contributions

The contribution requirements for the Group Life Insurance Program are governed by §51.1-506 and §51.1-508 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding

provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the Group Life Insurance Program was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% X 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% X 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution, however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity for Professionals (Teachers) was \$2,752,572 and \$2,509,214 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively. Contribution to the Group Life Insurance Program from the entity for Nonprofessionals was \$347,170 and \$312,721 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30, 2023, respectively.

4. <u>GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Program OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2024, the entities reported a liability for Professionals (Teachers) of \$23,652,620 and for Nonprofessionals of \$2,948,512 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the Group Life Insurance Program for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the participating employer's proportion for Professionals (Teachers) was 1.97218% and for Nonprofessionals .24585% as compared to 2.03441% for Professionals (Teachers) and .22892% for Nonprofessionals at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the participating employer recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$578,688 for Professionals (Teachers) and \$138,072 for Nonprofessionals. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Professional (Teacher) GLI OPEB from the following sources:

| | rred Outflows Resources | erred Inflows Resources |
|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 2,362,318 | \$ 717,978 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher GLI OPEB plan investments | - | 950,497 |
| Change in assumptions | 505,585 | 1,638,746 |
| Changes in proportionate share | - | 1,480,091 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 2,752,572 | - |
| Total | \$ 5,620,475 | \$ 4,787,312 |

At June 30, 2024, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Nonprofessional GLI OPEB from the following sources:

| | d Outflows of esources | ed Inflows of esources |
|---|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ 294,484 | \$ 89,502 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investments | - | 118,488 |
| Change in assumptions | 63,026 | 204,284 |
| Changes in proportionate share | 218,374 | 80,204 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | 347,170 | - |
| Total | \$ 923,054 | \$ 492,478 |

\$2,752,572 and \$347,170 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Professional (Teacher) and Nonprofessional GLI OPEB, respectively, resulting from the employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Professional (Teacher) and Nonprofessional GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| Year ended June 30 - | Professional (Teacher) | Year ended June 30 - I | Nonprofessional |
|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| FY 2025 | \$ (611,744) | FY 2025 | \$ (6,778) |
| FY 2026 | (1,363,979) | FY 2026 | (101,698) |
| FY 2027 | 110,537 | FY 2027 | 75,630 |
| FY 2028 | (158,059) | FY 2028 | 51,883 |
| FY 2029 | 103,836 | FY 2029 | 64,369 |
| | | | |
| | \$(1,919,409) | | \$ 83,406 |

5. Actuarial Assumptions

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

| Inflation | 2.5 percent |
|---|---|
| Salary increases, including inflation – Teachers Locality – General employees | 3.5 percent – 5.95 percent 3.5 percent – 5.35 percent |
| Investment rate of return | 6.75 Percent, net of investment expenses, including inflation |
| Healthcare Cost Trend Rate | N/A |

Mortality rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, | Updated to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For |
|----------------------------------|---|
| post-retirement healthy, and | future mortality improvements, replace load with a |
| disabled) | modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set |
| | separate rates based on experience for |
| | Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 |
| | to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and |
| | service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

Mortality rates – Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

Mortality rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Employee Rates projected generationally; males set forward 2 years; 105% of rates for females set forward 3 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 95% of rates for males set forward 2 years; 95% of rates for females set forward 1 year

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males set forward 3 years; 110% of rates for females set forward 2 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Safety Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled) | Updated to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
|---|---|
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

6. Net GLI OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Group Life Insurance Program represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the Group Life Insurance Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Group Life Insurance <u>OPEB Program</u> |
|--|--|
| Total GLI OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability | \$ 3,907,052 2,707,739 \$ 1,199,313 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | 69.30% |

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

7. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | Arithmetic | Weighted Average | | |
|--|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| | | Long-Term Expected | Long-Term Expected | | |
| AssetClass (Strategy) | Target Allocation | Rate of Return | Rate of Return* | | |
| | | | | | |
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 6.14% | 2.09% | | |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.56% | 0.38% | | |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.60% | 0.78% | | |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.02% | 0.70% | | |
| Private Equity | 16.00% | 9.17% | 1.47% | | |
| MAPS-Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 4.00% | 4.50% | 0.18% | | |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 2.00% | 7.18% | 0.14% | | |
| Cash | 1.00% | 1.20% | 0.01% | | |
| Total | 100.00% | _ | 5.75% | | |
| | | · | | | |
| Inflation | | | 2.50% | | |
| $\hbox{*Expected arithmetic nominal return}\\$ | | _ | 8.25% | | |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.5%.

8. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 113% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, employers are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

9. <u>Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in</u> the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net Professional (Teacher) and Nonprofessional GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.00% Decrease Current Discount | | | | 1.00% Increase | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|-------|------------|----------------|------------|
| | 5.75% | | 6.75% | | 7.75% | |
| Employer's proportionate share of the Professional (Teache Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability | r) \$ | 35,060,573 | \$ | 23,652,620 | \$ | 14,429,215 |
| Employer's proportionate share of the Nonprofessional Group Life Insurance Program Net OPEB Liability | \$ | 4,370,616 | \$ | 2,948,512 | \$ | 1,798,732 |

10. Group Life Insurance Program Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Report. A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at waretire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

E. Other Postemployment Benefits – Virginia Local Disability Program

1. Plan Description

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions and full-time, salaried general employees of political subdivisions who are in the VRS Hybrid Retirement Plan benefit structure and whose employer has not elected to opt out of the VRS-sponsored program are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program or the VRS Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program respectively. These plans are administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for eligible public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. School divisions are required by Title 51.1 of the *Code of Virginia*, as amended to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits for their Hybrid employees either through a local plan or through the VLDP.

The specific information for each plan and the eligibility for covered groups within each plan are set out in the table below:

TEACHER EMPLOYEE AND POLITICAL SUBDIVISION EMPLOYEE VLDP PLAN PROVISIONS

Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program was implemented January 1, 2014 to provide short-term and long-term disability benefits for non-work-related and work-related disabilities for employees with Hybrid retirement benefits

Eligible employees are enrolled automatically upon employment, unless their employer has elected to provide comparable coverage. They include:

- Teachers and other full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS.
- Full-time general employees; including local law enforcement officers, firefighters, or emergency medical technicians who do not have enhanced hazardous duty benefits; of public political subdivisions covered under VRS.

Benefit Amounts

The Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision Employee VLDP provides the following benefits for eligible employees:

Short-Term Disability -

- The program provides a short-term disability benefit beginning after a sevencalendar-day waiting period from the first day of disability. Employees become eligible for non-work-related short-term disability coverage after one year of continuous participation in VLDP with their current employer.
- During the first five years of continuous participation in VLDP with their current employer, employees are eligible for 60% of their pre-disability income if they go out on non-work-related or work-related disability.
- Once the eligibility period is satisfied, employees are eligible for higher income replacement levels

Long-Term Disability –

- The VLDP program provides a long-term disability benefit beginning after 125 workdays of short-term disability. Members are eligible if they are unable to work at all or are working fewer than 20 hours per week.
- Members approved for long-term disability will receive 60% of their pre-disability income. If approved for work-related long-term disability, the VLDP benefit will be offset by the workers' compensation benefit. Members will not receive a VLDP benefit if their workers' compensation benefit is greater than the VLDP benefit.

Virginia Local Disability Program Notes:

- Members approved for short-term or long-term disability at age 60 or older will be eligible for a benefit, provided they remain medically eligible.
- VLDP Long-Term Care Plan is a self-funded program that assists with the cost of covered long-term care services.

2. Plan Membership

3. Contributions

2023, respectively.

Virginia Local Disability Program - Teachers

The plan membership as of June 30, 2023 includes:

Active Plan Members

16,592
Inactive Members or their Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits

39

16,631

Virginia Local Disability Program - Political Subdivisions

The plan membership as of June 30, 2023 includes:

Active Plan Members

12,374

Inactive Members or their Beneficiaries currently receiving benefits

89

12,463

Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions and political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's and political subdivision's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2024 was 0.47% and 0.85%, respectively, of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program or the VRS Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local, respectively. These rates were based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2021. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP were \$913,923 and \$778,254 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30,

2023, respectively. Contributions from the political subdivision to the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP were \$298,601 and \$240,208 for the years ended June 30, 2024 and June 30,

The contribution requirement for active Hybrid employees is governed by §51.1-1178(C) of the

4. <u>Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Assets, Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Teacher Employee and Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported a liability of \$117,722 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30,

2023. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP was 17.73122% as compared to 17.43607% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB expense of \$624,215. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | Deferred Inflows of Resources | | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|--------|--|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 516,653 | \$ | 51,605 | |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher VLDP OPEB plan investments | | 3,644 | | - | |
| Change in assumptions | | 51,185 | | - | |
| Changes in proportion | | 3,041 | | 3,759 | |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 913,923 | | - | |
| Total | \$ | 1,488,446 | \$ | 55,364 | |

\$913,923 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

| FY 2025 | \$ 46,960 |
|---------|--------------|

Year ended June 30

FY 2026 43,144
FY 2027 70,781
FY 2028 53,307
FY 2029 53,346
Thereafter 251,621
\$ 519,159

In addition, at June 30, 2024, the political subdivision reported an asset of \$74,288 for its proportionate share of the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP Net OPEB Asset. The Net VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB Asset was measured as of June 30, 2023 and the total VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB asset used to calculate the Net VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB Asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as June 30, 2022, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023. The political subdivision's proportion of the Net VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB Asset was based on the political subdivision's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2023 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2023, the political subdivision's proportion of the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP was 4.61706% as compared to 4.44580% at June 30, 2022.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the political subdivision recognized VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB expense of \$187,811. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates a portion of the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2024, the political subdivision reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB from the following sources:

| | Deferred Outflows of Resources | | red Inflows esources |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|-----------------------------|
| Differences between expected and actual experience | \$ | 27,892 | \$ 46,280 |
| Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher VLDP OPEB plan investments | | 181 | - |
| Change in assumptions | | 492 | 6,804 |
| Changes in proportion | | 585 | 1,977 |
| Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date | | 298,601 | - |
| Total | \$ | 327,751 | \$ 55,061 |

\$298,601 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB resulting from the political subdivision's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB Liability in the Fiscal Year ending June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB will be recognized in the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30

| FY 2025 | \$ (2,874) |
|------------|-------------|
| FY 2026 | (12,716) |
| FY 2027 | 1,773 |
| FY 2028 | (1,482) |
| FY 2029 | (4,789) |
| Thereafter | (5,823) |
| | \$ (25,911) |
| | |

5. Actuarial Assumptions

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

Inflation 2.5 percent

Salary increases, including inflation –

Teacher Employees 3.5 percent – 5.95 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of plan investment

expenses, including inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate N/A

Mortality rates – Teachers

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Employee Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; males set forward 1 year; 105% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Disabled Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted Teachers Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the

change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
|--|--|
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age form 75 to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The total Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB liability for the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2023.

2.5 percent

N/A

Salary increases, including inflation –
Political Subdivision Employees 3.5 percent – 5.35 percent

Investment rate of return 6.75 percent, net of plan investment expenses, including inflation

Inflation

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

Mortality rates – General State Employees

Pre-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Employee Rates projected generationally; females set forward 2 years

Post-Retirement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Healthy Retiree Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for females

Post-Disablement:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Disabled Rates projected generationally; males and females set forward 3 years

Beneficiaries and Survivors:

Pub-2010 Amount Weighted General Contingent Annuitant Rates projected generationally; 110% of rates for males and females

Mortality Improvement Scale:

Rates projected generationally with Modified MP-2020 Improvement Scale that is 75% of the MP-2020 rates

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

| Mortality Rates (Pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled | Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020 |
|--|--|
| Retirement Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age form 75 to 80 for all |
| Withdrawal Rates | Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each age and service through 9 years of service |
| Disability Rates | No change |
| Salary Scale | No change |
| Discount Rate | No change |

6. Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset)

Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee VLDP represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB <u>Plan</u> |
|---|---|
| Total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Liability | \$ 10,672 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | <u> 10,007</u> |
| Teacher Employee net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | <u>\$ 665</u> |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage | |
| of the Total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Liability | 93.77% |

The total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB asset is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB asset is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GAAP, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2023, NOL amounts for the VRS Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

| | Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB |
|--|---|
| Total Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position Political Subdivision net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | Plan \$ 9,525 <u>11,134</u> <u>\$ (1,609)</u> |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Liability | 116.89% |

The total Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB asset is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB asset is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GAAP in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

7. Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on VRS System investments was determined using a lognormal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

| | | Arithmetic | Weighted Average |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|
| | | Long-Term Expected | Long-Term Expected |
| AssetClass (Strategy) | Target Allocation | Rate of Return | Rate of Return* |
| | | | |
| Public Equity | 34.00% | 6.14% | 2.09% |
| Fixed Income | 15.00% | 2.56% | 0.38% |
| Credit Strategies | 14.00% | 5.60% | 0.78% |
| Real Assets | 14.00% | 5.02% | 0.70% |
| Private Equity | 16.00% | 9.17% | 1.47% |
| MAPS-Multi-Asset Public Strategies | 4.00% | 4.50% | 0.18% |
| PIP - Private Investment Partnership | 2.00% | 7.18% | 0.14% |
| Cash | 1.00% | 1.20% | 0.01% |
| Total | 100.00% | _ | 5.75% |
| | | - | |
| Inflation | | | 2.50% |
| *Expected arithmetic nominal return | | _ | 8.25% |
| | | = | |

^{*} The above allocation provides a one-year return of 8.25%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.14%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On June 15, 2023, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 45th percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation at that time, providing a median return of 7.14% including expected inflation of 2.50%.

8. <u>Discount Rate</u>

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB and the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ending June 30, 2023, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2023 on, all agencies are assumed to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB and the Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB plans' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB liability and the total Political Subdivision Employee VLDP OPEB liability.

9. <u>Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher and Political Subdivision</u> <u>Employee VLDP Net OPEB Liability/(Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate</u>

The following tables presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program net VLDP OPEB asset and the VRS Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program net VLDP OPEB asset using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's/political subdivision's proportionate share of the net VLDP OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

| | 1.0 | 1.00% Decrease Current Discount | | | 1.00% Increase | |
|--|----------|---------------------------------|----|----------|----------------|-----------|
| | | 5.75% | | 6.75% | | 7.75% |
| School division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP OPEB Plan Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | \$ | 331,822 | \$ | 117,722 | \$ | (68,456) |
| Political Subdivision's proportional share of the VRS Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Plan Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | te \$ | (38,923) | \$ | (74,288) | \$ | (105,278) |

10. VLDP OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee VLDP's Fiduciary Net Position and the VRS Political Subdivision Employee VLDP's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2023 Annual Report. A copy of the 2023 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at varetire.org/Pdf/Publications/2023-annual-report.pdf, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

F. Combining Net OPEB Liabilities, Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Statement of Net Position

| | 0 | PEB Trust | | Virginia Retirement System | | | | | | |
|---|----|------------|-----|----------------------------|----|------------|----|------------|----|-------------|
| | | | | | | | | Virginia | | |
| | | | | Health | | | | Local | | |
| | | Retiree | - 1 | nsurance | (| Group Life | [| Disability | | Combined |
| | | Health | | Credit | | nsurance | | Program | | Totals |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability | | 66,581,865 | \$ | 58,961,762 | \$ | 26,601,132 | \$ | 117,722 | \$ | 152,262,481 |
| Net OPEB Asset | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 74,288 | \$ | 74,288 |
| OPEB Expense | \$ | 11,082,055 | \$ | 3,378,323 | \$ | 716,760 | \$ | 812,026 | \$ | 15,989,164 |
| Defermed Outflows of December | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources: | _ | 40.075.050 | | | _ | 2 656 202 | _ | 544 545 | _ | 46 476 007 |
| Differences in Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 12,975,050 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,656,802 | \$ | 544,545 | \$ | 16,176,397 |
| Net Differences between Projected and | | | | | | | | | | |
| Actual Earnings on Investments | | - | | 40,612 | | - | | 3,825 | | 44,437 |
| Change in Assumptions | | 16,727,750 | | 1,605,745 | | 568,611 | | 51,677 | | 18,953,783 |
| Changes in Proportionate Share | | - | | 1,063 | | 218,374 | | 3,626 | | 223,063 |
| Employer Contributions Subsequent | | | | | | | | | | |
| to the Measurement Date | | - | | 6,800,293 | | 3,099,742 | | 1,212,524 | | 11,112,559 |
| Total Deferred Outflows of Resources | \$ | 29,702,800 | \$ | 8,447,713 | \$ | 6,543,529 | \$ | 1,816,197 | \$ | 46,510,239 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Differences in Expected and Actual Experience | \$ | 9,405,172 | \$ | 4,725,590 | \$ | 807,480 | \$ | 97,885 | \$ | 15,036,127 |
| Net Difference between Projected and | | | | | | | | | | |
| Actual Earnings on Investments | | 119,748 | | - | | 1,068,985 | | - | | 1,188,733 |
| Change in Assumptions | | 7,659,779 | | 56,684 | | 1,843,030 | | 6,804 | | 9,566,297 |
| Changes in Proportionate Share | | - | | 3,177,889 | | 1,560,295 | | 5,736 | | 4,743,920 |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | \$ | 17,184,699 | \$ | 7,960,163 | \$ | 5,279,790 | \$ | 110,425 | \$ | 30,535,077 |

9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

A. School Self-Insurance Program

The School Board is self-insured for a portion of its risks. The self-insurance coverage for Fire and Property Insurance is \$100,000 per occurrence (includes unnamed windstorm and earthquake

damage) and 1% of the total insured value of the damaged covered property when such loss or damage results from a named windstorm (minimum deductible – \$250,000 per occurrence); Boiler and Machinery Breakdown coverage is \$10,000 per occurrence; School Leaders Liability (including general liability and errors and omissions) coverage is \$350,000 per occurrence; Crime (Employee Dishonesty) coverage is \$2,500 per occurrence; Environmental Impairment is \$25,000 and Cyber Liability coverage has a \$50,000 self-insured retention. Automobile Liability retention (engine on) is \$450,000 per occurrence; Automobile Physical Damage retention (engine off) is \$60,000 per occurrence; and the Excess Workers' Compensation self-insured retention is \$750,000 per claim.

Commercial insurance is purchased to cover the amount in excess of the above self-insured levels for specific losses. When economically feasible, commercial insurance is purchased to cover certain exposures completely. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years and the insurance coverage is substantially the same as in recent prior fiscal years.

Claims processing and payments for all insurance claims are made through commercial carriers and third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2024 is \$9,145,979 (undiscounted), as follows:

| | | Current-Year | | |
|---------|---------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|
| | Beginning-of- | Claims and | | Balance at |
| Fiscal | Fiscal-Year | Changes in | Claims | Fiscal |
| Year | Liability | Estimates | Payments | Year-End |
| 2022-23 | \$11,120,619 | \$6,123,274 | \$8,144,607 | \$ 9,099,286 |
| 2023-24 | \$ 9,099,286 | \$8,064,104 | \$8,017,411 | \$ 9.145.979 |

B. Surety Bonds

All School Board employees are covered by a faithful performance bond in the amount of \$100,000 to protect the School Board in the event of fraudulent acts.

C. Self-Insured Health Care Benefits Program

Effective January 1, 2000, the School Board established a self-insured health care benefits program for all School Board and City employees. Certain claims expenses paid on behalf of each employee during a single policy year are covered by excess loss insurance with a specific stop-loss limit of \$600,000. The amount of settlements did not exceed insurance coverage for each of the past three fiscal years.

Claims processing and payments for all health care claims are made through third-party administrators. The School Board uses the information provided by the third-party administrators and a health care benefits consultant to aid in the determination of self-insurance liabilities. The computed liability as of June 30, 2024 is \$7,646,000 (undiscounted), as follows:

| | | Current-Year | | |
|---------|---------------|----------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Beginning-of- | Claims and | | Balance at |
| Fiscal | Fiscal-Year | Changes in | Claims | Fiscal |
| Year | Liability | Estimates | Payments | Year-End |
| 2022-23 | \$7,613,000 | \$ 152,680,096 | \$ 151,302,096 | \$ 8,991,000 |
| 2023-24 | \$8,991,000 | \$ 177,716,809 | \$ 179,061,809 | \$ 7,646,000 |

10. CERTAIN INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS, EXHIBITS A-4 TO A-2 RECONCILIATION FOR CAPITAL OUTLAY AND FUND BALANCE CLASSIFICATIONS

A. Interfund Transfers

The following are the School Board's interfund transfers in and transfers out that occurred during fiscal year 2024:

| | Interfund | Interfund |
|-------------------------------|--------------|---------------|
| <u>Fund</u> | Transfers In | Transfers Out |
| General Fund | \$ - | \$ 4,886,769 |
| School Grants - | | |
| Special Revenue | 4,886,769 | |
| Total per Exhibit A-4 and A-6 | \$ 4,886,769 | \$ 4,886,769 |

Purpose: Operational support during Fiscal Year 2023-24

B. Interfund Receivables and Payables

There were no interfund receivables and payables as of June 30, 2024.

C. Exhibits A-4 to A-2 Reconciliation for Capital Outlay

Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures (Exhibit A-4). However, for governmental activities those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation / amortization expenses in the Statement of Activities (Exhibit A-2). Below is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation / amortization expense (including other transactions (e.g., loss on disposals)) for the fiscal year.

| Capital Outlay: | |
|---|----------------|
| Capital Projects Fund | \$ 45,721,176 |
| General Fund | 6,554,674 |
| Grants Special Revenue Fund | 615,612 |
| School Equipment Replacement | |
| Special Revenue Fund | 74,936 |
| School Cafeterias Special Revenue Fund | 1,541,869 |
| School Risk Management Internal Service | 6,952 |
| Total Capital Outlay | \$ 54,515,219 |
| Less: | |
| Depreciation/amortization Expense | \$(39,564,238) |
| Depreciation Expense and Accumulated | |
| Depreciation change/transfer related to | |
| the Tenancy in Common by the City on | |
| certain School Buildings (Notes 4B&C) | 8,951,924 |
| Loss on Disposals | (190,913) |
| Total Depreciation/amortization | |
| Expense and Other | \$(30,803,227) |
| Total Amount by which Capital | |
| Outlay Exceeded Depreciation | |
| Expense and Other (Exhibit A-4) | \$ 23,711,992 |

D. Fund Balance Classifications

Fund balance is classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and/or unassigned (Note 1J) based primarily on the extent to which the School Board is bound to observe constraints imposed upon the use of the resources in the governmental funds. The constraints placed on the fund balance for the major governmental funds and all of the other governmental funds are presented below.

| | , | | _ | Sch | | | School | | oital | | onmajor | Gov | Total vernmental |
|--|----------------------------|-----|------------|---------|--------|-----|-----------|---------|---------|-----|-----------|-----|---------------------|
| Prepaid Items | | | General | Gra | ints | Ca | afeterias | Pro | jects | Gov | ernmental | | Funds |
| Prepaid Items \$ 597,105 \$ 687,835 \$ 28,8668 \$ 1,571,808 Restricted Federal And State Grantor Agencies \$ 2,4795,611 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 4,795,611 Capital Projects State DOE/Textbooks \$ 0 \$ 0 7,793,847 7,793,847 School Activities \$ 0 \$ 17,074,952 \$ 5,515,712 5,515,712 USDA/Cafeterias Charges \$ 0 \$ 17,074,952 \$ 0 \$ 17,074,952 Total Restricted \$ 0 \$ 4,795,611 \$ 17,074,952 \$ 0 \$ 13,309,559 \$ 35,180,122 Committed \$ 0 \$ 4,795,611 \$ 17,074,952 \$ 0 \$ 131,309,559 \$ 35,180,122 Committed \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 114,849,118 \$ 0 \$ 114,849,118 \$ 0 \$ 114,849,118 \$ 0 \$ 114,849,118 \$ 0 \$ 114,849,118 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Restricted Federal And State \$ 4,795,611 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Federal And State Grantor Agencies \$ 4,795,611 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 4,795,611 Capital Projects State DDE/Textbooks \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 7,793,847 7,793,847 School Activities \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 5,515,712 5,515,712 5,515,712 USDA/Cafeterias Charges \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ 17,074,952 \$ \$ \$ 5,515,712 5,515,712 Total Restricted \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$,795,611 \$ \$ 17,074,952 \$ \$ \$ \$ 13,309,559 \$ 35,180,122 Committed \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | • | Ş | 597,105 | \$ | - | Ş | 687,835 | Ş | - | \$ | 286,868 | Ş | 1,571,808 |
| Grantor Agencies \$ 4,795,611 \$ 5 \$ 4,795,611 \$ 5 \$ 4,795,611 \$ 7,793,847 8,793,769 \$,114,849,118 \$ \$ \$,114,849,118 \$ \$ \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 \$,903,766 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Projects State DOE/Textbooks 0 7,793,847 7,704,952 \$ 3,518,0122 2 2 2,518,012 2 3,518,012 2 3,518,012 2 3,518,012 2 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 3,518,012 | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| State DOE/Textbooks - - - - 7,793,847 7,793,847 School Activities - - 17,074,952 - 5,515,712 5,515,712 USDA/Cafeterias Charges - - 17,074,952 - - 17,074,952 Total Restricted - - - 17,074,952 - - 33,309,559 35,818,122 Committed Capital Projects Contracts - - - - \$114,849,118 - \$114,849,118 - \$114,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,849,118 - \$144,496 - \$144,496 - \$144,496 - \$144,496 - 444,496 - - \$144,496 - 444,496 - - \$144,496 - - \$144,496 - - - \$144,496 - < | · · | \$ | - | \$ 4,79 | 95,611 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,795,611 |
| School Activities - - - - 5,515,712 5,515,712 5,515,712 17,074,952 - - - 17,074,952 - - - 17,074,952 - - - 17,074,952 - 513,309,559 \$ 35,180,122 - | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| USDA/Cafeterias Charges - 17,074,952 - - 17,074,952 Total Restricted \$ - \$4,795,611 \$17,074,952 \$ - \$13,309,559 \$35,180,122 Committed Capital Projects Contracts \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ - \$114,849,118 Communication Towers/ - - \$ - \$ 5,903,766 \$ 5,903,766 Technology - - - \$ 5,903,766 \$ 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ - - - - \$ 5,903,766 \$ 5,903,766 School Allocations - - - - 286,022 286,02 | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | | | |
| Total Restricted \$ - \$4,795,611 \$17,074,952 - \$13,309,559 \$35,180,122 Committed Capital Projects Contracts \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ - \$114,849,118 Communication Towers/ Technology - - - 5,903,766 5,903,766 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ School Allocations - - - - 286,022 </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td>5,515,712</td> <td></td> <td>5,515,712</td> | | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 5,515,712 | | 5,515,712 |
| Committed Capital Projects Contracts \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ - \$114,849,118 Communication Towers/ Technology \$ - \$ - \$114,849,118 \$ - \$114,849,118 Technology \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 5,903,766 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ \$ - \$ - \$ 5,903,766 5,903,766 School Allocations \$ 286,022 286,022 Equipment Replacement 441,496 441,496 Total Committed \$ 441,496 441,496 Assigned 441,496 441,496 Instructional Technology \$ 2,357,943 \$ | USDA/Cafeterias Charges | | - | | - | 1 | 7,074,952 | | - | | - | | 17,074,952 |
| Capital Projects Contracts \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ - \$114,849,118 Communication Towers/ Technology 5,903,766 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ School Allocations 286,022 286,022 Equipment Replacement 441,496 441,496 Total Committed \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ 6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned Instructional Technology \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - | Total Restricted | \$ | - | \$ 4,79 | 95,611 | \$1 | 7,074,952 | \$ | - | \$1 | 3,309,559 | \$ | 35,180,122 |
| Communication Towers/ Technology - - - 5,903,766 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ School Allocations - - - - 286,022 286,022 Equipment Replacement Total Committed - - - - 441,496 441,496 Assigned - - \$ - \$114,849,118 \$6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned - - \$ - \$114,849,118 \$6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned - \$ - \$ - \$114,849,118 \$6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned - \$ - \$ - \$114,849,118 \$6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned - \$ - \$ - \$2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$2,357,943 \$ - \$ - - - - - 880,110 - - - - - - - 880,1 | <u>Committed</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Technology - - - 5,903,766 5,903,766 Vending Operations/ School Allocations - - - - 286,022 2880,110 286,022 | Capital Projects Contracts | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 114, | 849,118 | \$ | - | \$1 | 14,849,118 |
| Vending Operations/ School Allocations - - - - 286,022 287,049 286,010 286,010 286,010 286,010 286,010 286,010 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 286,011 <th< td=""><td>Communication Towers/</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></th<> | Communication Towers/ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| School Allocations - - - - 286,022 286,022 286,022 Eguipment Replacement - - - - - 441,496 44 | Technology | | - | | - | | - | | - | ! | 5,903,766 | | 5,903,766 |
| Equipment Replacement - - - 441,496 441,496 Total Committed \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ 6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned Instructional Technology \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 \$ - | Vending Operations/ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Committed \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 114,849,118 \$ 6,631,284 \$121,480,402 Assigned | School Allocations | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 286,022 | | 286,022 |
| Assigned Instructional Technology \$ 2,357,943 \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | Equipment Replacement | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 441,496 | | 441,496 |
| Instructional Technology \$ 2,357,943 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,357,943 School Athletics 110,940 - - - - - - 110,940 Instruction Category 880,110 - - - - - - 880,110 Administration, Attendance and Health Category 348,970 - - - - - - 348,970 Pupil Transportation Category 3,281,427 - - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 + - \$ - \$ - \$ 2,493,206 | Total Committed | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 114, | 849,118 | \$ | 6,631,284 | \$1 | 21,480,402 |
| School Athletics 110,940 - - - - 110,940 Instruction Category 880,110 - - - - 880,110 Administration, Attendance and Health Category 348,970 - - - - - 348,970 Pupil Transportation Category 3,281,427 - - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | <u>Assigned</u> | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction Category 880,110 - - - - 880,110 Administration, Attendance and Health Category 348,970 - - - - - 348,970 Pupil Transportation Category 3,281,427 - - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 + - \$ - \$ 1,775,595 | Instructional Technology | \$ | 2,357,943 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,357,943 |
| Administration, Attendance and Health Category 348,970 348,970 Pupil Transportation Category 3,281,427 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | School Athletics | | 110,940 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 110,940 |
| and Health Category 348,970 - - - - 348,970 Pupil Transportation - - - - - 3,281,427 Category 3,281,427 - - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | Instruction Category | | 880,110 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 880,110 |
| Pupil Transportation Category 3,281,427 - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ \$ 11,775,595 | Administration, Attendance | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Category 3,281,427 - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 11,775,595 | and Health Category | | 348,970 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 348,970 |
| Category 3,281,427 - - - - 3,281,427 Operations and Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ \$ 11,775,595 | Pupil Transportation | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | Category | | 3,281,427 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,281,427 |
| Maintenance Category 2,302,999 - - - - - 2,302,999 Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | Operations and | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Technology Category 2,493,206 - - - - - 2,493,206 Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | • | | 2,302,999 | | - | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 2,302,999 |
| Total Assigned \$11,775,595 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 11,775,595 | - , | | | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | |
| | | | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | |
| | Total Fund Balances | \$1 | .2,372,700 | \$ 4,79 | 95,611 | \$1 | 7,762,787 | \$ 114, | 849,118 | \$2 | 0,227,711 | | |

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

RETIREMENT AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability – Professional Employees
Schedule of Changes in the Net Pension Liability and Related Ratios – Nonprofessional Employees
Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions – Professional Employees
Schedule of Employer Pension Contributions – Nonprofessional Employees
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - Retiree Health
Schedule of Annual Contributions - Retiree Health
Schedule of Investment Returns - Retiree Health
Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios - HIC
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OBEB Liability – HIC
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OBEB Liability – GLI
Schedule of Employer's Share of Net OBEB Liability – VLDP
Schedule of Employer Contributions – HIC
Schedule of Employer Contributions – GLI
Schedule of Employer Contributions – VLDP

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the general operating fund of the School Board which is used to account for all of the financial resources, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SCHOOL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The School Grants Fund accounts for certain private, Commonwealth of Virginia, and Federal grants (with matching local funds, if required).

SCHOOL CAFETERIAS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

The School Cafeterias Fund accounts for the revenues (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia, Federal Government) and expenditures associated with the food services operations of the school division.

