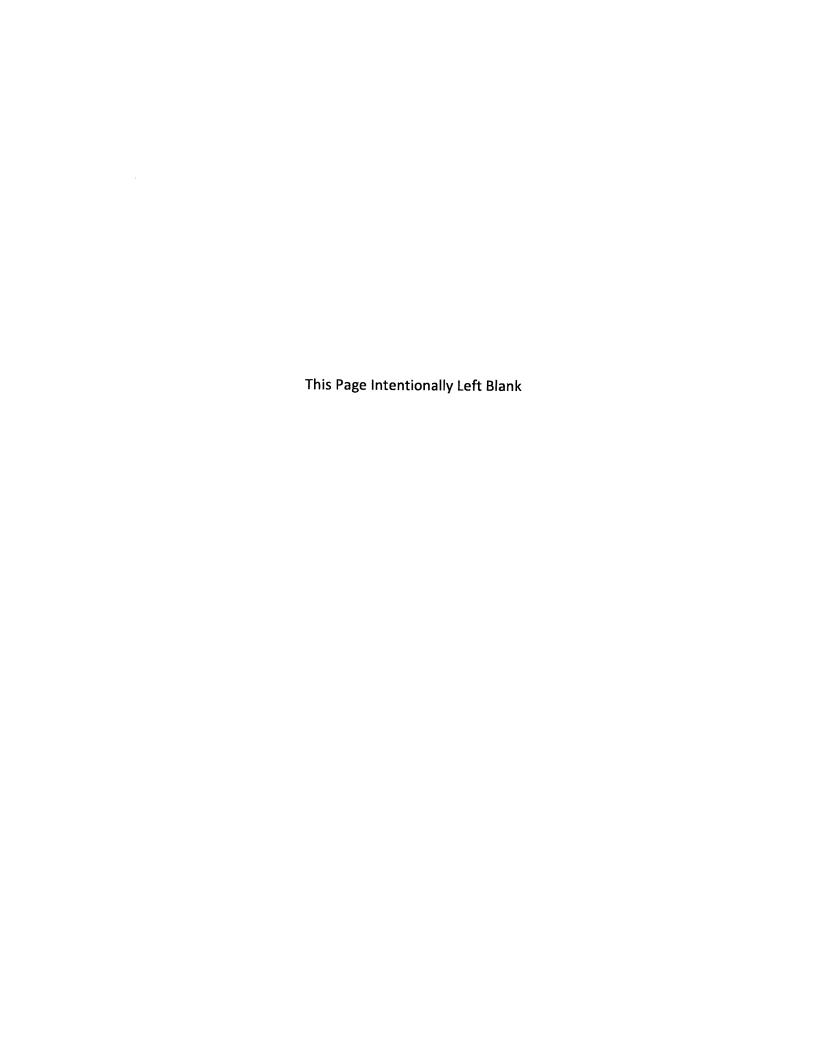
FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024



12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223



FINANCIAL REPORT
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024



BOARD OF EDUCATION AS OF JUNE 30, 2024

| NAME | TERM EXPIRES |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| | |
| Michelle Rosenbaum, Chair | June 30, 2025 |
| Mina Stricklin, Vice Chair | June 30, 2027 |
| Kevin McPherson | June 30, 2025 |
| Ali Lanenga | June 30, 2027 |
| Jeff Dominitz | June 30, 2025 |

ADMINISTRATION

Christopher Russo, Superintendent Nicole Bassen, Business Manager (Registered Agent)

> 11733 S Breyman Avenue Portland, Oregon 97219-8409

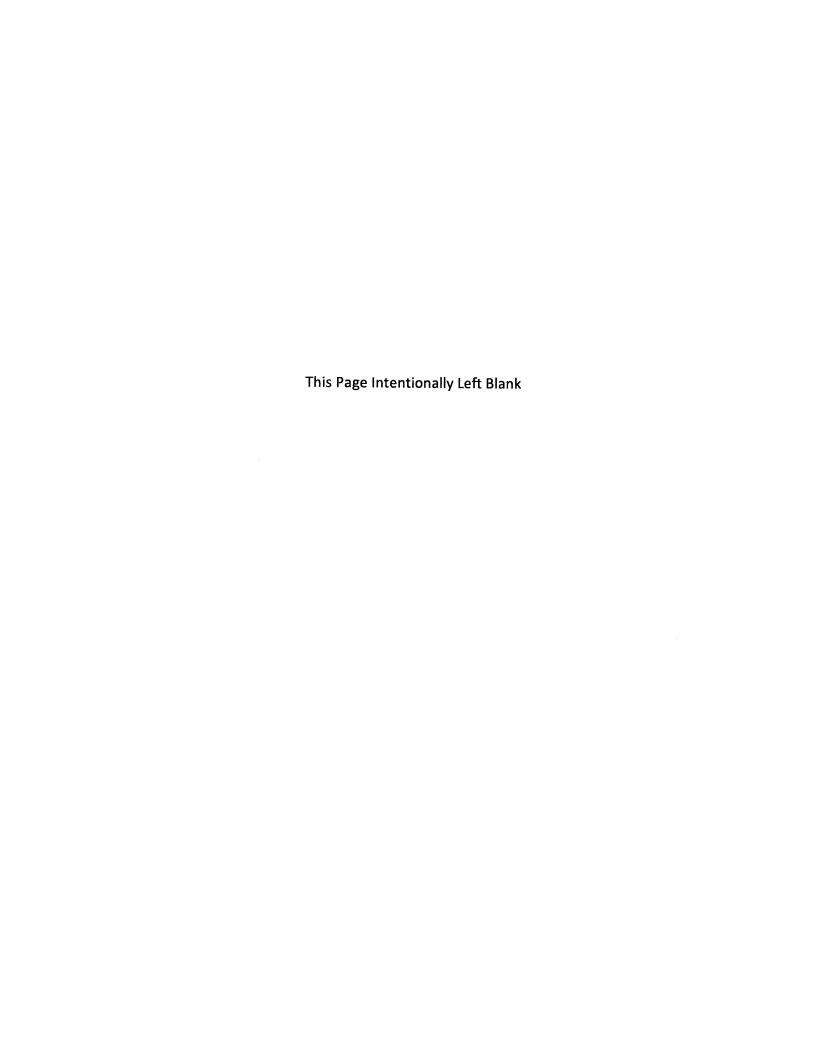


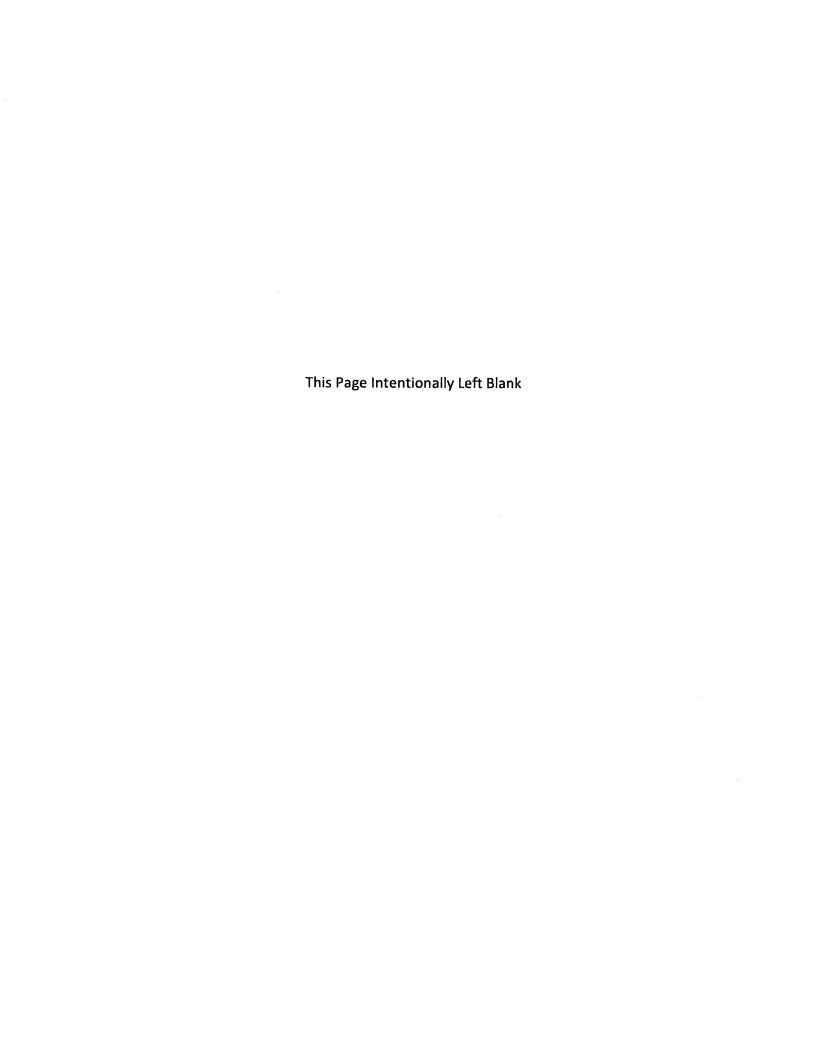
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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT





PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 19, 2024

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Directors Riverdale School District 51J Multnomah County, Oregon

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying basic financial statements of the governmental activities, and each major fund of Riverdale School District 51J (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the basic financial statements, which collectively comprise the basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the basic financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position and the respective budgetary comparisons for the general fund and major special revenue funds for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Basic Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these basic financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of the system of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of basic financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the basic financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the basic financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of controls. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the basic financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the basic financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the basic financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's system of internal control in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's system of internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the basic financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, and required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

The budgetary comparison information presented as required supplementary information, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements.

Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the other information, as listed in the table of contents, and the listing of board members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditors' report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

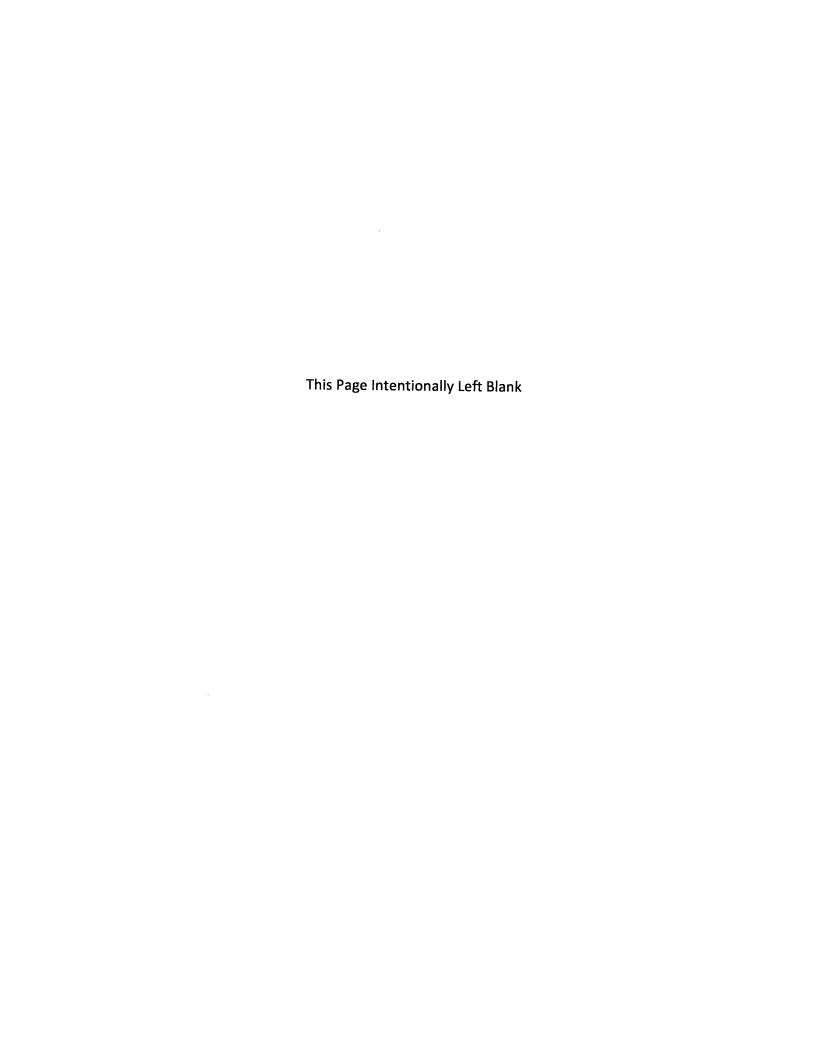
In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

