

SECTION XVIII.C. TOWN AND VILLAGE CENTERS TRANSITION DISTRICT, TVC2

SECTION XVIII.C. TOWN AND VILLAGE CENTERS TRANSITION DISTRICT, TVC2 [09/05/2007][Amended 08/19/09; 05/20/2020; 07/19/2023; 01/08/2025]

A. PURPOSE

To provide areas for the location of small and moderate scale retail, business, service and community uses as well as a range of residential uses including multifamily dwellings, senior housing facilities and dwellings that are part of mixed use developments. These uses are intended to, and are likely to, serve primarily the local market and the convenience and needs of town residents. The goal of the district is to supplement the TVC District in encouraging the creation and persistence of Scarborough's town and village centers, with development at a scale and uses at an intensity, which are compatible with surrounding areas. This medium intensity mixed use district allows a range of land uses that are intended to compliment the core development pattern and uses in our town and village centers as well as serve as a transition to surrounding residential areas. The Town and Village Centers Transition District shall be considered a business district whenever this Ordinance distinguishes between types of districts.

B. PERMITTED USES [Amended 08/19/09; 07/19/2023]

RESIDENTIAL USES:

- 1. Single family dwellings, not permitted on lots fronting Route 1. Subject to the performance standards of Section IX.Z.**
- 2. Two family dwellings, not permitted on lots fronting Route 1**
- 3. Multifamily dwellings limited to no more than twelve (12) dwelling units per building (must be serve by public sewer) [Amended 08/19/09]**
- 4. Multiplex dwellings (must be served by public sewer) [Amended 08/19/09]**
- 5. Townhouses limited to no more than eight (8) dwelling units per building (must be served by public sewer) [Amended 08/19/09]**
- 6. Senior housing (must be serve by public sewer) [Amended 08/19/09]**
- 7. Accessory dwelling units subject to the performance standards of Section IX.J.**

MIXED USES:

- 7. Dwelling units within a mixed use building limited to no more than eight (8) dwelling units per building if served by public sewer and two (2) units per building if served by on-site sewage disposal. Permitted residential uses mixed with special exception uses requires special exception approval by the Zoning Board of Appeals under Section IV(I) [Amended 08/19/09]**
- 8. Live/Work Units**

NON-RESIDENTIAL USES: [Amended 08/19/09]

The following non-residential uses are limited to 5,000 square feet of floor area per unit of occupancy.

- 9. Retail sales and services, excluding car washes, and outdoor sales and services**
- 10. Business services and business offices**
- 11. Professional offices**
- 12. Financial, insurance and real estate offices**
- 13. Personal services**
- 14. Non-municipal government offices**

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15. Restaurants with no drive-through service [Amended 08/19/09]
16. Mobile Food Vendor Court (drive-through or drive-in service is prohibited), subject to the performance standards of Section IX.BB [Adopted 01/08/2025]
17. Non-residential institutional uses, including educational, religious, philanthropic, fraternal, or social institutions, which are not otherwise permitted uses in this section
18. Funeral homes
19. Group day care homes, Day care center facilities and Nursery schools
20. Family Day Care Homes, subject to the standards and conditions of Section IV(I)(6), except that Board of Appeals review is not required
21. Health clubs
22. Hotels and motels (must be served by public sewer) [Amended 08/19/09]
23. Bed and breakfast establishments [Amended 08/19/09]

The following non-residential uses are not limited in square footage of floor area per unit of occupancy.

24. Municipal buildings and uses
25. Elementary and secondary schools
26. Place of worship
27. Accessory uses (excluding outdoor storage) including accessory agricultural activities subject to the performance standards of Section IX.P [Amended 05/05/10]
28. Libraries and museums

The following non-residential uses are limited to 5,000 square feet of floor area per unit of occupancy and are permitted only in planned developments. [Adopted 08/19/09]

29. Restaurants with drive-through service

C. SPECIAL EXCEPTIONS

1. Nursing homes
2. Boarding care facility for the elderly
3. Public utility facilities
4. Telecommunication facility
5. Adjunct Uses, Place of Worship
6. Home occupations. Special exception approval is required only for those professions or occupations not otherwise allowed as permitted uses under subsection (B)

D. SPACE AND BULK REGULATIONS

1. Minimum Lot Area and Dimensions in areas served by public sewer [Amended 08/18/09]

Housing & Use Type	Lot Area (square ft.)	Lot Frontage (ft.)	Lot Width (ft.)
Single-family dwellings	10,000 per dwelling unit	50	50
Two-family dwellings	10,000 per two dwelling units	50	50

