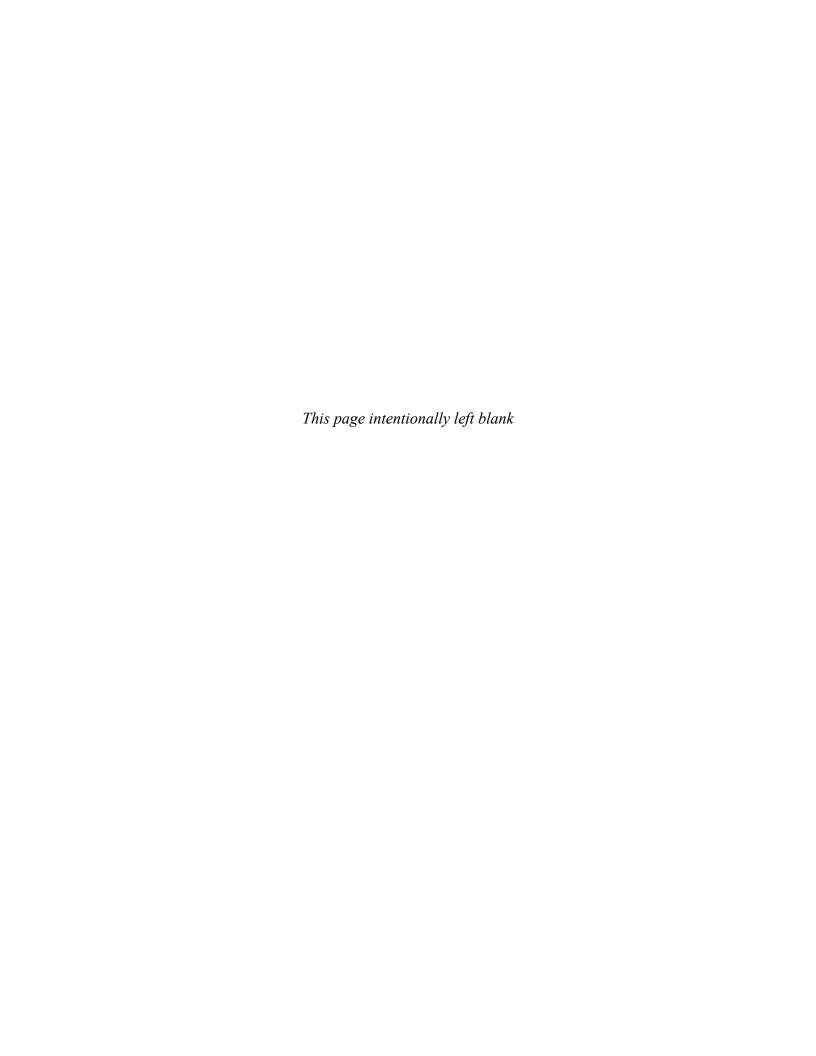
# LAKE OSWEGO SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7J CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON FINANCIAL REPORT For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2024

Prepared by:
Business Services Department
\* \* \* \* \* \*

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Assistant Superintendent of Business Services
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# BOARD OF DIRECTORS

<u>Name</u>	Title	Term Expires
Brian Bills	Chair	June 30, 2025
John Wallin	Vice Chair	June 30, 2027
Kirsten Aird	Member	June 30, 2027
Neelam Gupta	Member	June 30, 2025
Liz Hartman	Member	June 30, 2025

The above Board Members receive mail at the address below:

## **ADMINISTRATION**

Lake Oswego School District No.7J PO Box 70 Lake Oswego, Oregon 97034

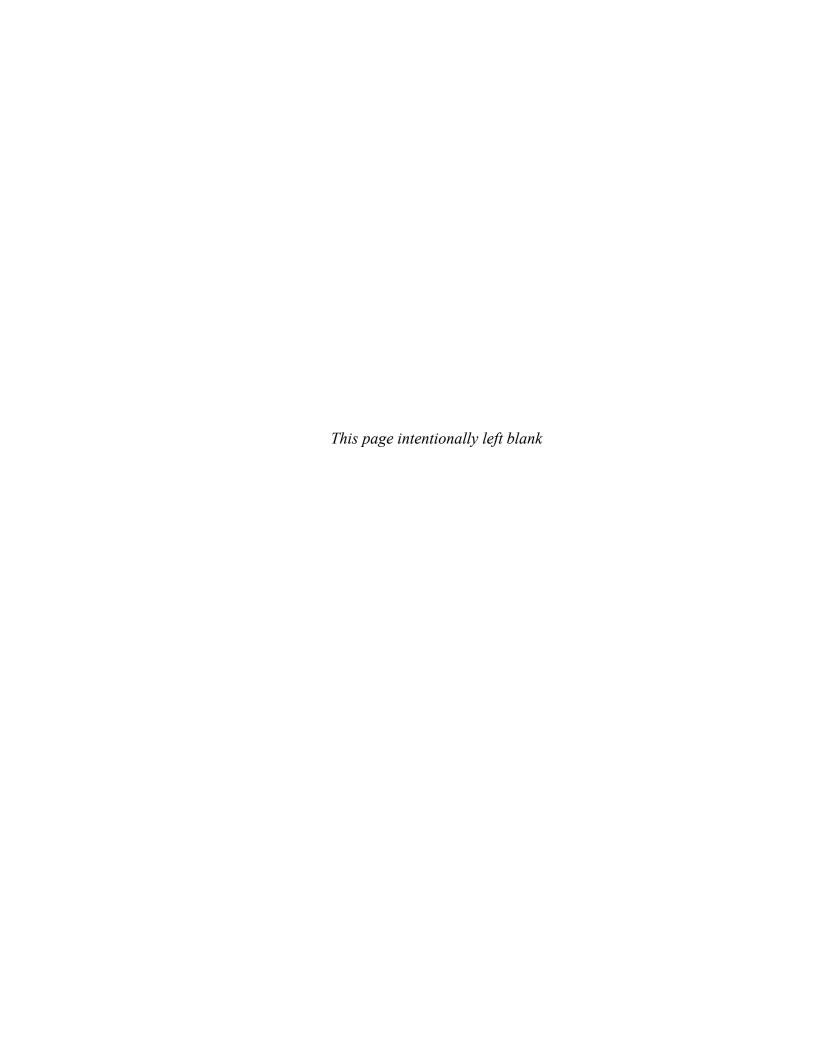
Dr. Jennifer Schiele, Superintendent

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

School Board Lake Oswego School District No. 7J Lake Oswego, Oregon

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Oswego School District 7J, Clackamas County, Oregon (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, the discretely presented component unit, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lake Oswego School District No. 7J, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or

the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis (MD&A) and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information (except as mentioned in the following paragraph) because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information presented as required supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing

procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Information Included in the Annual Financial Report (AFR)

Management is responsible for the other information included in the AFR. The other information comprises the statistical section but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Reports on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 22, 2025 on our consideration of Lake Oswego School District No. 7J's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by Oregon Minimum Standards

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated January 22, 2025, on our consideration of the District's compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Larry E. Grant, Principal

Jany E. Jus

For REDW LLC Salem, Oregon January 22, 2025

# LAKE OSWEGO SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 7J, CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the Lake Oswego School District No. 7J, Clackamas County, Oregon (Lake Oswego School District or the District), we offer readers this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the Lake Oswego School District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of Lake Oswego School District at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$18,667,290 at June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$86,271,477 is invested in capital assets, net of related debt, \$2,381,567 is restricted for to the payment of the District's general obligation and pension bonded debt, \$1,629,992 is restricted for RHIA OPEB, and the remainder,(\$71,615,746) is unrestricted. The negative unrestricted portion of net position is due primarily to the District's post-employment benefit and net pension liabilities recorded under generally accepted accounting principles as well as the fact that government entities tend to raise resources when the liabilities are expected to be paid rather than when they are incurred.
- Net position increased by \$8,603,304 from the prior year's balance, due primarily to increases in its Net Investment in Capital Assets from ongoing capital improvements funded by bond measures, strong property taxes, an improvement in state resources, and earnings on investments.
- At June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$119,185,096.
  This substantial balance is due primarily to the unexpended portion of \$165.6 million of general obligation bond proceeds received in 2022 following approval by District voters of a bond measure to issue up to \$180 million in new bonds at the November 2021 election to replace Lake Oswego Middle School and River Grove Elementary School and make capital improvements throughout the District.
- At June 30, 2024, the General Fund had an unassigned fund balance of \$12,404,453, a decrease of \$5 million from the prior year's unassigned fund balance of \$17,405,008. This decrease was due to higher staffing levels and increases in staff compensation and other costs. Additional information can be found in the Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget discussion near the end of this analysis.

## **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Lake Oswego School District's basic financial statements. The basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

- The *statement of net position* presents information on all of the District's total assets and deferred outflows and total liabilities and deferred inflows with the difference between the two reported as *net position*. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.
- The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes, and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). As is typical for a school district, the District has governmental activities, which include instruction, support services, enterprise and community services, facilities, depreciation and amortization, and interest and other charges. The District established an internal service fund as of June 30, 2024.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 13 - 14 of this report.

**Fund Financial Statements** are designed to demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements overseeing the use of fund accounting. A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities and objectives. All of the funds of the District are governmental funds.

Governmental funds are used to account for the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on *near-term* inflows and outflows of available resources, as well as on balances of available resources at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The District maintains four major governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund, the Grants Fund, the Debt Service Fund, and the Capital Projects Fund, all of which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other four governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds at the fund appropriation level is provided in the form of *combining statements* elsewhere in this report.

The District adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each fund, individually presented to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 15 - 18 of this report. Financial statements for the initial establishment of a new self insurance internal service fund are at pages 19 - 21.

**Notes To Basic Financial Statements** provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 22 - 57 of this report.

**The Combining Statements** referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented following the notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information along with individual fund schedules.

#### Government-Wide Financial Analysis

**Net position**. As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the District's financial position. In the case of Lake Oswego School District, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$18,667,290 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. A condensed Statement of Net Position for the current and prior fiscal year-end is as follows:

	Statements of Net Position June 30,					
		2024		2023		
Assets		_		_		
Current and Other Assets	\$	149,208,710	\$	209,744,638		
Net Capital Assets		360,809,891		315,682,892		
Total Assets		510,018,601		525,427,530		
<b>Deferred Outflows of Resources</b>		22,347,967		25,969,996		
<b>Total Assets and Deferred Outflows</b>						
of Resources		532,366,568		551,397,526		
Liabilities						
Other Liabilities		26,934,335		32,178,573		
Long-Term Debt		392,127,271		412,208,218		
Pension and OPEB Liabilities		77,490,957		72,306,694		
Total Liabilities		496,552,563		516,693,485		
<b>Deferred Inflows of Resources</b>		17,146,715		25,644,770		
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows		512 (00 270		542 220 255		
of Resources		513,699,278		542,338,255		
Net Position						
Net Investment in Capital Assets		86,271,477		77,761,769		
Restricted		4,011,559		1,825,358		
Unrestricted		(71,615,746)		(70,527,856)		
Total Net Position	\$	18,667,290	\$	9,059,271		

Current and other assets decreased due to the planned spend down for capital improvements funded by the \$165.6 million in bond sale proceeds received in April 2022 for facility improvements. Long-term debt obligations have decreased by \$20.08 million due to normal annual principal payments and amortization of premiums.

Pension and OPEB liabilities increased due to pension plan results through June 30, 2023 under GASBS No. 68 and District OPEB results through June 30, 2024 under GASBS No. 75. These liabilities and the related deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources represent the District's estimated portion of the state PERS pension obligations recorded in the District's statement of net position as more fully discussed in the pension footnotes, plus the OPEB liabilities as more fully discussed in the OPEB footnotes. Net capital assets have increased due to the various facility improvements that are underway financed primarily by the 2022 general obligation debt.

By far the largest portion of the District's net position is its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, vehicles, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets for classrooms and supporting services for providing K-12 education; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities. The source is primarily property taxes levied for debt service.

As previously noted, due primarily to an increase in the District's capital investments, continued strong state and property tax revenues and strong investment earnings, the net position of the District increased by \$8,603,304 during the current fiscal year.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the District's net position - unrestricted shows a deficit balance of (\$71,615,746). The government-wide statement of net position recognizes a liability as soon as an obligation is incurred, even though the payment may not be made until some future period, including pension related balances. As governments tend to raise resources when the liabilities are expected to be paid rather than when they are incurred, most governments do not have sufficient current resources to cover long-term liabilities. This is the case for the District.

The revenues and expenses shown below explain changes in net position for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024 and 2023.

	2024		2023		
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 7,688,669	4.98%	\$ 8,170,359	5.42%	
Grants and Contributions	14,187,693	8.57%	14,710,956	9.75%	
Total Program Revenues	21,876,362	14.16%	22,881,315	15.17%	
General Revenues					
Property Taxes	86,637,264	56.07%	83,334,212	55.24%	
State Revenue Sharing	41,381,781	26.78%	40,128,988	26.60%	
Other Federal, State and Local Sources	2,044,172	1.32%	114,696	0.08%	
Investment Earnings	9,571,709	6.19%	4,493,688	2.98%	
Net Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Assets	(6,982,158)	-4.52%	(98,373)	-0.07%	
Total General Revenues	132,652,768	85.84%	127,973,211	84.83%	
Total Revenues	154,529,130	100.00%	150,854,526	100.00%	
Expenses					
Instruction	77,979,604	53.44%	73,547,745	52.85%	
Support Services	40,322,782	27.63%	38,756,082	27.85%	
Community Services	4,107,708	2.81%	4,113,136	2.96%	
Facilities	146,377	0.10%	(40,976)	-0.03%	
Depreciation and Amortization	8,828,122	6.05%	7,860,876	5.65%	
Interest and Other Charges	14,541,233	9.96%	14,914,577	10.72%	
Total Expenses	145,925,826	100.00%	139,151,440	100.00%	
Change in Net Position	8,603,304		11,703,086		
Capital Contribution from Component Unit	1,004,715		-		
Net Position - Beginning	9,059,271		(2,643,815)		
Net Position - Ending	\$ 18,667,290		\$ 9,059,271		

**Revenues**. Since the District's mission is to provide a free and appropriate public education for K-12 students within its boundaries, the District may not charge for its core services. Therefore, as expected, general revenues typically provide over 80% or more of the funding required for governmental programs. Property taxes and State Revenue Sharing combined account for 96% of general revenues and 82% of total revenues for both the 2024 and 2023 fiscal years. State Revenue Sharing has continued to be strong due to healthy personal and corporate income tax receipts by the state. Property taxes have also continued to show strong growth, continuing a trend that began in 2014. Other than planned reductions due to the elimination of district provided extended care services at the end of the 2022 fiscal year and reorganization in fiscal year 2024 of other community school activities to lower costs, charges for services have rebounded following major declines in fiscal year 2021 due to significant operating constraints due to the pandemic. They are comprised of the following items for which it is appropriate to charge tuition or fees:

	2024	2023
Community services charges for enrichment and extended day care programs	\$ 1,630,752	\$ 1,887,106
Food services charges not only for lunch and breakfast, but also for catering and contract services	1,433,500	1,389,674
Tuition and fees are charged for participation in various extra-curricular activities and out-of-district students and use of district facilities	4,624,417	4,893,579
Total Charges for Services:	\$ 7,688,669	\$ 8,170,359

Charges for enrichment services had decreased in fiscal year 2021 due to the ongoing effects of the pandemic, and fell in fiscal year 2024 in relation to fiscal year 2023 due primarily to a reorganization of community school programs. Other charges saw normal increases. Grants and contributions represent 9.2% and 9.7% of total revenues for the 2024 and 2023 fiscal years, respectively. Included in this category is \$890,336 and \$819,051 for federal reimbursement and subsidy under the school lunch program for the 2024 and 2023 fiscal years, respectively. Other federal, state, and other grants for designated programs totaled \$10,451,275 and \$10,021,714, respectively, with the increase coming primarily from an increase in Student Investment Account (SIA) funds received under the Student Success Act. The balance is comprised primarily of contributions through the Lake Oswego School District Foundation, which was \$865,000 in fiscal year 2024 and \$945,000 in fiscal year 2023, as well as donations from parents and each school's booster organization.

Investment earnings have increased due to significant increases in market interest rates on District investments. The District will hold all investments to maturity such that no realized losses on its investments are expected.

**Expenses**. Expenses related to governmental activities are presented in five broad functional categories. Costs of direct classroom instruction activities account for 54% and 53% of the total expenses of \$145,925,826 and \$139,151,440 for the 2024 and 2023 fiscal years, respectively. In addition, approximately half of the costs in supporting services relate to students, instructional staff and school administration.

	Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services		Total Cost of Services		Net Cost of Services				
	2024		2024		2024 2024		2024	2023			2023
Instruction	\$	77,979,604	\$	65,354,426	\$	73,547,745	\$	60,789,956			
Support Services		40,322,782		35,443,039		38,756,082		33,313,006			
Enterprise and Community Services		4,107,708		105,911		4,113,136		(260,603)			
Facilities		146,377		(223,267)		(40,976)		(347,687)			
Depreciation and Amortization		8,828,122		8,828,122		7,860,876		7,860,876			
Interest and Other Charges		14,541,233		14,541,233		14,914,577		14,914,577			
Total	\$	145,925,826	\$	124,049,464	\$	139,151,440	\$	116,270,125			

Total and net costs of services continued to rebound in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, having decreased in fiscal years 2022 and 2021 as a result of the pandemic. Net costs of services for facilities are negative due to capital grants.

#### Financial Analysis of the District's Funds

As noted earlier, the District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements and to better evaluate the financial results of certain of its programs. The focus of the District's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the District's financing requirements. In particular, *fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of the District's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$119,185,096. Additionally, \$449,911 is unspendable inventories and prepaid costs for use by various funds, and nonspendable note receivable of \$580,000. \$2,632,416 is committed in the Special Revenue Funds, which is primarily the fund balance for the Student Activity Fund. These fund balances are committed to programs congruent with the nature of the special revenue source. \$2,824,459 is restricted for debt service and \$100,293,857 is restricted for capital projects. The remaining \$12,404,453 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the District's discretion.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the District. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$12,404,453, a decrease of \$5 million from the prior year. This decrease was due primarily to increases in staffing and higher staff compensation and other costs driven by inflation.

The Grants Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of grants, primarily from state or federal sources, for specific educational projects or programs. It is a special revenue fund; expenditures and revenues are generally consistent with each other and having no ending fund balance is standard given the restricted nature of the funding.

The Debt Service Fund had an ending fund balance restricted for debt service of \$2,824,459 at the end of the current fiscal year. Property taxes are the primary revenue source and are relatively stable, so taxes are levied at the minimum amount sufficient for meeting current debt service obligations.

The Capital Projects Fund had an ending fund balance restricted for capital projects of \$100,293,857. This fund balance was created primarily with the April 2022 sale of \$152.7 million of bonds at par under the District's bond authority of \$180 million approved by voters in the November 2021 election, plus remaining funds from the district's sale of bonds in 2017 and 2020 under a \$187 million bond measure approved by district voters in May 2017. Except for a new pool to be built as part of a joint recreational facility with the City of Lake Oswego that is scheduled to be completed in early 2025, capital improvements funded by the 2017 bond were largely concluded in the fall of 2023. Capital improvements funded by the 2023 bond are currently expected to be ongoing into 2026.

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The General Fund is usually the largest fund of the governmental funds. Due to the continued strong real estate market, property tax revenues increased by \$2.37 million and exceeded budgeted amounts of \$57.65 million by \$1 million. State revenue sources were 99.3% of budgeted amounts, having been increased by \$3 million through a supplemental appropriation due primarily to higher per student State School Fund revenues from lower state-wide enrollment. There was a positive variance of \$2.68 million above the \$10.445 million budgeted for the ending fund balance. Except as discussed in the budget compliance footnote, spending was within authorized appropriations.

The differences between the original budget and the final amended budgets of the governmental funds were budget transfers of \$200,000 from the Grants Fund's support services appropriation category to the instruction services appropriation category to cover increased grant operating costs and a transfer in the General Fund of \$2,000,000 from the contingency appropriation category to the instruction, support services and interfund transfers appropriation categories of \$250,000, \$750,000 and \$1,000,000, respectively, to support higher costs than originally budgeted. A supplemental appropriation resolution was approved for a total \$6 million increase in the General Fund's Revenues. \$3 million of the increase was in state resources, \$1.4 million was an increase in local sources, and \$1.6 million was an increase in the beginning fund balance. \$3.5 million of these supplemental resources were appropriated in the instruction services appropriation category and the balance of \$2.5 million was appropriated in support services. A supplemental appropriation resolution was approved in the Grants Fund for \$500,000 for additional grants revenues used for instruction services category expenditures, and \$125,000 in a supplemental appropriation in the Food Services Fund for additional federal supply disruption funds, which was appropriated in the community services appropriation category.

#### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

Capital assets. The District's investment in capital assets for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2024, amounts to \$360,809,891, an increase of \$45.13 million from the prior year amount of \$315,682,892 (net of accumulated depreciation and amortization). This investment in capital assets includes land and land improvements, buildings and improvements, equipment and furniture, intangible right-to-use assets, and construction in progress. The District's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year increased by 14.3% due to capital improvements funded by the new bonds approved in May 2017 and November 2021, offset by ongoing regular annual depreciation and amortization.

Capital Assets (Net of Depreciation and Amortization)	Governmental Activities Total School District			Percentage
	2024		2023	Change
Land	\$ 9,297,870	\$	9,297,870	0.00%
Buildings and Improvements	302,524,210		237,804,839	27.22%
Vehicles and Equipment	12,109,225		12,460,120	-2.82%
Intangible Right-to-Use Assets	300,939		373,226	-19.37%
Construction in Progress	36,577,647		55,746,837	-34.39%
Total	\$ 360,809,891	\$	315,682,892	14.30%

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Completion of the new River Grove Elementary School and commencement of construction work for the new Lake Oswego Middle School, including the demolition of the old Lake Oswego Junior High School buildings and related improvements, resulting in a loss on the disposal of capital assets of \$6.98 million for the undepreciated costs of those buildings and related improvements, and
- Various smaller renovation projects that began in 2023 and 2024 or will begin in 2025, primarily enhancements and renovations in each high school and at Palisades World Language School.

Additional information on the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

**Long-term debt**. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had total debt outstanding of \$392,127,271, which does not include its pension or other postemployment benefit liabilities that total \$77,490,957. Of this \$392,127,271, \$377,544,390 is comprised of general obligation debt and pension obligation debt net of unamortized premiums, \$15,825,000 comprises debts backed by the full faith and credit of the District, and \$247,881 is comprised of lease and subscriptions liabilities. The District's total long-term debt decreased by \$20.08 million during fiscal year 2024 due to normal scheduled principal payments and amortization of premiums.

O	Percentage			
2024		2023	Change	
\$ 377,544,390	\$	396,063,744	-4.7%	
14,582,881		16,144,474	-9.7%	
\$ 392,127,271	\$	412,208,218	-4.9%	
	Total Scho 2024 \$ 377,544,390 14,582,881	Total School Dis	\$ 377,544,390 \$ 396,063,744 14,582,881 16,144,474	

The District maintains an Aa2 rating from Moody's Investors Service and an AA+ rating from S & P Global Ratings, their second highest rating possible, for its outstanding general obligation bonds issued in 2017, and a rating of AA from Fitch on its outstanding general obligation bonds issued in 2022.

