

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Year Ended June 30, 2024

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Board of Directors
Salt Lake Education Foundation

Report on Basic Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Salt Lake Education Foundation (a nonprofit organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as of June 30, 2024, the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Salt Lake Education Foundation as of June 30, 2024 and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Salt Lake Education Foundation and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Salt Lake Education Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for one year after the date that the financial statements are issued.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Salt Lake Education Foundation's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Salt Lake Education Foundation's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Squire & Company, PC

Orem, Utah
December 5, 2024

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION
June 30, 2024

Assets:	
Cash	\$ 280,371
Investments	4,901,828
Accounts receivable	1,285
Prepaid expenses	<u>3,500</u>
Total assets	5,186,984
Liabilities:	
Accounts payable	58,079
Unearned revenue	<u>237,000</u>
Total liabilities	295,079
Net Assets:	
Without donor restrictions	1,887,473
With donor restrictions	<u>3,004,432</u>
Total net assets	<u><u>\$ 4,891,905</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions:

Support and revenue:	
Contributions	\$ 703,312
In-kind contributions	893,199
Net investment gains	593,106
Lease revenue	241,777
Net assets released from donor restrictions	<u>1,388,421</u>
Total support and revenue	3,819,815
Expenses:	
Program services:	
Grants and awards	1,794,987
Educational services	96,447
Other	<u>1,120,764</u>
Total program services	3,012,198
Support services:	
Administration	<u>63,000</u>
Total expenses	<u>3,075,198</u>
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	744,617

Net Assets With Donor Restrictions:

Contributions	1,337,800
Net assets released from donor restrictions	<u>(1,388,421)</u>
Change in net assets with donor restrictions	<u>(50,621)</u>
Change in Net Assets	693,996
Net Assets at Beginning of Year	<u>4,197,909</u>
Net Assets at End of Year	<u><u>\$ 4,891,905</u></u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Cash Flows from Operating Activities:	
Change in net assets	\$ 693,996
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash provided by operating activities:	
Net realized and unrealized investment gains	(413,853)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:	
Accounts receivable	1,598
Prepaid expenses	7,498
Accounts payable	30,761
Unearned revenue	<u>(79,000)</u>
Total adjustments	<u>(452,996)</u>
Net cash provided by operating activities	241,000
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:	
Proceeds from sales of investments	4,171,963
Purchases of investments	<u>(4,727,663)</u>
Net cash used by investing activities	<u>(555,700)</u>
Net Change in Cash	(314,700)
Cash at Beginning of Year	<u>595,071</u>
Cash at End of Year	<u><u>\$ 280,371</u></u>

Supplemental Data:

The Foundation paid no interest or income taxes during the year ended June 30, 2024.

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this financial statement.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Program Services	Supporting Services	Total
Salaries and employee benefits	\$ 292,607	\$ -	\$ 292,607
Other purchased services	162,469	-	162,469
Supplies	1,436,358	-	1,436,358
Administration	-	63,000	63,000
Other	1,120,764	-	1,120,764
Total expenses	<u>\$ 3,012,198</u>	<u>\$ 63,000</u>	<u>\$ 3,075,198</u>

The accompanying notes are an intergral part of this financial statement.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Reporting Entity

The Salt Lake Education Foundation (Foundation) was formed to provide an organization, outside the public school system, to generate additional financial resources for the benefit of Salt Lake City School District (District). The Foundation's program services are to provide grants to supplement and enhance the educational opportunities of students within the District and to provide humanitarian medical services. A board consisting of 11 members governs the activities of the Foundation.

The Foundation, due to its affiliation with the District, is reported as a blended component unit within the District's financial statements.

Basis of Accounting

These financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated in the United States of American for nonprofit organizations.

Financial Statement Presentation

The Foundation reports information regarding its financial position and activities according to the following net asset classifications:

Net assets without donor restrictions – Net assets that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Foundation's management and Board of Directors.

Net assets with donor restrictions – Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors.

Donor-restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the statement of activities. Donor-restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same reporting period are reported as contributions without donor restrictions.

Investments

Investments are stated at fair value. Investment income and gains and losses (realized or unrealized) are included in revenue and are allocated to the appropriate restricted programs based on the average investment balances of such programs.

Estimates

Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported amounts of revenues, support, and expenses. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Tax Status

The Foundation is exempt from federal income taxation under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (IRC), though it would be subject to tax on income unrelated to its exempt purposes (unless that income is otherwise excluded by the IRC). Also, the Foundation is not subject to state income taxes. Contributions to the Foundation are tax deductible to donors under Section 170 of the IRC. The Foundation is not classified as a private foundation.