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Housing & Use Type	Lot Area (square ft.)	Lot Frontage (ft.)	Lot Width (ft.)
Multi-family dwellings, multiplex, townhouses	10,000	200 for lots abutting on Rte. 1 and Rte. 114; 50 for lots not abutting Rte. 1 and Rte. 114	50
Senior housing	80,000	200 for lots abutting on Rte. 1 and Rte. 114; 50 for lots not abutting Rte. 1 and Rte. 114	100
Non-Residential and Mixed Uses	10,000	200 for lots abutting on Rte. 1 and Rte. 114; 50 for lots not abutting Rte. 1 and Rte. 114	50

2. Minimum Lot Area and Dimensions in areas not served by public sewer

Housing & Use Type	Lot Area (square ft.)	Lot Frontage (ft.)	Lot Width (ft.)
Single-family dwellings	40,000 per dwelling unit	100	50
Two-family dwellings	40,000 per two dwelling units	100	50
Non-Residential, Mixed-use buildings, and Live/Work Units	40,000	200 for lots abutting on Rte. 1, Rte. 22 and Rte. 114; 100 for lots not abutting Rte. 1, Rte. 22 and Rte. 114	50

3. Yard Standards - The following minimum and maximum front yard standards apply in conjunction with the Site Layout and Off-Street Parking Standards under subsection (F) of this district. In a development with more than one principal building, the maximum front yard requirement shall only apply to the principal building located closest to the abutting street(s). [Amended 11/07/07][Amended 05/20/2020]

Abutting Streets	Minimum Front Yard (ft.)	Maximum Front Yard (ft.)	Side and Rear Yards (ft.)
Rte. 1	35	90	15 ¹ & 2

¹ When multiple buildings and lots are within the same development the minimum side and rear yards may be reduced to 5 feet if the buildings meet the Fire Rating requirements for the lesser setback as per the NFPA 101 Life Safety Code and the Scarborough Fire Department approves the reduced yards.

² When the yard of a mixed use or non-residential use abuts a RF (Rural Residence and Farming) District the minimum yard shall be 50 ft. and the buffering requirement of Section VIII of this Ordinance shall apply. When the yard abuts all other residential districts the minimum yard shall be 25 ft. and the buffering requirements of Section VIII of this Ordinance shall apply.

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Abutting Streets	Minimum Front Yard (ft.)	Maximum Front Yard (ft.)	Side and Rear Yards (ft.)
Rte. 114, Rte. 207, and Rte. 22	25	60 (except that this maximum shall not apply to single-family and two-family dwellings)	15 ^{1 & 2}
All other streets	10	25 (except that this maximum shall not apply to single-family and two-family dwellings)	15 ^{1 & 2}

Municipal buildings and uses, elementary and secondary schools, and libraries and museums shall be exempt from the maximum front yard requirement above and the standards for front yards and off-street parking under subsection (F)(1) thru (5) of this zoning district. Though exempt from this requirement, any front yard parking shall be substantially screened from abutting streets by street trees, landscaping and other buffering amenities and shall be designed to reinforce a village streetscape.

4. Maximum Building Footprint, Building Coverage, and Lot Coverage, and Minimum and Maximum Building Height

Maximum individual building footprint	Maximum percent of lot coverage by buildings	Maximum percent of lot coverage by buildings and other impervious surfaces	Maximum building height
10,000 sq. ft.	35%	85%	45 feet [Amended 05/20/2020]

The maximum individual building footprint shall not apply to municipal buildings and uses, elementary and secondary schools, libraries and museums, and senior housing buildings.

E. RESIDENTIAL DENSITY REGULATIONS

Within this zoning district, the Residential Density Factors in Section VIIC(A) of the Zoning Ordinance shall apply to multi-family, multiplex, townhouse, live/work, senior housing, or dwelling units in a mixed-use building or on a mixed use lot.