The District plans to sell the \$27.28 balance of its \$180 million 2021 bond measure authorization in 2025. State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a school district may issue based on a formula using a percentage of Real Market Value of all taxable properties within the District. The District's general obligation bond debt capacity is \$1.6 billion, calculated as 7.95% of Real Market Value of \$20.56 billion. This limit is significantly in excess of the District's June 30, 2024 outstanding general obligation debt of \$329,855,000. Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to the basic financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The State of Oregon has no sales tax so funding for public schools essentially relies on a combination of income taxes collected at the state level and property taxes collected at the local level. These resources are aggregated under a state-wide formula and distributed to school districts based on each district's attendance and various weighting of certain factors. Since the implementation of two state-wide measures in the 1990's that reduced property tax levies, property taxes now provide approximately one third of the resources distributed via this state-wide formula. Prior to the implementation of these two state-wide measures, property taxes accounted for almost two thirds of the resources in this formula. This increased reliance on income tax receipts introduced a greater measure of volatility in State School Fund (SSF) revenues. The state budget, including K-12 funding, experienced significant reductions in the wake of the 2001-02 and 2008-09 recessions, but has since increased every biennium. 2021-23 SSF was \$9.3 billion and 2023-25 SSF funding was approved at \$10.2 billion. An additional roughly \$2 billion in state funds for Oregon public school districts was provided during the 2021-23 biennium under the 2019 Student Success Act's Student Investment Account (SIA). SIA statewide funding for the 2023-25 biennium was approved at \$2.2 billion. With that as context, the following additional observations regarding economic factors and the budget for the next year are provided to highlight noteworthy issues:

The \$900 million increase to \$10.2 billion in SSF for the 2023-25 biennium was one of if not the largest biennial increase in SSF allocations. Additionally, the District received \$6.15 million in SIA funds in fiscal year 2023-24 and will receive \$6.5 million in fiscal year 2024-25. State funding for the District's regular operations is presently estimated to be over \$43.2 million for fiscal year 2025, which, in combination with Foundation fund-raising and local-option property tax revenues, will allow the District to retain and slightly expand its current program offerings and end the 2025 fiscal year with a positive fund balance. The \$2.5 million in federal stimulus funds awarded the District in 2020 and 2021 to aid its response to the ongoing pandemic was fully spent as of June 30, 2024. As discussed more fully below, the District expects General Fund expenditures to exceed revenues by roughly \$2 million in fiscal year 2025.

- In June 2024, the Board adopted the District budget for fiscal year 2024-25. The adopted budget for the General Fund for that period is \$127.13 million, an increase of \$9.38 million over the 2023-24 adopted budget. A three year summary of General Fund budgets is included in the Statistical Section of this report. Due to cost increases exceeding expected increases in total revenues, the District expects General Fund expenditures will exceed revenues by approximately \$2 million in fiscal year 2024-25, and that its June 30, 2025 General Fund ending fund balance will be close to but above its minimum fund balance target as more fully discussed below.
- Partially offsetting the loss of state funding or supplementing it has been very successful volunteer fund-raising efforts by the independent private non-profit Foundation. As a result of its efforts and the generosity of the Lake Oswego community, for the twelve years from fiscal years 2011 through 2022, the Foundation provided a total of \$15.23 million to the District, plus an additional \$865,000 for fiscal year 2024 and \$945,000 in fiscal year 2023. The Foundation expects to provide just under \$1 million for fiscal year 2025.
- In addition to vital Foundation support, with voter approval, the District raises additional property tax revenues using a local-option tax levy. First implemented in 2000, District voters authorized a 25 cent increase and an additional 5 years of this levy in May 21, 2019. For fiscal year 2020, the 25 cent rate increase provided an additional \$2 million to fund increased staff, primarily for innovation lab programs and social emotional supports for students. Renewed in May 2023, the levy will provide local-option tax revenues to the District each year through fiscal year 2029. Local-option tax revenues were \$10.97 million in fiscal year 2019. Due primarily to the rate increase, the revenues generated by this local-option tax were \$16.19 million and \$15.24 million in fiscal years 2024 and 2023, respectively, and are expected to provide approximately \$16.25 million in property tax revenues in fiscal year 2025.
- The District's licensed staff are represented by the Lake Oswego Education Association (LOEA) and its classified staff by the Lake Oswego School Employees Association (LOSEA) under separate agreements that were ratified in 2024 and effective July 1, 2024. The LOEA agreement expires on June 30, 2025 and the LOSEA agreement on June 30, 2027. Negotiations for a successor LOEA contract will begin in the spring of 2025.

- Administration and the School Board are actively involved in strategic planning to continue to lead the District in a fiscally responsible manner. A fund balance policy was adopted in March 2015 which, among other things, established a minimum General Fund balance target of 8% of General Fund adopted expenditures and a maximum of 15% for the ensuing fiscal year. Ending fund balances projected to be below the minimum target require a corrective plan of action for the School Board's consideration. The General fund balance at June 30, 2024 is 10.2% of adopted 2024-25 General Fund expenditures and is expected to remain above but potentially close to the minimum 8% target as of June 30, 2025. Due to the results of the State's pension plan actuarial valuation for the period ended December 31, 2023, District mandatory pension plan contribution rates will rise by 7.6% effective July 1, 2025. Absent additional SSF resources, this will constrain the District's operating fund budgets, but primarily in the 2025-26 fiscal year. Administration is evaluating options, but is moving cautiously due to service pressures. Long-term strategic plans are in process to guide the District as major decisions are made.
- Dr. Jennifer Schiele and the school board continue to work on implementing the five year strategic plan adopted
  in fiscal year 2023 that will ensure "The work of creating a culture of belonging and ensuring educational
  excellence is the most important work we are doing in LOSD." Four new board appointed committees were
  established in 2023 to help guide this work.

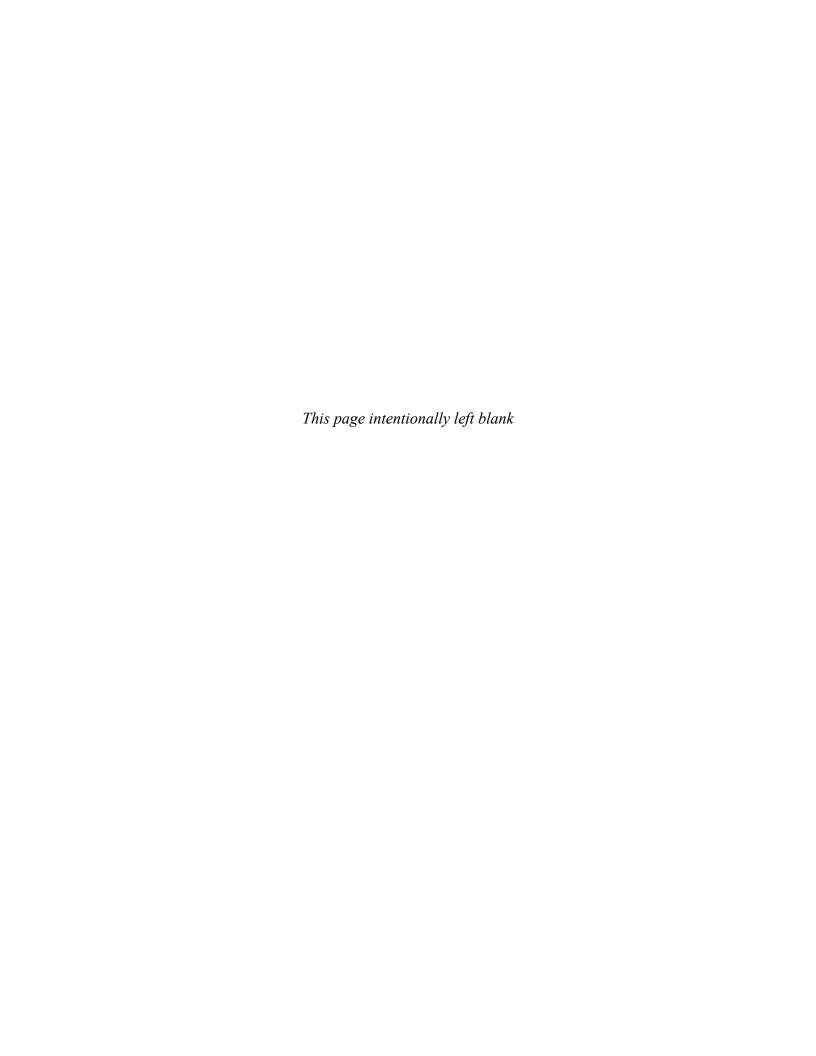
# **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the Lake Oswego School District's finances for all those with such an interest. Questions concerning any of the information provided in the report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Assistant Superintendent of Business Services, Lake Oswego School District, P.O. Box 70, Lake Oswego, Oregon 97034.

Dr. Jennifer Schiele Superintendent

Stuart Ketzler, CPA

Assistant Superintendent of Business Services





STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2024

	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	COMPONENT UNIT		
ASSETS:	d 120 40 C 200	# 1.222		
Cash and Investments Intergovernmental Receivables	\$ 138,486,208	\$ 1,322 78,759		
Property Taxes and Other Receivables	8,062,599	9,313		
Long-Term Intergovernmental Loan Receivable	580,000	,,515		
Prepaids	375,315	_		
Inventories	74,596	_		
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated/Amortized	45,875,517	-		
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation/Amortization	314,934,374	-		
Net RHIA OPEB Asset	1,629,992			
Total Assets	510,018,601	89,394		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	1,447,578	-		
Deferred Outflows Related to Stipend Pension	193,421	-		
Deferred Outflows Related to PERS Pension	20,706,968			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	22,347,967			
Total Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources	532,366,568	89,394		
LIABILITIES:	10.716.202	<b>5</b> 9 666		
Accounts and Retainage Payable Accrued Payroll, Taxes, and Employee Withholdings	10,716,292 11,752,376	58,666		
Intergovernmental Payables	78,759			
Unearned Revenue	2,569,706			
Accrued Interest and Matured Coupons Payable	1,170,807	_		
Vested Compensated Absences Payable	646,395	_		
Non-Current Liabilities:	,			
Due Within One Year				
Leases Payable	91,774	-		
Subscription Liability	35,062	-		
Intergovernmental Loan Payable	-	55,438		
Bonds and Direct Borrowings	22,032,354	-		
Total Stipend Pension Liability	118,937	-		
Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liabilities	835,924	-		
Due in More Than One Year				
Leases Payable	90,026	-		
Subscription Liability	31,019	-		
Intergovernmental Loan Payable	260.047.026	524,562		
Bonds and Direct Borrowings	369,847,036	-		
Net Pension Liability	64,530,512	-		
Total Stipend Pension Liability Total Other Postemployment Benefits Liability	1,538,590 10,466,994			
Total Liabilities	496,552,563	638,666		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	2,454,358	-		
Deferred Inlows Related to Stipend Pension	829,967	-		
Deferred Inlows Related to PERS Pension	13,222,672			
Deferred Inflows Related to Lease Receivables	639,718			
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	17,146,715			
Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources	513,699,278	638,666		
NET POSITION:				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	86,271,477	-		
Restricted for Debt Service	2,381,567	-		
Restricted for RHIA OPEB	1,629,992	-		
Unrestricted	(71,615,746)	(549,272)		
Total Net Position	\$ 18,667,290	\$ (549,272)		

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			PROGRAM REVENUE	NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION			
FUNCTIONS	EXPENSES	CHARGES FOR SERVICES			PRIMARY GOVERNMENT	COMPONENT UNIT	
Governmental Activities: Instruction	\$ 77,979,604	\$ 3,688,015	\$ 8,937,163	\$ -	\$ (65,354,426)	\$ -	
Support Services	40,322,782	936,402	3,943,341	-	(35,443,039)	-	
Community Services	4,107,708	3,064,252	937,545	-	(105,911)	-	
Facilities Acquisition	146,377	-	-	369,644	223,267	-	
Depreciation and Amortization	8,828,122	-	-	-	(8,828,122)	-	
Interest and Other Charges	14,541,233				(14,541,233)		
Total Governmental Activities - Primary Government	\$ 145,925,826	\$ 7,688,669	\$ 13,818,049	\$ 369,644	(124,049,464)		
Component Unit - Lake Grove Park	\$ 401,349	\$ 27,215	\$ -	\$ -		(374,134)	
	Property Ta State Rever	ixes, Levied for General ixes, Levied for Debt Ser	vice		59,246,719 27,390,545 41,381,781	255,280	
	Federal State, Intern Interest and Invest	mediate, and Local Grant	s	28,030 2,016,142 9,571,709 (6,982,158)	356		
	Total General Rev	renues			132,652,768	255,636	
	Changes in Net Po	osition			8,603,304	(118,498)	
	Capital Contribution	on from Component Unit	- Lake Grove Park		1,004,715	(1,004,715)	
	Net Position - Beg	inning			9,059,271	573,941	
	Net Position - End	ling			\$ 18,667,290	\$ (549,272)	

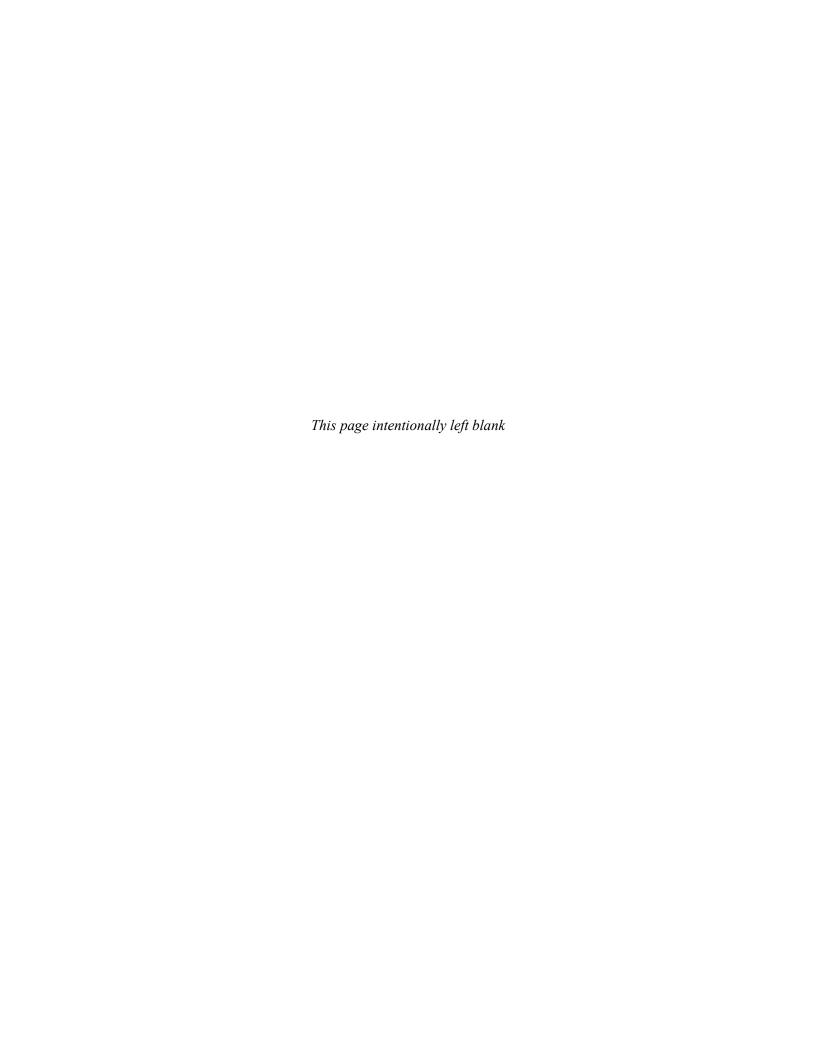
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

		GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENU	E
ASSETS:	-			_
Cash and Investments	\$	30,879,093	\$ 500	0
Interfund Receivables		-	491,867	7
Receivables:				
Intergovernmental Loan Receivable		580,000		-
Taxes		2,115,826		-
Accounts		1,380,483	2,107,395	5
Leases Receivable		639,718		_
Accrued Interest		32,621		_
Prepaids		46,353		_
Inventories		34,272		_
		,		_
Total Assets	\$	35,708,366	\$ 2,599,762	2
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:				
Liabilities	ф	7 (20 000	¢ 2.105.120	0
Interfund Payables	\$	7,620,999	\$ 2,105,139	9
Intergovernmental Payable		78,759		-
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable		10,830,569	7.5	-
Accounts and Retainage Payable		1,799,441	756	
Unearned Revenue		14,946	493,867	/
Matured Bond and Coupons Payable		-		<u>-</u>
Total Liabilities		20,344,714	2,599,762	2_
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes		1,658,856		-
Unavailable Revenue - Leases Receivable		639,718	·	_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,298,574		
Fund Balances:				
Nonspendable:				
Prepaids		46,353		-
Inventories		34,272	•	-
Loan Receivable		580,000	•	-
Restricted for:				
Debt Service		-		-
Capital Projects		-		-
Committed to:				
Community Support		-		-
Student Activities		-		-
Unassigned		12,404,453	- <u></u>	_
Total Fund Balances		13,065,078		_
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows				
of Resources and Fund Balances	\$	35,708,366	\$ 2,599,762	2

DEBT SERVICE	CAPITAL PROJECTS	 OTHER NONMAJOR FUNDS	GC	TOTAL OVERNMENTAL FUNDS
\$ 1,060,416 1,560,490	\$ 104,668,002 6,047,415	\$ 1,878,197 1,619,326	\$	138,486,208 9,719,098
929,685 - - 1,783 -	181,596 - 291,303 328,962	 382,189 - - - 40,324		580,000 3,045,511 4,051,663 639,718 325,707 375,315 74,596
\$ 3,552,374	\$ 111,517,278	\$ 3,920,036	\$	157,297,816
\$ -	\$ 1,164,767	\$ _	\$	10,890,905
-	-	-		78,759
-	8,877,818	38,277		10,830,569 10,716,292
	851,874	1,209,019		2,569,706
 244	-	 -,,,,,,		244
 244	 10,894,459	 1,247,296		35,086,475
 727,671	-	 - -		2,386,527 639,718
727,671	-	-		3,026,245
-	328,962	40,324		375,315 74,596
2,824,459	100,293,857	- - -		580,000 2,824,459 100,293,857
 - - -	- - -	 755,569 1,876,847		755,569 1,876,847 12,404,453
2,824,459	100,622,819	2,672,740		119,185,096
·	-	 -		•
\$ 3,552,374	\$ 111,517,278	\$ 3,920,036	\$	157,297,816

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.



RECONCILIATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET **POSITION** 

JUNE 30, 2024

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$ 119,185,096
The cost of capital assets (land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and intangible right to use lease and subscription assets) purchased or constructed is reported as an expenditure in governmental funds. The Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole.		
Net Capital Assets		360,809,891
Internal service fund was established by the District to charge the costs of insurance premiums and claims to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.		250,000
Long-term pension or OPEB assets or liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Deferred outflows and inflows or resources related to pensions or OPEBs are applicable to future periods and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.		
Total/Net OPEB asset (liability) Total/Net Stipend and PERS pension asset (liability) Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and OPEBs Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and OPEBs	\$ 1,629,992 (77,490,957) (16,506,997) 22,347,967	(70,019,995)
Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. All liabilities, both current and long term, are reported in the Statement of Net Position.		(70,012,223)
Long Term Liabilities Compensated Absences Payable Leases and SBITA Payable FF & C's Payable Accrued Interest Payable PERS Bonds Payable General Obligation Bonds Payable	(646,395) (247,881) (14,335,000) (1,170,563) (17,295,000) (329,855,000)	(363,549,839)
Unamortized Premiums on Issuance of Long-Term Debt		(30,394,390)
Unavailable Revenue Related to: Property Taxes	<u>-</u>	2,386,527
Net Position	=	\$ 18,667,290

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	GENERAL	SPECIAL REVENUE GRANTS FUND
REVENUES:		
Local Sources:		
Taxes	\$ 58,726,723	\$ -
Earnings on Investments	1,647,083	-
Other Local Sources	2,945,281	-
Intermediate Sources	2,016,142	174,900
State Sources	41,843,820	8,617,680
Federal Sources	 28,030	1,658,695
Total Revenues	 107,207,079	10,451,275
EXPENDITURES:		
Current:		
Instruction	70,708,822	7,471,350
Support Services	38,622,575	3,313,266
Enterprise and Community Services	-	-
Capital Outlay	100,713	-
Debt Service:		
Principal	1,183,364	-
Interest and Other Charges	 355,307	· <del>-</del>
Total Expenditures	 110,970,781	10,784,616
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over		
Expenditures	 (3,763,702)	(333,341)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):		
Proceeds from Issuance of Long-term Debt	61,135	-
Sale/Compensation For Loss of Capital Assets	-	-
Transfers In	-	333,341
Transfers Out	 (694,906)	
Total Other Financing		
Sources, (Uses)	 (633,771)	333,341
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories	 6,457	<u> </u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(4,391,016)	-
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	 17,456,094	<u> </u>
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 13,065,078	\$ -

DEBT SERVICE				OTHER NONMAJOR FUNDS	TOTAL GOVERNMENTA FUNDS	
\$ 27,234,086	\$	257,095	\$	-	\$ 8	86,217,904
605,092 5,210,436	/	,319,534 536,693		6,501,945	-	9,571,709 15,194,355
3,210,430		330,093		0,301,943	-	2,191,042
_		25,000		63,793	4	50,550,293
-		-		890,336		2,577,061
 33,049,614	8	,138,322		7,456,074	16	56,302,364
-		572,893 74,969		2,868,640 23,643		31,621,705 42,034,453
-		74,909		4,197,198	2	4,197,198
	59	,893,886		115,013	(	50,109,612
	37	,075,000		113,013	`	30,107,012
16,940,000		306,636		-	1	18,430,000
 15,767,538		49,168		<u> </u>		16,172,013
 32,707,538	60	,897,552	-	7,204,494	22	22,564,981
 342,076	(52	,759,230)		251,580	(5	56,262,617)
-		-		-		61,135
-		22,750		-		22,750
-		-		111,565		444,906
 <u>-</u>						(694,906)
-		22,750		111,565		(166,115)
 -		-		(45,369)		(38,912)
 342,076	(52	,736,480)		317,776	(5	56,467,644)
 2,482,383	153	,359,299		2,354,964	17	75,652,740
\$ 2,824,459	\$ 100	,622,819	\$	2,672,740	\$ 11	19,185,096

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Total Net Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds		\$	(56,467,644)
Repayment of bond and note payable principal and compensated absences is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Additions to compensated absences is an expense for the Statement of Net Position, but not the governmental funds.			18,543,224
Long-term debt proceeds, leases and subscriptions are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Position, this debt increases liabilities Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which repayments exceeds proceeds for lease and subscription liability related repayments:			164,677
Internal service fund net income is reported with governmental activities			250,000
Payments capitalized are reported in governmental funds as capital outlay expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation and amortization expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeds depreciation and amortization.  Capitalized Assets  Capital Contribution for Capital Assets from Lake Grove Park Component Unit Depreciation and Amortization Expense	\$ 60,866,944 (1,004,715 (8,828,122	)	51.004.107
Disposals of capital assets are not reported in governmental funds unless there are proceeds, which is reported as an other financing source. However, in the Statement of Activities, proceeds are applied to the net capital assets disposed of or sold to arrive at a gain or (loss) on the sale or disposal of capital assets.			51,034,107 (7,004,908)
In the Statement of Activities, pension expense is adjusted based on the actuarially determined contribution changes.  Net Change in Pension and OPEB liabilities/assets  Net Change in Pension and OPEB deferred outflows of resources  Net Change in Pension and OPEB deferred inflows of resources	 (4,715,366 (3,622,029 8,364,855	)	27.460
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on long-term debt, discounts are accreted and premiums are amortized, whereas in the governmental funds it is recorded as an expense when due.			1,637,028
Property tax and lease revenue in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds. In the governmental funds, which are on the modified accrual basis, the District recognizes unavailable revenue for all property taxes levied but not received, however in the Statement of Activities, there is no unavailable revenue and the full property tax receivable is accrued.			419,360
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	8,603,304

 $STATEMENT\ OF\ NET\ POSITION$  - PROPRIETARY FUND - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2024

		INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE	
ASSETS:			
Interfund Receivable	\$	1,171,807	
Total Assets	\$	1,171,807	
LIABILITIES: Accrued Benefits Payable	\$	921,807	
Accruca Belients I ayable	φ	921,607	
Total Liabilities		921,807	
NET POSITION:			
Unassigned		250,000	
Total Net Position	\$	250,000	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION -PROPRIETARY FUND - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	IN	INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE		
TRANSFERS Transfers In	\$	250,000		
TOTAL TRANSFERS		250,000		
Net Change in Net Position		250,000		
Net Position, Beginning of Year				
Net Position, End of Year	\$	250,000		

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUND - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Cash Flows from Operating Activities		INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE		
Funds held by General Fund	\$	(250,000)		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		(250,000)		
Cash Flows from Noncapital Financing Activities: Transfer from General Fund		250,000		
Net Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities		250,000		
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		-		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Beginning of Year		<u>-</u> _		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - End of Year	\$			
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash  Operating income (loss)  Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash provided by operating activities:  Changes in assets and liabilities:	\$	-		
Interfund Receivable - Due from General Fund Accrued Benefits Payable		(1,171,807) 921,807		
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	(250,000)		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Lake Oswego School District 7J (the District) is a municipal corporation organized under provisions of Oregon Statutes pursuant to Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 332 for the purposes of operating elementary and secondary schools. It was formed by the consolidation of the previously separate Oswego Public School District No. 7 and Lake Grove Elementary School District No. 106 that voted to merge in 1953. The District is governed by a separately elected five-member Board of Directors. Administrative officials are approved by the Board. The daily functioning of the District is under the supervision of the Superintendent. As required by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, all activities of the District have been included in the basic financial statements.