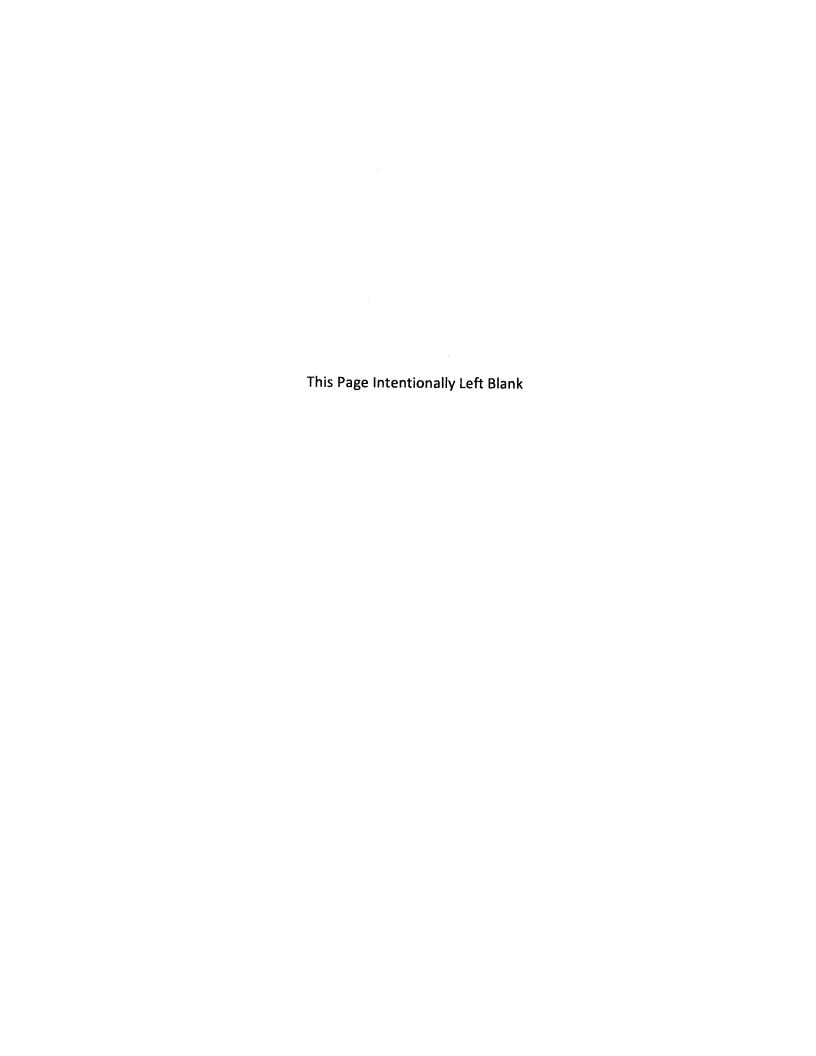
In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, we have issued our report dated November 19, 2024, on our consideration of compliance with certain provisions of laws and regulations, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on compliance.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS



MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

As management of Riverdale School District 51J (the District), we offer readers of the District's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the District for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- In the government-wide statements, the liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows or resources at June 30, 2024 by \$2,780,017. Of this amount, \$2,967,233 represents the District's net investment in capital assets, \$1,133,230 is restricted for various purposes and the deficit of \$6,880,480 is unrestricted.
- The District's total net position increased \$485,322 for the fiscal year.
- The District's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,778,214 at June 30, 2024, a decrease of \$425,262.
- At the end of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$806,299 which represents a decrease of \$152,387 in comparison with the prior year.
- The District's total debt decreased by \$1,496,842 during the 2023-24 fiscal year.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the District's basic financial statements. The District's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements.

Government-wide financial statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. These statements include:

The Statement of Net Position. The statement of net position presents information on all of the assets and liabilities of the District as of the date on the statement. Net position is what remains after the liabilities have been paid off or otherwise satisfied. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

The Statement of Activities. The statement of activities presents information showing how the net position of the District changed over the most recent fiscal year by tracking revenues, expenses and other transactions that increase or reduce net position. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned, but unused vacation leave).

In the government-wide financial statements, the District's activities are shown as governmental activities. All basic District functions are shown here, such as regular and special education, child nutrition services, transportation, administration, and facilities acquisition and construction. These activities are primarily financed through property taxes, Oregon's State School Fund and other intergovernmental revenues.

Fund financial statements. The *fund financial statements* provide more detailed information about the District's funds, focusing on its most significant or "major" funds – not the District as a whole. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Riverdale School District, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the District's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on page 3 and 5 of this report.

The District maintains six individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and the governmental fund's statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances for the General, Special Revenues, Debt Service, Pension Obligation Bond, Capital Projects and Construction Excise Tax Funds all of which are considered to be major funds.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found beginning on page 7 of this report.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *Required Supplementary Information* consisting of schedules detailing ten years of pension (assets)/liabilities and pension contributions and changes in other postemployment benefits liability. Required supplementary information can be found starting on page 37 of this report.

Supplementary Information present on pages 42-47, includes the budgetary comparisons for the non-major funds and schedules of property tax transactions and balances. Other Information including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, schedules and supplemental information required by the Oregon Department of Education, and continuing disclosures for debt can be found on pages 48 - 58.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the District, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District exceeded its assets and deferred outflows of resources by \$2,780,017 as of June 30, 2024, this equates to an increase in total net position of \$485,322 during the year.

Capital assets, which consist of the District's land, buildings, building improvements, and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation, as well as our long-term lease obligations that were previously classified as operating leases represent about 90.7 percent of total assets. The remaining 9.3 percent of assets consist mainly of investments, cash, grants, and property taxes receivable.

The District's largest liability, which represents 93 percent of total liabilities, is for the repayment of long-term obligations and its proportionate share of the net pension liability. Other liabilities consist primarily of payables on accounts, salaries and benefits, and amounts received but unearned as of June 30, 2024.

A portion of the District's net position reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, buildings, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The District uses these capital assets to provide services to students and other District residents; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the District's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources (generally property taxes), since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

| RIVERDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT 51J STATEMENT OF NET POSITION | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---------------------|---|---|---|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Governme | ntal A | etivities | | | | | | | | | |
| | | June 30, 2024 | | Increase (Decrease) | | | | | | | | | |
| ASSETS | *************************************** | | *************************************** | 2023 | *************************************** | (2000) | | | | | | | |
| Current and Other Assets | S | 2,908,960 | \$ | 3,317,667 | 5 | (408,707) | | | | | | | |
| Capital Assets, net of depreciation | | 21,477,120 | | 22,093,522 | | (616,402) | | | | | | | |
| Right to-use asset, net of amortization | | 6,780,738 | | 7,029,758 | | (249,020) | | | | | | | |
| Subscription Asset, net of amortization | | 41,777 | | 44,883 | | (3,106) | | | | | | | |
| Total Assets | | 31,208,595 | *************************************** | 32,485,830 | *************************************** | (1,277,235) | | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Deffered Loss on Bond Refunding | | ** | | 116,512 | | (116,512) | | | | | | | |
| Net Deffered Outflow of Pension Related Resources | | 2,611,091 | | 3,067,738 | | (456,647) | | | | | | | |
| OPEB Related Deferred Outflows RHIA | | 9.760 | | 35,669 | | (25,909) | | | | | | | |
| OPEB Related Deferred Outflows Health Care | | 94,780 | | 55,179 | | 39.601 | | | | | | | |
| Total Deferred Outflow of Resources | ********** | 2,715,631 | | 3,275,098 | *************************************** | (559,467) | | | | | | | |
| LIABILITIES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current Liabilities | | 2,339,997 | | 3,305,057 | | (965,060) | | | | | | | |
| Subscription liability, current | | 8,722 | | 9,323 | | (601) | | | | | | | |
| PERS net pension liability | | 6,222,946 | | 6,208,873 | | 14,073 | | | | | | | |
| Long-Term Obligations | | 25,816,831 | | 26,422,978 | | (606,147) | | | | | | | |
| Subscription liability, long-term | | 29,064 | | 37,786 | | (8,722) | | | | | | | |
| Total Liabilities | | 34,417,560 | | 35,984,017 | ************* | (1,566,457) | | | | | | | |
| DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Net Deferred Inflow of Pension Related Resources | | 2,174,317 | | 2,935,148 | | (760,831) | | | | | | | |
| Total OPEB Related Deferred Inflows RHIA Total OPEB Related Deferred Inflows Health Care | | 15,253 | | 18,771 | | (3,518) | | | | | | | |
| Total Deferred Inflows of Resources | *************************************** | 97,113 2,286,683 | *************************************** | 88,331 3,042,250 | *************************************** | 8,782 (755,567) | | | | | | | |
| NET POSITION | *************************************** | | | *************************************** | *************************************** | | | | | | | | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | | 2,967,233 | | 2,730,218 | | 237,015 | | | | | | | |
| Restricted | | 1,133,230 | | 1,382,113 | | (248,883) | | | | | | | |
| Unrestricted | | (6,880,480) | | (7,377,670) | | 497,190 | | | | | | | |
| Total Net Position | S | (2,780,017) | S | (3,265,339) | S | 485,322 | | | | | | | |

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, the District's net position increased by \$485,322. Revenues decreased by \$96,956 in 2023-24 compared to the previous year due primarily to Operating Grants and Contributions. The main driver for the decrease was a one-time donation from the Riverdale Foundation received in 2022-23 that was not repeated in 2023-24.

Overall changes in expenses for instruction, support services and facilities acquisition saw an increase in expenses of \$376,479 due primarily to an increase in spending on Purchased Services. In 2023-24 Student Transportation increased 70% from the prior year due to the new contract renewal rates, legal expenses increased 30% from the prior year, the district invested in necessary

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

capital repairs to the High School HVAC system and began the process to update the Conditional Use permit at the Grade School.

| RIVERDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT 51J CHANGES IN NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|-------------|---|-------------|---|-----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | | Governmen | tal Ac | tivities | | Increase | | | | | | |
| | *************************************** | Decrease) | | | | | | | | | | |
| REVENUES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for Services | \$ | 1,332,743 | \$ | 1,342,685 | \$ | (9,942) | | | | | | |
| Operating Grants and Contributions | | 2,292,019 | | 2,822,791 | | (530,772) | | | | | | |
| General Revenues | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property Taxes Levied for: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| General Purposes | | 4,123,764 | | 3,985,658 | | 138,106 | | | | | | |
| Debt Service | | 1,952,837 | | 1,899,720 | | 53,117 | | | | | | |
| Earnings on Investments | | 207,002 | | 138,657 | | 68,345 | | | | | | |
| Other Local Sources | | 76,098 | | 49,555 | | 26,543 | | | | | | |
| Intermediate Sources | | 73,104 | | 123,618 | | (50,514) | | | | | | |
| State Sources | | 4,015,939 | A | 3,807,778 | | 208,161 | | | | | | |
| Total revenues | ***** | 14,073,506 | Marchininistria | 14,170,462 | *************************************** | (96,956) | | | | | | |
| EXPENSES | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 7,387,360 | | 7,297,351 | | 90,009 | | | | | | |
| Support services | | 4,850,273 | | 4,600,655 | | 249,618 | | | | | | |
| Enterprise and Community Services | | • | | 5,032 | | (5,032) | | | | | | |
| Facilities acquisition | | 46,251 | | 9,399 | | 36,852 | | | | | | |
| Interest on Long-Term Debt | | 1,190,474 | | 1,451,715 | | (261,241) | | | | | | |
| Unallocated amortization | | • | | 268,941 | | (268,941) | | | | | | |
| Interest on lease liability | | 113,826 | | 124,396 | | (10,570) | | | | | | |
| Total expenses | *************************************** | 13,588,184 | *************************************** | 13,757,489 | *************************************** | (169,305) | | | | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Net Position | | 485,322 | | 412,973 | | 72,349 | | | | | | |
| Net Position - Beginning, restated | WW-10-1-1-1-1 | (3,265,339) | | (3,678,312) | | 412,973 | | | | | | |
| Net Position - Ending | \$ | (2,780,017) | \$ | (3,265,339) | S | 485,322 | | | | | | |

FUND FINANCIAL ANALYSIS

The focus of the governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

To further enhance this analysis, the District implemented GASB Statement No. 54 for fiscal year ending June 30, 2012. This GASB reporting requirement requires an analysis and breakdown of

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

ending fund balance for governmental fund types between five new fund balance categories. For more information on the details behind each fund balance category see Note Fund Balance on page 12 of this report.