In-Kind Contributions and Contributed Services

In-kind contributions are reflected as contributions at their fair value at date of donation and are reported as unrestricted support unless explicit donor stipulations specify how donated assets must be used.

The Foundation recognizes the fair value of contributed services received if such services (a) create or enhance nonfinancial assets or (b) require specialized skills that are provided by individuals possessing those skills and would typically need to be purchased if not contributed. The Foundation receives services from a large number of volunteers who give significant amounts of their time to the Foundation's programs and fundraising campaigns but which do not meet the criteria for financial statement recognition.

Donated Facilities and Personnel

The District provides personnel and office space to the Foundation. Contributions and expenses related to the donated personnel and office space amounting to \$63,000 for the year ended June 30, 2024 have been reflected in the accompanying statement of activities.

Donated Materials

Donated materials are recorded at their fair value and are included as revenue of \$830,199 for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Expense Recognition and Allocation

The cost of providing the Foundation's programs and other activities is summarized on a functional basis in the statement of activities and statement of functional expenses. Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or support service are charged directly to that program or support service.

General expenses include those costs that are not directly identifiable with any specific program, but which provide for the overall support and direction of the Foundation.

Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through December 5, 2024, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued. Events occurring after that date have not been evaluated to determine whether a change in the financial statements would be required.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 2 – AVAILABILITY AND LIQUIDITY

The following represents the Foundation’s financial assets at June 30, 2024:

Financial assets at year end:	
Cash	\$ 280,371
Investments	4,901,828
Accounts receivable	<u>1,285</u>
Total financial assets	5,183,484
Less amounts not available to be used within one year:	
Net assets with donor restrictions	<u>(3,004,432)</u>
Financial assets available to meet general expenditures over the next twelve months	<u>\$ 2,179,052</u>

The Foundation’s goal is generally to maintain financial assets to meet three months of operating expenses (approximately \$400,000). Operating expenses are defined by the Foundation as total expenses less donated materials, facilities, and personnel. As part of its liquidity plan, excess cash is invested.

NOTE 3 – DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits and investments are carried at fair value.

The Foundation complies with the State Money Management Act (Utah Code Section 51, Chapter 7) (Act) and related Rules of Money Management Council (Council) in handling its depository and investing transactions. Foundation cash is deposited in qualified depositories as defined by the Act. The Act also authorizes the Foundation to invest in the Utah Public Treasurers’ Investment Fund (PTIF), certificates of deposit, U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. agency issues, high-grade commercial paper, banker’s acceptances, repurchase agreements, corporate bonds, money market mutual funds, and obligations of governmental entities within the State of Utah.

The Act and Council rules govern the financial reporting requirements of qualified depositories in which public funds may be deposited and prescribe conditions under which the designation of a depository shall remain in effect. The Foundation considers the rules and actions of the Council to be necessary and sufficient for adequate protection of its uninsured bank deposits.

Rules of the Council allow the Foundation to invest private grants, contributions, and endowments in any deposit or investment authorized by the Act and certain investment funds, equity securities, fixed-income securities, and investment strategies with institutions that meet certain restrictions. The Foundation has deposits separate from the Salt Lake City School District and invests private funds through a broker.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Deposits

At June 30, 2024, the Foundation had the following deposits with financial institutions:

	<u>Carrying Amount</u>	<u>Bank Balance</u>	<u>Amount Insured</u>
Total deposits	\$ 280,371	\$ 724,553	\$ 500,000

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, a government’s deposits may not be returned to it. The Foundation does not have a formal deposit policy for custodial credit risk. At June 30, 2024, the uninsured amount of the Foundation’s bank deposits was uncollateralized.

Investments

The Foundation invests in equity securities and in corporate bonds through a broker. At June 30, 2024, the Foundation had the following investments summarized by investment type and maturities:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Fair Value</u>	<u>Investment Maturities (in Years)</u>			
		<u>Less Than 1</u>	<u>1-5</u>	<u>5-10</u>	<u>More Than 10</u>
Equity securities	\$ 3,029,803	\$ 3,029,803	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Corporate bonds	1,872,025	1,872,025	-	-	-
Totals	<u>\$ 4,901,828</u>	<u>\$ 4,901,828</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>

Interest Rate Risk – Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Foundation manages its exposure to interest rate risk by complying with the Act, which requires that the remaining term to maturity of investments not exceed the period of availability of the funds invested. Except for endowments, the Act further limits the remaining term to maturity on all investments in commercial paper and bankers’ acceptances to 270 days or less and fixed-income securities to 365 days or less. In addition, variable-rate securities may not have a remaining term to final maturity exceeding two years. The Foundation can invest private funds in fixed-income securities with a dollar-weighted average maturity not to exceed ten years. The Foundation has no investment policy that would further limit its interest rate risk.