1. Maximum Base Residential Density in areas served by public sewer – The maximum base residential density is the maximum residential density permitted without utilizing additional density through the development transfer or affordable housing provisions.[Amended 08/19/09]

Single-family and two-family dwellings on lots which contain only residential uses	5 dwelling units per net residential acre
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Multi-family, multiplex, townhouse dwellings, live/work units and dwelling units located in a mix use building or on a mixed use lot	5 dwelling units per acre of net lot area. The net lot area is the gross area of a lot exclusive of those areas described in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 of the definition of Net Residential Acreage in Section VI of this Ordinance
Senior housing	15 dwelling units per acre of net lot area. The net lot area is the gross area of a lot exclusive of those areas described in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 of the definition of Net Residential Acreage in Section VI of this Ordinance

2. Additional Residential Density Thru Development Transfer (not permitted in areas not served by public sewer) – A development may incorporate up to three (3) additional dwelling units per acre of net lot area, or net residential acre if applicable, beyond the maximum base residential density by utilizing the development transfer provisions in accordance with Section VIID of this Ordinance. [Amended 08/18/09]

3. Additional Residential Density Thru Affordable Housing (not permitted in areas not served by public sewer) – A development may incorporate up to one (1) additional dwelling unit per acre of net lot area, or net residential acre if applicable, beyond the maximum base residential density provided at least 40% of the additional dwelling units (with fractional numbers of units rounded up to the nearest whole number) are designated as affordable housing. [Amended 08/18/09]

4. Additional Residential Density Thru an Affordable Housing In-Lieu Fee (not permitted in areas not served by public sewer) – In lieu of developing affordable housing to utilize additional residential density under subsection e.3., a development may incorporate up to one (1) additional dwelling unit per net residential acre beyond the maximum base residential density by utilizing the affordable housing in-lieu fee provisions in accordance with Section VII.C. of this Ordinance. [Adopted 08/20/2014]

The Planning Board may allow a development to utilize additional residential density through both the affordable housing and development transfer provisions but the combined additional residential density shall not exceed three (3) dwelling units per acre of net lot area, or net residential acre if applicable, beyond the maximum base residential density. [Amended 08/20/2014]

4. Maximum Residential Density in areas not served by public sewer – [Adopted 08/19/09]

Single-family and two-family dwellings on lots which contain only residential uses	1 dwelling unit per net residential acre
Live/work units and dwelling units located in a mixed use building or on a mixed use lot	1 dwelling unit per acre of net lot area. The net lot area is the gross area of a lot exclusive of those areas described in paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 of the definition of Net Residential Acreage in Section VI of this Ordinance

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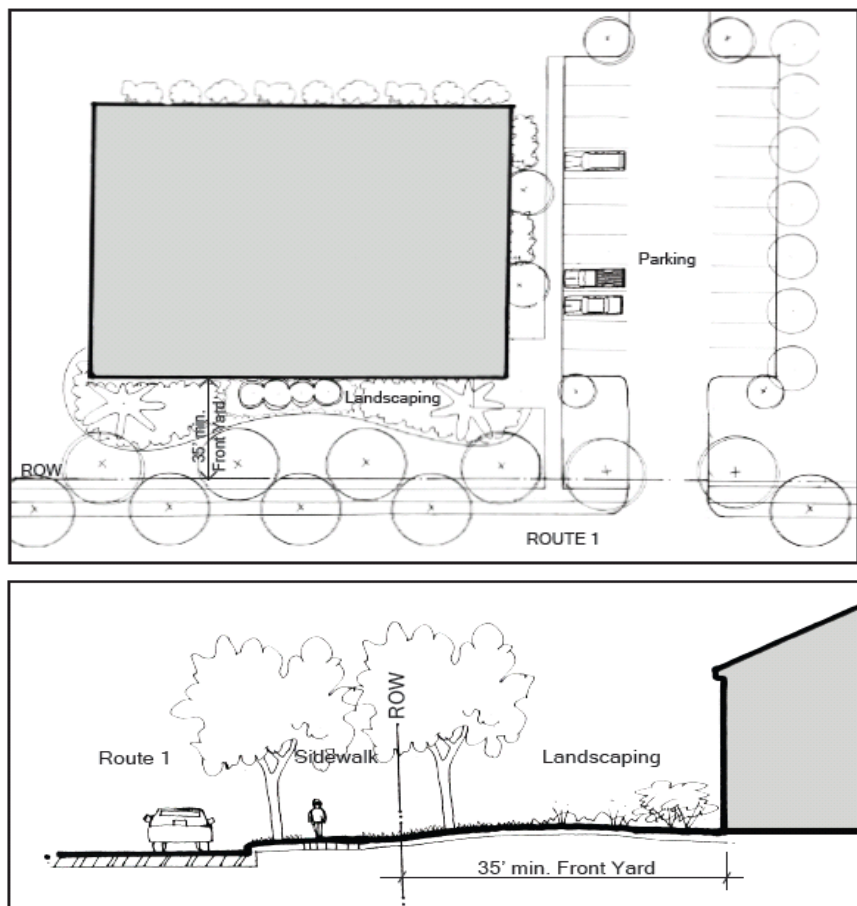
F. SITE LAYOUT AND OFF-STREET PARKING STANDARDS

