



**Report on the Possibility of
Creating a Majority-Minority
District in the Livermore Valley
Joint Unified School District
Pursuant to Elections Code
Section 21130, subdivision (b)(1)**

October 8, 2024

Livermore Valley Joint Unified Section 21130b Disclosure Report

October 8, 2024

Elections Code Section 21130(b)(1) Disclosure:

Elections Code Section 21130(b)(1) language:

Consistent with the districting body's existing obligations under the federal Voting Rights Act, the districting body shall determine whether it is possible to create an election district or districts in which a minority group is sufficiently large and geographically compact to constitute a majority in a single-member district, as set forth in *Thornburg v. Gingles*, 478 U.S. 30 (1986), and as interpreted in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act with respect to redistricting. The districting body shall publish on its redistricting web page, at a minimum, the results of its analysis within seven days of completing the analysis or prior to adopting election district boundaries, whichever occurs first.

Disclosure:

National Demographics Corporation (NDC), on behalf of the Livermore Valley Joint Unified School District, has analyzed the District's demographics and determined that it is not possible to create an election trustee area or trustee areas in which Latinos, African-Americans, Asian-Americans or Native Americans are a sufficiently large and geographically compact population of Citizens of Voting Age Population (CVAP) to constitute a majority of CVAP in one or more single-member districts, as set forth in *Thornburg v. Gingles*, 478 U.S. 30 (1986), and as interpreted in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act with respect to redistricting.

NDC's analysis found that even ignoring the all FAIR MAPS Act requirements other than equal population and contiguity it is not possible to draw a trustee area where Non-Hispanic Whites are not a plurality of Citizen Voting Age Population.

Elections Code Section 21130(b)(2) Disclosure:

Elections Code Section 21130(b)(2) language:

If the districting body, consistent with its existing obligations under the federal Voting Rights Act, conducts an analysis to determine whether "racially polarized voting," as defined in case law regarding enforcement of the federal Voting Rights Act, exists in the local jurisdiction, the districting body shall publish on its redistricting web page, at a minimum, a summary of its analysis and findings within seven days of completing the analysis or prior to adopting election district boundaries, whichever occurs first.

Disclosure:

The District has not conducted any such analysis.