The District qualifies as a primary government since it has a separately elected governing body, is a legally separate entity, and is fiscally independent. The financial reporting entity consists of (a) the primary government, (b) organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable, and (c) governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

Component units are defined as legally separate organizations for which the elected officials of the primary government are financially accountable. In addition, component units can be governmental organizations for which the primary government is not financially accountable, but for which the nature and significance of their financial relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The District has one component unit, the Lake Grove Park District. The Lake Grove Park District is included in the School District's reporting entity because the Board of Directors of the District is financially accountable for the Lake Grove Park District and the Park District's assets are owned by the School District.

The Lake Grove Park District's financial statements appear as a discretely presented component unit in the financial statements. They are presented as a separate column to emphasize that, while they are not a legally corporate entity separate and apart from the School District, their tax base and service area are the former attendance boundary for the former Lake Grove Elementary School District No. 106. In addition to a separate property tax base and permanent property tax rate from the District, tax levies for the Park District are under the General Government limitation under section 11b, Article XI of the Oregon Constitution, whereas School District levies are under the Education limit. The Park District is restricted by deed to use by residents of the former Lake Grove School District No. 106. Detailed information about the Park District's budgetary compliance and compliance with laws and regulations is contained in the component unit financial report of Lake Grove Park District. The Park District's address is the same as Lake Oswego School District No. 7J.

Private citizens of the Lake Oswego School District area formed the Lake Oswego School District Foundation in 1986 as a separate, independent non-profit corporation. The Foundation is not a component unit of the District, but it does raise money for the benefit of the District. Included in the Special Revenue Funds' local revenues are Foundation contributions totaling \$865,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

The District has granted charter to Harmony Academy, a public charter high school. The charter agreement was revised and extended in June 2024 for an additional five-year period that ends June 30, 2029. Harmony was designated as a Recovery High School by the Oregon Department of Education on October 11, 2024. Harmony is a legally separate, tax exempt organization governed by its own board of directors. Their financial statements may be obtained by contacting their administrative office.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the District. These statements include the governmental financial activities of the overall District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities, excluding interfund services provided and used as they are not eliminated in the process of consolidation. Governmental activities are financed primarily through property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and charges for services.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each of its functions/programs. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to that function. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities in the Statement of Activities, except that interfund services are not eliminated. Program revenues include: (1) charges to students or others for tuition, fees, rentals, material, supplies or services provided and (2) operating grants and contributions. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including property taxes, interest and investment earnings and state support, are presented as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Net position is reported as restricted when constraints placed on the use of net assets are either externally restricted, imposed by creditors (such as through grantors, contributors or laws) or through constitutional provisions or enabling resolutions.

#### Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each governmental fund category (governmental and proprietary) are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds; each being displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

*General Fund* - This is the District's primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Principal revenue sources are an apportionment from the State of Oregon and property taxes.

*Grants Fund* - This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of federal, state or local sources that are restricted to specific educational projects or programs.

*Debt Service Fund* - This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation and PERS bonded debt. Principal revenue sources are property taxes for general obligation debt service payments plus charges to other funds to generate resources for debt service payments of PERS bonded debt effective July 1, 2022.

Capital Projects Fund - This fund is used to account for the District's major construction projects. Proceeds from the sale of bonds and Full Faith and Credit obligations are the main source of funding.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Basis of Presentation (Continued)

In addition, the District reports the following as nonmajor governmental funds and fund type:

Special Revenue Funds:

- Community Contributions Fund This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of contributions from various community groups and the Lake Oswego Schools Foundation which are designated for specific educational projects or programs.
- *Community Services Fund* This fund accounts for fee-based programs designated to enhance educational opportunities for members of the community. The primary source of revenues are fees charged to participants.
- Student Activity Fund This fund accounts for certain fee-based extracurricular activities at each of the District's schools. The primary source of revenues are fees charged to participants and fundraising.
- Food Service Fund This fund accounts for the various food service programs provided by the District. The sale of food and federal subsidies administered by the State are the major revenue sources.

*Internal Service Fund* - This fund, established June 30, 2024 with a transfer of \$250,000 from the General Fund, will account for insurance services provided to other departments of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Government-wide and internal service financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without giving equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On the accrual basis of accounting, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Under terms of grant agreements, the District funds certain programs by a combination of specific cost-reimbursement grants and general revenues. Thus, when program expenses are incurred, there are both net position - restricted and net position - unrestricted available to finance the program. It is the District's policy to first apply cost-reimbursement grant resources to such programs and then general resources.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if they are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt and claims and judgments, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in the governmental funds and proceeds from general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. The District's Internal Service Fund will start normal operations effective July 1, 2024; its only activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024 was the assumption of certain liabilities and a \$250,000 transfer from the General Fund.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30. 2024

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Cash and Investments

The District's investments consist of U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Government Agency securities, highly rated corporate debt securities, and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP). U.S. Treasury obligations, Government Agency and corporate securities are stated at fair market value except in the budgetary statements where they are stated at cost. The LGIP is stated at cost which approximates fair value. Unrealized gains or losses on investments are a reconciling item between the GAAP and budgetary statements. The Oregon State Treasury administers the LGIP. It is an open-ended, no-load, diversified portfolio offered to any agency, political subdivision or public corporation of the State that by law is made the custodian of, or has control of, any fund. The LGIP is commingled with the State's short term funds. In seeking to best serve local governments of Oregon, the Oregon legislature established the Oregon Short Term Fund Board. The purpose of the Board is to advise the Oregon State Treasury in the management and investment options of the LGIP.

## Property Taxes Receivable

Property taxes are levied and become a lien on July 1. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15 following the lien date. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected property taxes are recorded on the statement of net position. Uncollected taxes are deemed to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established. All property taxes receivable are due from property owners within the District.

#### Accounts and Other Receivables

Accounts and other receivables are comprised primarily of State school support and claims for reimbursement of costs under various federal and state grants. No allowance for doubtful accounts is deemed necessary.

#### Lease Receivables

Lease receivables are recognized at the net present value of the lease assets at a borrowing rate implicitly determined by the District, reduced by principal payments received.

#### Grants and Unearned Revenue

Unreimbursed expenditures due from grantor agencies are reflected in the basic financial statements as receivables and revenues. Grant revenues are recorded at the time eligible expenditures are incurred. Grant monies received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures are recorded as unearned revenue on the statement of net position and the balance sheet.

#### Inventories

School supplies, food and other cafeteria supplies are stated at average invoice cost. Commodities purchased from the United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) in the Food Service Fund are included in the District's inventories at USDA wholesale value. The District accounts for inventory based on the purchase method. Under this method, inventory is recorded as an expenditure when purchased. Inventory amounts at year-end are recorded on the governmental funds balance sheet as nonspendable fund balance. Donated commodities consumed during the year are reported as revenues and expenditures. The amount of unused, donated commodities at the balance sheet date is considered immaterial for reporting purposes.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### Capital Assets

Capital assets are recorded at original or estimated original cost except for right to use lease and Subscription Based Information Technology Agreement (SBITA) assets that are recorded at their net present value of future expected payments plus any initial costs. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The District defines capital assets as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated life in excess of one year. Right to use assets are amortized on a straight-line basis over the term of their agreement. All other capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and improvements 20 to 50 years Vehicles and equipment 5 to 15 years

## Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category, arising only under the accrual basis of accounting. As such, these items, *PERS and Stipend Pension deferred outflows* and *OPEB deferred outflows*, which relate to pension and OPEB contributions, only appear on the statement of net position.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has five items that qualify for reporting in this category. Two items, *PERS and Stipend Pension deferred inflows* and *OPEB deferred inflows*, arise only under a full accrual basis of accounting and only appear on the statement of net position. One item, *unavailable revenue – property taxes*, only arises under a modified accrual basis of accounting and as such, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The last item, *unavailable revenue-lease receivables*, appears in both the statement of net position and the governmental funds balance sheet. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period the amounts become available.

#### Retirement Plans

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### Compensated Absences

It is the District's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the District does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the District. All unused vacation pay is accrued when earned in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Compensated absences will be paid from general revenues and are expected to be paid out within 12 months.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Long-term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt is reported as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred. Lease and SBITA payables are recorded at the net present value of future expected payments using an implicit interest rate or the District's incremental cost of funds.

In the fund financial statements bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, are recognized when incurred and not deferred. The face amount of the debt issued, premiums received on debt issuances, and discounts are reported as other financing sources and uses. Lease and SBITA payments and bond issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

### Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

Permanent employees who have 10-15 years of regular service in the District may be eligible for supplemental post-employment benefits under the terms of certain bargained agreements. Access to healthcare insurance benefits based on group rates are also available to former employees under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303, which requires that, for the purposes of establishing healthcare insurance premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. Benefits under these agreements and ORS 243.303 are funded on a current basis in the General Fund. For the purpose of measuring the OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB pension expense, information about the net position of OPEB and additions to/deductions from OPEB's net position have been determined on the basis of a June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments for OPEB benefits are carried at fair market value.

#### Definitions of Governmental Fund Types

The General Fund is used to account for all financial resources not accounted for in another fund. In addition, certain funds budgeted as Special Revenue Funds may be reported as part of the General Fund because their source of funds is primarily transfers from the General Fund.

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specified purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The term "proceeds of specific revenues sources" means that the revenue sources for the fund must be from restricted or committed sources, specifically that a substantial portion of the revenue must be from these sources and be expended in accordance with those requirements.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Debt Service Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for debt service principal and interest payments. Debt service funds should be used to report resources if legally mandated. Financial resources that are being accumulated for principal and interest maturing in future years should also be reported in debt service funds.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (Continued)

## Use of Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred that can be paid using either restricted or unrestricted resources (net position), the District's policy is to first apply the expense toward restricted resources and then toward unrestricted resources. In governmental funds, the District's policy is to first apply the expenditure toward restricted fund balance and then to other, less-restrictive classifications – committed and then assigned fund balances before using unassigned fund balances.

#### Fund Balance Policy

School Board policy mandates that the District budget in such a way as to target an ending General Fund fund balance of at least eight percent and generally no more than fifteen percent of General Fund budgeted expenditures. Ending fund balances projected to be below the minimum range require a corrective plan of action for the Board's consideration. Additional reserves may be created by the Board for specific purposes.

#### Budget

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The budgetary basis of accounting is the same as accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America for the governmental fund types except that capital outlay expenditures, including items below the District's capitalization level, are budgeted by major function in governmental fund types. The resolution authorizing appropriations for each fund sets the level by which expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations.

Appropriations are established at the major function level (instruction, support services, enterprise and community services, facilities acquisition and construction, debt service, operating contingency and transfers) for each fund. The detail budget document, however, is required to contain more specific, detailed information for the aforementioned expenditure categories. The budget is adopted, appropriations made, and the tax levy declared no later than June 30 each year. Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget or appropriation resolution.

Supplemental budgets less than 10% of a fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of a fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels) with Board approval. During the year, two supplemental appropriation resolutions and one appropriation transfer resolution were approved and made. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of basic financial statements, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that effect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the basic financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District maintains an internal cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund type's portion of the pool is displayed in the basic financial statements as Cash and Investments or Amounts Due To/From Other Funds. Checks presented to the bank are covered by transfers from the Local Government Investment Pool on at least a weekly basis.

Cash and investments are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

#### Cash and Investments

Cash on hand	\$ 8,600
Deposits with financial institutions	4,123,666
Investments	 134,353,942
	\$ 138,486,208

### Deposits

The District's deposits with various financial institutions had a bank value of \$6,051,606 and a book value of \$4,123,666 at year-end. The difference is due to transactions in process. Deposits are secured to legal limits by federal deposit insurance. The remaining amount is secured in accordance with ORS 295 under a collateral program administered by the Oregon State Treasurer.

## Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned. The Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC) provides insurance for the District's deposits with financial institutions for up to \$250,000 each for the aggregate of all demand deposits and the aggregate of all time deposit and savings accounts at each financial institution. Additionally, District deposits of \$3,376,384 at June 30, 2024 are deposited through a network of financial institutions under a deposit sweep program that provides full FDIC coverage up to \$49 million dollars. Deposits in excess of FDIC coverage are with institutions participating in the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program (PFCP). The PFCP is a shared liability structure for participating bank depositories, better protecting public funds though still not guaranteeing that all funds are 100% protected. Barring any exceptions, a bank depository is required to pledge collateral valued at least 10% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are adequately capitalized or 110% of their quarter-end public fund deposits if they are undercapitalized or assigned to pledge 110% by the Office of the State Treasurer. In the event of a bank failure, the entire pool of collateral pledged by all qualified Oregon public funds bank depositories is available to repay deposits of public funds of government entities. As of June 30, 2024, \$2,030,856 of the District's bank balances were covered by the PFCP.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Investments

As of June 30, 2024, the District held the following investments and maturities:

		Weighted Average	
	Fair	Maturity	% of
Investment type	 Value	in years	portfolio
US Treasury Notes & Bonds	\$ 61,898,119	0.475	46.1%
Government Sponsored Enterprise	3,522,662	0.972	2.6%
Corporate Securities	869,256	1.675	0.6%
Local Government Investment Pool	68,063,905	0.299	50.7%
	\$ 134,353,942	0.407	100.0%

The District categorizes its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of an asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs. Investments in U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agency securities are valued using pricing models maximizing the use of observable inputs for similar securities (Level 2 inputs).

The District's investment objective is foremost to preserve capital and protect investment principal, to conform with federal, state, and other legal requirements, to maintain sufficient liquidity to meet operating requirements, to diversify to avoid unreasonable risks regarding security instruments or individual institutions, and to attain a reasonable rate of return.

With the exception of pass-through funds, the maximum amount of pooled investments to be placed in the Local Government Investment Pool is limited by Oregon Statute to approximately \$61.8 million, which will increase proportionately to the Portland Consumer Price Index. The limit can be temporarily exceeded for ten business days and does not apply either to pass-through funds or to funds invested on behalf of another governmental unit.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. All of the investments above, except for the investment in the Local Government Investment Pool which is not evidenced by securities, are held in safekeeping by the financial institution counterparty in the financial institution's general customer account name.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

#### Credit Risk

State of Oregon statutes restrict the types of investments in which the District may invest. Authorized investments include obligations of the United States Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements, bankers' acceptances, time certificates of deposit, certain commercial paper and the State of Oregon Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool. The District's policy, which adheres to State of Oregon law, is to limit its investments to the following: Issuers within Oregon must be rated "AA" or better (bonds) or A-1/P-1 (commercial paper) or better by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization.

The Oregon State Treasurer maintains the Oregon Short Term Fund, of which the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) is a part. Participation by local governments is voluntary. The State of Oregon investment policies are governed by statute and the Oregon Investment Council. In accordance with Oregon Statutes, funds are invested as a prudent investor would, exercising reasonable care, skill and caution. The Oregon Short Term Fund is the LGIP for local governments and was established by the State Treasurer. It was created to meet the financial and administrative responsibilities of federal arbitrage regulations. LGIP was created to offer a short-term investment alternative to Oregon local governments. The investments are regulated by the Oregon Short Term Board and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2024, the fair value of the position in the Oregon State Treasurer's Short Term Investment Pool was approximately equal to the value of the pool shares. Separate financial statements for the Oregon Short Term Fund are available from the Oregon State Treasurer. The LGIP is not rated for credit risk.

#### Interest Rate Risk

The District minimizes interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet the cash requirement for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market, and invest operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market funds, or similar investment pools and limit the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

## Concentration of Credit Risk

The District minimizes concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

The District's policy for investing in individual issuers varies depending on the type of investments. U.S. treasury obligations do not have restrictions regarding concentration with any one issuer. U.S. agency securities are limited to no more than 35% of the portfolio may be invested in any specific agency. Bankers Acceptances must be purchased from an Oregon chartered financial institution. Investments in commercial paper or corporate indebtedness with any one issuer may not exceed 5% of the total portfolio at settlement date and combined may not exceed 35% of maximum holdings. Bond proceeds investments are the same as listed below except no corporate bonds are permitted and maximum maturity will match cash flow expectations based on managed disbursement schedules with liquidity through the LGIP or bank deposits.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Concentration of Credit Risk (Continued)

As a means to comply with the District's investment objectives, the policy limits investments as follows:

General, Reserve or Capital Investments	Maximum % of Portfolio	Maximum % per Issuer	Maximum length to maturity
U.S. Treasury Obligations (Bills, Notes, Bonds)	100%	None	5 years
US Agency Obligations	100%	35%	5 years
Municipal Bonds (OR, CA, ID, WA)	10%	5%	5 years
Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP)	100%	None	N/A
Corporate Bonds	35%	5%	5 years
Commercial Paper	*	*	270 days
Bank Time Deposits/Savings Accounts	25%	15%	N/A
Certificates of Deposit	10%	5%	5 years
Banker's Acceptances	25%	5%	180 days

## ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

Accounts and Other Receivables are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

Property taxes receivable	
General Fund	\$ 2,115,826
Debt Service Fund	929,685
Total property taxes receivable	3,045,511
Accounts, grants and accrued interest receivable	
General Fund	1,413,104
Grants Fund	2,107,395
Debt Service Fund	1,783
Capital Projects Fund	472,899
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	 382,189
Total accounts, grants and accrued interest receivable	 4,377,370
Leases Receivable	
General Fund	 639,718
Total	\$ 8,062,599

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# ACCOUNTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES (Continued)

Leases Receivable are comprised of the following as of June 30, 2024:

	standing 30, 2023	Add	itions	De	ecreases	Outstanding June 30, 2024		
Cell Tower bare land leases with varying terms, 5% interest, current aggregate monthly payments of \$18,544, varying end dates through September, 2028	\$ 623,793	\$	-	\$	67,612	\$	556,181	
Transportation center lease, 5% interest, current monthly payment of \$7,694 through June, 2025	149,125		<u>-</u>		65,588		83,537	
Totals	\$ 772,918	\$		\$	133,200	\$	639,718	

Future maturities of leases receivable are as follows:

Fiscal Year					
<b>Ending June 30,</b>	P	Principal	<u>I</u>	nterest	 Total
2025	\$	279,976	\$	14,736	\$ 294,712
2026		160,105		8,427	168,532
2027		117,555		6,187	123,742
2028		53,673		2,825	56,498
2029		28,409		1,495	 29,904
	\$	639,718	\$	33,670	\$ 673,388

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL LOAN RECEIVABLE

The District loaned \$580,000 in June 2024 to its component unit, the Lake Grove Park, under Oregon Revised Statute Section 294.468, to fund various capital improvements at the Park. The loan is unsecured and bears interest at 1% per annum and is to be repaid by the Park in ten annual installments of at least \$61,238 each year and matures on June 30, 2034. Future minimum maturities of the loan receivable are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	P	rincipal	I	nterest	 Total
2025	\$	55,438	\$	5,800	\$ 61,238
2026		55,992		5,246	61,238
2027		56,552		4,686	61,238
2028		57,117		4,121	61,238
2029		57,689		3,549	61,238
Thereafter		297,212		8,974	306,186
	\$	580,000	\$	32,376	\$ 612,376

#### INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The composition of interfund receivable and payable balances as of June 30, 2024 is as follows:

	Due from ther Funds	 Due to Other Funds
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 7,620,999
Grants Fund	491,867	2,105,139
Debt Service Fund	1,560,490	-
Capital Project Funds	6,047,415	1,164,767
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	1,619,326	-
Internal Service Fund	 1,171,807	 
Total	\$ 10,890,905	\$ 10,890,905

Interfund receivables and payables arise during normal processing of receipts and disbursements for all funds through a single checking account and do not represent interfund loans.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Capital assets activity for the year was as follows:

	Balances July 1, 2023	Increases	Decreases	Balances June 30, 2024
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 9,297,870	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 9,297,870
Construction in progress	 55,746,837	 59,576,970	 (78,746,160)	 36,577,647
Total Capital Assets Not				
Being Depreciated	 65,044,707	 59,576,970	 (78,746,160)	 45,875,517
Capital assets being depreciated/amortized:				
Buildings and improvements	305,253,023	78,914,578	(10,831,699)	373,335,902
Vehicles and equipment	20,862,808	1,121,556	_	21,984,364
Intangible right-to-use lease assets	299,380	-	-	299,380
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets	 153,894	 93,085	 <u>-</u>	 246,979
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized	 326,569,105	 80,129,219	 (10,831,699)	 395,866,625
Less accumulated depreciation/amortization for:				
Buildings and improvements	(67,448,184)	(7,190,299)	3,826,791	(70,811,692)
Vehicles and equipment	(8,402,688)	(1,472,451)	_	(9,875,139)
Intangible right-to-use lease assets	(4,101)	(98,426)	_	(102,527)
Intangible right-to-use subscription assets	 (75,947)	 (66,946)	 <u>-</u>	 (142,893)
Total Accumulated				
Depreciation/Amortization	 (75,930,920)	 (8,828,122)	 3,826,791	 (80,932,251)
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated/Amortized, net	 250,638,185	 71,301,097	 (7,004,908)	 314,934,374
Total Capital Assets, net	\$ 315,682,892	\$ 130,878,067	\$ (85,751,068)	\$ 360,809,891

Construction in progress as of June 30, 2024 is primarily related to the construction of the new replacement Lake Oswego Middle School, the new replacement Lakeview Bus Barn, and the District portion of the Lake Oswego Recreational Aquatic Facility. Capital asset additions include \$1,004,715 in capital assets paid for by and constructed at the Lake Grove Park Component Unit that were recorded as a capital contribution for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. As part of the project to construct the new Lake Oswego Middle School, capital assets relating to the original construction and various improvements for the former Lake Oswego Junior High School building, with an original cost of \$10,831,699 and related accumulated depreciation of \$3,826,791, were disposed of during the year ended June 30, 2024. After accounting for receipts for unrelated other assets in the amount of \$22,750, this resulted in recognition of a \$6,982,158 loss on the disposal of capital assets in the Statement of Activities for the year ended June 30, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary and changes of long-term debt during the year ended June 30, 2024:

	Original Issue		Outstanding July 1, 2023		Issued	<i>I</i>	Matured and Redeemed		Outstanding June 30, 2024		nounts Due 1 One Year
General obligation bonds used for							_		_		_
Capital Purposes: August 4, 2005	\$ 80,740,000	\$	18,435,000	\$		\$	(7,605,000)	\$	10,830,000	\$	8,275,000
August 4, 2003 August 24, 2017	160,000,000	Ф	147,215,000	Ф	-	Ф	(2,390,000)	Ф	144,825,000	Ф	2,820,000
April 2, 2020	27,000,000		25,840,000		-		(470,000)		25,370,000		515,000
April 2, 2022	152,715,000		151,390,000		-		(2,560,000)		148,830,000		2,950,000
Total G.O. Bonds			342,880,000		_		(13,025,000)		329,855,000		14,560,000
D ' D 1											
Pension Bonds: October 1, 2002	23,926,732		12,370,000				(2,290,000)		10,080,000		2,565,000
April 1, 2003	16,302,037		8,840,000		-		(1,625,000)		7,215,000		1,800,000
Total Pension Bonds	10,002,007	-	21,210,000	-		_	(3,915,000)	_	17,295,000	-	4,365,000
			, .,								, ,
Total		,	364,090,000		-		(16,940,000)		347,150,000		18,925,000
Unamortized premiums			31,973,744			_	(1,579,354)		30,394,390		1,579,354
Total bonds payable			396,063,744		-		(18,519,354)		377,544,390		20,504,354
Direct Borrowings: 2019 Full faith and credit obligations	15,000,000		11,525,000				(920,000)		10,605,000		945,000
			•		-		, , ,				
2015 Full faith and credit obligations	8,371,000		4,300,000				(570,000)		3,730,000		583,000
Total bonds and direct borrowings, net			411,888,744		-		(20,009,354)		391,879,390		22,032,354
Lease liability			275,356		-		(93,556)		181,800		91,774
Subscriptions liability			44,118		61,135		(39,172)		66,081		35,062
Total long-term debt		\$	412,208,218	\$	61,135	\$	(20,142,082)	\$	392,127,271	\$	22,159,190
General obligation bonds - issued Augus	t 4 2005 due in e	nnuo1	installments of \$	2 555	000						
to \$8,275,000 plus interest paid semi-					,000			\$	10,830,000		
General obligation bonds - issued Augus			_		5.000			φ	10,830,000		
to \$13,415,000 plus interest paid semi				\$1,90	3,000				144,825,000		
General obligation bonds - issued April 2	•		-	0 000					144,023,000		
to \$4,110,000 plus interest paid semi-				0,000					25,370,000		
General obligation bonds - issued April			-						25,570,000		
of \$1,325,000 to \$13,485,000 plus int				ough :	2047.				148,830,000		
Pension obligation bonds - issued October	_	-							- 10,000,000		
of \$1,480,000 to \$3,175,000 plus inter				hroug	gh 2028.				10,080,000		
Pension obligation bonds - issued April 3	•	•			,						
of \$432,658 to \$2,250,000 plus interes				nroug	h 2028.				7,215,000		
Unamortized premiums and unaccreted of		•		Ū					30,394,390		
Full faith and credit obligations - issued	June 18, 2019 due	in an	nual installments								
of \$895,000 to \$1,185,000 plus interes	st paid semiannua	lly at 2	2.56% through 20	)34.					10,605,000		
Full faith and credit obligations - issued	June 2, 2015 due i	n ann	ual installments								
of \$556,000 to \$662,000 plus interest	paid semiannually	at 2.5	545% through 20	30.					3,730,000		
Lease liability - issued June 15, 2023 due	e in monthly instal	llment	s with implicit in	terest	of 5%				181,800		
of \$8,617 to \$9,142 through 2026.	dates from Aum	of 201	8 to June 2026 4	ua in :	various				101,000		
Subscriptions liability - issued at various annual installments ranging from \$5,0	_				various						
through 2026.	75 tO \$51,750 WIL	н шір	nen interest at 3%	U					66,081		
Total long-term debt								\$	392,127,271		
Total long term door								ψ	372,121,211		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future maturities on bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending	n · · · /	<b>T</b>	<i>T</i> I
June 30,	 Principal	 Interest	 Total
2025	\$ 18,925,000	\$ 14,883,709	\$ 33,808,709
2026	12,980,000	13,895,574	26,875,574
2027	11,800,000	13,239,293	25,039,293
2028	9,905,000	12,616,531	22,521,531
2029	8,290,000	12,105,525	20,395,525
2030-2034	58,630,000	53,410,425	112,040,425
2035-2039	92,900,000	37,796,325	130,696,325
2040-2044	95,955,000	18,012,900	113,967,900
2045-2047	 37,765,000	3,092,200	40,857,200
	\$ 347,150,000	\$ 179,052,482	\$ 526,202,482

General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the District. The District issues general obligation bonds to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of District school facilities. The general obligation bonds will be paid from general property tax revenues from the Debt Service Fund.