The design of a development site, and more specifically the orientation of the buildings to the street and the location and layout of site parking, is fundamental to realizing the purpose of this district. In this district, buildings shall be located relatively close to the street to provide human scale development, village character, and auto and pedestrian utility. As exhibited by the varying minimum and maximum front setback standards under subsection (D)(2). Yard Standards, the proximity of the front line of a building(s) shall depend on the street that the lot fronts. The front line of buildings are required to be closer to local streets than they are to Route 1 and other major streets including Route 114, Route 22 and Route 207. [Amended 08/18/09]

The following are specific standards for the orientation of the buildings to the street and the location and layout of site parking, which correspond with the minimum and maximum front yard standards under subsection (D)(2) of this district. In a development with more than one principal building, the maximum front yard requirement shall only apply to the principal building, or group of principal buildings, located closest to the abutting street(s). As stated under subsection D.3. of this district, the maximum front yard requirement and the off-street parking location requirements shall not apply to single-family and two-family dwellings: [Amended 11/07/07; 08/19/09]

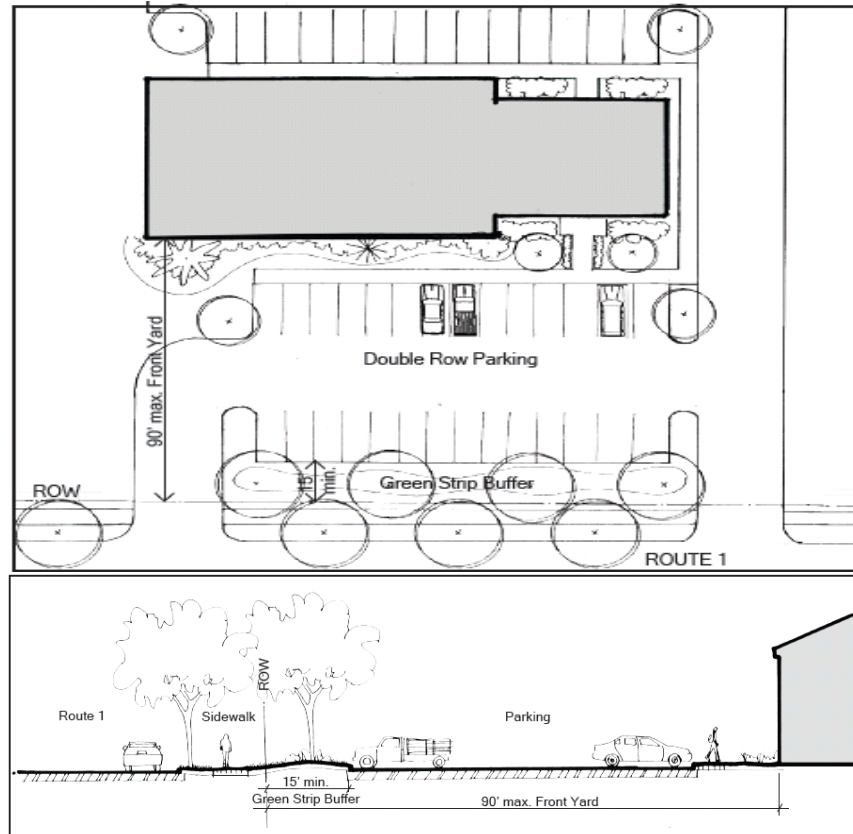
Standards for Front Yards and Off-Street Parking on Lots abutting Route 1:

1. When the front line of a building is sited at, or in close proximity to, the minimum front yard, no parking shall be allowed within the front yard. The front yard shall be used for landscaping features, street trees, sidewalks, pedestrian amenities, and access drive(s) to the site.



