

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS

June 30, 2022

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Education of the Shelter Island Union Free School District Town of Shelter Island, New York:

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Shelter Island Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the Shelter Island Union Free School District as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Nawrocki Smith

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control–related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and required supplementary information, on pages 4-15 and 53-57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Nawrocki Smith

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The accompanying other supplementary information and schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by the New York State Education Department and by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 12, 2022, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Hauppauge, New York October 12, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Shelter Island Union Free School District's (District) discussion and analysis of the financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022 in comparison with the year ended June 30, 2021, with emphasis on the current year. This should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and notes to financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

1. FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial highlights for fiscal year 2022 are as follows:

- The District's total net position (deficit), as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, decreased by \$1,599,564 or 8.78% to \$(16,617,362). This was due to an excess of revenues over expenses using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.
- The District's expenses for the year, as reflected in the district-wide financial statements, totaled \$10,643,836. Of this amount, \$523,012 was offset by program charges for services, and operating grants and contributions. General revenues of \$11,720,388 amount to 95.73% of total revenues, and were adequate to cover the balance of program expenses.
- The District's general-fund fund balance, as reflected in the fund financial statements was \$3,335,722 at June 30, 2022. This balance represents a \$111,164 (3.23%) decrease from the prior year, due to an excess of expenditures and other financing uses over revenues and other financing sources, using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, as follows:
 - -Restricted fund balances decreased by \$204,678 mainly due to the use of reserves, offset by funding of reserves and interest allocated to the reserves.
 - -Assigned fund balance increased \$95,953 due to an increase in outstanding encumbrances, offset by a decrease in the fund balance appropriated to fund the 2023 budget.
 - -Unassigned fund balance decreased by \$2,439 to \$660,498.
- The District's 2022 budgeted property tax levy of \$11,016,572, including STAR, was a 2.21% increase over the 2021 tax levy, which was equal to the District's property tax cap and did not require an override vote. The actual levy amount was reduced as a result of the removal of LIPA properties from the assessments. The District received payments in lieu of taxes for LIPA, however, the amount received was less than the amount of the original assessment resulting in a shortfall in property tax revenues.

2. OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of four parts – management's discussion and analysis (MD&A), the financial statements, required supplementary information, and other information. The financial statements consist of district-wide financial statements, fund financial statements, and notes to financial statements. A graphic display of the relationship of these statements follows:



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A. District-Wide Financial Statements

The district-wide financial statements present the governmental activities of the District and are organized to provide an understanding of the fiscal performance of the District, as a whole, in a manner similar to a private sector business. There are two district-wide financial statements - the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. These statements provide both an aggregate and long-term view of the District's finances.

These statements utilize the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes the financial effects of events when they occur, without regard to the timing of cash flows related to the events.

The Statement of Net Position

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's school buildings and other capital assets.

The Statement of Activities

The Statement of Activities presents information showing the change in net position during the fiscal year. All changes in net position are recorded at the time the underlying financial event occurs. Revenues are recognized in the period when they are earned and expenses are recognized in the period when the liability is incurred. Therefore, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will result in cash flow in future fiscal periods.

B. Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's funds, not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District also uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with finance-related legal requirements. The funds of the District are reported in the governmental funds and the fiduciary fund.

Governmental Funds

These statements utilize the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting recognizes revenues in the period when they become measurable and available. It recognizes expenditures in the period when the District incurs the liability, except for certain expenditures such as debt service on general long-term indebtedness, claims and judgments, workers' compensation, compensated absences, pension costs, termination benefits, and other postemployment benefits (OPEB), which are recognized as expenditures to the extent the related liabilities mature each period.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. However, the governmental fund financial statements focus on shorter-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year for spending in future years. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and the services it provides.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of district-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the district-wide financial statements. By doing so, the reader may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds Balance Sheet and the governmental funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and governmental activities.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds: general fund, special aid fund, school food service fund, capital projects fund, extraclassroom activities fund, and scholarships fund, each of which is considered to be a major fund and is presented separately in the fund financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The District reports its fiduciary activities in the fiduciary fund – custodial fund. This fund reports real property taxes and PILOT collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments, and utilizes the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All of the District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate statements. The fiduciary activities have been excluded from the district-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations.

3. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

A. Net Position

The District's total net position (deficit) decreased by \$1,599,564 between fiscal year 2021 and 2022. The deficit decrease is due to revenues in excess of expenses using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the District's Statements of Net Position follows:

	2022		2021		Increase (Decrease)	Percentage Change
Assets						
Current and Other Assets	\$	5,113,738	\$	5,036,785	\$ 76,953	1.53 %
Capital Assets, Net		8,544,716		8,965,159	(420,443)	(4.69)%
Net Pension Assets -						
Proportionate Share		5,180,803			5,180,803	N/A
Total Assets		18,839,257		14,001,944	4,837,313	34.55 %
Deferred Outflows of Resources		10,193,050		11,502,438	(1,309,388)	(11.38)%
Liabilities						
Current and Other Liabilities		750,570		1,127,170	(376,600)	(33.41)%
Long-Term Liabilities		3,933,557		4,268,931	(335,374)	(7.86)%
Net Pension Liabilities -						
Proportionate Share				761,299	(761,299)	(100.00)%
Total OPEB Liability		20,650,457		24,855,310	(4,204,853)	(16.92)%
Total Liabilities		25,334,584		31,012,710	(5,678,126)	(18.31)%
Deferred Inflows of Resources		20,315,085		12,708,598	7,606,487	59.85 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	 2022	2021	(Increase Decrease)	Percentage Change
Net Position (Deficit) Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 5,870,054	\$ 5,917,522	\$	(47,468)	(0.80)%
Restricted Unrestricted (Deficit)	2,622,547 (25,109,963)	2,017,219 (26,151,667)		605,328 1,041,704	30.01 % (3.98)%
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (16,617,362)	\$ (18,216,926)	\$	1,599,564	(8.78)%

The increase in current and other assets is primarily related to increases in cash, offset by a decrease in amounts due from state and federal.

The decrease in capital assets net, is due to depreciation expense in excess of capital outlays and other additions. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 9 "Capital Assets" provides additional information.

Net pension assets – proportionate share represents the District share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's and the New York State and local ERS collective net pension assets at the measurement date of the respective year. In the current year, the District's proportionate shares shifted from liabilities to assets. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 12 "Pension Plans – New York State," provides additional information.

Deferred outflows of resources represents contributions to the pension plans subsequent to the measurement dates and actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years.

The decrease in current and other liabilities is primarily the result of a decrease in amounts due to the fiduciary fund.

The decrease in long-term liabilities is due to the repayment of the current maturity of indebtedness and the decrease in compensated absences payable, offset by increases in termination benefits and workers' compensation liabilities.

Net pension liabilities – proportionate share represents the District's share of the New York State Teachers' Retirement System's and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System's collective net pension liabilities at the measurement date of the respective year. The decrease is due to the shift from net pension liabilities in the prior year, to net position assets in the current year. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 12 "Pension Plans – New York State," provides additional information.

Total OPEB liability decreased based on the actuarial valuation of the plan. The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements, Note 14 "Postemployment Healthcare Benefits", provides additional information

Deferred inflows of resources represents actuarial adjustments of the pension and OPEB plans that will be amortized in future years.

The net investment in capital assets is the investment in capital assets at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and related outstanding debt. The accompanying Other Information, Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets provides additional information.

The restricted net position relates to the District's reserves, which decreased from the prior year, mainly due to authorized transfers out.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The unrestricted deficit amount relates to the balance of the District's net position. This balance does not include the District's reserves, which are classified as restricted. Additionally, certain unfunded liabilities will have the effect of reducing the District's unrestricted net position. One such unfunded liability is the total OPEB liability. In accordance with state guidelines, the District is only permitted to fund OPEB on a "pay as you go" basis, and is not permitted to accumulate funds for the OPEB liability.

B. Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities in a programmatic format. In the accompanying financial statements STAR (school tax relief) revenue is included in the other tax items line. However, in this MD&A, STAR revenue has been combined with property taxes. A summary of these statements for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

				Increase	Percentage
	 2022	 2021	(Decrease)	Change
Revenues					
Program Revenues					
Charges for Services	\$ 162,985	\$ 71,140	\$	91,845	129.10 %
Operating Grants & Contributions	360,027	318,481		41,546	13.05 %
Capital Grants	-	129,562		(129,562)	(100.00)%
General Revenues					
Property Taxes & STAR	10,925,764	10,777,960		147,804	1.37 %
State Sources	621,712	630,369		(8,657)	(1.37)%
Other	172,912	100,195		72,717	72.58 %
Total Revenues	12,243,400	12,027,707		215,693	1.79 %
Expenses					
General Support	2,265,685	2,489,878		(224,193)	(9.00)%
Instruction	7,675,454	9,210,317		(1,534,863)	(16.66)%
Pupil Transportation	407,176	417,528		(10,352)	(2.48)%
Debt Service - Interest	86,539	103,245		(16,706)	(16.18)%
Food Service Program	208,982	190,882		18,100	9.48 %
Total Expenses	10,643,836	12,411,850		(1,768,014)	(14.24)%
Increase / (Decrease) in Net Position	\$ 1,599,564	\$ (384,143)	\$	1,983,707	(516.40)%

The District's net position (deficit) decreased by \$1,599,564 and increased by \$384,143 for the years ended June 30, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

The District's revenues increased when compared to the prior year, primarily due to the following major changes:

- Real property taxes and STAR were increased to fund anticipated increases in appropriations in the voter-approved 2021-2022 budget.
- Charges for services increased largely due to receiving more in tuition revenue and increased extraclassroom activities revenues.
- In the prior year, the District recognized revenue from a reimbursable grant from the Dormitory Authority of the State of New York for capital projects. The District did not have a similar grant in the current year, and, as a result, capital grants decreased.

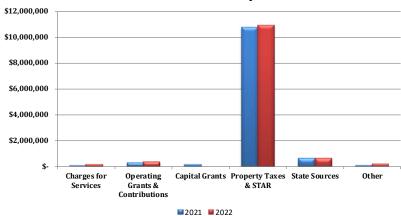
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The District's expenses decreased when compared to the prior year, primarily due to the following major changes:

• General support and instruction decreased based on the impact of allocations of the net change in actuarially determined pension expenses for TRS and ERS, and OPEB costs.

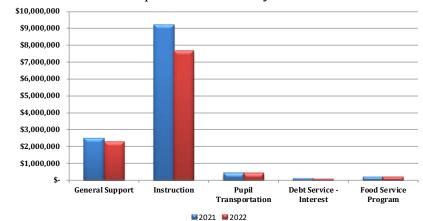
As indicated on the graphs that follow, real property taxes and STAR is the largest component of revenues recognized (i.e., 89.2% and 89.6% of the total for the years 2022 and 2021, respectively). Instruction expenses is the largest category of expenses incurred (i.e., 72.1% and 74.2% of the total for the years 2022 and 2021, respectively).

A graphic display of the distribution of revenues for the two years follows:



		Charges for Services	Operating Grants & Contributions	Capital Grants	Property Taxes & STAR	State Sources	Other
ſ	2021	0.6%	2.6%	1.1%	89.6%	5.2%	0.9%
	2022	1.3%	2.9%	0.0%	89.2%	5.1%	1.5%

A graphic display of the distribution of expenses for the two years follows:



	General Support	Instruction	Pupil Transportation	Debt Service - Interest	Food Service Program
2021	20.1%	74.2%	3.4%	0.8%	1.5%
2022	21.3%	72.1%	3.8%	0.8%	2.0%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

4. FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At June 30, 2022, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$3,961,192, which is an increase of \$712,531 over the prior year. This increase is due to an excess of revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. A summary of the change in the components of fund balance by fund is as follows:

	2022	2021	Increase Decrease)	Percentage Change
General Fund				
Restricted				
Unemployment insurance	\$ 145,471	\$ 145,468	\$ 3	0.00 %
Retirement contribution:				
Teachers' retirement system	371,144	276,712	94,432	34.13 %
Employees' retirement system	322,649	172,646	150,003	86.88 %
Employee benefit accrued liability	337,863	337,855	8	0.00 %
Capital	33,397	28,379	5,018	17.68 %
Repairs	592,439	1,046,581	(454,142)	(43.39)%
Assigned:				
Appropriated fund balance	685,331	700,000	(14,669)	(2.10)%
Unappropriated fund balance	186,930	76,308	110,622	144.97 %
Unassigned: Fund balance	660,498	662,937	(2,439)	(0.37)%
•	3,335,722	3,446,886	(111,164)	(3.23)%
Calcad Card Cardas Parad		,		, ,
School Food Service Fund	2 1 1 1	1 422	670	47.21.0/
Nonspendable: Inventory	2,111	1,433	678	47.31 %
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	 8,287	 (1,433)	 9,720	(678.30)%
	 10,398	 	 10,398	N/A
Capital Projects Fund Restricted:				
Capital	-	16	(16)	(100.00)%
Repairs	768,541		768,541	N/A
Unassigned fund balance (deficit)	(250,000)	(250,000)	-	0.00 %
	518,541	(249,984)	768,525	(307.43)%
Extraclassroom Activities Fund				
Assigned: Unappropriated fund balance	45,488	42,197	3,291	7.80 %
Assigned. Onappropriated fund balance	 13,100	 72,177	 5,271	7.00 /0
Scholarships Fund				
Restricted: Scholarships	51,043	9,562	41,481	433.81 %
1.00 a 1000ai o moiai o mpo	 01,010	 2,002	 11,101	100.01 /0
Total Fund Balance	\$ 3,961,192	\$ 3,248,661	\$ 712,531	21.93 %

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

A. General Fund

The general fund – fund balance is a net decrease of \$111,164, compared to an increase of \$357,284 in fiscal 2021, as expenditures and other financing uses exceeded revenues and other financing sources.