Pension obligation bonds are paid from resources of each fund based on their pro-rata share of each year's pension obligation debt service. The pro-rata share is determined on the basis of each fund's annual PERS contribution expenditures as a percentage of total annual PERS contribution expenditures.

The pension bonds are subject to an intercept agreement of state school revenues. The intercept payment provides accumulations of a portion of direct payments from the Oregon Department of Education of pledged revenues in amounts sufficient to pay principal and interest due on the pension bonds. Accumulations, held until payments are due, are invested in restricted cash equivalent investments managed by a trustee.

The debt service on the 2015 Full Faith and Credit obligation is paid from the General Fund. In the event of default, the lender may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, except for acceleration. The lender may also declare that the principal amount then outstanding shall bear interest at 5.545%.

In June 2019, the District issued \$15 million in Full Faith and Credit Obligations with various maturities through 2034 with interest at 2.56% per annum. Proceeds paid for acquisition of two separate parcels of real property and planned future improvements thereon and \$5 million for targeted athletic facility improvements. The debt service on the athletic facility improvements is paid from construction excise tax receipts in the Capital Projects Funds; the debt service on the remaining \$10 million is paid from the General Fund. In the event of default, the lender may exercise any remedy available at law or in equity, except for acceleration.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future debt service requirements on full faith and credit obligations are as follows:

Principal Interest					Total		
\$	1,528,000	\$	366,417	\$	1,894,417		
	1,568,000		327,387		1,895,387		
	1,606,000		287,336		1,893,336		
	1,649,000		246,315		1,895,315		
	1,687,000		204,195		1,891,195		
	6,297,000		476,548		6,773,548		
\$	14,335,000	\$	1,908,198	\$	16,243,198		
		\$ 1,528,000 1,568,000 1,606,000 1,649,000 1,687,000 6,297,000	\$ 1,528,000 \$ 1,568,000 1,606,000 1,649,000 1,687,000 6,297,000	\$ 1,528,000 \$ 366,417 1,568,000 327,387 1,606,000 287,336 1,649,000 246,315 1,687,000 204,195 6,297,000 476,548	\$ 1,528,000 \$ 366,417 \$ 1,568,000 327,387 1,606,000 287,336 1,649,000 246,315 1,687,000 204,195 6,297,000 476,548		

In June 2023, the District entered into a lease for office space that expires June 30, 2026 with monthly payments of \$8,617 in the initial year and escalating to \$9,142 in the final year. The net asset associated with this lease as of June 30, 2024 is \$196,853. Future lease obligations with an implicit interest rate of 5% are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ending June 30,	Principal			Interest Total		
2025 2026	\$	91,774 90,026	\$	4,830 4,738	\$	96,604 94,764
	\$	181,800	\$	9,568	\$	191,368

The District has four subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITA) for software licenses that extend over a year. All SBITA have a schedule of annual payments with an implicit interest rate of 3% for each over the contract period and commencement payments ranging from \$5,095 to \$31,950 per year; no other payments were not included in the measurement of the subscription liability. The breakdown of the SBITA are as follows:

		Annual		Λ	let Asset	Initial	Sub	scription
	(	Commencement	Initial Asset	Va	alue as of	Subscription	Liab	oility as of
Commencement	End Date	Payment	Value	Jun	e 30, 2024	Liability	June	e 30, 2024
7/1/2023	6/30/2026 \$	31,950	\$ 93,085	\$	62,057	\$ 61,135	\$	61,135
8/1/2018	7/31/2024	10,266	80,060		13,343	54,395		-
6/1/2022	5/31/2025	16,580	49,383		16,461	31,725		-
7/1/2021	6/30/2025	5,095	24,451		12,225	19,356		4,946
				\$	104,086		\$	66,081
				=			=	

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## LONG-TERM DEBT (Continued)

Future subscription obligations are as follows:

Fiscal Year EndingJune 30,	Principal Interest			ıterest	Total		
2025 2026	\$	35,062 31,019	\$	1,932 931	\$	36,994 31,950	
	\$	66,081	\$	2,863	\$	68,944	

Compensated absences activity for the year is as follows:

	Outstanding July 1, 2023 Increases		Decreases		Outstanding June 30, 2024		Amount Due in One Year		
Compensated absences	\$ 759,619	\$	646,395	\$	(759,619)	\$	646,395	\$	646,395

Compensated absences will be paid from general revenues from the General Fund.

#### INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024 are as follows:

	Transfers In			Transfers Out		
General	\$	-	\$	694,906		
Grants		333,341		-		
Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		111,565				
Internal Service Fund		250,000				
Total	\$	694,906	\$	694,906		

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations. The District transferred funds to its Grants Fund and Community Services Fund to cover operating deficits in their programs and to maintain compliance with local budget law that limits instances under which a fund may not have a deficit fund balance, and \$3,377 to its Food Services Fund to cover its bad debt expenses. \$250,000 was transferred to a new Insurance Internal Service Fund to support its activities that commenced regular operations on July 1, 2024.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **PENSION PLAN**

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employee defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found at:

http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/financials/Actuarial-Financial-Information.aspx.

## PERS Pension (Chapter 238)

The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

Pension Benefits.. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Members hired after that date are eligible for the a new plan under ORS Chapter 238A as more fully explained on the next page.

Death Benefits.. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:

- the member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
- the member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
- the member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
- the member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.

Disability Benefits.. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

#### Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The 2003 Oregon Legislature passed PERS reform legislation that essentially created a new retirement plan for employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. These employees became members of the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP). OPSRP is a hybrid retirement plan with two components: the Pension Program (defined benefit plan) and the Individual Account Program (defined contribution; established and maintained as a tax-qualified governmental defined contribution plan). OPSRP is administered by PERS.

**Pension Benefits.** This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

*Police and fire*: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.

*General Service*: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

**Death Benefits.** Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.

**Disability Benefits.** A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

**Benefit Changes After Retirement.** Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. The cap on the COLA will vary based on the amount of the annual benefit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2021 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2023. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$8,149,878, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. Employer PERS pension expense of \$273,220 was recognized during the reporting period.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability of \$64,530,512 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2023, the District's proportionate share was 0.344 percent, a decrease from June 30, 2022's proportionate share of 0.388 percent.

	Deferred Outflow		Def	erred (Inflow)
	of	Resources		f Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	3,155,739	\$	(255,869)
Changes in assumptions		5,732,509		(42,742)
Net difference between projected and actual				
earnings on investments		1,159,878		-
Changes in proportionate share		2,508,964		(5,383,613)
Difference between employer contributions and employer's				
proportionate share of system contributions		-		(7,540,448)
		_		
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals		12,557,090		(13,222,672)
District contributions subsequent to measurement date		8,149,878		
Total deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	20,706,968	\$	(13,222,672)
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources			\$	7,484,296
Net Amortized Deferrals (below)			\$	(665,582)
				· /

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### PENSION PLAN (Continued)

Deferred outflows of resources related to PERS of \$8,149,878 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow or inflow of resources related to PERS will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount					
2025	\$	(870,686)				
2026		(3,990,652)				
2027		4,168,489				
2028		383,108				
2029		(355,841)				
Total	\$	(665,582)				

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASB Statement No. 68 reporting summary dated February 2, 2024.

#### **Actuarial Valuations**

The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2025, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), and (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2020 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2020.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Methods and Assumptions**

Valuation date	December 31, 2021
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	2020, published July 20, 2021
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Actuarial Assumptions	
Inflation Rate	2.4%
Long-term expected rate of return	6.90%
Discount rate	6.90%
Projected salary increases	3.40%
Cost of living adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in
	accordance with Moro decision; blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries:
	PUB-2010 Healthy retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, SSD Scale,
	with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members:
	PUB-2010 Employee, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, SSD Scale, with
	job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees:
	PUB-2010 Disable Retiree, sex-distinct, generational with Unisex, SSD
	with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report; page 89)

**Discount Rate -** The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan, the same as in the prior valuation. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

**Depletion Date Projection** – GASB 67 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position (fair market value of assets) is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 67 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and asset values. GASB 67 (paragraph 43) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Depletion Date Projection** (Continued)

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for Oregon PERS:

- Oregon PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 67 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate of return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our PERS' actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 67 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report; page 88)

## **Assumed Asset Allocation**

	OIC Policy	Current Year
Asset Class/Strategy	Range	Target (%)
Debt Securities	20.0 - 30.0	25.0
Public Equity	22.5 - 32.5	27.5
Real Estate	9.0 - 16.5	12.5
Private Equity	17.5 - 27.5	20.0
Real Assets	2.5 - 10.0	7.5
Diversifying Strategies	2.5 - 10.0	7.5
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0 - 5.0	0.0
Total		100

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report; page 125)

#### **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return**

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in June 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report; page 88)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## PENSION PLAN (Continued)

## **Long-Term Expected Rate of Return** (Continued)

	Target	Annual Arithmetic	20-Year Annualized (Geometric)	Standard
Asset Class	Allocation *	Return	Return	Deviation
Global Equity	27.50 %	8.57 %	7.07 %	17.99 %
Private Equity	25.50	12.89	8.83	30.00
Core Fixed Income	25.00	4.59	4.50	4.22
Real Estate	12.25	6.90	5.83	15.13
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75	9.41	6.02	27.04
Infrastructure	1.50	7.88	6.51	17.11
Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy	1.25	6.81	6.27	9.04
Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge	0.63	7.39	6.48	12.04
Hedge Fund - Macro	5.62	5.44	4.83	7.49
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.35 %	1.41 %

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS Annual Comprehensive Financial Report: page 92)

**Sensitivity -** The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is sensitive to changes in the discount rate. The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

	1% Decrease (5.90%)		Discount Rate (6.90%)		1% Increase (7.90%)	
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	106,592,256	\$	64,530,512	\$	29,329,290

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available by contacting PERS at the following address: PO BOX 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700, or at the website below:

 $\underline{http://www.oregon.gov/PERS/pages/index.aspx}$ 

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)**

**Plan Description** – ORS Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of Oregon PERS, and is administered by the Oregon PERS Board.

**Pension Benefits** – An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

**Death Benefits** – Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump sum payment.

**Contributions** – The District pays the 6 percent of regular employee's covered payroll for its staff in the Lake Oswego Education Association. Total District paid contributions were \$2,434,187 for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### **Early Retirement Program**

The District sponsors an early retirement program with two main plans: stipend benefits and medical benefits. Both plans are valued on an actuarial basis. The most recent actuarial valuation date was June 30, 2023. As of June 30, 2023, program participants included 845 active employees and 76 retired employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits.

#### Early Retirement Incentives

**Description** - The District maintains a single-employer early retirement supplement program for teachers or administrators who retire with 10 to 15 years of regular service to the District. The program provides a stipend that, depending on age and years of service at retirement, ranges from \$200 to \$475 per month for a full-time employee for up to 7 years or age 62, whichever occurs first. This pension-type benefit is required to be valued under GASB Statement No. 73. The District does not issue a standalone report for this plan.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### PENSION PLAN (Continued)

## **Funding Policy**

The District provides payments in accordance with current contracts on a pay-as-you-go basis. At June 30, 2024, the District was providing early retirement pension benefits to 26 former teachers or administrators. The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan. Instead, the activities of the plan are reported in the Governmental Funds as the incentive payments are paid. During the year ended June 30, 2024, governmental fund expenditures related to early retirement stipend benefits totaled \$117,693.

## **Total Stipend Pension Liability**

The District's total stipend pension liability as of June 30, 2024 of \$1,657,527 was measured as of June 30, 2024, and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay Cost Method.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total stipend pension liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases, average, including inflation	3.50%
Discount rate	3.65%

- The discount rate of 3.65% is an increase over the discount rate of 2.16% used in the prior valuation and is based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The index used is the Bond Buyer 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index.
- Employer funding policy is on a pay-as-you-go cash basis.
- Mortality rates were generally the same rates as used in the December 31, 2021 PERS actuarial valuation.
- The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023.

## **Changes in the Total Stipend Pension Liability**

Total Stipend Pension Liability				
\$	1,520,144			
	185,751			
	53,624			
	(101,992)			
	137,383			
\$	1,657,527			

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## PENSION PLAN (Continued)

#### **Changes in the Total Stipend Pension Liability (Continued)**

There were no significant changes in assumptions or benefit terms since the valuation date.

The following presents the total stipend pension liability of the District, as well as what the District's total stipend pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

Sensitivity of the Total Stipend Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

	1%	6 Decrease	Di	scount Rate		1% Increase
		(2.65%)		(3.65%)	-	(4.65%)
Total Stipend Pension Liability	\$	1,731,263	\$	1,657,527	\$	1,585,354

#### Pension Expense and Deferred Outflow of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Stipends

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized a stipend pension expense of \$109,425. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the stipend plan from the following sources:

	· ·	red Outflow Resources	Deferred (Inflow)  of Resources		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	\$	35,533	\$	(633,206)	
Changes of assumptions and other inputs	-	157,888		(196,761)	
Total deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	193,421	\$	(829,967)	
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources, amortized below			\$	(636,546)	

Amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to stipends will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount
2025	\$ (129,950)
2026	(129,950)
2027	(104,652)
2028	(36,252)
2029	(36,252)
Thereafter	(199,490)
Total	\$ (636,546)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs)

The District contributes to a retirement health insurance account through the Oregon Public Employee Retirement System and maintains a post-employment health insurance subsidy benefit for eligible former employees. The following summarizes the June 30, 2024, components of the District's OPEB asset/liability and the deferred inflows/outflows for each.

	<b>Retirement Health</b>		Retir	ement Health	
	<b>Insurance Account</b>		Insurance Subsidy		Total
Net OPEB Asset	\$	1,629,992	\$	-	\$ 1,629,992
Total OPEB Liability		-		11,302,918	11,302,918
Deferred Outflows of Resources		12,148		1,435,430	1,447,578
Deferred Inflows of Resources		265,633		2,188,725	2,454,358
OPEB Expense (Revenue)		(148,133)		802,249	654,116

## **Retirement Health Insurance Account**

**Plan Description** – As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by the OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. The plan, which was established under Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 238.420, provides for a payment of up to \$60 per month toward the costs of Medicare companion health insurance for eligible retirees. An Annual Comprehensive Financial Report of the funds administered by the OPERS may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, Oregon 97281-3700 or by accessing the PERS website at www.oregon.gov/PERS/.

**Funding Policy** – Participating school districts are contractually required to contribute at a rate assessed each year by the OPERS: rates for the year ended June 30, 2024 were 0.06% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.00% of covered OPSRP payroll. The OPERS Board of Trustees sets the rates based on the annual required contribution (ARC) of the employers, an amount actuarially determined. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) of the plan over a period not to exceed thirty years. The District's contributions to RHIA for the years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022 were \$1,021, \$8,772, and \$8,054, which equaled the required contributions each year.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net OPEB liability/(asset) of (\$1,629,992) for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022. Consistent with GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 59(a), the District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023, the District's proportion was 0.33 percent. OPEB expense related to RHIA for the year ended June 30, 2024 was a credit of \$148,133. The major actuarial assumptions and long-term expected rate of return for the RHIA OPEB liability/(asset) are essentially the same as the major assumptions for the PERS plan. Except for information on discount rate sensitivity and deferred outflows and inflows of resources, the other standard GASB disclosures for the RHIA OPEB are immaterial and accordingly are not disclosed.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the RHIA OPEB from the following sources:

· ·	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred (Inflow) of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ -	\$ (40,921)
Changes of assumptions	-	(17,575)
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	4,623	(207,137)
Change in proportionate share	6,504	
Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals	11,127	(265,633)
District contributions subsequent to measurement date	1,021	
Total deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$ 12,148	\$ (265,633)
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources		\$ (253,485)
Net Amortized Deferrals (below)		\$ (254,506)

Deferred outflows of resources related to RHIA OPEB of \$1,021 resulting from the District's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as either a reduction of the net OPEB liability or an increase in the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to the RHIA OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	Amount		
2025	\$	(227,253)	
2026		(109,097)	
2027		60,239	
2028		21,605	
Total	\$	(254,506)	

The following presents the District's proportionate share total of the net RHIA OPEB liability/(asset), as well as what the District's proportionate share would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.9 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.9 percent) than the current discount rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.9%)	(6.9%)	(7.9%)
District's proportionate share of the Net OPEB Liability			
(Asset)	\$ (1,481,666)	\$ (1,629,992)	\$ (1,757,255)

# Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net RHIA OPEB liability (asset) to changes in the healthcare cost rate

The net OPEB liability/(asset) for the District's Retirement Health Insurance Account is (\$1,629,992). The ORS stipulates a \$60 monthly payment, so there would be no change to the total OPEB liability if it were calculated using health care cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current rates.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

#### **Early Retirement Program**

#### **Postemployment Healthcare Benefits**

**Description** - The District, as a result of collective bargaining agreements, offers postemployment health care benefits for qualified employees as described in the summary of significant accounting policies section of this report. The District does not issue a standalone report for this plan.

## **Funding Policy**

The District provides payments in accordance with current employee contracts on a pay-as-you-go basis. At June 30, 2024, the District was providing early retirement incentive health care benefits to 59 former employees.

The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan. Instead, the activities of the plan are reported in the Governmental Funds as the insurance benefits are paid. Governmental fund expenditures related to early retirement insurance benefits totaled \$527,041 during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The actuarially determined total Health Insurance OPEB liability is recorded in the Statement of Net Position as more fully described below.

### **Postemployment Health Insurance Subsidy**

**Plan Description** - The District operates a single-employer retiree benefit plan that provides postemployment health, dental and vision insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. The most recent valuation was June 30, 2023. As of the most recent valuation date, program participants included 76 retired members in the plan and 845 active members who were or will become eligible to participate in the plan, assuming they meet eligibility requirements by the time they retire. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through bargaining agreements and state law.

#### **Funding Policy**

The level of benefits provided by the plan is generally the same as that afforded to active employees. Coverage is provided to retirees, spouses, and domestic partners until they become eligible for Medicare, typically age 65, and eligible dependents until age 26. The District's post-retirement healthcare subsidy plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303, which stipulates that for establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims costs (which, because of the effect of age, is generally higher in comparison to all plan members) and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit rate subsidy.

The District did not establish an irrevocable trust (or equivalent arrangement) to account for the plan. Instead, the activities of the plan are reported in the Governmental Funds.

The benefits from this program are paid by either the District or the retired employees on a contributory or self-pay basis. Required contributions are financed on a pay-as-you go basis. There is no obligation on the part of the District to fund these benefits in advance.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

# OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

#### **Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability**

The District's total health insurance OPEB liability of \$11,302,918 was measured as of June 30, 2024 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2023 using the Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay Cost Method.

Actuarial assumptions and other inputs

The total health insurance OPEB liability in the June 30, 2023 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation rate	2.50%
Salary increases, average, including inflation	3.50%
Discount rate	3.65%
Healthcare cost trend rates 4% for all medical plans	
for all years	4.00%

- The discount rate is based on a yield for 20-year tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher. The index used is the Bond Buyer 20-Year GO Municipal Bond Index.
- Employer funding policy is on a pay-as-you-go cash basis.
- Mortality rates were generally the same rates as used in the December 31, 2021 PERS actuarial valuation.
- The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2023 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2021 to June 30, 2023.

#### **Changes in the Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability**

	Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability			
Balance at July 1, 2023	\$	11,310,154		
Changes for the year:				
Service cost		559,733		
Interest on Total OPEB Liability		395,260		
Benefit payments - Medical premiums		(571,947)		
Benefit payments - Implicit subsidy	<u></u>	(390,282)		
Net changes		(7,236)		
Balance at June 30, 2024	\$	11,302,918		

Other than the increase in the discount rate from 2.16% to 3.65%, there were no significant changes in assumptions and benefit terms since the last valuation date.

Sensitivity of the Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the total health insurance OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total Health Insurance OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (2.65 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (4.65 percent) than the current discount rate:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEBs) (Continued)

	 1% Decrease (2.65%)	 Oiscount Rate (3.65%)	 1% Increase (4.65%)
Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability on June 30, 2024	\$ 12,101,030	\$ 11,302,918	\$ 10,567,334

Sensitivity of the Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Trend Rates

The following presents the total health insurance OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total health insurance OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1-percentage-point lower or 1-percentage-point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

		Current Healthcare						
		1% Decrease Trend Rates		1% Increase				
Total Health Insurance OPEB Liability of June 30, 2024	n _\$	10,607,608	\$	11,302,918	\$	12,125,346		

#### OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Healthcare

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized health insurance related OPEB expense of \$802,249. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the health insurance benefits plan from the following sources:

	•	rred Outflow Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources	
Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions and other inputs	\$	71,964 1,363,466	\$	(1,177,888) (1,010,837)
Total deferred outflow (inflow) of resources	\$	1,435,430	\$	(2,188,725)
Net deferred outflow (inflow) of resources			\$	(753,295)

Amounts reported as deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to medical benefits will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year ending June 30,	 Amount		
2025	\$ (152,744)		
2026	(57,032)		
2027	(40,154)		
2028	(40,154)		
2029	(57,187)		
Thereafter	(406,024)		
Total	\$ (753,295)		

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. There were no significant reductions in insurance coverage from coverage in prior years in any of the major categories of risk. The amounts of any settlements have not exceeded insurance coverage for the past three fiscal years.

The District is self-insured for costs of unemployment insurance and costs up to maximum out-of-pocket (MOP) limits between \$1,100 to \$3,300 for medical insurance plans that otherwise would have MOP of \$4,500 to \$6,550 per person.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported (IBNRs). Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of pay-outs and other economic and social factors.