NOTES TO THE REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2014 THROUGH 2023 PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES JUNE 30, 2024

| Professional/Teacher Retirement Plan | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | (a) | (b) | (c) | (d) | (e) | | | | | |
| | | | | Employer's | | | | | | |
| | | | | Proportionate | | | | | | |
| | | | | Share of the | Plan Fiduciary | | | | | |
| | Employer's | Employer's | | NPL as a | Net Position | | | | | |
| | Proportion | Proportionate | | %of its | as a % of the | | | | | |
| | of the | Share of the | Employer's | Covered | Total | | | | | |
| | Net Pension | Net Pension | Covered | Payroll | Pension | | | | | |
| Date | Liability | Liability | Payroll | (b)/(c) | Liability | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, 2023 | 4.66432% | \$ 471,432,374 | \$ 440,450,043 | 107.03% | 82.45% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2022 | 4.75530% | \$ 452,733,028 | \$ 422,831,262 | 107.07% | 82.61% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2021 | 4.83003% | \$ 374,959,932 | \$ 409,081,963 | 91.66% | 85.46% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2020 | 4.91132% | \$ 714,726,039 | \$ 414,920,223 | 172.26% | 71.47% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2019 | 4.99839% | \$ 657,816,528 | \$ 406,316,058 | 161.90% | 73.51% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2018 | 5.07577% | \$ 596,910,000 | \$ 400,750,722 | 148.95% | 74.81% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2017 | 5.08685% | \$ 625,579,000 | \$ 393,579,555 | 158.95% | 72.92% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2016 | 5.12286% | \$ 717,924,000 | \$ 387,364,218 | 185.34% | 68.28% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2015 | 5.19364% | \$ 653,690,000 | \$ 385,231,385 | 169.69% | 70.68% | | | | | |
| June 30, 2014 | 5.16303% | \$ 623,937,000 | \$ 377,297,007 | 165.37% | 70.88% | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS NONPROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------------------------|
| Total Pension Liability(Asset) | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2013 |
| Service Cost | \$ 4,580,664 | \$ 3,934,382 | \$ 3,964,435 | \$ 3,961,923 | \$ 3,788,974 |
| Interest | 17,751,173 | 17,604,104 | 16,427,054 | 15,856,267 | 15,432,954 |
| Diff Between Expected and Actual Experience | 4,390,987 | (4,908,939) | (808,663) | 2,409,511 | 2,127,992 |
| Change in Assumptions | - | (1,300,333) | 8,249,072 | | 6,306,405 |
| Benefit Payments | (15,194,069) | (14,113,284) | (13,991,919) | (13,083,421) | (12,468,334) |
| Refunds of Contributions | (334,923) | (551,790) | (13,331,313) | (467,858) | (419,254) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | \$ 11,193,832 | \$ 1,964,473 | \$ 13,839,979 | \$ 8,676,422 | \$ 14,768,737 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | 266,164,170 | 264,199,697 | 250,359,718 | 241,683,296 | 226,914,559 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$277,358,002 | \$266,164,170 | \$264,199,697 | \$250,359,718 | \$241,683,296 |
| Total Felision Elability - Eliding (a) | 3277,338,002 | 3200,104,170 | 3204,133,037 | \$230,333,718 | \$241,083,230 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 4,068,854 | \$ 3,605,284 | \$ 3,376,047 | \$ 2,906,100 | \$ 2,880,916 |
| Employee Contributions | 2,670,800 | 2,294,774 | 2,129,012 | 2,209,656 | 2,161,296 |
| Net Investment Income | 16,335,735 | (176,724) | 58,169,277 | 4,171,983 | 14,049,158 |
| Benefit Payments | (15,194,069) | (14,113,284) | (13,991,919) | (13,083,421) | (12,468,334) |
| Refunds of Contributions | (334,923) | (551,790) | - | (467,858) | (419,254) |
| Administrative Expenses | (165,884) | (166,678) | (148,821) | (145,905) | (143,574) |
| Other Changes | 2,486 | 5,868 | (312) | (4,932) | (8,810) |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | \$ 7,382,999 | \$ (9,102,550) | \$ 49,533,284 | \$ (4,414,377) | \$ 6,051,398 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning | 256,691,371 | 265,793,921 | 216,260,637 | 220,675,014 | 214,623,616 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b) | \$264,074,370 | \$256,691,371 | \$265,793,921 | \$216,260,637 | \$220,675,014 |
| , | · , , | · · · · | · · · | · · · | · · · |
| Net Pension Liability(Asset)- | | | | | |
| Nonprofessional Employees (a) - (b) | \$ 13,283,632 | \$ 9,472,799 | \$ (1,594,224) | \$ 34,099,081 | \$ 21,008,282 |
| | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total | 95.21% | 96.44% | 100.60% | 86.38% | 91.31% |
| Pension Liability (b)/(a) | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll (c) | \$ 51,427,059 | \$ 45,137,761 | \$ 42,346,298 | \$ 43,518,726 | \$ 42,872,651 |
| | | | | | |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a % of | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll - Nonprofessional | 25.83% | 20.99% | -3.76% | 78.35% | 49.00% |
| | | | | | |

(continued)

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS NONPROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | (continued) |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2018 | 2017 | 2016 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Total Pension Liability(Asset) | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 3,831,060 | \$ 4,027,098 | \$ 4,079,432 | \$ 4,089,939 | \$ 4,171,321 |
| Interest | 14,994,765 | 14,519,133 | 14,020,741 | 13,574,596 | 13,051,394 |
| Diff Between Expected and Actual Experience | (114,972) | 1,300,649 | 264,387 | (747,303) | - |
| Change in Assumptions | - | (1,332,150) | - | - | - |
| Benefit Payments | (11,553,290) | (11,066,537) | (10,581,181) | (9,558,643) | (9,003,617) |
| Refunds of Contributions | (461,154) | (358,994) | (482,631) | (465,012) | (469,524) |
| Net Change in Total Pension Liability | \$ 6,696,409 | \$ 7,089,199 | \$ 7,300,748 | \$ 6,893,577 | \$ 7,749,574 |
| Total Pension Liability - Beginning | 220,218,150 | 213,128,951 | 205,828,203 | 198,934,626 | 191,185,052 |
| Total Pension Liability - Ending (a) | \$226,914,559 | \$220,218,150 | \$213,128,951 | \$205,828,203 | \$198,934,626 |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position | ć 2.067.440 | ć 2.050.047 | ć 2.07C 240 | ć 2.720.40c | ¢ 2.646.247 |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 2,967,419 | \$ 2,959,847 | \$ 3,876,348 | \$ 3,739,486 | \$ 3,646,317 |
| Employee Contributions | 2,121,653 | 2,124,981 | 2,113,676 | 2,041,468 | 2,000,972 |
| Net Investment Income | 15,092,474 | 22,825,346 | 3,214,427 | 8,507,018 | 25,850,848 |
| Benefit Payments | (11,553,290) | (11,066,537) | (10,581,181) | (9,558,643) | (9,003,617) |
| Refunds of Contributions | (461,154) | (358,994) | (482,631) | (465,012) | (469,524) |
| Administrative Expenses | (133,315) | (135,200) | (120,635) | (118,985) | (141,126) |
| Other Changes | (13,321) | (20,191) | (1,394) | (1,792) | 1,363 |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | \$ 8,020,466 | \$ 16,329,252 | \$ (1,981,390) | \$ 4,143,540 | \$ 21,885,233 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning | 206,603,150 | 190,273,898 | 192,255,288 | 188,111,748 | 166,226,515 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b) | \$214,623,616 | \$206,603,150 | \$190,273,898 | \$192,255,288 | \$188,111,748 |
| Net Pension Liability(Asset)- | | | | | |
| Nonprofessional Employees (a) - (b) | \$ 12,290,943 | \$ 13,615,000 | \$ 22,855,053 | \$ 13,572,915 | \$ 10,822,878 |
| | | | | | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total | 94.58% | 93.82% | 89.28% | 93.41% | 94.56% |
| Pension Liability (b)/(a) | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll (c) | \$ 42,303,998 | \$ 42,112,697 | \$ 42,344,732 | \$ 40,970,605 | \$ 40,017,176 |
| Net Pension Liability/(Asset) as a % of | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll - Nonprofessional | 29.05% | 32.33% | 53.97% | 33.13% | 27.05% |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES JUNE 30, 2024

| Profession | nal Em | ployees | | | | | |
|---------------|--------|--------------|--|------|---------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | (a) | (b) Contributions in Relation to | | c) ibution | (d) | (e) Contributions as a % of |
| | Co | ontractually | Contractually | Defi | ciency | Employer's | Covered |
| | | Required | Required | (Ex | cess) | Covered | Payroll |
| Date | Co | ntributions | Contributions | (a) | - (b) | Payroll | (b)/(d) |
| | | | | | | | |
| June 30, 2024 | \$ | 80,073,655 | \$ 80,073,655 | \$ | - | \$ 481,790,947 | 16.62% |
| June 30, 2023 | \$ | 73,202,797 | \$ 73,202,797 | \$ | - | \$ 440,450,043 | 16.62% |
| June 30, 2022 | \$ | 70,274,556 | \$ 70,274,556 | \$ | - | \$ 422,831,262 | 16.62% |
| June 30, 2021 | \$ | 67,989,422 | \$ 67,989,422 | \$ | - | \$ 409,081,963 | 16.62% |
| June 30, 2020 | \$ | 65,059,491 | \$ 65,059,491 | \$ | - | \$ 414,920,223 | 15.68% |
| June 30, 2019 | \$ | 63,710,358 | \$ 63,710,358 | \$ | - | \$ 406,316,058 | 15.68% |
| June 30, 2018 | \$ | 65,402,518 | \$ 65,402,518 | \$ | - | \$ 400,750,722 | 16.32% |
| June 30, 2017 | \$ | 57,698,763 | \$ 57,698,763 | \$ | - | \$ 393,579,555 | 14.66% |
| June 30, 2016 | \$ | 54,463,409 | \$ 54,463,409 | \$ | - | \$ 387,364,218 | 14.06% |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ | 55,858,551 | \$ 55,858,551 | \$ | - | \$ 385,231,385 | 14.50% |

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS board action are as follows:

- Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER PENSION CONTRIBUTIONS NONPROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES JUNE 30, 2024

| | | (a) | | (b) ntributions Relation to | | c) bution | (d) | (e) Contributions as a % of |
|---------------|-----|-------------|----|-----------------------------------|------|--------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| | | ntractually | | ntractually | | ciency | Employer's | Covered |
| | r | Required | 1 | Required | (EXC | cess) | Covered | Payroll |
| Date | Coi | ntributions | Co | ntributions | (a) | - (b) | Payroll | (b) / (d) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| June 30, 2024 | \$ | 4,494,351 | \$ | 4,494,351 | \$ | - | \$ 56,249,704 | 7.99% |
| June 30, 2023 | \$ | 4,109,022 | \$ | 4,109,022 | \$ | - | \$ 51,427,059 | 7.99% |
| June 30, 2022 | \$ | 3,629,076 | \$ | 3,629,076 | \$ | - | \$ 45,137,761 | 8.04% |
| June 30, 2021 | \$ | 3,404,642 | \$ | 3,404,642 | \$ | - | \$ 42,346,298 | 8.04% |
| June 30, 2020 | \$ | 2,928,810 | \$ | 2,928,810 | \$ | - | \$ 43,518,726 | 6.73% |
| June 30, 2019 | \$ | 2,885,329 | \$ | 2,885,329 | \$ | - | \$ 42,872,651 | 6.73% |
| June 30, 2018 | \$ | 2,969,741 | \$ | 2,969,741 | \$ | - | \$ 42,303,998 | 7.02% |
| June 30, 2017 | \$ | 2,956,311 | \$ | 2,956,311 | \$ | - | \$ 42,112,697 | 7.02% |
| June 30, 2016 | \$ | 3,857,605 | \$ | 3,857,605 | \$ | - | \$ 42,344,732 | 9.11% |
| June 30, 2015 | \$ | 3,732,422 | \$ | 3,732,422 | \$ | - | \$ 40,970,605 | 9.11% |

Changes of benefit terms – There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions – The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Update to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age
- Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

(continued)

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – RETIREE HEALTH SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

| | June 30, 2024 | June 30, 2023 | June 30, 2022 | June 30, 2021 | June 30, 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 1,399,597 | \$ 2,072,937 | \$ 2,049,213 | \$ 1,934,661 | \$ 2,566,620 |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | 6,870,091 | 5,812,560 | 5,360,537 | 5,305,457 | 6,616,759 |
| Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or (Losses) | (11,286,206) | 13,394,219 | 7,289,849 | - | 2,340,909 |
| Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs | 16,251,080 | 3,487,727 | (584,251) | - | (22,674,032) |
| Benefit Payments | (8,143,732) | (7,514,976) | (6,864,988) | (6,160,668) | (5,945,243) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 5,090,830 | 17,252,467 | 7,250,360 | 1,079,450 | (17,094,987) |
| Total OPEB Liability, Beginning | 108,301,873 | 91,049,406 | 83,799,046 | 82,719,596 | 99,814,583 |
| Total OPEB Liability, Ending (a) | \$113,392,703 | \$108,301,873 | \$ 91,049,406 | \$ 83,799,046 | \$ 82,719,596 |
| | | | | | |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 8,143,732 | \$ 7,514,976 | \$ 6,864,988 | \$ 6,160,668 | \$ 6,950,743 |
| Net Investment Income | 4,054,762 | 3,032,165 | (4,047,045) | 10,143,922 | 2,096,210 |
| Investment Gains or Losses | - | - | - | - | (1,099,110) |
| Benefit Payments | (8,143,732) | (7,514,976) | (6,864,988) | (6,160,668) | (5,945,243) |
| Administrative Expenses | (28,130) | (27,865) | (31,102) | (29,042) | (27,508) |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | 4,026,632 | 3,004,300 | (4,078,147) | 10,114,880 | 1,975,092 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning | 42,784,206 | 39,779,906 | 43,858,053 | 33,743,173 | 31,768,081 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b) | \$ 46,810,838 | \$ 42,784,206 | \$ 39,779,906 | \$ 43,858,053 | \$ 33,743,173 |
| | | | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability, Ending (a) - (b) | \$ 66,581,865 | \$ 65,517,667 | \$ 51,269,500 | \$ 39,940,993 | \$ 48,976,423 |
| | | | | | |
| Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability | 41.28% | 39.50% | 43.69% | 52.34% | 40.79% |
| , | | | | | |
| Covered Payroll | \$563,813,011 | \$481,013,873 | \$481,013,873 | \$466,464,228 | \$466,464,228 |
| • | . , , | . , , - | . , , - | . , , - | . , , - |
| Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll | 11.81% | 13.62% | 10.66% | 8.56% | 10.50% |
| , | | /- | | | |
| | | | | | |

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required and until a 10-year trend is complied, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

This schedule is presented using the optional format of combining the required schedules as required by GAAP.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – RETIREE HEALTH SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | (continued) |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2019 | June 30, 2018 | June 30, 2017 |
| Total OPEB Liability | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ 2,429,766 | \$ 1,239,627 | \$ 1,529,672 |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | 6,508,729 | 5,027,382 | 4,928,893 |
| Effect of Economic/Demographic Gains or (Losses) | - | 1,400,273 | - |
| Effect of Assumption Changes or Inputs | 3,705,597 | 20,370,070 | - |
| Benefit Payments | (6,650,666) | (6,679,101) | (5,661,710) |
| Net Change in Total OPEB Liability | 5,993,426 | 21,358,251 | 796,855 |
| Total OPEB Liability, Beginning | 93,821,157 | 72,462,906 | 71,666,051 |
| Total OPEB Liability, Ending (a) | \$ 99,814,583 | \$ 93,821,157 | \$ 72,462,906 |
| Fiduciary Net Position | | | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ 6,650,666 | \$ 7,369,401 | \$ 5,661,710 |
| Net Investment Income | 2,126,862 | 1,922,273 | 3,098,316 |
| Investment Gains or Losses | (729,008) | 675,431 | - |
| Benefit Payments | (6,650,666) | (6,679,101) | (5,661,710) |
| Administrative Expenses | (26,592) | (25,409) | (24,357) |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | 1,371,262 | 3,262,595 | 3,073,959 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning | 30,396,819 | 27,134,224 | 24,060,265 |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b) | \$ 31,768,081 | \$ 30,396,819 | \$ 27,134,224 |
| , , , , , , | | | |
| Net OPEB Liability, Ending (a) - (b) | \$ 68,046,502 | \$ 63,424,338 | \$ 45,328,682 |
| Fiduciary Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability | 31.83% | 32.40% | 37.45% |
| Covered Payroll | \$444,517,100 | \$444,517,100 | \$426,884,300 |
| Net OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll | 15.31% | 14.27% | 10.62% |

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required and until a 10-year trend is complied, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

This schedule is presented using the optional format of combining the required schedules as required by GAAP.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – RETIREE HEALTH SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

| Fiscal Year | Actuarially | Actual | Contribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|--------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Determined | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Contribution* | (Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2015 | \$5,832,200 | \$ 5,832,200 | \$ - | \$ 421,065,100 | 1.39% |
| 2016 | \$4,462,800 | \$ 5,748,000 | \$ (1,285,200) | \$ 426,884,300 | 1.35% |
| 2017 | \$4,542,400 | \$ 5,661,710 | \$ (1,119,310) | \$ 426,884,300 | 1.33% |
| 2018 | \$7,369,400 | \$ 7,369,400 | \$ - | \$ 444,517,100 | 1.66% |
| 2019 | \$7,656,200 | \$ 6,650,700 | \$ 1,005,500 | \$ 444,517,100 | 1.50% |
| 2020 | \$5,704,500 | \$ 6,950,743 | \$ (1,246,243) | \$ 466,464,228 | 1.49% |
| 2021 | \$5,835,800 | \$ 6,160,668 | \$ (324,868) | \$ 466,464,228 | 1.32% |
| 2022 | \$5,942,500 | \$ 6,864,988 | \$ (922,488) | \$ 481,013,873 | 1.43% |
| 2023 | \$7,437,500 | \$ 7,514,976 | \$ (77,476) | \$ 481,013,873 | 1.56% |
| 2024 | \$7,627,700 | \$ 8,143,732 | \$ (516,032) | \$ 563,813,011 | 1.44% |
| | | | | | |

^{*}Employer contributions include trust contributions and explicit subsidy payment directly to retirees from the School Board's own resources. They also include estimate subsidy payments for retirees from the School Board's own resources.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – RETIREE HEALTH SCHEDULE OF ANNUAL CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Valuation Timing:

Actuarial valuations for OPEB funding purposes are performed biennially as of January 1.

The most recent valuation was performed as of January 1, 2024.

Actuarial Cost Method Projected Unit Credit
Amortization Method Level Dollar, Closed

Amortization Period 22 Years Remaining as of January 1, 2024

Asset Valuation Method Five-year asset smoothing; Actuarial value of assets will equal fair value

for applicable year less amounts deferred through the recognition over five years of the annual difference between actual and expected fair value of

assets.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary Increases Inflation rate of 2.50%; productivity component 1.00%; and a variable merit component

that is dependent on years of service.

Discount Rate 6.50%

Age Related Claims Costs Age related medical claims cost assumptions for retirees based on recent retiree claims

experience. Based on retiree population size and claim patterns during calendar years 2022 through 2023, assigned one third credibility to calendar year 2022 and remaining

two thirds to calendar year 2023 retiree and dependent claims.

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Assumption changed from 7.50% in 2024, 6.60% in 2025, 5.60% in 2025, then grading to an

to an ultimate rate of 3.90% in 2074. These healthcare trend rates are consistent

with information from the Getzen Trend Model, Milliman's Healthe Cost Guidelines and

actuarial judgment.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – RETIREE HEALTH SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENT RETURNS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

| Fiscal Year | Net |
|-------------|----------------|
| Ending | Money-Weighted |
| June 30 | Rate of Return |
| 2017 | 12.89% |
| 2018 | 9.56% |
| 2019 | 4.60% |
| 2020 | 3.04% |
| 2021 | 30.08% |
| 2022 | -9.23% |
| 2023 | 7.63% |
| 2024 | 9.48% |
| | |

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. The first year for this presentation is 2017; additional years will be presented as they become available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) – POLITICAL SUBDIVISION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

| | Jui | ne 30, 2023 | Ju | ne 30, 2022 | Ju | ne 30, 2021 | Ju | ne 30, 2020 |
|--|-----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|
| Total HIC OPEB Liability | | | | | | | | |
| Service Cost | \$ | 43,751 | \$ | 58,118 | \$ | 63,751 | \$ | - |
| Interest on Total OPEB Liability | | 429,451 | | 390,927 | | 354,375 | | - |
| Changes of Benefit Terms | | - | | - | | - | | 5,249,993 |
| Difference between actual and | | | | | | | | |
| expected experience | | (2,817,220) | | (167,281) | | - | | - |
| Change in Assumptions | | - | | 475,946 | | 149,910 | | - |
| Benefit Payments | | (175,968) | | (169,274) | | _ | | - |
| Net Change in Total HIC OPEB Liability | | (2,519,986) | | 588,436 | | 568,036 | | 5,249,993 |
| Total HIC OPEB Liability, Beginning | | 6,406,465 | | 5,818,029 | | 5,249,993 | | 0 |
| Total HIC OPEB Liability, Ending (a) | \$ | 3,886,479 | \$ | 6,406,465 | \$ | 5,818,029 | \$ | 5,249,993 |
| Fiducian Not Position | | | | | | | | |
| Fiduciary Net Position | ۲ | EOE C21 | \$ | 420.072 | \$ | 400.004 | ۲ | |
| Employer Contributions | \$ | 585,631 | Ş | 430,973 | Ş | 400,904 | \$ | - |
| Net Investment Income | | 62,476 | | (5,734) | | 47,594 | | - |
| Benefit Payments | | (175,968) | | (169,274) | | - (4 754) | | - |
| Administrative Expenses | | (1,676) | | (1,280) | | (1,754) | | = |
| Other | - | 235 | | 4,151 | | | | - |
| Net Change in Fiduciary Net Position | | 470,698 | | 258,836 | | 446,744 | | - |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Beginning | | 705,580 | _ | 446,744 | | | | - |
| Fiduciary Net Position, Ending (b) | \$ | 1,176,278 | \$ | 705,580 | \$ | 446,744 | \$ | |
| Net HIC OPEB Liability, Ending (a) - (b) | \$ | 2,710,201 | \$ | 5,700,885 | \$ | 5,371,285 | \$ | 5,249,993 |
| Fiduciary Net Position as a % of | | | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB HIC Liability | | 30.27% | | 11.01% | | 7.68% | | 0.00% |
| Covered Payroll | \$ | 57,416,545 | \$ | 49,466,229 | \$ | 46,018,028 | \$ | - |
| Net HIC OPEB Liability as a % of Covered Payroll | | 4.72% | | 11.52% | | 11.67% | | N/A |

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, recalculations of prior years are not required and until a 10-year trend is complied, OPEB plans should present information for those years for which information is available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| Health Insurance Credit Program - Teacher | | | | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability | 4.64345% | 4.73288% | 4.80573% | 4.87922% | 4.96761% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability | \$ 56,251,561 | \$ 59,115,873 | \$ 61,684,868 | \$ 63,650,230 | \$ 65,030,846 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ 463,002,968 | \$ 441,111,818 | \$ 425,016,085 | \$ 427,749,309 | \$ 416,667,852 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 12.15% | 13.40% | 14.51% | 14.88% | 15.61% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total HIC OPEB Liability | 17.09% | 15.08% | 13.15% | 9.95% | 8.97% |

(continued)

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY HEALTH INSURANCE CREDIT PROGRAM (HIC) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| | | (continued) |
|---|----------------|---------------|
| Health Insurance Credit Program - Teacher | | |
| | 2018 | 2017 |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability | 5.04954% | 5.06312% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability | \$ 64,113,000 | \$ 64,231,000 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ 408,375,692 | \$399,582,254 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 15.70% | 16.07% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total HIC OPEB Liability | 8.08% | 7.04% |

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (GLI) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| Group Life Insurance Program - Teachers | 2023 | 2022 | 2021 | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | 1.97218% | 2.03441% | 2.06530% | 2.08728% | 2.13333% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | \$ 23,652,620 | \$ 24,496,258 | \$ 24,045,696 | \$ 34,833,286 | \$ 34,714,957 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ 464,553,956 | \$ 442,535,190 | \$ 426,407,218 | \$ 429,568,184 | \$418,203,923 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 5.09% | 5.54% | 5.64% | 8.11% | 8.30% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | 69.30% | 67.21% | 67.45% | 52.64% | 52.00% |
| Group Life Insurance Program - Political Sub | division | | | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | 0.24585% | 0.22892% | 0.22524% | 0.23282% | 0.23547% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | \$ 2,948,512 | \$ 2,756,418 | \$ 2,622,404 | \$ 3,885,384 | \$ 3,831,723 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ 57,910,661 | \$ 49,796,398 | \$ 46,503,477 | \$ 47,915,825 | \$ 46,160,454 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | 5.09% | 5.54% | 5.64% | 8.11% | 8.30% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | 69.30% | 67.21% | 67.45% | 52.64% | 52.00% |
| | | | | | (continued) |

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY GROUP LIFE INSURANCE PROGRAM (GLI) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| | | | | (continued) |
|---|--------------|-------------|----|-------------|
| Group Life Insurance Program - Teachers | | 2018 | | 2017 |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | | 2.15565% | | 2.17633% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | \$ | 32,738,000 | \$ | 32,750,000 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 409,891,865 | \$ | 401,432,134 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 7.99% | | 8.16% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | ge 51.22% | | | 48.86% |
| Group Life Insurance Program - Political Sul | odiv | vision | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | | 0.23729% | | 0.24033% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability | \$ | 3,604,000 | \$ | 3,617,000 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 45,120,109 | \$ | 44,330,131 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 7.99% | | 8.16% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability | | 51.22% | | 48.86% |

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY VIRGINIA LOCAL DISABILITY PROGRAM (VLDP) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| Virginia Local Disability Program - Teachers | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|------------------|
| virginia Local Disability Program - Teachers | | 2023 | | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability | | 17.73122% | | 17.43607% | | 17.50814% | | 17.32958% | 16.94127% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | \$ | 117,722 | \$ | (19,604) | \$ | (123,258) | \$ | 139,032 | \$ 98,486 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 165,580,452 | \$2 | 140,335,596 | \$1 | 117,813,537 | \$1 | 102,504,393 | \$ 81,239,317 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 0.07% | | -0.01% | | -0.10% | | 0.14% | 0.12% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher VLDP OPEB Liability | | 93.77% | | 101.57% | | 114.46% | | 78.28% | 74.12% |
| Virginia Local Disability Program - Political Sub | di | vision | | | | | | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability | | 4.61706% | | 4.44580% | | 4.35422% | | 4.54891% | 4.62460% |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | \$ | (74,288) | \$ | (26,139) | \$ | (44,077) | \$ | 45,409 | \$ 93,686 |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 28,259,774 | \$ | 20,828,092 | \$ | 17,491,581 | \$ | 16,950,791 | \$ 14,290,947 |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | -0.26% | | -0.13% | | -0.25% | | 0.27% | 0.66% |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Liabili | | 116.89% | | 107.99% | | 229.01% | | 78.28% | 49.19% |
| | | | | | | | | | (continued) |

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB LIABILITY VIRGINIA LOCAL DISABILITY PROGRAM (VLDP) FOR THE MEASUREMENT DATES OF JUNE 30, 2017 through 2023

| Virginia Local Dischility Drogram. Tooch ore | | | (| continued) | |
|--|-----|------------|------|------------|--|
| Virginia Local Disability Program - Teachers | | 2018 | 2017 | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability | | 16.82241% | | 16.44512% | |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | \$ | 127,000 | \$ | 98,000 | |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 62,725,531 | \$ | 46,408,200 | |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 0.20% | | 0.21% | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Teacher VLDP OPEB Liability | | 46.18% | | 31.96% | |
| Virginia Local Disability Program - Political Sub | div | ision | | | |
| Employer's Proportion of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability | | 4.93874% | | 5.20662% | |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability(Asset) | \$ | 38,000 | \$ | 30,000 | |
| Employer's Covered Payroll | \$ | 11,991,585 | \$ | 9,560,850 | |
| Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net VLDP OPEB Liability as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll | | 0.32% | | 0.31% | |
| Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Political Subdivision VLDP OPEB Liabili | | 51.39% | | 38.40% | |

Notes to Schedule:

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Health Insurance Credit Program - Teacher

| Fiscal Year | Contractually | Actual | Contribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Required | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2024 | \$6,150,231 | \$ 6,150,231 | \$ - | \$ 507,674,183 | 1.21% |
| 2023 | \$5,603,990 | \$ 5,603,990 | \$ - | \$ 463,002,968 | 1.21% |
| 2022 | \$5,398,393 | \$ 5,398,393 | \$ - | \$ 441,111,818 | 1.22% |
| 2021 | \$5,143,628 | \$ 5,143,628 | \$ - | \$ 425,016,085 | 1.21% |
| 2020 | \$5,148,298 | \$ 5,148,298 | \$ - | \$ 427,749,309 | 1.20% |
| 2019 | \$4,996,970 | \$ 4,996,970 | \$ - | \$ 416,667,852 | 1.20% |
| 2018 | \$5,023,021 | \$ 5,023,021 | \$ - | \$ 408,375,692 | 1.23% |
| 2017 | \$4,914,862 | \$ 4,435,363 | \$ 479,499 | \$ 399,582,254 | 1.11% |
| 2016 | \$4,609,056 | \$ 4,140,339 | \$ 468,717 | \$ 390,598,006 | 1.06% |
| 2015 | \$4,556,498 | \$ 4,093,125 | \$ 463,373 | \$ 386,143,862 | 1.06% |
| | | | | | |

Health Insurance Credit Program - Political Subdivision

| Fiscal Year | Contractually | Actual | Contribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Required | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2024 | \$ 650,062 | \$ 650,062 | \$ - | \$ 63,738,321 | 1.02% |
| 2023 | \$ 588,631 | \$ 588,631 | \$ - | \$ 57,416,545 | 1.03% |
| 2022 | \$ 430,973 | \$ 430,973 | \$ - | \$ 49,466,229 | 0.87% |
| 2021 | \$ 400,904 | \$ 400,904 | \$ - | \$ 46,081,028 | 0.87% |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Notes to Schedule:

This schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Since 2024 is the fourth year the School Board had employees eligible for HIC – Political Subdivision, there are only four years available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Changes of benefit terms: There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Updated Mortality Rates to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Group Life Insurance Program - Teacher

| Fiscal Year | Contractually | Actual | Contribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Required | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2024 | \$2,752,572 | \$ 2,752,572 | \$ - | \$ 509,198,060 | 0.54% |
| 2023 | \$2,509,214 | \$ 2,509,214 | \$ - | \$ 464,553,956 | 0.54% |
| 2022 | \$2,368,914 | \$ 2,368,914 | \$ - | \$ 442,535,190 | 0.54% |
| 2021 | \$2,302,569 | \$ 2,302,569 | \$ - | \$ 426,407,218 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | \$2,257,910 | \$ 2,257,910 | \$ - | \$ 429,568,184 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | \$2,189,610 | \$ 2,189,610 | \$ - | \$ 418,203,923 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | \$2,131,438 | \$ 2,131,438 | \$ - | \$ 409,891,865 | 0.52% |
| 2017 | \$2,087,447 | \$ 2,087,447 | \$ - | \$ 401,432,134 | 0.52% |
| 2016 | \$2,079,432 | \$ 1,883,259 | \$ 196,173 | \$ 392,345,632 | 0.48% |
| 2015 | \$2,053,604 | \$ 1,859,868 | \$ 193,736 | \$ 387,472,533 | 0.48% |
| | | | | | |

Group Life Insurance Program - Political Subdivision

| Fiscal Year | Cor | ntractually | | Actual | Cor | ntribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|------------------|----------------|
| Ending | R | equired | Er | mployer | De | eficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Cor | ntribution | Cor | ntribution | (| Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payrol |
| 2024 | \$ | 347,170 | \$ | 347,170 | \$ | - | \$ 64,290,045 | 0.54% |
| 2023 | \$ | 312,721 | \$ | 312,721 | \$ | - | \$ 57,910,661 | 0.54% |
| 2022 | \$ | 268,726 | \$ | 268,726 | \$ | - | \$ 49,796,398 | 0.54% |
| 2021 | \$ | 251,112 | \$ | 251,112 | \$ | - | \$ 46,503,477 | 0.54% |
| 2020 | \$ | 250,065 | \$ | 250,065 | \$ | - | \$ 47,915,825 | 0.52% |
| 2019 | \$ | 241,899 | \$ | 241,899 | \$ | - | \$ 46,160,454 | 0.52% |
| 2018 | \$ | 234,625 | \$ | 234,625 | \$ | - | \$ 45,120,109 | 0.52% |
| 2017 | \$ | 230,517 | \$ | 230,517 | \$ | - | \$ 44,330,131 | 0.52% |
| 2016 | \$ | 231,831 | \$ | 209,960 | \$ | 21,871 | \$ 43,741,730 | 0.48% |
| 2015 | \$ | 221,058 | \$ | 200,204 | \$ | 20,854 | \$ 41,709,123 | 0.48% |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of benefit terms There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Updated Mortality Rates to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) FOR THE YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2014 THROUGH JUNE 30, 2024

Virginia Local Disability Program - Teacher

| Fiscal Year | Contractually | Actual | Contribution | | Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|----------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Required | Employer | Deficiency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Contribution | (Excess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2024 | \$ 913,923 | \$ 913,923 | \$ - | \$ 194,019,780 | 0.47% |
| 2023 | \$ 778,254 | \$ 778,254 | \$ - | \$ 165,580,452 | 0.47% |
| 2022 | \$ 659,550 | \$ 659,550 | \$ - | \$ 140,335,596 | 0.47% |
| 2021 | \$ 553,806 | \$ 553,806 | \$ - | \$ 117,813,537 | 0.47% |
| 2020 | \$ 423,008 | \$ 423,008 | \$ - | \$ 102,504,393 | 0.41% |
| 2019 | \$ 333,074 | \$ 333,074 | \$ - | \$ 81,239,317 | 0.41% |
| 2018 | \$ 194,449 | \$ 194,449 | \$ - | \$ 62,725,531 | 0.31% |
| 2017 | \$ 143,865 | \$ 143,865 | \$ - | \$ 46,408,200 | 0.31% |
| 2016 | \$ 80,152 | \$ 80,152 | \$ - | \$ 27,638,756 | 0.29% |
| 2015 | \$ 44,612 | \$ 44,612 | \$ - | \$ 15,383,610 | 0.29% |
| | | | | | |

Virginia Local Disability Program - Political Subdivision

| Fiscal Year | Contractually | | Actual | Contril | oution | | Contribution |
|-------------|---------------|-----|------------|---------|--------|------------------|-----------------|
| Ending | Required | Er | nployer | Defic | ency | Covered | as a % of |
| June 30 | Contribution | Cor | ntribution | (Exc | ess) | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| 2024 | \$ 298,601 | \$ | 298,601 | \$ | - | \$ 35,129,142 | 0.85% |
| 2023 | \$ 240,208 | \$ | 240,208 | \$ | - | \$ 28,259,774 | 0.85% |
| 2022 | \$ 172,623 | \$ | 172,623 | \$ | - | \$ 20,828,092 | 0.83% |
| 2021 | \$ 145,229 | \$ | 145,229 | \$ | - | \$ 17,491,581 | 0.83% |
| 2020 | \$ 122,065 | \$ | 122,065 | \$ | - | \$ 16,950,791 | 0.72% |
| 2019 | \$ 102,908 | \$ | 102,908 | \$ | - | \$ 14,290,947 | 0.72% |
| 2018 | \$ 71,950 | \$ | 71,950 | \$ | - | \$ 11,991,585 | 0.60% |
| 2017 | \$ 57,365 | \$ | 57,365 | \$ | - | \$ 9,560,850 | 0.60% |
| 2016 | \$ 40,146 | \$ | 40,146 | \$ | - | \$ 6,691,000 | 0.60% |
| 2015 | \$ 18,242 | \$ | 18,242 | \$ | - | \$ 3,040,304 | 0.60% |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS JUNE 30, 2024

Notes to Schedule:

Changes of benefit

terms: There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of

assumptions: The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022, valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2016 through June 30, 2020, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2021. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

- Updated Mortality Rates to PUB2010 public sector mortality tables. For future mortality improvements, replace load with a modified Mortality Improvement Scale MP-2020
- Adjusted retirement rates to better fit experience for Plan 1; set separate rates based on experience for Plan 2/Hybrid; changed final retirement age from 75 to 80 for all
- Adjusted withdrawal rates to better fit experience at each age and service decrement through 9 years of service
- No change to disability rates
- No change to salary scale
- No change to discount rate