At June 30, 2024, the District's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$1,778,214 a decrease of \$425,262 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$990,638 (about 55.7 percent) of the ending fund balances constitutes non-spendable, restricted or assigned ending fund balance, which are amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as prepaid expenses, student body, debt service and capital projects). The remaining \$787,576 (44.3 percent) of the ending fund balances is unassigned and available for spending at the District's discretion.

General Fund. The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District. As of June 30, 2024, fund balance was \$806,299. The fund balance decreased by \$152,387 during the current fiscal year. As a measure of the fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare general fund balance to total general fund expenditures. The fund balance represents 7.3 percent of total General Fund expenditures.

Special Revenue. The Special Revenue Fund accounts for revenues and expenditures of funds restricted for specific programs, such as grants, and associated student body activities as well as internal funds segregated by the Board for the food service program. Grant revenues are primarily from State sources. As of June 30, 2024, fund balance was \$612,409. The fund balance decreased by \$144,199 during the current fiscal year.

Debt Service Fund. As of June 30, 2024, the restricted fund balance was \$114,802. The fund balance increased by \$7,976 from the prior year, due to increased interest and tax revenue for the fiscal year.

Pension Obligation Bond Fund. As of June 30, 2024, the restricted fund balance was \$102,995. The fund balance decreased by \$75,155 from the prior year, as debt service expenditures were higher than internal service revenues collected as part of an intentional decision to spend down some of the fund balance.

Capital Projects Fund. The Capital Projects Fund has a restricted fund balance of \$67,850, all of which is dedicated for ongoing capital improvement projects.

Construction Excise Tax Fund. The Construction Excise Tax Fund has a restricted fund balance of \$73,859, all of which is dedicated for ongoing capital improvement projects.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The budget for the General Fund was adopted by the Board on June 12, 2023. During the year, there were two budget amendments completed for the 2023-24 budget.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets. The District's investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, and equipment. As of June 30, 2024, the District had invested \$21,477,120 in capital assets, net of depreciation, as shown in the following table. The total capital assets net of depreciation decreased overall by \$616,402, due to depreciation of assets.

| RIVERD | CAPIT | CHOOL DISTRI TAL ASSETS depreciation) | CT 5 | 1J | | |
|---|----------|---|---|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| | | Government | al Ac | tivities | | |
| | | June 30, 2024 | *************************************** | June 30, 2023 | We delike menganan | Increase (Decrease) |
| Land Building and improvements Equipment | \$ | 7,521 21,338,282 131,317 | \$ | 7,521 21,997,578 88,423 | \$ | (659,296) 42,894 |
| Total Capital Assets, net of depreciation | <u>s</u> | 21,477,120 | <u>s</u> | 22,093,522 | <u>s_</u> | (616,402) |

Additional information regarding the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements of this report.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the District had \$19,745,657 in outstanding debt. This is a net decrease of \$1,496,842 from prior year, as the District is continuing to pay down outstanding obligations, with the offset of deferred interest.

Additional information on the District's long-term debt can be found in the notes to basic financial statements of this report.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

During the 2022-23 school year the district defined a new three-year strategic plan. The strategic plan was built upon five strategic priority areas. The 2023-24 budget continued to focus and prioritize around the priorities outlined in the Strategic Plan as well as prioritize work to improve the financial position of the district.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

The 2023-24 school year presented significant challenges, these were driven by a combination of economic and operational pressures. Declining enrollment over the last four years has reduced funding tied to our per-pupil allocations, while inflation has increased costs for things like transportation, utilities, curriculum, staffing and other classroom materials. The rising costs of deferred maintenance and infrastructure projects have made it challenging to fund essential upgrades. At the same time, addressing mental health needs and providing support for academically struggling children remain among the most urgent priorities for schools.

There were significant needs across the state in all facets of social service and state government that simply could not be addressed in full by the state budget.

In relation to the state's economic challenges, the most significant economic factor for the District is the financial condition of Oregon's State School Fund (SSF). For the year ended June 30, 2024, the State School Fund – General Support provided about 65 percent of the District's General Fund resources. The Oregon Legislature passed a statewide education budget of \$10.2 billion for the 2023-25 biennium. SSF support payments are made to districts based on that budget. However, the budget is contingent upon a forecast of Oregon's continued economic recovery and the projected tax receipts associated with that forecast.

In November of 2023, Governor Kotek committed to putting together a process to review and update the Current Service Level (CSL) calculation for the SSF. Over the course of several months, key individuals met to review and analyze how the calculations were made and proposed changes to the CSL process that will inform the Governor's Recommended Budget released in early December. In total it is estimated that these changes will increase the CSL calculation by an estimated \$1.1 billion over the current 2023-25 biennium. While this increase will be a huge improvement for the SSF, at the time of the meetings the PERS rates for the biennium were not yet released.

The Employer rates for the Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) were released in late September and for the 2025-27 biennium there will be over a 7% increase across both Tier I/II and OPSRP employees.

| | 2023-25 | 2025-27 | Increase |
|-----------|---------|---------|----------|
| Tier I/II | 13.98% | 21.50% | 7.52% |
| OPSRP | 11.14% | 18.32% | 7.18% |

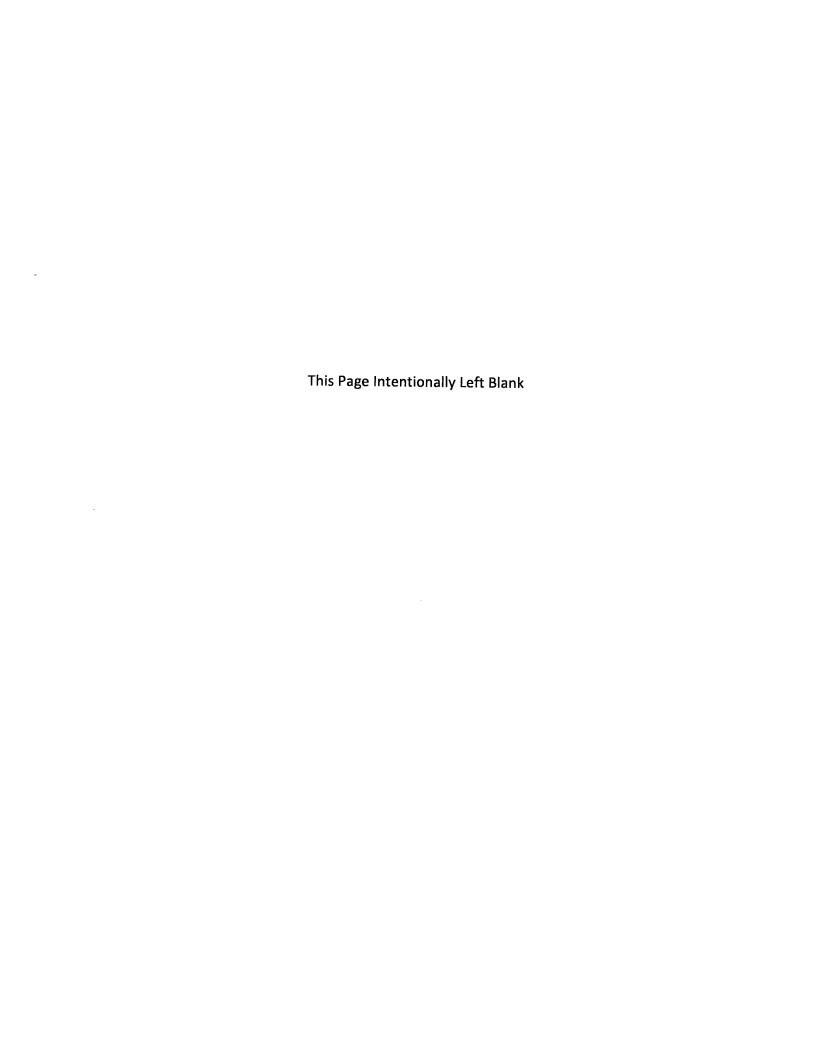
These rates, all else remaining the same, equate to an additional need for the 2025-27 biennium of ~\$440K. The increased PERS contributions will limit resources available for classroom instruction, staff hiring, and student support programs. They will continue to exacerbate the already difficult choices facing district leadership when trying to prioritize and do more with less.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS Year ended June 30, 2024

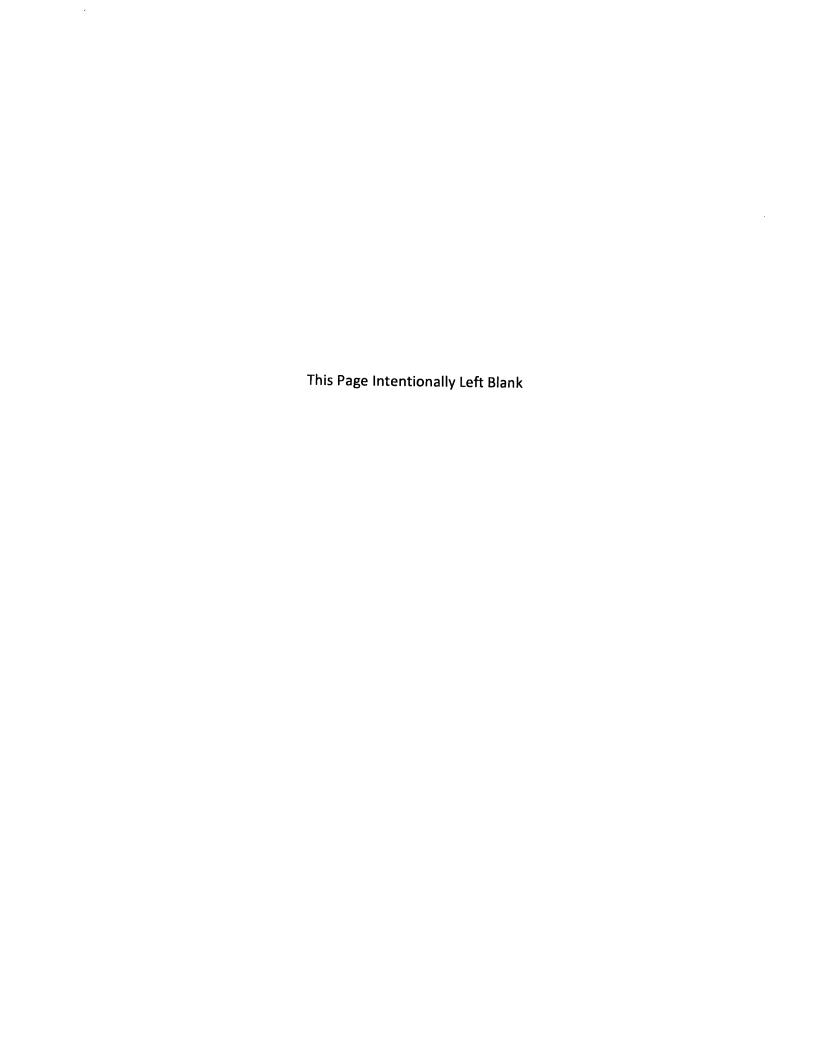
The 2024-25 adopted budget reflects the uncertainty around enrollment and the challenging economic times that we are experiencing. The budget is organized around the priorities generated from the 2022-25 Strategic Plan and through community engagement. The engagement included input from principals and the Leadership Team and refined through meetings with staff as well as surveys with the community. These priorities are designed to maintain high-quality programming and propel the district forward by strengthening in key areas. The District's Budget Committee and School Board considered all of these factors while preparing the District's budget for the 2024-25 fiscal year.

REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION

This financial report is designed to present the user (citizens, taxpayers, investors, and creditors) with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional information should be addressed to Business Manager, Riverdale School District #51J, 11733 S Breyman Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97219.



THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2024

| A | Governmental Activities |
|--|---|
| Assets | |
| Current; | |
| Cash and Cash Equivalents | \$ 2,149,157 |
| Taxes Receivable | 180,413 |
| Accounts Receivable | 399,352 |
| Prepaids | 18,723 |
| Non-Current: | |
| Capital Assets: | |
| Non-Depreciable | 7.531 |
| Depreciable, Net of Depreciation | 7,521 |
| Right to-use asset, net of amortization | 21,469,599 |
| Subscription Asset, net of amortization | 6,780,738 |
| OPEB RHIA asset | 41,777 161,315 |
| Total Assets | *************************************** |
| | 31,208,595 |
| Deferred Outflows of Resources | |
| Pension Related Deferrals (PERS) | 2,611,091 |
| OPEB Related Deferrals (RHIA) | 9,760 |
| OPEB Related Deferrals (Health Care) | 94,780 |
| Total Assets and Deferred Outflows | 33,924,226 |
| Liabilities | |
| Current Liabilities: | |
| Accounts Payable | |
| Accrued Payroll | 56,207 |
| Accrued Interest | 688,341 |
| Accrued Vacation | 49,310 |
| Unearned Revenue | 8,383 |
| Current Portion, Long-term Obligations: | 54,868 |
| Lease Liability | |
| Subscription Liability, Current | 141,333 |
| Bonds Payable | 8,722 |
| Total Current Liabilities | 1,341,555 |
| Long-term Obligations: | 2,348,719 |
| Deferred Interest on Bonds | |
| OPEB Obligation (Health Insurance) | 10,297,358 |
| Lease Liability | 390,103 |
| • | 7,022,627 |
| Subscription Liability Net Pension Liability (PERS) | 29,064 |
| | 6,222,946 |
| Premium on Bonds Payable | 161,417 |
| Bonds Payable Total Non gurrent Long town Obligations | 7,945,326 |
| Total Non-current Long-term Obligations | 32,068,841 |
| Total Liabilities | 34,417,560 |
| Deferred Inflows of Resources | |
| Pension Related Deferrals (PERS) | 2,174,317 |
| Pension Related Deferrals (RHIA) | 15,253 |
| OPEB Related Deferrals (Health Care) | 97,113 |
| Total Liabilities and Deferred Inflows of Resources | 36,704,243 |
| Net Position | |
| Net Investment in Capital Assets | 2.067.222 |
| Restricted for: | 2,967,233 |
| Student Services | |
| Debt Service | 612,409 |
| Capital Projects | 217,797 |
| OPEB asset | 141,709 |
| Unrestricted | 161,315 |
| Onestricted | (6,880,480) |
| Total Net Position | \$ (2,780,017) |
| | |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | | | | Prograi | m Rev | enues | F | let (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position |
|---|----------|-------------------|-------|-------------------------|--------|---|----|--|
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | | | Charges for Services | (| Operating Grants and entributions | • | overnmental Activities |
| Instruction | \$ | 7,387,360 | \$ | 1,262,231 | \$ | 1,911,697 | \$ | (4,213,432) |
| Support Services | | 4,850,273 | | 70,512 | | 380,322 | | (4,399,439) |
| Facilities Acquisition and Construction | | 46,251 | | - | | - | | (46,251) |
| Interest on long-term debt | | 1,190,474 | | - | | - | | (1,190,474) |
| Interest on lease liability | | 113,826 | | - | | - | | (113,826) |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$ | 13,588,184 | \$ | 1,332,743 | \$ | 2,292,019 | | (9,963,422) |
| | Gene | eral Revenues: | | | | | | |
| | | operty Taxes - G | enera | ıl | | | | 4,123,764 |
| | | operty Taxes - D | | | | | | 1,952,837 |
| | | rnings on Investr | nents | ; | | | | 207,002 |
| | | cal Revenue | | | | | | 76,098 |
| | | ermediate Source | es | | | | | 73,104 |
| | Sta | te Sources | | | | | - | 4,015,939 |
| | Tota | l General Revenu | ies | | | | | 10,448,744 |
| | | (| Chan | ge in Net Pos | ition | | | 485,322 |
| | | 1 | Vet P | osition - Beg | inning | | • | (3,265,339) |
| | | 1 | Vet P | osition - End | ing | | \$ | (2,780,017) |

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2024

| ASSETS: | GENERAL | SPECIAL EVENUE | DEBT SERVICE | PENSION BLIGATION BOND | | CAPITAL PROJECTS | NSTRUCTION | N | TOTALS |
|--|--|-------------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|-----|---------------------|-------------------|----|--|
| Cash and Investments Receivables: | \$ 1,405,764 | \$ 394,690 | \$ 103,999 | \$ 102,995 | \$ | 67,850 | \$ 73,859 | \$ | 2,149,157 |
| Taxes Accounts Prepaid Expenses Due From Other Funds | 122,498 115,137 18,723 59,117 | 277,301 | 57,915 6,914 - | - - - | | - - - | - | | 180,413 399,352 18,723 59,117 |
| Total Assets | \$ 1,721,239 | \$ 671,991 | \$ 168,828 | \$ 102,995 | \$_ | 67,850 | \$ 73,859 | \$ | 2,806,762 |
| LIABILITIES: | | | | | | | | | |
| Accounts Payable Payroll Liabilities Unearned Revenue Due To Other Funds | \$ 55,742 688,341 54,868 | \$ 465 - - 59,117 | \$ - - - | \$ - - - | \$ | - - - | \$ - - - | \$ | 56,207 688,341 54,868 59,117 |
| Total Liabilities | 798,951 | 59,582 | | - | | - | - | - | 858,533 |
| DEFERRED INFLOW OF RESOURCES: Unavailable Property Taxes Revenue | 115,989 | ** | 54,026 | - | | _ | - | | 170,015 |
| Total Deferred Inflow of Resources | 115,989 | - | 54,026 | _ | | - | - | | 170,015 |
| FUND BALANCE: Nonspendable Restricted for: | 18,723 | - | | • | | - | * | - | 18,723 |
| Student Services Debt Service Capital Projects Unassigned | - - - 787,576 | 612,409 | 114,802 | 102,995 | | 67,850 | 73,859 | | 612,409 217,797 141,709 787,576 |
| Total Fund Balance | 806,299 | 612,409 | 114,802 | 102,995 | | 67,850 | 73,859 | | 1,778,214 |
| Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflow of Resources, and Fund Balance | \$ 1,721,239 | \$ 671,991 | \$ 168,828 | \$ 102,995 | \$ | 67,850 | \$ 73,859 | \$ | 2,806,762 |

RECONCILIATION TO GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2024

| Total Fund Balances | | \$ 1,778,214 |
|---|----------------------------|---|
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because: | | |
| The net PERS pension asset (liability) is the difference between the total pension liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries. | | (6,222,946) |
| The net OPEB RHIA asset (liability) is the difference between the total OPEB liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiearies. | | 161,315 |
| Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the pension plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. | | |
| Pension Related Deferred Outflows (PERS) Pension Related Deferred Inflows (PERS) Pension Related Deferred Outflows (RHIA) Pension Related Deferred Inflows (RHIA) | | 2,611,091 (2,174,317) 9,760 (15,253) |
| Right -to-use assets are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. | | |
| Right-to-use asset, net | | 6,822,515 |
| Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statements of Net Position | | |
| Lease Payable Subscription Liability | | (7,163,960) (37,786) |
| The net OPEB asset (liability) for Health Care is the difference between the total OPEB liability and the assets set aside to pay benefits earned to past and current employees and beneficiaries. | | (390,103) |
| Deferred inflows and outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan include differences between expected and actual experience, changes of assumptions, differences between projects and actual earning, and contributions subsequent to the measurement date. | | |
| OPEB Related Deferred Outflows (Health Care) OPEB Related Deferred Inflows (Health Care) | | 94,780 (97,113) |
| Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in the governmental funds. | | |
| Non-Depreciable Capital Assets | 7,521 | |
| Depreciable Capital Assets Accumulated Depreciation | 33,430,292 (11,960,693) | 21,477,120 |
| Delinquent property taxes receivable will be collected this year, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are deferred in the funds. | | 170,015 |
| Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. | | (49,310) |
| Long-term liabilities not payable in the current year are not reported as governmental fund liabilities. Interest in long-term debt is not accrued in the governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. | | |
| These liabilities consist of: Accrued Compensated Absences | (0.202) | |
| Bonds Payable | (8,383) (9,286,881) | |
| Premium on Bonds Payable Deferred Interest on Bonds Payable | (161,417) (10,297,358) | (19,754,039) |
| Total Net Position | | \$ (2,780,017) |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | | GENERAL | SPECIAL REVENUE | | DEBT SERVICE | | PENSION OBLIGATION BOND | | CAPITAL PROJECTS | | CONSTRUCTION EXCISE TAX | | ı | TOTAL |
|---|----|------------|--------------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|-------------------------------|----------|------------------|--------|----------------------------|----------|-------|------------|
| REVENUES: From Local Sources | \$ | 6,730,565 | \$ | 267,723 | \$ | 1,998,061 | \$ | 445,897 | \$ | 225 | \$ | 18,865 | \$ | 9,461,336 |
| From Intermediate Sources | | 71,589 | | - | | 1,515 | | - | | - | | - | | 73,104 |
| From State Sources | | 4,053,901 | | 750,343 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 4,804,244 |
| From Federal Sources | | 265 | | 141,347 | | | | - | | - | | - | | 141,612 |
| Total Revenues | • | 10,856,320 | | 1,159,413 | | 1,999,576 | | 445,897 | | 225 | **** | 18,865 | | 14,480,296 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Instruction | | 6,439,585 | | 856,037 | | - | | - | | - | | - | | 7,295,622 |
| Support Services | | 4,560,665 | | 447,700 | | - | | - | | - | | 34,336 | | 5,042,701 |
| Capital Outlay | | - | | 8,332 | | - | | - | | - | | 46,251 | | 54,583 |
| Debt Service | | - | | | | 1,991,600 | | 521,052 | | | | - | | 2,512,652 |
| Total Expenditures | | 11,000,250 | | 1,312,069 | | 1,991,600 | | 521,052 | | - | | 80,587 | | 14,905,558 |
| Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures | | (143,930) | | (152,656) | | 7,976 | | (75,155) | | 225 | | (61,722) | | (425,262) |
| Other Financing Sources: Transfers In | | _ | | 8,457 | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | 8,457 |
| Transfers Out | | (8,457) | | - | | _ | | - | | - | | - | | . (8,457) |
| Total Other Financing | | | | | | | _ | | | | | | | |
| Sources, (Uses) | | (8,457) | | 8,457 | | - | | | | ~ | | - | | _ |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (152,387) | | (144,199) | | 7,976 | | (75,155) | | 225 | | (61,722) | | (425,262) |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 958,686 | | 756,608 | | 106,826 | | 178,150 | | 67,625 | | 135,581 | | 2,203,476 |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 806,299 | \$ | 612,409 | \$ | 114,802 | \$ | 102,995 | \$ | 67,850 | \$ | 73,859 | \$ | 1,778,214 |