Effective June 30, 2024, the District's unemployment claims and MOP are recorded as a payable in the District's Insurance Internal Service Fund. Prior to that time they were recorded in the District's General Fund. Claims activity, including estimated incurred but not reported claims, for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2024, 2023, and 2022, are as follows:

	2024		2023		2022	
Beginning accrued claims liability	\$	912,321	\$	1,032,154	\$	1,342,655
Claims liability adjustments		(300,000)		(550,000)		(775,000)
Incurred claims (including IBNRs)		756,106		851,961		937,575
Claims payments		(484,752)		(421,794)		(473,076)
Accrued claims liability, June 30	\$	883,675	\$	912,321	\$	1,032,154

#### **BUDGET COMPLIANCE**

#### Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

Oregon law prohibits expenditures in excess of board approved appropriations. The board approves appropriations for each fund by major function. For the year ended June 30, 2024, expenditures in the General Fund Debt Services appropriation category exceeded its \$1.5 million appropriation by \$38,671 and expenditures in the Grants Fund Instruction Services appropriation category exceeded its \$7.165 million appropriation by \$306,350.

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting**

While the District reports financial position, results of operations and changes in fund balance on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP), the budgetary basis as provided by law is based upon accounting for certain transactions on a basis of cash receipts and disbursements. The detailed Schedules of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Budget (Non-GAAP Basis) and Actual presented as RSI for the General and each major special revenue fund and other supplementary information for major debt service and capital projects funds and nonmajor governmental funds is presented on the budgetary basis to provide a meaningful comparison of actual results with the budget. The differences between the budget basis and GAAP basis are as follows:

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

## **BUDGET COMPLIANCE** (Continued)

#### **Budgetary Basis of Accounting** (Continued)

	General Co Fund		Ca	Capital Projects Fund		Other Nonmajor Funds	
Budget basis ending fund balance Adjustments:	\$	13,126,139	\$	101,304,265	\$	2,632,416	
Unrealized loss on investments Inventories		(95,333) 34,272		(681,446)		40,324	
GAAP basis ending fund balance	\$	13,065,078	\$	100,622,819	\$	2,672,740	

#### TAX ABATEMENTS

Tax abatements result from agreements between Clackamas County and others, which reduced the District's levied property taxes. For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District was not materially affected by tax abatement agreements.

#### NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARDS IMPLEMENTED

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District implemented the following new accounting standards:

GASB Statement No. 99 "Omnibus 2022." This Statement clarifies requirements and accounting related to use of LIBOR, SNAP distribution, nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues, terminology updates, derivative instruments, and requirements related to leases and PPPs. These aspects were implemented in a prior fiscal year. This Statement also clarifies requirements related to SBITA, which were implemented in the prior fiscal year. This Statement also clarifies the requirements related to financial guarantees.

GASB Statement No. 100 "Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62." This Statement provides guidance and accounting related to accounting changes and error corrections.

#### **NEW PRONOUNCEMENTS**

The District will implement new GASB pronouncements no later than the required fiscal year. Management has not determined the effect on the financial statements from implementing any of the following pronouncements.

GASB Statement No. 101 "Compensated Absences." This Statement provides for accounting and financial reporting for compensated absences, including the definition of leave and guidance for measuring the liability for leave that has not been used. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2023.

GASB Statement No. 102 "Certain Risk Disclosures." This Statement provides disclosures to provide users of government financial statements with essential information about risks related to a government's vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations or constraints. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2024.

GASB Statement No. 103 "Financial Reporting Model Improvements." This Statement provides for accounting and financial reporting to improve key components in the financial reporting model. The Statement is effective for fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2025.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **CLAIMS AND LITIGATION**

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amounts, if any, or expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Management has represented that, except as disclosed in the following paragraph, there are no contingent liabilities that require disclosure or recognition in accordance with FASC section 450 and/or GASB Statement No. 10. Such contingent liabilities would include, but would not be confined to: notes or accounts receivable which have been discounted; pending suits; proceedings, hearings, or negotiations possibly involving retroactive adjustments; unsatisfied judgments or claims; taxes in dispute; endorsements or guarantees; and options.

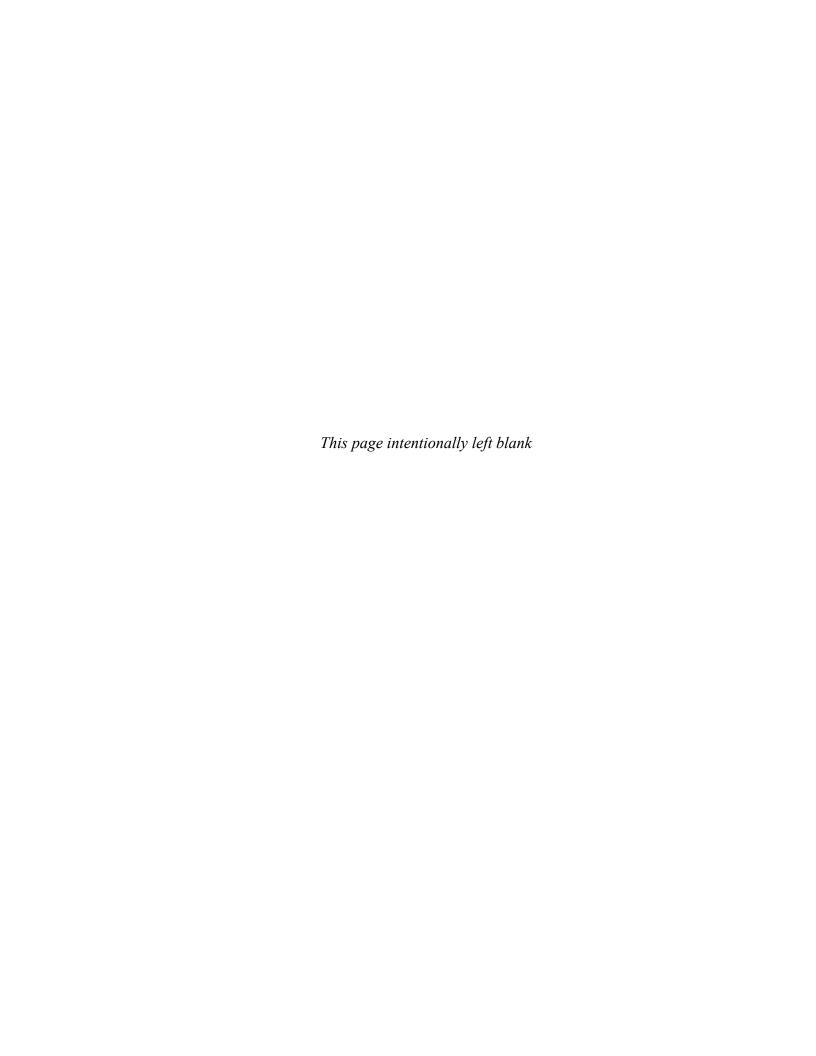
The District is named as a defendant in two legal actions arising in the normal course of its activities. The actions are still in the discovery phase of litigation; the District believes it has substantial defenses against both actions. A settlement or adverse judgement in these matters, if any, would be covered by the District's insurance.

#### **COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES**

The District has remaining commitments under various service contracts of approximately \$2.6 million at June 30, 2024. The contracts relate primarily to design and construction management services for various facility improvement projects that are or will be undertaken by the District over the course of the next several years. The District has remaining commitments under construction contracts of approximately \$74.9 million at June 30, 2024.

Under an Intergovernmental Agreement (IGA) with the City of Lake Oswego dated April 11, 2022 and modified in 2023, the District has committed to pay up to \$16.25 million to the City from the District's proceeds from its \$187 million 2017 general obligation bond for the City's construction of their new Lake Oswego Recreation and Aquatics Center (LORAC). As of June 30, 2024, the District has remaining commitments under this IGA of \$2.7 million. LORAC construction began in the spring of 2023 and is currently estimated to be completed in February 2025 at a total cost to the City of \$46 million. Under the IGA, the District shall own a fifty percent undivided interest in the competition pool built as part of LORAC. In a separate but related LORAC use and lease IGA with the City, the District is obligated to pay the City up to \$50,000 a year for a maximum of twenty years for a City LORAC capital equipment replacement fund and pay up to a \$269,000 use fee to the City for 2025 and \$273,000 for 2026 for priority scheduling of the LORAC competition pool during the District's high schools' fall and winter water sports seasons. The use and lease IGA's initial term ends June 30, 2043.

The District is dependent on and receives a substantial portion of its operating funding from the State of Oregon. State funding is allocated to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the State School Fund (SSF) revenue formula. SSF funding is appropriated on a biennial basis that ends June 30 of each odd year. The SSF funding level for K-12 schools is not guaranteed and has fluctuated significantly in prior years. SSF allocations are primarily distributed to each district based on their average daily membership of students (ADMr), with additional weights for certain categories, such as students on Individual Education Plans at each annual December 1 census or for students in special programs such as English as a Second Language or district poverty factors. The State then apportions the SSF based on the resulting weighted average daily membership (ADMw) of each district compared to the state totals using the higher of the current ADMw or the ADMw of the immediate prior year ADMw. There are many variables that influence SSF allocations each year. The extent to which future biennial SSF appropriations or other events may ultimately impact the amount of current or future state funding the District receives is not yet determinable.





SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR PERS JUNE 30, 2024

Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)	Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) (1)		covered	NPL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
0.34%	\$ 64,530,512	\$	54,186,278	119.1%	81.7%
0.39%	59,476,396		50,925,714	116.8%	84.5%
0.38%	45,650,296		46,650,597	97.9%	87.6%
0.37%	80,665,681		46,787,588	172.4%	75.8%
0.35%	59,728,707		42,618,897	140.1%	80.2%
0.35%	52,609,596		39,436,556	133.4%	82.1%
0.32%	42,674,444		36,337,121	117.4%	83.1%
0.31%	46,194,321		34,002,920	135.9%	80.5%
0.29%	16,722,378		32,142,790	52.0%	91.9%
0.30%	(6,730,334	)	30,660,107	-22.0%	103.6%
	proportion of the net pension liability (NPL)  0.34% 0.39% 0.38% 0.37% 0.35% 0.35% 0.35% 0.32% 0.31% 0.29%	proportion of the net pension liability (NPL) (NPL) (NPL) (1) (1) (NPL) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1	proportion of the net pension liability         proportionate share of the net pension liability         End pension liability	proportion of the net pension liability         proportionate share of the net pension liability         Employer's covered payroll (2)           0.34%         \$ 64,530,512         \$ 54,186,278           0.39%         59,476,396         50,925,714           0.38%         45,650,296         46,650,597           0.37%         80,665,681         46,787,588           0.35%         59,728,707         42,618,897           0.35%         52,609,596         39,436,556           0.32%         42,674,444         36,337,121           0.31%         46,194,321         34,002,920           0.29%         16,722,378         32,142,790	proportion of the net pension liability         proportionate share of the net pension liability         Employer's covered payroll (2)         percentage of covered payroll           0.34%         \$ 64,530,512         \$ 54,186,278         119.1%           0.39%         59,476,396         50,925,714         116.8%           0.38%         45,650,296         46,650,597         97.9%           0.37%         80,665,681         46,787,588         172.4%           0.35%         59,728,707         42,618,897         140.1%           0.35%         52,609,596         39,436,556         133.4%           0.32%         42,674,444         36,337,121         117.4%           0.31%         46,194,321         34,002,920         135.9%           0.29%         16,722,378         32,142,790         52.0%

#### Notes:

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the pension plan for each fiscal year.
- (3) The June 30, 2015 NPL reflects benefit changes from Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (4) The June 30, 2016 NPL reflects benefit changes from the Oregon Supreme Court's ruling in Moro v. State of Oregon, which overturned portions of Senate Bills 822 and 861.
- (5) The June 30, 2017 NPL reflects assumption changes reducing inflation rate from 2.75% to 2.50%, the long-term expected rate of return from 7.75% to 7.50%, the discount rate from 7.75% to 7.50% and the projected salary increases from 3.75% to 3.50%.
- (6) The June 30, 2019 NPL reflects an assumption change to reduce the long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate from 7.50% to 7.20%.
- (7) The June 30, 2022 NPL reflects an assumption change to reduce the long-term expected rate of return and the discount rate from 7.20% to 6.90%.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PERS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30,	ntorily required	rei statu	ntributions in lation to the torily required ontribution	 Contribution deficiency (excess)	Employer's covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$ 8,149,878	\$	8,149,878	\$ -	\$ 62,379,202	13.1%
2023	7,768,047		7,768,047	-	54,186,278	14.3%
2022	6,259,997		6,259,997	-	50,925,714	12.3%
2021	6,831,303		6,831,303	-	46,650,597	14.6%
2020	6,306,144		6,306,144	-	46,787,588	13.5%
2019	4,021,847		4,021,847	-	42,618,897	9.4%
2018	3,448,515		3,448,515	-	39,436,556	8.7%
2017	1,831,393		1,831,393	-	36,337,121	5.0%
2016	1,966,103		1,966,103	-	34,002,920	5.8%
2015	3,157,554		3,157,554	-	32,142,790	9.8%

#### Notes:

<sup>(1)</sup> The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY FOR RHIA JUNE 30, 2024

Year Ended June 30,	District's Proportion of the net OPEB liability	District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (NOL)	Dis	trict's covered payroll <sup>2</sup>	NOL as a percentage of covered payroll	Plan fiduciary net portion as a percentage of the total OPEB liability
2024	0.44%	\$ (1,629,992)	\$	54,186,278	-3.01%	201.6%
2023	0.33%	(1,161,095)		50,925,714	-2.28%	194.6%
2022	0.34%	(1,166,084)		46,650,597	-2.50%	183.9%
2021	0.71%	(1,453,067)		46,787,588	-3.11%	150.1%
2020	0.39%	(760,402)		42,618,897	-1.78%	144.4%
2019	0.38%	(426,717)		39,436,556	-1.08%	124.0%
2018	0.38%	(160,170)		36,337,121	-0.44%	108.9%
2017	0.36%	97,099		34,002,920	0.29%	94.1%

# LAKE OSWEGO SCHOOL DISTRICT NO 7J CLACKAMAS COUNTY, OREGON

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS FOR RHIA

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Statutorily Year Ended required June 30, contribution		required	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			Contribution deficiency (excess)			Covered payroll	Contributions as a percent of covered payroll
2024	\$	1,021	\$	1,021	\$		-	\$	62,379,202	0.00%
2023		8,772		8,772			-		54,186,278	0.02%
2022		8,054		8,054			-		50,925,714	0.02%
2021		9,086		9,086			-		46,650,597	0.02%
2020		50,926		50,926			-		46,787,588	0.11%
2019		195,031		195,031			-		42,618,897	0.46%
2018		185,096		185,092			-		39,436,556	0.47%
2017		178,408		178,408			_		36,337,121	0.49%

#### Notes

- (1) The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at December 31 and rolled forward to the measurement date.
- (2) Amounts for covered payroll use the prior year's data to match the measurement date used by the pension plan for each fiscal year.

These schedules are required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR STIPEND BENEFITS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### Stipend Benefits

	_	2024	_	2023	 2022	_	2021	_	2020	_	2019	 2018	_	2017
Service cost	\$	185,751	\$	179,470	\$ 88,171	\$	85,189	\$	60,583	\$	58,534	\$ 69,334	\$	66,989
Interest on Total Pension Liability		53,624		65,502	38,108		35,889		59,398		64,927	68,297		104,020
Differences between expected and actual														
experience		-		(361,955)	-		(95,035)		-		68,851	95,825		(1,028,202)
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		-		(125,259)	-		221,214		-		(175,878)	(2,127)		22,822
Benefit payments - Stipends	s	(101,992)		(64,383)	(127,545)	_	(161,463)		(149,652)	_	(199,164)	 (275,152)		(145,505)
Net changes		137,383		(306,625)	(1,266)		85,794		(29,671)		(182,730)	(43,823)		(979,876)
Total Pension Liability at														
beginning of the year		1,520,144		1,826,769	1,828,035	_	1,742,241		1,771,912	_	1,954,642	 1,998,465		2,978,341
Total Pension Liability at														
end of the year	\$	1,657,527	\$	1,520,144	\$ 1,826,769	\$	1,828,035	\$	1,742,241	\$	1,771,912	\$ 1,954,642	\$	1,998,465
Estimated covered														
employee payroll	\$	36,300,000	\$	35,040,000	\$ 37,278,000	\$	35,093,000	\$	33,800,000	\$	30,500,000	\$ 28,954,000	\$	28,954,000
Total Pension Liability as a percentage of covered														
employee payroll		4.57%		4.34%	4.90%		5.21%		5.15%		5.81%	6.75%		6.90%
Discount Rate		3.65%		3.65%	2.16%		2.16%		3.50%		3.50%	3.58%		3.58%

#### Notes:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 73, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

This schedule is required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS FOR HEALTH INSURANCE BENEFITS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Health Insurance								
	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
Service cost	\$ 559,733	\$ 540,805	\$ 745,702	\$ 720,485	\$ 486,710	\$ 470,251	\$ 470,656	\$ 454,740
Interest on Total OPEB								
Liability	395,260	433,978	252,761	248,096	402,464	384,015	391,476	422,738
Differences between								
expected and actual								
experience	-	87,782	-	(1,495,749)	-	(200,957)	103,226	(944,510)
Changes in assumptions or								
other inputs	-	(1,219,867)	-	1,553,373	-	808,515	9,364	(85,678)
Benefit payments - Medical								
premiums	(571,947)	(564,247)	(456,956)	(471,508)	(548,755)	(524,892)	(552,684)	(497,385)
Benefit payments - Implicit								
subsidy	(390,282)	(280,465)	(319,398)	(372,590)	(411,652)	(384,089)	(301,657)	(201,896)
Net changes	(7,236)	(1,002,014)	222,109	182,107	(71,233)	552,843	120,381	(851,991)
Total OPEB Liability at								
beginning of the year	11,310,154	12,312,168	12,090,059	11,907,952	11,979,185	11,426,342	11,305,961	12,157,952
Total OPEB Liability at end								
of the year	\$ 11,302,918	\$ 11,310,154	\$ 12,312,168	\$ 12,090,059	\$ 11,907,952	\$ 11,979,185	\$ 11,426,342	\$ 11,305,961
Estimated covered employee								
payroll	\$ 54,540,000	\$ 52,695,000	\$ 45,890,000	\$ 44,338,000	\$ 45,832,000	\$ 41,952,000	\$ 39,227,000	\$ 35,982,000
Total OPEB Liability as a								
percentage of covered								
employee payroll	20.72%	21.46%	26.83%	27.27%	25.98%	28.55%	29.13%	31.42%
Discount Rate	3.65%	3.65%	2.16%	2.16%	3.50%	3.50%	3.58%	3.58%

#### Notes:

There are no assets accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

This schedule is required to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which supplementary information is available.

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **GENERAL FUND**

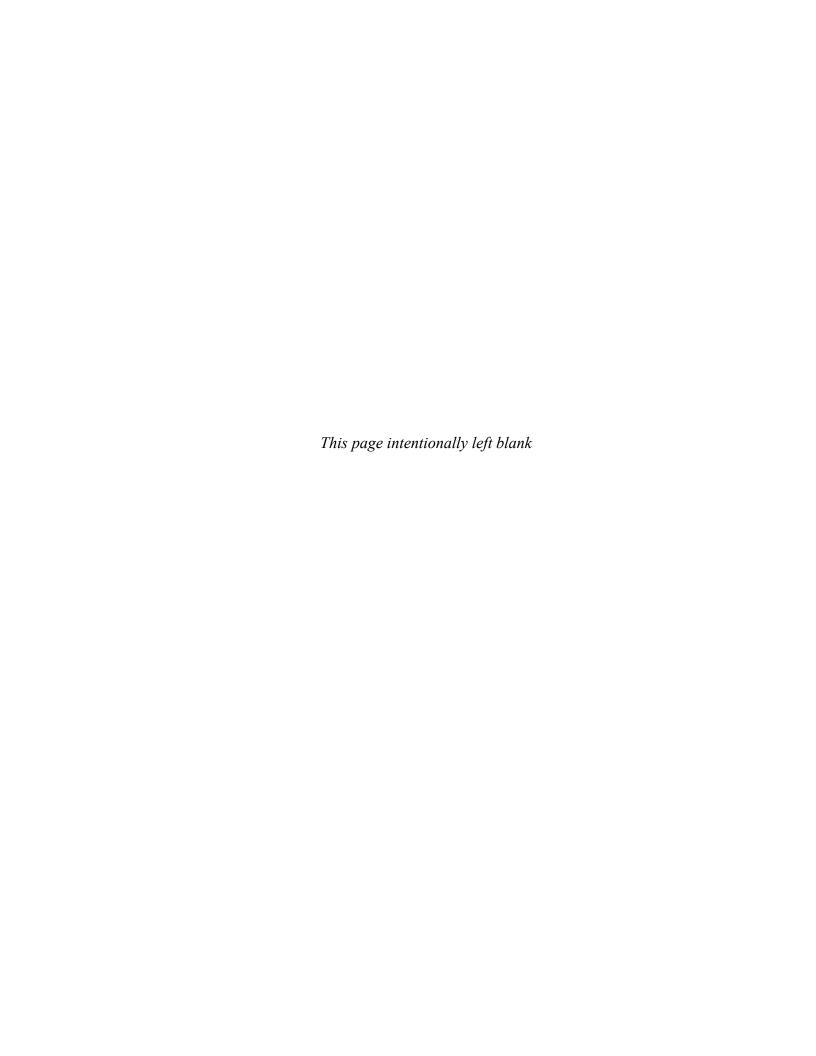
	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES:						
Local Sources	\$ 63,246,292	\$ 60,665,000	\$ 62,065,000	\$ 1,181,292		
Intermediate Sources	2,016,142	1,905,000	1,905,000	111,142		
State Sources	41,843,820	39,150,000	42,150,000	(306,180)		
Federal Sources	28,030	20,000	20,000	8,030		
Total Revenues	107,134,284	101,740,000	106,140,000	994,284		
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	70,727,889	67,750,000	71,500,000	772,101		
Support Services	38,643,086	35,800,000	39,050,000	406,914		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction	-	1	1	1		
Debt Service	1,538,671	1,500,000	1,500,000	(38,671)		
Operating Contingency		2,000,000	-			
Total Expenditures	110,909,646	107,050,001	112,050,001	1,140,345		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF						
REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,775,362)	(5,310,001)	(5,910,001)	2,134,629		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES);						
Transfer in	-	1	1	(1)		
Transfer out	(694,906)	(255,000)	(1,255,000)	560,094		
Sale of/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets		10,000	10,000	(10,000)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(694,906)	(244,999)	(1,244,999)	550,093		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(4,470,268)	(5,555,000)	(7,155,000)	2,684,722		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year	17,596,407	16,000,000	17,600,000	(3,593)		
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ 13,126,139	\$ 10,445,000	\$ 10,445,000	\$ 2,681,129		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **GRANTS FUND**

	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
REVENUES:						
Local Sources	\$ -	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ (4,000)		
Intermediate Sources	174,900	250,000	250,000	(75,100)		
State Sources	8,617,680	8,300,000	8,730,000	(112,320)		
Federal Sources	1,658,695	1,761,000	1,761,000	(102,305)		
Total Revenues	10,451,275	10,315,000	10,745,000	(293,725)		
EXPENDITURES:						
Instruction	7,471,350	6,535,000	7,165,000	(306,350)		
Support Services	3,313,266	3,920,000	3,720,000	406,734		
Enterprise and Community Services		10,000	10,000	10,000		
Total Expenditures	10,784,616	10,465,000	10,895,000	110,384		
EXCESS OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(333,341)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(183,341)		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In	333,341	150,000	150,000	183,341		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	-	-	-	-		
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year						
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -		





DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **GENERAL FUND**

REVENUES:   Local Sources:		ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
Taxes-Current Levy         \$ 41,939,585         \$ 41,500,000         \$ 439,585           Taxes-Prior Levies         598,978         500,000         500,000         98,978           Local Option Taxes-Current Levy         15,702,274         15,400,000         15,400,000         235,886           Tuition         750,033         755,000         250,000         235,886           Tuition         750,033         755,000         755,000         (49,67)           Transportation Fees         93,472         -         -         93,472           Earnings on Investments         1,574,288         750,000         1,650,000         (60,000)           Sports Participation Fees         510,975         650,000         650,000         (139,025)           Student Fees         58,257         65,000         650,000         (61,002)           Poperty Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142	REVENUES:	 	 	 			
Taxes-Prior Levies 598,978 500,000 500,000 98,978 Local Option Taxes-Current Levy 15,702,274 15,400,000 15,400,000 302,274 Local Option Taxes-Prior Levy 485,886 250,000 250,000 235,886 Tuition 750,033 755,000 755,000 (4,967) Transportation Fees 93,472 93,472 Earnings on Investments 1,574,288 750,000 1,650,000 (60,000) (60,000) Sports Participation Fees 510,975 650,000 650,000 (60,000) Sports Participation Fees 58,257 65,000 650,000 (63,000) 21,295 Tudent Fees 91,295 70,000 70,000 21,295 Troperty Lease Fees 301,272 315,000 315,000 137,288 Miscellaneous Income 1,139,977 350,000 850,000 289,977 Total From Local Sources 63,246,292 60,665,000 5,000 25,614 ESD Choice Fund 1,985,528 1,900,000 1,900,000 85,528 Total From Intermediate Sources 2,016,142 1,905,000 1,905,000 11,11,42 State Sources: School Support Fund 40,466,589 37,750,000 40,750,000 28,521 Total From State Sources 41,843,820 39,150,000 42,150,000 28,623 Total From State Sources 41,843,820 39,150,000 42,150,000 (306,180) Federal Sources: Interfund Transfers 478,623 450,000 42,150,000 (306,180) Federal Sources: Interfund Transfers - 1 1 1 (1) Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets - 10,000 10,000 (10,000) Total From Other Sources - 10,000 10,000 (10,000) Total From Other Sources - 10,000 10,000 (10,000) Total From Other Sources - 10,000 10,000 (10,000)	Local Sources:						
Local Option Taxes-Current Levy	Taxes-Current Levy	\$ 41,939,585	\$ 41,500,000	\$ 41,500,000	\$	439,585	
Local Option Taxes-Prior Levy	Taxes-Prior Levies	598,978	500,000	500,000		98,978	
Tuition 750,033 755,000 755,000 (4,967) Transportation Fees 93,472 93,472 Earnings on Investments 1,574,288 750,000 1,650,000 (75,712) Gate Receipts - 60,000 60,000 (60,000) Sports Participation Fees 510,975 650,000 650,000 (139,025) Student Fees 58,257 65,000 650,000 (6,743) Device Fees 91,295 70,000 70,000 21,295 Property Lease Fees 301,272 315,000 315,000 (137,228) Miscellaneous Income 1,139,977 350,000 850,000 289,977  Total From Local Sources 63,246,292 60,665,000 62,065,000 1,181,292  Intermediate Sources: County School Fund 30,614 5,000 5,000 25,614 ESD Choice Fund 1,985,528 1,900,000 1,900,000 85,528  Total From Intermediate Sources 2,016,142 1,905,000 1,900,000 85,528  Total From Intermediate Sources 40,466,589 37,750,000 40,750,000 (283,411) Common School Fund 898,608 950,000 950,000 (51,392) Miscellaneous Grants 478,623 450,000 42,150,000 (306,180)  Federal Sources: Federal Forest Fees 28,030 20,000 20,000 8,030  Other Sources: Federal Forest Fees - 1 1 1 1 (1) Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets - 10,000 10,000 (10,000)  Total From Other Sources - 10,000 10,000 (10,000)  Total From Other Sources - 10,000 10,000 (10,000)	Local Option Taxes-Current Levy	15,702,274	15,400,000	15,400,000		302,274	
Transportation Fees         93,472         -         93,472           Earnings on Investments         1,574,288         750,000         1,650,000         (57,712)           Gate Receipts         -         60,000         60,000         (60,000)           Sports Participation Fees         510,975         650,000         65,000         (6743)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000		485,886	250,000	250,000		235,886	
Earnings on Investments         1,574,288         750,000         1,650,000         (75,712)           Gate Receipts         -         60,000         60,000         (60,000)           Sports Participation Fees         510,975         650,000         650,000         (139,025)           Student Fees         58,257         65,000         65,000         (6,43)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608	Tuition	750,033	755,000	755,000		(4,967)	
Earnings on Investments         1,574,288         750,000         1,650,000         (75,712)           Gate Receipts         -         60,000         60,000         (60,000)           Sports Participation Fees         510,975         650,000         650,000         (139,025)           Student Fees         58,257         65,000         65,000         (6,43)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608	Transportation Fees	93,472	· -	-		93,472	
Gate Receipts         -         60,000         60,000         (60,000)           Sports Participation Fees         510,975         65,000         650,000         (139,025)           Student Fees         58,257         65,000         65,000         66,000         (6,743)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478			750,000	1,650,000			
Sports Participation Fees         510,975         650,000         650,000         (139,025)           Student Fees         58,257         65,000         65,000         (6,743)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         2         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:           School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,08         950,000         950,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)		-	60,000	60,000			
Student Fees         58,257         65,000         65,000         (6,743)           Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:		510.975	650,000	650.000			
Device Fees         91,295         70,000         70,000         21,295           Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         289,977           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         1			*			` ' '	
Property Lease Fees         301,272         315,000         315,000         (13,728)           Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)	Device Fees		70.000	70.000			
Miscellaneous Income         1,139,977         350,000         850,000         289,977           Total From Local Sources         63,246,292         60,665,000         62,065,000         1,181,292           Intermediate Sources:         County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)<	Property Lease Fees		,				
Intermediate Sources:   County School Fund				 			
County School Fund         30,614         5,000         5,000         25,614           ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         1         1         (1)         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Total From Local Sources	 63,246,292	 60,665,000	 62,065,000		1,181,292	
ESD Choice Fund         1,985,528         1,900,000         1,900,000         85,528           Total From Intermediate Sources         2,016,142         1,905,000         1,905,000         111,142           State Sources:         School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Intermediate Sources:						
Total From Intermediate Sources 2,016,142 1,905,000 1,905,000 111,142  State Sources: School Support Fund 40,466,589 37,750,000 40,750,000 (283,411) Common School Fund 898,608 950,000 950,000 (51,392) Miscellaneous Grants 478,623 450,000 42,150,000 (306,180)  Federal Sources: Federal Forest Fees 28,030 20,000 20,000 8,030  Other Sources: Interfund Transfers - 1 1 1 (1) Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets - 10,000 10,000 (10,000)  Total From Other Sources - 10,001 10,001 (10,001)	County School Fund	30,614	5,000	5,000		25,614	
State Sources:           School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	ESD Choice Fund	 1,985,528	 1,900,000	 1,900,000		85,528	
School Support Fund         40,466,589         37,750,000         40,750,000         (283,411)           Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Total From Intermediate Sources	 2,016,142	 1,905,000	 1,905,000		111,142	
Common School Fund         898,608         950,000         950,000         (51,392)           Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	State Sources:						
Miscellaneous Grants         478,623         450,000         450,000         28,623           Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	School Support Fund	40,466,589	37,750,000	40,750,000		(283,411)	
Total From State Sources         41,843,820         39,150,000         42,150,000         (306,180)           Federal Sources:         Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Common School Fund	898,608	950,000	950,000		(51,392)	
Federal Sources:         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Miscellaneous Grants	 478,623	 450,000	 450,000		28,623	
Federal Forest Fees         28,030         20,000         20,000         8,030           Other Sources:           Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Total From State Sources	 41,843,820	 39,150,000	 42,150,000		(306,180)	
Other Sources:         Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Federal Sources:						
Interfund Transfers         -         1         1         (1)           Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Federal Forest Fees	 28,030	 20,000	 20,000		8,030	
Sales/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)							
Capital Assets         -         10,000         10,000         (10,000)           Total From Other Sources         -         10,001         10,001         (10,001)	Interfund Transfers	-	1	1		(1)	
Total From Other Sources - 10,001 10,001 (10,001)	Sales/Compensation for Loss of						
	Capital Assets	 	 10,000	 10,000		(10,000)	
Total Revenues <u>\$ 107,134,284</u> <u>\$ 101,750,001</u> <u>\$ 106,150,001</u> <u>\$ 984,283</u>	Total From Other Sources	 <u>-</u>	 10,001	 10,001		(10,001)	
	Total Revenues	\$ 107,134,284	\$ 101,750,001	\$ 106,150,001	\$	984,283	

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND (Continued)
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

	SALARIES	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	PURCHASED SERVICES	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS
EXPENDITURES:				
Instruction:				
Regular Programs:				
Primary, K-5	\$ 11,431,289	\$ 6,883,686	\$ 74,077	\$ 371,480
Jr. High Programs	6,683,140	3,721,128	460,451	359,693
Jr. High School Extra-curricular	237,456	89,382	17,322	11,400
High School Programs	9,638,383	5,447,441	93,493	734,142
High School Extra-curricular	1,884,873	592,981	170,459	83,066
Special Programs:	, ,	,	,	,
Talented and Gifted	384.771	181,327	55	899
More Restrictive Special Programs	5,001,669	2,986,693	1,973,482	20,397
Less Restrictive Special Programs	5,229,209	3,164,285	95,022	678
Alternative Education	683,868	359,169	757,967	79
English 2nd Language	482,943	272,520	2,778	-
Summer School Programs	12,693	4,362	4,950	1,102
Summer School Programs	12,073	4,302	4,730	1,102
Total Instruction	41,670,294	23,702,974	3,650,056	1,582,936
Support Services:				
Students:				
Attendance and Social Work Services	180,125	80,389	172,825	828
Guidance Services	2,173,457	1,250,541	2,640	3,590
Health Services	300,200	155,494	1,590	3,018
Psychological Services	454,033	228,437	525,752	11,766
Speech Pathology and Audiology	970,195	502,914	99,635	920
Service Direction, Student Support	441,816	202,272	143,361	28,800
Instructional Staff:	441,810	202,212	143,301	20,000
	1 427 092	902 997	162 110	00 (15
Improvement of Instruction	1,427,983 586,745	803,887	463,448	88,615
Educational Media	,	357,066	34,687	50,285
Assessment and Testing	24	7	-	-
General Administration:			224 222	5.020
Board of Education	-	-	224,323	5,839
Executive Administration	572,178	241,975	14,994	11,474
School Administration - Office of the Principal	4,001,197	1,944,793	31,841	77,149
Business:				
Fiscal Services	692,587	300,222	58,309	22,490
Operation & Maintenance of Plant	2,776,690	1,448,984	3,948,748	592,615
Student Transportation	-	-	5,441,616	55,877
Central Activities:				
Information	281,676	119,277	58,773	8,838
Staff	392,568	228,833	179,194	23,336
Technology	639,456	322,180	574,468	190,297
Supplemental Retirement Program	117,693	527,041		
Total Support Services	16,008,623	8,714,312	11,976,204	1,175,737
Facilities Acquisition and Construction				
Facilities Acquisitions/Improvements				

	CAPITAL DUTLAY	OTHER OBJECTS		 ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	 FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
\$	19,067	\$	-	\$ 18,779,599	\$	18,834,115	\$ 18,834,115	\$ 54,506	
	-		2.114	11,224,412		10,655,730	11,055,730	(168,682)	
	-		2,114 725	357,674 15,914,184		349,839	349,839 16,107,342	(7,835) 193,158	
	-		99,723	2,831,102		15,507,342 2,558,501	2,558,501	(272,601)	
	-		-	567,052		621,568	621,568	54,516	
	-		-	9,982,241		9,729,375	11,479,375	1,497,134	
	-		-	8,489,194		7,055,785	8,055,785	(433,409)	
	-		-	1,801,083 758,241		1,553,440 884,305	1,553,440 884,305	(247,643) 126,064	
	<u> </u>		<u>-</u>	 23,107		-	 -	 (23,107)	
	19,067		102,562	 70,727,889		67,750,000	 71,500,000	 772,101	
				434,167		481,711	581,711	147,544	
	<u>-</u>		1,214	3,431,442		3,466,829	3,466,829	35,387	
	-		-	460,302		506,868	606,868	146,566	
	-		-	1,219,988		1,049,903	1,949,903	729,915	
	-		-	1,573,664		1,351,916	1,651,916	78,252	
	5,189		-	821,438		698,237	1,048,237	226,799	
	-		-	2,783,933		2,510,139	2,760,139	(23,794)	
	-		-	1,028,783		999,260	999,260	(29,523)	
	-		-	31		22,994	22,994	22,963	
	-		15,585	245,747		297,625	297,625	51,878	
	-		3,769	844,390		903,377	903,377	58,987	
	-		2,684	6,057,664		5,905,421	5,905,421	(152,243)	
	15,322		7,131	1,096,061		935,706	1,035,706	(60,355)	
	-		714,660	9,481,697		8,403,832	8,653,832	(827,865)	
	-		-	5,497,493		4,869,550	5,519,550	22,057	
	-		200	468,764		499,083	499,083	30,319	
	-		2,136	826,067		692,137	692,137	(133,930)	
1	- -		320	 1,726,721 644,734		1,455,412 750,000	 1,705,412 750,000	 (21,309) 105,266	
	20,511		747,699	 38,643,086		35,800,000	 39,050,000	 406,914	
	20,511		141,033	 30,0 <del>1</del> 3,000		33,000,000	 37,030,000	+00,714	
	-		-	-		1	1	1	

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GENERAL FUND (Continued) YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	S	SALARIES		EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	PURCHASED SERVICES	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS
EXPENDITURES (Cont.): Debt Service	\$		\$		\$ <u>-</u> _	\$ 
Operating Contingency			_		 <u>-</u> _	 
Total Expenditures	\$	57,678,917	\$	32,417,286	\$ 15,626,260	\$ 2,758,673

Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures

Other Financing Uses: Transfers Out

Net Change in Fund Balance

Beginning Fund Balance

**Ending Fund Balance** 

 CAPITAL OUTLAY	 OTHER OBJECTS	ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET			VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET		
\$ <u>-</u>	\$ 1,538,671	\$ 1,538,671	\$	1,500,000	\$	1,500,000	\$	(38,671)		
<u>-</u>	 	 <u>-</u>		2,000,000						
\$ 39,578	\$ 2,388,932	 110,909,646		107,050,001		112,050,001		1,140,345		
		(3,775,362)		(5,300,000)		(5,900,000)		2,124,628		
		 (694,906)		(255,000)		(1,255,000)		560,094		
		(4,470,268)		(5,555,000)		(7,155,000)		2,684,722		
		 17,596,407		16,000,000		17,600,000		(3,593)		
		\$ 13,126,139	\$	10,445,000	\$	10,445,000	\$	2,681,129		

DETAILED SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - GRANTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

REVENUES:

Local Sources:

Contributions and Donations

Intermediate Sources:

Grants-In-Aid

State Sources:

Grants-In-Aid

Federal Sources:

Grants-In-Aid

Total Revenues

		l by Object			
	SALARIES	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS	PURCHASED SERVICES	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS	
EXPENDITURES:					
Instruction:					
Regular Programs:					
Elementary Instruction	\$ 1,985,667	\$ 1,145,749	\$ -	\$ 29,494	
Junior High Instruction	842,297	432,892	-	-	
High School Program	1,213,281	741,223	3,058	20,716	
Special Programs:					
More Restrictive Programs	-	-	-	41,538	
Less Restrictive Programs	414,222	245,878	586	2,085	
Title I Programs	112,176	60,249	-	-	
Summer School and Other Programs	- -	· <u>-</u>	-	-	
Total Instruction	4,567,643	2,625,991	3,644	93,833	
Support Services:					
Students:					
Attendance and Social Work Services	532,578	258,263	5,253	673	
Guidance Services	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	_	, <u> </u>	_	
Nursing Services	107,041	37,408	_	_	
Service Direction, Student Support	706,349	379,574	4,294	_	
Instructional Staff:		217,211	-,		
Improvement of Instruction	487,749	279,063	299,471	11,905	
Media Services	131,837	69,315			
Student Assessment		-	_	_	
Business and Central Activities:					
Student Transportation	-	_	2,493	_	
Information Services	_	_	-,	_	
Technology	_	_	_	_	
Total Support Services	1,965,554	1,023,623	311,511	12,578	
Community Services - Child Care					
Total Expenditures	\$ 6,533,197	\$ 3,649,614	\$ 315,155	\$ 106,411	

Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures

Other Financing Sources and (Uses):

Transfers In

Net Change in Fund Balance

Beginning Fund Balance

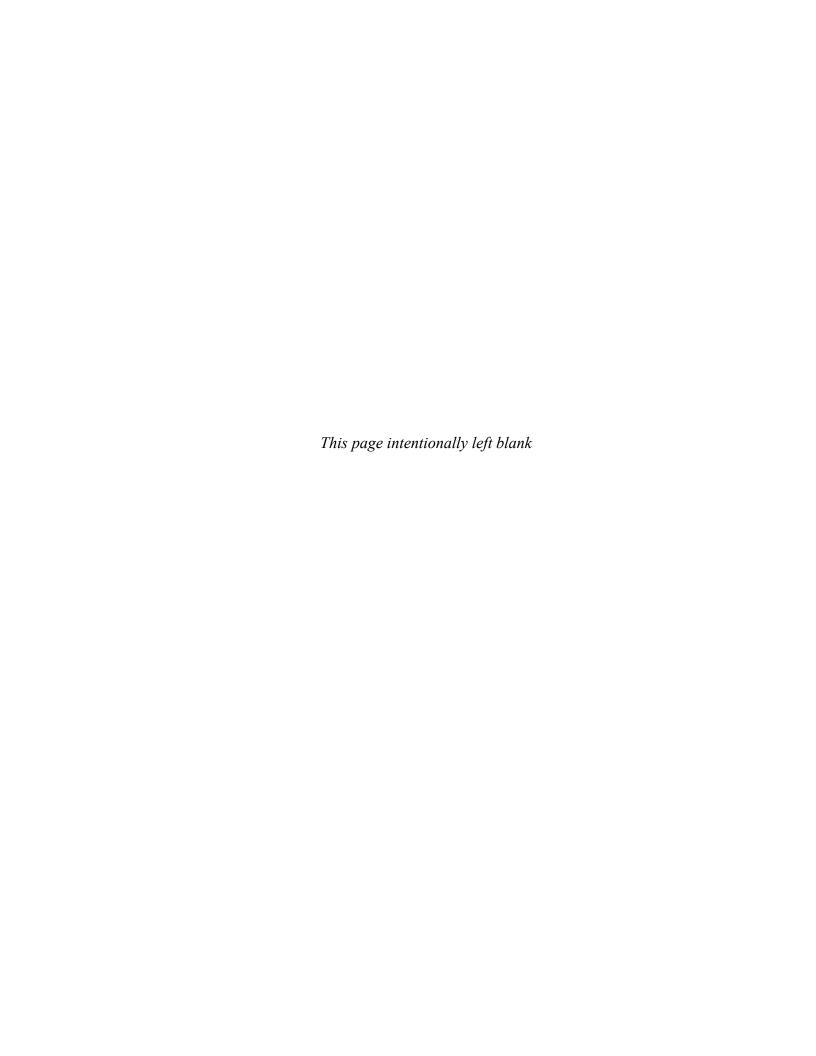
Ending Fund Balance

		ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
		\$ -	\$ 4,000	\$ 4,000	\$ (4,000)	
		174,900	250,000	250,000	(75,100)	
		8,617,680	8,300,000	8,730,000	(112,320)	
		1,658,695	1,761,000	1,761,000	(102,305)	
		10,451,275	10,315,000	10,745,000	(293,725)	
Detail b	y Object					
CAPITAL OUTLAY	OTHER OBJECTS					
\$ -	\$ 180,239	3,341,149	1,920,000	2,550,000	(791,149)	
φ - -	-	1,275,189	1,250,000	1,250,000	(25,189)	
-	-	1,978,278	2,220,000	2,220,000	241,722	
-	-	41,538	80,000	80,000	38,462	
-	-	662,771	716,000	716,000	53,229	
-	-	172,425	249,000 100,000	249,000 100,000	76,575 100,000	
	180,239	7,471,350	6,535,000	7,165,000	(306,350)	
-	-	796,767	-	-	(796,767)	
-	-	- 144,449	190,000 165,000	190,000 165,000	190,000 20,551	
-	-	1,090,217	1,801,000	1,801,000	710,783	
-	-	1,078,188	1,551,000	1,351,000	272,812	
-	-	201,152	160,000 9,000	160,000 9,000	(41,152)	
-	-		9,000	9,000	9,000	
-	-	2,493	-	-	(2,493)	
- -	- -	-	14,000 30,000	14,000 30,000	14,000 30,000	
-		3,313,266	3,920,000	3,720,000	406,734	
<u>=</u> _			10,000	10,000	10,000	
\$ -	\$ 180,239	10,784,616	10,465,000	10,895,000	110,384	
		(333,341)	(150,000)	(150,000)	(183,341)	
		333,341	150,000	150,000	183,341	
		-	-	-	-	
		\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - DEBT SERVICE FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **DEBT SERVICE FUND**

	ACTUAL			ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES:									
Local Sources:									
Taxes-Current Levy	\$	27,228,749	\$	27,150,000	\$	27,150,000	\$	78,749	
Taxes-Prior Levies		5,337		250,000		250,000		(244,663)	
Earnings on Investments		605,092		150,000		150,000		455,092	
PERS UAL Fees		5,210,436		5,100,000	_	5,100,000	_	110,436	
Total Revenues		33,049,614		32,650,000		32,650,000		399,614	
EXPENDITURES:									
Debt Service:									
Long-Term Debt Service:									
Redemption of Principal		16,940,000		16,940,000		16,940,000		-	
Interest		15,767,538		15,770,000		15,770,000		2,462	
Total Expenditures		32,707,538		32,710,000		32,710,000		2,462	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		342,076		(60,000)		(60,000)		402,076	
Beginning Fund Balance		2,482,383		1,850,000		1,850,000		632,383	
Ending Fund Balance	\$	2,824,459	\$	1,790,000	\$	1,790,000	\$	1,034,459	



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **REVENUES:**

From Local Sources:
Construction Excise Tax
Interest Income
Participation Fees
Donations
Miscellaneous

Total From Local Sources From State Sources:

Other Restricted Grants

**Total Revenues** 

	Detail by Object								
	SA	LARIES	EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		PURCHASED SERVICES	SUPPLIES & MATERIALS			
EXPENDITURES:									
Instruction:									
Regular Instruction									
Primary K-5	\$	-	\$	-	\$ -	\$	480,407		
Jr. High Program		-		-	-		44,264		
J. High Program Extra-curricular		-		-	-		-		
High School Program		-		-	-		48,222		
High School Program Extra-curricular	-								
Total Instruction							572,893		
Support Services:									
Students									
Attendance and Social Work Services		-		-	-		7,774		
Operation and Maintenance of Plant Services		-		-	69,296		-		
Central Activities - Technology							(2,101)		
Total Support Services					69,296		5,673		
Facilities Acquisition and Construction		466,275	234,	376	5,706,962		1,394,126		
Debt Service		-		-	-		-		
Operating Contingency					<u>-</u>				
Total Expenditures	\$	466,275	\$ 234,	376	\$ 5,776,258	\$	1,972,692		

Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures

Other Financing Sources and (Uses):
Sale of/Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets
Transfers Out
Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses):

Net Change in Fund Balance

Beginning Fund Balance

**Ending Fund Balance** 

		ACTUAL	GINAL DGET	FINAL BUDGET	ANCE TO L BUDGET
	\$	257,095 4,626,805 250,159 56,636 229,898	\$ 450,000 2,000,000 200,000 50,000 150,000	\$ 450,000 2,000,000 200,000 50,000 150,000	\$ (192,905) 2,626,805 50,159 6,636 79,898
		5,420,593	 2,850,000	 2,850,000	 2,570,593
		25,000	 	 	 25,000
		5,445,593	 2,850,000	 2,850,000	 2,595,593
Detail by Object					
CAPITAL OTHER OUTLAY OBJECT					
\$ - \$ - 6,025 	- - -	480,407 44,264 6,025 48,222	200,000	200,000	(280,407) (44,264) (6,025) (48,222) 500,000
6.025		578,918	 700,000	700,000	121,082
563,747 	- - - -	7,774 633,043 (2,101)	1,250,000	1,250,000	(7,774) (633,043) 1,252,101
563,747	<u> </u>	638,716	1,250,000	1,250,000	611,284
51,225,227	297,148	59,324,114	73,040,000	73,040,000	13,715,886
-	355,804	355,804	450,002	450,002	94,198
	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	2,500,000	2,500,000	2,500,000
\$ 51,794,999 \$	652,952	60,897,552	77,940,002	77,940,002	17,042,450
		(55,451,959)	(75,090,002)	(75,090,002)	19,638,043
		22,750	- (1)	(1)	22,750 1
		22,750	(1)	 (1)	22,751
		(55,429,209)	(75,090,003)	(75,090,003)	19,660,794
		156,733,474	 156,000,002	156,000,002	 733,472
	\$	101,304,265	\$ 80,909,999	\$ 80,909,999	\$ 20,394,266