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Original | | Final | | | | | | 2023 |
|---|----------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|----------|--------------|--------------|-------------|
| | | Budget | | Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money and Property | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rents | \$ | 450,000 | \$ | 450,000 | \$ | 334,400 | \$ | (115,600) | <u>Ş</u> | 332,074 |
| Charges for Services | | | | | | | | | | |
| Tuition and Educational Fees | \$ | 1,481,100 | \$ | 1,481,100 | \$ | 928,150 | \$ | (552,950) | \$ | 1,018,801 |
| Miscellaneous Revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Sale of Salvage | \$ | 12,000 | \$ | 12,000 | \$ | 96,481 | \$ | 84,481 | \$ | 97,244 |
| Donations | Ψ. | - | Ψ | - | Ψ. | - | Ψ | - | 7 | 500 |
| Miscellaneous | | 224,703 | | 224,703 | | 222,260 | | (2,443) | | 135,212 |
| Indirect Costs | | 600,000 | | 600,000 | | 1,073,357 | | 473,357 | | 1,283,330 |
| Athletics | | 559,000 | | 559,000 | | 724,361 | | 165,361 | | 723,074 |
| Instructional Technology | | - | | - | | 806,937 | | 806,937 | | 264,081 |
| Lost, Damaged, Stolen Technology | | - | | - | | 345,449 | | 345,449 | | 176,262 |
| SECEP CIP | | - | | - | | 1,500,000 | | 1,500,000 | | - |
| Stop Arm Enforcement | | 450,000 | | 450,000 | | 1,053,162 | | 603,162 | | 1,235,478 |
| Total Miscellaneous Revenues | \$ | 1,845,703 | \$ | 1,845,703 | \$ | 5,822,007 | \$ | 3,976,304 | \$ | 3,915,181 |
| From Local Government | _ | | | | _ | | | | | |
| <u>From Local Government</u> City - General Fund | Ś | 466,488,557 | Ś | 466,738,557 | \$ | 435,044,933 | ċ | (31,693,624) | \$ | 406,510,736 |
| City - School Reserve Fund | ڔ | 333,591 | ڔ | 333,591 | ڔ | 333,591 | ڔ | (31,093,024) | ڔ | 667,182 |
| City for Consolidated Benefits Office | | 735,538 | | 735,538 | | 735,538 | | _ | | 735,538 |
| Total From Local Government | Ś | 467,557,686 | Ś | 467,807,686 | Ś | 436,114,062 | \$ | (31,693,624) | \$ | 407,913,456 |
| | <u> </u> | +07,557,000 | - | 407,007,000 | , | +30,11+,002 | <u> </u> | (31,033,024) | - | +07,313,430 |
| From Commonwealth | | | | | | | | | | |
| Basic Aid | \$ | 194,581,743 | \$ | 200,215,771 | \$ | 204,051,071 | \$ | 3,835,300 | \$ | |
| Reimbursement-Social Security | | 11,455,858 | | 11,380,738 | | 11,327,663 | | (53,075) | | 11,413,104 |
| Reimbursement-Retirement | | 26,742,855 | | 26,555,054 | | 26,431,213 | | (123,841) | | 26,630,576 |
| Reimbursement-Life Insurance | | 826,324 | | 788,764 | | 785,086 | | (3,678) | | 791,007 |
| Remedial Education | | 4,845,265 | | 4,845,265 | | 4,822,668 | | (22,597) | | 4,859,044 |
| Remedial Education-Summer School | | 259,522 | | 259,522 | | 313,300 | | 53,778 | | 259,522 |
| Special Education | | 19,268,378 | | 19,268,378 | | 19,178,518 | | (89,860) | | 19,323,176 |
| Special Education-Regional Program | | 5,249,475 | | 5,249,475 | | 5,312,665 | | 63,190 | | 5,704,041 |
| Special Education-Homebound | | 58,168 | | 58,168 | | 128,229 | | 70,061 | | 57,592 |
| Special Education-Foster Children | | - | | - | | 230,469 | | 230,469 | | 246,403 |
| Foster Home Children | | 415,005 | | 415,005 | | 206,422 | | (208,583) | | 170,417 |
| Vocational | | 2,178,491 | | 2,178,491 | | 2,168,331 | | (10,160) | | 2,184,687 |
| Vocational-Occupational/Tech. | | 376,114 | | 376,114 | | 227,819 | | (148,295) | | 254,861 |
| Sales Tax | | 95,578,220 | | 95,578,220 | | 90,678,103 | | (4,900,117) | | 98,633,260 |
| Class Size Initiative | | 5,357,810 | | 5,357,810 | | 5,380,957 | | 23,147 | | 5,357,991 |
| At-Risk Initiative | | 10,222,748 | | 10,444,757 | | 10,395,848 | | (48,909) | | 10,113,438 |
| English as a Second Language | | 2,236,894 | | 2,236,894 | | 2,148,286 | | (88,608) | | 1,954,796 |
| Supplemental Lottery per Pupil Alloc. | | 15,089,374 | | 15,089,374 | | 15,137,938 | | 48,564 | | 15,217,138 |
| Salary Supplement | | 32,345,532 | | 30,198,042 | | 30,049,095 | | (148,947) | | 11,861,546 |
| Gifted and Talented Aid | | 2,065,810 | | 2,065,810 | | 2,056,176 | | (9,634) | | 2,071,686 |
| Other State Funds | _ | 22,841,006 | _ | 22,841,006 | _ | 22,803,673 | _ | (37,333) | _ | 14,872,924 |
| Total From Commonwealth | \$ | 451,994,592 | \$ | 455,402,658 | <u>\$</u> | 453,833,530 | \$ | (1,569,128) | \$ | 424,442,822 |
| From Federal Government | | | | | | | | | | |
| Public Law 874 | \$ | 9,935,191 | \$ | 9,935,191 | \$ | 12,549,925 | \$ | 2,614,734 | \$ | 9,523,666 |
| Public Law 874-Special Education | | - | | - | | 1,431,369 | | 1,431,369 | | 1,065,112 |
| Dept of the Navy-NJROTC | | 100,000 | | 100,000 | | 326,957 | | 226,957 | | 286,714 |
| Department of Defense | | 1,500,000 | | 1,500,000 | | 3,385,722 | | 1,885,722 | | 2,857,287 |
| Dept of Defense-Special Education | | - | | - | | 2,313,880 | | 2,313,880 | | 2,253,058 |
| Medicaid Reimbursement | | 1,964,809 | | 1,964,809 | | 1,874,578 | | (90,231) | | 2,181,775 |
| | | | | | | | | | | (continued) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | | | | | | (continued |
|--|----|--------------------|----|-----------------|------------------|-------------|----------|--------------|----|----------------|
| | | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | 2023 Actual |
| Medicaid Reimbursement-Transportation | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 43,998 | \$ | 43,998 | \$ | 270,028 |
| Other Federal Funds | _ | - | _ | - | | 333 | _ | 333 | _ | 64 |
| Total From Federal Government | \$ | 13,500,000 | \$ | 13,500,000 | \$ | 21,926,762 | \$ | 8,426,762 | \$ | 18,437,704 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 936,829,081 | \$ | 940,487,147 | \$ | 918,958,911 | \$ | (21,528,236) | \$ | 856,060,038 |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | | | | | | | | | |
| Elementary Classroom | \$ | 188,423,570 | \$ | 186,076,500 | \$ | 185,802,596 | \$ | 273,904 | \$ | 170,053,262 |
| Middle School Classroom | | 69,451,618 | | 70,659,699 | | 69,725,361 | | 934,338 | | 64,394,374 |
| Senior High Classroom | | 96,205,381 | | 96,067,136 | | 94,488,630 | | 1,578,506 | | 84,500,905 |
| Special Education | | 113,053,870 | | 113,005,564 | | 111,975,221 | | 1,030,343 | | 103,585,217 |
| Technical and Career Education | | 19,986,962 | | 20,571,671 | | 20,463,898 | | 107,773 | | 18,337,271 |
| Gifted Education and Academy Programs | | 17,663,157 | | 18,284,939 | | 18,175,116 | | 109,823 | | 16,066,577 |
| Alternative Education - Renaissance | | 6,692,396 | | 6,843,022 | | 6,660,474 | | 182,548 | | 5,778,415 |
| Remedial Education | | 11,393,754 | | 11,321,411 | | 10,067,682 | | 1,253,729 | | 9,902,397 |
| Summer School | | 1,868,683 | | 1,710,895 | | 1,202,328 | | 508,567 | | 1,177,980 |
| General Adult Education | | 2,302,976 | | 2,379,278 | | 2,310,781 | | 68,497 | | 2,023,12 |
| Guidance Services | | 23,688,163 | | 23,795,306 | | 23,772,295 | | 23,011 | | 21,603,020 |
| Student Services | | 850,462 | | 879,795 | | 878,347 | | 1,448 | | 780,122 |
| Social Work Services | | 4,811,332 | | 5,070,034 | | 4,770,458 | | 299,576 | | 5,280,20 |
| Homebound Services | | 346,120 | | 246,392 | | 197,432 | | 48,960 | | 164,763 |
| Instructional Support | | 13,668,188 | | 14,976,550 | | - | | 456,099 | | |
| • • | _ | | | | | 14,520,451 | | • | | 13,346,56 |
| Instructional Professional Growth & Innovation | n | 1,308,087 | | 1,522,900 | | 1,382,165 | | 140,735 | | 1,045,41 |
| Diversity Equity & Inclusion | | 567,050 | | 651,389 | | 633,823 | | 17,566 | | 408,17 |
| Student Leadership | | 1,981,064 | | 2,216,476 | | 2,083,560 | | 132,916 | | 2,101,424 |
| School Leadership | | 2,302,635 | | 2,185,561 | | 2,012,263 | | 173,298 | | 2,278,860 |
| Student Activities | | 4,281,041 | | 4,316,228 | | 4,228,421 | | 87,807 | | 4,610,24 |
| Student Athletics | | 5,771,170 | | 5,860,021 | | 5,733,978 | | 126,043 | | 6,041,430 |
| Special Education Support | | 5,112,653 | | 5,553,488 | | 5,543,498 | | 9,990 | | 4,616,884 |
| Technical and Career Ed. Support | | 1,271,463 | | 1,276,230 | | 1,245,875 | | 30,355 | | 1,129,32 |
| Gifted Educ. & Academy Programs Support | | 2,823,365 | | 2,841,083 | | 2,679,471 | | 161,612 | | 2,419,86 |
| Alternative Education Support | | 3,019,200 | | 3,030,913 | | 2,925,591 | | 105,322 | | 2,763,979 |
| Media Services Support | | 15,554,199 | | 15,716,961 | | 15,538,931 | | 178,030 | | 14,310,96 |
| Office/Principal - Elementary | | 31,553,354 | | 32,001,198 | | 31,634,084 | | 367,114 | | 29,791,317 |
| Office/Principal - Middle Schools | | 13,025,321 | | 13,333,714 | | 13,259,650 | | 74,064 | | 12,430,910 |
| Office/Principal - Senior High | | 14,211,232 | | 14,323,419 | | 14,281,964 | | 41,455 | | 13,355,597 |
| Office/Principal - Tech & Career | | 781,006 | | 807,969 | | 776,615 | | 31,354 | | 737,18 |
| Green Run Collegiate Public Charter | | 4,002,964 | | 4,002,992 | | 4,177,678 | | (174,686) | | 3,821,275 |
| Total Instruction | Ś | 677,972,436 | Ś | 681,528,734 | Ś | 673,148,637 | \$ | 8,380,097 | Ś | 618,857,050 |
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | ÷ | - ,- , | ÷ | ,, - | · · · | , -, | <u> </u> | -,, | ÷ | |
| Board & Governmental Services | \$ | 437,514 | \$ | 612,384 | \$ | 553,357 | Ś | 59,027 | Ś | 451,188 |
| Legal Services | 7 | 1,479,771 | т | 1,467,051 | т | 1,212,133 | 7 | 254,918 | т. | 1,165,137 |
| Office of the Superintendent | | 1,228,855 | | 1,233,715 | | 1,195,530 | | 38,185 | | 1,201,40 |
| Communications & Community Engagement | | 2,576,223 | | 2,610,645 | | 2,415,682 | | 194,963 | | 2,322,389 |
| Department of Human Resources | | 6,090,997 | | 5,911,799 | | 5,490,982 | | 420,817 | | 5,555,374 |
| Professional Growth & Innovation | | | | | | 1,097,908 | | | | |
| Consolidated Benefits Office | | 1,136,418 | | 1,141,905 | | | | 43,997 | | 1,021,079 |
| | | 2,840,273 | | 2,758,600 | | 2,487,288 | | 271,312 | | 2,545,323 |
| Planning Innovation & Accountability | | 2,664,487 | | 2,660,136 | | 2,184,950 | | 475,186 | | 1,968,95 |
| Department of Budget & Finance | | 5,955,743 | | 5,953,019 | | 5,650,072 | | 302,947 | | 5,581,575 |
| Internal Audit | | 579,845 | | 583,066 | | 555,607 | | 27,459 | | 452,68 |
| Procurement Services | | 1,426,750 | | 1,464,001 | | 1,136,495 | | 327,506 | | 1,111,36 |
| Health Services | | 9,613,028 | | 9,620,113 | | 9,146,711 | | 473,402 | | 8,603,91 |
| Psychological Services | | 8,469,906 | | 8,402,906 | | 8,021,983 | | 380,923 | | 6,756,577 |
| Audiological Services | _ | 528,380 | _ | 554,077 | _ | 516,790 | _ | 37,287 | | 499,580 |
| Total Admin, Attendance, & Health | \$ | 45,028,190 | \$ | 44,973,417 | \$ | 41,665,488 | \$ | 3,307,929 | \$ | 39,236,548 |
| | _ | | _ | | | | _ | | _ | (continue |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | | | | | | (continued) |
|---|----|--------------------|----|-----------------|----|-------------|----|------------|----|----------------|
| | | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | 2023 Actual |
| Pupil Transportation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transportation Management | \$ | 3,212,379 | \$ | 3,477,062 | \$ | 3,368,091 | \$ | 108,971 | \$ | 3,494,900 |
| Vehicle Operations | | 29,423,894 | | 34,092,934 | | 31,414,747 | | 2,678,187 | | 30,901,574 |
| Vehicle Operations - Special Education | | 9,301,104 | | 9,932,984 | | 9,112,230 | | 820,754 | | 8,743,208 |
| Monitoring Services - Special Education | | 4,181,110 | | 4,193,526 | | 3,129,269 | | 1,064,257 | | 2,842,579 |
| Vehicle Maintenance | | 4,738,624 | | 4,553,347 | | 4,181,978 | | 371,369 | | 3,869,642 |
| Green Run Collegiate Public Charter | | 321,578 | | 321,578 | | 121,942 | | 199,636 | | 297,128 |
| Total Pupil Transportation | \$ | 51,178,689 | \$ | 56,571,431 | \$ | 51,328,257 | \$ | 5,243,174 | \$ | 50,149,031 |
| Operations and Maintenance | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| School Division Services | \$ | 344,246 | \$ | 349,370 | \$ | 346,046 | \$ | 3,324 | \$ | 337,381 |
| Facilities and Maintenance Services | | 51,035,215 | | 59,288,500 | | 57,006,984 | | 2,281,516 | | 55,366,137 |
| Custodial Services | | 36,608,265 | | 36,863,803 | | 34,127,543 | | 2,736,260 | | 29,442,110 |
| Grounds Services | | 5,444,060 | | 5,444,060 | | 5,444,060 | | - | | 4,929,962 |
| Vehicle Services | | 1,769,215 | | 1,891,436 | | 1,761,005 | | 130,431 | | 3,479,045 |
| Security & Emergency Management | | 12,241,192 | | 12,097,235 | | 11,937,345 | | 159,890 | | 10,711,367 |
| Distribution Services | | 2,189,272 | | 2,239,879 | | 2,050,355 | | 189,524 | | 1,987,776 |
| Telecommunications | | 1,346,872 | | 1,362,716 | | 1,275,692 | | 87,024 | | 1,187,811 |
| Student Athletics | | - | | 220,000 | | 215,558 | | 4,442 | | 17,867 |
| Total Operations & Maintenance | \$ | 110,978,337 | \$ | 119,756,999 | \$ | 114,164,588 | \$ | 5,592,411 | \$ | 107,459,456 |
| <u>Technology</u> | _ | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 19,420,879 | \$ | 20,324,052 | \$ | 17,790,887 | \$ | 2,533,165 | \$ | 22,965,893 |
| Admin, Attendance & Health | | 3,174,559 | | 3,390,720 | | 3,159,527 | | 231,193 | | 3,651,636 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 478,328 | | 480,088 | | 409,181 | | 70,907 | | 519,804 |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 18,434,650 | | 19,494,302 | | 18,138,997 | | 1,355,305 | | 19,834,874 |
| Green Run Collegiate Public Charter | _ | 39,387 | | 39,387 | | 28,436 | | 10,951 | | 14,878 |
| Total Technology | \$ | 41,547,803 | \$ | 43,728,549 | \$ | 39,527,028 | \$ | 4,201,521 | \$ | 46,987,085 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 926,705,455 | \$ | 946,559,130 | \$ | 919,833,998 | \$ | 26,725,132 | \$ | 862,689,176 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ |
| OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | \$ | 10,123,626 | \$ | (6,071,983) | \$ | (875,087) | \$ | 5,196,896 | \$ | (6,629,138) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers Out | \$ | (10,699,466) | \$ | (10,518,442) | \$ | (4,886,769) | \$ | 5,631,673 | \$ | (5,140,987) |
| Sale of Capital Assets | | 15,000 | | 15,000 | | 259,637 | | 244,637 | | 607,655 |
| Total Other Financing | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| Sources (Uses), net | \$ | (10,684,466) | \$ | (10,503,442) | \$ | (4,627,132) | \$ | 5,876,310 | \$ | (4,533,332) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ | (560,840) | \$ | (16,575,425) | \$ | (5,502,219) | \$ | 11,073,206 | \$ | (11,162,470) |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | _ | 17,874,919 | _ | 17,874,919 | _ | 17,874,919 | _ | - | _ | 29,037,389 |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ | 17,314,079 | \$ | 1,299,494 | \$ | 12,372,700 | \$ | 11,073,206 | \$ | 17,874,919 |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance | 2023 Actual |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|-----------------|----------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| Miscellaneous \$ | 2,817,629 | \$ 4,708,291 | \$ 1,671,136 | \$ (3,037,155) | \$ 290,159 |
| From Commonwealth | 25,844,877 | 38,452,906 | 15,770,067 | (22,682,839) | 12,991,741 |
| From Federal Government | 100,959,621 | 107,819,181 | 79,448,660 | (28,370,521) | 87,365,261 |
| Contingency | 7,700,000 | 1,819,105 | - | (1,819,105) | - |
| Total Revenues \$ | 137,322,127 | \$ 152,799,483 | \$ 96,889,863 | \$ (55,909,620) | \$ 100,647,161 |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| Instruction 2 Revolutions \$ | | \$ 1,421 | \$ - | \$ 1,421 | ċ |
| | - | | | \$ 1,421 | |
| Adult Education & Family Literacy Act FY23 | - | 14,142 | 14,142 | - | 347,147 |
| Adult Education & Family Literacy Act FY24 | 360,682 | 348,543 | 348,543 | - | - |
| Advancing Computer Science Education FY24 | - | 58,870 | - | 58,870 | 240.200 |
| Algebra Readiness FY21 | - | 64,227 | 64,227 | - | 340,398 |
| Algebra Readiness FY22 | 681,761 | 667,219 | 667,219 | - | 275,959 |
| Algebra Readiness FY23 | 1,001,458 | 854,755 | 141,507 | 713,248 | 42,489 |
| Algebra Readiness FY24 | 997,620 | 966,957 | - | 966,957 | - |
| ARP Before & After School FY22 | 215,107 | 267,524 | 138,788 | 128,736 | 130,436 |
| ARP Homeless II FY22 | 142,792 | 191,401 | 73,421 | 117,980 | 174,757 |
| ARP Homess I FY22 | 15,000 | 15,110 | 11,555 | 3,555 | 34,890 |
| ARP Mentor Teacher FY22 | 39,258 | - | - | - | 39,258 |
| ARP Summer Learning FY22 | 137,621 | 234,895 | - | 234,895 | - |
| ARP Unfinished Learning FY22 | 1,028,637 | 1,075,608 | 1,075,608 | - | 319,239 |
| ARPA Bonus Payments FY23 | - | - | - | - | 6,374,894 |
| ARPA ESSER III FY21 | 21,029,755 | 17,788,755 | 15,559,576 | 2,229,179 | 17,810,051 |
| Asia Society Confucius Classrooms Network FY13 | - | 991 | 991 | - | - |
| Bayport Foundation FY23 | 50,000 | 242,943 | 242,943 | - | - |
| Bayport Foundation FY24 | 175,000 | 173,995 | 7,364 | 166,631 | - |
| Blueforge - TCEC Welding Lab FY23 | 2,300,000 | 835,000 | 22,417 | 812,583 | - |
| C. Perkins Career & Tech. Act FY22 | - | - | - | - | 54,098 |
| C. Perkins Career & Tech. Act FY23 | 54,120 | 86,821 | 86,821 | - | 664,693 |
| C. Perkins Career & Tech. Act FY24 | 768,010 | 720,716 | 708,818 | 11,898 | - |
| Career Switcher Progam Mentor FY23 | - | - | - | - | 11,440 |
| Career Switcher Progam Mentor FY24 | 11,725 | 15,600 | 5,400 | 10,200 | - |
| CARES Act ESSER FY21 | - | - | - | - | 126,391 |
| CARES ESSER Instrucitonal Delivery Support FY21 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 4,179 |
| CARES ESSER SPED Services Support FY21 | - | _ | _ | _ | 114,471 |
| CARES ESSER Universal Screener FY21 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 674 |
| Corrections Ed & Other Institutionalized FY23 | _ | _ | _ | _ | 1,098 |
| Corrections Ed & Other Institutionalized FY24 | _ | 1,098 | 1,098 | _ | -,050 |
| CRRSA Act ESSER II FY21 | _ | - | (449) | 449 | 591,025 |
| CTE Special State Equip Alloc FY24 | | 1,025 | 1,025 | - 443 | 391,023 |
| DodEA Spanish Immersion FY22 | | 1,025 | 1,023 | | 21,125 |
| DodEA Spanish Immersion FY23 | 68.690 | 81,568 | 81,568 | - | 213,111 |
| | , | | | 10.010 | |
| DodEA MUARR EV24 | 273,918 | 220,594 | 201,576 | 19,018 | - |
| DodEA WLARP FY24 | | 511,267 | 11,429 | 499,838 | 4.054.043 |
| Early Reading Intervention FY22 | 992,273 | 1,165,878 | 1,165,878 | 4 674 072 | 1,954,913 |
| Early Reading Intervention FY23 | 2,611,760 | 2,611,760 | 936,888 | 1,674,872 | - |
| Early Reading Intervention FY24 | 2,604,286 | 2,148,397 | - | 2,148,397 | - |
| ECSE Teacher Incentive FY23 | - | - | - | - | 23,715 |
| ECSE Teacher Incentive FY24 | - | 30,000 | 27,554 | 2,446 | - |
| Flexible Per Pupil Funding FY24 | - | 17,813,168 | 6,336,058 | 11,477,110 | - |
| General Adult Education FY23 | - | - | - | - | 30,993 |
| General Adult Education FY24 | 30,993 | 29,877 | 29,877 | - | - |
| Green Run Collegiate Charter School Support FY20 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Hampton Roads Community Foundation FY23 | - | - | - | - | 47,495 |
| Hampton Roads Community Foundation FY24 | | 47,495 | 47,495 | - | - |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council - Stem (OSY) FY23 | - | - | - | - | 100,679 |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council - Stem (OSY) FY24 | 148,150 | 162,060 | 107,103 | 54,957 | - |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council ALC FY23 | 142,629 | 180,000 | 118,198 | 61,802 | 124,403 |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council ALC 1123 | | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original | Final | | | 2023 |
|--|------------|------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Variance | Actual |
| ISAEP FY23 | - | - | - | - | 54,45 |
| ISAEP FY24 | 53,862 | 56,843 | 56,843 | - | - |
| Jail Education Program FY22 | - | - | - | - | 111,74 |
| Jail Education Program FY23 | 115,230 | 131,233 | 113,543 | 17,690 | 37,22 |
| Jail Education Program FY24 | 159,026 | 159,849 | 39,000 | 120,849 | - |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY22 | - | - | - | - | 802,49 |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY23 | 516,074 | 862,328 | 862,328 | - | 292,03 |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY24 | 826,622 | 826,622 | 327,606 | 499,016 | |
| Learning Loss Instructional Supports FY21 | - | - | - | - | 76,81 |
| McKinney Homeless FY21 | - | - | - | - | 14,36 |
| McKinney Homeless FY22 | - | - | - | - (0.00) | 72,30 |
| McKinney Homeless FY23 | 19,396 | 8,039 | 8,339 | (300) | 69,36 |
| McKinney Homeless FY24 | 77,584 | 89,584 | 68,819 | 20,765 | - |
| Middle School Maritime Exploration FY 24 | - | 47,175 | - | 47,175 | - |
| MyCAA-ALC Program FY23 | - | - | - | - | 2,29 |
| MyCAA-LPN Program FY23 | - | - | - | - | 1,00 |
| National Board Certified Teachers Stipend FY23 | - | - | - | - | 352,50 |
| National Board Certified Teachers Stipend FY24 | 350,000 | 345,000 | 345,000 | - | - |
| National Math & Science Initiative (NMSI) FY24 | - | 19,936 | 18,824 | 1,112 | - |
| Network Improvement Community (NIC) | - | - | - | - | - |
| New Teacher Mentor FY23 | - | - | - | - | 41,73 |
| New Teacher Mentor FY24 | 34,768 | 33,000 | 33,000 | - | - |
| NJROTC FY23 | - | - | - | - | 109,74 |
| NJROTC FY24 | - | 79,253 | 79,253 | - | - |
| NYLF Grief - Senitive Schools FY24 | - | 37,500 | - | 37,500 | - |
| Post 9-11 GI Bill FY23 | - | - | - | - | 4,72 |
| Post 9-11 GI Bill FY24 | - | 3,650 | 3,650 | - | - |
| Pre-K - Grade 2 Active Learning FY23 | - | 1,523 | 1,523 | - | 10,74 |
| Pre-K - Grade 2 Active Learning FY24 | - | 43,788 | 43,674 | 114 | - |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY22 | - | - | - | - | 361,90 |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY23 | 472,636 | 465,439 | 465,361 | 78 | 59,64 |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY24 | 525,403 | 534,697 | 46,360 | 488,337 | - |
| Project Graduation FY20 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Project Graduation FY21 | - | 750 | 750 | - | 17,61 |
| Project Graduation FY22 | 5,004 | 5,348 | 217 | 5,131 | - |
| Project Graduation FY23 | 5,383 | 5,383 | 3,897 | 1,486 | - |
| Project Graduation FY24 | 5,383 | 5,383 | - | 5,383 | - |
| Project Hope City Wide SCA FY14 | - | 2,454 | - | 2,454 | - |
| Race To GED FY23 | - | - | - | - | 65,19 |
| Race To GED FY24 | 58,691 | 46,539 | 46,539 | - | - |
| School - Based Mental Health Services FY24 | - | 371,102 | 37,920 | 333,182 | - |
| Startalk FY22 | 104,230 | 86,874 | 45,136 | 41,738 | 15,27 |
| Startalk FY23 | - | 98,834 | 21,099 | 77,735 | - |
| STEM Competition Team Initiative FY24 | - | 10,000 | - | 10,000 | - |
| STEM Teacher Recruitment & Retention FY23 | - | - | - | - | 5,00 |
| STEM Teacher Recruitment & Retention FY24 | - | 45,000 | 40,000 | 5,000 | - |
| Title I Part A FY20 | - | - | - | - | 437,66 |
| Title I Part A FY21 | - | - | - | - | 49,27 |
| Title I Part A FY22 | - | 955,091 | 955,091 | - | 1,368,91 |
| Title I Part A FY23 | 1,644,172 | 2,386,907 | 1,822,660 | 564,247 | 9,941,22 |
| Title I Part A FY24 | 11,944,929 | 16,341,184 | 10,044,636 | 6,296,548 | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY20 | - | - | - | - | 19 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY21 | - | - | - | - | 5 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY22 | 25,292 | 36,105 | 10,583 | 25,522 | 12,31 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY23 | 41,200 | 23,500 | 7,861 | 15,639 | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY24 | 41,200 | - | - | - | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY20 | - | - | - | - | 44,28 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY21 | - | 1,275 | 1,275 | - | 106,88 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY22 | 60,784 | 59,082 | 59,082 | - | 74,96 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY23 | 179,020 | 175,326 | 170,430 | 4,896 | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY24 | 179,020 | 154,758 | - | 154,758 | - |
| Title II Part A FY20 | - | - | - | - | 10,24 |
| | | | | | (continue |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original | Final | | | 2023 |
|---|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------|
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Variance | Actual |
| Title II Part A FY21 | \$ - | \$ 4,249 | \$ 4,249 | \$ - | \$ 71,9 |
| Title II Part A FY22 | - | 74,324 | 73,698 | 626 | 595,3 |
| Title II Part A FY23 | 1,084,180 | 1,048,987 | 1,019,918 | 29,069 | 1,000,9 |
| Title II Part A FY24 | 2,051,957 | 2,021,624 | 883,362 | 1,138,262 | - |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY21 | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY22 | 18,988 | 5,055 | 5,055 | - | 132,0 |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY23 | 124,130 | 168,453 | 168,453 | - | 31,3 |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY24 | 196,314 | 219,805 | 4,949 | 214,856 | - |
| Title III Part A Immigrant & Youth FY24 | | 20,108 | - | 20,108 | - |
| Title IV Part A FY20 | - | - | - | - | 94,7 |
| Title IV Part A FY21 | - | 25,793 | 25,793 | - | 29,2 |
| Title IV Part A FY22 | 171,246 | 200,475 | 200,475 | - | 557,1 |
| Title IV Part A FY23 | 787,491 | 698,616 | 637,076 | 61,540 | 3,6 |
| Title IV Part A FY24 | 844,517 | 1,028,112 | 77,846 | 950,266 | - |
| Title IV Pell FY23 | - | - | - | - | 51,1 |
| Title IV Pell FY24 | 50,060 | 65,130 | 65,125 | 5 | - |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY21 | - | - | - | - | |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY22 | - | 130,346 | 130,346 | - | 5,174,5 |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY23 | 5,322,339 | 5,356,646 | 5,132,077 | 224,569 | 10,266,5 |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY24 | 15,683,786 | 16,317,128 | 11,009,287 | 5,307,841 | - |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 ARP FY22 | 490,707 | 1,603,151 | 1,549,179 | 53,972 | 1,759,9 |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 619 ARP FY22 | 38,022 | 59,692 | 46,127 | 13,565 | 194,0 |
| United Way - Summer Enrichment FY23 | - | 89,967 | 88,909 | 1,058 | 16,7 |
| United Way - Mentor & Enrichment FY24 | - | 170,848 | 1,379 | 169,469 | - |
| VA Humanities Beneath the Surface FY21 | - | 4,905 | 4,905 | - | - |
| VA Initiative At Risk Four Year Olds FY22 | - | - | - | - | 1,157,8 |
| VA Initiative At Risk Four Year Olds FY23 | 2,009,481 | 1,979,310 | 1,979,311 | (1) | 5,301,3 |
| VA Initiative At Risk Four Year Olds FY24 | 7,431,151 | 7,431,151 | 5,263,213 | 2,167,938 | - |
| VBEF Sunshine Snacks FY22 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Verizon Innovative Learning Lab FY22 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Virginia Outdoors Foundation FY24 | - | 10,020 | 10,020 | - | - |
| Contingency | 7,700,000 | 1,819,105 | - | 1,819,105 | - |
| Total Instruction | \$ 97,330,523 | \$ 114,739,034 | \$ 72,395,689 | \$ 42,343,345 | \$ 71,037,1 |
| dmin, Attendance & Health | | | | | |
| 2 Revolutions | \$ - | \$ 10,039 | \$ 650 | \$ 9,389 | \$ - |
| ARPA ESSER III FY21 | 1,587,513 | 1,206,270 | 694,225 | 512,045 | 1,882,7 |
| CARES Act ESSER FY21 | - | - | - | - | 18,7 |
| CARES ESSER Instructional Delivery Support FY21 | - | - | - | - | |
| CARES ESSER SPED Services Support FY21 | - | - | - | - | 2,2 |
| CDC VA DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH-OEPI FY23 | - | - | - | - | 30,4 |
| CRRSA Act ESSER II FY21 | - | 1,080 | 1,080 | - | 38,7 |
| Jail Education Program FY22 | - | - | - | - | 2,5 |
| Jail Education Program FY23 | 6,702 | 3,811 | 3,326 | 485 | 1 |
| Jail Education Program FY24 | 8,415 | 9,947 | 840 | 9,107 | - |
| JUUL Labs FY24 | - | 892,000 | - | 892,000 | - |
| Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY22 | - | - | _ | - | 5,5 |
| Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY23 | 15,500 | 11,848 | 8,652 | 3,196 | 14,5 |
| Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY24 | 29,000 | 27,500 | 11,709 | 15,791 | - |
| Recruitment & Retention Support FY23 | - | - | , | | 29,0 |
| Recruitment & Retention - ARP FY23 | - | 48,500 | 29,604 | 18,896 | |
| Recruitment Incentive-RIPE ESSER III FY23 | - | - | - | - | 287,5 |
| Recruitment Incentive-RIPE ESSER III FY24 | - | 237,500 | 185,000 | 52,500 | |
| Startalk FY23 | - | 304 | 304 | - | _ |
| School-Based Health Workforce FY23 | - | 65,864 | 65,864 | _ | 99,4 |
| Title I Part A FY22 | - | 11,934 | 11,934 | _ | 26,3 |
| Title I Part A FY23 | 154,369 | 14,175 | 8,833 | 5,342 | 351,6 |
| Title I Part A FY24 | 457,428 | 464,584 | 304,619 | 159,965 | - |
| Title VI B IDEA Section 611 FY22 | - | - | - | - | 89,1 |
| Title VI B IDEA Section 611 FY23 | 90,901 | 112,538 | 112,538 | - | 214,6 |
| Title VI B IDEA Section 611 FY24 | | | | - 107,907 | 214,0 |
| Total Admin, Attendance & Health | 267,578 | 328,575 | 220,668 | \$ 1,786,623 | \$ 3,093,9 |
| rotal Authin, Attenuance & Fleatin | \$ 2,617,406 | \$ 3,446,469 | \$ 1,659,846 | J 1./60.023 | J 3.093.5 |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | | | | | (continued) |
|-----------------|---------------------|-------------|--|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | 2023 Actual |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | - |
| | - | | 2,577 | | 317 | | 2,260 | | - |
| | , | | | | - | | | | - |
| | 1,232,998 | | 409,890 | | 179,873 | | 230,017 | | 2,579,112 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 27,365 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 9,284 |
| | 10,000 | | 6,623 | | | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | | | - | | 475,995 |
| | - | | | | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | - |
| | | | | | | | | | - |
| | - | | | | | | | | - |
| | - | | | | | | | | 55,540 |
| | | | | | 63,546 | | 5,550 | | 51,953 |
| | 80,393 | | 95,212 | | 44,874 | | 50,338 | | - |
| | 7,230 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | 7,730 | | 1,577 | | - | | 1,577 | | - |
| | - | | 4,815 | | 4,815 | | - | | - |
| _ | - | _ | 6,344 | _ | - | _ | 6,344 | | - |
| \$_ | 1,476,985 | \$_ | 1,394,868 | . \$_ | 335,862 | \$ | 1,059,006 | \$_ | 3,199,249 |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 11,893,541 | \$ | 9,777,796 | \$ | 8,330,414 | \$ | 1,447,382 | \$ | 9,185,516 |
| | - | | 1,635,000 | | 952,748 | | 682,252 | | - |
| | - | | 49,078 | | 48,853 | | 225 | | 758,389 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 1,519 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 66,131 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 2,539,018 |
| | - | | 108,964 | | - | | 108,964 | | - |
| | | | - | | - | | - | | 265,044 |
| | 11,996,072 | | 12,813,723 | | 8,033,756 | | 4,779,967 | | 202,350 |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 9,904 |
| | 20,958 | | 11,947 | | 10,321 | | 1,626 | | 4,575 |
| | 28,877 | | 16,793 | | 4,683 | | 12,110 | | - |
| | - | | 11,531 | | - | | 11,531 | | - |
| | - | | 1,452 | | 1,452 | | - | | - |
| | - | | 701 | | - | | 701 | | 75,939 |
| | 18,647 | | 8,629 | | 8,629 | | - | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 152,956 |
| | - | | 10,000 | | - | | 10,000 | | - |
| | 749 | | 1,695 | | 946 | | 749 | | - |
| | - | | 749 | | - | | 749 | | - |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 387 |
| | 8,074 | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| | - | | 807 | | - | | 807 | | - |
| \$ ⁻ | 23,966,918 | \$ - | 24,448,865 | \$ - | 17,391,802 | \$ [—] | 7,057,063 | \$ — | 13,261,728 |
| | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | |
| \$ | - | \$ | 6,257 | \$ | - | \$ | 6,257 | \$ | - |
| | - | | 22,965 | | 22,965 | | - | | 16,448 |
| | 2,913 | | - | | - | | - | | _ |
| | - | | - | | - | | - | | 243,032 |
| | 140,000 | | 105,638 | | 105,638 | | - | | 89,406 |
| | 140,000 | | | | - | | 244,214 | | - |
| | | | | | - | | | | - |
| | - | | | | 24,000 | | - | | - |
| | 43,669 | | - | | - | | - | | _ |
| | - | | 352,935 | | 352,935 | | - | | _ |
| | _ | | - | | - | | _ | | 97,961 |
| | | | | | | | 101 003 | | |
| | 4 536 710 | | 3 692 6/15 | | | | | | |
| | 4,536,219 | | 3,698,645 7.057 | | 3,517,552 7.057 | | 181,093 | | 1,741,889 |
| | 4,536,219 - - | | 7,057 | | 7,057 | | - | | 1,741,889 - - |
| | 4,536,219 - - | | | | | | - - - 30,000 | | 1,741,889 - - |
| | \$ \$ | \$ | \$ - \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ | Budget Budget \$ - 1,232,998 409,890 - - 10,000 6,623 - - 10,000 6,623 - - - 29,350 7,341 8,476 - 8,795 - - 46,293 69,096 80,393 95,212 7,230 - - 4,815 6,344 - \$ 1,476,985 \$ 1,394,868 \$ 1,476,985 \$ 1,635,000 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | Budget Budget \$ - 2,577 \$ 2,577 85,000 - 2,577 85,000 | Budget Budget Actual \$ - - 1.232,998 409,890 179,873 - - - 10,000 6,623 6,623 - - - - 752,113 22,741 - 29,350 4,475 7,341 8,476 6,922 - 8,795 1,676 - - - 46,293 69,096 63,546 80,393 95,212 44,874 7,230 - - - 4,815 4,815 - 4,815 4,815 - 4,815 4,815 - 4,815 4,815 - 4,815 4,815 - 1,635,000 952,748 - 49,078 48,853 - 108,964 - - 108,964 - - 108,964 - | Budget Budget Actual \$ 8 | Budget Budget Actual Variance \$ - 2,577 317 2,260 85,000 - - - 1,232,998 409,890 179,873 230,017 1,000 6,623 6,623 - 1,000 6,623 6,623 - 1,000 6,623 4,475 24,875 - 29,350 4,475 24,875 7,341 8,476 6,922 1,554 - 8,795 1,676 7,119 - 8,0393 95,212 44,874 50,338 7,230 1,577 - 1,577 46,293 69,096 63,546 5,550 80,393 95,212 44,874 50,338 7,230 1,577 - 1,577 1,476,985 9,777,796 \$,8330,414 \$,1,447,382 1,635,000 952,748 682,252 - - - - - | Budget Budget Actual Variance \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | (continued |
|---|--------------------|-----------------|---------|-----------|----------------|
| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | Variance | 2023 Actual |
| C. Perkins Career & Tech. Act FY23 \$ | 219 | | - \$ | - \$ | 376,468 |
| C. Perkins Career & Tech. Act FY24 | 359,256 | 390,520 | 386,977 | 3,543 | - |
| C. Perkins Reserve Fund FY23 | - | 13,000 | 13,000 | - | - |
| C. Perkins Reserve Fund FY24 | - | 12,520 | - | 12,520 | - |
| Career & Tech Ed. Special Equip Allocation FY23 | - | - | - | - | 60,498 |
| Career & Tech Ed. Special Equip Allocation FY24 | 60,498 | 57,070 | 57,070 | - | - |
| Career & Tech Ed. State Equip Allocation FY23 | - | - | - | - | 77,278 |
| Career & Tech Ed. State Equip Allocation FY24 | 77,278 | 74,212 | 74,212 | - | - |
| CARES Act ESSER FY21 | - | - | - | - | 946,652 |
| CARES GEER Vision FY21 | - | - | - | - | 22,513 |
| Cops School Violence Prevention FY23 | 269,269 | 269,269 | 134,635 | 134,634 | 140,467 |
| CRRSA Act ESSER II FY21 | - | - | 673 | (673) | 1,230,027 |
| DODEA Spanish Immersion FY22 | - | - | - | - | 6,667 |
| DODEA Spanish Immersion FY23 | - | 1,418 | 1,418 | - | 6,338 |
| DODEA Spanish Immersion FY24 | - | 6,845 | 6,845 | - | - |
| DODEA WLARP FY24 | - | 1,488,733 | 348,454 | 1,140,279 | - |
| Early Reading Intervention FY22 | 90,999 | 16,272 | 16,272 | - | 1,343 |
| Early Reading Intervention FY23 | 75,000 | 75,000 | 16,118 | 58,882 | - |
| Early Reading Intervention FY24 | 75,000 | 75,000 | - | 75,000 | - |
| Flexible Per Pupil Funding FY24 | - | 1,471,875 | 392,169 | 1,079,706 | - |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council - Stem (OSY) FY23 | - | - | - | - | 875 |
| Hampton Roads Workforce Council - Stem (OSY) FY24 | 1,850 | 4,570 | 915 | 3,655 | - |
| Industry Certification Examinations FY23 | - | - | - | - | 67,631 |
| Industry Certification Examinations FY24 | 67,631 | 64,877 | 64,877 | - | - |
| Industry Certification Examinations STEM H FY23 | - | - | - | - | 25,397 |
| Industry Certification Examinations STEM H FY24 | 25,397 | 24,363 | 24,363 | - | - |
| ISAEP FY23 | - | - | - | - | 11,168 |
| ISAEP FY24 | 11,760 | 8,541 | 8,541 | - | - |
| Jail Education Program FY23 | 1,472 | 2,810 | 1,707 | 1,103 | 60 |
| Jail Education Program FY24 | 1,962 | 1,962 | - | 1,962 | - |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY22 | - | - | - | - | 6,888 |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY23 | 6,250 | 9,255 | 9,255 | - | 240 |
| Juvenile Detention Center FY24 | 17,500 | 17,500 | 882 | 16,618 | - |
| McKinney Homeless FY23 | 104 | - | (300) | 300 | 600 |
| McKinney Homeless FY24 | 416 | 416 | - | 416 | - |
| Positive Behavior Interventions & Support FY23 | - | - | - | - | 2,598 |
| Pre-K - Grade 2 Active Learning FY23 | - | - | - | - | 5,963 |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY22 | - | - | - | - | 840 |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY23 | 10,769 | 1,162 | 1,240 | (78) | 11,132 |
| Preschool - IDEA Section 619 FY24 | 11,972 | 10,883 | 10,814 | 69 | - |
| Project Graduation FY20 | - | - | - | - | 37,271 |
| Project Graduation FY21 | - | 6,493 | 6,493 | - | 12,648 |
| Project Graduation FY22 | 32,462 | 32,117 | 27,165 | 4,952 | - |
| Project Graduation FY23 | 32,117 | 32,117 | - | 32,117 | - |
| Project Graduation FY24 | 32,117 | 32,117 | | 32,117 | - |
| Race To GED FY24 | 6,500 | 6,500 | 6,500 | - | - |
| School Safety & Security FY24 | - | 60,200 | - | 60,200 | - |
| School Security Equipment FY22 | - | 13,795 | 13,795 | - | 163,513 |
| School Security Equipment FY23 | - | 26,556 | - | 26,556 | - |
| School Security Equipment FY24 | 81,594 | 123,252 | 123,252 | - | - |
| School-Based Health Workforce FY23 | - | - | - | - | 157,63 |
| School-Based Health Workforce FY24 | - | 22,878 | 2,779 | 20,099 | - |
| School Safety & Security FY24 | - | 75,417 | - | 75,417 | - |
| Startalk FY22 | 328 | 164 | 152 | 12 | 164 |
| Startalk FY23 | - | 328 | 12 | 316 | - |
| STEM Competition Team Initiative FY21 | - | - | - | - | - |
| Technology Initiative FY19 | - | - | - | - | 50,95 |
| Technology Initiative FY20 | 52,222 | 37,294 | 37,294 | - | 71,806 |
| Technology Initiative FY21 | 1,217,577 | 109,109 | 15,439 | 93,670 | 2,477,967 |
| Technology Initiative FY22 | 2,618,400 | 109,133 | 33 | 109,100 | 2,509,26 |
| Technology Initiative FY23 | 2,618,400 | 2,618,400 | 899,807 | 1,718,593 | _,505,20 |
| Technology Initiative FY24 | 2,618,400 | 2,618,400 | - | 2,618,400 | _ |
| | _,, | _, , | | _, 3, | (continued |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL GRANTS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | | | | | | | | | (continued |
|--|-----|--------------------|-----|-----------------|-----|-------------|-----|-------------|-----|----------------|
| | | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | 2023 Actual |
| Title I Part A FY22 | | - | | 1,886 | | 1,886 | | - | | 583,376 |
| Title I Part A FY23 | | 105,066 | | 556,544 | | 512,111 | | 44,433 | | 58,448 |
| Title I Part A FY24 | | 508,507 | | 732,314 | | 488,335 | | 243,979 | | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 6,540 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 1 FY22 | | - | | 13,582 | | 13,582 | | - | | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY20 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 5,117 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 3,000 |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY22 | | 8,116 | | 8,117 | | 8,117 | | - | | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY23 | | 4,400 | | 8,116 | | - | | 8,116 | | - |
| Title I Part D Subpart 2 FY24 | | 4,400 | | 6,411 | | - | | 6,411 | | - |
| Title II Part A FY23 | | - | | 2,000 | | 2,000 | | - | | _ |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY22 | | 7,162 | | - | | - | | _ | | 25,79 |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY23 | | - | | 31,486 | | 31,486 | | _ | | |
| Title III Part A Language Acquisition FY24 | | 33,750 | | 35,750 | | - | | 35,750 | | _ |
| Title IV Part A FY20 | | - | | - | | _ | | - | | 39,90 |
| Title IV Part A FY21 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 3,07 |
| Title IV Part A FY22 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | _ | | 52,49 |
| Title IV Part A FY23 | | 45,000 | | 186,786 | | 185,286 | | 1,500 | | 3,96 |
| Title IV Part A FY24 | | 45,000 | | 8,469 | | 4,771 | | 3,698 | | 3,30 |
| | | 45,000 | | | | | | 5,096 | | |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY22 | | - | | 33,165 | | 33,165 | | - | | 4,54 |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 FY23 | | | | 912 | | 912 | | - | | - |
| Title VI-B IDEA Section 611 ARP FY22 | | 11,559 | | 55,382 | | 53,646 | | 1,736 | | 52,28 |
| VA Humanities Beneath the Surface FY21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| United Way - Summer Enrichment FY23 | | - | | 8,511 | | 8,511 | | - | | - |
| United Way - Mentor & Enrichment FY24 | | - | | 22,000 | | - | | 22,000 | | - |
| Workplace Readiness Skills Comm Exam FY23 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 15,67 |
| Workplace Readiness Skills Comm Exam FY24 | . — | 15,678 | . – | 15,039 | . – | 15,039 | . — | | . – | - |
| Total Technology | \$_ | 16,266,158 | \$_ | 16,381,529 | \$_ | 8,092,857 | \$_ | 8,288,672 | \$_ | 11,525,80 |
| <u>afeterias</u> | | | | | | | | | | |
| ARPA ESSER III FY21 | \$ | 753,550 | \$ | 1,892,934 | \$ | 1,749,669 | \$ | 143,265 | \$ | 2,744,18 |
| CARES Act ESSER FY21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| CRRSA Act ESSER II FY21 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 20,63 |
| No Kid Hungry FY21 | | - | | 36,000 | | 32,588 | | 3,412 | | - |
| NSLP Equipment Assistance FY23 | | - | | 95,111 | | 85,153 | | 9,958 | | - |
| NSLP Equipment Assistance FY24 | | - | | 13,887 | | - | | 13,887 | | - |
| Total Food Services | \$ | 753,550 | \$ | 2,037,932 | \$ | 1,867,410 | \$ | 170,522 | \$ | 2,764,81 |
| Total Expenditures | \$_ | 142,411,540 | \$ | 162,448,697 | \$_ | 101,743,466 | \$_ | 60,705,231 | \$_ | 104,882,66 |
| ESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| VER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | \$ | (5,089,413) | \$ | (9,649,214) | \$ | (4,853,603) | \$ | 4,795,611 | \$ | (4,235,50 |
| IER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Transfers In | | 5,089,413 | | 9,649,214 | | 4,886,769 | | (4,762,445) | | 5,140,98 |
| CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 33,166 | \$ | 33,166 | \$ | 905,47 |
| ID BALANCE - JULY 1 | | 4,762,445 | _ | 4,762,445 | _ | 4,762,445 | | _ | _ | 3,856,96 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | | Original | | Final | | | | | | 2023 |
|----------------------------|---------|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|-------------|----|------------|
| | | Budget | | Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money | | | | | | | | | | |
| and Property | Ś | 75,000 | \$ | 75,000 | \$ | 655,448 | \$ | 580,448 | \$ | 253,620 |
| Charges for Services | * | 13,050,890 | Ψ. | 13,050,890 | Ψ. | 8,200,336 | Ψ. | (4,850,554) | Ψ. | 8,569,073 |
| Miscellaneous | | 650,000 | | 650,000 | | 847,755 | | 197,755 | | 794,588 |
| From Commonwealth | | 605,000 | | 605,000 | | 831,646 | | 226,646 | | 1,002,667 |
| From Federal Government | | 26,417,376 | | 26,417,376 | | 27,839,326 | | 1,421,950 | | 26,791,956 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 40,798,266 | \$ | 40,798,266 | \$ | 38,374,511 | \$ | (2,423,755) | \$ | 37,411,904 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | | | | | |
| Cafeterias | | | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Services | Ś | 16,521,871 | Ś | 16,521,871 | \$ | 13,367,050 | \$ | 3,154,821 | Ś | 11,524,134 |
| Fringe Benefits | Y | 5,839,297 | Y | 5,839,297 | Y | 4,988,735 | Y | 850,562 | Y | 4,374,538 |
| Purchased Services | | 704,508 | | 3,112,168 | | 1,387,002 | | 1,725,166 | | 555,048 |
| Other Charges | | 70,805 | | 70,805 | | 39,669 | | 31,136 | | 47,008 |
| Materials and Supplies | | 19,576,382 | | 19,584,350 | | 20,586,583 | | (1,002,233) | | 18,432,825 |
| Capital Outlay | | 4,659,500 | | 3,302,703 | | 1,541,869 | | 1,760,834 | | 737,722 |
| Total Cafeterias | \$ | 47,372,363 | \$ | 48,431,194 | \$ | 41,910,908 | \$ | 6,520,286 | \$ | 35,671,275 |
| Technology | <u></u> | | | | | | | | _ | |
| Purchased Services | \$ | 109,237 | \$ | 109,237 | \$ | 75,422 | \$ | 33,815 | \$ | 72,152 |
| Materials and Supplies | | 218,619 | | 218,619 | | 160,833 | | 57,786 | | 123,060 |
| Total Technology | \$ | 327,856 | \$ | 327,856 | \$ | 236,255 | \$ | 91,601 | \$ | 195,212 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 47,700,219 | \$ | 48,759,050 | \$ | 42,147,163 | \$ | 6,611,887 | \$ | 35,866,487 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | | | | | | |
| EXPENDITURES | \$ | (6,901,953) | \$ | (7,960,784) | \$ | (3,772,652) | \$ | 4,188,132 | \$ | 1,545,417 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | Ś | (6,901,953) | \$ | (7,960,784) | \$ | (3,772,652) | \$ | 4,188,132 | Ś | 1,545,417 |
| NET CHANGE IN LOND BACANCE | Y | (0,501,555) | Y | (1,500,104) | Y | (3,772,032) | Y | +,100,132 | Y | 1,545,41 |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | | 21,535,439 | _ | 21,535,439 | _ | 21,535,439 | _ | | _ | 19,990,022 |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ | 14,633,486 | \$ | 13,574,655 | \$ | 17,762,787 | \$ | 4,188,132 | \$ | 21,535,439 |
| | | | _ | | | | | | | |

