EAST ISLIP SCHOOL DISTRICT

OHM SCIENCE: SCOPE AND SEQUENCE

GRADE	Unit 1	Unit 2	Unit 3
Grade 1	Light Sound and Communication	Our Sun and The Night Sky	Animals and Survival
	NYSSLS Covered:	NYSSLS Covered:	NYSSLS Covered:
	1-PS4-1, 1-PS4-2, 1-PS4-3, 1PS4-4, 4-PS4-1	1-ESS1-1, 1-ESS1-2	1-LS1-1, 1-LS1-2, 1-LS3-1
	Driving Question:		
	How do people communicate using light and	Driving Question:	Driving Question:
	sound?	What patterns can I see when looking at the	How do animals survive?
		sun, moon, and stars throughout the year from where I live?	Students will:
	Students will: - be introduced to energy through different forms	Students will:	- learn that animals and plants have different characteristic
	of media - be introduced to two forms of energy, chemical	- be introduced to the concept of space. The students will identify the sun, Earth, moon and stars as parts of "space"	- be reviewing animal and plant characteristics
	- be introduced to two forms of energy, light and	- learn more about the Sun and how it appears to "travel" across the sky	- be introduced to the different animal body coverings and types
	heat. - explore the different energy forms that have been introduced (mechanical, light, heat, and	- be introduced/review cardinal directions (North, South, East, West)	- be defining the word appendage and identifying the different appendages that an animal could have
	chemical) - identify that light commonly comes from three	- understand that the sun rises in the east and sets in the west	- examine the different types of animals and their types of teeth.
	different sources: natural (sun), chemical (fire, glow stick), electrical (light bulb)	- 1 learn that the Earth not only rotates, but it also revolves around the Sun	- be introduced to animal eyes and ears.
		- be using their knowledge of previous lessons to identify what Earth looks like during the	- be learning how some animals see differently from other animals and how some

- make observations using a light box to help them infer that objects can only be seen if objects are illuminated or if the object produces its own light
- be told that light can produce heat. They will then perform experiments to verify this fact.
- discuss how light energy from the Sun can be stored and used as a renewable energy source as demonstrated by an experiment.
- place materials in front of a flashlight to see which ones do or do not allow light to pass through.
- be introduced to the concept of reflection. Students will be using a flashlight and mirrors to practice having light reflect
- identify how sunlight can be harmful and helpful.
- be introduced to sound as a form of energy. The teacher will be introducing sound as a vibration through various models.
- -have the opportunity to explore different items around the room for reflection and absorption.
- discuss ways that communication has changed
- use their knowledge of sound and light energy to communicate without speaking/writing words

- three remaining seasons: spring, summer, and fall
- review what stars are and how they form constellations
- be introduced to the moon and learn that it reflects light. This lesson will serve to debunk any myths about the moon and to help students learn some facts
- be introduced to the different phases of the moon and how they are dependent on the positions of Earth, moon, and sun
- be using the data they collected from their observations throughout this unit to identify patterns

- animals' ears serve different purposes than just hearing
- learn about different animal behaviors for survival.
- review different ways that animals and people communicate
- be looking at comparisons of how young are like/dislike their parents.
- be introduced to the idea of biomimicry