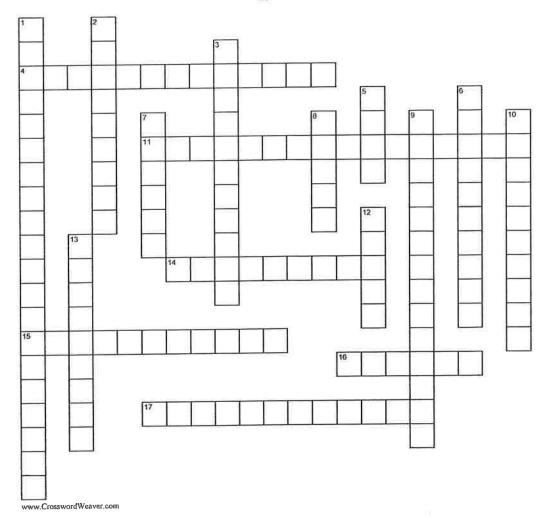
Chapter 6



ACROSS

- 4 If goods are essential but too expensive, the government 1 If only a few firms sell a product or only one producer will impose these
- 11 The equilibrium point is when equilibrium quantity is equal to this
- 14 to keep sellers from raising prices on necessary goods, 3. When prices can be easily adjusted to excess demand, the US government used this during World War II
- 15 when buyers purchase as much as the seller is willing to 5 If the price is too high for a good, this will happen to sell, this has been reached
- 16 if supply increases higher than quantity demanded, prices will do this
- 17 a price floor is considered this

DOWN

- sells a good, its called this
- 2 When supply increases and the prices fall, quantity demanded does this
- it is an example of this price advantage
- supply
- 6 a minimum price for a good
- 7 Suppliers will keep raising prices as long as there is this
- 8 if the supply of a good is greater than what the consumer wants to buy, this happens to the price
- 9 Imperfect competition, imperfect information and this can make the market behave inefficiently
- 10 computer prices owuld go down if there were imprivements in this
- 12 firms employ fewer workers when these are set above equilibrium level by law
- 13 This type of government used a command economic system to create a society in which everyone was equal