A. <u>Budget Information</u>

The following presents the procedures followed by the School Board in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements and other budget information:

- 1. The Superintendent is required by Section 22.1-92 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, to prepare and submit to the City Council, with the approval of the School Board, the estimate of the amount of money deemed to be needed during the next fiscal year for the support of the public schools of the school division. Before the School Board gives final approval to its operating and capital improvement program budgets, the School Board is required to hold at least one public hearing.
- 2. The City Manager is required by the City Charter to present a proposed operating budget to the City Council, which includes the School Board's operating budget, at least 90 days before the beginning of each fiscal year, which begins July 1. The proposed operating budget must be balanced with projected expenditures equal to estimated revenues and/or the required financing from the proper fund balances. The necessary budget ordinances are also submitted at this time.
- 3. The City Council is required by the City Charter to hold a public hearing on the budget at which time all interested persons are given an opportunity to comment.
- 4. If the proposed operating budget is not legally adopted by the City Council upon one reading of the budget ordinances by June 1, the operating budget is automatically adopted as proposed.
- 5. Annual budgets are legally adopted for the General and Special Revenue funds. The budgets for these funds are adopted on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). The legal level of budgetary control (that is, the level at which appropriated budget expenditures cannot exceed the appropriated amount) for the General Fund and Special Revenue funds is established at the individual fund level. Transactions for capital leases, when initiated, are not budgeted as offsetting expenditures and other financing sources.
- 6. Additional appropriations require one reading of the ordinance for approval by the School Board and the City Council, and must be offset by additional estimated revenues and/or a transfer from the proper undesignated fund balances. Additional appropriations, which exceed 1% of the total estimated revenues shown in the adopted City budget, require one reading by City Council for approval after a public hearing.

- 7. The Superintendent is authorized to transfer appropriations up to a maximum of \$250,000 between cost centers or within cost centers. Transfers in excess of \$250,000 require one reading by the School Board for approval.
- 8. The accounting system is employed as a budgetary management control device to monitor the individual schools and departments. In addition, certain controls are exercised administratively on the General Fund (e.g., cost centers, personnel positions, and certain lineitems; and the appropriations related thereto). A cost center is an activity (e.g., Elementary Classroom, Gifted Education and Academy Programs) of a category (e.g., Instruction). In addition, certain controls are exercised on the Special Revenue Funds (e.g., federal and state grants; and the appropriations related thereto).
- 9. Unexpended appropriations lapse (except for the School Capital Projects Fund) and are closed to the proper fund balances at the end of each fiscal year (June 30). However, the General Fund's fund balance (i.e., total assets (e.g., cash) less liabilities (e.g., salaries payable), outstanding encumbrances and prepaid items) is paid back (i.e., reverts) to the City (\$31,678,272 Fiscal Year 2024) before the aforementioned closing process. Appropriations for the subsequent fiscal year are increased in the amount necessary to satisfy the outstanding encumbrances at June 30.
- 10. Capital Projects for the School Board and City are budgeted separately from the Operating Budget. Since the School Board and City have hundreds of projects in its Capital Improvement Program and the City has an annual limitation (without a referendum) on the amount of bonds that may be issued, allocations for capital projects represent funding by phases of a number of projects based upon their anticipated execution of contractual obligations. The appropriations for Capital Projects do not parallel the School Board's fiscal year. Upon approval by the School Board, the School Board's Capital Improvement Program appropriation requests are submitted to the City Council. The appropriations require one reading of the ordinance for approval after public hearings on the Capital Improvement Program. The accounting, encumbering, and controlling of the funds are based upon the project length of each individual project which may be over several years. Therefore, budgetary comparisons are not presented for Capital Projects in this report. Appropriations reallocated to new or existing capital projects require one reading of the ordinance by City Council for approval.

B. Budget Amendments

There was a supplemental budget amendment, other than for encumbrances, for \$3,658,066 for the General Fund during fiscal year 2024. The General Fund budget amendment was funded through an increase in revenue from the state government of \$3,408,066 for additional 2.0% compensation increase for all employees and an increase from local government of \$250,000 for the athletics fund.

C. Pension and Other Employee Benefits

Multiple year trend information for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan, the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan, Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Trust Fund, VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC), VRS Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit Program (HIC), VRS Group Life Insurance Program (GLI), VRS Teacher Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), and VRS Political Subdivision Employee Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP) is presented as required supplementary information. This information is intended to help users assess the funding status on a going concern basis, and the progress made in accumulating assets to pay benefits when due.

Additional information pertaining to the Pension and OPEB plans presented are located in note 8 of the Notes to the Basic Financial Statements.

D. VRS OPEB Plan Changes of Benefits and Funding Terms

There have been no actuarially material changes to the VRS benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation. A hybrid plan with changes to the defined benefit plan structure and a new defined contribution component was adopted in 2012. The hybrid plan applies to most new employees hired on or after January 1, 2014 and not covered by enhanced hazardous duty benefits.

E. <u>VRS OPEB Methods and Assumptions Used in Calculations of Actuarially Determined</u> <u>Contributions</u>

The actuarially determined contribution rates are determined every two years. The last determination of the actuarial contribution rates was as of June 30, 2021 payable for the fiscal years 2023 and 2024. For the non-Political Subdivision plans the amortization period of the unfunded liability less the deferred contribution begins at 30 years on June 30, 2013 and will decrease by one each year until reaching zero years. Each subsequent year, a new base will be added to the unfunded liability and will be amortized over a closed 20 year period. For the Political Subdivision plans the amortization period of the unfunded begins at 30 years on June 30, 2013 and will decrease by one each year until reaching zero years. Each subsequent year, a new base will be added to the unfunded liability and will be amortized over a closed 20 year period.

F. VRS OPEB Plan Changes of Assumptions

There have been no changes to the actuarial assumptions since the prior measurement date. The updated assumptions adopted based on the experience study for the period July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2020 were reflected for the June 30, 2022 measurement date.

The System is funded with fixed contribution rates for the state and with varying contributions for employees based on their job and personal elections. The Actuarially Determined Contributions in the *Schedule of Employer Contributions* are calculated as of the beginning of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported.

The following actuarial methods and assumptions were used to determine Contribution rates as of June 30, 2023 actuarial valuations:

| Actuarial cost method | Entry age normal |
|-----------------------|------------------|
|-----------------------|------------------|

Amortization method Level percentage of payroll, closed

Remaining amortization period 13 years – 22 years

Asset valuation method 5-year moving average

Price Inflation 2.50 percent

Salary increases, including price

Inflation

Teachers: 3.50 to 5.95 percent

Political Subdivisions:

General Employees: 3.50 to 5.35 percent

Long-term Rate of Return net of

Investment expense, including

Price inflation

6.75 percent

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate N/A

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

The Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than capital projects) that are legally restricted or dedicated to be expended for specified purposes. The School Board has the following Special Revenue Funds:

School Textbooks – accounts for the financing (e.g., Commonwealth of Virginia) and acquisition of textbooks and related materials used in the school division.

School Communication Towers/Technology – accounts for the rent receipts (long-term contracts with telecommunication companies) relating to the communication towers constructed on School Board property and technology related expenditures.

School Vending Operations – accounts for the receipts (long-term exclusive contract with a vending company) relating to the bottled drinks vending operations of the school division and expenditures (including school-level allocations).

School Equipment Replacement – accounts for the financing (e.g., local government) and acquisition of various replacement equipment.

School Activity – accounts for receipts and expenditures relating to activities conducted at individual school sites in connection with student athletics, classes, clubs, and various fundraising and private donor activities.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

with comparative totals for June 30, 2023

| | School | School Communication Towers/ | Vending | School Equipment | School | Totals | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | Textbooks | Technology | Operations | Replacement | Activity | 2024 | 2023 |
| ASSETS Cash and Investments Accounts Receivable Lease Receivable Prepaid Items | \$ 7,793,978 - - 286,868 | \$ 5,928,484 - 1,555,731 - | \$ 286,022 - - - - | \$ 441,496 - - - | \$ 5,515,712 - - - - | \$ 19,965,692 \$ - 1,555,731 286,868 | 17,179,352 40,785 1,968,773 573,736 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 8,080,846 | \$ 7,484,215 | \$ 286,022 | \$ 441,496 | \$ 5,515,712 | \$ 21,808,291 \$ | 19,762,646 |
| LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOW AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities: | <u>/S,</u> | | | | | | |
| Salaries Payable | \$ 131 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 131 \$ | - |
| Vouchers and Accounts Payable Deposits Payable Unearned Revenue | - - - | 75,000 40,673 | - - - | - - - | - - - | - 75,000 40,673 | 12,455 75,000 - |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ 131 | \$ 115,673 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 115,804 \$ | 87,455 |
| Deferred Inflows of of Resources - Leases | \$ - | \$ 1,464,776 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,464,776 \$ | 1,902,638 |
| Fund Balances: Nonspendable Restricted Committed | \$ 286,868 7,793,847 | \$ - - 5,903,766 | \$ - - 286,022 | \$ - - 441,496 | \$ - 5,515,712 - | \$ 286,868 \$ 13,309,559 6,631,284 | 639,871 11,218,979 5,913,703 |
| TOTAL FUND BALANCES | \$ 8,080,715 | \$ 5,903,766 | \$ 286,022 | \$ 441,496 | \$ 5,515,712 | \$ 20,227,711 \$ | 17,772,553 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES , DEFERRED INFO AND FUND BALANCES | LWS \$ 8,080,846 | \$ 7,484,215 | \$ 286,022 | \$ 441,496 | \$ 5,515,712 | \$ 21,808,291 \$ | 19,762,646 |
| | | | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

with comparative totals for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023

| | | School | | School mmunication Towers/ | - | School Vending | | School Equipment | | School | _ | | tals | |
|--|----|-----------|----|----------------------------------|----|-------------------|----|---------------------|----|-----------|----|------------|------|------------|
| | | Textbooks | | Technology | (| Operations | R | eplacement | | Activity | | 2024 | | 2023 |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money and Property | \$ | 178,125 | \$ | 840.009 | Ś | 31.636 | Ś | 18,973 | Ś | 8.443 | \$ | 1,077,186 | ċ | 791,493 |
| Charges for Services | Ş | 170,123 | Ş | 640,009 | Ş | 115,105 | Ş | 10,973 | Ş | 0,445 | Ş | 115,105 | Ş | 155,672 |
| Miscellaneous | | 16,395 | | _ | | - | | _ | | 7,539,320 | | 7,555,715 | | 7,785,969 |
| From Commonwealth | | 4,949,030 | | _ | | _ | | _ | | - | | 4,949,030 | | 4,986,359 |
| Total Revenues | \$ | 5,143,550 | \$ | 840,009 | \$ | 146,741 | \$ | 18,973 | \$ | 7,547,763 | \$ | 13,697,036 | \$ | 13,719,493 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 877,967 | \$ | - | \$ | 123,553 | \$ | 14,681 | \$ | 7,259,587 | \$ | 8,275,788 | \$ | 8,572,071 |
| Technology | | 2,491,466 | | 40,000 | | - | | 176,043 | | - | | 2,707,509 | | 4,558,073 |
| Debt Service: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Principal - SBITA | | 251,299 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 251,299 | | 258,581 |
| Interest - SBITA | | 7,282 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 7,282 | _ | - |
| Total Expenditures | \$ | 3,628,014 | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 123,553 | \$ | 190,724 | \$ | 7,259,587 | \$ | 11,241,878 | \$ | 13,388,725 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | \$ | 1,515,536 | \$ | 800,009 | \$ | 23,188 | \$ | (171,751) | \$ | 288,176 | \$ | 2,455,158 | \$ | 330,768 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Loss on Lease | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (24,127) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES | \$ | 1,515,536 | \$ | 800,009 | \$ | 23,188 | \$ | (171,751) | \$ | 288,176 | \$ | 2,455,158 | \$ | 306,641 |
| FUND BALANCES - JULY 1 | | 6,565,179 | | 5,103,757 | _ | 262,834 | _ | 613,247 | _ | 5,227,536 | _ | 17,772,553 | _ | 17,465,912 |
| FUND BALANCES - JUNE 30 | \$ | 8,080,715 | \$ | 5,903,766 | \$ | 286,022 | \$ | 441,496 | \$ | 5,515,712 | \$ | 20,227,711 | \$ | 17,772,553 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL TEXTBOOKS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original | Final | | | 2023 |
|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Budget | Budget | Actual | Variance | Actual |
| REVENUES | | | | | |
| From Use of Money | | | | | |
| and Property | \$ 29,483 | \$ 29,483 | \$ 178,125 | \$ 148,642 | \$ 60,311 |
| Miscellaneous | 27,000 | 27,000 | 16,395 | (10,605) | 6,337 |
| From Commonwealth | 4,972,218 | 4,972,218 | 4,949,030 | (23,188) | 4,986,359 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 5,028,701 | \$ 5,028,701 | \$ 5,143,550 | \$ 114,849 | \$ 5,053,007 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | |
| Instruction | | | | | |
| Personnel Services | \$ 94,892 | \$ 94,892 | \$ 107,107 | \$ (12,215) | \$ 99,250 |
| Fringe Benefits | 36,846 | 36,846 | 39,767 | (2,921) | 37,281 |
| Materials and Supplies | 5,451,385 | 5,453,121 | 731,093 | 4,722,028 | 829,988 |
| Total Instruction | \$ 5,583,123 | \$ 5,584,859 | \$ 877,967 | \$ 4,706,892 | \$ 966,519 |
| <u>Technology</u> | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - |
| Materials and Supplies | 1,017,615 | 1,236,656 | 2,750,047 | (1,513,391) | 4,722,002 |
| Total Technology | \$ 1,017,615 | \$ 1,236,656 | \$ 2,750,047 | \$ (1,513,391) | \$ 4,722,002 |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 6,600,738 | \$ 6,821,515 | \$ 3,628,014 | \$ 3,193,501 | \$ 5,688,521 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | \$ (1,572,037) | \$ (1,792,814) | \$ 1,515,536 | \$ 3,308,350 | \$ (635,514) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (1,572,037) | \$ (1,792,814) | \$ 1,515,536 | \$ 3,308,350 | \$ (635,514) |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | 6,565,179 | 6,565,179 | 6,565,179 | | 7,200,693 |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ 4,993,142 | \$ 4,772,365 | \$ 8,080,715 | \$ 3,308,350 | \$ 6,565,179 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL COMMUNICATION TOWERS/TECHNOLOGY SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

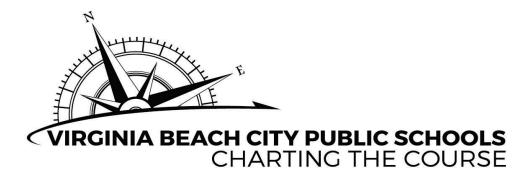
| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | | Actual | | Variance | | 2023 Actual |
|--|--------------------|----|-----------------|----|-----------|----|-----------|----|----------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money | | | | | | | | | |
| and Property | \$ 516,000 | \$ | 516,000 | \$ | 840,009 | \$ | 324,009 | \$ | 715,636 |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Technology</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | (40,000) | \$ | - |
| Materials and Supplies | 800,000 | | 840,000 | | - | | 840,000 | | - |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 800,000 | \$ | 840,000 | \$ | 40,000 | \$ | 800,000 | \$ | - |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | \$ (284,000) | \$ | (324,000) | \$ | 800,009 | \$ | 1,124,009 | \$ | 715,636 |
| OTHER FINANCING USES | | _ | | _ | | | | _ | (22 |
| Loss on Lease | \$ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | (24,127) |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (284,000) | \$ | (324,000) | \$ | 800,009 | \$ | 1,124,009 | \$ | 691,509 |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | 5,103,757 | | 5,103,757 | | 5,103,757 | _ | - | | 4,412,248 |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ 4,819,757 | \$ | 4,779,757 | \$ | 5,903,766 | \$ | 1,124,009 | \$ | 5,103,757 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL VENDING OPERATIONS SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original Budget | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance | 2023 Actual |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|----|----------|----------------|
| REVENUES | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money | | | | | | |
| and Property | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 31,636 | \$ | 31,636 | \$ 1,545 |
| Charges for Services | 124,000 | 124,000 | 115,105 | | (8,895) | 155,672 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 124,000 | \$ 124,000 | \$ 146,741 | \$ | 22,741 | \$ 157,217 |
| EXPENDITURES Instruction | | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ 200 | \$ 200 | \$ - | \$ | 200 | \$ - |
| Other Charges | 129,800 | 129,800 | 123,576 | | 6,224 | 64,210 |
| Materials and Supplies | - | - | (23) | | 23 | (12) |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 130,000 | \$ 130,000 | \$ 123,553 | \$ | 6,447 | \$ 64,198 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | | | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | \$ (6,000) | \$ (6,000) | \$ 23,188 | \$ | 29,188 | \$ 93,019 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (6,000) | \$ (6,000) | \$ 23,188 | \$ | 29,188 | \$ 93,019 |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | 262,834 | 262,834 | 262,834 | _ | - | 169,815 |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ 256,834 | \$ 256,834 | \$ 286,022 | \$ | 29,188 | \$ 262,834 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL EQUIPMENT REPLACEMENT SPECIAL REVENUE FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Original Budget | | Final Budget | Actual | | Variance | 2023 Actual | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------|----|-----------------|-----------------|----|----------|----------------|--|
| <u>REVENUES</u> | | | | | | | | |
| From Use of Money | | | | | | | | |
| and Property | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 18,973 | \$ | 18,973 | \$ 8,438 | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | | | | | | | | |
| <u>Instruction</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 100 | |
| Other Charges | - | | - | - | | - | 88 | |
| Materials and Supplies | - | | - | - | | - | 302 | |
| Capital Outlay | - | | - | 14,681 | | (14,681) | - | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 14,681 | \$ | (14,681) | \$ 490 | |
| <u>Technology</u> | | | | | | | | |
| Purchased Services | \$ - | \$ | 68,544 | \$ 41,013 | \$ | 27,531 | \$ 51,384 | |
| Materials and Supplies | 327,651 | | 350,990 | 74,776 | | 276,214 | 37,806 | |
| Capital Outlay | - | | 78,240 | 60,254 | | 17,986 | 5,462 | |
| Total Technology | \$ 327,651 | \$ | 497,774 | \$ 176,043 | \$ | 321,731 | \$ 94,652 | |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 327,651 | \$ | 497,774 | \$ 190,724 | \$ | 307,050 | \$ 95,142 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES | \$ (327,651) | \$ | (497,774) | \$ (171,751) | \$ | 326,023 | \$ (86,704) | |
| | | | | | _ | · | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | \$ (327,651) | \$ | (497,774) | \$ (171,751) | \$ | 326,023 | \$ (86,704) | |
| FUND BALANCE - JULY 1 | 613,247 | | 613,247 | 613,247 | _ | | 699,951 | |
| FUND BALANCE - JUNE 30 | \$ 285,596 | \$ | 115,473 | \$ 441,496 | \$ | 326,023 | \$ 613,247 | |



This Page Intentionally Left Blank

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

The Internal Service Funds are used to account for the financing of goods and/or services provided by one department or agency to other departments or agencies of the governmental unit (and to other governmental units), on a cost reimbursement basis. The School Board has established Internal Service Funds for the following activities:

School Risk Management - provides insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board.