Credit Risk – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The Foundation’s policy for reducing its exposure to credit risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act and related rules limit investments in commercial paper to a first tier rating and investments in fixed-income and variable-rate securities to a rating of Baa3 and BBB-1 or higher as rated by Moody’s Investors Service or by Standard & Poor’s, respectively. The Foundation has no investment policy that would further limit its investment choices.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Concentration of Credit Risk – Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government’s investment in a single issuer. The Foundation’s policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act limits investments in commercial paper and or corporate obligations to 5% of the Foundation’s total portfolio with a single issuer. The Foundation can invest private funds in certain equity and fixed-income securities provided no more than 5% of all funds are invested in any one issuer and no more than 25% of all funds are invested in a particular industry. Also, for the Foundation’s investments in private funds, no more than 75% may be invested in equity securities and no more than 5% in collateralized mortgage obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk – Custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The Foundation’s policy for managing this risk is to comply with the Act and related rules. The Act requires the Foundation’s public treasurer to have custody of all securities purchased or held, or deposit these securities with a bank or trust company to be held in safekeeping by that custodian. The Foundation’s investments held in a brokerage account are covered by Securities Investor Protection Corporation (SIPC) for up to \$500,000.

NOTE 4 – FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Foundation reports fair value measures of its assets and liabilities using a three-level hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value. This hierarchy, established by generally accepted accounting principles, requires that entities maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs when measuring fair value. The asset or liability’s measurement within the fair market hierarchy is based on the lowest level of input that is significant to the measurement. The three levels of inputs used to measure fair value are as follows:

Level 1 – Quoted prices for identical assets or liabilities in active markets to which the Foundation has access at the measurement date.

Level 2 – Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets and quoted prices for identical or similar assets in markets that are not active.

Level 3 – Unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs should be used to measure fair value if observable inputs are not available.

During 2024, no changes in valuation techniques and related inputs have occurred. Whenever available, the Foundation measures fair values using Level 1 inputs because they generally provide the most reliable evidence of fair value.

The primary uses of fair value measures in the Foundation’s financial statements are as follows:

- Initial measurement of noncash gifts.
- Recurring measurement of investments.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Foundation had the following recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2024:

Description	Fair Value	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Equity securities	\$ 3,029,803	\$ 3,029,803	\$ -	\$ -
Corporate bonds	1,872,025	1,872,025	-	-
Total recurring fair value measurements	\$ 4,901,828	\$ 4,901,828	\$ -	\$ -

NOTE 5 – NET ASSETS

A summary of net assets with donor restrictions consisted of the following at June 30, 2024:

Purpose restrictions:	
Programs	\$ 1,087,700
Scholarships and funds	799,874
Schools	1,116,858
Total	\$ 3,004,432

A summary of net assets released from donor restrictions consisted of the following for the year ended June 30, 2024:

Purpose restrictions:	
Programs	\$ 285,546
Scholarships and funds	1,102,875
Total net assets released from restrictions	\$ 1,388,421

NOTE 6 – CONDITIONAL PROMISE TO GIVE

The Foundation is the irrevocable beneficiary of a life insurance policy contingent on the death of the individual policyholder. The Foundation does not own the policy. Total insurance in force was \$150,000 at June 30, 2024. Insurance premiums are paid by the policyholder.

NOTE 7 – EDUCATIONAL BROADBAND SERVICE LEASE AGREEMENT

The Foundation is the licensee for certain educational broadband channels authorized by the Federal Communications Commission (FCC). As the licensee, the Foundation can lease its excess capacity on these channels to commercial providers, if desired.

The Foundation entered into a lease agreement to lease its excess capacity. The lease commenced in September 2017 and required an initial payment of \$790,000 and monthly lease payments of \$12,500 for the first year with annual escalations over the 30-year lease term. If the agreement is terminated during the first ten years, all or a portion of the initial fee will be refunded on a pro-rata basis distributed equally over ten years. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the lease was renewed for another 10 years.

SALT LAKE EDUCATION FOUNDATION
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Foundation will recognize revenue from the initial fee over the ten-year period and has recorded unearned lease revenue of \$237,000 at June 30, 2024. Lease revenue to be recognized over the lease term is as follows:

<u>Year Ending June 30,</u>	<u>Amount</u>
2025	\$ 184,481
2026	190,016
2027	195,716
2028	201,587
2029	207,635
Thereafter	5,007,508