Revenues and other financing sources increased by \$473,436 or 4.10%, as compared to the prior year. The following is a summary of the major changes that resulted in revenues and other financing sources increasing over the prior year:

- Property taxes and STAR increased due to an increase in the tax levy in accordance with the 2021-2022 voter-approved budget.
- State sources increased as a result of the District receiving grant funds for a capital project that was originally funded by the general fund.

Expenditures and other uses increased by \$941,884 or 8.42%, as compared to the prior year. The following is a summary of the major changes that resulted in expenditures and other financing uses increasing over the prior year:

• Other financing uses increased due to a transfer from the repair reserve to the capital projects fund for septic system repairs.

The following is a summary of the District's general fund restricted fund balance activity:

		Balance @		Use of					Balance @	
	June 30, 2021		Reserves		Interest		Funding		June 30, 2022	
Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution:	\$	145,468	\$		\$	3	\$		\$	145,471
Teachers'		276,712				6		94,426		371,144
Employees'		172,646				3		150,000		322,649
Employee benefit										
accrued liability		337,855				8				337,863
Capital		28,379				2		5,016		33,397
Repairs		1,046,581		(945,876)		18		491,716		592,439
	\$	2,007,641	\$	(945,876)	\$	40	\$	741,158	\$	1,802,963

Additional detail regarding capital reserves can be found in Note 18 "Restricted for Capital Reserve."

B. School Food Service Fund

The school food service fund - fund balance net increase can be attributed greater state and federal reimbursements, based on an Executive Order, exceeding the cost of distributing free meals to all students of the District, as well as an increase in the amount subsidized by the general fund.

C. Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund – fund balance net increase is the result of general fund transfers exceeding capital expenditures.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

The following is a summary of the District's capital projects fund restricted fund balance activity:

	Balance June 30, 2	_	Use of eserves]	Funding	Balance @ June 30, 2022	
2006 Capital Reserve 2021 Repair Reserve	\$	16	\$ (31,459)	\$	(16) 800,000	\$	- 768,541
	\$	16	\$ (31,459)	\$	799,984	\$	768,541

D. Extraclassroom Activities Fund

The extraclassroom activities fund – fund balance net increase is attributable to cash receipts from fundraising and collections for student clubs activities exceeding disbursements related to those activities.

E. Scholarships Fund

The scholarships fund – fund balance net increase is the result of scholarship donations and contributions exceeding scholarships awarded.

5. GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

A. 2021-2022 Budget

The District's general fund adopted budget for the year ended June 30, 2022 was \$12,384,947. This amount was increased by encumbrances carried forward from the prior year, in the amount of \$76,308 and budget revisions in the amount of \$954,541, for a total final budget of \$13,415,796.

The final budget was funded through a combination of estimated revenues and appropriated fund balance. The majority of this funding source was \$11,016,572 in estimated property taxes and STAR and PILOT.

B. Change in General Fund's Unassigned Fund Balance (Budget to Actual)

The general fund's unassigned fund balance is the component of total fund balance that is the residual of current and prior years' excess revenues and other financing sources over expenditures and other financing uses, net of transfers to reserves, appropriations to fund the subsequent year's budget and encumbrances. The change in this balance demonstrated through a comparison of the actual revenues and expenditures for the year compared to budget follows:

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 662,937
Revenues Over Budget	317,419
Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget	1,106,671
Allocation to Reserves	(741,198)
Appropriated to Fund the June 30, 2023 Budget	(685,331)
Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 660,498

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

Opening, Unassigned Fund Balance

The \$662,937 shown in the table is the portion of the District's June 30, 2021 fund balance that was retained as unassigned fund balance.

Revenues Over Budget

The 2021-2022 final budget for revenues was \$11,693,612. Actual revenues and other financing sources recognized for the year were \$12,011,031. The excess of actual revenues and other financing sources over estimated revenues was \$317,419, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

Expenditures and Encumbrances Under Budget

The 2021-2022 final budget for expenditures and other financing uses was \$13,415,796. Actual expenditures and other financing uses as of June 30, 2022 were \$12,122,195 and outstanding encumbrances were \$186,930. Combined, the expenditures plus encumbrances for 2021-2022 were \$12,309,125. The final budget variance was \$1,106,671, which contributes directly to the change to the general fund unassigned fund balance from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022. The accompanying Required Supplementary Information, Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance – Budget and Actual – General Fund, provides additional information.

Allocation to Reserves

Monies transferred into authorized reserves do not affect the total fund balance unless, and until these monies are actually expended. The transfers do, however, reduce the District's discretion regarding the use of these transferred monies, and thus, reduce the unassigned fund balance by the amount of the transfers. The table in §4.A. of this Management's Discussion and Analysis details the allocation of interest earnings and funding transfers to the reserves.

Appropriated Fund Balance

The District has chosen to use \$685,331 of the available June 30, 2022 unassigned fund balance to partially fund the 2022-2023 approved operating budget. As such, the June 30, 2022 unassigned fund balance must be reduced by this amount.

Closing, Unassigned Fund Balance

Based upon the summary changes shown in the above table, the unassigned fund balance at June 30, 2022 was \$660,498. This is a decrease of \$2,439 from the unassigned fund balance as of June 30, 2021. This unassigned fund balance portion is in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 permissible 4% statutory maximum.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

6. CAPITAL ASSETS, DEBT ADMINISTRATION, AND OTHER LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Capital Assets

At June 30, 2022, the District had invested in a broad range of capital assets, as indicated in the table below. The net decrease in capital assets is due to depreciation expense of \$494,113 in excess of capital asset additions of \$73,670 for the year ended June 30, 2022. A summary of the District's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

	 2022	 2021	(Increase Decrease)
Land	\$ 25,200	\$ 25,200	\$	-
Construction in progress	31,459	61,107		(29,648)
Buildings and improvements	7,488,290	7,827,021		(338,731)
Site improvements	453,377	493,156		(39,779)
Furniture and equipment	 546,390	 558,675		(12,285)
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,544,716	\$ 8,965,159	\$	(420,443)

B. Debt Administration

At June 30, 2022, the District had combined total debt of \$2,674,662. The decreases in outstanding debt represent principal payments made throughout the year. A summary of outstanding debt at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

Issue Date	Interest Rate	2022	 2021	Increase Decrease)
Bonds Payable				
7/26/2012	2.0-2.5%	\$ 1,025,000	\$ 1,225,000	\$ (200,000)
12/1/2015	2.0-3.0%	 995,000	 1,105,000	 (110,000)
		\$ 2,020,000	\$ 2,330,000	\$ (310,000)
Energy Performance Contra 3/21/2016	a ct 2.85%	\$ 654,662	\$ 717,637	\$ (62,975)

The District's latest underlying, long-term credit rating from Moody's Investors Service, Inc. is Aa2.

C. Other Long-Term Liabilities

Included in the District's long-term liabilities are the estimated amounts due for compensated absences and termination benefits, which are based on employment contracts, and workers' compensation liabilities, net pension liabilities – proportionate share and total other postemployment benefits liability, which are based on actuarial valuations. A summary of the outstanding other long-term liabilities at June 30, 2022 and 2021 is as follows:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (Continued)

	 2022	 2021	 Increase (Decrease)
Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities Termination benefits Net pension liabilities - proportionate share Total OPEB liability	\$ 709,775 51,087 498,033 - 20,650,457	\$ 723,377 45,150 452,767 761,299 24,855,310	\$ (13,602) 5,937 45,266 (761,299) (4,204,853)
	\$ 21,909,352	\$ 26,837,903	\$ (4,928,551)

7. ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

A. Subsequent Year's Budget

The general fund budget, the only fund with a legally adopted budget, as approved by the voters on May 17, 2022, for the year ending June 30, 2023, is \$12,445,523. This is an increase of \$60,572 or 0.49% over the previous year's adopted budget.

The District budgeted revenues other than property tax at a \$15,241 increase over the prior year's estimate. The assigned, appropriated fund balance applied to the June 30, 2023 budget in the amount of \$685,331 is a \$14,669 decrease from the previous year. Additionally, the District has elected to appropriate \$60,000 of reserves towards the next year's budget. The property tax levy remained the same as the previous year.

B. Future Budgets

Dwindling state and federal support of initiatives established during the pandemic, the continued need for additional resources to close learning gaps, fluctuating rates in this inflationary environment, and increases in charges of fuel, goods, and borrowing costs may impact the District's future budgets.

C. Tax Cap

New York State law limits the increase in the property tax levy of school districts to the lesser of 2.00% or the rate of inflation. There are additional statutory adjustments in the law. School districts may override the tax levy limit by presenting to the voters a budget that requires a tax levy that exceeds the statutory limit. However, that budget must be approved by 60% of the votes cast. Based on the law, the District's tax levy cap for 2022-2023 is 1.47%. The District's property tax levy remained the same as the prior year and did not require an override vote.

8. CONTACTING THE DISTRICT

This financial report is designed to provide the reader with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the funds it receives. Requests for additional information can be directed to:

Brian Doelger, Ed.D.
Superintendent of Schools
Shelter Island Union Free School District
33 North Ferry Road
Box 2015
Shelter Island, New York 11964

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

ASSETS	
Cash Unrestricted	\$ 1,817,672
Restricted	2,622,547
Receivables	2,022,017
Accounts receivable	29
Due from state and federal	510,504
Other assets	160,875
Inventories	2,111
Capital assets:	E4.450
Not being depreciated	56,659
Being depreciated, net of accumulated depreciation Net pension assets - proportionate share	8,488,057 F 180,803
Total Assets	5,180,803 18,839,257
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	10,037,237
Pensions	3,460,921
Other postemployment benefits	6,732,129
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,193,050
LIABILITIES	10,175,000
Payables	
Accounts payable	90,218
Accrued liabilities	21,082
Due to other governments	33,194
Due to teachers' retirement system	532,642
Due to employees' retirement system	42,901
Other liabilities	11,164
Unearned credits: collections in advance	19,369
Long-term liabilities	
Due and payable within one year	250,000
Bonds payable Energy performance contract payable	250,000 64,782
Compensated absences payable	34,229
Workers' compensation liabilities	51,087
Due and payable after one year	31,007
Bonds payable	1,770,000
Energy performance contract payable	589,880
Compensated absences payable	675,546
Termination benefits	498,033
Total other postemployment benefits liability	20,650,457
Total Liabilities	25,334,584
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	
Pensions	6,583,655
Other postemployment benefits	13,731,430_
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	20,315,085
NET POSITION (DEFICIT)	
Net investment in capital assets	5,870,054_
Restricted	
Unemployment insurance	145,471
Retirement contribution	
Teachers' retirement system	371,144
Employees' retirement system	322,649
Employee benefit accrued liability	337,863
Capital	33,397
Repairs	1,360,980
Scholarships	51,043
W 161.6 %	2,622,547
Unrestricted (deficit)	(25,109,963)
Total Net Position (Deficit)	\$ (16,617,362)