School Health Insurance - provides health insurance and the administration thereof for the School Board and City employees.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

with comparative totals for June 30, 2023

| | | School | | School | _ | То | tals | | |
|----------------------------------|----|--------------------|----|---------------------|----|-------------|------|-------------|--|
| | | Risk Management | | Health Insurance | | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| <u>ASSETS</u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Assets: | | | | | | | | | |
| Cash and Investments | \$ | 20,722,293 | \$ | 78,823,861 | \$ | 99,546,154 | \$ | 109,988,790 | |
| Accounts Receivable | | 431 | | 5,310,451 | | 5,310,882 | | 4,519,933 | |
| Prepaid Items | | 287,143 | | - | _ | 287,143 | _ | 269,929 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ | 21,009,867 | \$ | 84,134,312 | \$ | 105,144,179 | \$ | 114,778,652 | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Salaries Payable | \$ | 2,425 | \$ | - | \$ | 2,425 | \$ | 1,141 | |
| Vouchers and | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable | | 376,508 | | 8,059,794 | | 8,436,302 | | 4,274,279 | |
| Unearned Revenues | | - | | 8,946,933 | | 8,946,933 | | 8,465,005 | |
| Estimated Claims and | | | | | | | | | |
| Judgments (due within | | | | | | | | | |
| one year) | | 6,859,484 | | 5,734,500 | | 12,593,984 | | 13,567,715 | |
| Total Current Liabilities | \$ | 7,238,417 | \$ | 22,741,227 | \$ | 29,979,644 | \$ | 26,308,140 | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities: | | | | | | | | | |
| Estimated Claims and | | | | | | | | | |
| Judgments (due in more | | | | | | | | | |
| than one year) | _ | 2,286,495 | _ | 1,911,500 | _ | 4,197,995 | _ | 4,522,571 | |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES | \$ | 9,524,912 | \$ | 24,652,727 | \$ | 34,177,639 | \$ | 30,830,711 | |
| NET POSITION | | | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | \$ | 11,484,955 | \$ | 59,481,585 | \$ | 70,966,540 | \$ | 83,947,941 | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION | \$ | 11,484,955 | \$ | 59,481,585 | \$ | 70,966,540 | \$ | 83,947,941 | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2023

| | | School | | School | _ | То | tals | |
|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|----------|--------------|----------|-------------|
| | | Risk Management | | Health Insurance | | 2024 | | 2023 |
| OPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 8,995,919 | \$ | 163,457,801 | \$ | 172,453,720 | \$ | 163,285,796 |
| Miscellaneous Revenue | | 373,287 | | - | | 373,287 | | 2,688,897 |
| Total Operating Revenues | \$ | 9,369,206 | \$ | 163,457,801 | \$ | 172,827,007 | \$ | 165,974,693 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | | | | | | | | |
| Personnel Services | \$ | 425,398 | \$ | 595,131 | \$ | 1,020,529 | \$ | 965,008 |
| Fringe Benefits | | 136,223 | | 238,785 | | 375,008 | | 365,274 |
| Purchased Services | | 549,456 | | 1,601,031 | | 2,150,487 | | 2,750,367 |
| Other Charges | | 8,064,104 | | 177,716,809 | | 185,780,913 | | 158,803,370 |
| Total Operating Expenses | \$ | 9,175,181 | \$ | 180,151,756 | \$ | 189,326,937 | \$ | 162,884,019 |
| OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) | \$ | 194,025 | \$ | (16,693,955) | \$ | (16,499,930) | \$ | 3,090,674 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES | | | | | | | | |
| From Local Government | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 2,000,000 |
| Interest Income | | 768,434 | | 2,750,095 | | 3,518,529 | | 1,285,142 |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues | \$ | 768,434 | \$ | 2,750,095 | \$ | 3,518,529 | \$ | 3,285,142 |
| nevendes | - | 700,131 | <u> </u> | 2,730,033 | <u> </u> | 3,310,323 | <u> </u> | 3,203,112 |
| CHANGES IN NET POSITION | \$ | 962,459 | \$ | (13,943,860) | \$ | (12,981,401) | \$ | 6,375,816 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - JULY 1 | | 10,522,496 | | 73,425,445 | _ | 83,947,941 | | 77,572,125 |
| TOTAL NET POSITION - JUNE 30 | \$ | 11,484,955 | \$ | 59,481,585 | \$ | 70,966,540 | \$ | 83,947,941 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

with comparative totals for the year ended June 30, 2023

| | School | | School | _ | То | Totals | | |
|---|---|----|---|----|---|--------|---|--|
| | Risk Management | | Health Insurance | | 2024 | | 2023 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Receipts from Customers and Users Payments to Vendors for Goods/Services Payments to Employees for Services Net Cash Provided By (Used In) | \$ 9,368,775 (8,494,849) (560,334) | \$ | 163,149,211 (176,590,049) (833,919) | \$ | 172,517,986 (185,084,898) (1,394,253) | \$ | 165,203,641 (158,835,229) (1,330,250) | |
| Operating Activities | \$ 313,592 | \$ | (14,274,757) | \$ | (13,961,165) | \$ | 5,038,162 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Intragovernmental Receipts | - | | - | | - | | 2,000,000 | |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest Received on Investments | 768,434 | _ | 2,750,095 | | 3,518,529 | | 1,285,142 | |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND INVESTMENTS | \$ 1,082,026 | \$ | (11,524,662) | \$ | (10,442,636) | \$ | 8,323,304 | |
| CASH AND INVESTMENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 19,640,267 | _ | 90,348,523 | _ | 109,988,790 | | 101,665,486 | |
| CASH AND INVESTMENTS, END OF YEAR | \$ 20,722,293 | \$ | 78,823,861 | \$ | 99,546,154 | \$ | 109,988,790 | |
| RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: | | | | | | | | |
| Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities (Increase) Decrease in Assets | \$ 194,025 | \$ | (16,693,955) | \$ | (16,499,930) | \$ | 3,090,674 | |
| Accounts Receivable Prepaid Items Increase (Decrease) in Liabilities | \$ (431) (17,214) | \$ | (790,518) - | \$ | (790,949) (17,214) | \$ | (944,466) 1,972 | |
| Salaries Payable Vouchers and Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue | 1,287 89,232 - | | (3) 4,072,791 481,928 | | 1,284 4,162,023 481,928 | | 32 3,359,869 173,414 | |
| Estimated Claims and Judgments Total Adjustments | \$ 46,693 119,567 | \$ | (1,345,000) 2,419,198 | \$ | (1,298,307) 2,538,765 | \$ | (643,333) 1,947,488 | |
| Net Cash Provided By (Used In) Operating Activities | \$ 313,592 | \$ | (14,274,757) | \$ | (13,961,165) | \$ | 5,038,162 | |

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach Annual Comprehensive Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the School Board's financial health. These tables are unaudited.

| Contents | | <u>Tables</u> |
|--|---|---------------|
| Financial Trends | These tables contain trend information to help the reader understand how the School Board's financial performance and well-being have changed over time. | 1-10 |
| Operating Information | These tables contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the School Board's financial report relates to the services the School Board provides and the activities it performs. | 11 – 24 |
| Demographic and Economic Information | These tables offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the School Board's financial activities take place. | 25 – 29 |
| Revenue Capacity | These tables contain information to help the reader assess the factors affecting the City's ability to generate property taxes. Additional information can be found in the City of Virginia Beach Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. | 30 – 33 |
| Debt Capacity | These tables present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future. Additional information can be found in the City of Virginia Beach Annual Comprehensive Financial Report. | 34 – 36 |
| Sources: | Unless otherwise noted, the information in these tables is derived from the Annual Comprehensive Financial Report for the relevant year. | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | | | | |
| NET POSITION (DEFICIT) | | | | | | | | |
| Investment in Capital Assets | \$ 501,205,889 | \$ 503,106,097 | \$ 532,437,468 | \$ 535,329,375 | | | | |
| Restricted for: | | | | | | | | |
| Capital Projects | 13,318,732 | 20,731,125 | - | 6,661,276 | | | | |
| Grants | 456,630 | 759,498 | 954,050 | 1,431,040 | | | | |
| Cafeterias | 4,469,528 | 7,029,421 | 9,290,189 | 11,657,774 | | | | |
| Textbooks | 11,688,657 | 8,447,356 | 7,120,780 | 8,013,741 | | | | |
| School Activities | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Net Pension/OPEB Asset | - | - | - | - | | | | |
| Unrestricted (Deficit) | (692,029,291) | (658,386,368) | (793,944,228) | (758,447,740) | | | | |
| TOTAL NET POSITION (DEFICIT) | \$ (160,889,855) | \$ (118,312,871) | \$ (244,141,741) | \$ (195,354,534) | | | | |

Note: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The July 1, 2014 Net Position amount was restated, as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2014 is not available.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The July 1, 2017 Net Position amount was restated, as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2017 is not available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF TH ECITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE NET POSITION BY COMPONENT Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

| | FISCA | rear | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| \$ 593,456,835 | \$ 551,914,392 | \$ 598,165,240 | \$ 564,465,917 | \$ 557,050,053 | \$ 630,341,593 |
| - | 32,377,544 | - | - | - | - |
| 1,693,515 | 2,352,340 | 2,911,234 | 3,856,966 | 4,762,445 | 4,795,611 |
| 13,099,712 | 9,787,357 | 8,899,538 | 19,014,788 | 20,802,112 | 17,074,952 |
| 6,929,607 | 7,873,370 | 8,291,593 | 5,509,053 | 5,991,443 | 7,793,847 |
| - | - | 4,458,622 | 4,983,205 | 5,227,536 | 5,515,712 |
| - | - | - | - | 45,743 | 74,288 |
| (751,880,933) | (689,768,867) | (674,674,445) | (510,601,277) | (406,482,434) | (382,097,279) |
| \$ (136,701,264) | \$ (85,463,864) | \$ (51,948,218) | \$ 87,228,652 | \$ 187,396,898 | \$ 283,498,724 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | | Fisca | l Year | | | |
|--|----|---------------|----|---------------|--------|---------------|----|---------------|
| | | 2015 | | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ | 573,574,157 | \$ | 568,912,291 | \$ | 556,632,508 | \$ | 606,761,992 |
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | | 20,641,696 | | 20,989,423 | | 22,840,163 | | 22,901,450 |
| Pupil Transportation | | 33,364,815 | | 30,739,249 | | 32,950,076 | | 35,690,694 |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 88,194,131 | | 86,966,670 | | 91,477,591 | | 91,293,238 |
| Cafeterias | | 27,720,826 | | 26,288,628 | | 27,285,112 | | 27,773,627 |
| Technology | | 38,168,996 | | 38,714,083 | | 43,036,289 | | 45,753,930 |
| Total Expenses | \$ | 781,664,621 | \$ | 772,610,344 | \$ | 774,221,739 | \$ | 830,174,931 |
| Program Revenues: Governmental Activities: | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services: | | 2 725 642 | | 2 505 424 | | 4 04 4 020 | | 2 052 220 |
| Instruction | \$ | 2,735,642 | \$ | 2,696,121 | \$ | 1,814,028 | \$ | 2,062,220 |
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Pupil Transportation | | - | | - | | - | | - |
| Operations and Maintenance | | 597,144 | | 628,300 | | 452,171 | | 499,341 |
| Cafeterias | | 10,591,205 | | 11,266,046 | | 10,911,183 | | 10,620,849 |
| Technology | | 625,937 | | 485,887 | | 1,240,136 | | 1,142,166 |
| Operating Grants and | | | | | | | | |
| Contributions | | 141,961,728 | | 142,463,184 | | 146,611,635 | | 164,134,388 |
| Capital Grants and Contributions | | | | | | | _ | |
| Total Program Revenues | \$ | 156,511,656 | \$ | 157,539,538 | \$ | 161,029,153 | \$ | 178,458,964 |
| Net Expenses | | (625,152,965) | \$ | (615,070,806) | \$ | (613,192,586) | \$ | (651,715,967) |
| General Revenues: | | | | | | | | |
| Local Sources: | | | | | | | | |
| Local Government | \$ | 378,687,744 | \$ | 403,461,767 | \$ | 369,406,287 | \$ | 437,309,444 |
| Miscellaneous | | 842,365 | | 399,783 | | 450,772 | | 649,331 |
| Federal and State Aid not Restricted | | | | | | | | |
| to Specific Purposes: | | | | | | | | |
| State Basic Aid | | 175,008,994 | | 172,363,914 | | 178,909,703 | | 178,412,666 |
| State Sales Tax | | 70,376,559 | | 72,382,607 | | 73,084,563 | | 74,264,875 |
| Federal Impact Aid | | 12,314,580 | | 8,886,385 | | 11,264,563 | | 9,452,678 |
| Interest Earnings | | 104,798 | _ | 153,334 | _ | 245,828 | | 414,180 |
| Total General Revenues | \$ | 637,335,040 | \$ | 657,647,790 | \$ | 633,361,716 | \$ | 700,503,174 |
| Change in Net Position | \$ | 12,182,075 | \$ | 42,576,984 | \$ | 20,169,130 | \$ | 48,787,207 |

Note: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The Change in Net Position for fiscal year 2015 reflects this implementation (net of the allocation of pension expense to the various governmental activities), as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2015 is not available.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The Change in Net Position for fiscal year 2018 reflects this implementation (net of the allocation of OPEB expense to the various governmental activities), as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2018 is not available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF TH ECITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE CHANGES IN NET POSITION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | Fisca | al Year | | | | | | | | | |
|----|---------------|----|---------------|---------|---------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|-----|---------------|--|--|
| | 2019 | | 019 2020 | | | | 2021 2022 | | | | 2024 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 566,224,421 | \$ | 703,745,203 | \$ | 614,301,579 | \$ | 662,288,101 | \$ | 661,318,464 | \$ | 695,976,251 | | |
| | 23,307,229 | | 24,107,377 | | 39,059,615 | | 37,088,876 | | 36,864,956 | | 42,118,861 | | |
| | 37,344,627 | | 36,973,229 | | 38,763,178 | | 45,739,040 | | 53,277,359 | | 52,727,075 | | |
| | 95,683,167 | | 92,626,699 | | 105,015,813 | | 109,185,578 | | 121,182,598 | | 136,709,778 | | |
| | 28,573,857 | | 29,492,968 | | 29,494,063 | | 36,566,426 | | 37,165,648 | | 42,107,415 | | |
| _ | 47,195,554 | _ | 47,543,325 | _ | 54,919,511 | _ | 61,418,845 | _ | 62,660,454 | _ | 50,471,278 | | |
| \$ | 798,328,855 | \$ | 934,488,801 | \$ | 881,553,759 | \$ | 952,286,866 | \$ | 972,469,479 | _\$ | 1,020,110,658 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ | 1,983,371 | \$ | 1,540,097 | \$ | 1,320,810 | \$ | 2,724,249 | \$ | 2,850,609 | \$ | 2,387,484 | | |
| | - | | - | | - | | 3,880 | | 500 | | 415 | | |
| | 214,355 | | 634,957 | | 422,965 | | 1,059,715 | | 1,235,478 | | 1,053,162 | | |
| | 432,731 | | 281,549 | | 167,000 | | 241,643 | | 332,074 | | 334,400 | | |
| | 10,406,240 | | 7,371,901 | | 632,945 | | 1,491,699 | | 9,298,152 | | 9,028,816 | | |
| | 1,498,880 | | 1,593,780 | | 864,394 | | 1,028,278 | | 1,062,803 | | 1,308,508 | | |
| | 164,873,615 | | 173,532,323 | | 201,162,593 | | 266,759,796 | | 269,510,671 | | 291,860,087 | | |
| | - | | - | | | | | | 15,823,813 | | | | |
| \$ | 179,409,192 | \$ | 184,954,607 | \$ | 204,570,707 | \$ | 273,309,260 | \$ | 300,114,100 | \$ | 305,972,872 | | |
| \$ | (618,919,663) | \$ | (749,534,194) | \$ | (676,983,052) | \$ | (678,977,606) | \$ | (672,355,379) | \$ | (714,137,786) | | |
| \$ | 402,681,270 | \$ | 528,069,094 | \$ | 416,765,494 | \$ | 520,622,167 | \$ | 456,010,900 | \$ | 484,102,134 | | |
| | 5,784,893 | | 1,005,987 | | 3,141,506 | | 7,015,951 | | 8,736,741 | | 9,705,464 | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | 178,656,354 | | 176,893,073 | | 183,758,757 | | 177,729,756 | | 192,465,613 | | 204,051,071 | | |
| | 76,320,888 | | 79,610,836 | | 87,120,778 | | 98,227,243 | | 98,633,260 | | 90,678,103 | | |
| | 13,180,576 | | 13,724,963 | | 14,948,341 | | 14,339,468 | | 15,699,124 | | 19,680,896 | | |
| _ | 948,952 | _ | 1,467,641 | _ | 313,213 | _ | 219,891 | _ | 977,987 | _ | 2,021,944 | | |
| \$ | 677,572,933 | \$ | 800,771,594 | \$ | 706,048,089 | \$ | 818,154,476 | \$ | 772,523,625 | _\$ | 810,239,612 | | |
| \$ | 58,653,270 | \$ | 51,237,400 | \$ | 29,065,037 | \$ | 139,176,870 | \$ | 100,168,246 | \$ | 96,101,826 | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Total Expenses | Instruction | - % | Adminis- tration, Attendance & Health | % | Pupil Trans- portation | % | Operations and Maintenance | - % | Cafeterias | % | Technology | [%] |
|----------------|-------------------|---------------|------------|--|----------|------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|------------|--------------|----------|--------------|------------|
| | • | | | | | • | | | | | | <u> </u> | П |
| 2015 | \$781,664,621 | \$573,574,157 | 73.4 | \$20,641,696 | 2.6 | \$33,364,815 | 4.3 | \$88,194,131 | 11.3 | \$27,720,826 | 3.5 | \$38,168,996 | 4.9 |
| 2016 | 772,610,344 | 568,912,291 | 73.6 | 20,989,423 | 2.7 | 30,739,249 | 4.0 | 86,966,670 | 11.3 | 26,288,628 | 3.4 | 38,714,083 | 5.0 |
| 2017 | 774,221,739 | 556,632,508 | 71.9 | 22,840,163 | 3.0 | 32,950,076 | 4.3 | 91,477,591 | 11.8 | 27,285,112 | 3.5 | 43,036,289 | 5.5 |
| 2018 | 830,174,931 | 606,761,992 | 73.1 | 22,901,450 | 2.8 | 35,690,694 | 4.3 | 91,293,238 | 11.0 | 27,773,627 | 3.3 | 45,753,930 | 5.5 |
| 2019 | 798,328,855 | 566,224,421 | 70.9 | 23,307,229 | 2.9 | 37,344,627 | 4.7 | 95,683,167 | 12.0 | 28,573,857 | 3.6 | 47,195,554 | 5.9 |
| 2020 | 934,488,801 | 703,745,203 | 75.3 | 24,107,377 | 2.6 | 36,973,229 | 4.0 | 92,626,699 | 9.9 | 29,492,968 | 3.2 | 47,543,325 | 5.0 |
| 2021 | 881,553,759 | 614,301,579 | 69.7 | 39,059,615 | 4.4 | 38,763,178 | 4.4 | 105,015,813 | 11.9 | 29,494,063 | 3.3 | 54,919,511 | 6.3 |
| 2022 | 952,286,866 | 662,288,101 | 69.5 | 37,088,876 | 3.9 | 45,739,040 | 4.8 | 109,185,578 | 11.5 | 36,566,426 | 3.8 | 61,418,845 | 6.5 |
| 2023 | 972,469,479 | 661,318,464 | 68.0 | 36,864,956 | 3.8 | 53,277,359 | 5.5 | 121,182,598 | 12.5 | 37,165,648 | 3.8 | 62,660,454 | 6.4 |
| 2024 | 1,020,110,658 | 695,976,251 | 68.2 | 42,118,861 | 4.1 | 52,727,075 | 5.2 | 136,709,778 | 13.4 | 42,107,415 | 4.1 | 50,471,278 | 5.0 |

Note: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 68 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2015. The Total Expenses for fiscal year 2015 reflects this implementation (net of the allocation of pension expense to the various governmental activities), as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2015 is not available.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 75 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits other than Pensions" was implemented in fiscal year 2018. The Change in Net Position for fiscal year 2018 reflects this implementation (net of the allocation of OPEB expense to the various governmental activities), as financial information for fiscal years prior to 2018 is not available.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Pro | gran | n Revenues | | | (| General Revenu | es | | |
|--------|---------------|---------------|------|--|------|---------------|------|----------------|------|-----------|-----|
| Fiscal | Total | Charges | | Operating and Capital Grants and | | Local | | Federal and | | Interest | |
| Year | Revenues | for Services* | % | Contributions | % | Sources | % | State Aid** | % | Earnings | % |
| 2015 | \$793,846,696 | \$14,549,928 | 1.8 | \$141,961,728 | 17.9 | \$379,530,109 | 47.8 | \$257,700,133 | 32.5 | 104,798 | 0.0 |
| 2016 | 815,187,328 | 15,076,354 | 1.8 | 142,463,184 | 17.5 | 403,861,550 | 49.5 | 253,632,906 | 31.1 | 153,334 | 0.1 |
| 2017 | 794,390,869 | 14,417,518 | 1.8 | 146,611,635 | 18.5 | 369,857,059 | 46.6 | 263,258,829 | 33.1 | 245,828 | 0.0 |
| 2018 | 878,962,138 | 14,324,576 | 1.6 | 164,134,388 | 18.7 | 437,958,775 | 49.8 | 262,130,219 | 29.8 | 414,180 | 0.1 |
| 2019 | 856,982,125 | 14,535,577 | 1.7 | 164,873,615 | 19.2 | 408,466,163 | 47.7 | 268,157,818 | 31.3 | 948,952 | 0.1 |
| 2020 | 985,726,201 | 11,422,284 | 1.2 | 173,532,323 | 17.6 | 529,075,081 | 53.7 | 270,228,872 | 27.4 | 1,467,641 | 0.1 |
| 2021 | 910,618,796 | 3,408,114 | 0.4 | 201,162,593 | 22.1 | 419,907,000 | 46.1 | 285,827,876 | 31.4 | 313,213 | 0.0 |
| 2022 | 1,091,463,736 | 6,549,464 | 0.6 | 266,759,796 | 24.4 | 527,638,118 | 48.3 | 290,296,467 | 26.6 | 219,891 | 0.1 |
| 2023 | 1,072,637,725 | 14,779,616 | 1.4 | 285,334,484 | 26.6 | 464,747,641 | 43.3 | 306,797,997 | 28.6 | 977,987 | 0.1 |
| 2024 | 1,116,212,484 | 14,112,785 | 1.3 | 291,860,087 | 26.1 | 493,807,598 | 44.2 | 314,410,070 | 28.2 | 2,021,944 | 0.2 |

^{*} See Table 2 for Charges for Services categories

^{**} Not restricted to specific programs

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Fisca | al Year | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------|-------------|----|------------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | | 2017 | | 2018 |
| General Fund: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$ 1,095,915 | \$ 844,003 | \$ | 1,078,381 | \$ | 645,312 |
| Assigned | 9,667,446 | 8,392,352 | | 8,735,155 | | 7,873,059 |
| Total Fund Balance - General Fund | \$ 10,763,361 | \$ 9,236,355 | \$ | 9,813,536 | \$ | 8,518,371 |
| | | | | | | |
| All Other Governmental Funds: | | | | | | |
| Nonspendable: | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | \$ 489,714 | \$ 1,734,207 | \$ | 638,339 | \$ | 633,098 |
| Restricted: | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 16,614,815 | 16,236,275 | | 17,365,019 | | 21,102,555 |
| Capital Projects Funds | 13,318,732 | 20,731,125 | | - | | 6,661,276 |
| Committed: | | | | | | |
| Special Revenue Funds | 4,177,903 | 4,295,854 | | 4,029,283 | | 3,791,806 |
| Capital Projects Funds | 437,953 | 528,628 | | - | | 5,204,160 |
| Unassigned: | | | | | | |
| Capital Projects Funds | - | - | | (2,469,152) | | - |
| Total Fund Balance - Other | | | | | | |
| Governmental Funds | \$ 35,039,117 | \$ 43,526,089 | \$ | 19,563,489 | \$ | 37,392,895 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

| | | | | | FISC | ai i ea | | | | | |
|-------------|--------|----------|------------|----------|------------|---------|--------------|----|--------------|----------|-------------|
| 2019 | | | 2020 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2023 | | 2024 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 661 | L,659 | \$ | 614,133 | \$ | 396,015 | \$ | 1,424,158 | \$ | 309,327 | \$ | 597,105 |
| 11,144 | 1,533 | | 14,496,327 | | 37,001,173 | _ | 27,613,231 | | 17,565,592 | | 11,775,595 |
| \$ 11,806 | 5.192 | \$ | 15,110,460 | \$ | 37,397,188 | \$ | 29,037,389 | \$ | 17,874,919 | \$ | 12,372,700 |
| | -, | <u> </u> | | <u> </u> | 07,007,100 | _ | | Ě | | <u> </u> | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ 614 | 1,895 | \$ | 789,416 | \$ | 803,943 | \$ | 2,689,353 | \$ | 1,373,198 | \$ | 974,703 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 21,722 | 2,834 | | 20,013,067 | | 24,560,987 | | 33,364,012 | | 36,783,536 | | 35,180,122 |
| | - | | 32,377,544 | | = | | = | | - | | - |
| 3,919 | 9,462 | | 4,245,222 | | 4,772,946 | | 5,259,535 | | 5,913,703 | | 6,631,284 |
| | - | | 8,332,161 | | 14,827,424 | | 106,654,155 | | 119,214,125 | | 114,849,118 |
| (22.002 | 760\ | | | | | | | | | | |
| (32,003 | 5,700) | | | | | | - | | - | | <u>-</u> |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| \$ (5,746 | 5,569) | \$ | 65,757,410 | \$ | 44,965,300 | \$ | 147,967,055 | \$ | 163,284,562 | \$ | 157,635,227 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Fisca | l Year | |
|--|----------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | |
| From Use of Money and Property | \$ 1,112,326 | \$ 1,187,026 | \$ 1,093,227 | \$ 1,238,870 |
| Charges for Services | 11,921,719 | 12,273,570 | 11,541,968 | 11,462,227 |
| Miscellaneous | 2,717,149 | 2,366,701 | 2,637,731 | 2,863,240 |
| From Local Government | 378,687,744 | 403,461,767 | 365,906,287 | 437,309,444 |
| From Commonwealth | 334,562,449 | 335,531,412 | 345,823,565 | 362,609,420 |
| From Federal Government | 64,845,309 | 60,351,137 | 63,760,864 | 63,260,548 |
| Total Revenues | \$ 793,846,696 | \$ 815,171,613 | \$ 790,763,642 | \$ 878,743,749 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Instruction | \$ 571,442,017 | \$ 566,161,730 | \$ 574,348,290 | \$ 592,155,106 |
| Admin, Attendance, & Health | 21,039,188 | 21,867,909 | 23,250,610 | 23,789,953 |
| Pupil Transportation | 29,783,772 | 30,772,076 | 35,791,636 | 46,032,851 |
| Operations and Maintenance | 89,729,140 | 91,231,416 | 93,264,383 | 94,283,880 |
| Cafeterias | 28,051,308 | 27,118,359 | 27,623,959 | 28,378,336 |
| Technology | 35,714,932 | 37,060,489 | 41,769,006 | 45,954,174 |
| Capital Outlay | 26,047,626 | 34,015,383 | 21,728,403 | 31,833,597 |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Principal-Subscription Liability | - | - | - | - |
| Interest-Subscription Liability | - | - | - | - |
| Total Expenditures | \$ 801,807,983 | \$ 808,227,362 | \$ 817,776,287 | \$ 862,427,897 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF | | | | |
| REVENUES OVER (UNDER) | | | | |
| <u>EXPENDITURES</u> | \$ (7,961,287) | \$ 6,944,251 | \$ (27,012,645) | \$ 16,315,852 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES | | | | |
| (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers In | \$ 3,146,753 | \$ 3,213,930 | \$ 3,323,272 | \$ 3,653,090 |
| Transfers Out | (3,146,753) | (3,213,930) | (3,323,272) | (3,653,090) |
| Sale of Capital Assets | - | 15,715 | 3,627,226 | 218,389 |
| Subscription Liability | - | - | · · | - |
| Total Other Financing | | | | |
| Sources (Uses), net | \$ - | \$ 15,715 | \$ 3,627,226 | \$ 218,389 |
| NET CHANGE IN | | | | |
| FUND BALANCES | \$ (7,961,287) | \$ 6,959,966 | \$ (23,385,419) | \$ 16,534,241 |
| | | | | |
| Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures | <u>-</u> | <u>-</u> | _ | <u>-</u> |
| | | | | |

Note: Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement Number 96 "Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements" was implemented in fiscal year 2023. The subscriptions are recorded as a liability at the present value of the term payments and then amortization of the remaining subscription term is recognized as an outflow of resources.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

| | | Fisca | l Year | | |
|-----------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | | | | |
| \$ 1,614,614 | \$ 1,909,409 | \$ 966,954 | \$ 1,010,931 | \$ 1,641,104 | \$ 2,087,488 |
| 11,315,564 | 8,101,947 | 785,386 | 1,486,301 | 9,743,546 | 9,243,591 |
| 3,931,864 | 4,083,737 | 5,222,803 | 11,083,390 | 12,785,897 | 15,896,613 |
| 402,681,269 | 528,069,094 | 416,765,494 | 520,621,545 | 456,017,199 | 484,102,134 |
| 365,166,526 | 378,703,344 | 396,103,494 | 411,657,244 | 459,247,402 | 475,384,273 |
| 67,416,059 | 64,681,005 | 90,425,362 | 144,976,657 | 132,594,921 | 129,214,748 |
| \$ 852,125,896 | \$ 985,548,536 | \$ 910,269,493 | \$ 1,090,836,068 | \$ 1,072,030,069 | \$ 1,115,928,847 |
| \$ 604,306,042 | \$ 614,838,147 | \$ 616,937,934 | \$ 672,368,027 | \$ 701,933,891 | \$ 754,129,696 |
| 24,321,706 | 24,526,915 | 37,440,277 | 40,207,972 | 42,330,491 | 43,325,334 |
| 40,296,039 | 37,039,105 | 35,517,280 | 53,426,828 | 53,348,280 | 51,664,119 |
| 98,804,758 | 92,837,418 | 100,127,252 | 113,317,602 | 129,126,572 | 137,899,075 |
| 29,159,727 | 29,191,803 | 27,853,960 | 37,430,936 | 38,436,090 | 43,778,318 |
| 46,793,397 | 46,306,027 | 52,889,114 | 61,293,474 | 62,792,518 | 49,954,013 |
| 51,152,099 | 66,178,539 | 40,808,970 | 18,776,941 | 40,445,228 | |
| 51,152,055 | 00,170,333 | 40,000,370 | 10,770,941 | 40,445,226 | 45,721,176 |
| - | - | - | - | 892,307 | 845,252 |
| | | | | - | 47,055 |
| \$ 894,833,768 | \$ 910,917,954 | \$ 911,574,787 | \$ 996,821,780 | \$ 1,069,305,377 | \$ 1,127,364,038 |
| \$ (42,707,872) | \$ 74,630,582 | \$ (1,305,294) | \$ 94,014,288 | \$ 2,724,692 | \$ (11,435,191) |
| \$ 3,798,609 | \$ 4,001,247 | \$ 3,994,446 | \$ 4,869,945 | \$ 5,140,987 | \$ 4,886,769 |
| (5,798,609) | (4,001,247) | (5,994,446) | (4,869,945) | (5,140,987) | (4,886,769) |
| 4,856,229 | 177,665 | 349,303 | 627,668 | 607,655 | 283,637 |
| - | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | <u> </u> | 822,690 | |
| \$ 2,856,229 | \$ 177,665 | \$ (1,650,697) | \$ 627,668 | \$ 1,430,345 | \$ 283,637 |
| \$ (39,851,643) | \$ 74,808,247 | \$ (2,955,991) | \$ 94,641,956 | \$ 4,155,037 | \$ (11,151,554) |
| - | - | - | - | 0.1% | 0.1% |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURES AND OTHER FINANCING USES BY FUNCTION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | Total | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|---------------|---------------|------|--------------|-----|--------------|-----|--------------|------|--------------|-----|-------------|-----|
| | Expen- | | | Adminis- | | | | | | | | | |
| | ditures | | | tration, | | | | Operations | | | | | |
| | and Other | | | Atten- | | Pupil | | and | | | | | |
| Fiscal | Financing | | | dance, & | | Trans- | | Mainte- | | | | | |
| Year | Uses | Instruction | % | Health | % | portation | % | nance | % | Technology | % | Transfers | % |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$687,695,797 | \$521,306,637 | 75.8 | \$21,039,188 | 3.1 | \$29,783,772 | 4.3 | \$85,027,241 | 12.4 | \$27,392,206 | 4.0 | \$3,146,753 | 0.4 |
| 2016 | 693,674,811 | 522,827,006 | 75.4 | 21,867,909 | 3.2 | 30,772,076 | 4.4 | 85,640,251 | 12.3 | 29,353,639 | 4.2 | 3,213,930 | 0.5 |
| 2017 | 710,946,618 | 531,207,956 | 74.7 | 23,250,610 | 3.3 | 35,791,636 | 5.0 | 85,737,273 | 12.1 | 31,635,871 | 4.4 | 3,323,272 | 0.5 |
| 2018 | 748,530,406 | 551,099,344 | 73.6 | 23,789,953 | 3.2 | 46,032,851 | 6.1 | 86,706,179 | 11.6 | 37,248,989 | 5.0 | 3,653,090 | 0.5 |
| 2019 | 757,385,699 | 561,124,557 | 74.1 | 24,321,706 | 3.2 | 40,296,039 | 5.3 | 88,042,622 | 11.6 | 37,802,166 | 5.0 | 5,798,609 | 0.8 |
| 2020 | 766,633,124 | 573,394,750 | 74.8 | 24,526,915 | 3.2 | 37,039,105 | 4.8 | 87,816,421 | 11.5 | 39,854,686 | 5.2 | 4,001,247 | 0.5 |
| 2021 | 771,310,406 | 570,086,492 | 73.9 | 35,037,931 | 4.5 | 35,476,247 | 4.6 | 87,876,518 | 11.4 | 36,838,772 | 4.8 | 5,994,446 | 0.8 |
| 2022 | 827,551,911 | 597,668,220 | 72.2 | 36,895,804 | 4.5 | 52,017,634 | 6.3 | 98,295,182 | 11.9 | 37,805,126 | 4.6 | 4,869,945 | 0.5 |
| 2023 | 868,652,853 | 618,857,056 | 71.2 | 39,236,548 | 4.5 | 50,149,031 | 5.8 | 107,459,456 | 12.4 | 47,809,775 | 5.5 | 5,140,987 | 0.6 |
| 2024 | 924,720,767 | 673,148,637 | 72.8 | 41,665,488 | 4.5 | 51,328,257 | 5.6 | 114,164,588 | 12.3 | 39,527,028 | 4.3 | 4,886,769 | 0.5 |

Note: This table represents financial data of the School Operating Fund.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GENERAL FUND REVENUES BY SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Total Revenues | City of Virginia Beach | % | Common- wealth of Virginia | % | State Sales Tax | % | Federal Govern- ment | % | Other Revenues | % |
|----------------|-------------------|------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|------|--------------------|------|----------------------------|-----|-------------------|----------|
| 2015 | \$691,109,526 | \$352,191,199 | 51.0 | \$250,173,015 | 36.2 | \$70,376,559 | 10.2 | \$14,290,941 | 2.1 | \$4,077,812 | 0.5 |
| 2016 | 692,132,090 | 355,706,910 | 51.4 | 249,585,001 | 36.1 | 72,382,607 | 10.5 | 10,984,116 | 1.6 | 3,473,456 | 0.4 |
| 2017 | 711,396,573 | 361,314,303 | 50.8 | 260,283,753 | 36.6 | 73,084,563 | 10.3 | 13,464,377 | 1.9 | 3,249,577 | 0.4 |
| 2018 | 747,016,852 | 383,296,606 | 51.3 | 273,210,535 | 36.6 | 74,264,875 | 9.9 | 12,614,392 | 1.7 | 3,630,444 | 0.5 |
| 2019 | 760,448,528 | 388,810,269 | 51.1 | 274,756,360 | 36.1 | 76,320,888 | 10.0 | 15,961,332 | 2.1 | 4,599,679 | 0.7 |
| 2020 | 769,759,727 | 383,837,199 | 49.9 | 285,102,568 | 37.0 | 79,610,836 | 10.3 | 16,671,591 | 2.2 | 4,537,533 | 0.6 |
| 2021 | 793,249,279 | 389,560,485 | 49.1 | 295,922,939 | 37.3 | 87,120,778 | 11.0 | 18,243,225 | 2.3 | 2,401,852 | 0.3 |
| 2022 | 818,564,444 | 401,758,124 | 49.1 | 296,840,759 | 36.3 | 98,227,243 | 12.0 | 17,115,878 | 2.1 | 4,622,440 | 0.5 |
| 2023 | 856,060,038 | 407,913,456 | 47.7 | 325,809,562 | 38.1 | 98,633,260 | 11.5 | 18,437,704 | 2.2 | 5,266,056 | 0.5 |
| 2024 | 918,958,911 | 436,114,062 | 47.5 | 363,155,427 | 39.5 | 90,678,103 | 9.9 | 21,926,762 | 2.4 | 7,084,557 | 0.7 |

Note: This table represents financial data of the School Operating Fund.

| | Other Financial Data | | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | June 30 | June 30 | | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal | Reversion | Fund | Debt | | | | | | | |
| Year | to City | Balance | Service | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$12,316,533 | \$10,763,361 | \$44,986,273 | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 15,583,197 | 9,236,355 | 44,115,909 | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 17,063,890 | 9,813,536 | 45,704,383 | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 22,881,964 | 8,518,371 | 42,173,255 | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | 26,824,198 | 11,806,192 | 41,768,217 | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 39,027,626 | 15,110,460 | 42,933,085 | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 25,708,678 | 37,397,188 | 45,227,006 | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 21,071,766 | 29,037,389 | 45,696,046 | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 30,388,833 | 17,874,919 | 46,171,521 | | | | | | | |
| 2024 | 31,693,624 | 12,372,700 | 44,499,761 | | | | | | | |

Note: The above Other Financial Data presents the amount of cash that was necessary to revert to the City to yield a fund balance equal to the outstanding encumbrances and prepaid items at June 30 of each fiscal year.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PER PUPIL FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR REVENUE SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | Local Re | evenues | State R | evenues | State Sales T | ax Revenues |
|----------------|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Per Pupil | Per Pupil State Average | Per Pupil | Per Pupil State Average | Per Pupil | Per Pupil State Average |
| 2015 | \$5,392 | \$5,949 | \$3,828 | \$3,798 | \$1,016 | \$1,004 |
| 2016 | 5,450 | 6,084 | 3,835 | 3,813 | 1,051 | 1,036 |
| 2017 | 5,563 | 6,249 | 3,986 | 3,997 | 1,063 | 1,055 |
| 2018 | 5,848 | 6,462 | 4,219 | 4,166 | 1,079 | 1,052 |
| 2019 | 5,920 | 6,642 | 4,235 | 4,280 | 1,115 | 1,108 |
| 2020 | 5,813 | 6,770 | 4,387 | 4,438 | 1,161 | 1,165 |
| 2021 | 5,783 | 6,669 | 4,787 | 4,858 | 1,341 | 1,327 |
| 2022 | 6,307 | 7,150 | 4,818 | 4,938 | 1,504 | 1,516 |
| 2023 | 6,744 | 7,802 | 5,316 | 5,473 | 1,513 | 1,483 |
| 2024 | · <u>-</u> | · - | · - | - | - | - |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents the per pupil cost of operations of the Virginia Beach City Public Schools broken down by source of support. The per pupil amount for the Total Expenditures for Operations is the total expenditures of the Local Educational Agency (LEA) minus the amount for the Facilities Function (e.g., Capital Improvement Program), Debt Service, Non LEA Programs, and Capital Outlay Additions to yield Total Expenditures for Operations. The Total Expenditures for Operations include regular day school, school food services, summer school, adult education, athletics, textbooks, and other educational functions.