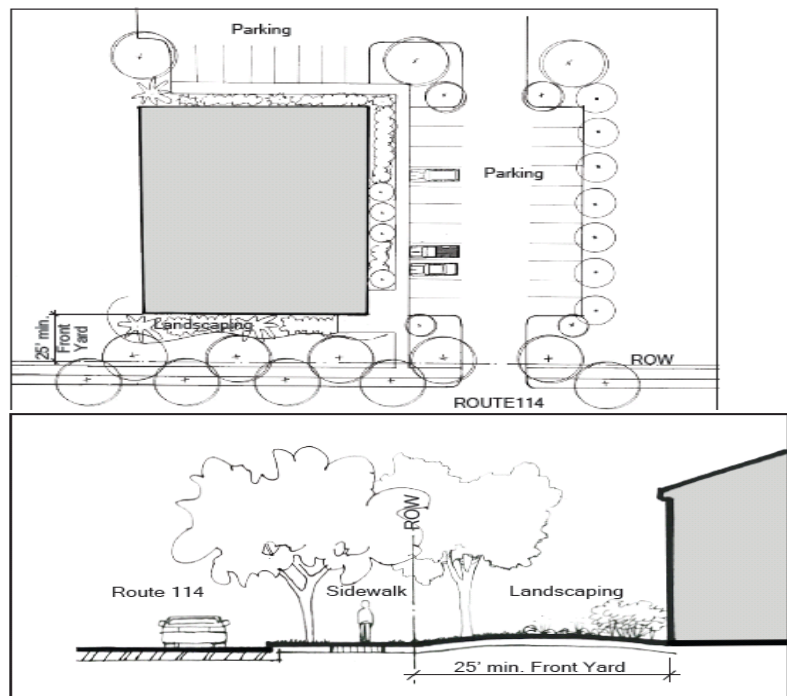
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2. When the front line of a building is not sited at, or in close proximity to, the minimum front yard, no more than one double-row of parking and drive aisle may be allowed within the front yard. The minimum parking setback, or “green strip buffer”, from the front property line shall be at least 15 feet.



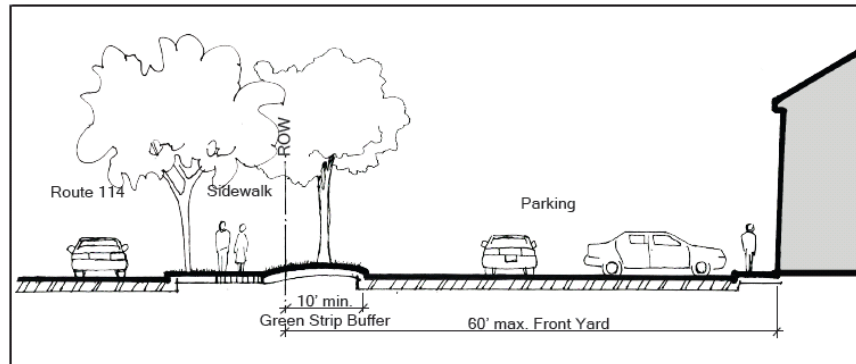
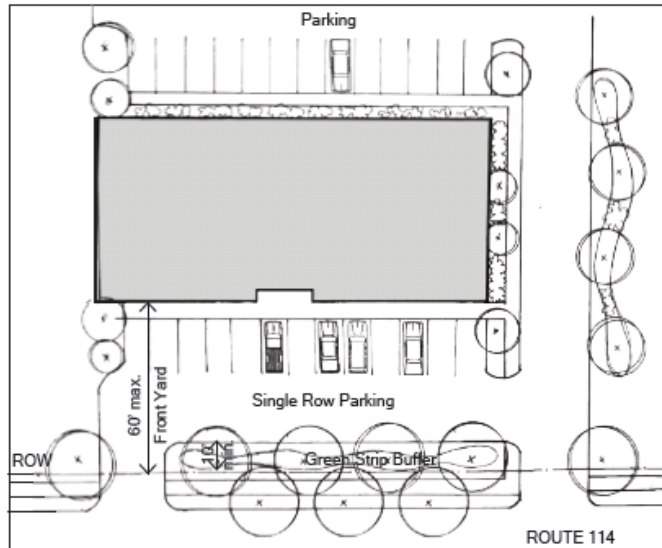
Standards for Front Yards and Off-Street Parking on Lots abutting Rte. 114, Rte. 22 and Rte. 207:[Amended 08/19/09]

3. When the front line of a building is sited at, or in close proximity to, the minimum front yard, no parking shall be allowed within the front yard. The front yard shall be used for landscaping features, street trees, sidewalks, pedestrian amenities, and access drive(s) to the site.