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2024

	_	SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS									
		COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS		COMMUNITY SERVICES FUND		STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND		FOOD SERVICE FUND		TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS	
ASSETS:											
Cash and Investments Interfund Receivables Accounts Receivable Inventories	\$	975,604 20,726	\$	500 98,020 93,550	\$	1,876,847 - -	\$	850 545,702 267,913 40,324	\$	1,878,197 1,619,326 382,189 40,324	
Total Assets	<u>\$</u>	996,330	\$	192,070	\$	1,876,847	\$	854,789	\$	3,920,036	
LIABILITIES AND BALANCES:	FUND										
Liabilities: Accounts Payable Unearned Revenue	\$	303 828,493	\$	26,988 165,082	\$	- -	\$	10,986 215,444	\$	38,277 1,209,019	
Total Liabilities	_	828,796		192,070		-		226,430		1,247,296	
Fund Balances: Nonspendable: Inventories Committed to: Community Support		- 167.534		-		-		40,324 588,035		40,324 755,569	
Student Activities	_	-		-		1,876,847		-		1,876,847	
Total Fund Balances	_	167,534		-	_	1,876,847		628,359	_	2,672,740	
	-										
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	<u>\$</u>	996,330	\$	192,070	\$	1,876,847	\$	854,789	\$	3,920,036	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

		_					
	COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS		COMMUNITY SERVICES FUND		STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND	FOOD SERVICE FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES: Local Sources	¢.	1 069 042	¢ 1.620.752	¢.	2 269 750	¢ 1.422.500	¢ (501.045
Local Sources State Sources Federal Sources	\$	1,068,943	\$ 1,630,752 - -	<b>&gt;</b>	2,368,750	\$ 1,433,500 63,793 890,336	\$ 6,501,945 63,793 890,336
Total Revenues		1,068,943	1,630,752		2,368,750	2,387,629	7,456,074
EXPENDITURES: Current:							
Instruction		977,757	-		1,890,883	-	2,868,640
Support Services		23,643	-		-	-	23,643
Enterprise and Community Services			1,732,105			2,465,093	4,197,198
Capital Outlay		58,110	1,732,103		-	56,903	115,013
Total Expenditures		1,059,510	1,732,105		1,890,883	2,521,996	7,204,494
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures		9,433	(101,353)		477,867	(134,367)	251,580
Other Financing Sources: Transfers In		-	101,353		5,000	5,212	111,565
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories		_				(45,369)	(45,369)
Net Change in Fund Balance		9,433	-		482,866	(174,524)	317,776
Beginning Fund Balance		158,101			1,393,980	802,883	2,354,964
Ending Fund Balance	\$	167,534	\$ -	\$	1,876,846	\$ 628,359	\$ 2,672,740

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - COMMUNITY CONTRIBUTIONS FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **REVENUES:**

Local Sources:

Foundation Contributions

Other Contributions and Donations

**Total Revenues** 

	Detail by Object								
	SA	SALARIES		OYEE FITS	PURCHASED SERVICES		SUPPLIES & MATERIALS		
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Regular Programs: Primary K-5 Jr. High Programs Jr. High School Extra-curricular High School Programs High School Extra-curricular Other Special Programs	\$	554,713 147,968 - 162,319	\$	- - - -	\$	450 2,800 - 14,441 -	\$	26,621 16,064 1,411 50,572 398	
Total Instruction		865,000		<u>-</u>		17,691		95,066	
Support Services: Pupils: Improvement of Instruction Instructional Staff and Educational Media School Administration - Office of the Prinicipal Business: Operartion and Maintenance		- - -		- - -		- - -		19,900 3,743	
Total Support Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction				<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		23,643	
Total Expenditures	\$	865,000	\$	-	\$	17,691	\$	118,709	

Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures

Beginning Fund Balance

**Ending Fund Balance** 

			ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
			\$ 865,000 203,943	\$ 2,000,000 345,000		\$ (1,135,000) (141,057)
			1,068,943	2,345,000	2,345,000	(1,276,057)
	Detail b	y Object				
	CAPITAL OUTLAY	OTHER OBJECTS				
\$	7,186	\$ -	588,970 166,832	1,093,000 432,000		504,030 265,168
	15,120	- - -	1,411 242,452 398	681,000 11,000 3,000	- 681,000 11,000	(1,411) 438,548 10,602 3,000
	22,306		1,000,063	2,220,000		1,219,937
	- -	- -	- 19,900	20,000 25,000		20,000 5,100
	-	-	3,743	10,000	10,000	6,257
	35,804	<u> </u>	35,804	60,000	· ·	24,196
	35,804		59,447	115,000		55,553
Ф.	- 50 110		1,050,510	15,000		15,000
\$	58,110	\$ -	1,059,510			1,290,490
			9,433	(5,000)		14,433
			158,101	155,000	155,000	3,101
			\$ 167,534	\$ 150,000	\$ 150,000	\$ 17,534

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - COMMUNITY SERVICES FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### **COMMUNITY SERVICES FUND**

	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET
REVENUES: Local Sources, Community Service Activities:				
Community Services Tuition	\$ 781,565	\$ 900,000	\$ 900,000	\$ (118,435)
Extended Child Care Fees Driver's Ed. Fees	404,263 135,986	400,000	400,000 150,000	4,263 (14,014)
Pool Fees	73,790	150,000 150,000	150,000	(76,210)
Rent From School Facility	235,148	90,000	90,000	145,148
Miscellaneous	<u> </u>	 10,000	10,000	(10,000)
Total Revenues	1,630,752	 1,700,000	1,700,000	(69,248)
EXPENDITURES:				
Enterprise and Community Services				
Other Enterprise: Community Recreation:				
Salaries	637,886	350,000	350,000	(287,886)
Employee Benefits	209,787	150,000	150,000	(59,787)
Purchased Services	234,021	450,000	450,000	215,979
Supplies & Materials	200,999	235,000	235,000	34,001
Other Objects	13,461	10,000	10,000	(3,461)
Swim Pool:	0.106	20.000	20.000	11.014
Salaries Employee Benefits	8,186 1,432	20,000 5,000	20,000 5,000	11,814 3,568
Purchased Services	50,069	100,000	100,000	49,931
Supplies & Materials	26,225	29,000	29,000	2,775
Other Objects	1,154	1,000	1,000	(154)
Custody and Care of Children:	,	,	,	, ,
Salaries	209,072	200,000	200,000	(9,072)
Employee Benefits	114,131	125,000	125,000	10,869
Purchased Services	13,241	30,000	30,000	16,759
Supplies & Materials	12,441	 45,000	45,000	32,559
Total Expenditures	1,732,105	1,750,000	1,750,000	17,895
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(101,353)	(50,000)	(50,000)	(51,353)
Other Financing Sources:				
Transfers In	101,353	 50,000	50,000	51,353
Net Change in Fund Balance	-	-	-	-
Beginning Fund Balance		 <u>-</u>		<del>_</del>
Ending Fund Balance	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u>	\$ -	\$ -

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### STUDENT ACTIVITY FUND

	ORIGINAL FINAL ACTUAL BUDGET BUDGET			VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES: Local Sources:					
Community Services Activities	\$ 2,368,750	\$ 3,100,000	\$ 3,100,000	\$ (731,250)	
EXPENDITURES: Instruction: Regular Programs: Elementary-Extra-curricular:					
Supplies & Materials	73,350	125,000	125,000	51,650	
Jr. High-Extra-curricular: Supplies & Materials High School Extra-curricular:	212,768	350,000	350,000	137,232	
Supplies & Materials	1,604,766	2,625,000	2,625,000	1,020,234	
Total Expenditures	1,890,884	3,100,000	3,100,000	1,209,116	
Excess of Revenues Over Expenditures	477,866	-	_	477,866	
Other Financing Sources Transfers In	5,000			5,000	
Net Change in Fund Balance	482,866	-	-	482,866	
Beginning Fund Balance	1,393,980	1,000,000	1,000,000	393,980	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 1,876,846	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 876,846	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - FOOD SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

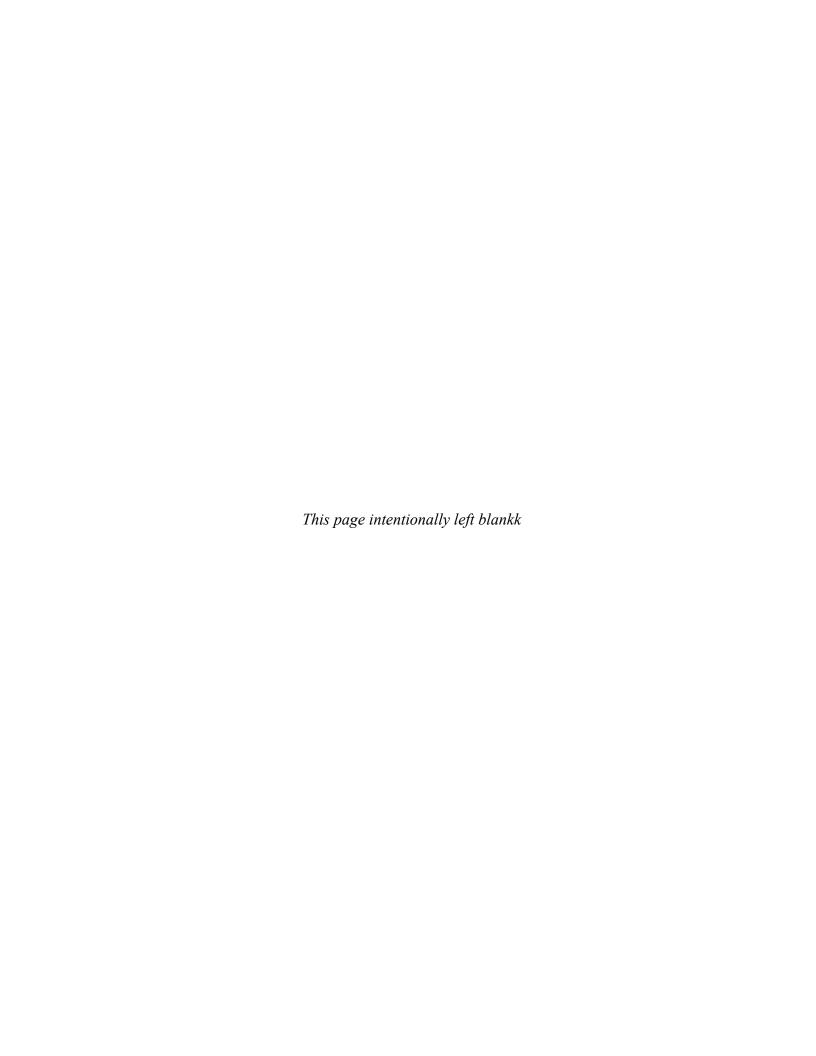
#### FOOD SERVICE FUND

	ACTUAL	ORIGINAL BUDGET	FINAL BUDGET	VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
REVENUES:					
Local Sources - Food Service:			4 770 000	4.504	
Food Service Sales	\$ 1,402,959	\$ 1,550,000	\$ 1,550,000	\$ (147,041)	
Banquets & Miscellaneous	30,541	50,000	50,000	(19,459)	
Total Local Sources - Food Service	1,433,500	1,600,000	1,600,000	(166,500)	
State Sources:					
State Grants in Aid	63,793	80,000	80,000	(16,207)	
Federal Sources:					
National School Lunch Reimbursement	700,290	470,000	530,000	170,290	
USDA Commodities	190,046	145,000	145,000	45,046	
CDD11 COMMOGNAC	170,010	110,000	1.0,000	,6.10	
Total Federal Sources	890,336	615,000	675,000	215,336	
Total Revenues	2,387,629	2,295,000	2,355,000	32,629	
EXPENDITURES:					
Enterprise and Community Services Food Service:					
Salaries	780,274	800,000	860,000	79,726	
Employee Benefits	420,760	400,000	400,000	(20,760)	
Purchased Services	87,325	75,000	75,000	(12,325)	
Supplies & Materials	1,142,516	1,265,000	1,265,000	122,484	
Capital Outlay	56,903	180,000	180,000	123,097	
Other Objects	34,218	30,000	30,000	(4,218)	
Total Expenditures	2,521,996	2,750,000	2,810,000	288,004	
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	(134,367)	(455,000)	(455,000)	320,633	
Other Financing Sources:					
Transfers In	5,212	5,000	5,000	212	
Net Change in Fund Balance	(129,155)	(450,000)	(450,000)	320,845	
Beginning Fund Balance	717,190	950,000	950,000	(232,810)	
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 588,035	\$ 500,000	\$ 500,000	\$ 88,035	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE ACTUAL AND BUDGET (BUDGETARY BASIS) - INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### INSURANCE INTERNAL SERVICE FUND

		ACTUAL		ORIGINAL BUDGET		FINAL BUDGET		VARIANCE TO FINAL BUDGET	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers In	\$	250,000	\$	<u>-</u>	\$		\$	250,000	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		250,000						250,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		250,000		-		-		250,000	
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of year									
FUND BALANCE, End of year	\$	250,000	\$		\$		\$	250,000	





DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### A. Energy Bill Heating - All Funds:

Please enter your expenditures for electricity, heating fuel and water and sewage for these Functions & Objects:

	Objects 325, 326 & 327
Function 2540	\$ 2,149,411
Function 2550	-

Exclude these functions:

\$ 33,422

#### B. Replacement of Equipment - General Fund:

Include all General Fund expenditures in object 542, except for the following exclusions:

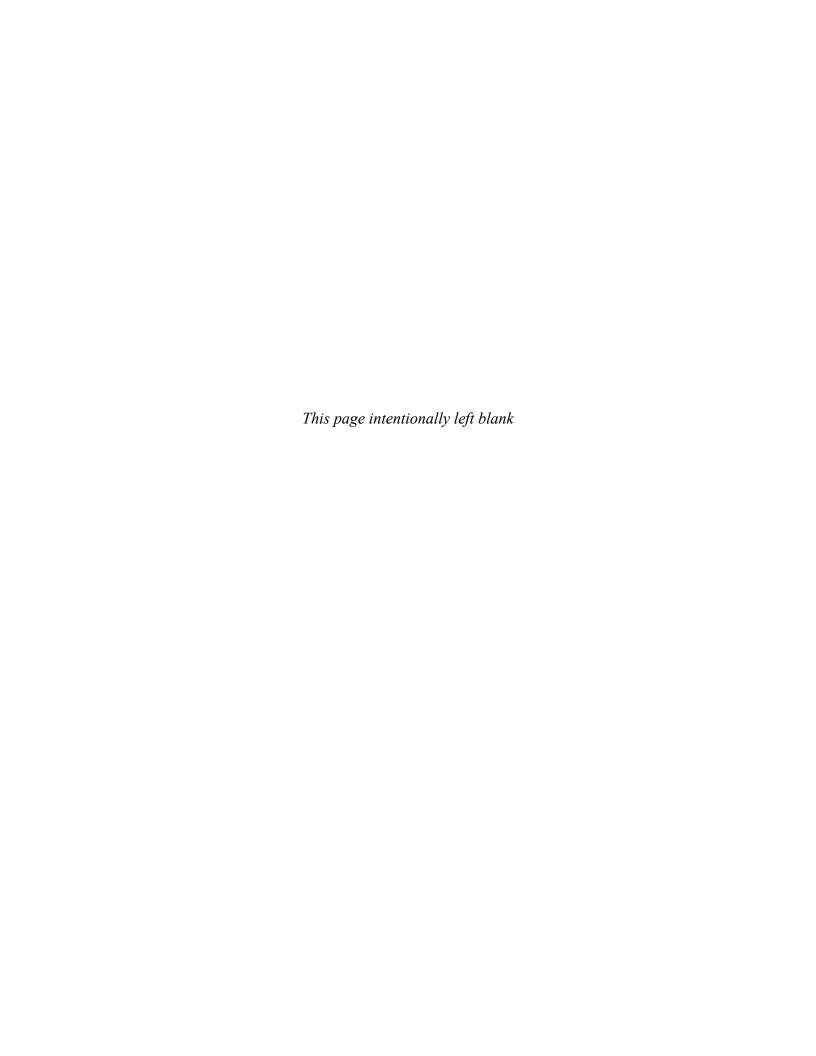
Exclude these functions:

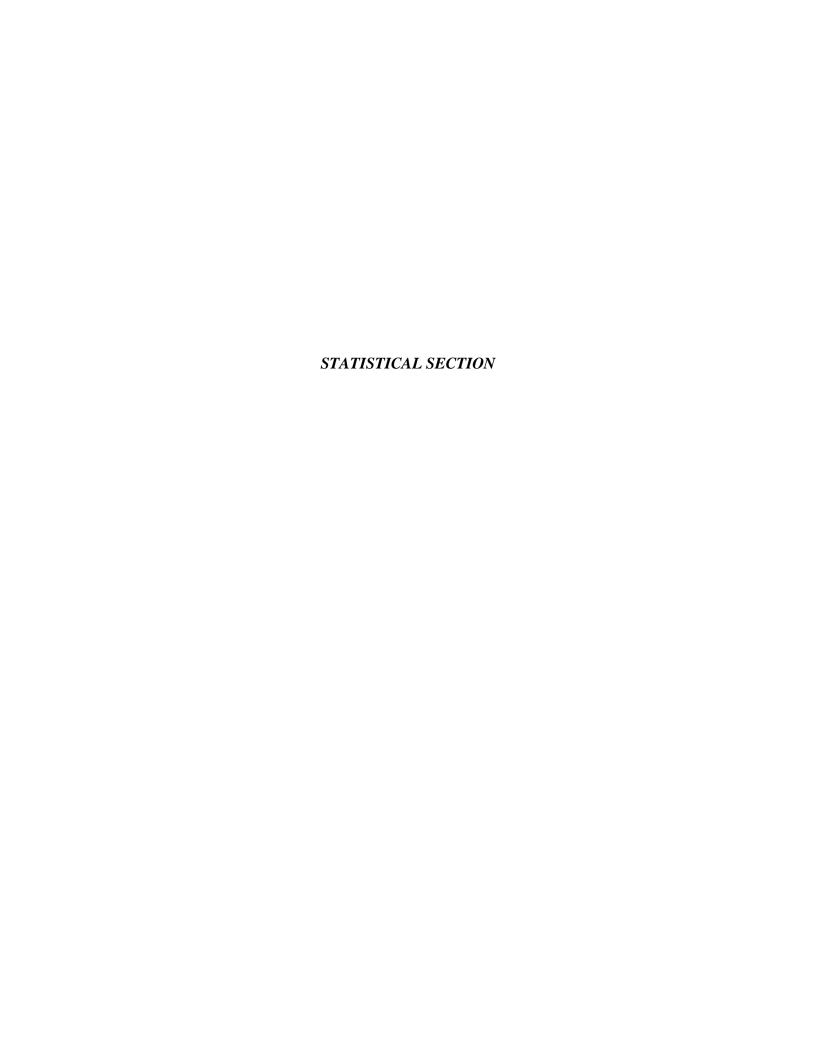
1113, 1122 & 1132	Co-curricular Activities	4150	Construction
1140	Pre-Kindergarten	2550	<b>Pupil Transportation</b>
1300	Continuing Education	3100	Food Service
1400	Summer School	3300	<b>Community Services</b>

SCHEDULE OF FOUNDATION RECEIPTS, UNEARNED REVENUES, REVENUES AND EXPENDITURES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Foundation unearned revenues as of June 30, 2023 (Amounts received from Foundation in prior fiscal year for current fiscal year)		\$	873,493
Amounts unspent as of June 30, 2024	\$ 33,493		(33,493)
Foundation donations to District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024  Total foundation donations received by District during the current fiscal year \$820,000  Allocation of donations received in current fiscal year:			
Donations received for current fiscal year	-		25,000
Donations received in current fiscal year for the next fiscal year	795,000		
Foundation revenues recognized for fiscal year ended June 30, 2024			865,000
Total Foundation unearned revenues as of June 30, 2024	\$ 828,493		
Expenditure of Foundation donations within the Community Contributions Fund:			
Teacher and Aide Salaries and Wages		-	865,000
			0.55.000
Total Foundation expenditures			865,000
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		\$	

Foundation resources and expenditures thereof are accounted for within the District's Community Contributions Fund. This schedule reflects the amounts within that Fund that relate solely to the Foundation.





BALANCE SHEETS - GENERAL FUND LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

	2020	2021 2022		2022	2024	
ASSETS:	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	
Cash	\$ 22,065,490	\$ 37,400,795	\$ 30,345,423	\$ 24,299,532	\$ 30,879,093	
Interfund Receivables	1,096,187	Ψ 37,400,773	φ 50,545,425	4,672,138	Ψ 30,077,073	
Receivables:	1,070,107			4,072,130		
Taxes	1,650,986	1,633,053	1,967,500	2,258,438	2,115,826	
Accounts	361,304	1,207,037	686,345	933,674	1,380,483	
Leases Receivable	301,301	1,207,037	913,472	772,918	639,718	
Intergovernmental Loan Receivable	_	_	-		580,000	
Accrued Interest	1,440	279	612	44,730	32,621	
Prepaids	55,690	21,070	21,154	23,271	46,353	
Inventories	46,565	47,727	40,747	27,815	34,272	
Total Assets	\$ 25,277,662	\$ 40,309,961	\$ 33,975,253	\$ 33,032,516	\$ 35,708,366	
2000 12000	Ψ 20,277,002	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF						
RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES:						
LIABILITIES:						
Interfund Payables	\$ -	\$ 9,037,935	\$ 4,167,143	\$ -	\$ 7,620,999	
Intergovernmental Payable	531,262	577,083	631,869	589,290	78,759	
Accrued Payroll and Benefits Payable	7,399,904	7,463,086	7,003,058	10,972,593	10,830,569	
Accounts and Retainage Payable	1,066,372	910,393	1,630,159	1,842,362	1,799,441	
Unearned Revenue	5,467	8,500	14,935	3,305	14,946	
Total Liabilities	9,003,005	17,996,997	13,447,164	13,407,550	20,344,714	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:						
Unavailable Revenue - Taxes	1,267,742	1,315,824	1,741,724	1,395,954	1,658,856	
Unavailable Revenue - Leases	<u>-</u> _		913,472	772,918	639,718	
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,267,742	1,315,824	2,655,196	2,168,872	2,298,574	
FUND BALANCES:						
Nonspendable Prepaids	55,690	21,070	21,154	23,271	46,353	
Nonspendable Inventories	46,565	47,727	40,747	27,815	34,272	
Nonspendable Loan Receivable	-	-	-	-	580,000	
Unassigned	14,904,660	20,928,343	17,810,992	17,405,008	12,404,453	
Total Fund Balances	15,006,915	20,997,140	17,872,893	17,456,094	13,065,078	
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows		h 10.000 5 33	<b> </b>		<b></b>	
of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$ 25,277,662	\$ 40,309,961	\$ 33,975,253	\$ 33,032,516	\$ 35,708,366	

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GENERAL FUND LAST FIVE FISCAL YEARS

<u>-</u>					
	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024
REVENUES:					
Local Sources:					
Taxes	\$ 49,528,306	\$ 51,654,497	\$ 53,341,698	\$ 56,357,625	\$ 58,726,723
Earnings on Investments	736,425	243,581	234,718	1,068,769	1,647,083
Other Local Sources	2,141,262	1,473,098	2,288,496	2,484,286	2,945,281
Intermediate Sources	1,427,287	2,397,017	1,025,585	1,752,567	2,016,142
State Sources	32,963,134	34,448,801	33,466,694	40,601,837	41,843,820
Federal Sources		341	32,953	112,307	28,030
Total Revenues	86,796,414	90,217,335	90,390,144	102,377,391	107,207,079
EXPENDITURES:					
Current:					
Instruction	54,279,581	50,674,493	54,277,138	65,757,007	70,708,822
Support Services	28,385,091	26,055,194	30,056,772	34,970,053	38,622,575
Capital Outlay	541,120	464,232	66,623	375,504	100,713
Debt Service:					
Principal	2,031,630	2,782,474	3,369,428	1,152,965	1,183,364
Interest and Other Changes	3,332,930	2,404,613	2,194,262	335,564	355,307
Total Expenditures	88,570,352	82,381,006	89,964,223	102,591,093	110,970,781
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues					
Over Expenditures	(1,773,938)	7,836,329	425,921	(213,702)	(3,763,702)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):					
Issuance of Long-term Debt	_	_	_	279,665	61,135
Compensation for Loss of Capital Assets	6,000	51,128	4,939	2,210	-
Transfers Out	(1,062,330)	(1,898,394)	(3,548,127)	(472,040)	(694,906)
Total Other Financing	(-,,,	(2,020,02)	(0,010,121)	(112,414)	(0) 1,5007
Sources (Uses)	(1,056,330)	(1,847,266)	(3,543,188)	(190,165)	(633,771)
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over					
Expenditures and Other Uses	(2,830,268)	5,989,063	(3,117,267)	(403,867)	(4,397,473)
Experientures and Other Uses	(2,830,208)	3,989,003	(3,117,207)	(403,807)	(4,397,473)
Increase (Decrease) in Inventories	438	1,162	(6,980)	(12,932)	6,457
FUND BALANCE, Beginning of Year	17,836,745	15,006,915	20,997,140	17,872,893	17,456,094
FUND BALANCE, End of Year	\$ 15,006,915	\$ 20,997,140	\$ 17,872,893	\$ 17,456,094	\$ 13,065,078

Note: This schedule includes only revenues, expenditures, transfers and fund balances of the General Fund. This schedule has been prepared on a GAAP basis.