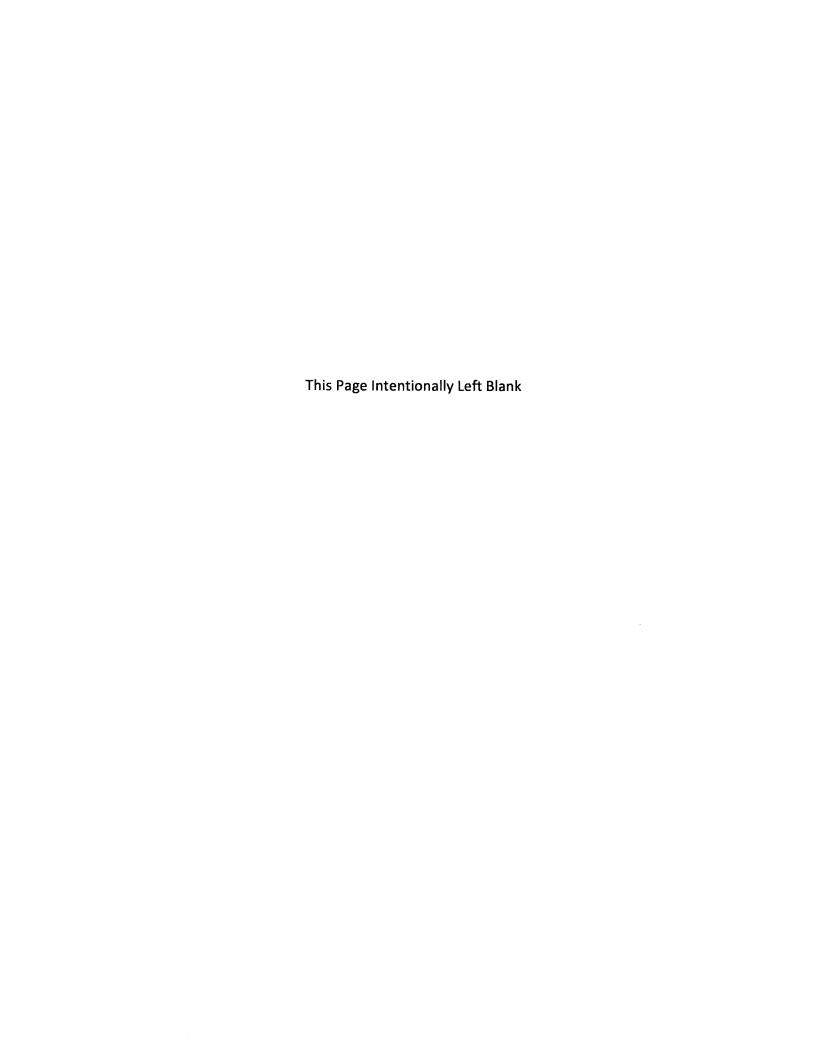
RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| For the Year Ended June 30, 2024 | | |
|---|----|-----------------------|
| Net Change in Fund Balance | \$ | (425,262) |
| Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: | | |
| Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. In the current period, these amounts are: | | |
| Capitalized expenditures Depreciation expense | | 54,583 (670,985) |
| The pension income (expense) represents the changes in net pension asset from year to year due to changes in total pension liability and the fair value of pension plan net position available to pay pension benefits. (PERS) | | 290,111 |
| The OPEB RHIA income (expense) represents the changes in net OPEB asset (liability) from year to year due to changes in total OPEB liability and the fair value of OPEB plan net position available to pay OPEB benefits. | | 1,601 |
| The OPEB expense represents the changes in net OPEB liability from year to year due to changes in total OPEB liability and the fair value of OPEB plan net position available to pay OPEB benefits. (Health Insurance) | | (5,736) |
| Long-term debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources in governmental funds. In the Statement of Net Position, however, issuing long-term debt increases liabilities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds but reduces the liability in the Statement of Net Position. This is the amount by which proceeds exceeded repayments: | | |
| Principal repaid (net) | | 2,320,000 |
| Governmental funds report the effect of, premiums and discounts when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. | | |
| Amortization of Premiums, GO Bonds Defeasance of Debt, GO Bonds | | 128,503 (116,512) |
| In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on long term debt, whereas in governmental funds it is recorded as interest expense when due. | | |
| Accretion of Deferred Interest on Bonds Payable Other Accrued Interest on Long-Term Debt | | (951,661) (46,161) |
| Accrued Vacation, OPEB Obligation & Pension Obligation are recognized as expenditures in the governmental funds when they are paid. In the Statement of Activities these liabilities are recognized as expenditures when earned. In the current year, changes in these liabilities are as follows: | | |
| Accrued Vacation | | 1,351 |
| Payment on Lease Liability decreases liabilities in the Statement of Net Position | | |
| Payment on Lease Liability Payment on subscription Liability | | 141,125 9,323 |
| Expenditure for Right-to-use Assets reduces the Prepaid Expenses in the Statement of Net Position and Amortization Expense increases the expenses on the Statement of Activities. | | |
| Lease Amortization Expense Subscription Amortization Expense | | (267,029) (3,106) |
| Because some property taxes will not be collected for several months after the District's fiscal year ends, they are not considered as "available" revenues in the governmental funds, and are instead recorded as deferred inflows of resources. They are, however, recorded as revenues in the Statement of Activities. | | 26 177 |
| Change in Net Position | • | 25,177 |
| ₀ | \$ | 485,322 |

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Basic Financial Statements have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant accounting policies are described below.

A. THE FINANCIAL REPORTING ENTITY

The Riverdale School District 51J (the District) was established in 1888 with the Riverdale Grade School in the Dunthorpe neighborhood. Riverdale High School was added to the District starting with the 1996-1997 school year and its location is just two miles from the Grade School. The Riverdale Grade School building was replaced in 2009. The District Offices are located at the Grade School. The board is composed of five elected members who serve four-year terms. The Board supervises a Superintendent who is the chief administrative officer and executes the Board's policies and programs.

The District is independent and is not included as a part of any other financial reporting entity. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that these basic financial statements present the District and all component units, if any. Component units, as established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 61, are separate organizations that are included in the District's reporting because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District. There are various governmental agencies that provide service within the District's boundaries, however the District is not financially accountable for any of these entities, and therefore, none of them are considered component units or included in these basic financial statements.

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION

Government Wide Financial Statements (GWFS)

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) display information about the District as a whole.

The government-wide basic financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from non-exchange transactions are recognized in accordance with GASB Statement No. 33 "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Non-Exchange Transactions." Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

All direct expenses are reported by function in the Statement of Activities. The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Interest on general long-term debt is considered an indirect expense and is reported separately on the Statement of Activities.

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties outside the District's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues reduce the cost of the function to be financed from the general revenues and include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Government Wide Financial Statements (GWFS) – (continued)

In the process of aggregating data for the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, some amounts reported as interfund activity and balances in the funds were eliminated or reclassified. Interfund receivables and payables were eliminated to minimize the "grossing up" effect on assets and liabilities.

Fund Financial Statements

The accounts are organized and operated on the basis of funds. A fund is an independent fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting segregates funds according to their intended purpose and is used to aid management in demonstrating compliance with finance-related legal and contractual provisions. The minimum number of funds is maintained consistent with legal and managerial requirements.

Governmental Fund Types

Governmental funds are used to account for general governmental activities. Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. "Measurable" means the amount of the transaction can be determined and "available" means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on general long-term debt and OPEB expenses which are recognized when due/paid, interfund transactions, and certain compensated absences which are recognized as expenditures because they will be liquidated with expendable financial resources.

Revenues susceptible to accrual are interest, state, county and local shared revenue and federal and state grants. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other grant requirements have been met.

The following major governmental funds are reported:

General Fund

This is the primary operating fund and accounts for all revenues and expenditures except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The principal revenue sources are property taxes, state school fund grant, tuition, and the Riverdale School District Foundation Contribution.

Special Revenue Funds

These funds account for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes such as classroom supplies and equipment, capital improvements and to supplement existing resources. The student body funds for the high school and grade school, for the purpose of supporting school activities, are a part of the special revenue funds.

Debt Service Fund

This fund provides for the payment of principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The principal revenue source is property taxes. This fund also provides for the principal and interest payments of the debt associated with paying down the PERS unfunded actuarial liability and the principal sources of revenue come from the state apportionment.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Governmental Fund Types – (continued)

Capital Projects Fund

This fund accounts for activities related to the acquisition, construction, equipping, and furnishing of facilities. Principal revenue sources are proceeds from the sale of bonds received in prior years and interest earnings.

Pension Obligation Bond Fund

This fund accounts for the payment of principal and interest of the PERS pension obligation bonds. The principal source of revenue is property taxes.

Construction Excise Tax Fund

This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures related to the construction excise tax (CET) imposed on improvements to real property that result in a new structure or additional square footage in an existing structure.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of the basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues, expenditures and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

Fair Value Inputs and Methodologies and Hierarchy

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Observable inputs are developed based on market data obtained from sources independent of the reporting entity. Unobservable inputs are developed based on the best information available about the assumptions market participants would use in pricing the asset. The classification of securities within the fair value hierarchy is based upon the activity level in the market for the security type and the inputs used to determine their fair value, as follows:

<u>Level 1</u> – unadjusted price quotations in active markets/exchanges for identical assets or liabilities that each Fund has the ability to access

<u>Level 2</u> — other observable inputs (including, but not limited to, quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in markets that are active, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the assets or liabilities (such as interest rates, yield curves, volatilities, loss severities, credit risks and default rates) or other market—corroborated inputs)

<u>Level 3</u> – unobservable inputs based on the best information available in the circumstances, to the extent observable inputs are not available (including each Fund's own assumptions used in determining the fair value of investments)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). Accordingly, the degree of judgment exercised in determining fair value is greatest for instruments categorized in Level 3. The inputs used to measure fair value may fall into different levels of the fair value hierarchy. In such cases, for disclosure purposes, the fair value hierarchy classification is determined based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Property Taxes

Ad valorem property taxes are levied and become a lien on all taxable property as of July 1. Property taxes are payable on November 15. Collection dates are November 15, February 15, and May 15. Discounts are allowed if the amount due is received by November 15. Taxes unpaid and outstanding on May 16 are considered delinquent.

Uncollected property taxes are shown in the balance sheet. Uncollected taxes are deemed by management to be substantially collectible or recoverable through liens; therefore, no allowance for uncollectible taxes has been established.

Grants

Unreimbursed grant expenditures due from grantor agencies are recorded as receivables and revenues. Cash received from grantor agencies in excess of related grant expenditures that is to be carried over to the next fiscal year is recorded as a liability, unearned revenue.

Supply Inventories

All supply inventories are valued at cost (first-in, first-out method). Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when purchased. A portion of the inventory consists of donated United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) commodities. Commodities are recorded as expenditures when consumed and are stated at their fair market value based on guidelines provided by the USDA. Management believes there were no material inventories on hand at year end.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, and equipment, are reported in the government wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair market value on the date donated. The cost of routine maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend asset lives are charged to expenditures as incurred and not capitalized. Capital assets are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and Improvements Vehicles and Equipment 10 to 50 years 5 to 30 years

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Long Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the governmental activities. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the bonds outstanding method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

Retirement Plans

Substantially all of the District's employees are participants in the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). For the purpose of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about fiduciary net position of PERS and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by PERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post-Employment Benefits (Health Insurance and Stipends)

The District pays a monthly stipend and the group medical, dental and vision insurance premiums for retirees who qualified for the previous post retirement plan, plus one of their dependents, if applicable. The last eligible retiree under the old plan enrolled on June 30, 2014, and no participants remain in the OPEB Stipend plan as of June 30, 2023. The District does not pay for any explicit retiree OPEB under GASB 75. However, an OPEB liability and deferrals for the implicit employer subsidy for Health Insurance is reported on the government wide statements. See Note 8 for more information.

Vested Compensated Absences

Policy is to permit employees to accumulate up to 40 hours of earned but unused vacation pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since there is no policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service. All vacation pay is accrued in the government wide statements.

Net Position

Net position is comprised of the various net earnings from operations, non-operating revenues, expenses and contributions of capital. Net position is classified in the following three categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets – consists of all capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of any bonds or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

Restricted – consists of external constraints placed on assets use by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. There are assets restricted for debt service, student services, capital projects and the OPEB RHIA asset.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Net Position – (continued)

Unrestricted – consists of all other assets that are not included in the other categories previously mentioned.

Deferred Outflow/Inflow of Resources

In addition to assets, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense / expenditure) until then. At June 30, 2024 there were deferred outflows representing deferred book loss on the issue of refunding bonds, PERS pension related deferrals and RHIA and OPEB health insurance related deferrals reported in the Statement of Net Position.

In addition to liabilities, the basic financial statements will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. At June 30, 2024 there were deferred inflows reported in the governmental funds balance sheet representing unavailable revenue from property tax. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available. At June 30, 2024, there were deferred inflows reported in the Statement of Net Position representing PERS pension related deferrals and RHIA and OPEB health insurance related deferrals.

Fund Balance

GASB Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions is followed. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the five fund balance classifications are nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned.

- Nonspendable fund balance represents amounts that are not in a spendable form.
- <u>Restricted fund balance</u> represents amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for a specific purpose (such as debt covenants, grant requirements, donor requirements, or other governments) or are restricted by law (constitutionally or by enabling legislation).
- <u>Committed fund balance</u> represents funds formally set aside by the governing body for a particular purpose. The use of committed funds would be approved by resolution.
- <u>Assigned fund balance</u> represents amounts that are constrained by the expressed intent to use resources for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. Intent can be stipulated by the governing body or by an official to whom that authority has been given by the governing body. The authority to classify portions of ending fund balance according to the categories above is delegated to the Superintendent.
- <u>Unassigned fund balance</u> is the residual classification of the General Fund. Only the General Fund may report a positive unassigned fund balance. Other governmental funds would report any negative residual fund balance as unassigned.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

B. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND BASIS OF PRESENTATION (CONTINUED)

Fund Balance – (continued)

There are no committed or assigned fund balances at June 30, 2024.

The governing body has approved the following order of spending regarding fund balance categories: Restricted resources are spent first when both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned or unassigned) resources are available for expenditures. When unrestricted resources are spent, the order of spending is committed (if applicable), assigned (if applicable) and unassigned.

Lease Assets and Liabilities/ Subscription Assets and Liabilities

Lease and Subscription assets and liabilities are reported in the statement of Net Position and Amortization expense is reported in the Statement of Activities.

2. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Budgetary Information

A budget is prepared and legally adopted for each governmental fund type on the modified accrual basis of accounting in the main program categories required by Oregon Local Budget Law. The budgets for all budgeted funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles except the property taxes received after year-end are not considered budgetary resources in the funds, inventory is expensed when purchased, capital outlay is reported as an expenditure rather than capitalized, depreciation and amortization are not recorded, and debt including OPEB, vacation, and pension obligations are recorded as an expenditure when paid instead of when incurred.