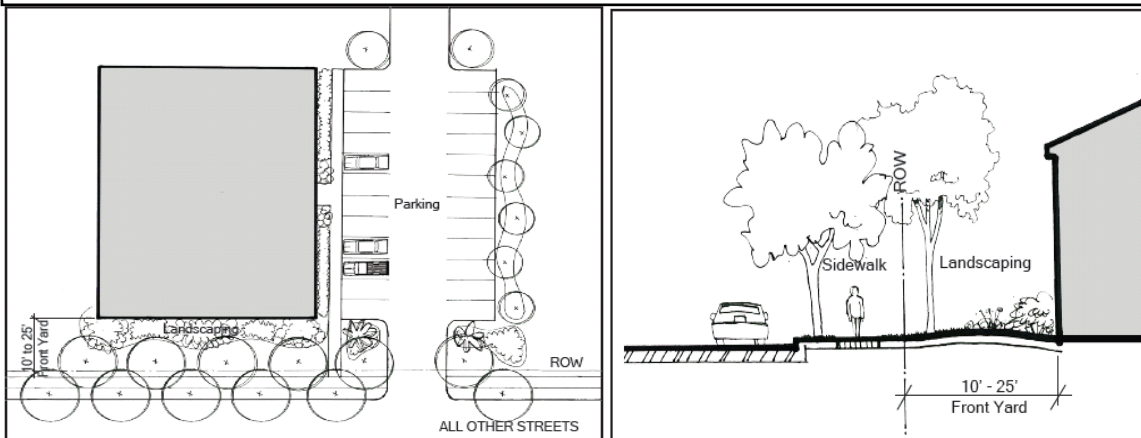
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4. When the front line of a building is not sited at, or in close proximity to, the minimum front yard, no more than one single-row of parking and drive aisle may be allowed within the front yard. The minimum parking setback, or “green strip buffer,” from the front property line shall be at least 10 feet.



Standards for Front Yards and Off-Street Parking on Lots abutting all other streets:

5. No parking shall be allowed in the front yard of lots abutting all other streets. All off-street parking shall be located in the side and rear yards behind the front line of the principle building(s). The front yard shall be used for landscaping features, street trees, sidewalks, and pedestrian amenities. An access drive(s) to the site may cross the front yard but may not be located in the area between the front of the building and the front property line.



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General Off-Street Parking Standards:

6. Off-street parking shall be provided in accordance with the requirements of Section XI if this Ordinance, except as those requirements are augmented or modified below.

7. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in Section III or Section XI of this Ordinance, parking spaces existing in a front yard setback as of (the effective date of the amendments) shall be relocated to comply with the requirements of this section in the event of any change to the site which requires Planning Board approval under the Town of Scarborough Site Plan Review Ordinance. This requirement may be waived if the Planning Board determines that the relocation of some or all of the parking spaces is not feasible due to the shape, size or topography of the lot or the location of an existing principal building(s) on the lot.

8. In order to reduce the establishment of unnecessary parking spaces and impervious area, which segregates structures, uses and pedestrian amenities, the Planning Board may approve the shared or joint use of parking facilities by two or more principal buildings or uses. This allowance shall be granted where it is clearly demonstrated that the said parking facility will substantially meet the intent of the parking requirements by reasons of variation in the probable time of maximum use by patrons or employees among such establishments. This allowance may also be exercised in developments that include a mix of residential and non-residential uses, such as second story dwelling units above non-residential uses or live-work units, subject to the same requirement that the parking facility will substantially meet the intent of the parking requirements. In the TVC-2 District, approval of this allowance by the Board of Appeals under Section XI(I) shall not be required.

G. SIGNS

Signs shall be regulated in accordance with the requirements of Section XII of this Ordinance.

H. PLANNED DEVELOPMENT [Adopted 08/19/09]

As per subsection B. 28., restaurants with drive through service are required to be reviewed under this subsection and in accordance with Section VIIE. Planned Development within the TVC2 District. The planned development review process is required for restaurants with drive through service to ensure that the use is compatible with surrounding uses, that the site can provide for safe and convenient vehicular access from the abutting roadways, that the roadways have adequate capacity to accommodate the additional traffic generated by the use, and that the use is designed in a manner that reinforces the purpose of the TVC2 District.