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Activities

	Expenses	Program Charges for Services	Revenues Operating Grants & Contributions	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS General support Instruction Pupil transportation Debt service - interest Food service program	\$ 2,265,685 7,675,454 407,176 86,539 208,982	\$ 140,980 22,005	\$ 288,234 71,793	\$ (2,265,685) (7,246,240) (407,176) (86,539) (115,184)
Total Functions and Programs	\$ 10,643,836	\$ 162,985	\$ 360,027	(10,120,824)
GENERAL REVENUES Real property taxes Other real property tax items Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for los Miscellaneous State sources				10,840,003 149,330 5,072 4,261 100,010 621,712
Total General Revenues				11,720,388
Change in Net Position				1,599,564
Total Net Position (Deficit) - Beginning of Year				(18,216,926)
Total Net Position (Deficit) - End of Year				\$ (16,617,362)

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds

June 30, 2022

ASSETS		General		Special Aid		School Food Service		Capital Projects		aclassroom ctivities	Sch	olarships	Go	Total vernmental Funds
Cash Unrestricted Restricted Receivables	\$	1,737,533 2,563,517	\$		\$	33,728	\$	7,987	\$	46,411	\$	51,043	\$	1,817,672 2,622,547
Accounts receivable Due from other funds Due from state and federal		179,898 79,270		163,438		29 17,796		510,554 250,000						29 690,452 510,504
Inventories Total Assets	<u> </u>	4,560,218	\$	163,438	\$	2,111 53,664	\$	768,541	\$	46,411	\$	51,043	\$	2,111 5,643,315
LIABILITIES	Ψ	4,500,210	<u> </u>	103,430	Ψ	33,004	Ψ	700,341	Ψ	40,411	Ψ	31,043	Ψ	3,043,313
Payables														
Accounts payable Accrued liabilities Due to other funds	\$	78,413 12,183 510,554	\$	11,805 146,711	\$	33,187	\$		\$		\$		\$	90,218 12,183 690,452
Due to other governments Due to teachers' retirement system Due to employees' retirement system Other liabilities Unearned credits		31,913 532,642 42,901 11,164		230, 22		358				923				33,194 532,642 42,901 11,164
Collections in advance		4,726		4,922		9,721								19,369
Total Liabilities		1,224,496		163,438		43,266				923				1,432,123
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Unavailable revenues								250,000						250,000
FUND BALANCES Nonspendable: Inventories Restricted:						2,111								2,111
Unemployment insurance Retirement contribution:		145,471												145,471
Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system Employee benefit accrued liability		371,144 322,649 337,863												371,144 322,649 337,863
Capital Repairs Scholarships Assigned:		33,397 592,439						768,541				51,043		33,397 1,360,980 51,043
Appropriated fund balance Unappropriated fund balance Unassigned: Fund balance (deficit)		685,331 186,930 660,498				8,287		(250,000)		45,488				685,331 240,705 410,498
Total Fund Balances		3,335,722				10,398		518,541		45,488		51,043		3,961,192
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances	f \$_	4,560,218	\$	163,438	\$	53,664	\$	768,541	\$	46,411	\$	51,043	\$	5,643,315

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2022

Total Governmental Fund Balances		\$ 3,961,192
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different becau	ise:	
Cash held by third-party administrator is treated as a long-term asset and included in net position.		160,875
The costs of building and acquiring capital assets (land, construction in progress, buildings, equipment) financed from the governmental funds are reported as expenditures in the year they are incurred, and the assets do not appear on the Balance Sheet. However, the Statement of Net Position includes those capital assets among the assets of the District as a whole, and their original costs are expensed annually over their useful lives.		
Original cost of capital assets Less: Accumulated depreciation	\$ 16,828,525 (8,283,809)	8,544,716
Proportionate share of long-term assets, as well as deferred outflows and inflows associated with participation in the state retirement systems are not current financial resources or assets and are not reported in the funds.		
Net pension asset - teachers' retirement system Net pension asset -employees' retirement system Deferred outflows of resources Deferred inflows of resources	4,845,850 334,953 3,460,921 (6,583,655)	2,058,069
Total other postemployment benefits liability, as well as deferred outflows and inflows related to providing benefits in retirement are not current financial resources or liabilities and are not reported in the funds.		
Deferred outflows of resources Total other postemployment benefits liability Deferred inflows of resources	6,732,129 (20,650,457) (13,731,430)	(27,649,758)
Some of the District's revenues will be collected after the year end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures and, therefore, are deferred in the governmental funds, but are not deferred on the Statement of Net Position.		250,000
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:		
Accrued interest on long-term debt Bonds payable Energy performance contract payable Compensated absences payable Workers' compensation liabilities Termination benefits	(8,899) (2,020,000) (654,662) (709,775) (51,087) (498,033)	(3,942,456)
Total Net Position (Deficit)		\$ (16,617,362)

Statement of Revenues, Expenditures

and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

	General	Special Aid	School Food Service	Capital Projects	Extraclassroom Activities	Scholarships	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES	¢ 10.040.003	\$	\$	\$	\$	¢	¢ 10.040.002
Real property taxes	\$ 10,840,003 149,330	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$ 10,840,003 149,330
Other real property tax items Charges for services	40,627						40,627
Use of money and property	5,072					6	5,078
Sale of property and	3,072					U	3,070
compensation for loss	4,261						4,261
Miscellaneous	100,010				100,353	62,850	263,213
State sources	871,712	17,694	1,367		100,555	02,030	890,773
Federal sources	071,712	207,684	70,426				278,110
Sales		207,001	22,005				22,005
Total Revenues	12,011,015	225,378	93,798		100,353	62,856	12,493,400
EXPENDITURES							
General support	1,868,785	23,839					1,892,624
Instruction	5,573,265	193,082			97,062	21,375	5,884,784
Pupil transportation	394,295	12,881			•		407,176
Employee benefits	2,896,044		57,254				2,953,298
Debt service							
Principal	372,975						372,975
Interest	87,407						87,407
Food service program			151,146				151,146
Capital outlay				31,459			31,459
Total Expenditures	11,192,771	229,802	208,400	31,459	97,062	21,375	11,780,869
Excess of Revenues							
Over (Under) Expenditures	818,244	(4,424)	(114,602)	(31,459)	3,291	41,481	712,531
	010,211	(1,121)	(111,002)	(01,107)	0,271	11,101	712,001
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES AND (USES)	4.2		407.000	000000			000.440
Operating transfers in	16	4,424	125,000	800,000			929,440
Operating transfers (out)	(929,424)			(16)			(929,440)
Total Other Financing							
Sources and (Uses)	(929,408)	4,424	125,000	799,984	-	-	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(111,164)	-	10,398	768,525	3,291	41,481	712,531
Fund Balances (Deficit) -							
Beginning of Year	3,446,886	_	_	(249,984)	42,197	9,562	3,248,661
End of Year	\$ 3,335,722	<u> </u>	\$ 10,398	\$ 518,541	\$ 45,488	\$ 51,043	\$ 3,961,192

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances to the Statement of Activities

et Change in Fund Balances nounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different becaus	0.		\$ 712,531
Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences	e:		
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) are being held by a third-party administrator. This is the amount by which other assets - cash held by third-party administrator decreased in the period.	\$	(9,846)	
Certain revenues are recognized in the governmental funds when they provide current financial resources. However, these revenues were recognized in the Statement of Activities in prior years when they were earned.		(250,000)	
Certain operating expenses do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds, but are expensed in the Statement of Activities.			
Increase in workers' compensation liabilities Increase in termination benefits		(5,937) (45,266)	
Certain expenditures in the governmental funds requiring the use of current financial resources (amounts paid) may exceed the amounts incurred during the year, resulting in a reduction of the long-term liability and an increase in net position.			
Decrease in compensated absences payable		13,602	
			(297,447)
Capital Related Differences			
Capital outlays to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, for governmental activities those costs are capitalized and shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their useful lives as annual depreciation expense in the Statement of Activities. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays and other additions in the period.			
Capital outlays and other additions Depreciation expense		73,670 (494,113)	(420,442)
Long-Term Debt Transactions Differences			(420,443)
Repayment of long-term debt is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.			
Repayment of bond principal		310,000	
Repayment of energy performance contract		62,975	
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due, and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues, regardless of when it is due. This is the amount by which accrued interest decreased from June 30, 2021 to June 30, 2022.		868_	
Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences			373,843
The change in the proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the state retirement plans and the change in other postemployment benefits expense reported in the Statement of Activities did not affect current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds.			
Teachers' retirement system		741,880	
Employees' retirement system Other postemployment benefits	_	141,863 347,337	
			 1,231,080
ange in Net Position of Governmental Activities			\$ 1,599,564

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Statement of Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

June 30, 2022

	Custo	odial
ASSETS Due from governmental funds	\$	-
LIABILITIES Due to other governments		
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals, organizations, and other governments	\$	

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position - Fiduciary Fund

	 ustodial
ADDITIONS Real property taxes and PILOT collected for the Library	\$ 723,952
DEDUCTIONS Disbursements of real property taxes and PILOT to the Library	 723,952
Change in Net Position	-
Net Position - Beginning of Year	
Net Position - End of Year	\$ -

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Shelter Island Union Free School District (District) have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) for governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. Significant accounting principles and policies used by the District are as follows:

A. Reporting Entity

The District is governed by the laws of New York State. The District is an independent entity governed by an elected Board of Education (Board) consisting of seven members. The President of the Board serves as the chief fiscal officer and the Superintendent is the chief executive officer. The Board is responsible for, and controls all activities related to public school education within the District. Board members have authority to make decisions, power to appoint management, and primary accountability for all fiscal matters.

The financial reporting entity is based on criteria set forth by GASB. The financial reporting entity consists of the primary government, organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The accompanying financial statements present the activities of the District. The District is not a component unit of another reporting entity. The decision to include a potential component unit in the District's reporting entity is based on several criteria including legal standing, fiscal dependency, and financial accountability. Based on the application of these criteria, there are no other entities that would be included in the District's reporting entity.

B. Joint Venture

The District is a component district in the Board of Cooperative Educational Services of Eastern Suffolk (BOCES). A BOCES is a voluntary, cooperative association of school districts in a geographic area that share planning, services, and programs which provide educational and support activities. BOCES are organized under §1950 of the Education Law. A BOCES Board is considered a corporate body. Members of a BOCES Board are nominated and elected by their component member boards in accordance with provisions of §1950 of the Education Law. All BOCES property is held by the BOCES Board as a corporation under §1950(6). In addition, BOCES Boards also are considered municipal corporations to permit them to contract with other municipalities on a cooperative basis under §119-n(a) of the General Municipal Law. A BOCES budget is comprised of separate budgets for administrative, program, and capital costs. Each component district's share of administrative and capital cost is determined by resident public school district enrollment as defined in Education Law, §1950(4)(b)(7). There is no authority or process by which a school district can terminate its status as a BOCES component. In addition, component school districts pay tuition or a service fee for programs in which its students participate.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Basis of Presentation

District-Wide Financial Statements

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities present information about the overall governmental financial activities of the District, except for fiduciary activities. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of interfund transactions. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, state aid, intergovernmental revenues, and other exchange and nonexchange transactions. Operating grants and contributions include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants and contributions, while capital grants reflect capital-specific grants, if applicable.

The Statement of Net Position presents the financial position of the District at fiscal year end. The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between program expenses and revenues for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Employee benefits are allocated to functional areas in proportion to the payroll expended for those areas. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including real property taxes and state aid, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund type, governmental and fiduciary, are presented. The District's financial statements present the following fund types:

Governmental Funds - are those through which most governmental functions are financed. The acquisition, use and balances of expendable financial resources and the related liabilities are accounted for through governmental funds. The emphasis of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds as defined by GASB, each displayed in a separate column. The following are the District's major governmental funds:

General Fund - is the general operating fund and is used to account for all financial transactions except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Special Aid Fund - is used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources such as federal and state grants that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. These legal restrictions may be imposed by either governments that provide the funds or outside parties.

School Food Service Fund - is used to account for the activities of the food service program.

Capital Projects Fund – is used to account for the financial resources used for acquisition, construction, renovation or major repair of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Extraclassroom Activities Fund – is used to account for the funds operated by and for the students of the District. The Board exercises general oversight of these funds. The extraclassroom activity funds are independent of the District with respect to its financial transactions and the designation of student management. Separate audited financial statements of the extraclassroom activity funds can be found at the District's Business Office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Scholarships Fund – is used to account for funds collected that benefit annual third-party awards and scholarships for students.

Fiduciary Funds – are used to account for activities in which the District acts as trustee or custodian for resources that belong to others. These activities are not included in the district-wide financial statements, because their resources do not belong to the District, and are not available to be used to finance District operations. The following is the District's fiduciary fund:

Custodial Fund – is used to account for real property taxes and payment in lieu of taxes (PILOT) collected on behalf of other governments and disbursed to those governments.

D. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus describes what type of information is reported, and is either the economic resources measurement focus or the current financial resources measurement focus. The economic resources measurement focus reports all assets, liabilities and deferred resources related to a given activity, as well as transactions of the period that affect net position. For example, all assets, whether financial (e.g., cash and receivables) or capital (e.g., property and equipment) and liabilities (including long-term debt and obligations) are reported. The current financial resources measurement focus reports more narrowly on assets, liabilities and deferred resources that are relevant to near-term liquidity, along with net changes resulting from transactions of the period. Consequently, capital assets and the unmatured portion of long-term debt and certain other liabilities the District would not expect to liquidate currently with expendable available financial resources (e.g., compensated absences for employees still in active service) would not be reported.

Basis of accounting describes when changes are recognized, and is either the accrual basis of accounting or the modified accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes in net position when the underlying event occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. The modified accrual basis of accounting recognizes changes only at the point they affect near-term liquidity.

The district-wide and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash transaction takes place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include real property taxes, state aid, grants and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from real property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from state aid is recognized in the fiscal year it is apportioned by the state. Revenue from grants and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

The governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The District considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within 180 days after the end of the fiscal year, except for real property taxes, which are considered to be available if they are collected within 60 days after the end of the fiscal year. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, workers' compensation, compensated absences, termination benefits, pension costs and other postemployment benefits, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt are reported as other financing sources.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

E. Real Property Taxes and Other Tax Items

Calendar

Real property taxes are levied annually by the Board no later than November 1st and become a lien on December 1st. Taxes are collected by the Town of Shelter Island and remitted to the District from December to June.

The District also levies the real property taxes for the Shelter Island Public Library (Library), which are collected by the town and included in the amount remitted to the District. The District remits the Library's share of the tax levy to the Library in two installments. These pass-through amounts are not included in the District's real property tax revenues, however, they are accounted for in the custodial fund.

Enforcement

Uncollected real property taxes are subsequently enforced by Suffolk County in June.

School Tax Relief (STAR) Aid

New York State implemented the STAR program with the enactment of Chapter 389 of the Laws of 1997 to reduce the school property tax burden on residential homeowners. A school district's annual property tax levy as adopted is reduced by the total amount of the STAR exemptions granted to homeowners. School districts are reimbursed for this loss in property tax revenues by the state with STAR aid, which is reported as other tax items revenues.

F. Payments in Lieu of Taxes (PILOT)

The District reports PILOT revenues in the general fund as part of other tax items revenues. These PILOT revenues are often the result of tax abatements granted by industrial development agencies of the Town and/or the County to help promote local economic development. Property owners make PILOT payments to the government agencies, which in turn remit the collected payments to the District.

PILOT payments collected on behalf of the Library are remitted to the Library. These pass-through amounts are not included in the District's other tax items revenues.

The District's PILOT revenues also include payments from the Long Island Power Authority (LIPA) remitted by Suffolk County. These LIPA PILOT payments are not the result of tax abatement agreements as defined by GASB Statement No. 77, *Tax Abatement Disclosures*, under which an entity receiving a reduction in tax revenues promises to take specific action that contributes to economic development or otherwise benefits the governments or residents of the governments. The District received \$63,460 in LIPA PILOT revenue during the 2021-2022 fiscal year.

G. Restricted Resources

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net resources are available, the District's policy concerning which to apply first varies with the intended use, and with associated legal requirements, many of which are described elsewhere in these Notes to Financial Statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

H. Interfund Transactions

The operations of the District include transactions between funds. These transactions may be temporary in nature, such as with interfund borrowings. The District typically loans resources between funds for the purpose of providing cash flow. These interfund receivables and payables are expected to be repaid within one year. Permanent transfers of funds include transfers to provide financing or other services. This includes the transfer of unrestricted general fund revenues to finance various programs that the District must account for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

In the district-wide statements, eliminations have been made for all interfund receivables and payables between the funds.

The governmental funds report all interfund transactions as originally recorded. Interfund receivables and payables are netted on the accompanying governmental funds Balance Sheet when it is the District's practice to settle these amounts at a net balance based upon the right of legal offset.

A detailed disclosure by individual fund for interfund receivables, payables, transfers in and transfers out activity is provided subsequently in these Notes to Financial Statements.

I. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingencies at the date of the financial statements and the reported revenues and expenses/expenditures during the reporting period. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates. Estimates and assumptions are made in a variety of areas, including revenue availability, compensated absences, termination benefits, pension costs, other postemployment benefits, workers' compensation liabilities, potential contingent liabilities and useful lives of capital assets.

J. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand, bank deposits and investments with a maturity date of three months or less from date of acquisition.

Certain cash balances are restricted by various legal and contractual obligations, such as legal reserves.

K. Receivables

Receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, if any. However, no allowance for uncollectibles has been provided since it is believed that such allowance would not be material.

L. Inventories

Inventories of food in the school food service fund are recorded at cost on a first-in, first-out basis or in the case of surplus food donated by the U.S. Department of Agriculture, at the Government's assigned value, which approximates market. These inventories are accounted for on the consumption method, whereby a current asset for the inventories is recorded at the time of receipt and/or purchase and an expense/expenditure is reported in the year the goods are consumed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Purchases of inventoriable items in other funds are recorded as expenditures at the time of purchase, and are considered immaterial in amount.

A portion of fund balance has been classified as nonspendable to indicate that inventories do not constitute available spendable resources.

M. Other Assets

Other assets represent amounts on deposit that are being held by a third-party administrator for workers' compensation claims.

N. Capital Assets

Capital assets are reflected in the district-wide financial statements. Capital assets are reported at actual cost, when the information is available, or estimated historical cost based on professional third-party information. Donated assets are reported at acquisition value at the date of donation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated on a straight line basis over their estimated useful lives. Capitalization thresholds, the dollar value above which asset acquisitions are added to the capital asset accounts, and estimated useful lives of capital assets as reported in the district-wide statements are as follows:

	-	italization ireshold	Estimated Useful Life		
Buildings and improvements	\$	10,000	50 years		
Site improvements		10,000	50 years		
Furniture and equipment		500	5-20 years		

O. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources, in the Statement of Net Position, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until that time. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is related to pensions and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension assets or liabilities not included in collective pension expense and the District's contributions to the pension systems (TRS and ERS) subsequent to the measurement date. The second item is related to OPEB and represents the change in total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB expense.

P. Short-Term Debt

The District may issue revenue anticipation notes (RAN) and tax anticipation notes (TAN), in anticipation of the receipt of revenues. These notes are recorded as a liability of the fund that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of the notes. The RANs and TANs represent a liability that will be extinguished by the use of expendable, available resources of the fund.

The District may issue bond anticipation notes (BAN), in anticipation of proceeds from the subsequent sale of bonds. These notes are recorded as current liabilities of the funds that will actually receive the proceeds from the issuance of bonds. State law requires that BANs issued for capital purposes be converted to long-term financing within seven years after the original issue date, seven years if originally issued during

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

calendar year 2015 through, and including, 2021. The notes, or renewal thereof, may not extend more than two years beyond the original date of issue, unless a portion is redeemed within two years and within each twelve month period thereafter.

Q. Collections in Advance

Collections in advance arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, as when grant monies are received prior to the incurrence of qualifying expenditures or when charges for services monies are received in advance from payers prior to the services being rendered by the District, such as prepaid lunch amounts. These amounts are recorded as liabilities in the financial statements. The liabilities are removed and revenues are recognized in subsequent periods when the District has legal claim to the resources.

R. Termination Benefits

Termination benefits consists of retirement incentives as specified in collective bargaining agreements. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on this retirement incentive. The liability is calculated in accordance with GASB Statement No. 47 *Accounting for Termination Benefits*. In the fund financial statements only, the amount of matured liabilities is accrued within the general fund based upon expendable and available resources.

S. Employee Benefits - Compensated Absences

Compensated absences consist of unpaid accumulated sick leave and vacation time.

Sick leave eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Upon retirement, resignation or death, employees may contractually receive a payment based on unused accumulated sick leave.

Vacation eligibility and accumulation is specified in collective bargaining agreements and in individual employment contracts. Some earned benefits may be forfeited if not taken within varying time periods. Employees are compensated for unused accumulated vacation leave through paid time off or cash payment upon retirement, termination or death.

Certain collectively bargained agreements require these payments to be paid in the form of non-elective contributions into the employee's 403(b) plan.

The liability for compensated absences has been calculated using the vesting method and an accrual for that liability is included in the district-wide financial statements. The compensated absences liability is calculated based on the pay rates in effect at year-end.

In the fund financial statements, a liability is reported only for payments due for unused compensated absences for those employees that have obligated themselves to separate from service with the District by June 30^{th} .

T. Other Benefits

Eligible District employees participate in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System or the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

District employees may choose to participate in the District's elective deferred compensation plans established under Internal Revenue Code Sections 403(b) and 457.

The District provides individual or family health insurance coverage for active employees pursuant to collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts.

In addition to providing these benefits, the District provides individual, family or surviving spouse postemployment health insurance coverage for eligible retired employees. Collective bargaining agreements and individual employment contracts determine if District employees are eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the District. Healthcare benefits are provided through plans whose premiums are based on the benefits paid during the year. The cost of providing post-retirement benefits is shared between the District and the retired employee. The District recognizes the cost of providing health insurance by recording its share of insurance premiums as an expenditure, in the governmental funds as the liabilities for premiums mature (come due for payment). In the district-wide statements, the cost of postemployment health insurance coverage is recognized on the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions.

U. Long-Term Debt

The District borrows money in order to acquire land or equipment, construct buildings, or make improvements. This enables the cost of these capital assets to be borne by the present and future taxpayers receiving the benefit of the capital assets. These long-term liabilities are full faith and credit debt of the local government. The repayment of principal and interest will be in the general fund.

V. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future reporting period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue/expense credit) until that time. The District has three items that qualify for reporting in this category. The first item is unavailable revenues reported in the governmental funds when potential revenues do not meet the availability criterion for recognition in the current period. This includes receivables of certain state grants. In subsequent periods, when the availability criterion is met, unavailable revenues are reclassified as revenues. In the district-wide financial statements, unavailable revenues are treated as revenues. The second item is related to pensions reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and consists of the District's proportionate share of changes in the collective net pension assets or liabilities not included in collective pension expense. The third item is related to OPEB reported in the district-wide Statement of Net Position and represents the change in total other postemployment benefits liability not included in OPEB expense.

W. Equity Classifications

District-Wide Statements

In the district-wide statements there are three classes of net position:

Net investment in capital assets – Consists of net capital assets (cost less accumulated depreciation) reduced by outstanding balances of related debt obligations from the acquisitions, construction and improvements of those assets.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Restricted – Reports net position when constraints placed on the assets or deferred outflows of resources are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted – Reports the balance of net position that does not meet the definition of the above two classifications.

Fund Statements

The fund statements report fund balance classifications according to the relative strength of spending constraints placed on the purpose for which resources can be used, as follows:

Nonspendable – Consists of amounts that are inherently nonspendable in the current period either because of their form or because they must be maintained intact. Nonspendable fund balance consists of inventories, which is recorded in the school food service fund.