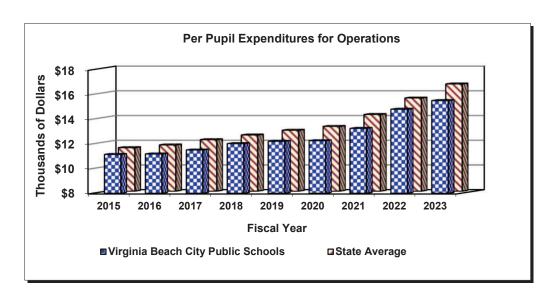
The aforementioned methodology and computations were developed by the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education (DOE). The assumption taken by the DOE is that the LEA would spend all of its State money received, all of the Sales Tax money received, and all of its Federal money received, before spending any of the local appropriations and other local receipts. Therefore, the Total Expenditures for Operations is the sum of the State portion, the Sales Tax portion, and the Federal portion, with the local portion (City appropriations and other local receipts) being the remainder after the others have been deducted.

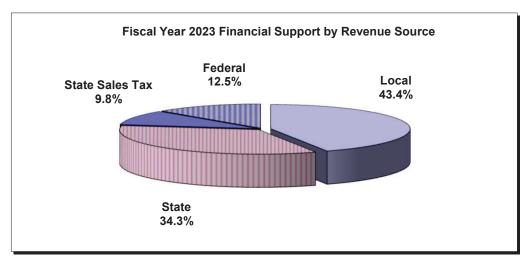
The State amount includes all the monies sent to the LEA by the DOE minus an amount sent by the DOE for the running of the Hospital, Clinics, and Detention Home project and an amount sent by the DOE for vocational equipment. The State Sales Tax is the 1 cent tax on goods and services allocated to a particular LEA (plus a 1/8 of one percent increase allocation). The Federal portion includes all federal funds sent to the LEA directly from the Federal Government or through the State to the LEA minus an amount for additional capital outlay paid for by Federal funds. The local funds portion is equal to the Total Expenditures for Operations minus the amounts for State funds, State Sales Tax, and Federal funds.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PER PUPIL FINANCIAL SUPPORT FOR EXPENDITURES BY MAJOR REVENUE SOURCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | • | enditures | |
|----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|-----------|-------------------------------|---|
| | Federal F | Revenues | for Ope | erations | |
| Fiscal Year | Per Pupil | Per Pupil State Average | Per Pupil | Per Pupil State Average | ADM for Determining Cost Per Pupil |
| 2015 | \$914 | \$772 | \$11,150 | \$11,523 | 69,242 |
| 2016 | 849 | 812 | 11,185 | 11,745 | 68,880 |
| 2017 | 895 | 871 | 11,507 | 12,172 | 68,738 |
| 2018 | 876 | 867 | 12,022 | 12,548 | 68,808 |
| 2019 | 943 | 901 | 12,213 | 12,931 | 68,436 |
| 2020 | 899 | 867 | 12,260 | 13,241 | 68,588 |
| 2021 | 1,343 | 1,352 | 13,254 | 14,206 | 64,951 |
| 2022 | 2,175 | 1,936 | 14,804 | 15,541 | 65,326 |
| 2023 | 1,932 | 1,918 | 15,504 | 16,676 | 65,176 |
| 2024 | - | - | _ | - | - |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)





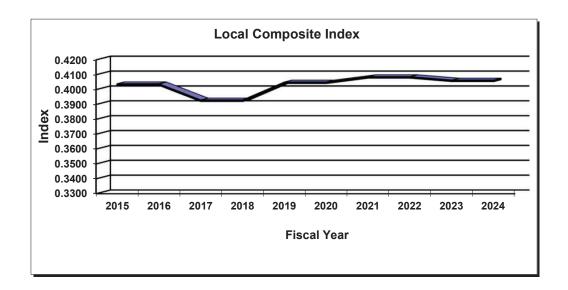
SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA COMPOSITE INDEX OF LOCAL ABILITY-TO-PAY COSTS OF STANDARDS OF QUALITY Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal | Indicators of Ability | Local Composite | Local Share |
|--------|--------------------------|--------------------|---------------|
| Year | Base Year | Index | of SOQ Factor |
| 2015 | 2011 | .4034 | .4500 |
| 2016 | 2011 | .4034 | .4500 |
| 2017 | 2013 | .3925 | .4500 |
| 2018 | 2013 | .3925 | .4500 |
| 2019 | 2015 | .4046 | .4500 |
| 2020 | 2015 | .4046 | .4500 |
| 2021 | 2017 | .4082 | .4500 |
| 2022 | 2017 | .4082 | .4500 |
| 2023 | 2019 | .4059 | .4500 |
| 2024 | 2019 | .4059 | .4500 |

Note: The components used in the formula for calculating the school divisions' composite index (used to distribute basic aid, standards of quality, and various other state payments) are:

True Value of Real Property Adjusted Gross Income Taxable Retail Sales March 31 ADM (year after base year) Total Population

The Local Share of Standards of Quality (SOQ) Factor is multiplied by the original calculated local composite index of each school division. This factor provides the apportioned cost of the SOQ between the State and school divisions of average ability to pay as established by the Appropriations Act.

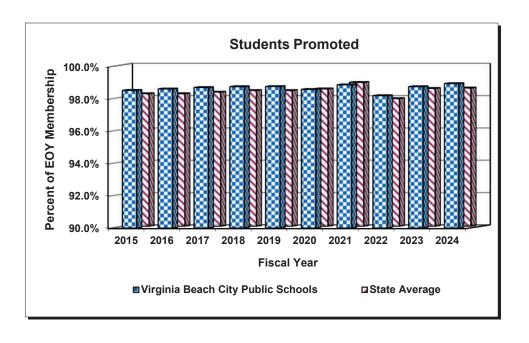


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENTS PROMOTED

Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal | End-of-Year | Number | Percent | Percent Promoted |
|--------|-------------|----------|----------|---------------------|
| Year | Membership | Promoted | Promoted | State Average |
| 2015 | 68,934 | 67,914 | 98.5% | 98.2% |
| 2016 | 68,568 | 67,616 | 98.6% | 98.2% |
| 2017 | 67,868 | 66,983 | 98.7% | 98.3% |
| 2018 | 67,620 | 66,775 | 98.8% | 98.4% |
| 2019 | 67,181 | 66,349 | 98.8% | 98.4% |
| 2020 | 67,262 | 66,309 | 98.6% | 98.5% |
| 2021 | 64,289 | 63,561 | 98.9% | 98.9% |
| 2022 | 64,120 | 62,962 | 98.2% | 97.9% |
| 2023 | 64,050 | 63,250 | 98.8% | 98.5% |
| 2024 | 63,572 | 62,899 | 98.9% | 98.6% |

Note: This table represents the number of pupils promoted as a percentage of end of the year membership. Beginning in fiscal year 2014, the calculation was updated which employs the Virginia Department of Education longitudinal database. This calculation counts the students in the current fiscal year's fall enrollment that were in the same grade for the previous fiscal year's fall enrollment, instead of the students who were identified as retained by the school division on the last day of school. The data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT ATTENDANCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

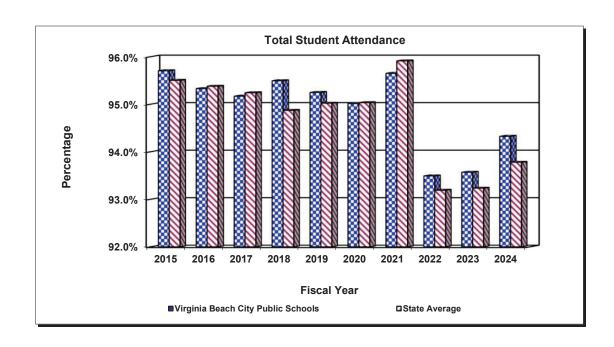
| | | Average Daily Membership | | | Average Daily Attendance | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|--------|--------------------------|-----------|--------|
| Fiscal Year | Number of Days Taught | Elementary | Secondary | Total | Elementary | Secondary | Total |
| 2015 | 183 | 42,122 | 26,564 | 68,686 | 40,512 | 25,224 | 65,736 |
| 2016 | 183 | 41.909 | 26,335 | 68,244 | 40,180 | 24,877 | 65,057 |
| 2017 | 180 | 41,430 | 26,072 | 67,502 | 39,617 | 24,625 | 64,242 |
| 2018 | 176 | 41,331 | 26,062 | 67,393 | 39,587 | 24,770 | 64,357 |
| 2019 | 177 | 41,157 | 25,787 | 66,944 | 39,344 | 24,419 | 63,763 |
| 2020 | 121 | 41,224 | 25,948 | 67,172 | 39,281 | 24,544 | 63,825 |
| 2021 | 183 | 38,313 | 25,334 | 63,647 | 36,700 | 24,179 | 60,879 |
| 2022 | 179 | 38,416 | 25,493 | 63,909 | 36,136 | 23,614 | 59,750 |
| 2023 | 180 | 38,359 | 25,303 | 63,662 | 35,979 | 23,589 | 59,568 |
| 2024 | 181 | 38,239 | 25,003 | 63,242 | 36,126 | 23,527 | 59,653 |

Note: This table represents the average daily membership and the average daily attendance along with the percentage of attendance to membership. Average Daily Membership (ADM) is the average number of students belonging each day in a school system for the period of report. ADM is determined by dividing the sum of the days present and absent of all students when school is in session during a given period by the number of days school is in session during this period.

Due to COVID-19 in fiscal year 2020, schools were closed in March of 2020 and moved to all virtual learning resulting in a decrease in number of days taught.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT ATTENDANCE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Student Attendance Percent | | | Student Attendance Percent State Average | | |
|----------------|----------------------------|-----------|------------------|--|-----------|------------------|
| | Elementary | Secondary | Local Average | Elementary | Secondary | State Average |
| 2015 | 96.2% | 95.0% | 95.7% | 96.1% | 94.6% | 95.5% |
| 2016 | 95.9% | 94.5% | 95.3% | 95.9% | 94.5% | 95.4% |
| 2017 | 95.6% | 94.4% | 95.2% | 95.8% | 94.4% | 95.2% |
| 2018 | 95.8% | 95.0% | 95.5% | 95.4% | 94.0% | 94.9% |
| 2019 | 95.6% | 94.7% | 95.2% | 95.5% | 94.2% | 95.0% |
| 2020 | 95.3% | 94.6% | 95.0% | 95.4% | 94.4% | 95.0% |
| 2021 | 95.8% | 95.4% | 95.7% | 95.9% | 95.9% | 95.9% |
| 2022 | 94.1% | 92.6% | 93.5% | 93.8% | 92.3% | 93.2% |
| 2023 | 93.8% | 93.2% | 93.6% | 93.7% | 92.6% | 93.2% |
| 2024 | 94.5% | 94.1% | 94.3% | 94.3% | 93.1% | 93.8% |



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT DROPOUTS

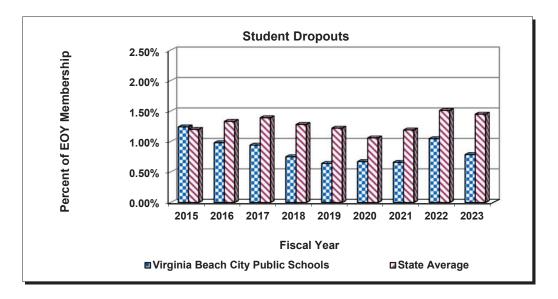
Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | September 30 | | | |
|--------|---------------|-----------|---------|---------------|
| Fiscal | Membership | Number of | | Percent |
| Year | (Grades 7-12) | Dropouts | Percent | State Average |
| 2015 | 32,056 | 396 | 1.24% | 1.20% |
| 2016 | 31,839 | 313 | 0.98% | 1.33% |
| 2017 | 31,614 | 296 | 0.94% | 1.39% |
| 2018 | 31,630 | 237 | 0.75% | 1.28% |
| 2019 | 31,443 | 201 | 0.64% | 1.22% |
| 2020 | 31,298 | 210 | 0.67% | 1.06% |
| 2021 | 30,973 | 204 | 0.66% | 1.19% |
| 2022 | 30,765 | 322 | 1.05% | 1.51% |
| 2023 | 30,567 | 240 | 0.79% | 1.45% |
| 2024 | - | <u>-</u> | | |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents a percentage of dropouts compared to membership in grades 7-12 and ungraded pupils ages 12 and older as reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions. Dropouts are defined as pupils who withdraw from school for reasons other than promotion, transfer, death, or graduation, and do not enter another school during the school year. Also included are pupils who are in attendance on the last day of the school year who fail to return to school by October 31 of the following school year.

The dropout percentage is calculated as the number of dropouts divided by the membership on September 30th of that school year. A dropout is an individual in grades 7-12 or ungraded (UG) (due to not successfully completing the Literacy Testing Program (LTP)) who was enrolled in school at some time during the previous school year and was not enrolled on October 1 of the current school year, or was not enrolled following exclusionary conditions: transfer to another public school district, private school, or state- or district-approved education program, temporary school-recognized absence due to suspension, illness, or death.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOLASTIC APTITUDE TEST (SAT) - MEAN SCORES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | Mathematics - Mean Scores | | | Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW) - Mean Scores ** | | | Writing - Mean Scores * | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|----------|-------------|---|----------|--------------|-------------------------|----------|----------|
| Fiscal Year | Virginia Beach | Virginia | National*** | Virginia Beach | Virginia | National *** | Virginia Beach | Virginia | National |
| | | <u> </u> | | | <u> </u> | | | <u> </u> | |
| 2015 | 504 | 516 | 511 | 507 | 518 | 495 | 484 | 499 | 484 |
| 2016 | 511 | 517 | 508 | 514 | 520 | 494 | 490 | 498 | 482 |
| 2017* | 534 | 541 | 527 | 557 | 561 | 533 | - | - | - |
| 2018 | 545 | 547 | 520 | 563 | 563 | 529 | - | - | - |
| 2019 | 542 | 548 | 515 | 561 | 564 | 524 | - | - | - |
| 2020 | 539 | 546 | 523 | 562 | 564 | 528 | - | - | - |
| 2021 | 551 | 566 | 528 | 573 | 582 | 533 | - | - | - |
| 2022 | 537 | 550 | 521 | 568 | 569 | 529 | - | - | - |
| 2023 | 538 | 541 | 508 | 575 | 565 | 520 | - | - | - |
| 2024 | 541 | 534 | 488 | 576 | 560 | 507 | - | - | - |

Source: The College Board and the Department of Research, Evaluation, and Assessment (SAT I: Reasoning Test)

^{*} In January 2016 the format of the SAT changed from a 3-section (Mathematics, Critical Reading, and Writing) to a 2-section (Mathematics and Evidence-based Reading and Writing (ERW)). The data for 2017 graduates was based on the newer 2-section format only and isn't comparable to previous years.

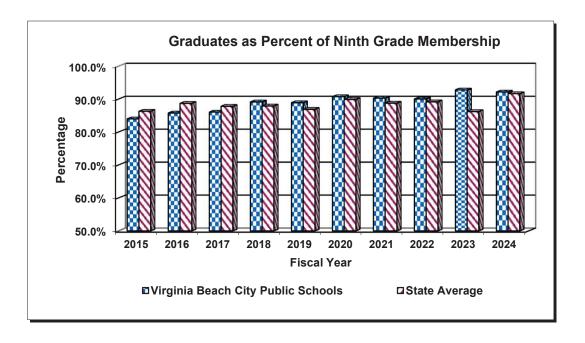
^{**} Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW) replaced Critical Reading in 2017.
Stats prior to 2017 are for Critical Reading and Stats for 2017 and after are for ERW.

^{*** 2020} National Scores for Math and Evidence-Based Reading and Writing (ERW) are calculated on the Total Group, which includes all test takers regardless of school type. Prior years were calculated for public schools only. This was due to COVID-19.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GRADUATES AS PERCENT OF NINTH GRADE MEMBERSHIP FOUR YEARS EARLIER Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Membership Ninth Grade Four Years Earlier | Standard Diploma | Advanced Studies Diploma | Modified/ Special/Other Diploma | Certificate of Program Completion/ GAD/GED/ ISAEP | Total Graduates and Completers | Percentage | Percentage State Average |
|----------------|--|---------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|--------------|--------------------------|
| | | 2.6.01110 | 2.0 | 2.p.oa | | - completelo | . c. contage | |
| 2015 | 5,939 | 1,806 | 2,903 | 186 | 93 | 4,988 | 84.0% | 86.3% |
| 2016 | 5,815 | 1,831 | 2,857 | 186 | 113 | 4,987 | 85.8% | 88.7% |
| 2017 | 5,825 | 1,793 | 2,947 | 181 | 91 | 5,012 | 86.0% | 87.8% |
| 2018 | 5,887 | 1,884 | 3,066 | 203 | 94 | 5,247 | 89.1% | 87.9% |
| 2019 | 5,718 | 1,870 | 2,880 | 236 | 97 | 5,083 | 88.9% | 86.9% |
| 2020 | 5,528 | 1,899 | 2,875 | 191 | 51 | 5,016 | 90.7% | 89.9% |
| 2021 | 5,507 | 1,933 | 2,849 | 170 | 19 | 4,971 | 90.3% | 88.8% |
| 2022 | 5,468 | 1,841 | 2,849 | 178 | 55 | 4,923 | 90.0% | 89.2% |
| 2023 | 5,485 | 1,976 | 2,910 | 142 | 61 | 5,089 | 92.8% | 86.2% |
| 2024 | 5,453 | 2,057 | 2,798 | 128 | 41 | 5,024 | 92.1% | 91.6% |

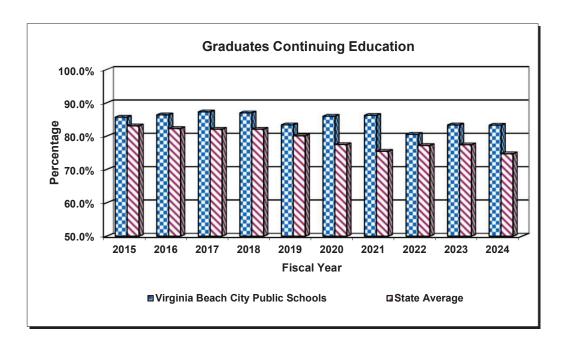
Note: This table represents the number of graduates (includes the following summer) as a percentage of ninth grade membership four years earlier and the type of diploma awarded. No adjustments have been made to reflect the mobility of the population. This data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA GRADUATES CONTINUING EDUCATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Attending Two-year | | Attending Four-year | | Other Continuing | | Total Continuing |
|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Attending Two-year | Colleges Percent | Attending Four-year | Colleges Percent | Other Continuing | Education Percent | Total Continuing | Education Percent |
| Fiscal Year | Colleges Percent | State Average | Colleges Percent | State Average | Education Percent | State Average | Education Percent | State Average |
| | | | | | / | | a= ==/ | |
| 2015 | 30.2% | 30.5% | 51.0% | 48.6% | 4.5% | 4.0% | 85.7% | 83.1% |
| 2016 | 33.3% | 29.8% | 48.4% | 48.4% | 4.7% | 4.1% | 86.4% | 82.3% |
| 2017 | 27.6% | 28.7% | 55.6% | 49.4% | 4.1% | 4.0% | 87.3% | 82.1% |
| 2018 | 27.0% | 28.7% | 55.8% | 49.2% | 4.2% | 4.2% | 87.0% | 82.1% |
| 2019 | 25.0% | 26.8% | 53.9% | 48.8% | 4.5% | 4.5% | 83.4% | 80.1% |
| 2020 | 26.2% | 25.2% | 55.3% | 47.8% | 4.4% | 4.5% | 86.0% | 77.5% |
| 2021 | 25.7% | 22.8% | 56.2% | 47.9% | 4.4% | 4.8% | 86.3% | 75.5% |
| 2022 | 20.6% | 23.1% | 54.5% | 48.9% | 5.5% | 5.2% | 80.6% | 77.2% |
| 2023 | 21.0% | 22.4% | 56.6% | 49.3% | 5.8% | 5.8% | 83.4% | 77.4% |
| 2024 | 19.6% | 19.4% | 57.0% | 49.2% | 6.7% | 6.2% | 83.3% | 74.8% |

Note: This table represents the percentage of graduates (includes the following summer) that pursued continuing education and the type of education pursued. Data is reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions.



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RATIO OF STUDENTS TO TEACHING/INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | | Elementary | | | |
|--------|-----------|------------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| | | Elementary | | Student/ | | Secondary | |
| _ | | End-of- | | Teacher | | End-of- | Secondary |
| | | Year | Student/ | Ratio | Secondary | Year | Student/ |
| Fiscal | Teaching | Membership | Teacher | State | Teaching | Membership | Teacher |
| Year | Positions | K-7 | Ratio | Average | Positions | 8-12 | Ratio |
| 2015 | 2,789 | 41,896 | 15.0 | 13.2 | 1,942 | 26,141 | 13.5 |
| 2015 | • | • | 14.4 | 13.1 | 1 ' | • | 12.9 |
| | 2,897 | 41,668 | | | 2,003 | 25,926 | |
| 2017 | 2,910 | 41,191 | 14.2 | 13.1 | 1,997 | 25,684 | 12.9 |
| 2018 | 2,963 | 41,106 | 13.9 | 13.1 | 1,988 | 25,700 | 12.9 |
| 2019 | 3,019 | 40,904 | 13.6 | 13.0 | 1,874 | 25,411 | 13.6 |
| 2020 | 2,998 | 40,952 | 13.7 | 13.0 | 1,862 | 25,565 | 13.7 |
| 2021 | 2,995 | 38,053 | 12.7 | 12.2 | 1,856 | 24,990 | 13.5 |
| 2022 | 2,949 | 37,533 | 12.7 | 12.3 | 1,817 | 24,717 | 13.6 |
| 2023 | 2,892 | 37,893 | 13.1 | 12.4 | 1,783 | 24,737 | 13.9 |
| 2024 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |

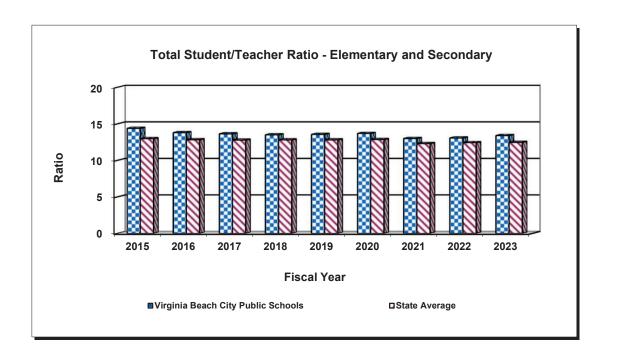
⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: This table represents student teacher ratios based on End-of-Year Average Daily Membership to full-time equivalent teaching positions, excluding special education teachers, principals, assistant principals, guidance counselors, and librarians.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RATIO OF STUDENTS TO TEACHING/INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | Secondary | | Total |
|--------|-----------|----------|----------|
| | Student/ | | Student/ |
| | Teacher | Total | Teacher |
| | Ratio | Student/ | Ratio |
| Fiscal | State | Teacher | State |
| Year | Average | Ratio | Average |
| | | | |
| 2015 | 12.5 | 14.38 | 12.97 |
| 2016 | 12.5 | 13.79 | 12.83 |
| 2017 | 12.3 | 13.63 | 12.78 |
| 2018 | 12.4 | 13.49 | 12.80 |
| 2019 | 12.5 | 13.55 | 12.81 |
| 2020 | 12.7 | 13.69 | 12.85 |
| 2021 | 12.5 | 12.99 | 12.30 |
| 2022 | 12.6 | 13.06 | 12.43 |
| 2023 | 12.5 | 13.40 | 12.46 |
| 2024 | - | | |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PERSONNEL POSITIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Finant Van

| | | Fiscal | Year | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| | | | | |
| Full-Time Staff | | | | |
| Office/Admin/Managers | 44 | 47 | 47 | 45 |
| Principals | 86 | 87 | 87 | 87 |
| Assistant Principals | 152 | 157 | 156 | 158 |
| Elementary Classroom Teachers | 2,059 | 2,096 | 2,073 | 2,113 |
| Secondary Classroom Teachers | 2,304 | 2,298 | 2,301 | 2,340 |
| Other Classroom Teachers | 302 | 297 | 358 | 361 |
| Guidance | 171 | 176 | 179 | 188 |
| Psychological | 77 | 76 | 85 | 85 |
| Librarians/AV | 105 | 106 | 106 | 106 |
| Supervisory | 84 | 86 | 93 | 93 |
| Other Professionals | 371 | 380 | 379 | 381 |
| Teacher Aides | 1,100 | 1,127 | 1,160 | 1,188 |
| Technicians | 197 | 203 | 197 | 210 |
| Clerical/Secretarial | 534 | 530 | 527 | 524 |
| Service Workers | 1,058 | 1,061 | 1,060 | 1,042 |
| Skilled Crafts | 229 | 232 | 227 | 220 |
| Total Full-Time Staff | 8,873 | 8,959 | 9,035 | 9,141 |
| | | | | |
| Part-Time Staff | | | | |
| Professional/Instructional | 138 | 142 | 135 | 120 |
| Other | 1,079 | 1,050 | 1,030 | 997 |
| Total Part-Time Staff | 1,217 | 1,192 | 1,165 | 1,117 |

Source: Department of Human Resources (EEO-5 Report)

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA PERSONNEL POSITIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

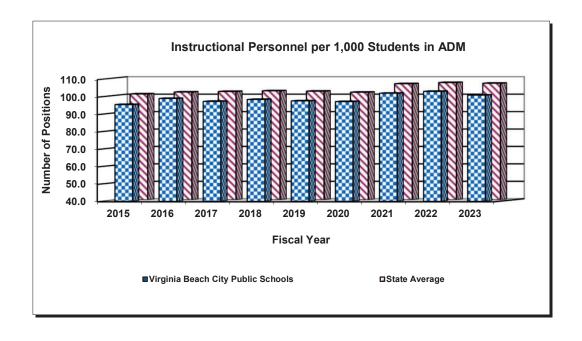
| riscal real | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--|--|--|--|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 | 45 | 46 | 45 | 46 | 46 | | | | |
| 86 | 87 | 88 | 87 | 86 | 87 | | | | |
| 158 | 161 | 167 | 176 | 177 | 177 | | | | |
| 2,146 | 2,186 | 2,162 | 2,117 | 2,143 | 2,139 | | | | |
| 2,325 | 2,350 | 2,322 | 2,255 | 2,266 | 2,191 | | | | |
| 350 | 302 | 317 | 310 | 342 | 341 | | | | |
| 199 | 197 | 209 | 220 | 225 | 227 | | | | |
| 101 | 105 | 109 | 108 | 109 | 105 | | | | |
| 106 | 103 | 105 | 105 | 104 | 102 | | | | |
| 97 | 96 | 95 | 94 | 95 | 92 | | | | |
| 386 | 385 | 401 | 404 | 415 | 427 | | | | |
| 1,236 | 1,243 | 1,243 | 1,258 | 1,286 | 1,272 | | | | |
| 207 | 210 | 212 | 203 | 214 | 215 | | | | |
| 525 | 521 | 523 | 526 | 527 | 524 | | | | |
| 1,031 | 981 | 1,002 | 1,025 | 1,025 | 1,072 | | | | |
| 228 | 235 | 230 | 231 | 225 | 226 | | | | |
| 9,227 | 9,207 | 9,231 | 9,164 | 9,285 | 9,243 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 114 | 107 | 101 | 102 | 120 | 108 | | | | |
| 1,047 | 989 | 924 | 925 | 969 | 960 | | | | |
| 1,161 | 1,096 | 1,025 | 1,027 | 1,089 | 1,068 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL POSITIONS PER 1,000 STUDENTS IN ADM Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Number of Instructional Personnel Positions (End of Year) | Student Average Daily Membership (End of Year) | Instructional Personnel Per 1,000 Students | Instructional Personnel Per 1,000 Students State Average |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|
| 2015 | 6,551 | 68,614 | 95.5 | 100.7 |
| 2016 | 6,758 | 68,265 | 99.0 | 101.8 |
| 2017 | 6,627 | 68,137 | 97.3 | 102.1 |
| 2018 | 6,716 | 68,271 | 98.4 | 102.5 |
| 2019 | 6,628 | 67,893 | 97.6 | 102.3 |
| 2020 | 6,614 | 68,037 | 97.2 | 101.7 |
| 2021 | 6,573 | 64,457 | 102.0 | 106.6 |
| 2022 | 6,572 | 63,772 | 103.1 | 107.2 |
| 2023 | 6,487 | 64,260 | 100.9 | 106.8 |
| 2024 | - | - | - | - |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: The number of Instructional Personnel includes all teachers, teacher assistants, guidance counselors, librarians, principals, assistant principals, and divisionwide instructors based on positions reported by the school division. Divisionwide positions include Summer School, Adult Education, Pre-Kindergarten, and other non-regular day and non-LEA instructional positions. The Student Average Daily Membership is the end-of-year unadjusted average daily membership as reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education by the school divisions (includes Pre-K through Post-graduate).



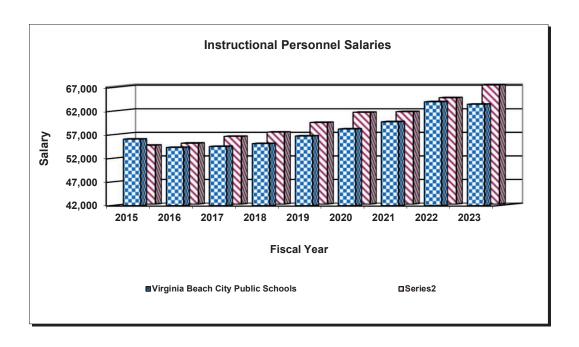
SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA INSTRUCTIONAL PERSONNEL SALARIES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Minimum Salary | Maximum Salary | Average Salary | State Average | |
|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| Teal | Jaiai y | Salaly | Salal y | Average | |
| 2015 | \$41,916 | \$71,930 | \$56,096 | \$54,486 | |
| 2016 | 43,559 | 75,294 | 54,342 | 54,910 | |
| 2017 | 44,796 | 77,809 | 54,541 | 56,362 | |
| 2018 | 45,759 | 69,703 | 55,147 | 57,261 | |
| 2019 | 47,017 | 70,646 | 56,766 | 59,301 | |
| 2020 | 47,017 | 69,496 | 58,242 | 61,457 | |
| 2021 | 49,256 | 72,126 | 59,779 | 61,595 | |
| 2022 | 51,965 | 90,473 | 64,012 | 64,557 | |
| 2023 | 51,965 | 100,051 | 63,493 | 68,101 | |
| 2024 | 54,065 | 105,660 | - | - | |
| | | | | | |

⁻ Not Available (officially published by the Commonwealth of Virginia, Department of Education)

Note: Instructional Personnel includes teachers, guidance counselors, librarians, and technology instructors.