The budgeting process begins by appointing Budget Committee members in early fall. Budget recommendations are developed by management through spring, with the Budget Committee meeting and approving the budget document in late spring. Public notices of the budget hearing are generally published in May or June, and the hearing is held in June. The budget is adopted, appropriations are made and the tax levy is declared no later than June 30. Expenditure budgets are appropriated at the major function level (instruction, support services, community services, debt service, contingency, and transfers) for each fund. Expenditure appropriations may not legally be over expended, except in the case of grant receipts which could not be reasonably estimated at the time the budget was adopted.

Unexpected additional resources may be added to the budget through the use of a supplemental budget and appropriation resolution. Supplemental budgets less than 10% of the fund's original budget may be adopted by the Board of Directors at a regular meeting. A supplemental budget greater than 10% of the fund's original budget requires hearings before the public, publication in newspapers and approval by the Board. Original and supplemental budgets may be modified by the use of appropriation transfers between the levels of control (major function levels). Such transfers require approval by the Board.

Budget amounts shown in the basic financial statements include the original budget amounts and appropriation adjustments approved by the Board. Appropriations lapse at the end of each fiscal year.

Expenditures of the various funds were within authorized appropriations as of June 30, 2024, except for the Construction Excise Tax Fund, which over-expended Support Services by \$34,336.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and Investments at June 30, 2024 consisted of:

| Cash | \$ 48,496 |
|--------------------------|-----------------|
| Investments | 2,100,661 |
| Total Cash & Investments | \$ 2,149,157 |

Deposits

Deposits with financial institutions include bank demand deposits. Oregon Revised Statutes require deposits to be adequately covered by federal depository insurance or deposited at an approved depository as identified by the Treasury. The total bank balance per the bank statements as of June 30, 2024 was \$113,312, all of which was covered by federal depository insurance. Any amount over FDIC insurance of \$250,000 deposited at an approved depository would be collateralized by the Oregon Public Funds Collateralization Program.

<u>Credit Risk – Deposits</u>

In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the deposits may not be returned. There is no deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of June 30, 2024, none of the bank balances were exposed to custodial credit risk.

Investments

State statutes governing cash management are followed. Statutes authorize investing in banker's acceptances, time certificates of deposit, repurchase agreements, obligations of the United States and its agencies and instrumentalities, and the Oregon State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool.

Investments in the Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP) are included in the Oregon Short-Term Fund, which is an external investment pool that is not a 2a-7-like external investment pool, and is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. Fair value of the LGIP is calculated at the same value as the number of pool shares owned. The unit of account is each share held, and the value of the position would be the fair value of the pool's share price multiplied by the number of shares held. Investments in the Short-Term Fund are governed by ORS 294.135, Oregon Investment Council, and portfolio guidelines issued by the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board, which establish diversification percentages and specify the types and maturities of investments. The portfolio guidelines permit securities lending transactions as well as investments in repurchase agreements and reverse repurchase agreements. The fund appears to be in compliance with all portfolio guidelines at June 30, 2024. The LGIP seeks to exchange shares at \$1.00 per share; an investment in the LGIP is neither insured nor guaranteed by the FDIC or any other government agency. Although the LGIP seeks to maintain the value of share investments at \$1.00 per share, it is possible to lose money by investing in the pool. We intend to measure these investments at book value since it materially approximates fair value.

The pool is comprised of a variety of investments. These investments are characterized as a level 2 fair value measurement in the Oregon Short Term Fund's audited financial report. As of June 30, 2024, the fair value of the position in the <u>LGIP is 99.96%</u> of the value of the pool shares as reported in the Oregon Short Term Fund audited financial statements. Amounts in the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool are not required to be collateralized.

http://www.oregon.gov/treasury/Divisions/Investment/Pages/Oregon-Short-Term-Fund-(OSTF).aspx

If the link has expired, please contact the Oregon Short Term Fund directly.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

There were the following investments and maturities:

| | | Investment Maturaties (in mor | | | onth | s) | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------------------|-------------|-----|------------|----|-----------|
| Investment Type | Fair Value | | Less than 3 | | 3-17 | | 18-59 |
| State Treasurers Investment Pool | \$ 2,100,661 | \$ | 2,100,661 | \$_ | - | \$ | |
| Total | \$ 2,100,661 | \$ | 2,100,661 | \$ | · <u>-</u> | \$ | a. |

Interest Rate Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes require investments to not exceed a maturity of 18 months, except when the local government has adopted a written investment policy that was submitted to and reviewed by the OSTFB. There are no investments that have a maturity date beyond three months.

Credit Risk - Investments

Oregon Revised Statutes do not limit investments as to credit rating for securities purchased from US Government Agencies or USGSE. The State Investment Pool is not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk

At June 30, 2024, 100% of total investments were in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool. State statutes do not limit the percentage of investments in this instrument.

4. RECEIVABLES

Receivables at June 30, 2024 consist of amounts due from individuals and from other governments.

All receivables are current. Management believes they are fully collectible so no provision for doubtful accounts has been made.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

5. CAPITAL ASSETS

The changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, are as follows:

| | Governmental Capital Assets 7/1/2023 | | Deletions | Governmental Capital Assets 6/30/2024 |
|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|-----------|---|
| | 7/1/2025 | - Tuditions | Detetions | 0/30/2024 |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | |
| Land & Land Improvements | \$ 7,521 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,521 |
| Capital assets being depreciated: | | | | |
| Buildings & Improvements | 33,069,916 | - | - | 33,069,916 |
| Vehicles and Equipment | 305,793 | | - | 360,376 |
| Total Depreciable Assets | 33,375,709 | 54,583 | - | 33,430,292 |
| | | | | |
| Total Capital Assets | 33,383,230 | 54,583 | - | 33,437,813 |
| Accumulated Depreciation: | | | | |
| Buildings and Improvements | 11,072,338 | 659,296 | - | 11,731,634 |
| Vehicles and Equipment | 217,370 | * | - | 229,059 |
| Total | 11,289,708 | 670,985 | | 11,960,693 |
| 1 otal | 11,209,700 | 070,983 | | 11,900,093 |
| Capital Assets, Net | \$ 22,093,522 | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | | \$ 21,477,120 |

Depreciation was allocated to the functions as follows:

| Instruction | \$ 396,484 |
|----------------------------|---------------|
| Support | 274,501 |
| Total Depreciation Expense | \$ 670,985 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> – The Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS) consists of a single cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit plan. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited Annual Comprehensive Financial Report which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

If the link is expired, please contact Oregon PERS for this information.

- a. **PERS Pension (Chapter 238)**. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. **Pension Benefits**. The PERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.0 percent for police and fire employees, and 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefits results.
 - A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier 1 general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier 2 members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following contributions are met:
 - member was employed by PERS employer at the time of death,
 - member died within 120 days after termination of PERS covered employment,
 - member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who becomes disabled from other than duty-connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
 - iv. Benefit Changes After Retirement. Members may choose to continue participation in their variable account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the fair value of the underlying global equity investments of that account. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes (COLA). The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

- b. **OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)**. The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.
 - i. Pension Benefits. This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age: Police and fire: 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement. General service: 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.
 - A member of the pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.
 - ii. **Death Benefits**. Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member. The surviving spouse may elect to delay payment of the death benefit, but payment must commence no later than December 31 of the calendar year in which the member would have reached 70½ years.
 - iii. **Disability Benefits**. A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.

Contributions – PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. The funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation, which became effective July 1, 2023. The state of Oregon and certain schools, community colleges, and political subdivision have made unfunded actuarial liability payments and their rates have been reduced. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2024 were \$1,124,321, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. In addition, approximately \$343,762 in employee contributions were paid or picked up by the District in fiscal 2023-24.

Net Pension Asset or Liability – At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net pension liability of \$6,222,946 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation dated December 31, 2021. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, actuarially determined. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was .041 percent and .037 percent, respectively. Pension expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$290,111.

The rates in effect for the year ended June 30, 2024 were:

- (1) Tier 1/Tier 2 14.67%
- (2) OPSRP general services 11.56%

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

| Deferred Outflow | | Deferred Inflo | |
|------------------|-------------------|--|---|
| 0 | of Resources of I | | Resources |
| \$ | 304,321 | \$ | 24,675 |
| | 552,810 | | 4,122 |
| | | | , |
| | 111,852 | | ••• |
| | 426,066 | | 1,398,750 |
| | , | | |
| | 91,721 | | 746,770 |
| | 1,486,770 | | 2,174,317 |
| | 1,124,321 | | |
| \$ | 2,611,091 | \$ | 2,174,317 |
| | 0 | of Resources \$ 304,321 552,810 111,852 426,066 91,721 1,486,770 1,124,321 | of Resources of \$ 304,321 \$ \$ 552,810 \$ \$ 111,852 \$ 426,066 \$ 91,721 \$ 1,486,770 \$ 1,124,321 |

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Subtotal amounts related to pension as deferred outflows of resources, \$1,486,770, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$2,174,317), net to (\$687,547) and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ending June 30, | Amount |
|----------------------|-------------|
| 2025 | \$(434,582) |
| 2026 | (540,471) |
| 2027 | 371,059 |
| 2028 | (11,223) |
| 2029 | (72,330) |
| Thereafter | |
| Total | \$(687,547) |

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS systemwide GASB 68 reporting summary dated February 1, 2024. Oregon PERS produces an independently audited ACFR which can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/Documents/Financials/ACFR/2023-ACFR.pdf

Actuarial Valuations – The employer contribution rates effective July 1, 2023 through June 30, 2025, were set using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. For the Tier One/Tier Two component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer contribution rate consisting of (1) an amount for normal cost (estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by employees during the current service year), (2) an amount for the amortization unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial liabilities being amortized over 20 years.

For the OPSRP Pension Program component of the PERS Defined Benefit Plan, this method produced an employer rate consisting of (a) an amount for normal cost (the estimated amount necessary to finance benefits earned by the employees during the current service year), (b) an actuarially determined amount for funding a disability benefit component, and (c) an amount for the amortization of unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities, which are being amortized over a fixed period with new unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities being amortized over 16 years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

| Valuation date | December 31, 2021 |
|---------------------------|---|
| Measurement Date | June 30, 2023 |
| Experience Study Report | 2020, Published July 20, 2021 |
| Actuarial cost method | Entry Age Normal |
| Amortization method | Level percentage of payroll |
| Asset valuation method | Fair value |
| Inflation rate | 2.40 percent |
| Investment rate of return | 6.90 percent |
| Discount rate | 6.90 percent |
| Projected salary increase | 3.40 percent |
| Cost of Living Adjustment | Blend of 2% COLA and graded COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with Moro |
| | decision; blend based on service |
| Mortality | Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: |
| | Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security |
| | Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. |
| | Active members: |
| | Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. |
| | Disabled retirees: |
| | Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation. |

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2020 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Assumed Asset Allocation:

| Asset Class/Strategy | Low Range | High Range | OIC Target |
|-------------------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Debt Securities | 20.0% | 30.0% | 25.0% |
| Public Equity | 22.5% | 32.5% | 27.5% |
| Real Estate | 9.0% | 16.5% | 12.5% |
| Private Equity | 17.5% | 27.5% | 20.0% |
| Real Assets | 2.5% | 10.0% | 7.5% |
| Diversifying Strategies | 2.5% | 10.0% | 7.5% |
| Opportunity Portfolio | 0.0% | 5.0% | 0.0% |
| Total | | | 100.0% |

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 125)

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

| | Target | Compound Annual |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | (Geometric) Return |
| Global Equity | 27.50% | 7.07% |
| Private Equity | 25.50% | 8.83% |
| Core Fixed Income | 25.00% | 4.50% |
| Real Estate | 12.25% | 5.83% |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 0.75% | 6.02% |
| Infrastructure | 1.50% | 6.51% |
| Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy | 1.25% | 6.27% |
| Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge | 0.63% | 6.48% |
| Hedge Fund - Macro | 5.62% | 4.83% |
| Assumed Inflation - Mean | | 2.35% |

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 92)

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from the plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate – the following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

| | 1% Decrease | Discount Rate | 1% Increase |
|-----------------------------------|--------------|---|-------------|
| | (5.90%) | (6.90%) | (7.90%) |
| District's proportionate share of | | ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | |
| the net pension liability | \$10,279,136 | \$ 6,222,946 | \$2,828,346 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

As described above, GASB 67 and GASB 68 require the Total Pension Liability to be determined based on the benefit terms in effect at the Measurement Date. Any changes to benefit terms that occurs after that date are reflected in amounts reported for the subsequent Measurement Date. However, Paragraph 80f of GASB 68 requires employers to briefly describe any changes between the Measurement Date and the employer's reporting date that are expected to have a significant effect on the employer's share of the collective Net Pension Liability, along with an estimate of the resulting change, if available.