Restricted – Consists of amounts that are subject to externally enforceable legal purpose restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The District has established the following restricted fund balances:

Unemployment Insurance Reserve

Unemployment Insurance Reserve (GML §6-m) is used to pay the cost of reimbursement to the State Unemployment Insurance Fund for payments made to claimants where the employer has elected to use the benefit reimbursement method. The reserve may be established by Board action and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other funds as may be legally appropriated. Within sixty days after the end of any fiscal year, excess amounts may either be transferred to another reserve or the excess applied to the appropriations of the next succeeding fiscal year's budget. If the District elects to convert to tax (contribution) basis, excess resources in the fund over the sum sufficient to pay pending claims may be transferred to any other reserve fund. The reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Retirement Contribution Reserve

Retirement Contribution Reserve (GML §6-r) is used for the purpose of financing retirement contributions payable to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System. The Board, by resolution, may establish the reserve and authorize expenditures from the reserve. The reserve is funded by budgetary appropriations or taxes raised for the reserve, revenues that are not required by law to be paid into any other fund or account, transfers from reserves and other funds that may legally be appropriated. The Board may also adopt a resolution establishing a sub-fund for contributions to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System. During a fiscal year, the Board may authorize payment into the sub-fund of up to 2.00% of the total covered salaries paid during the preceding fiscal year, with the total amount funded not to exceed 10.00% of the total covered salaries during the preceding fiscal year. The sub-fund is separately administered, but most comply with all the existing provisions of General Municipal Law §6-r. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve

Employee Benefit Accrued Liability Reserve (GML §6-p) is used to reserve funds for the payment of accrued employee benefit primarily based on unused and unpaid sick leave, personal leave, holiday leave or vacation time due an employee upon termination of the employee's service. This reserve may be established by a majority vote of the Board, and is funded by budgetary appropriations and such other reserves and funds that may be legally appropriated. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Capital Reserve

Capital Reserve (Education Law §3651) is used to pay the cost of any object or purpose for which bonds may be issued. The creation of a capital reserve fund requires authorization by a majority of the voters establishing the purpose of the reserve; the ultimate amount, its probable term and the source of the funds. Expenditure may be made from the reserve only for a specific purpose further authorized by the voters. The form for the required legal notice for the vote on establishing and funding the reserve and the form of the proposition to be placed on the ballot are set forth in §3651 of the Education Law. This reserve is accounted for in the general fund.

Repairs Reserve

Repairs Reserve (GML §6-d) is used to pay the cost of repairs to capital improvements or equipment, which repairs are of a type not recurring annually. The Board of Education, without voter approval, may establish a repair reserve fund by a majority vote of its members. Voter approval is required to fund this reserve (Opinion of the New York State Comptroller 81-401). Expenditures from this reserve may be made only after a public hearing has been held, except in emergency situations. If no hearing is held, the amount expended must be repaid to the reserve fund over the next two subsequent fiscal years. These reserves are accounted for in the general fund and capital projects fund.

Restricted for Scholarships

Amounts restricted for scholarships are used to account for monies donated for scholarship purposes, including earnings and net of awards. These restricted funds are accounted for in the scholarships fund.

Assigned – Consists of amounts that are subject to a purpose constraint that represents an intended use established by the District's Board of Education. The purpose of the assignment must be narrower than the purpose of the general fund, and in funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the residual amount of fund balance. Assigned fund balance includes an amount appropriated to partially fund the subsequent year's budget, as well as encumbrances not classified as restricted at the end of the fiscal year.

Unassigned – Represents the residual classification for the District's general fund and could report a surplus or deficit. In funds other than the general fund, the unassigned classification is used to report a deficit fund balance resulting from the overspending of available resources. NYS Real Property Tax Law §1318 restricts the unassigned fund balance of the general fund to an amount not greater than 4% of the subsequent year's budget.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Fund Balance Classification

Any portion of fund balance may be applied or transferred for a specific purpose by law, voter approval if required by law or by formal action of the Board of Education if voter approval is not required. Amendments or modification to the applied or transferred fund balance must also be approved by formal action of the Board of Education.

The Board of Education shall delegate the authority to assign fund balance, for encumbrance purposes, to the person(s) to whom it has delegated the authority to sign purchase orders.

In circumstances where an expenditure is incurred for a purpose for which amounts are available in multiple fund balance classifications (that is restricted, assigned or unassigned) the expenditure is to be spent first from the restricted fund balance to the extent appropriated by the budget or any Board approved budget revision, then from the assigned fund balance to the extent appropriated by the Board, and then from the unassigned fund balance.

2. FUTURE ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements are issued to set generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments. The following is not an all-inclusive list of GASB standards issued, but the statement that the District feels may have a future impact on these financial statements. The District will evaluate the impact of this pronouncement and implement it, as applicable, if material.

Effective for the Year EndingJune 30, 2023

Statement

GASB No. 96 - Subscription Based
Information Technology Agreements

GASB Statement No. 96 provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments).

3. <u>EXPLANATION OF CERTAIN DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE DISTRICT-WIDE STATEMENTS AND THE GOVERNMENTAL FUND STATEMENTS</u>

Due to the differences in the measurement focus and basis of accounting used in the district-wide statements and the governmental fund statements, certain financial transactions are treated differently. The financial statements contain a full reconciliation of these items.

A. Total Fund Balances of Governmental Funds vs. Net Position of Governmental Activities

Total fund balances of the District's governmental funds differ from net position of governmental activities reported in the Statement of Net Position. This difference primarily results from the long-term economic focus of the Statement of Net Position versus the current financial resources focus of the governmental funds Balance Sheet, as applied to the reporting of capital assets and deferred outflows of resources, and long-term assets and liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources.

B. Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances vs. Statement of Activities

Differences between the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances and the Statement of Activities fall into any of four broad categories.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Long-Term Revenue and Expense Differences

Long-term revenue differences arise because governmental funds report revenues only when they are considered "available", whereas the Statement of Activities reports revenues when earned. Differences in long-term expenses arise because governmental funds report on a current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis, whereas the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting is used on the Statement of Activities, thereby affecting expenses such as compensated absences.

Capital Related Differences

Capital related differences include the difference between proceeds from the sale of capital assets reported on fund statements and the gain or loss on the sale of assets as reported on the Statement of Activities, and the difference between recording an expenditure for the purchase of capital items in the fund statements and depreciation expense on those items as recorded in the Statement of Activities.

Long-Term Debt Transaction Differences

Long-term debt transaction differences occur because the issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. In addition, both interest and principal are recorded as expenditures in the fund statements when due and payable, whereas interest expense is recorded in the Statement of Activities as it accrues, and principal payments are recorded as a reduction of liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Pension and Other Postemployment Benefits Differences

Pension differences occur as a result of recognizing pension costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized based on the contractually required contribution as calculated by the plan, versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to the District's proportionate share of the collective pension expense of the plan.

Other postemployment benefit differences occur as a result of recognizing OPEB costs using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expenditure is recognized for health insurance premiums and other postemployment benefit costs as they mature (come due for payment), versus the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, whereby an expense is recognized related to future cost of benefits in retirement over the term of employment.

4. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. Budgets

The District administration prepares a proposed budget for approval by the Board of Education for the general fund, the only fund with a legally adopted budget.

The voters of the District approved the proposed appropriation budget for the general fund.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Appropriations are established by the adoption of the budget, are recorded at the program line item level, and constitute a limitation on expenditures (and encumbrances) that may be incurred. Appropriations authorized for the year are increased by the amount of encumbrances carried forward from the prior year. Appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year unless expended or encumbered. Encumbrances will lapse if not expended in the subsequent year. Appropriations authorized for the current year can be funded by the planned use of specific reserves, and can be increased by budget amendments approved by the Board of Education as a result of selected new revenue sources not included in the original budget (when permitted by law) and appropriation of fund balances. These supplemental appropriations may occur subject to legal restrictions, if the Board approves them because of a need that exists which was not determined at the time the budget was adopted. The following supplemental appropriations occurred during the year:

Instructional materials funded by donations	\$ 8,661
General fund expenditures for lobby plaza concrete	
and railing repair funded by repair reserve	145,880
Transfer to capital projects fund for sanitary system	
funded by repair reserve	800,000
	\$ 954,541

Budgets are adopted annually on a basis consistent with GAAP.

Budgets are established and used for individual capital projects based on authorized funding. The maximum project amount authorized is based upon the estimated cost of the project. These budgets do not lapse and are carried over to subsequent fiscal years until the completion of the projects.

B. Encumbrances

Encumbrance accounting is used for budget control and monitoring purposes and is reported as a part of the governmental funds. Under this method, purchase orders, contracts and other commitments for the expenditure of monies are recorded to reserve applicable appropriations. Outstanding encumbrances as of year-end are presented as part of assigned fund balance, unless classified as restricted, and do not represent expenditures or liabilities. These commitments will be honored in the subsequent period. Related expenditures are recognized at that time, as the liability is incurred or the commitment is paid.

C. Unassigned Fund Balance

The District's general fund unassigned fund balance was in excess of the New York State Real Property Tax Law §1318 limit, which restricts it to an amount not greater than 4.00% of the District's budget for the upcoming school year. The District is in the process of formulating a plan to reduce the unassigned fund balance to be within the permissible limit. This plan will address funding its reserves to a fiscally prudent level and the capital needs of the District.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

5. <u>DEPOSITS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND INVESTMENTS</u>

The District's investment policies are governed by state statutes and District policy. Resources must be deposited in Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insured commercial banks or trust companies located within the state. Permissible investments include obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. Agencies, repurchase agreements and obligations of New York State or its localities. Collateral is required for demand and time deposits and certificates of deposit not covered by FDIC insurance. Obligations that may be pledged as collateral are obligations of the United States and its Agencies and obligations of New York State and its municipalities.

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District may be unable to recover deposits or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside agency. GASB directs that deposits be disclosed as exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are as follows:

- A. Uncollateralized,
- B. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution, or
- C. Collateralized by securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

The District's aggregate bank balances were covered by FDIC insurance or fully collateralized by securities pledged on the District's behalf at year end.

The District did not have any investments at year-end or during the year. Consequently, the District was not exposed to any material interest rate risk or foreign currency risk.

Investment pool:

The District participates in the Cooperative Liquid Assets Securities System – New York (NYCLASS) a multimunicipal cooperative investment pool agreement pursuant to New York State General Municipal Law Article 3-A and 5-G, whereby it holds a portion of the investments in cooperation with other participants. The investments are highly liquid and are considered to be cash equivalents. All NYCLASS investment and collateral policies are in accordance with general municipal law sections 10 and 11.

Total investments of the cooperative at June 30, 2022 are \$4,223,478,681, which consisted of \$1,151,932,927 in repurchase agreements, \$2,228,081,678 in U.S. Treasury Securities and \$843,464,076 in collateralized bank deposits, with various interest rates and due dates.

The amount of \$3,336 is included as cash in the general fund.

The above amount represents the fair value of the investment pool shares. The lead participant of NYCLASS is the Village of Potsdam. Additional information concerning NYCLASS, including the annual report, can be found on its website at www.newyorkclass.org.

6. PARTICIPATION IN BOCES

During the year ended June 30, 2022, the District was billed \$280,735 for BOCES administrative and program costs. The District's share of BOCES aid amounted to \$60,380. Financial statements for the BOCES are available from the BOCES administrative offices at 201 Sunrise Highway, Patchogue, New York 11772.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

7. DUE FROM STATE AND FEDERAL

Due from state and federal at June 30, 2022 consisted of:

General Fund	
New York State - excess cost aid	\$ 18,890
BOCES aid	 60,380
	 79,270
Special Aid Fund	
Federal and state grants	163,438
School Food Service Fund Federal and state food service	
program reimbursements	17,796
Capital Projects Fund	
DASNY grant	250,000
	\$ 510,504

District management expects these amounts to be fully collectible.

8. INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund balances and activities at June 30, 2022 are as follows:

	Interfund								
	R	eceivable		Payable	Tr	ansfers In	Transfers Out		
General Fund	\$	179,898	\$	510,554	\$	16	\$	929,424	
Special Aid Fund				146,711		4,424			
School Food Service Fund				33,187		125,000			
Capital Projects Fund		510,554				800,000		16	
Total Governmental Funds	\$	690,452	\$	690,452	\$	929,440	\$	929,440	

The District typically transfers from the general fund to the special aid fund in accordance with the general fund budget. The transfer is to provide the District's 20% share of the summer program for students with disabilities. The District transferred from the general fund to the school lunch fund to subsidize the lunch program. The transfer to the capital projects fund was to provide financing for repair projects funded by the repair reserve. The transfer from the capital projects fund to the general fund represents the return of unexpended amounts on capital projects originally funded by the capital reserve.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

9. CAPITAL ASSETS

A. Changes

Capital asset balances and activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 were as follows:

	Balance ne 30, 2021	 Additions	Re	eductions	Jui	Balance ne 30, 2022
Governmental activities						
Capital assets not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 25,200	\$	\$		\$	25,200
Construction in progress	61,107	 		(29,648)		31,459
Total capital assets						
not being depreciated	86,307	 		(29,648)		56,659
Capital assets being depreciated:						
Buildings and improvements	14,226,585					14,226,585
Site improvements	903,861	807				904,668
Furniture and equipment	1,545,794	102,511		(7,692)		1,640,613
Total capital assets	1,343,794	 102,311		(7,092)		1,040,013
being depreciated	16,676,240	103,318		(7,692)		16,771,866
		_				_
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and improvements	6,399,564	338,731				6,738,295
Site improvements	410,705	40,586				451,291
Furniture and equipment	987,119	114,796		(7,692)		1,094,223
Total accumulated depreciation	7,797,388	494,113		(7,692)		8,283,809
Total capital assets,						
being depreciated, net	8,878,852	 (390,795)		-		8,488,057
Capital assets, net	\$ 8,965,159	\$ (390,795)	\$	(29,648)	\$	8,544,716

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

General support Instruction Food service program	\$ 101,774 391,757 582
Total depreciation expense	\$ 494,113

B. Impairment Losses

The District evaluates prominent events or changes in circumstances affecting capital assets to determine whether impairment of a capital asset has occurred. The District's policy is to record an impairment loss in the period when the District determines that the carrying amount of the asset will not be recoverable. At June 30, 2022, the District has not recorded any such impairment losses.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

10. SHORT-TERM DEBT

Short-term debt activity for the year is summarized below:

		Stated				
		Interest	Balance			Balance
	Maturity	Rate	June 30, 2021	Issued	Redeemed	June 30, 2022
	6 10 1 10 000	4.0=0/		.	± (4 = 0.000)	_
TAN	6/24/2022	1.25%	\$ -	\$ 1,500,000	\$ (1,500,000)	\$ -

The TAN was issued to provide cash flow for the District until the District receives the real property taxes from the Town. Interest on short-term debt for the year was \$12,344. The District received a premium of \$7,669, which was included in miscellaneous revenue in the general fund. The effective interest rate was 0.47%.

11. LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A. Changes

Long-term liability balances and activity, excluding pensions and other postemployment benefits liabilities, for the year are summarized below:

	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	A	dditions	R	eductions	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2022	Dı	Amounts ue Within One Year
Long-term debt: Bonds payable Energy performance contract	\$	2,330,000 717,637	\$		\$	(310,000)	\$	2,020,000	\$	250,000 64,782
Other long-term liabilities: Compensated absences Workers' compensation Termination benefits		723,377 45,150 452,767		20,694 45,266		(13,602) (14,757)		709,775 51,087 498,033		34,229 51,087
	\$	4,268,931	\$	65,960	\$	(401,334)	\$	3,933,557	\$	400,098

The general fund has typically been used to liquidate other long-term liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Bonds Payable

Bonds payable is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	Outstanding at June 30, 2022
2012 Serial Bonds - Construction	7/26/2012	6/15/2029	2.0-2.5%	\$ 1,025,000
2015 Serial Bonds - Building improvements	12/1/2015	6/1/2030	2.0-3.0%	995,000
				\$ 2,020,000

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for bonds payable:

Year Ending June	30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2023		\$ 250,000	\$	48,856	\$	298,856
2024		255,000		43,856		298,856
2025		265,000		38,582		303,582
2026		270,000		32,800		302,800
2027		275,000		26,412		301,412
2028 - 2030		 705,000		35,475		740,475
	Total	\$ 2,020,000	\$	225,981	\$	2,245,981

C. Energy Performance Contract

Energy performance contract is comprised of the following:

Description	Issue Date	Final Maturity	Interest Rate	standing at e 30, 2022
Energy performance contract	3/21/2016	3/15/2031	2.85%	\$ 654,662

The following is a summary of debt service requirements for energy performance contract payable:

Year Ending June	30,	F	Principal		Interest		Total
2023		\$	64,782	\$	18,200	\$	82,982
2024			66,642		16,340		82,982
2025			68,554		14,427		82,981
2026			70,522		12,460		82,982
2027			72,547		10,435		82,982
2028 - 2031			311,615		20,312		331,927
			_				_
	Total	\$	654,662	\$	92,174	\$	746,836

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

D. Interest Expense

Interest on long-term debt for the year was composed of:

Interest paid	\$ 75,063
Less interest accrued in the prior year	(9,767)
Plus interest accrued in the current year	 8,899
Total interest expense on long-term debt	\$ 74,195

12. PENSION PLANS - NEW YORK STATE

A. General Information

The District participates in the New York State Teachers' Retirement System (TRS) and the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System (ERS). These are cost-sharing multiple employer, defined benefit, public employee retirement systems. The systems provide retirement, disability, withdrawal and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries related to years of service and final average salary.

B. Provisions and Administration

Teachers' Retirement System

The TRS is administered by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board. The TRS provides benefits to plan members and beneficiaries as authorized by the Education Law and the New York State Retirement and Social Security Law (NYSRSSL). Membership is mandatory and automatic for all full-time teachers, teaching assistants, guidance counselors and administrators employed in New York Public Schools and BOCES who elected to participate in the TRS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the TRS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. Additional information regarding the TRS may be found on the TRS website at www.nystrs.org or obtained by writing to the New York State Teachers' Retirement System, 10 Corporate Woods Drive, Albany, NY 12211-2395.

Employees' Retirement System

Obligations of employers and employees to contribute and benefits to employees are governed by the NYSRSSL. The net position of the ERS is held in the New York State Common Retirement Fund (the Fund), which was established to hold all net assets and record changes in plan net position allocated to the ERS. As set forth in the NYSRSSL, the Comptroller of the State of New York (Comptroller) serves as the trustee of the Fund and is the administrative head of the ERS. Once a public employer elects to participate in the ERS, the election is irrevocable. The New York State Constitution provides that pension membership is a contractual relationship and plan benefits cannot be diminished or impaired. Benefits can be changed for future members only by enactment of a State statute. The District also participates in the Public Employees' Group Life Insurance Plan (GLIP), which provides death benefits in the form of life insurance. The ERS is included in the State's financial report as a pension trust fund. That report, including information with regard to benefits provided may be found at www.osc.state.ny.us/retire/publications/index.php or obtained by writing to the New York State and Local Employees' Retirement System, 110 State Street, Albany, NY 12244.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Funding Policies

Plan members who joined the systems before July 27, 1976, are not required to make contributions. Those joining on or after July 27, 1976, and before January 1, 2010, with less than ten years of credited services are required to contribute 3% of their salary. Those joining on or after January 1, 2010 and before April 1, 2012, are required to contribute 3% of their salary to ERS or 3.5% of their salary to TRS throughout active membership. Those joining on or after April 1, 2012, are required to contribute between 3% and 6% dependent on their salary throughout active membership. Employers are required to contribute at an actuarially determined rate based on covered salaries paid. For the TRS, the employers' contribution rate is established annually by the New York State Teachers' Retirement Board for the TRS' fiscal year ended Iune 30th, and employer contributions are deducted from state aid in the subsequent months of September. October and November. For the ERS, the Comptroller annually certifies the actuarially determined rates expressly used in computing the employers' contributions for the ERS' fiscal year ended March 31st, and employer contributions are either paid by the prior December 15th less a 1% discount or by the prior February 1st. The District paid 100% of the required contributions as billed by the TRS and ERS for the current year. The District's contribution rate was 9.53% of covered payroll for the TRS' fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. The District's average contribution rate was 14.87% of covered payroll for the ERS, fiscal year ended March 31, 2022.

The District's share of the required contributions, based on covered payroll for the District's year ended June 30, 2022, was \$462,686 for TRS at the contribution rate of 9.80% and \$168,667 for ERS at an average contribution rate of 13.20%.

D. Pension Assets/(Liability), Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2022, the District reported the following asset/(liability) for its proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) for each of the systems. The net pension asset/(liability) was measured as of June 30, 2021, for TRS and March 31, 2022 for ERS. The total pension asset/(liability) used to calculate the net pension asset/(liability) was determined by an actuarial valuation. The District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability) was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the systems relative to the projected contributions of all participating members, actuarially determined. This information was provided by the TRS and the ERS in reports provided to the District.

		TRS		ERS	
Measurement date	Ju	ne 30, 2021	Mar	ch 31, 2022	
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset	\$	4,845,850	\$	334,953	
District's portion of the Plan's total net pension asset		0.027964%	0	.0040975%	
Change in proportion since the prior measurement date		0.000531		0.0008192	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For the year ended June 30, 2022, the District recognized pension expense (credit) of \$(278,945) for TRS and \$26,804 for ERS. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources			D	eferred Inflov	ws of Resources		
		TRS		ERS		TRS		ERS
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	667,949	\$	25,366	\$	25,176	\$	32,902
Changes of assumptions		1,593,901		559,000		282,256		9,433
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments						5,071,683		1,096,832
Changes in proportion and differences between the District's contributions and proportionate share of contributions		37,410		71,708		39,947		25,426
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		462,686		42,901				
Total	\$	2,761,946	\$	698,975	\$	5,419,062	\$	1,164,593

District contributions, subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2023. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	TRS	ERS
2023	\$ (626,674)	\$ (74,612)
2024	(733,095)	(112,495)
2025	(925,815)	(275,330)
2026	(1,222,996)	(46,082)
2027	229,334	
Thereafter	159,444	
	\$ (3,119,802)	\$ (508,519)

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension asset/(liability) as of the measurement date was determined by using an actuarial valuation as noted in the table below, with update procedures used to roll forward the total pension asset/(liability) to the measurement date. The actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions:

	TRS	ERS
W		N 1 04 0000
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	March 31, 2022
Actuarial valuation date	June 30, 2020	April 1, 2021
Inflation	2.40%	2.70%
Salary increases	1.95-5.18%	4.40%
Investment rate of return (net of investment		
expense, including inflation)	6.95%	5.90%
Cost of Living adjustments	1.30%	1.40%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

For TRS, annuitant mortality rates are based on plan member experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020, applied on a generational basis. Active member mortality rates are based on plan member experience. For ERS, annuitant mortality rates are based on April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020 system experience with adjustments for mortality improvements based on the Society of Actuaries' Scale MP-2020. The previous actuarial valuation as of April 1, 2020 used the same assumptions for the measurement of the total pension liability.

For TRS, the June 30, 2021 demographic, the actuarial assumptions and the salary scale were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2015 – June 30, 2020. The June 30, 2020 demographic actuarial assumptions and the salary scale were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period July 1, 2009- June 30, 2014. For ERS, the actuarial assumptions were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period April 1, 2015 – March 31, 2020.

For TRS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined in accordance with Actuarial Standard of Practice (ASOP) No. 27, *Selection of Economic Assumptions for Measuring Pension Obligations*. ASOP No. 27 provides guidance on the selection of an appropriate assumed investment rate of return. Consideration was given to expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) for each major asset class, as well as historical investment data and plan performance.

For ERS, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected return, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

The target allocation and best estimates of the arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized below:

	TF	RS	El	RS
		Long-term		Long-term
	Target	Expected Real	Target	Expected Real
	Allocation	Rate of Return	Allocation	Rate of Return
Measurement date		June 30, 2021		March 31, 2022
Asset type				
Domestic equity	33.0%	6.80%	32.0%	3.30%
International equity	16.0%	7.60%	15.0%	5.85%
Global equity	4.0%	7.10%		
Real estate equity	11.0%	6.50%	9.0%	5.00%
Private equity	8.0%	10.00%	10.0%	6.50%
Alternative investments			10.0%	3.78-5.58%
Domestic fixed income	16.0%	1.30%		
Global bonds	2.0%	0.80%		
High-yield bonds	1.0%	3.80%		
Fixed income			23.0%	0.00%
Private debt	1.0%	5.90%		
Real estate debt	7.0%	3.30%		
Cash equivalents	1.0%	(0.20)%		
Cash			1.0%	(1.00)%
	100.0%	_	100.0%	

Real rates of return are net of a long-term inflation assumption of 2.4% for TRS and 2.5% for ERS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.95% for TRS and 5.90% for ERS (the discount rate used by the TRS at the prior year's measurement date of June 30, 2020, was 7.10%). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based upon the assumptions, the systems' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability) to the Discount Rate Assumption

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) calculated using the discount rate of 6.95% for the TRS and 5.90% for the ERS, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (5.95% for TRS and 4.90% for ERS) or 1 percentage point higher (7.95% for TRS and 6.90% for ERS) than the current rate:

TRS	19	% Decrease 5.95%	A	Current ssumption 6.95%	1	% Increase 7.95%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	508,501	\$	4,845,850	\$	8,491,076
ERS	19	% Decrease 4.90%	A	Current ssumption 5.90%	1	% Increase 6.90%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$	(862,166)	\$	334,953	\$	1,336,286

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

The components of the current-year net pension asset/(liability) of the employers as of the respective measurement dates, were as follows:

	 TRS		ERS
	(Dollars in	Tho	usands)
Measurement date	June 30, 2021	N	farch 31, 2022
Employers' total pension liability	\$ (130,819,415)	\$	(223,874,888)
Plan fiduciary net position	148,148,457		232,049,473
Employers' net pension asset	\$ 17,329,042	\$	8,174,585
Ratio of plan fiduciary net position to the employers' total pension liability	113.25%		103.65%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

Payables to the Pension Plan

For the TRS, employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, are paid to the system in September, October and November 2022 through a state aid intercept. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022, represent employer and employee contributions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2022, based on paid TRS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate and employee contributions for the fiscal year as reported to the TRS. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$462,686 of employer contributions and \$69,956 of employee contributions.