SCHEDULE OF ASSESSED AND REAL MARKET VALUES AND GO BOND CAPACITY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

#### All Counties

Fiscal Year	Total Assessed Value	Urban Renewal Excess	Net Assessed Value	M5 Real Market Value	GO Bond Capacity (7.95% of RMV)	GO Bonds Outstanding	Remaining Capacity
2024	\$ 10,406,827,418	\$ 630,583,189	\$ 9,776,244,229	\$ 20,566,417,704	\$ 1,635,030,207	\$ 329,855,000	\$ 1,305,175,207
2023	9,998,470,930	611,281,029	9,387,189,901	18,568,078,948	1,476,162,276	342,880,000	1,133,282,276
2022	9,567,135,914	529,014,165	9,038,121,749	15,843,517,666	1,259,559,654	353,590,000	905,969,654
2021	9,197,875,222	492,444,752	8,705,430,470	14,606,359,951	1,161,205,616	209,260,000	951,945,616
2020	8,800,664,316	444,788,050	8,355,876,266	14,030,801,580	1,115,448,726	216,705,000	898,743,726
2019	8,401,180,889	363,345,168	8,037,835,721	13,279,078,936	1,055,686,775	197,580,000	858,106,775
2018	8,073,333,002	341,948,946	7,731,384,056	12,294,192,730	977,388,322	204,605,000	772,783,322
2017	7,749,618,202	321,226,290	7,428,391,912	11,480,485,565	912,698,602	52,150,000	860,548,602
2016	7,405,781,328	278,792,794	7,126,988,534	10,126,271,085	805,038,551	56,120,000	748,918,551
2015	7,072,810,033	249,508,529	6,823,301,504	9,232,430,532	733,978,227	59,705,000	674,273,227

Sources: Clackamas, Washington and Multnomah County Departments of Assessment and Taxation.

### Clackamas County

Fiscal	Total Assessed	Urban Renewal	AV Used to	M5 Real
Year	Valuation	Excess	Calculate Rates	Market Value
2024	\$ 10,287,771,546	\$ 630,583,189	\$ 9,657,188,357	\$ 20,336,151,713
2023	9,883,889,244	611,281,029	9,272,608,215	18,349,589,825
2022	9,456,450,858	529,014,165	8,927,436,693	15,653,013,241
2021	9,089,878,516	496,444,752	8,593,433,764	14,425,693,560
2020	8,697,516,880	444,788,050	8,252,728,830	13,856,453,814
2019	8,302,927,751	363,345,168	7,939,582,583	13,119,299,528
2018	7,978,043,715	341,948,946	7,636,094,769	12,143,029,494
2017	7,653,043,997	321,226,290	7,331,817,707	11,342,009,758
2016	7,317,397,618	278,792,794	7,038,604,824	10,005,026,423
2015	6,986,692,619	249,508,529	6,737,184,090	9,119,190,699

### Washington County

Fiscal	Total Assessed	Urban Renewal	AV Used to	M5 Real	
Year	Valuation	Excess	Calculate Rates	Market Value	
2024	\$ 88,579,5	62 \$ -	\$ 88,579,562	\$ 176,139,329	
2023	84,985,7	- 06	84,985,706	167,371,013	
2022	81,999,6	56 -	81,999,656	144,399,215	
2021	80,196,1	96 -	80,196,196	139,225,711	
2020	76,097,5	56 -	76,097,556	132,650,626	
2019	71,982,4	- 68	71,982,468	118,076,278	
2018	69,810,0	- 67	69,810,067	111,731,056	
2017	71,944,6	55 -	71,944,655	103,381,587	
2016	64,423,5	40 -	64,423,540	87,680,802	
2015	62,914,1	14 -	62,914,114	83,484,253	

### Multnomah County

Fiscal	To	otal Assessed	Urban Renewal		A	AV Used to		M5 Real
Year		Valuation		Excess	Ca	lculate Rates	N	Market Value
2024	\$	30,476,310	\$	-	\$	30,476,310	\$	54,126,662
2023		29,595,980		-		29,595,980		51,118,110
2022		28,685,400		-		28,685,400		46,105,210
2021		27,800,510		-		27,800,510		41,440,680
2020		27,049,880		-		27,049,880		41,697,140
2019		26,270,670		-		26,270,670		41,703,130
2018		25,479,220		-		25,479,220		39,432,180
2017		24,629,550		-		24,629,550		35,094,220
2016		23,960,170		-		23,960,170		33,563,860
2015		23,203,300		-		23,203,300		29,755,580

Sources: Clackamas, Washington and Multnomah County Departments of Assessment and Taxation.

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT RATIOS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Real Market Value	\$ 20,566,417,704
Estimated Population	46,645
Per Capita Real Market Value	\$ 440,914

	Gross Overlapping			Net Overlapping		
Debt Information		Debt <sup>1</sup>		Debt <sup>2</sup>		
District	\$	361,485,000	\$	361,485,000		
Overlapping		300,586,275		176,969,393		
Total Direct Debt	\$	662,071,275	\$	538,454,393		
Bonded Debt Ratios						
District Direct Debt to Real Market Value		1.76%		1.76%		
Total Direct Debt to Real Market Value		3.22%		2.62%		
Per Capita District Direct Debt	\$	7,750	\$	7,750		
Per Capita Total Direct Debt	\$	14,194	\$	11,544		

<sup>(1)</sup> Gross Property-Backed Debt includes all unlimited (general obligation bonds) and limited (full faith and credit obligations) tax supported debt.

Sources: Municipal Debt Advisory Commission and County Tax Data.

<sup>(2)</sup> Net Property-Backed Debt is Gross Property-Backed Debt less self-supporting limited and unlimited tax supported debt.

Fiscal Year 2024 Tax Code Area 007-021\*

	Permanent		Во	Bond Levy		Local Option		
General Government		Rate	Rate			Rate	Le	evy Rate
City of Lake Oswego inside LOSD Boundary	\$	4.6273	\$	0.2051	\$	0.0000	\$	4.8324
Urban Renewal City of Lake Oswego		1.1015		0.0000		0.0000		1.1015
Clackamas County		2.2364		0.0000		0.3680		2.6044
Urban Renewal Clackamas County		0.0085		0.0000		0.0000		0.0085
Clackamas County 4-H Extension		0.0463		0.0000		0.0000		0.0463
Clackamas County Public Library		0.3673		0.0000		0.0000		0.3673
Clackamas County Public Safety Radio		0.0000		0.0846		0.0000		0.0846
Clackamas County Soil Conservation		0.0463		0.0000		0.0000		0.0463
Lake Grove Park		0.0403		0.0000		0.0000		0.0403
Port of Portland		0.0652		0.0000		0.0000		0.0652
Metro		0.0894		0.3660		0.0960		0.5514
Vector Control		0.0062		0.0000		0.0250		0.0312
Total General Government	\$	8.6347	\$	0.6557	\$	0.4890	\$	9.7794
Education								
Portland Community College District	\$	0.2641	\$	0.3410	\$	0.0000	\$	0.6051
Clackamas Educational Service District		0.3407		0.0000		0.0000		0.3407
Lake Oswego School District		4.1622		2.7205		1.6400		8.5227
Total Education	\$	4.7670	\$	3.0615	\$	1.6400	\$	9.4685
Total Tax Rate	\$	13.4017	\$	3.7172	\$	2.1290	\$	19.2479

<sup>\*</sup>Actual rates levied for Tax Code Area 007-021, the largest Tax Code area in the District, have an Assessed Value of \$4.45 billion for the 2024 Tax Year (fiscal year 2023-24).

Source: Clackamas County Department of Assessment and Taxation

PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CLACKAMAS COUNTY AS A WHOLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Taxpayer	Business/Service	Tax	A	ssessed Value	Percent of Value
Portland General Electric	Electrical Utility	\$ 16,804,877	\$	1,185,637,000	1.86%
Fred Meyer Stores Inc	Retail	5,218,822		283,911,960	0.45%
PCC Structurals Inc	Manufacturing/Aerospace	5,112,149		293,207,291	0.46%
General Growth Properties Inc.	Town Center Mall	5,050,809		304,513,010	0.48%
Shorenstein Properties LLC	Kruse Way Office Buildings	4,839,624		252,347,635	0.40%
Northwest Natural Gas Co	Natural Gas Utility	4,762,461		290,728,000	0.46%
Comcast Corporation	Telecommunications	2,532,210		129,963,939	0.20%
ROIC Oregon LLC	Property Investments/Mgmt.	1,862,937		96,999,744	0.15%
Meadows Road LLC	Kruse Way Office Buildings	1,560,656		81,088,011	0.13%
HS Mercantile Village Venture LLC	Kruse Way Office Buildings	 1,465,812		76,297,809	0.12%
Subtotal - ten of County's largest taxpayers		49,210,357		2,994,694,399	4.71%
All other County's taxpayers				60,600,082,723	95.29%
Total County			\$	63,594,777,122	100.00%

Source: Clackamas County Department of Assessment and Taxation.

STATE SCHOOL FUND CALCULATION PRIOR TWO YEARS, CURRENT & ENSUING FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year		2022		2023		2024		2025
Extended ADMw:		Final		Final	La	test Estimate	Lat	test Estimate
Current Fiscal Year Estimated ADMw (non-charter)		7,661.8		7,677.0		7,615.1		7,456.3
Prior Fiscal Year Estimated ADMw (non-charter)		7,535.4		7,661.8		7,677.0		7,615.1
Non-Charter Extended ADMw (greater of Current or Prior Year)		7,661.8		7,677.0		7,677.0		7,615.1
Current Fiscal Year Estimated ADMw (total charter schools)		20.2		30.8		31.6		0.0
Prior Fiscal Year Estimated ADMw (total charter schools)		28.3		20.2		30.8		31.6
Charter Extended ADMw (greater of Current or Prior Year for								
each school)		28.3		30.8		31.6		31.6
Total Extended ADMw (Non-Charter plus Charter)		7,681.99		7,697.20		7,708.6		7,646.7
Experience Adjustment:								
District Average Teacher Experience		13.53		13.68		13.82		13.82
State Average Teacher Experience		11.90		11.85		11.85		11.85
Experience Adjustment (District and State Teacher Experience								
Difference)		1.63		1.83		1.97		1.97
Local Revenue Offsets:								
Property Taxes	\$	39,003,196	\$	41,114,632	\$	42,000,000	\$	43,500,000
Common School Fund		811,544		906,765		898,608		920,664
County School Fund		21,336		2,389		1,000		1,000
Total Local Revenue Offsets		39,836,076		42,023,786		42,899,608		44,421,664
Transportation Grant:								
Net Eligible Transportation Costs		3,368,215		4,492,926		4,900,000		5,200,000
Grant (70% of Net Eligible Transportation Costs)		2,357,751		3,145,048		3,430,000		3,640,000
General Purpose Grant:								
(Extended ADMw x [ $$4,500 + ($25 \times Experience Adjust.)$ ]) x								
Funding Ratio =		71,048,160		74,961,517		78,576,547		81,391,124
Total Formula Revenue:								
General Purpose Grant + Transportation Grant =		73,405,911		78,106,565		82,006,547		85,031,124
State School Fund Grant:								
Total Formula Revenue - Local Revenue =	\$	33,569,835	\$	36,082,779	\$	39,106,939	\$	40,609,460
	=		=		=		=	

Source: Oregon Department of Education, School Finance Office.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS & OUTSTANDING BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

					GEN	ERAL FUND						
TAX YEAR				AD	JUSTMENTS TO ROLLS	ADD TEREST	В	CASH LLECTIONS Y COUNTY REASURER	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED June 30, 2024			
Current:												
2023-24	\$	60,245,248	\$	1,576,555	\$	(156,110)	\$	10,970	\$	57,404,924	\$	1,118,629
Prior Years												
2022-23		847,228		(482)		(30,902)		33,528		484,528		365,807
2021-22		340,132		(264)		(10,878)		26,855		160,588		195,785
2020-21		163,749		(49)		(3,113)		27,616		114,658		73,643
2019-20		61,591		3		(1,299)		13,674		50,358		23,605
2018-19		19,696		-		(453)		2,250		6,498		14,994
2017-18		13,505		-		(288)		1,190		3,085		11,322
2016-17 & Prior		49,556				5,632		3,919		7,227		51,880
Total Prior		1,495,456		(792)		(41,301)		109,032		826,942		737,036
Total	\$	61,740,704	\$	1,575,763	\$	(197,411)	\$	120,002	\$	58,231,866	\$	1,855,665
RECONCILIATION	IS TO A	SSETS:										
Balance Uncollected Accrual of Taxes Re		-		surer but in					\$	1,855,665		
July by District:										260,161		
	al Taxes	Recivable on the	e Mod	lified Accrual l	Basis				\$	2,115,826		
RECONCILIATION	JS TO R	EVENI IE:										
Cash Collections by									\$	58,231,866		
Accrual of Available	•		,						φ	30,231,000		
	30, 2023									(99,502)		
	30, 2024									196,809		
		r Year Debt Servio	e Ove	erallocation						311,502		
Taxes in Lieu of Pro										86,048		
				fied Accrual B					\$	58,726,723		

Sources: Clackamas, Washington and Multnomah County Departments of Assessment and Taxation.

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX COLLECTIONS & OUTSTANDING BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

			DEBT SERVICE FUI	ND		
TAX	ORIGINAL LEVY OR BALANCE UNCOLLECTED	DEDUCT	ADJUSTMENTS TO	ADD	CASH COLLECTIONS BY COUNTY	BALANCE UNCOLLECTED OR UNSEGREGATED
YEAR	June 30, 2023	DISCOUNTS	ROLLS	INTEREST	TREASURER	June 30, 2024
Current: 2023-2024	\$ 28,500,737	\$ 745,845	\$ (73,852)	\$ 5,188	\$ 27,157,112	\$ 529,116
Prior Years						
2022-23	398,348	(227)	(14,580)	15,806	228,452	171,347
2021-22	112,210	(85)	(3,488)	8,858	52,763	64,904
2020-21	54,843	(16)	(1,034)	9,250	38,374	24,701
2019-20	20,644	1	(430)	4,580	16,859	7,934
2018-19	6,980	-	(159)	780	2,236	5,365
2017-18	4,853	-	(103)	426	1,104	4,072
2016-17 & Prior	15,928		(6,623)	773	1,394	8,683
Total Prior	613,806	(328)	(26,417)	40,473	341,182	287,006
Total	\$ 29,114,543	\$ 745,517	\$ (100,269)	\$ 45,661	\$ 27,498,294	\$ 816,122
RECONCILIATIO	NS TO ASSETS:					
	ed by County Treasurer Acceived in June by County				\$ 816,122 113,563	
	al Taxes Receivable on t	the Medified Assembl	Davis			
100	at Taxes Receivable on t	ine Modified Accruai	Basis		\$ 929,685	
RECONCILIATIO	NS TO REVENUE:					
Cash Collections by	y County Treasurer Abo	ve			\$ 27,498,294	
Accrual of Availab	le Taxes Receivable:					
	30, 2023 30, 2024				(42,594) 88,452	
Corr	ect Prior Year Debt Serv	vice Overallocation			(311,502)	
Taxes in Lieu of Pr	operty Taxes				1,436	
To	otal Tax Revenues on the	e Modified Accrual E	Basis		\$ 27,234,086	

Sources: Clackamas, Washington and Multnomah County Departments of Assessment and Taxation.

GENERAL FUND ADOPTED BUDGETS PRIOR, CURRENT AND ENSUING FISCAL YEAR

Revenues & Beginning Fund Balance 1000 From Local Sources 2000 From Intermediate Sources 3000 From State Sources 4000 From Federal Sources 5000 From Other Sources	Total Revenues	\$	Original Adopted 2022-23 Budget  57,170,000 1,655,000 35,150,000 15,000 18,260,001 112,250,001	\$ Original Adopted 2023-24 Budget  60,665,000 1,905,000 39,150,000 20,000 16,010,001 117,750,001	\$ Original Adopted 2024-25 Budget  63,795,000 2,155,000 43,650,000 20,000 17,510,002 127,130,002
Expenditures & Ending Fund Balance-Functi	on (1):				
1000 Instruction		\$	62,350,000	\$ 67,750,000	\$ 75,100,000
2000 Support Services			32,700,000	35,800,000	40,250,000
4000 Facilities Acquisition & Const.			1	1	2
5100 Debt Service			1,500,000	1,500,000	1,500,000
5200 Interfund Transactions			625,000	255,000	105,000
6000 Contingency			2,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
7000 Unappropriated Ending		_	13,075,000	 10,445,000	 8,175,000
	Total Expenditures	\$	112,250,001	\$ 117,750,001	\$ 127,130,002
Expenditures & Ending Fund Balance-Object	t:				
100 Salaries & Wages		\$	48,642,764	\$ 56,164,492	\$ 61,920,406
200 Associated Payroll Costs			31,079,179	32,086,853	37,282,062
300 Purchased Services			11,285,261	12,153,883	12,835,252
400 Materials and Supplies			3,307,997	2,243,544	2,407,457
500 Capital Outlay			16,000	16,800	22,800
600 Other Objects			2,218,800	2,384,429	2,382,025
700 Interfund Transactions			625,000	255,000	105,000
800 Planned Reserve			15,075,000	12,445,000	 10,175,000
	Total Expenditures	\$	112,250,001	\$ 117,750,001	\$ 127,130,002
		_		 	 

### (1) Appropriation levels.

Source: District Budgets.





### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

School Board Lake Oswego School District No. 7J Lake Oswego, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lake Oswego School District No. 7J, Clackamas County, Oregon (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2025.

### Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

# Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

**REDW** <sub>LLC</sub> Salem, Oregon January 22, 2025



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

School Board Lake Oswego School District No. 7J Lake Oswego, Oregon

### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Lake Oswego School District No. 7J (the "District")'s compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Lake Oswego School District No. 7J complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

### Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Lake Oswego School District No. 7J and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

#### Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*,

and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, Government Auditing Standards, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

### Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

**REDW** <sub>LLC</sub> Salem, Oregon January 22, 2025

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Source/Grant Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION:			
Passed Through Oregon Department of Education:			
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	76510	\$ 172,425
Subtotal Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies			172,425
Special Education Cluster (IDEA):			
IDEA Part B, Section 611	84.027	77998	1,008,950
IDEA Part B, Section 611 PassThru	84.027	74058	48,631
IDEA Equipment and Supplies Grant	84.027	75337	38,847
Subtotal Special Education - Grants to States			1,096,428
COVID-19 - IDEA Part B, Section 619 - ARP	84.173	69187	5,841
IDEA Part B, Section 619 PassThru	84.173	74245	6,913
IDEA Part B, Section 619	84.173	77813	2,514
Subtotal Special Education Preschool Grant			15,268
Subtotal Special Education Cluster (IDEA)			1,111,696
Title III - English Language Acquisition	84.365	58481	5,091
Title III - English Language Acquisition	84.365	73101	15,406
Subtotal Title III - English Language Acquisition			20,497
Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	77131	12,876
Subtotal Title IV - Student Support and Academic Enrichment			12,876
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	72742	20,603
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367	76707	103,448
Subtotal Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants			124,051
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	69362	2,493
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	64919	166,533
COVID-19 - Education Stabilization Fund	84.425	75949	19,583
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund			188,609
Passed Through Oregon Institute of Technology (OIT):			
COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund	84.425	STM454 FCN-003	4,767
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund Passed Through OIT			4,767
Subtotal Education Stabilization Fund			193,376
Passed Through Clackamas Education Service District: Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	N/A	22 774
	04.040	IN/A	23,774
Subtotal Career and Technical - Basic Grants to States			23,774
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION			1,658,695

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Source/Grant Title	Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Expenditures
U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE: Passed Through Oregon Department of Education:			
Child Nutrition Cluster:			
School Breakfast Program	10.553	N/A	\$ 59,619
National School Lunch Program	10.555	N/A	411,753
National School Lunch Program - Supply Chain Assistance	10.555	N/A	222,174
National School Lunch Program - Commoditites	10.555	N/A	190,046
Subtotal Child Nutrition Cluster			883,592
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs	10.649	N/A	653
Subtotal Pandemic EBT Administrative Costs			653
Local Food for Schools Cooperative Agreement Program	10.185	76151	6,091
Subtotal Local Food for Schools Cooperative Agreement Program		6,091	
Passed Through Clackamas County: Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			
Schools and Roads - Grants to States	10.665	N/A	28,030
Subtotal Forest Service Schools and Roads Cluster			28,030
TOTAL U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE			918,366
TOTAL FEDERAL ASSISTANCE			\$ 2,577,061

NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### *Purpose of the Schedule*

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net assets, or cash flows of the District.

#### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of Presentation

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.

### Indirect Cost Rate

The District has not elected to use the 10 percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under Uniform Guidance.

#### Federal Financial Assistance

Pursuant to Uniform Guidance, federal financial assistance is defined as assistance provided by a federal agency, either directly or indirectly, in the form of grants, contracts, cooperative agreements, loans, loan guarantees, property, interest subsidies, insurance or direct appropriations. Accordingly, non-monetary federal assistance, including federal surplus property, is included in federal financial assistance and, therefore, is reported on the Schedule, if applicable. Federal financial assistance does not include direct federal cash assistance to individuals. Solicited contracts between the state and federal government for which the federal government procures tangible goods or services are not considered to be federal financial assistance.

### Major Programs

Uniform Guidance establishes criteria to be used in defining major federal financial assistance programs. Major programs for the District are those programs selected for testing by the auditor using a risk-assessment model, as well as certain minimum expenditure requirements, as outlined in Uniform Guidance. Programs with similar requirements may be grouped into a cluster for testing purposes.

### Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is fully described in notes to the financial statements. The Schedule includes all federal programs administered by the District for the year ended June 30, 2024.

#### Revenue and Expenditure Recognition

The receipt and expenditure of federal awards are accounted for under the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when measurable and available. Expenditures are recorded when the liability is incurred. Donated commodities are valued at their estimated fair value.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

#### SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S RESULTS

Financial	Statements
1 manciai	Simelliellis

Type of report the auditor issued on whether the financial statements audited were prepared in accordance with GAAP:

Unmodified

Internal control over financial reporting:Material weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported

Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?

No

#### Federal Awards

Internal control over major federal programs:

• Material weakness(es) identified?

No

• Significant deficiency(ies) identified?

None reported Unmodified

Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major federal programs:

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with

2 CFR section 200.516(a)?

No

Identification of major federal programs:

#### Assistance Listing Number(s)

Name of Federal Program or Cluster

10.553, 10.555

Child Nutrition Cluster

Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:

\$750,000

Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?

Yes

### FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

### FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS

None.

SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

### PRIOR YEAR FINANCIAL STATEMENT FINDINGS

None.

PRIOR YEAR FEDERAL AWARDS FINDINGS

None.



### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS

School Board Lake Oswego School District No. 7J Lake Oswego, Oregon

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the basic financial statements of Lake Oswego School District No. 7J, Clackamas County, Oregon (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated January 22, 2025.

### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Programs funded from outside sources.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- State school fund factors and calculation.

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except for:

- Expenditures in excess of appropriations as noted in the financial statements.
- Delinquent filing of the current year summary of revenues and expenditures with the Secretary of State, which is due within six months of year-end or December 31 each year.

#### Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting.

#### Restriction on Use

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the school board and management of the Lake Oswego School District No. 7J and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Larry E. Grant, Principal

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For REDW LLC Salem, Oregon January 22, 2025