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2023 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

Plan Description:

Employees of the District are provided with pensions through OPERS. All the benefits of OPERS are established by the Oregon legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. Chapter 238A created the Oregon Public Service Retirement Plan (OPSRP), which consists of the Defined Benefit Pension Program and the Individual Account Program (IAP). Membership includes public employees hired on or after August 29, 2003. PERS members retain their existing defined benefit plan accounts, but member contributions are deposited into the member's IAP account. OPSRP is part of OPERS, and is administered by the OPERS Board.

Pension Benefits:

Participants in OPERS defined benefit pension plans also participate in their defined contribution plan. An IAP member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies. Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP IAP may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

6. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN (CONTINUED)

Death Benefits:

Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.

Contributions:

Employees of the District pay six (6) percent of their covered payroll. Effective July 1, 2020, currently employed Tier 1/Tier 2 and OPSRP members earning \$2,500 or more per month (increased to \$3,333 per month in 2022) will have a portion of their 6 percent monthly IAP contributions redirected to an Employee Pension Stability Account. The Employee Pension Stability Account will be used to pay part of the member's future benefit. Of the 6 percent monthly IAP contribution, Tier 1/Tier 2 will have 2.5 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account and OPSRP will have 0.75 percent redirected to the Employee Pension Stability Account, with the remaining going to the member's existing IAP account. Members may voluntarily choose to make additional after-tax contributions into their IAP account to make a full 6 percent contribution to the IAP. The District did not make any optional contributions to member IAP accounts for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Additional disclosures related to Oregon PERS not applicable to specific employers are available online, or by contacting PERS at the following address: PO Box 23700 Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/EMP/Pages/GASB.aspx

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (RHIA)

Plan Description:

As a member of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) the District contributes to the Retirement Health Insurance Account (RHIA) for each of its eligible employees. RHIA is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit other postemployment benefit plan administered by OPERS. RHIA pays a monthly contribution toward the cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums of eligible retirees. Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) 238.420 established this trust fund. Authority to establish and amend the benefit provisions of RHIA reside with the Oregon Legislature. The plan is closed to new entrants after January 1, 2004. OPERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained by writing to Oregon Public Employees Retirement System, PO Box 23700, Tigard, OR 97281-3700.

Funding Policy:

Because RHIA was created by enabling legislation (ORS 238.420), contribution requirements of the plan members and the participating employers were established and may be amended only by the Oregon Legislature. ORS require that an amount equal to \$60 dollars or the total monthly cost of Medicare companion health insurance premiums coverage, whichever is less, shall be paid from the Retirement Health Insurance Account established by the employer, and any monthly cost in excess of \$60 dollars shall be paid by the eligible retired member in the manner provided in ORS 238.410. To be eligible to receive this monthly payment toward the premium cost the member must: (1) have eight years or more of qualifying service in OPERS at the time of retirement or receive a disability allowance as if the member had eight years or more of creditable service in OPERS, (2) receive both Medicare Parts A and B coverage, and (3) enroll in an OPERS-sponsored health plan. A surviving spouse or dependent of a deceased OPERS retiree who was eligible to receive the subsidy is eligible to receive the subsidy if he or she (1) is receiving a retirement benefit or allowance from OPERS or (2) was insured at the time the member died and the member retired before May 1, 1991.

Participating employers are contractually required to contribute to RHIA at a rate assessed each year by OPERS, and the District currently contributes 0.05% of annual covered OPERF payroll and 0.00% of OPSRP payroll under a contractual requirement in effect until June 30, 2024. Consistent with GASB Statement 75, the OPERS Board of Trustees sets the employer contribution rates as a measure of the proportionate relationship of the employer to all employers consistent with the manner in which contributions to the OPEB plan are determined. The basis for the employer's portion is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. The District's contributions to RHIA are included with PERS and equaled the required contributions for the year.

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a net OPEB liability/(asset) of \$161,315 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset). The OPEB liability/(asset) was measured as of June 30, 2023, and the total OPEB liability/(asset) used to calculate the net OPEB liability/(asset) was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2021. Consistent with GASB Statement No. 75, paragraph 59(a), the District's proportion of the net OPEB liability/(asset) is determined by comparing the employer's actual, legally required contributions made during the fiscal year to the Plan with the total actual contributions made in the fiscal year of all employers. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 and 2022, the District's proportion was .039 percent and .057 percent, respectively. OPEB expense for the year ended June 30, 2024 was \$1,601.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

| Components | of OPEB | Expense/ | (Income): |
|------------|---------|----------|-----------|
|------------|---------|----------|-----------|

| Components of OPEB Expense/ (Income): | |
|---|----------------|
| Employer's Proportionate share of collective system OPEB Expense/(Income) | \$ (18,671) |
| Net amortization of employer-specific deferred amount from: | |
| - Changes in proportionate share (per paragraph 64 of GASB 75) | 18,011 |
| -Differences between employer contributions and employer's proportionate | ´- |
| share of system conributions (per paragraph 65 of GASB 75) | |
| Employer's total OPEB Expense/(Income) | \$ (660) |

Components of Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources:

| | red Outflow Resources | red Inflow esources |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ - | \$ 4,050 |
| Changes in assumptions | - | 1,739 |
| Net difference between projected and actual | | ŕ |
| earnings on pension plan investments | 457 | - |
| Net changes in proportionate share | 9,303 | 9,464 |
| Differences between contributions | | • |
| and proportionate share of contributions | - | • |
| Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below) | 9,760 | 15,253 |
| Contributions subsequent to measuring date | - | - |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources | \$ 9,760 | \$ 15,253 |

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability/(asset) in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows, \$9,760, and deferred inflows of resources, (\$15,253), net to (\$5,493) and will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

| Year ending June 30, | Amount |
|----------------------|---------------|
| 2025 | \$ (5,342) |
| 2026 | (8,250) |
| 2027 | 5,962 |
| 2028 | 2,137 |
| 2029 | - |
| Thereafter | - |
| Total | \$ (5,493) |
| | |

All assumptions, methods and plan provisions used in these calculations are described in the Oregon PERS Retirement Health Insurance Account Cost-Sharing Multiple-Employer Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Plan Schedules of Employer Allocations and OPEB Amounts by Employer report, as of and for the Year Ended June 30, 2023. That independently audited report was dated February 1, 2024 and can be found at:

https://www.oregon.gov/pers/emp/Documents/GASB/2023/Oregon%20Public%20Employees%20Retirement%20Sy stem%20-%20GASB%2075%20RHIA%20-%20YE%206.30.2023%20-%20SECURED.pdf

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

| December 31, 2021 |
|---|
| June 30, 2023 |
| 2020, Published July 20, 2021 |
| Entry Age Normal |
| 2.40 percent |
| 6.90 percent |
| 6.90 percent |
| 3.40 percent |
| II a 14 har and a 27 5 0 / 12 11 1 1 1 |
| Healthy retirees: 27.5 %; Disabled retirees: 15% |
| Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: |
| Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, |
| Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set- |
| backs as described in the valuation. |
| |
| Active members: |
| Pub-2010 employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social |
| Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as |
| described in the valuation. |
| |
| Disabled retirees: |
| Pub-2010 Disabled Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, |
| Social Security Data scale, with job category adjustments and set- |
| backs as described in the valuation. |
| |

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The method and assumptions shown are based on the 2020 Experience Study which is reviewed for the four-year period ending December 31, 2020.

Discount Rate:

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability as of the measurement date of June 30, 2023 was 6.90 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the RHIA plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments for the RHIA plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in January 2023 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

7. OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFIT PLAN (RHIA) (CONTINUED)

| | Target | Compound Annual |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--------------------|
| Asset Class | Allocation | (Geometric) Return |
| Global Equity | 27.50% | 7.07% |
| Private Equity | 25.50% | 8.83% |
| Core Fixed Income | 25.00% | 4.50% |
| Real Estate | 12.25% | 5.83% |
| Master Limited Partnerships | 0.75% | 6.02% |
| Infrastructure | 1.50% | 6.51% |
| Hedge Fund of Funds - Multistrategy | 1.25% | 6.27% |
| Hedge Fund Equity - Hedge | 0.63% | 6.48% |
| Hedge Fund - Macro | 5.62% | 4.83% |
| Assumed Inflation - Mean | | 2.35% |

(Source: June 30, 2023 PERS ACFR; p. 92)

Sensitivity of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) to changes in the discount rate – The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability/(asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower (5.90 percent) or one percent higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate.

| | 1% Decrease | | Discount Rate | | 1% Increase | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| | | (5.90%) | | (6.90%) | | (7.90%) |
| District's proportionate share of | | | | | <u> </u> | · · |
| the net OPEB asset | \$ | (146,636) | \$ | (161,315) | \$ | (173,910) |

Changes Subsequent to the Measurement Date

There are no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2023 Measurement Date that meet this requirement and thus would require a brief description under the GASB standard.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - HEALTH INSURANCE

Post-Employment Health Care Benefits

Plan Description:

The District maintains a single employer retiree benefit plan that provides post-employment health, dental, vision and life insurance benefits to eligible employees and their spouses. There are active and retired members in the plan. Benefits and eligibility for members are established through the collective bargaining agreements. The plan does not issue separate basic financial statements.

The District's post-retirement healthcare plan was established in accordance with Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) 243.303. ORS stipulated that for the purpose of establishing healthcare premiums, the rate must be based on all plan members, including both active employees and retirees. The difference between retiree claims cost, which because of the effect of age is generally higher in comparison to all plan members, and the amount of retiree healthcare premiums represents the District's implicit employer contribution.

The District reports Other Postemployment Benefits under GASB Statement No. 75. This allows the District to report its liability for other post-employment benefits consistent with established generally accepted accounting principles and to reflect an actuarially determined liability for the present value of projected future benefits for retired and active employees on the basic financial statements.

Annual OPEB Cost and Total OPEB Liability – The annual other postemployment benefit (OPEB) cost is calculated based on the Total OPEB Liability, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement No. 75. For detailed information and a table showing the components of the District's annual OPEB costs and liabilities, see page 38.

Total Other Post Employment Benefit Liability

The District's total pension liability and total other post-employment benefits were measured as of June 30, 2023 and determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2023.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions - The total other post-employment benefit liability in the July 1, 2021 actuarial valuation was calculated based on the discount rate and actuarial assumptions below, and was then projected forward/backward to the measurement date. Discount Rate 3.65%, Inflation 2.40%, Salary Increases 3.40%, and Actuarial Cost Method is Entry Age Normal Level Percent of Pay. The annual premium increase was assumed to fluctuate between 5% to 6.6% until 2038 in accordance with the Society of Actuaries – Getzen Long Term Healthcare Trends Resource Model, updated 2017. Mortality rates are based on RP 2014, Employee/Healthy Annuitant, sex distinct, generational. Turnover, Disability and Retirement rate assumptions are based off the valuation of benefits under Oregon PERS.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS - HEALTH INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Changes in the Net Other Post-Employment Benefit Liability

| Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2023 | \$ 353,548 |
|--|---------------|
| Changes for the year: | |
| Service Cost | 38,057 |
| Interest | 13,571 |
| Changes of Assumption or other input | (30,960) |
| Differences between expected and actual experience | 32,523 |
| Benefits Payments | (16,636) |
| Total OPEB Liability at June 30, 2024 | \$ 390,103 |

Sensitivity of the Total Post-Employment Benefit Liability to changes in the discount and trend rates

The following presents the Total OPEB Liability of the plan, calculated using the discount rate as of the measurement date, as well as what the Plan's Total OPEB Liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate. A similar sensitivity analysis is then presented for changes in the healthcare cost trend assumption:

| | 1% Decrease 2.65% | Current scount Rate 3.65% | 1% Increase 4.65% |
|----------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 421,291 | \$ 390,103 | \$ 362,457 |
| | 1% Decrease | Current rend Rate | 1% Increase |
| Total OPEB Liability | \$ 354,014 | \$ 390,103 | \$ 433,209 |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

8. OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS – HEALTH INSURANCE (CONTINUED)

Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB Benefits:

| | Deferred Inflows | | Deferr | ed Outflows |
|---|------------------|----------|--------------|-------------|
| | of Resources | | of Resources | |
| Difference between expected and actual experience | \$ | (35,673) | \$ | 28,187 |
| Changes in assumptions | | (61,440) | | 32,007 |
| Subtotal - Amortized Deferrals (below) | | (97,113) | | 60,194 |
| Benefit Payments | | - | | 34,586 |
| Deferred outflow (inflow) of resources | \$ | (97,113) | \$ | 94,780 |

The amount of contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2025.