For the ERS, employer contributions are paid annually based on the system's fiscal year, which ends on March 31st. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022, represent the projected employer contribution for the period of April 1, 2022 through June 30, 2022 based on paid ERS covered wages multiplied by the employer's contribution rate, by tier. Accrued retirement contributions as of June 30, 2022 amounted to \$42,901 of employer contributions. Employee contributions are remitted monthly.

13. PENSION PLANS - OTHER

A. Tax Sheltered Annuities

The District has adopted a 403(b) plan covering all eligible employees. Employees may defer up to 100% of their compensation subject to Internal Revenue Code elective deferral limitations. The District may also make non-elective contributions of certain compensated absence payments and supplemental payments based on collectively bargained agreements. The District made no contributions into this plan. Contributions made by the employees for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$206,790.

B. Deferred Compensation Plan

The District has established a deferred compensation plan in accordance with Internal Revenue Code §457 for all employees. The District makes no contributions into this Plan. The amount deferred by eligible employees for the year ended June 30, 2022 totaled \$100,985.

14. POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE BENEFITS

A. General Information about the OPEB Plan

Plan Description – The District provides OPEB for eligible retired employees of the District. The benefits provided to employees upon retirement are based on provisions in the various contracts that the District has in place with different classifications of employees. The plan is a single-employer defined benefit OPEB plan administered through the New York State Health Insurance Program – Empire- No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement 75.

Benefits Provided – The District provides healthcare benefits and Medicare Part B coverage for eligible retirees. The benefit terms are dependent on which contract each employee falls under. The specifics of each contract are on file at the District offices and are available upon request.

Employees Covered by Benefit Terms – At July 1, 2020, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefit payments	66
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefit payments	-
Active employees	60
	126

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

B. Total OPEB Liability

The District's total OPEB liability of \$20,650,457 was measured as of June 30, 2022 and was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2020. Update procedures were used to roll forward the total OPEB liability to the measurement date.

Actuarial Assumptions and Other Inputs – The total OPEB liability, as of the measurement date, was determined using the following actuarial assumptions and other inputs, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation 2.60%

Discount rate 3.54%

Healthcare cost trend rates 5.30% for 2022, decreasing 0.5% per year to an ultimate rate of 4.10% over 55 years

Retirees' share of benefit-related costs 0% to 100% of projected health insurance premiums for retirees

The discount rate was based on the Bond Buyer General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.

Mortality rates were based on RP-2014 adjusted to 2006 total dataset mortality table, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on scale MP-2016, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements projected to date of decrement using Scale MP-2016(generational mortality).

The plan does not have credible data on which to perform an experience study. As a result, a full actuarial study is not applicable.

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

Balance at June 30, 2021	\$ 24,855,310
Changes for the year	
Service cost	1,087,416
Interest on total OPEB liability	553,116
Changes of benefit terms	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(5,170,733)
Benefit payments	(674,652)
Net Change in OPEB Liability	(4,204,853)
Balance at June 30, 2022	\$ 20,650,457

Changes of assumptions and other inputs reflect a change in the discount rate from 2.16% in 2021 to 3.54% in 2022.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower (2.54%) or 1 percentage point higher (4.54%) than the current discount rate:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

		Discount	
	1% Decrease	Rate	1% Increase
OPEB	2.54%	3.54%	4.54%
Total OPEB liability	\$ (24,229,993)	\$ (20,650,457)	\$ (17,784,544)

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are 1 percentage point lower (4.30% to 3.10%) or 1 percentage point higher (6.30% to 5.10%) than the current healthcare cost trend rate:

		Healthcare	
	1% Decrease	Cost Trend Rates	1% Increase
	4.30%	5.30%	6.30%
	decreasing to	decreasing to	decreasing to
OPEB	3.10%	4.10%	5.10%
Total OPEB liability	\$ (17,639,185)	\$ (20,650,457)	\$(24,604,283)

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year June 30, 2022, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$327,315. At June 30, 2022, the District reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred			
	Outflows	Inflows		
	of Resources	of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$ 2,598,977	\$ 2,155,856		
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	4,133,152	11,575,574		
Total	\$ 6,732,129	\$ 13,731,430		

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Amount
2023	\$ (1,313,217)
2024	(1,313,217)
2025	(1,313,217)
2026	(1,313,217)
2027	(586,968)
Thereafter	(1,159,465)
	•
	\$ (6,999,301)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

A. General Information

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; errors and omissions; and natural disasters. These risks are covered by a combination of self-insurance reserves, public entity risk pools, and commercial insurance purchased from independent third parties. There have been no significant reductions in insurance coverage as compared to the prior year, and settled claims from these risks have not exceeded available reserves and commercial insurance coverage for the past three years.

B. Public Entity Risk Pool - Risk Retained

The District participates in a risk pool, the East End Workers' Compensation Consortium (EEWCC), to insure workers' compensation claims. This public entity risk pool was created under Article 5 of Workers' Compensation Law, to evaluate, process, administer, and pay workers' compensation claims. The District retains the risk of loss.

The District pays an annual assessment to the pool for its workers' compensation claims coverage and related expenses. The EEWCC has obtained an excess compensation insurance policy to buffer the effect that a single large claim may have on the District's loss experience. The EEWCC established a non-discounted liability for both reported and unreported insured events, which includes estimates of both future payments or losses and related claim adjustment expenses. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. However, because actual claim costs depend on complex factors, the process used in computing claims liabilities does not necessarily result in an exact amount. Such claims are based on the ultimate cost of claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) that have been reported but not settled, and claims that have been incurred but not reported.

The District's liability for incurred but unpaid claims and incurred but not reported claims at June 30, 2022, as processed by the EEWCC, is \$51,087. Claims activity is summarized as follows:

	2021			2022		
Claims at beginning of year Incurred claims and claim adjustment expenses Claims payments and expenses	\$	41,284 12,237 (8,371)	\$	45,150 20,694 (14,757)		
Claims liabilities at end of year	\$	45,150	\$	51,087		

The EEWCC is holding \$160,875 of cash on account for the District to satisfy these liabilities at June 30, 2022.

The EEWCC has issued financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2022. Copies of these statements can be obtained from the District's Business Office.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

C. Public Entity Risk Pool - Risk Sharing

The District participates in New York Schools Insurance Reciprocal (NYSIR), a non-risk-retained public entity risk pool for its property and liability insurance coverage. The pool is operated for the benefit of individual governmental units located within the pool's geographic area, and is considered a self-sustaining risk pool that will provide coverage for its members. The pool obtains independent coverage for insured events in excess of certain defined limits, and the District has essentially transferred all related risk to the pool.

16. RESTRICTED FUND BALANCE - APPROPRIATED RESERVES

The District expects to appropriate the following amounts from reserves, which are reported in the June 30, 2022 restricted fund balances, to fund the budget and reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2023:

Retirement contributions Teachers' retirement system Employees' retirement system	\$ 30,000 30,000
	\$ 60,000

17. ASSIGNED APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE

The amount of \$685,331 has been appropriated to reduce taxes for the year ending June 30, 2023.

18. RESTRICTED FOR CAPITAL RESERVE

The following is a summary of the District's restricted capital reserve activity since inception:

	200	16		F.I.T.	
Date Created	May 2	006	Ма	y 2011	
Number of Years to Fund		5		20	
Maximum Funding	\$ 2,00	0,000	\$ 10	,000,000	m . 1
General Fund					 Total
Funding Provided	\$ 1,76	7,002	\$	32,573	\$ 1,799,575
Interest Earnings		9,974		1	149,975
Use of Reserve	(1,91	6,153)			(1,916,153)
Total General Fund	\$	823	\$	32,574	\$ 33,397

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (Continued)

19. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

A. Encumbrances

All encumbrances are classified as either restricted or assigned fund balance. At June 30, 2022, the District encumbered the following amounts:

Restricted Fund Balance:

Capital Project Fund

Capital Projects \$ 20,960

Assigned: Unappropriated Fund Balance:

General Fund

General Support 186,730
Instruction 200

\$ 207,890

B. Grants

The District has received grants, which are subject to audit by agencies of the state and federal governments. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on prior audits, the District's management believes disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

C. Litigation

The District is involved in lawsuits arising from the normal conduct of its affairs. The District believes that the outcome of any matters will not have a material effect on these financial statements.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

The District has evaluated subsequent events through the date of the auditors' report, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. No significant events were identified that would require adjustment of or disclosure in the financial statements.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

REVENUES Local Sources Real property taxes \$ 11,016,572 \$ 10,867,351 \$ 10,840,003 \$ (27,348) \$ (00		Original Budget	Final Budget		Actual	Var	al Budget iance with Actual
Real property taxes \$ 11,016,572 \$ 10,867,351 \$ 10,840,003 \$ (27,348) Other real property tax items 149,221 149,330 109 Charges for services 40,627 40,627 40,627 Use of money and property 5,072 5,072 5,072 Sale of property and compensation for loss 4,261 4,261 - Miscellaneous 4,400 100,010 95,610 Total Local Sources 11,016,572 11,025,233 11,139,303 114,070 State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,30	REVENUES	 					
Other real property tax items 149,221 149,330 109 Charges for services 40,627 40,627 Use of money and property 5,072 5,072 Sale of property and compensation for loss 4,261 4,261 - Miscellaneous 4,400 100,010 95,610 Total Local Sources 11,016,572 11,025,233 11,139,303 114,070 State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308	Local Sources						
Charges for services 40,627 40,627 Use of money and property 5,072 5,072 Sale of property and compensation for loss 4,261 4,261 - Miscellaneous 4,400 100,010 95,610 Total Local Sources 11,016,572 11,025,233 11,139,303 114,070 State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 1,722,184 1,722,184		\$ 11,016,572	\$	\$		\$	
Use of money and property Sale of property and compensation for loss (Miscellaneous) 4,261 (Miscellaneous) 4,261 (Miscellaneous) 4,261 (Miscellaneous) 4,261 (Miscellaneous) 4,261 (Miscellaneous) 4,400 (Miscellaneous) 95,610 (Miscellaneous) 95,610 (Miscellaneous) 11,016,572 (Miscellaneous) 11,025,233 (Miscellaneous) 11,139,303 (Miscellaneous) 114,070 (Miscellaneous) 871,712 (Miscellaneous) 203,333 (Miscellaneous) 11,684,951 (Miscellaneous) 11,693,612 (Miscellaneous) 12,011,015 (Miscellaneous) 317,403 (Miscellaneous) 317,403 (Miscellaneous) 16 (Miscellaneous) <td></td> <td></td> <td>149,221</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			149,221				
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Miscellaneous 4,400 100,010 95,610 Total Local Sources 11,016,572 11,025,233 11,139,303 114,070 State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 76,308 76,308 76,308 76,308 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and							
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State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 76,308 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and 1,722,184	Miscellaneous	 	 4,400		100,010		95,610
State Sources 668,379 668,379 871,712 203,333 Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 76,308 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and 1,722,184	Total Local Sources	11,016,572	11,025,233		11,139,303		114,070
Total Revenues 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,015 317,403 OTHER FINANCING SOURCES Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus 699,996 699,996 76,308							
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES 16 16 Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and 1,722,184	State Sources	 668,379	 668,379		871,712		203,333
Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and 1,722,184	Total Revenues	11,684,951	11,693,612		12,011,015		317,403
Operating Transfers In 16 16 Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and 1,722,184	OTHER FINANCING SOURCES						
Total Revenues and Other Sources 11,684,951 11,693,612 12,011,031 \$ 317,419 APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Year's Surplus Prior Year's Encumbrances Appropriated Reserves Total Appropriated Fund Balance Total Appropriated Fund Balance Total Revenues, Other Sources and 76,304 1,722,184					16		16
APPROPRIATED FUND BALANCE Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and				-			
Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and	Total Revenues and Other Sources	 11,684,951	 11,693,612		12,011,031	\$	317,419
Prior Years' Surplus 699,996 699,996 Prior Year's Encumbrances 76,308 76,308 Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and	ADDDODDIATED FUND DALANCE						
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Appropriated Reserves 945,880 Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and	•	•					
Total Appropriated Fund Balance 776,304 1,722,184 Total Revenues, Other Sources and		76,308					
Total Revenues, Other Sources and	Appropriated Reserves	 	 945,880				
·	Total Appropriated Fund Balance	 776,304	 1,722,184				
·	Total Revenues Other Sources and						
Appropriated rand balance $\frac{\psi - 12,701,233}{\psi - 13,713,770}$	Appropriated Fund Balance	\$ 12,461,255	\$ 13,415,796				