Source: Department of Human Resources and Commonwealth of Virginia, Superintendent's Annual Report for Virginia



^{*} The Instructional Pay Scale ended at 30+ years in 2018, ended at 43+ years in 2022, ended at 44 years in 2023, and ends at 45+years in 2024.

| | | Number of Teachers | | | | Average Teacher Age | | | | Bachelors | | | |
|----------------|-------|--------------------|-------|-------|------|---------------------|------|-------|-------|-----------|------|-------|--|
| Fiscal Year | Elem | Middle | High | Other | Elem | Middle | High | Other | Elem | Middle | High | Other | |
| 2015 | 2,395 | 1,170 | 1,409 | 310 | 43.9 | 45.1 | 45.4 | 46.0 | 1,047 | 531 | 685 | 134 | |
| 2016 | 2,334 | 1,140 | 1,354 | 305 | 43.8 | 44.9 | 45.5 | 45.5 | 1,015 | 528 | 650 | 133 | |
| 2017 | 2,351 | 1,148 | 1,345 | 318 | 43.4 | 44.2 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 1,029 | 522 | 635 | 124 | |
| 2018 | 2,328 | 1,152 | 1,350 | 320 | 43.3 | 44.0 | 45.5 | 45.9 | 1,017 | 528 | 639 | 121 | |
| 2019 | 2,354 | 1,166 | 1,381 | 322 | 42.9 | 43.9 | 44.9 | 45.8 | 999 | 537 | 634 | 101 | |
| 2020 | 2,397 | 1,149 | 1,385 | 312 | 42.7 | 43.7 | 45.3 | 45.3 | 1,010 | 530 | 622 | 98 | |
| 2021 | 2,313 | 1,094 | 1,284 | 317 | 42.2 | 43.6 | 45.0 | 45.4 | 1,016 | 531 | 610 | 98 | |
| 2022 | 2,288 | 1,083 | 1,273 | 319 | 42.1 | 43.2 | 45.0 | 45.4 | 1,045 | 529 | 609 | 100 | |
| 2023 | 2,247 | 1,034 | 1,246 | 316 | 42.2 | 43.7 | 45.1 | 45.2 | 1,026 | 525 | 595 | 98 | |
| 2024 | 2,279 | 1,032 | 1,280 | 318 | 42.2 | 43.6 | 44.9 | 46.1 | 1,034 | 512 | 610 | 101 | |

Source: Department of Human Resources

| | Masters | | | | Ce | Certificate Advance Studies | | | | Doctorate | | | |
|----------------|---------|--------|------|-------|------|-----------------------------|------|-------|------|-----------|------|-------|--|
| Fiscal Year | Elem | Middle | High | Other | Elem | Middle | High | Other | Elem | Middle | High | Other | |
| 2015 | 1,230 | 570 | 647 | 157 | 109 | 62 | 59 | 16 | 9 | 7 | 18 | 3 | |
| 2016 | 1,203 | 551 | 631 | 151 | 107 | 53 | 53 | 17 | 9 | 8 | 20 | 4 | |
| 2017 | 1,205 | 566 | 631 | 172 | 105 | 52 | 58 | 17 | 12 | 8 | 21 | 5 | |
| 2018 | 1,194 | 557 | 636 | 173 | 104 | 58 | 52 | 19 | 13 | 9 | 23 | 7 | |
| 2019 | 1,207 | 552 | 657 | 178 | 115 | 61 | 59 | 20 | 14 | 10 | 24 | 6 | |
| 2020 | 1,242 | 546 | 656 | 173 | 110 | 54 | 75 | 19 | 15 | 12 | 21 | 6 | |
| 2021 | 1,159 | 500 | 576 | 183 | 100 | 38 | 59 | 15 | 12 | 14 | 20 | 6 | |
| 2022 | 1,138 | 499 | 580 | 184 | 85 | 37 | 56 | 16 | 12 | 13 | 18 | 6 | |
| 2023 | 1,106 | 465 | 570 | 185 | 80 | 33 | 52 | 14 | 13 | 8 | 17 | 5 | |
| 2024 | 1,134 | 462 | 594 | 181 | 67 | 35 | 46 | 13 | 17 | 13 | 19 | 7 | |

| | | Fiscal Yo | ear | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| Student Enrollment (October) | | | | |
| in Meal Programs: | | | | |
| Reduced | 5,496 | 5,407 | 5,281 | 5,047 |
| Free | 21,022 | 20,534 | 20,374 | 22,134 |
| Lunch Meals: | | | | |
| Full | 2,404,313 | 2,321,870 | 2,319,592 | 2,166,088 |
| Reduced | 684,986 | 697,649 | 649,776 | 601,089 |
| Free | 2,803,646 | 2,893,495 | 2,816,749 | 2,891,490 |
| Breakfast Meals: | | | | |
| Full | 508,932 | 545,907 | 610,096 | 673,682 |
| Reduced | 274,032 | 305,573 | 291,426 | 311,455 |
| Free | 1,556,228 | 1,745,450 | 1,762,591 | 1,958,080 |
| Lunch Price: | | | | |
| Full: | | | | |
| Elementary | \$2.50 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 |
| Middle | \$2.50 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 |
| High | \$2.50 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 | \$2.75 |
| Adult | \$3.75 | \$3.75 | \$3.75 | \$3.75 |
| Reduced | \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 |
| Seamless Summer Option (SSO) | | | | |
| Breakfast Meals | - | - | - | - |
| Lunch Meals | - | - | - | - |
| Summer Food Service Program (SFSP) | | | | |
| Breakfast Meals | = | 1,866 | 21,455 | 37,358 |
| Lunch Meals | - | 2,163 | 17,316 | 22,853 |
| Child and Adult Care Food Program (CACFP) | | | | |
| Lunch Meals | - | - | - | - |
| Snacks | - | - | - | - |
| Supper Meals | - | - | 104,699 | 113,801 |

Note: Due to the COVID-19 pandemic federal waivers, meals were provided at no cost to all VBCPS students as follows:

Source: The Department of Administrative Support Services/Food Services

^{2021 -} Meals administered via SFSP and CACFP Federal programs

^{2022 -} Meals administered via SSO Federal program for all sites and via SFSP and CACFP federal programs for eligible/approved sites

^{*} NSLP numbers reflect June 2022 academic summer program meals. Student portion of paid and reduced meals were covered by ESSER II grant funding

Fiscal Year

| | | Fisc | al Year | | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 5,328 | 5,675 | 4,529 | 3,947 | 2,803 | 2,135 |
| 22,005 | 21,513 | 24,619 | 25,043 | 27,213 | 30,221 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 2,055,684 | 1,437,723 | - | 412 | * 2,200,647 | * 2,159,116 |
| 615,137 | 433,869 | - | 76 | * 325,304 | * 241,511 |
| 2,820,115 | 1,876,434 | - | 659 | * 2,978,308 | * 3,373,306 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| 699,278 | 495,568 | - | 97 | * 816,104 | * 881,591 |
| 343,302 | 240,098 | - | 28 | * 164,593 | * 121,893 |
| 1,939,371 | 1,295,018 | - | 232 | * 1,870,227 | * 2,264,843 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 |
| \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 |
| \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 | \$2.85 |
| \$3.85 | \$3.85 | \$3.85 | \$3.85 | \$3.85 | \$4.50 |
| 7 | 75.55 | 70.00 | 70.00 | 7 | 7 |
| \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 | \$0.40 |
| 70000 | 7 | 70 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| | | | | | |
| _ | - | - | 3,277,062 | _ | _ |
| _ | _ | _ | 6,434,922 | _ | _ |
| | | | 0, 10 1,022 | | |
| 30,537 | 579,517 | 2,562,848 | 96,842 | 26,428 | 24,376 |
| 25,666 | 583,590 | 3,265,709 | 121,526 | 37,551 | 31,757 |
| 23,000 | 303,330 | 3,203,103 | 121,320 | 37,331 | 31,737 |
| - | - | _ | - | 312 | 693 |
| - | - | _ | - | 123 | 93 |
| 109,188 | 192,558 | 1,006,353 | 70,738 | 86,590 | 100,074 |
| 103,100 | 1,72,336 | 1,000,333 | 70,736 | 50,330 | 100,074 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS INFORMATION BY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Fiscal Year | r | |
|------------------------------|------|-------------|------|------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 |
| | | | | |
| Instruction: | | | | |
| Elementary Schools | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 |
| Middle Schools * | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 |
| High Schools | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 |
| Auxiliary Schools/Centers ** | 7 | 7 | 6 | 6 |
| Public Charter School | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Portables | 209 | 149 | 132 | 114 |
| Operations and Maintenance: | | | | |
| Vehicles | 276 | 272 | 291 | 291 |
| Pupil Transportation: | | | | |
| Buses | 785 | 791 | 802 | 817 |
| Other Vehicles | 57 | 60 | 39 | 51 |

Source: School Board Capital Assets Inventory Records

^{*} Note: In FY15 Bayside Middle School took the 6th graders out of that location and put them into the Bayside Middle 6th Grade Campus, creating another Middle School. FY15 number for Middle Schools has been adjusted.

^{**} Note: In FY17 Old Donation Center and Kemps Landing Magnet were combined into one Auxiliary Center and renamed Old Donation School to house Grades 2-8 Gifted Students.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CAPITAL ASSETS INFORMATION BY GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

Fiscal Year

| | | | riscai reai | | | | |
|---|------|------|-------------|------|------|------|---|
| | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | • |
| • | | | | | | | |
| | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 55 | 54 | |
| | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | 14 | |
| | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | |
| | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |
| | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | |
| | 114 | 57 | 57 | 54 | 54 | 52 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 308 | 321 | 325 | 342 | 340 | 346 | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | 809 | 805 | 790 | 821 | 830 | 833 | |
| | 51 | 53 | 45 | 39 | 42 | 53 | |

| | | | | | Fiscal \ | rear | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|---------------|--------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Elementary Schools | | | | | | | | | | |
| Alanton Elementary (Opene | d Sept 1966; A | ddition Sept | 1995; Sept 20 | 006) | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 | 74,049 |
| Program Capacity | 681 | 764 | 702 | 702 | 693 | 698 | 720 | 666 | 653 | 693 |
| Enrollment | 659 | 662 | 650 | 608 | 636 | 647 | 662 | 593 | 628 | 619 |
| Arrowhead Elementary (Op | ened Sept 1964 | ; Replaced S | ept 2003) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 | 79,480 |
| Program Capacity | 547 | 597 | 486 | 486 | 491 | 487 | 541 | 524 | 510 | 569 |
| Enrollment | 490 | 451 | 447 | 435 | 463 | 466 | 530 | 519 | 523 | 526 |
| Bayside Elementary (Opene | d Sept 1941; Re | placed Dec 2 | 2000) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 | 77,428 |
| Program Capacity | 547 | 599 | 585 | 527 | 509 | 515 | 540 | 509 | 491 | 491 |
| Enrollment | 534 | 518 | 472 | 471 | 461 | 502 | 491 | 484 | 476 | 495 |
| Birdneck Elementary (Open | ed Sept 1986) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 | 137,250 |
| Program Capacity | 818 | 732 | 787 | 755 | 696 | 741 | 818 | 784 | 723 | 734 |
| Enrollment | 631 | 634 | 568 | 539 | 540 | 519 | 622 | 623 | 647 | 623 |
| Brookwood Elementary (Op | ened Sept 196 | 7; Replaced S | ept 2007) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 | 80,065 |
| Program Capacity | 631 | 586 | 617 | 590 | 590 | 556 | 619 | 563 | 539 | 562 |
| Enrollment | 746 | 720 | 641 | 644 | 625 | 580 | 562 | 557 | 560 | 574 |
| Centerville Elementary (Ope | ened Sept 1984 |) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 | 67,082 |
| Program Capacity | 678 | 602 | 669 | 650 | 633 | 652 | 607 | 581 | 572 | 595 |
| Enrollment | 704 | 739 | 732 | 713 | 667 | 699 | 662 | 617 | 616 | 562 |
| Christopher Farms Element | ary (Opened Se | pt 1997) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 | 78,740 |
| Program Capacity | 724 | 701 | 738 | 738 | 729 | 680 | 695 | 669 | 714 | 691 |
| Enrollment | 642 | 636 | 677 | 687 | 658 | 657 | 608 | 651 | 631 | 612 |
| College Park Elementary (O | pened Sept 197 | 3; Gym Adde | ed Sept 1982; | Replaced Se | pt 2011) | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 | 94,861 |
| Program Capacity | 438 | 500 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 506 | 538 | 530 | 544 | 517 |
| Enrollment | 471 | 502 | 469 | 489 | 497 | 492 | 488 | 495 | 484 | 475 |
| W. T. Cooke Elementary (Op | ened Sept 191 | 3; Replaced S | Sept 1962; Gy | m Added Se _l | ot 1991; Repl | aced Sept 19 | 99) | | | |
| Square Feet | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 | 92,256 |
| Program Capacity | 536 | 673 | 570 | 545 | 540 | 540 | 552 | 553 | 558 | 576 |
| Enrollment | 558 | 501 | 513 | 510 | 504 | 488 | 482 | 523 | 520 | 554 |
| Corporate Landing Element | ary (Opened Se | pt 1993) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 | 96,620 |
| Program Capacity | 642 | 598 | 585 | 590 | 558 | 549 | 576 | 550 | 480 | 459 |
| Enrollment | 452 | 437 | 426 | 411 | 416 | 412 | 442 | 413 | 388 | 408 |
| Creeds Elementary (Opened | l Sept 1939; Gy | m Added Sep | t 1949; Mod | ernized Sept | 1969; Moder | nized Sept 2 | 001) | | | |
| Square Feet | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 | 69,285 |
| Program Capacity | 360 | 395 | 432 | 387 | 410 | 410 | 387 | 374 | 387 | 405 |
| Enrollment | 301 | 315 | 306 | 306 | 329 | 327 | 278 | 305 | 313 | 323 |

| | | | | | Fiscal ` | Year | | | | |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| John B. Dey Elementary (O | pened Sept 1956 | ; Addition Se | ept 1959; Gyr | m Addition S | ept 1978; Ad | dition Sept 1 | 995; | | | |
| Gym Demolition and Mo | dernization Add | dition July 20 | 19) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 76,641 | 76,641 | 76,641 | 76,641 | 76,641 | 107,210 | 107,210 | 107,210 | 107,210 | 107,210 |
| Program Capacity | 860 | 756 | 815 | 815 | 815 | 828 | 797 | 797 | 788 | 788 |
| Enrollment | 826 | 834 | 815 | 812 | 783 | 778 | 731 | 741 | 772 | 728 |
| Diamond Springs Elementa | ry (Opened Sep | t 2007) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 | 97,000 |
| Program Capacity | 519 | 537 | 581 | 527 | 515 | 508 | 596 | 542 | 523 | 500 |
| Enrollment | 566 | 587 | 535 | 522 | 487 | 490 | 570 | 524 | 483 | 496 |
| Fairfield Elementary (Open | ed Sept 1976) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 | 58,280 |
| Program Capacity | 526 | 561 | 558 | 594 | 594 | 581 | 612 | 559 | 572 | 527 |
| Enrollment | 520 | 513 | 517 | 548 | 547 | 578 | 489 | 510 | 475 | 469 |
| Glenwood Elementary (Ope | ened Sept 1990) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 | 139,600 |
| Program Capacity | 1,001 | 945 | 1,053 | 1,004 | 891 | 972 | 1,122 | 1,073 | 1,037 | 1,039 |
| Enrollment | 884 | 898 | 896 | 920 | 937 | 919 | 1,017 | 989 | 1,012 | 1,010 |
| Green Run Elementary (Op | ened Sept 1976 | Addition Se | pt 2005) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 | 58,275 |
| Program Capacity | 420 | 446 | 432 | 392 | 392 | 375 | 413 | 412 | 376 | 358 |
| Enrollment | 427 | 403 | 397 | 359 | 347 | 354 | 333 | 314 | 319 | 322 |
| Hermitage Elementary (Op | ened Nov 1964; | Addition Sep | ot 1974; Gym | Added Sept | 1995; Replac | ed Mar 2005 |) | | | |
| Square Feet | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 | 94,018 |
| Program Capacity | 640 | 641 | 698 | 698 | 693 | 662 | 661 | 612 | 603 | 603 |
| Enrollment | 635 | 645 | 678 | 651 | 638 | 619 | 529 | 488 | 502 | 546 |
| Holland Elementary (Open | ed Sept 1967; A | ddition Sept : | 1995) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 | 73,956 |
| Program Capacity | 503 | 558 | 596 | 635 | 635 | 581 | 602 | 547 | 515 | 499 |
| Enrollment | 536 | 524 | 523 | 581 | 556 | 547 | 535 | 458 | 459 | 456 |
| Indian Lakes Elementary (C | pened Sept 197 | 9) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 | 66,816 |
| Program Capacity | 526 | 546 | 563 | 644 | 621 | 657 | 622 | 595 | 586 | 563 |
| Enrollment | 534 | 539 | 577 | 571 | 599 | 599 | 561 | 549 | 532 | 488 |
| Kempsville Elementary (Op | | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 | 78,146 |
| Program Capacity | 586 | 513 | 482 | 486 | 509 | 464 | 558 | 522 | 507 | 529 |
| Enrollment | 472 | 454 | 429 | 428 | 440 | 427 | 441 | 436 | 467 | 477 |
| Kempsville Meadows Elem | , , , | • ′ | • | | • | • | | | | |
| Square Feet | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 | 77,239 |
| Program Capacity | 512 | 509 | 527 | 527 | 459 | 485 | 480 | 503 | 498 | 490 |
| Enrollment | 528 | 506 | 488 | 471 | 438 | 452 | 479 | 468 | 465 | 440 |
| Kings Grant Elementary (O | | | | | | 30.000 | 30.010 | 30.000 | 30.010 | |
| Square Feet | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 | 72,043 |
| Program Capacity | 648 | 666 | 716 | 617 | 591 | 596 | 564 | 569 | 525 | 537 |
| Enrollment | 632 | 641 | 608 | 566 | 545 | 561 | 483 | 503 | 505 | 509 |

| | | | | | Fiscal Y | 'ear | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Kingston Elementary (Open | ned Sept 1965; G | ym Added Se | pt 1989; Add | lition Sept 19 | 97) | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 | 65,223 |
| Program Capacity | 641 | 624 | 648 | 648 | 608 | 563 | 526 | 549 | 558 | 563 |
| Enrollment | 551 | 531 | 517 | 520 | 538 | 530 | 383 | 490 | 504 | 514 |
| Landstown Elementary (Op | ened Sept 1993) |) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 | 81,634 |
| Program Capacity | 868 | 816 | 797 | 774 | 837 | 824 | 739 | 695 | 776 | 708 |
| Enrollment | 751 | 760 | 736 | 756 | 767 | 813 | 810 | 707 | 669 | 616 |
| Linkhorn Park Elementary (| Opened Sept 19 | 55; Addition | Sept 1967; R | eplaced Sept | 1998; forme | r bldg. used 1 | for administr | ative offices) |) | |
| Square Feet | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 | 76,285 |
| Program Capacity | 728 | 689 | 682 | 662 | 662 | 576 | 575 | 598 | 508 | 526 |
| Enrollment | 732 | 685 | 634 | 607 | 530 | 551 | 525 | 506 | 512 | 524 |
| Luxford Elementary (Opene | ed Sept 1961; Gy | m Added Sep | ot 1990; Repl | aced Sept 20 | 02; former b | ldg. used for | instructional | purposes) | | |
| Square Feet | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 | 82,242 |
| Program Capacity | 506 | 567 | 548 | 548 | 548 | 544 | 547 | 516 | 512 | 539 |
| Enrollment | 531 | 537 | 516 | 514 | 492 | 490 | 491 | 456 | 500 | 512 |
| Lynnhaven Elementary (Op | ened Sept 1963; | Addition Sep | ot 1968; Gym | Added Sept | 1990; Mode | rnized Nov 20 | 004) | | | |
| Square Feet | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 | 80,670 |
| Program Capacity | 494 | 489 | 403 | 426 | 426 | 401 | 419 | 391 | 422 | 376 |
| Enrollment | 441 | 407 | 405 | 370 | 369 | 375 | 383 | 358 | 357 | 369 |
| Malibu Elementary (Opene | d Sept 1962;Add | lition Sept 19 | 68; Gym Add | led Sept 1989 |); Replaced N | lov 2003) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 | 73,182 |
| Program Capacity | 437 | 414 | 396 | 419 | 423 | 423 | 424 | 386 | 456 | 470 |
| Enrollment | 380 | 374 | 375 | 369 | 375 | 330 | 369 | 353 | 403 | 420 |
| New Castle Elementary (Op | | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 | 87,060 |
| Program Capacity | 853 | 824 | 869 | 869 | 801 | 779 | 801 | 729 | 729 | 729 |
| Enrollment | 796 | 763 | 784 | 777 | 735 | 789 | 711 | 693 | 706 | 715 |
| Newtown Road Elementary | | | | | | 00 744 | 00.744 | 00 744 | 00 744 | 00 744 |
| Square Feet | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 | 88,711 |
| Program Capacity | 482 | 497 | 514 | 483 | 483 | 511 | 468 | 445 | 421 | 416 |
| Enrollment | 524 (Onemed May 10 | 511 | 554 | 509 | 514 | 461 | 423 | 425 | 438 | 426 |
| North Landing Elementary | | 60,280 | | | 60.390 | 60.390 | 60.390 | 60.390 | 60.200 | 60,280 |
| Square Feet Program Capacity | 455 | 443 | 60,280 423 | 60,280 491 | 60,280 536 | 60,280 500 | 60,280 481 | 60,280 482 | 60,280 495 | 473 |
| Enrollment | 462 | 464 | 448 | 456 | 441 | 459 | 439 | 449 | 451 | 438 |
| Ocean Lakes Elementary (O | | | 440 | 450 | 772 | 433 | 433 | 443 | 431 | 430 |
| Square Feet | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 | 69,917 |
| Program Capacity | 649 | 626 | 657 | 680 | 626 | 626 | 633 | 670 | 593 | 615 |
| Enrollment | 552 | 533 | 538 | 526 | 555 | 564 | 572 | 575 | 558 | 553 |
| Old Donation Center (Open | | | | | | | | | | 233 |
| Kemps Landing Sept 201 | | | | | | 2.46 | - * | | | |
| Square Feet | 57,774 | 57,774 | 57,774 | 52,881 | 52,881 | 52,881 | 52,881 | 52,881 | 52,881 | 52,881 |
| Program Capacity | 495 | 512 | 378 | 485 | 491 | 477 | 546 | 551 | 551 | 550 |
| Enrollment | 503 | 482 | 459 | 461 | 495 | 519 | 516 | 516 | 518 | 514 |
| - | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | Fiscal \ | rear | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|
| • | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Parkway Elementary (Opene | d Sept 1987) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 | 67,840 |
| Program Capacity | 514 | 473 | 467 | 466 | 460 | 465 | 507 | 470 | 505 | 496 |
| Enrollment | 527 | 475 | 426 | 438 | 428 | 419 | 464 | 459 | 462 | 455 |
| Pembroke Elementary (Open | ed Dec 1962; A | Addition Sep | t 1968; Addit | ion Sept 198 | B; Modernize | ed May 2005) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 | 108,773 |
| Program Capacity | 617 | 534 | 567 | 612 | 648 | 621 | 690 | 614 | 623 | 614 |
| Enrollment | 476 | 477 | 494 | 497 | 494 | 474 | 560 | 500 | 539 | 566 |
| Pembroke Meadows Element | tary (Opened S | Sept 1969; M | lodernized O | ct 2006) | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 | 75,926 |
| Program Capacity | 430 | 539 | 495 | 473 | 509 | 504 | 542 | 525 | 531 | 498 |
| Enrollment | 453 | 434 | 443 | 479 | 513 | 505 | 489 | 479 | 489 | 490 |
| Point O'View Elementary (Op | ened Sept 196 | 69; Addition | Sept 1999) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 | 75,219 |
| Program Capacity | 772 | 765 | 680 | 707 | 693 | 693 | 630 | 686 | 653 | 660 |
| Enrollment | 666 | 717 | 670 | 702 | 717 | 736 | 689 | 743 | 719 | 723 |
| Princess Anne Elementary (O | pened Sept 19 | 56; Addition | Sept 1969; 6 | iym Added S | ept 1990; Ad | dition Sept 1 | 996) | | | |
| Square Feet | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 | 77,953 |
| Program Capacity | 586 | 563 | 612 | 657 | 657 | 707 | 734 | 734 | 703 | 671 |
| Enrollment | 519 | 531 | 569 | 573 | 621 | 658 | 610 | 635 | 675 | 622 |
| Providence Elementary (Oper | ned Sept 1981 |) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 | 61,831 |
| Program Capacity | 617 | 648 | 576 | 608 | 576 | 576 | 614 | 606 | 561 | 606 |
| Enrollment | 559 | 551 | 552 | 550 | 539 | 561 | 521 | 529 | 530 | 536 |
| Red Mill Elementary (Opened | d Sept 1989; A | ddition Sept | 2006) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 |
| Program Capacity | 694 | 734 | 734 | 747 | 725 | 689 | 653 | 631 | 608 | 577 |
| Enrollment | 676 | 679 | 662 | 624 | 637 | 624 | 563 | 590 | 563 | 552 |
| Rosemont Elementary (Open | ed Sept 1981) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 | 63,667 |
| Program Capacity | 423 | 433 | 458 | 438 | 458 | 441 | 469 | 482 | 473 | 433 |
| Enrollment | 414 | 409 | 411 | 397 | 394 | 375 | 432 | 425 | 430 | 386 |
| Rosemont Forest Elementary | (Opened Jan | 1987) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 | 69,788 |
| Program Capacity | 583 | 562 | 635 | 635 | 635 | 545 | 559 | 605 | 551 | 540 |
| Enrollment | 509 | 523 | 502 | 495 | 519 | 508 | 456 | 529 | 520 | 500 |
| Salem Elementary (Opened S | ept 1988) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 | 66,890 |
| Program Capacity | 559 | 514 | 491 | 491 | 509 | 545 | 551 | 574 | 574 | 574 |
| Enrollment | 467 | 435 | 463 | 470 | 472 | 471 | 468 | 529 | 550 | 568 |
| Seatack Elementary (Opened | | | .955; Additio | n Sept 1959; | Gym Added | Sept 1968; Re | eplaced Mar | 2000) | | |
| Square Feet | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 | 74,375 |
| Program Capacity | 410 | 425 | 382 | 436 | 436 | 432 | 445 | 419 | 378 | 392 |
| Enrollment | 387 | 383 | 398 | 391 | 356 | 446 | 383 | 366 | 379 | 406 |

| | | | | | Fiscal Y | ear | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|------------|--------|--------|--------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Shelton Park Elementary (Op | ened Sept 195 | 4; Addition S | ept 1961; Gy | m Added Sep | t 1977; Mod | ernized Jan 2 | 2001) | | | |
| Square Feet | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 | 81,576 |
| Program Capacity | 410 | 428 | 414 | 482 | 468 | 437 | 497 | 505 | 468 | 468 |
| Enrollment | 373 | 372 | 355 | 349 | 356 | 360 | 398 | 420 | 424 | 456 |
| Strawbridge Elementary (Op | ened Sept 1991 | L) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 | 84,948 |
| Program Capacity | 716 | 692 | 734 | 743 | 765 | 788 | 765 | 635 | 639 | 617 |
| Enrollment | 678 | 694 | 665 | 666 | 652 | 672 | 558 | 586 | 614 | 606 |
| Tallwood Elementary (Open | ed Sept 1989; A | ddition Jan 2 | 2006) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 | 69,988 |
| Program Capacity | 620 | 590 | 657 | 657 | 644 | 644 | 639 | 603 | 585 | 585 |
| Enrollment | 527 | 558 | 565 | 581 | 592 | 607 | 585 | 562 | 592 | 536 |
| Thalia Elementary (Opened S | Sept 1956; Add | ition Sept 19 | 63; Gym Add | ed Sept 1989 | ; Modernized | d Sept 2001) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 | 91,550 |
| Program Capacity | 779 | 728 | 662 | 617 | 576 | 536 | 602 | 549 | 592 | 621 |
| Enrollment | 585 | 625 | 611 | 604 | 579 | 562 | 551 | 559 | 601 | 577 |
| Thoroughgood Elementary (| Opened Sept 19 | 958; Gym Add | ded Sept 199 | 0; Modernize | d Sept 1995; | Demolished | Sept 2018; | | | |
| Portables used in FY19,FY | 20; New Buildii | ng opened Se | ept 2020) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 66,259 | 66,259 | 66,259 | 66,259 | 40,032 | 40,032 | 91,913 | 91,913 | 91,913 | 91,913 |
| Program Capacity | 713 | 627 | 666 | 648 | 680 | 747 | 706 | 707 | 783 | 770 |
| Enrollment | 734 | 708 | 700 | 677 | 618 | 681 | 551 | 723 | 746 | 750 |
| Three Oaks Elementary (Ope | ened Sept 2005 |) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 | 92,210 |
| Program Capacity | 842 | 716 | 761 | 810 | 810 | 752 | 718 | 687 | 718 | 723 |
| Enrollment | 746 | 759 | 733 | 729 | 735 | 695 | 635 | 648 | 654 | 704 |
| Trantwood Elementary (Ope | ned Sept 1963; | Addition Se | pt 1969; Gym | Added Sept | 1990; Mode | nized Sept 2 | 003) | | | |
| Square Feet | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 | 81,040 |
| Program Capacity | 556 | 533 | 545 | 576 | 594 | 572 | 554 | 573 | 551 | 596 |
| Enrollment | 487 | 461 | 466 | 477 | 458 | 471 | 447 | 503 | 498 | 521 |
| White Oaks Elementary (Ope | ened Sept 1978 |) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 | 77,333 |
| Program Capacity | 648 | 688 | 626 | 617 | 621 | 639 | 684 | 667 | 653 | 662 |
| Enrollment | 673 | 651 | 608 | 563 | 600 | 603 | 647 | 628 | 674 | 646 |
| Bettie F. Williams Elementar | y (Opened Sep | t 1961; Addit | ion Sept 1963 | 3; Gym Adde | d Sept 1990; | Addition Sep | t 1995) | | | |
| Square Feet | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 | 77,656 |
| Program Capacity | 518 | 487 | 531 | 531 | 531 | 572 | 580 | 527 | 511 | 466 |
| Enrollment | 418 | 463 | 476 | 476 | 525 | 466 | 493 | 430 | 407 | 436 |
| Windsor Oaks Elementary (C | pened Jul 1968 | 3; Replaced S | ept 2009) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 | 88,340 |
| Program Capacity | 601 | 591 | 630 | 576 | 554 | 554 | 567 | 491 | 549 | 540 |
| Enrollment | 583 | 559 | 582 | 593 | 590 | 580 | 527 | 498 | 508 | 490 |
| Windsor Woods Elementary | (Opened Sept | 1966; Gym A | dded Sept 19 | 90; Replaced | Sept 2007) | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 | 84,265 |
| Program Capacity | 463 | 433 | 473 | 473 | 437 | 396 | 441 | 412 | 476 | 527 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| | | | | | Fiscal ' | Year | | | | |
|--------------------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|-----------|---------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Woodstock Elementary (C | Opened Sept 1957 | ; Addition Se | ept 1962; Gyr | n Added Sep | t 1977; Repla | iced Nov 200 | 2) | | | |
| Square Feet | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 | 82,707 |
| Program Capacity | 687 | 752 | 765 | 671 | 689 | 675 | 684 | 657 | 635 | 675 |
| Enrollment | 718 | 688 | 699 | 677 | 702 | 693 | 690 | 652 | 660 | 687 |
| Middle Schools | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bayside Middle (Opened | Sept 1969; Addition | on Sept 2004 |) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 | 180,134 |
| Program Capacity | 892 | 960 | 918 | 918 | 929 | 979 | 893 | 857 | 857 | 698 |
| Enrollment | 657 | 649 | 659 | 672 | 722 | 745 | 770 | 745 | 669 | 665 |
| Bayside 6th (Opened Sept | t 2014; Formerly I | Kemps Landi | ng Magnet; 6 | ith grade pre | viously house | ed at Bayside | Middle) | | | |
| Square Feet | 56,516.00 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 | 56,516 |
| Program Capacity | 504.00 | 500 | 346 | 445 | 434 | 454 | 390 | 359 | 350 | 354 |
| Enrollment | 351.00 | 375 | 348 | 437 | 394 | 433 | 403 | 345 | 322 | 314 |
| Brandon Middle (Opened | Aug 1978) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 | 190,586 |
| Program Capacity | 1,232 | 1,286 | 1,247 | 1,283 | 1,292 | 1,225 | 1,135 | 1,167 | 1,050 | 1,092 |
| Enrollment | 1,130 | 1,155 | 1,214 | 1,205 | 1,234 | 1,167 | 1,087 | 1,077 | 1,048 | 1,008 |
| Corporate Landing Middle | e (Opened Sept 19 | 997) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 | 235,093 |
| Program Capacity | 1,432 | 1,538 | 1,620 | 1,625 | 1,517 | 1,322 | 1,319 | 1,219 | 1,199 | 1,082 |
| Enrollment | 1,285 | 1,268 | 1,237 | 1,224 | 1,208 | 1,170 | 1,134 | 1,083 | 1,064 | 1,035 |
| Great Neck Middle (Open | ed Sept 1961; Ad | dition Sept 1 | 963; Replace | d Jan 2012) | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 | 219,370 |
| Program Capacity | 1,360 | 1,460 | 1,373 | 1,384 | 1,386 | 1,330 | 1,194 | 1,226 | 1,178 | 1,128 |
| Enrollment | 1,147 | 1,161 | 1,175 | 1,177 | 1,140 | 1,106 | 1,066 | 1,072 | 1,052 | 1,056 |
| Independence Middle (Op | pened Sept 1974; | Addition Sep | t 1996) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 | 137,656 |
| Program Capacity | 1,312 | 1,370 | 1,215 | 1,148 | 1,247 | 1,181 | 1,240 | 1,293 | 1,179 | 1,204 |
| Enrollment | 1,280 | 1,269 | 1,192 | 1,217 | 1,274 | 1,281 | 1,236 | 1,174 | 1,169 | 1,189 |
| Kemps Landing Magnet (0 | Opened Sept. 197 | 4; Addition S | ept. 1995; Re | elocated to fo | ormer Prince | ss Anne Mido | lle School Se | pt. 2014; | | |
| Relocated to new Bldg | on Honeygrove R | d. Apr. 2017 |) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 80,939 | 80,939 | 80,939 | 82,711 | 82,711 | 82,711 | 82,711 | 82,711 | 82,711 | 82,711 |
| Program Capacity | 672 | 666 | 567 | 675 | 750 | 807 | 868 | 831 | 831 | 832 |
| Enrollment | 595 | 627 | 688 | 720 | 760 | 772 | 811 | 790 | 817 | 832 |
| Kempsville Middle (Open | ed Sept 1969) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 | 136,287 |
| Program Capacity | 828 | 868 | 797 | 869 | 896 | 842 | 798 | 847 | 865 | 764 |
| Enrollment | 789 | 805 | 820 | 802 | 770 | 765 | 781 | 783 | 736 | 697 |
| Landstown Middle (Open | ed Sept 1992) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 | 201,000 |
| Program Capacity | 1,552 | 1,634 | 1,499 | 1,571 | 1,481 | 1,436 | 1,377 | 1,424 | 1,415 | 1,338 |
| Enrollment | 1,485 | 1,464 | 1,452 | 1,423 | 1,412 | 1,428 | 1,344 | 1,338 | 1,267 | 1,248 |
| | -, | ,, | , | .,3 | ., | ., | ,, | ., | ., | -,- :0 |

| | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|---------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Larkspur Middle (Opened No | ov 1994) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 | 247,264 |
| Program Capacity | 1,776 | 1,910 | 1,763 | 1,763 | 1,710 | 1,680 | 1,647 | 1,694 | 1,588 | 1,651 |
| Enrollment | 1,620 | 1,520 | 1,544 | 1,523 | 1,557 | 1,599 | 1,563 | 1,555 | 1,529 | 1,452 |
| Lynnhaven Middle (Opened | Sept 1974; Add | dition Sept 19 | 995) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 | 140,099 |
| Program Capacity | 1,160 | 1,250 | 1,071 | 1,250 | 1,259 | 1,250 | 1,062 | 1,049 | 932 | 775 |
| Enrollment | 866 | 863 | 896 | 912 | 898 | 956 | 957 | 974 | 868 | 671 |
| Plaza Middle (Opened Sept 1 | 1969) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 | 157,869 |
| Program Capacity | 1,165 | 1,129 | 1,053 | 1,179 | 1,197 | 1,059 | 1,068 | 1,076 | 1,013 | 1,004 |
| Enrollment | 1,066 | 1,083 | 1,062 | 1,090 | 1,088 | 1,035 | 1,013 | 1,020 | 1,024 | 1,020 |
| Princess Anne Middle (Open | ed Sept 1962, | Addition Sep | t 1967; Mod | ernization Se | pt 1990; Add | lition Sept 19 | 96; | | | |
| Relocated to former Floyd | d E. Kellam HS | Bldg on Holla | and Road Apı | ril 2014, New | Building Ope | ened Sept 20 | 21) | | | |
| Square Feet | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 | 222,571 |
| Program Capacity | 1,563 | 1,671 | 1,449 | 1,584 | 1,503 | 1,378 | 1,315 | 1,363 | 1,315 | 1,313 |
| Enrollment | 1,459 | 1,479 | 1,460 | 1,505 | 1,441 | 1,382 | 1,289 | 1,335 | 1,395 | 1,324 |
| Salem Middle (Opened Sept | 1988) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 | 217,500 |
| Program Capacity | 1,016 | 1,070 | 1,031 | 1,031 | 1,040 | 1,064 | 1,092 | 1,023 | 1,023 | 982 |
| Enrollment | 1,034 | 1,044 | 1,041 | 1,023 | 1,058 | 1,076 | 1,120 | 1,124 | 1,083 | 1,088 |
| Virginia Beach Middle (Open | ned Sept 1952; | Addition Sep | ot 1964; Gym | Added Sept | 1977; Moder | nized Sept 19 | 993; Replaced | d Mar 2010) | | |
| Square Feet | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 | 189,730 |
| Program Capacity | 968 | 1,040 | 923 | 954 | 896 | 817 | 758 | 671 | 638 | 606 |
| Enrollment | 873 | 839 | 835 | 865 | 801 | 739 | 647 | 609 | 577 | 552 |
| High Schools | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bayside High (Opened Sept 1 | 1964; Addition | Sept 1967; N | /lodernized S | ept 1990; Ad | dition Sept 1 | 995) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 | 200,816 |
| Program Capacity | 1,905 | 1,912 | 1,827 | 1,827 | 1,859 | 2,056 | 2,061 | 1,985 | 2,109 | 2,094 |
| Enrollment | 1,824 | 1,825 | 1,799 | 1,868 | 1,842 | 1,852 | 1,871 | 1,882 | 1,917 | 1,908 |
| Frank W. Cox High (Opened | Sept 1961; Rep | olaced Sept 1 | 983) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 | 236,744 |
| Program Capacity | 1,939 | 1,946 | 1,955 | 1,955 | 1,911 | 1,986 | 1,963 | 1,875 | 1,875 | 1,883 |
| Enrollment | 1,858 | 1,889 | 1,784 | 1,816 | 1,783 | 1,746 | 1,772 | 1,697 | 1,663 | 1,614 |
| First Colonial High (Opened | Sept 1966; Add | dition Sept 19 | 968; Addition | Sept 1996) | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 | 178,266 |
| Program Capacity | 1,810 | 1,813 | 1,919 | 1,811 | 1,883 | 1,874 | 1,614 | 1,621 | 1,631 | 1,560 |
| Enrollment | 2,004 | 1,923 | 1,873 | 1,804 | 1,828 | 1,807 | 1,766 | 1,725 | 1,738 | 1,631 |
| Green Run High (Opened Se | pt 1979; Green | Run Collegia | ate Public Ch | arter School | opened in Se | pt 2013 using | part of this | building.) | | |
| Square Feet | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 | 225,221 |
| Program Capacity | 1,546 | 1,556 | 1,663 | 1,526 | 1,512 | 1,522 | 1,486 | 1,313 | 1,350 | 1,316 |
| Enrollment | 1,276 | 1,528 | 1,425 | 1,398 | 1,331 | 1,317 | 1,349 | 1,436 | 1,464 | 1,370 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA SCHOOL BUILDINGS INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | | | Fiscal ` | Year | | | | |
|----------------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| Floyd E. Kellam High (Oper | ned New Buildin | g on West Ne | ck Road Jan | 2014) | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 | 349,350 |
| Program Capacity | 1,861 | 1,867 | 1,857 | 1,857 | 1,868 | 1,868 | 2,120 | 2,093 | 2,093 | 2,039 |
| Enrollment | 1,986 | 2,029 | 2,021 | 2,038 | 1,959 | 1,944 | 1,934 | 1,893 | 1,875 | 1,880 |
| Kempsville High (Opened S | Sept 1966; Addit | ion Sept 1968 | ; Modernize | d Sept 1991; | Addition Sep | t 1995) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 | 202,665 |
| Program Capacity | 1,971 | 1,985 | 1,908 | 1,969 | 2,056 | 2,092 | 2,060 | 2,026 | 2,083 | 2,093 |
| Enrollment | 1,522 | 1,465 | 1,549 | 1,632 | 1,671 | 1,743 | 1,786 | 1,894 | 1,963 | 2,001 |
| Landstown High (Opened S | Sept 2001; Addit | ion Jan 2007) | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 | 308,924 |
| Program Capacity | 2,368 | 2,385 | 2,543 | 2,594 | 2,569 | 2,512 | 2,031 | 2,354 | 2,373 | 2,278 |
| Enrollment | 2,195 | 2,208 | 2,183 | 2,139 | 2,163 | 2,162 | 2,177 | 2,185 | 2,212 | 2,207 |
| Ocean Lakes High (Opened | Sept 1994; Add | ition Jan 2007 | 7) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 | 330,525 |
| Program Capacity | 2,570 | 2,586 | 2,705 | 2,731 | 2,668 | 2,642 | 2,353 | 2,348 | 2,375 | 2,248 |
| Enrollment | 2,157 | 2,126 | 2,102 | 2,074 | 2,040 | 2,011 | 1,964 | 1,962 | 1,843 | 1,791 |
| Princess Anne High (Opene | ed Aug 1954; Mo | dernized Sep | t 1987; Mod | ernized (due | to major fire | damage) Jai | n 1997) | | | |
| Square Feet | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 | 228,860 |
| Program Capacity | 1,704 | 1,737 | 1,945 | 1,917 | 1,880 | 1,835 | 1,585 | 1,599 | 1,599 | 1,599 |
| Enrollment | 1,780 | 1,800 | 1,833 | 1,779 | 1,751 | 1,732 | 1,740 | 1,708 | 1,724 | 1,713 |
| Salem High (Opened Sept 1 | 1989) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 | 260,889 |
| Program Capacity | 1,930 | 1,938 | 1,850 | 1,850 | 1,833 | 2,047 | 1,850 | 1,843 | 1,897 | 1,879 |
| Enrollment | 1,766 | 1,726 | 1,677 | 1,702 | 1,705 | 1,711 | 1,726 | 1,661 | 1,646 | 1,660 |
| Tallwood High (Opened Se | pt 1992) | | | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 | 294,457 |
| Program Capacity | 2,219 | 2,233 | 2,168 | 2,352 | 2,376 | 2,392 | 2,151 | 2,116 | 2,116 | 2,075 |
| Enrollment | 1,942 | 1,956 | 1,938 | 1,946 | 1,839 | 1,853 | 1,901 | 1,827 | 1,848 | 1,870 |
| Renaissance Academy - Mi | iddle/High Camp | ouses (Opened | d Dec 2009) | | | | | | | |
| Square Feet | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 | 284,968 |
| Program Capacity | 1,236 | 1,197 | 1,191 | 1,231 | 1,231 | 1,119 | 1,157 | 1,158 | 1,218 | 851 |
| Enrollment | 510 | 438 | 429 | 379 | 428 | 399 | 322 | 287 | 394 | 497 |
| Green Run Collegiate Publi | ic Charter Schoo | l (Opened Sep | ot 2013; loca | ted at Green | Run High Sc | hool) | | | | |
| Square Feet | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 | 10,500 |
| Program Capacity | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 |
| Enrollment | 221 | 282 | 364 | 337 | 360 | 371 | 395 | 400 | 372 | 379 |

Note: Program Capacity is the maximum capacity of the school building for a particular school year and particular student population, taking into account the number of first seats in the building (without counting portables currently on site).

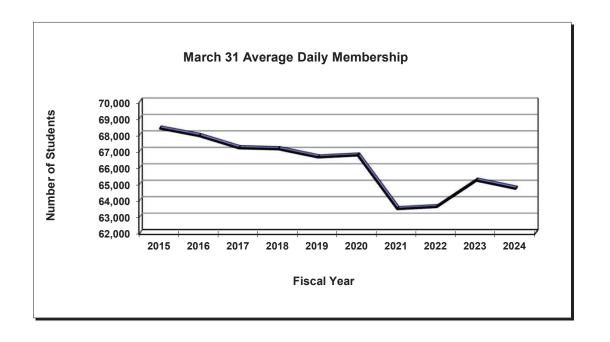
Source: The Department of School Division Services

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT MEMBERSHIP Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | March 31 | | Average Daily |
|--------|--------------|----------------------|-------------|---------------|
| Fiscal | September 30 | Average Daily | End-of-Year | End-of-Year |
| Year | Membership | Membership | Membership | Membership |
| 2015 | 68,934 | 68,351 | 68,188 | 68,686 |
| 2016 | 68,568 | 67,890 | 67,719 | 68,244 |
| 2017 | 67,868 | 67,152 | 67,059 | 67,502 |
| 2018 | 67,621 | 67,091 | 67,052 | 67,393 |
| 2019 | 67,181 | 66,593 | 66,599 | 66,944 |
| 2020 | 67,262 | 66,714 | 66,996 | 67,172 |
| 2021 | 64,289 | 63,452 | 63,056 | 63,647 |
| 2022 | 64,120 | 63,579 | 63,640 | 63,909 |
| 2023 | 64,050 | 65,183 | 63,129 | 63,661 |
| 2024 | 63,572 | 64,687 | 62,866 | 63,242 |

Note: This table represents membership data reported to the Commonwealth of Virginia Department of Education at different points during the year. The September 30 Membership is the sum of pupils present and absent on September 30 or the school day closest to September 30 (however, excludes pre-kindergarten pupils). The March 31 Average Daily Membership is the average daily membership for the first seven months of the school year. The End-of-Year Membership is the sum of the pupils present and absent on the last day of the school year. The Average Daily End-of-Year Membership is the average daily membership for the school year.

Source: Commonwealth of Virginia, Superintendent's Annual Report for Virginia

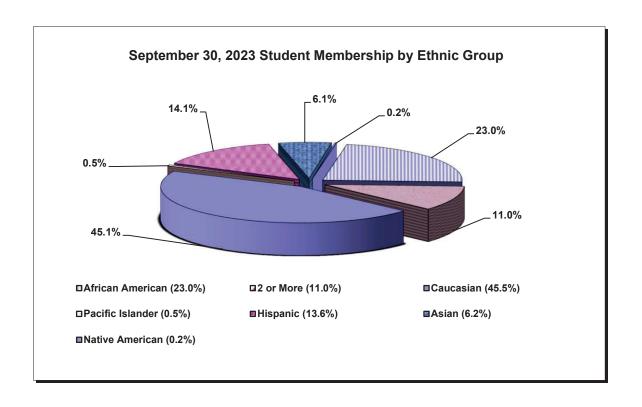


SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA STUDENT MEMBERSHIP BY ETHNIC GROUP Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | African American | % | Caucasian | % | Hispanic | % | Asian | % | Pacific Islander | % | Native American | % | Unspeci- fied or 2 or More | % |
|----------------|---------------------|------|-----------|------|----------|------|-------|-----|---------------------|-----|--------------------|-----|-------------------------------------|------|
| 2015 | 16,886 | 24.1 | 35,428 | 50.5 | 7,389 | 10.5 | 3,947 | 5.6 | 331 | 0.5 | 203 | 0.3 | 5,937 | 8.5 |
| 2016 | 16,666 | 23.9 | 34,866 | 50.0 | 7,599 | 10.9 | 4,005 | 5.7 | 342 | 0.5 | 167 | 0.2 | 6,132 | 8.8 |
| 2017 | 16,543 | 23.9 | 34,144 | 49.4 | 7,664 | 11.1 | 4,051 | 5.9 | 340 | 0.5 | 157 | 0.2 | 6,186 | 9.0 |
| 2018 | 16,398 | 23.8 | 33,647 | 48.8 | 7,819 | 11.3 | 4,164 | 6.0 | 348 | 0.5 | 158 | 0.2 | 6,448 | 9.4 |
| 2019 | 16,146 | 23.5 | 33,083 | 48.2 | 8,035 | 11.7 | 4,153 | 6.1 | 346 | 0.5 | 160 | 0.2 | 6,701 | 9.8 |
| 2020 | 15,835 | 23.0 | 32,749 | 47.7 | 8,552 | 12.4 | 4,211 | 6.1 | 344 | 0.5 | 152 | 0.2 | 6,863 | 10.1 |
| 2021 | 15,412 | 23.5 | 30,284 | 46.2 | 8,445 | 12.9 | 4,150 | 6.3 | 333 | 0.5 | 152 | 0.2 | 6,836 | 10.4 |
| 2022 | 15,137 | 23.1 | 30,232 | 46.2 | 8,637 | 13.2 | 4,030 | 6.2 | 332 | 0.5 | 152 | 0.2 | 6,978 | 10.6 |
| 2023 | 15,076 | 23.0 | 29,840 | 45.5 | 8,919 | 13.6 | 4,052 | 6.2 | 316 | 0.5 | 151 | 0.2 | 7,196 | 11.0 |
| 2024 | 14,941 | 23.0 | 29,290 | 45.1 | 9,143 | 14.1 | 3,986 | 6.1 | 300 | 0.5 | 142 | 0.2 | 7,181 | 11.0 |

Note: This table is based on the September 30 student membership (includes pre-kindergarten pupils).

Source: Departments of Technology and School Administration



SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA JUNE 30, 2024 (unaudited)

| Date of Incorporation | January 1, 1963 |
|--|--|
| Form of Government | Council - Manager |
| Area - Square Miles Land Water | 310 259 51 |
| Culture and Recreation: Developed District Parks Developed Community Parks Developed Neighborhood Parks Natural Parks Other Park Areas Acres in Developed Parks Golf Courses (City Owned) Recreation Centers | 6 12 178 6 89 3,635 5 |
| Population: Census 1970 Census 1980 Census 1990 Census 2000 Census 2010 Census 2020 | 172,106 262,199 393,069 425,257 437,994 459,470 |
| Current Estimate | 453,649 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS Current Fiscal Year and Nine Years Ago (unaudited)

| | Approximate Number of Employees | Percent of Total City Employment | Rank | Approximate Number of Employees | Percent of Total City Employment | Rank | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|------|---------------------------------------|--|------|--|
| | | 2024 | 2015 | | | | |
| City of Virginia Beach / Schools | 18,269 | 7.84 % | 1 | 17,860 | 7.73 % | 1 | |
| * Naval Air Station Oceana/Dam Neck | 10,227 | 4.39 | 2 | 3,600 | 1.56 | 4 | |
| Joint Expeditionary Base Little Creek/Ft. Story | 5,020 | 2.15 | 3 | 6,000 | 2.60 | 2 | |
| * Sentara Healthcare | 4,900 | 2.10 | 4 | 5,189 | 2.25 | 3 | |
| GEICO General Insurance company | 3,600 | 1.55 | 5 | 2,300 | 1.00 | 7 | |
| STIHL Inc | 3,300 | 1.42 | 6 | 2,067 | 0.89 | 8 | |
| Lynnhaven Mall | 2,600 | 1.12 | 7 | 2,600 | 1.13 | 5 | |
| Gold Key/PHR Hotels and Resorts | 2,365 | 1.02 | 8 | 2,365 | 1.02 | 6 | |
| Navy Exchange Service Command | 1,550 | 0.67 | 9 | 1,550 | 0.67 | 10 | |
| Westminster-Canterbury on Chesapeake Bay | 848 | 0.36 | 10 | - | - | - | |
| Amerigroup | - | - | - | 1,850 | 0.80 | 9 | |
| Totals | 52,679 | 22.62 % | | 45,381 | 19.65 % | | |

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Department of Economic Development and Department of Budget and Management Services

^{*} Information does not include contractors for 2024.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fiscal Year | Population* | Personal Income ** (thousands) | Per Capita Personal Income** | Median Age | Number of City Employees | Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling | Local Unemployment Rate |
|----------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|
| 2015 | 453,500 | \$23,587,639 | \$51,853 | 35.9 | 7,560 | 14.0 | 4.4% |
| 2016 | 453,628 | 24,289,218 | 53,196 | 35.9 | 7,370 | 13.9 | 3.8% |
| 2017 | 454,448 | 25,080,703 | 54,964 | 36.4 | 7,087 | 13.9 | 3.8% |
| 2018 | 453,410 | 25,175,706 | 55,065 | 36.4 | 7,255 | 13.9 | 2.8% |
| 2019 | 452,643 | 26,065,921 | 56,876 | 36.4 | 7,332 | 13.9 | 2.7% |
| 2020 | 454,209 | 27,593,887 | 60,069 | 36.9 | 7,410 | 14.0 | 8.2% |
| 2021 | 459,470 | 29,264,545 | 63,942 | 36.6 | 7,388 | 14.2 | 4.2% |
| 2022 | 458,028 | 30,064,333 | 65,986 | 37.1 | 7,419 | 14.2 | 3.7% |
| 2023 | 455,385 | - | - | 36.7 | 7,480 | 14.2 | 2.8% |
| 2024 | 453,605 | - | - | 38.2 | 7,591 | 14.2 | 2.4% |

^{*} Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service ; except for 2022 which is a projection.

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance and Department of Economic Development
The following sources were used by the City in compiling the above information:

Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service Virginia Employment Commission Bureau of Economic Analysis United States Census Bureau

^{**} Figures updated to reflect the latest data relased by the Bureau of Economic Analysis on November 16, 2022

⁻ Not Available

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO (unaudited)

| | _ | Real Property Assessed Value | Percent of Total Real Property Assessed Value | Rank | _ | Real Property Assessed Value | Percent of Total Real Property Assessed Value | | Rank |
|--|----|---------------------------------------|---|------|----|---------------------------------------|---|--------|------|
| Dominion Energy, Inc. * | \$ | 676,082,506 | 0.88 % | 6 1 | \$ | 318,893,632 | 0.55 | % | 4 |
| Armada Hoffler | | 607,353,500 | 0.79 | 2 | | 345,303,000 | 0.60 | | 2 |
| Ramon W. Breeden, Jr. | | 591,002,100 | 0.77 | 3 | | 331,408,900 | 0.57 | | 3 |
| A.D. & L.E. Fleder & J. M. & R.J. Caplan | | 374,431,200 | 0.49 | 4 | | 243,832,500 | 0.42 | | 6 |
| E. C. & A. F. Ruffin & B. L. Thompson | | 368,817,900 | 0.48 | 5 | | 400,274,500 | 0.69 | | 1 |
| Lynnhaven Mall LLC | | 285,518,100 | 0.37 | 6 | | 289,279,000 | 0.50 | | 5 |
| Pembroke Square Associates | | 211,458,900 | 0.28 | 7 | | 174,890,400 | 0.30 | | 7 |
| Virginia Natural Gas, Inc | | 203,810,905 | 0.27 | 8 | | 73,635,483 | 0.13 | | 20 |
| Watergate Treehouse Assoc. LP | | 181,019,700 | 0.24 | 9 | | 113,945,900 | 0.20 | | 13 |
| Cheryl P. McLeskey | | 173,760,200 | 0.23 | 10 | | 137,371,800 | 0.24 | | 10 |
| Christian Broadcasting Assoc./Net Inc. | | - | - | | | 148,426,800 | 0.26 | | 8 |
| Verizon Virginia, Inc. | | - | - | | | 145,731,123 | 0.25 | | 9 |
| Totals | \$ | 3,673,255,011 | 4.80 | 6 | \$ | 2,722,993,038 | 4.71 | - % | |

^{*} Formerly Virginia Electric & Power Company

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of Real Estate Assessor, and Commissioner of the Revenue

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | | | | | _ | Public | | | Assessed |
|--------|-------------------|------------|----------------|-------------|---------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------------|
| | Real Pr | ope | rty | | Personal F | Property | Service | | Estimated | Value as a |
| Fiscal | Assesse | d Va | lue | | Assessed | l Value | Assessed | Total Taxable | Actual | Percentage of |
| Year | Residential | Commercial | | Residential | | Commercial | Value | Assessed Value | Taxable Value | Actual Value |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ 42,110,642,755 | \$ | 8,466,636,425 | \$ | 3,446,918,395 | \$ 1,122,915,183 | \$ 875,496,571 | \$ 56,022,609,329 | \$ 56,022,609,329 | 100.0% |
| 2016 | 43,302,214,028 | | 8,714,160,476 | | 3,552,544,174 | 1,029,515,444 | 895,479,945 | 57,493,914,067 | 57,493,914,067 | 100.0% |
| 2017 | 45,017,777,981 | | 8,822,768,056 | | 3,612,948,282 | 1,079,435,074 | 945,094,380 | 59,478,023,773 | 59,478,023,773 | 100.0% |
| 2018 | 46,426,321,920 | | 9,094,379,313 | | 3,662,270,285 | 1,124,495,564 | 983,607,868 | 61,291,074,950 | 61,291,074,950 | 100.0% |
| 2019 | 47,819,472,210 | | 9,479,885,409 | | 4,465,618,146 | 1,181,448,770 | 1,020,179,772 | 63,966,604,307 | 63,966,604,307 | 100.0% |
| 2020 | 49,373,623,875 | | 9,975,795,660 | | 4,570,825,950 | 1,410,040,850 | 1,046,921,797 | 66,377,208,132 | 66,377,208,132 | 100.0% |
| 2021 | 51,177,172,399 | | 10,254,365,192 | | 5,151,658,034 | 744,898,436 | 1,111,754,367 | 68,439,848,428 | 68,439,848,428 | 100.0% |
| 2022 | 53,720,116,305 | | 10,096,383,587 | | 5,484,917,057 | 1,665,362,748 | 1,131,096,865 | 72,097,876,562 | 72,097,876,562 | 100.0% |
| 2023 | 59,655,289,015 | | 10,026,808,819 | | 5,721,976,158 | 1,186,640,535 | 1,193,996,250 | 77,784,710,777 | 77,784,710,777 | 100.0% |
| 2024 | 65,739,185,533 | | 10,728,183,166 | | 6,345,543,767 | 1,433,336,249 | 1,091,398,005 | 85,337,646,720 | 85,337,646,720 | 100.0% |

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of Real Estate Assessor and Commissioner of the Revenue.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Collected w | ithin the | | | | |
|--------|---------------|----------------|------------|---------------|--------------------------|------------|--|
| | Total | Fiscal Year of | f the Levy | Collections | Total Collections to Dat | | |
| Fiscal | Tax | | Percentage | in Subsequent | | Percentage | |
| Year | Levy | Amount | of Levy | Years | Amount | of Levy | |
| 2015 | \$558,420,893 | \$537,056,367 | 96.2% | \$18,529,579 | \$555,585,946 | 99.5% | |
| 2016 | 613,105,892 | 589,411,524 | 96.1% | 18,946,364 | 608,357,888 | 99.2% | |
| 2017 | 634,993,466 | 609,085,906 | 95.9% | 21,444,232 | 630,530,138 | 99.3% | |
| 2018 | 662,272,634 | 636,789,707 | 96.2% | 24,095,462 | 660,885,169 | 99.8% | |
| 2019 | 688,073,333 | 638,348,095 | 92.8% | 28,108,156 | 666,456,251 | 96.9% | |
| 2020 | 722,621,429 | 631,762,062 | 87.4% | 73,834,777 | 705,596,839 | 97.6% | |
| 2021 | 783,423,955 | 687,116,605 | 87.7% | 53,525,944 | 740,642,549 | 94.5% | |
| 2022 | 788,255,076 | 707,907,083 | 89.8% | 41,351,165 | 749,258,248 | 95.1% | |
| 2023 | 861,007,212 | 755,199,729 | 87.7% | 39,661,155 | 794,860,884 | 92.3% | |
| 2024 | 946,185,858 | 830,786,286 | 87.8% | - | 830,786,286 | 87.8% | |

Note: Collections in subsequent years represent delinquent accounts collected during the course of any fiscal year subsequent to the fiscal year of the tax levy.

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of Real Estate Assessor and Commissioner of the Revenue.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - REVENUE RATES FOR REAL ESTATE AND PERSONAL PROPERTY Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | Base | | Additional Real Property | | Additional Real Property | Additional Real Property | | Additional Real Property | Additional Real Property | Additional Real Property |
|--------|--------------|----|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|----|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | Real | | Tax Rate | | Tax Rate | Tax Rate | | Tax Rate | Tax Rate | Tax Rate |
| Fiscal | Property | | Sandbridge | | Town Center | Old Donation | | Bayville Creek | Shadowlawn | Chesopeian |
| Year | Tax Rate | | SSD | | SSD | SSD | | SSD | SSD | SSD |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | \$ 0.9300 | \$ | 0.0600 | \$ | 0.4500 | \$ 0.1840 | \$ | 0.3630 | \$ 0.1594 | \$ 0.2913 |
| 2016 | 0.9900 | | 0.0600 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.3630 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2017 | 0.9900 | | 0.0600 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.3630 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2018 | 1.0025 | | 0.0600 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.5690 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2019 | 1.0025 | | 0.0600 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2020 | 1.0175 | | 0.0400 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2021 | 1.0175 | | 0.0400 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2022 | 0.9900 | | 0.0400 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2023 | 0.9900 | | 0.0200 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| 2024 | 0.9900 | | 0.0100 | | 0.4500 | 0.1840 | | 0.4720 | 0.1594 | 0.2913 |
| | | | Additional | | Additional | Additional | | Additional | | |
| | Base | | Real Property | | Real Property | Real Property | | Real Property | | |
| | Real | | Tax Rate | | Tax Rate | Tax Rate | | Tax Rate | Personal | |
| Fiscal | Property | | Harbor Point | | Gills Cove | Hurds Cove | | Shilling | Property Tax | |
| Year | Tax Rate | | SSD | | SSD | SSD | | Point | Rate | |
| 2015 | \$ 0.9300 | \$ | 0.0790 | \$ | 0.0630 | \$ - | \$ | - | \$ 4.0000 | |
| 2016 | 0.9900 | - | 0.0790 | - | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | - | _ | 4.0000 | |
| 2017 | 0.9900 | | 0.0790 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | - | 4.0000 | |
| 2018 | 1.0025 | | 0.0790 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | _ | 4.0000 | |
| 2019 | 1.0025 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | - | 4.0000 | |
| 2020 | 1.0175 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | 0.4040 | 4.0000 | |
| 2021 | 1.0175 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | 0.4040 | 4.0000 | |
| 2022 | 0.9900 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | 0.4040 | 4.0000 | |
| 2023 | 0.9900 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | 0.4040 | 4.0000 | |
| 2024 | 0.9900 | | 0.1200 | | 0.0630 | 0.4380 | | 0.4040 | 4.0000 | |

Notes: (1) The City is the only entity with local taxing authority within its boundaries.

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance/City Adopted Resource Management Plan

⁽²⁾ Real Property Tax Rate is applied to real estate such as land and buildings.

⁽³⁾ Personal Property Tax Rate is applied to Personal Property such as automobiles and equipment

⁽⁴⁾ The tax bases are mutually exclusive

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING GENERAL BONDED DEBT BY TYPE Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| General Fiscal Obligation Year* Bonds | | | State Literary Fund Loans | Aį | opropriation Backed Debt** | | Total | Percentage of Estimated Actual Full Value of Property | General Bonded Debt Per Capita*** | | |
|---|----|-------------|------------------------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|-------------|-------|--|---|---|-------|
| 2015 | \$ | 716,612,342 | \$ | 2,875,000 | Ś | 405,353,486 | Ś | 1,124,840,828 | 2.1% | Ś | 2,258 |
| 2016 | * | 721,310,401 | * | 2,250,000 | * | 373,133,427 | * | 1,096,693,828 | 1.9% | * | 2,195 |
| 2017 | | 655,854,925 | | 1,875,000 | | 360,528,148 | | 1,018,258,073 | 1.7% | | 2,040 |
| 2018 | | 664,558,868 | | 1,500,000 | | 360,314,441 | | 1,026,373,309 | 1.7% | | 2,056 |
| 2019 | | 600,663,013 | | 1,125,000 | | 321,622,445 | | 923,410,458 | 1.4% | | 1,856 |
| 2020 | | 649,974,113 | | 750,000 | | 467,510,392 | | 1,118,234,505 | 1.7% | | 2,174 |
| 2021 | | 585,872,515 | | 375,000 | | 429,128,906 | | 1,015,376,421 | 1.5% | | 1,975 |
| 2022 | | 634,010,034 | | - | | 378,137,659 | | 1,012,147,693 | 1.4% | | 1,971 |
| 2023 | | 570,888,217 | | - | | 329,158,637 | | 900,046,854 | 1.2% | | 1,971 |
| 2024 | | 793,921,303 | | - | | 447,671,834 | | 1,241,593,137 | 1.5% | | 2,480 |

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance

^{*}Fiscal Years 2015-2024 have been adjusted to reflect the related unamortized premium.

^{**}Appropriation Backed Debt includes all Governmental Public Facility Revenue Bonds, Capital Leases, COPs, Williams Farm, and Business Type Virginia Beach Development Authority Debt.

^{***}Computation of Net Debt Per Capita is net of premiums and discounts.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| | | Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------|---------------|----|---------------|----|---------------|------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| | 2015 | | | 2016 | | 2017 | 2018 | | | | | |
| Debt Limit | \$ | 5,145,277,575 | \$ | 5,291,185,445 | \$ | 5,478,360,985 | \$ | 5,650,206,962 | | | | |
| Total Net Debt Applicable to Limit | | 697,079,775 | | 697,520,721 | | 641,749,326 | | 646,061,132 | | | | |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$ | 4,448,197,800 | \$ | 4,593,664,724 | \$ | 4,836,611,659 | \$ | 5,004,145,830 | | | | |
| Total Net Debt Applicable to the Limit as a percentage of the Debt Limit | | 13.55% | | 13.18% | | 11.71% | | 11.43% | | | | |

Source: City of Virginia Beach - Department of Finance, Office of the Real Estate Assessor, Virginia State Corporation Commission, Public Service Corporations Report and Personal Property Assessment.

Note: Total net debt applicable to the limit is tax-supported debt, which includes General Obligation Bonds, State Literary Fund debt for Public Schools, and Agricultural Reserve Program installment purchase agreements. Under State law, the City's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10% of total assessed property value. In addition, the City has established financial affordability indicators to restrict debt as follows:

- The total annual debt service for general government supported debt will not exceed 10% of general government expenditures (excluding interfund transfers).
- The City's overall net debt may not exceed 3.0% of the estimated full value of taxable real property.
- The City's fixed costs (tax-supported debt plus annual costs for pension and OPEB) may not exceed 20% of general government expenditures.
- The City's ten-year pay-out of tax-supported debt shall be greater than 50%.

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA - LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

| Fisc | ıد٠ | V | oar | ۰ |
|------|-----|---|-----|---|
| | | | | |

| | | | aca. | | | |
|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 |
| \$ 5,831,703,750 | \$ 6,039,301,442 | \$ 6,253,886,891 | \$ | 6,494,389,031 | \$ 7,087,220,908 | \$ 7,755,538,966 |
| 590,409,579 | 629,730,209 | 575,052,122 | | 613,872,302 | 552,965,034 | 758,247,394 |
| \$ 5,241,294,171 | \$ 5,409,571,233 | \$ 5,678,834,769 | \$ | 5,880,516,729 | \$ 6,534,255,874 | \$ 6,997,291,572 |
| 10.12% | 10.43% | 9.20% | | 9.45% | 7.80% | 9.78% |

Legal Debt Margin Calculation For Fiscal Year 2024 Assessed Value of Real Property

| Regular Public Service (excluding vehicle assessments) Total Assessed Value | \$ 76,467,368,699 1,088,020,958 |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| of Real Property | \$ 77,555,389,657 |
| Debt Limit (10% of Total | |
| Assessed Value) | \$ 7,755,538,966 |
| Total Net Debt applicable to limit | 758,247,394 |
| Legal Debt Margin | \$ 6,997,291,572 |

SCHOOL BOARD OF THE CITY OF VIRGINIA BEACH, VIRGINIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT Last Ten Fiscal Years (unaudited)

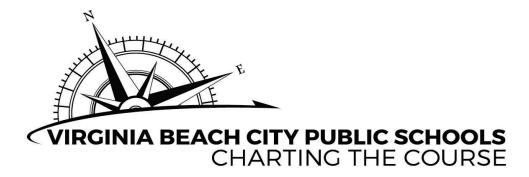
| | Percent of | | |
|----------------|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Subscription Liability | Personal Income | Debt Per Capita |
| 2023 | 1,623,811 | 0.00% | 3.57 |
| 2024 | 778,559 | 0.00% | 1.72 |

NOTE: See Note 5A in the notes to the financial statements for additional details on VBCPS' outstanding debt

The Code prohibits VBCPS from issuing obligation debt. As a result, the City issues bonds for VBCPS and reports the bonds related to VBCPS in its financial statements.

GASB 96 implementation in fiscal year 2023 resulted in a change to VBCPS debt to include subscription liability.

See Table 29 for personal income and population totals. For data from the Bureau of Economic Analysis that is not yet available, the most recent year will be used.



This Page Intentionally Left Blank



Report of Independent Auditor on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the School Board City of Virginia Beach, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns* issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia (the "Specifications"), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the School Board of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia (the "School Board"), a component unit of the City of Virginia Beach, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the School Board's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 13, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the School Board's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the School Board's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the School Board's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* or the Specifications.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Virginia Beach, Virginia December 13, 2024

Cherry Bekaset LLP

ALL PUBLICATIONS

Donald E. Robertson Jr., Ph.D., Superintendent Virginia Beach City Public Schools 2512 George Mason Drive, Virginia Beach, VA 23456-0038

Produced by the Department of Communications and Community Engagement for the Department of Budget and Finance. For further information, please call (757) 263-1033.

Notice of Non-Discrimination Policy

Virginia Beach City Public Schools does not discriminate on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, sex, sexual orientation/gender identity, pregnancy, childbirth or related medical condition, disability, marital status, age, genetic information or military status in its programs and activities, employment, or enrollment and provides equal access to the Boy Scouts and other designated youth groups. School Board policies and regulations (including but not limited to, Policies 2-33, 4-4, 5-7, 5-19, 5-20, 5-44, 6-7, 6-33, 7-48, 7-49, 7-57 and Regulations 2-33.1, 4-4.1, 4-4.2,4-4.3, 5-7.1, 5-44.1, 7-11.1 and 7-57.1) provide equal access to courses, programs, enrollment, counseling services, physical education and athletic, vocational education, instructional materials, extracurricular activities, and employment.

Title IX Notice: Complaints or concerns regarding discrimination on the basis of sex or sexual harassment should be addressed to the Title IX Coordinator, at the VBCPS Office of Student Leadership, 641 Carriage Hill Road, Suite 200, Virginia Beach, 23452, (757) 263-2020, Robin.Resse@vbschools.com (student complaints) or the VBCPS Department of School Leadership, 2512 George Mason Drive, Municipal Center, Building 6, Virginia Beach, Virginia, 23456, (757) 263-1088, Robert.Wnukowski@vbschools.com (employee complaints). Additional information regarding Virginia Beach City Public Schools' policies regarding discrimination on the basis of sex and sexual harassment, as well as the procedures for filing a formal complaint and related grievance processes, can be found in School Board Policy 5-44 and School Board Regulations 5-44.1 (students), School Board Policy 4-4 and School Board Regulation 4-4.3 (employees) and on the School Division's website at Diversity, Equity and Inclusion/Title IX. Concerns about the application of Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act should be addressed to the Section 504 Coordinator/Executive Director of Student Support Services at (757) 263-1980, 2512 George Mason Drive, Virginia Beach, Virginia, 23456 or the Section 504 Coordinator at the student's school. For students who are eligible or suspected of being eligible for special education or related services under IDEA, please contact the Office of Programs for Exceptional Children at (757) 263-2400, Plaza Annex/Family and Community Engagement Center, 641 Carriage Hill Road, Suite 200, Virginia Beach, VA 23452.

The School Division is committed to providing educational environments that are free of discrimination, harassment, and bullying. Students, staff, parents/legal guardians who have concerns about discrimination, harassment, or bullying should contact the school administration at their school. Promptly reporting concerns will allow the school to take appropriate actions to investigate and resolve issues. School Board Policy <u>5-7</u> addresses non-discrimination and anti-harassment, Policy <u>5-44</u> addresses sexual harassment and discrimination based on sex or gender. Policy <u>5-36</u> and its supporting regulations address other forms of harassment.

Alternative formats of this publication which may include taped, Braille, or large print materials are available upon request for individuals with disabilities. Call or write Daniel Hopkins, Director of Business Services, Virginia Beach City Public Schools, 2512 George Mason Drive, P.O. Box 6038, Virginia Beach, Virginia 23456-0038. Telephone (757) 263-1033, fax (757) 263-1739, (757) 263-1240 (TDD) or e-mail him at Daniel.Hopkins2@vbschools.com.

vbschools.com your virtual link to Hampton Roads' largest school system



No part of this publication may be produced or shared in any form without giving specific credit to Virginia Beach City Public Schools. 2024