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund (Continued)

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Final Budget Variance with
	Original	Final		Year End	Actual
EXPENDITURES	Budget	Budget	Actual	Encumbrances	& Encumbrances
General Support					
Board of education	\$ 122,009	\$ 122,509	\$ 115,999	\$	\$ 6,510
Central administration	211,936	214,260	208,631	1,124	4,505
Finance	434,194	410,952	353,945	37,200	19,807
Staff	61,324	59,529	54,217	•	5,312
Central services	1,040,314	1,165,633	969,177	148,406	48,050
Special items	174,010	168,373	166,816		1,557
Total General Support	2,043,787	2,141,256	1,868,785	186,730	85,741
Instruction					
Administration and improvement	358,348	402,545	378,052		24,493
Teaching - regular school	3,164,691	3,227,625	3,020,460	200	206,965
Programs for students			0=0.400		400 #04
with disabilities	1,153,484	1,055,695	872,109		183,586
Occupational education	42,999 216,340	42,993 249,419	42,993		- 20.21
Teaching - special schools Instructional media	305,012	300,948	221,104 295,890		28,315 5,058
Pupil services	772,729	796,050			53,393
r upit services	772,727	770,030	7 12,007		33,373
Total Instruction	6,013,603	6,075,275	5,573,265	200	501,810
Pupil Transportation	517,245	518,745	394,295		124,450
Employee Benefits	3,263,807	3,257,707	2,896,044		361,663
Debt Service					
Principal	372,975	372,975	372,975		-
Interest	113,838	113,838	87,407		26,431
Total Debt Service	486,813	486,813	460,382		26,431
Total Expenditures	12,325,255	12,479,796	11,192,771	186,930	1,100,095
OTHER FINANCING USES					
Operating Transfers Out	136,000	936,000	929,424		6,576
Total Expenditures and Other Uses	\$ 12,461,255	\$ 13,415,796	=12,122,195	\$ 186,930	\$ 1,106,671
Net Change in Fund Balance			(111,164)		
Fund Balance - Beginning of Year			3,446,886		
Fund Balance - End of Year			\$ 3,335,722		

Note to Required Supplementary Information

Budget Basis of Accounting

Budgets are adopted on the modified accrual basis of accounting consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Asset/(Liability)

Last Eight Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.027964%	0.027433%	0.027742%	0.027604%	0.027961%	0.028609%	0.028252%	0.026905%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 4,845,850	\$ (758,035)	\$ 720,735	\$ 499,156	\$ 212,528	\$ (306,412)	\$ 2,934,447	\$ 2,997,094
District's covered payroll	\$ 4,746,345	\$ 4,656,170	\$ 4,630,562	\$ 4,484,643	\$ 4,596,387	\$ 4,696,482	\$ 4,607,840	\$ 4,189,349
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	102.10 %	16.28 %	15.56 %	11.13 %	4.62 %	6.52 %	63.68 %	71.54 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	113.25%	97.76%	102.17%	101.53%	100.66%	99.01%	110.46%	111.48%
Discount rate	6.95%	7.10%	7.10%	7.25%	7.25%	7.50%	8.00%	8.00%
		Employees' Ret	irement System					
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
District's proportion of the net pension asset/(liability)	0.0040975%	0.0032783%	0.0035053%	0.0034870%	0.0036689%	0.0339150%	0.0037650%	0.0038356%
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability)	\$ 334,953	\$ (3,264)	\$ (928,231)	\$ (247,063)	\$ (118,410)	\$ (318,676)	\$ (604,297)	\$ (129,575)
District's covered payroll	\$ 1,176,561	\$ 1,110,396	\$ 1,038,323	\$ 1,021,004	\$ 985,531	\$ 983,404	\$ 915,415	\$ 955,099
District's proportionate share of the net pension asset/(liability) as a percentage of its covered payroll	28.47 %	0.29 %	89.40 %	24.20 %	12.01 %	32.41 %	66.01 %	13.57 %
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension asset/(liability)	103.65%	99.95%	86.39%	96.27%	98.24%	94.70%	90.68%	97.95%
Discount rate	5.90%	5.90%	6.80%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.00%	7.50%

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

^{*}The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date of the respective plans.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of District Pension Contributions

Last Ten Fiscal Years

Teachers' Retirement System

		2022		2021		2020		2019	_	2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	 2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	462,686	\$	452,327	\$	412,537	\$	491,766	\$	439,495	\$	519,292	\$	578,850	\$	742,237	\$ 628,160	\$ 453,655
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		462,686		452,327		412,537		491,766		439,495		519,292		578,850		742,237	 628,160	 453,655
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
District's covered payroll	\$	4,721,284	\$	4,746,345	\$	4,656,170	\$	4,630,562	\$	4,484,643	\$	4,596,387	\$	4,696,482	\$	4,607,840	\$ 4,189,349	\$ 3,658,507
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		10%		10%		9%		11%		10%		11%		12%		16%	15%	12%
						Employ	vees	s' Retirement	Syst	tem								
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015	 2014	 2013
Contractually required contribution	\$	2022 168,667	\$	2021 150,715	\$	2020 130,610	\$	2019 127,146	\$	2018 127,277	\$	2017 123,632	\$	2016 127,108	\$	2015 147,146	\$ 2014 161,815	\$ 2013 142,102
Contractually required contribution Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$
Contributions in relation to the contractually	\$	168,667	\$	150,715	\$	130,610	\$	127,146	\$	127,277	\$	123,632	\$	127,108	\$	147,146	\$ 161,815	\$ 142,102
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	\$ \$	168,667	\$ \$	150,715	\$ \$	130,610	\$ \$	127,146 127,146 -	\$	127,277	\$ \$	123,632	\$ \$	127,108 127,108	\$ \$	147,146	\$ 161,815	\$ 142,102

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Changes in the District's Total OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

Last Five Fiscal Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$ 1,087,416	\$ 954,847	\$ 792,587	\$ 1,338,440	\$ 1,017,251
Interest on total OPEB liability	553,116	555,747	708,601	819,311	778,082
Changes in benefit terms	-	-	-	849,174	-
Differences between expected and actual experience	-	(2,828,588)	-	5,134,565	(38,108)
Changes of assumptions or other inputs	(5,170,733)	2,344,171	3,934,552	(13,997,593)	-
Benefit payments	(674,652)	(721,933)	(669,844)	(656,453)	(751,028)
Net change in total OPEB liability	(4,204,853)	304,244	4,765,896	(6,512,556)	1,006,197
Total OPEB liability, beginning	24,855,310	24,551,066	19,785,170	26,297,726	25,291,529
Total OPEB liability, ending	\$ 20,650,457	\$ 24,855,310	\$ 24,551,066	\$ 19,785,170	\$ 26,297,726
Covered employee payroll	\$ 5,488,197	\$ 5,488,197	\$ 5,067,979	\$ 5,067,979	\$ 5,787,125
Total OPEB liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	376.27%	452.89%	484.44%	390.40%	454.42%
Discount rate	3.54%	2.16%	2.21%	3.50%	3.00%
Healthcare trend rates	5.3 to 4.1% over 55 years	5.3 to 4.1% over 55 years	6.1 to 4.1% over 57 years	6.1 to 4.1% over 57 years	7.5 to 4.5% over 7 years

An additional year of historical information will be added each year, subsequent to the year of implementation, until 10 years of historical data is available.

Note to Required Supplementary Information

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in paragraph 4 of GASB Statement No. 75 to pay related benefits.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedules of Change from Adopted Budget to Final Budget and the Real Property Tax Limit - General Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

CHANGE FROM ADOPTED BUDGET TO FINAL BUDGET

Adopted Budget		\$ 12,384,947
Additions: Prior year's encumbrances		 76,308
Original Budget		12,461,255
Budget revisions		 954,541
Final Budget		\$ 13,415,796
SECTION 1318 OF REAL PROPERTY TAX LAW LIMIT CALCULATION		
2022-2023 voter-approved expenditure budget		\$ 12,445,523
Maximum allowed (4% of 2022-2023 budget)		\$ 497,821
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		
Unrestricted fund balance: Assigned fund balance Unassigned fund balance	\$ 872,261 660,498	\$ 1,532,759
Less: Appropriated fund balance Encumbrances Total adjustments	 685,331 186,930	872,261
General Fund Fund Balance Subject to § 1318 of Real Property Tax Law:		\$ 660,498
Actual Percentage		5.31%

Schedule of Project Expenditures and Financing Resources - Capital Projects Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

				Expenditures				Methods	of Financing		Fund
PROJECT TITLE	Budget June 30, 2021	Budget June 30, 2022	Prior Years	Current Year	Total	Unexpended Balance	Proceeds of Obligations	State Aid	Local Sources	Total	Balance June 30, 2022
District-wide improvements	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$	\$ 250,000	\$ -	\$	\$	\$ 250,000	\$ 250,000	\$ -
Capital reserve 2006 Science classroom labs	161,000	161,000	160,984		160,984	16			161,000	161,000	16
Repair Reserve 2021 Septic system project		800,000		31,459	31,459	768,541			800,000	800,000	768,541
Totals	\$ 411,000	\$ 1,211,000	\$ 410,984	\$ 31,459	\$ 442,443	\$ 768,557	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,211,000	\$ 1,211,000	768,557

Less: grant aid not yet recognized
Less: transfer to reserve (25)

(250,000) (16)

\$ 518,541

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT Schedule of Net Investment in Capital Assets

June 30, 2022

Capital assets, net	\$ 8,544,716
Deduct:	
Short-term portion of bonds payable	250,000
Long-term portion of bonds payable	1,770,000
Short-term portion of energy performance contract payable	64,782
Long-term portion of energy performance contract payable	 589,880
	 2,674,662
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 5,870,054



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Education of the Shelter Island Union Free School District Town of Shelter Island, New York:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Shelter Island Union Free School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 12, 2022.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Nawrocki Smith

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of noncompliance that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as items 2022-001 and 2022-002.

District's Responses to Findings

The District's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Hauppauge, New York October 12, 2022

Nawrocki Smith LLP

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

<u>2022-001</u> The District's unassigned fund balance in the General Fund exceeded the limitation as promulgated by New York State statute.

<u>Condition</u>: The District did not comply with the limitations on unassigned fund balance.

<u>Criteria</u>: New York State law limits the unassigned fund balance of the General Fund to 4% of the following year's expenditure budget.

Effect: The District did not comply with the New York State accounting requirements as of June 30, 2022.

<u>Cause</u>: The District was not able to make a proper disposition of excess fund balance.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should implement procedures to monitor fund balance throughout the year to comply with New York State requirements.

<u>Response</u>: The District is in agreement with this finding and will ensure policies and procedures are in effect to comply with such accounting requirements in the future.

<u>2022-002</u> The submission of the Annual Financial Report on Form ST-3 to the New York State Education Department did not occur until subsequent to the filing deadline.

<u>Condition</u>: The District did not fulfill its annual reporting requirement to the New York State Education Department in accordance with the requisite due date.

<u>Criteria</u>: The New York State Education Department required that the District submit its Annual Financial Report on Form ST-3 by September 1, 2022.

<u>Effect</u>: The District did not fulfill its New York State Education Department report requirement as of the required submission date.

<u>Cause</u>: Information necessary to complete the submission was not readily available, therefore, the Annual Financial Report on Form ST-3 was not prepared on a timely basis.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The District should implement procedures to ensure sufficient time to comply with New York State Education Department reporting requirements.

<u>Response</u>: The District is in agreement with this finding and will ensure procedures are in effect to comply with such requirements in the future.

SHELTER ISLAND UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

Findings - Financial Statement Audit

- 2021-001 <u>Recommendation</u> The District should implement procedures to monitor fund balance throughout the year to comply with New York State requirements.
 - Status We noted this recommendation was not implemented.
- 2021-002 <u>Recommendation</u> The District should implement procedures to ensure sufficient time to comply with New York State Education Department reporting requirements.
 - Status We noted this recommendation was not implemented.