Subtotal amounts related to OPEB as deferred outflows of resources, \$60,194 and deferred inflows of resources (\$97,113) net to (\$36,919), and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

| Year ended June 30, | Amount | | |
|---------------------|--------|----------|--|
| 2025 | \$ | (11,306) | |
| 2026 | | (9,744) | |
| 2027 | | (8,904) | |
| 2028 | | (437) | |
| 2029 | | (1,775) | |
| Thereafter | | (4,753) | |
| Total | \$ | (36,919) | |

As of the July 1, 2023 valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

| Number of Members | |
|-------------------|----|
| Active | 74 |
| Retired | 6 |
| Total | 80 |

9. DEFFERED COMPENSATION PLAN

A deferred compensation plan is available to employees wherein they may execute an individual agreement with the District for amounts earned by them to not be paid until a future date when certain circumstances are met. These circumstances are: termination by reason of resignation, death, disability, or retirement; unforeseeable emergency; or by requesting a de minimis distribution from inactive accounts valued less than \$5,000. Payment to the employee will be made over a period not to exceed 15 years. The deferred compensation plan is one which is authorized under IRC Section 457 and has been approved in its specifics by a private ruling from the Internal Revenue Service. The assets of the plan are held by the administrator for the sole benefit of the plan participants and are not considered assets or liabilities of the District.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

General Obligation Bonds

General Obligation bonds were issued to provide funds for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities. On February 26, 2009, the District issued \$21,496,278 of Series 2009 General Obligation bonds to finance facility acquisition and construction. A portion of the funds received from the issuance were used to extinguish the \$1,500,000 of outstanding Series 2002 Full Faith & Credit bonds. Payment of principal and interest on the general obligation bonds are payable from the General Obligation Bonds Fund.

Pension Obligation Bonds

On April 21, 2003, the District issued \$4,387,738 of limited tax pension obligation bonds to finance its unfunded actuarially accrued liability (UAL) with the State of Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (PERS). The issuance of the bonds was considered an advance refunding of the UAL. The actual savings realized over the life of the bonds is uncertain because of the various legislative changes and legal issues pending with the PERS system which could impact future required contribution rate. The debt service payments were charged to debt service in the Pension Obligation Bonds Fund. In the event of default, the principal and interest amount plus any other amounts owing, shall be due and payable from any general obligation bonds that allow the use of a portion of the proceeds to repay the note.

Advance Refunding Bonds

On April 28, 2015, \$6,910,000 in Series 2015 General Obligation Refunding Bonds were issued to provide resources for future debt service payments of \$6,910,000 for the Series 2009 A General Obligation Bonds. As a result, the refunded bonds were redeemed and the liability has been removed from the statement of net position. This advance refunding was undertaken to result in an economic gain of \$313,833.

There are no significant default or termination clauses on any of the District's bonds.

Deferred Interest

As some bonds outstanding did not begin maturing until 2020 and later, deferred interest accrues each year and is recorded as a liability in the Statement of Net Position. The balance of deferred interest is \$10,297,358 as of June 30, 2024. All bonds currently outstanding will mature by 2034.

Changes in long-term obligations outstanding are as follows:

| | Interest Rates | Outstanding 7/1/2023 | Debt Issued | Debt Increased | Matured and Redeemed | Outstanding 6/30/2024 | Due in One Year |
|--------------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| Pension Bond 2003 | 1.15-6.3% | \$ 2,020,000 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 405,000 | \$ 1,615,000 | \$ 430,000 |
| GO Bonds 2009 A&B | 4.25-5.77% | 7,671,881 | - | - | - | 7,671,881 | 911,555 |
| GO Bonds 2015 Refunding | 4% | 1,915,000 | * | * | 1,915,000 | _ | |
| Total | | 11,606,881 | - | - | 2,320,000 | 9,286,881 | 1,341,555 |
| Premium on Bonds Payable | | 289,920 | - | - | 128,503 | 161,417 | |
| Deferred Interest | | 9,345,697 | | 951,661 | - | 10,297,358 | |
| Total | | \$ 21,242,498 | \$ - | \$ 951,661 | \$ 2,448,503 | \$ 19,745,656 | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

10. LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (CONTINUED)

Future maturities of long-term obligations are payable as follows:

| Year Ended | PENSION BOND | | GO BONDS | S 2009 A&B |
|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2025 | 430,000 | 91,732 | 911,555 | 1,183,445 |
| 2026 | 455,000 | 67,308 | 874,628 | 1,280,372 |
| 2027 | 480,000 | 41,464 | 838,649 | 1,381,351 |
| 2028 | 250,000 | 14,200 | 803,246 | 1,481,754 |
| 2029 | - | - | 773,453 | 1,581,547 |
| 2030-2034 | | | 3,470,350 | 9,409,650 |
| TOTALS | \$ 1,615,000 | \$ 214,704 | \$ 7,671,881 | \$ 16,318,119 |

| Year Ended | GO REFUNDING | G BOND 2015 | TO | ΓAL |
|------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|
| June 30, | Principal | Interest | Principal | Interest |
| 2025 | - | - | 1,341,555 | 1,275,177 |
| 2026 | - | - | 1,329,628 | 1,347,680 |
| 2027 | - | - | 1,318,649 | 1,422,815 |
| 2028 | - | - | 1,053,246 | 1,495,954 |
| 2029 | - | - | 773,453 | 1,581,547 |
| 2030-2034 | _ | - | 3,470,350 | 9,409,650 |
| TOTALS | _\$ | \$ | \$ 9,286,881 | \$ 16,532,823 |

11. LEASE LIABILITY

On 02/09/2001, the District, entered into a 360 month lease as Lessee for the use of Collins View School site – Ground Lease. On 07/01/2021, an initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$7,516,263. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$7,146,932. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$20,683 per month with annual increases of 3% per year. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 is \$7,516,263 with accumulated amortization of \$752,300 is included with ground lease on the Lease Class activities table below.

On 6/17/2019, the District entered into a 60 month lease as the Lessee for the use of a Kyocera Copier. On 07/01/2021, an initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$45,289. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$0. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$1,310. The lease has an interest rate of 0.8453%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2023 is \$45,289 with accumulated amortization of \$45,289 is included with equipment on the Lease Class activities table below.

On 04/17/2024, the District entered into a 36 month lease as Lessee for the use of Cintas - AEDs. An initial lease liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,009. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the lease liability is \$17,028. The District is required to make monthly fixed payments of \$522. The lease has an interest rate of 2.8650%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$18,009 with accumulated amortization of \$1,234 is included with Equipment on the Lease Class activities table found below.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

11. LEASE LIABILITY (CONTINUED)

| Change | In | Lease | L | √ia | bility |
|--------|-----|-------|---|-----|--------|
| | ~~~ | | - | ,,, | |

| | Balance at July 1, 2023 | | Additions | | Reductions | | Balance at June 30, 2024 | | Due within a year | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------|------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|
| Ground Lease Copier AED | \$ | 7,272,727 14,349 | \$ | - - 18,009 | \$ | 125,795 14,349 981 | \$ | 7,146,932 - 17,028 | \$ | 135,480 - 5,853 |
| Total | \$ | 7,287,076 | \$ | 18,009 | \$ | 141,125 | \$ | 7,163,960 | \$ | 141,333 |

Principal and Interest Requirements to Maturity

| | Governmental Activities | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|-----------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Equipme | ent | Ground I | | AED Lease | | | | | | | |
| Fiscal Year | Principal Principal | Interest | | Interest | Principal | Interest | | | | | | |
| Ending June 30, | Payments | Payments | Principal Payments | Payments | Payments | Payments | | | | | | |
| 2025 | _ | - | 135,480 | 120,805 | 5,853 | 411 | | | | | | |
| 2026 | - | - | 145,337 | 118,416 | 6,023 | 241 | | | | | | |
| 2027 | - | ~ | 153,151 | 115,878 | 5,152 | 68 | | | | | | |
| 2028 | - | - | 161,206 | 113,204 | - | - | | | | | | |
| 2029 | - | - | 169,507 | 110,391 | _ | _ | | | | | | |
| 2030-2034 | - | - | 981,154 | 504,577 | _ | - | | | | | | |
| 2035-2039 | - | • | 1,229,590 | 410,777 | - | _ | | | | | | |
| 2040-2044 | - | - | 1,516,894 | 294,204 | - | _ | | | | | | |
| 2045-2048 | - | - | 1,449,799 | 133,886 | _ | - | | | | | | |
| 2049-2051 | - | - | 1,204,814 | 31,330 | - | _ | | | | | | |
| | - | - | 7,146,932 | 1,953,468 | 17,028 | 720 | | | | | | |

12. LEASE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSET

Right to use assets are for the leases in Note 11.

Amount of Lease Assets by Major Classes of Underlying Asset (Right-to-Use Asset)

| At June 30, 2024 | | | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Lease Asset Value | Accumulated Amortization | Net Value | | | | | | |
| \$ 7,516,263 | \$ 752,300 | \$ 6,763,963 | | | | | | |
| 45,289 | 45,289 | - | | | | | | |
| 18,009 | 1,234 | 16,775 | | | | | | |
| \$ 7,579,561 | \$ 798,823 | \$ 6,780,738 | | | | | | |
| | Value \$ 7,516,263 45,289 18,009 | Lease Asset Accumulated Amortization \$ 7,516,263 \$ 752,300 45,289 45,289 18,009 1,234 | | | | | | |

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

12. LEASE RIGHT-TO-USE ASSET (CONTINUED)

Change in Right-to-Use Asset

| | Balance at July | | | Balance at June | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------|------------|-----------------|--|
| | 1, 2023 Additions | | Reductions | 30, 2024 | |
| Asset Class | | | | | |
| Ground Lease | \$ 7,516,263 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 7,516,263 | |
| Copier | 45,289 | - | _ | 45,289 | |
| AED | ⊷ | 18,009 | - | 18,009 | |
| Subtotal | 7,561,552 | 18,009 | - | 7,579,561 | |
| Accumulated Amortization | | | | | |
| Ground Lease | 501,758 | 250,542 | - | 752,300 | |
| Copier | 30,036 | 15,253 | - | 45,289 | |
| AED | - | 1,234 | _ | 1,234 | |
| Subtotal | 531,794 | 267,029 | - | 798,823 | |
| Total Lease Asset, Net | \$ 7,029,758 | | | \$ 6,780,738 | |

13. SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE

For the year ended 6/30/2024, the financial statements include the adoption of GASB Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements. The primary objective of this statement is to enhance the relevance and consistency of information about governments' subscription activities. This statement establishes a single model for subscription accounting based on the principle that subscriptions are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this Statement, an organization is required to recognize a subscription liability and an intangible right-to-use subscription asset. For additional information, refer to the disclosures below.

On 07/01/2022, the District entered into a 43 month subscription for the use of Synergy Online Registration. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$781. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$274. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$265. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.2750%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$781 with accumulated amortization of \$435 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 01/25/2023, the District entered into a 65 month subscription for the use of FinalSite. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$28,729. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$23,341. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$5,803. The subscription has an interest rate of 3.3310%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$28,729 with accumulated amortization of \$7,579 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

On 05/01/2023, the District entered into a 61 month subscription for the use of FinalSite - Messaging. An initial subscription liability was recorded in the amount of \$18,478. As of 06/30/2024, the value of the subscription liability is \$14,172. The District is required to make annual fixed payments of \$3,750. The subscription has an interest rate of 2.3100%. The value of the right to use asset as of 06/30/2024 of \$18,478 with accumulated amortization of \$4,173 is included with Software on the Subscription Class activities table found below.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

13. SUBSCRIPTIONS PAYABLE (CONTINUED)

| | Changes | in Subscriptio | on Right-to-use | e Asset | |
|------------------|-------------|----------------|-------------------|------------|------------|
| | | Balance at | | | Balance at |
| | | July 1, | | | June 30, |
| | | 2023 | Additions | Reductions | 2024 |
| Subscriptions | | \$47,988 | \$ - | \$ - | \$47,988 |
| Accumulated An | nortization | | | | |
| Subscriptions | | 3,105 | 3,106 | - | 6,211 |
| Total Lease Asse | ts, Net | \$ 44,883 | \$ 3,106 | \$ - | \$ 41,777 |
| | Cha | anges in Subsc | ription Liability | | |
| | Balance at | | | Balance at | Due |
| | July 1, | | | June 30, | Within |
| | 2023 | Additions | Reductions | 2024 | One Year |
| Subscriptions | \$47,109 | \$ - | \$ 9,323 | \$ 37,786 | \$ 8,722 |
| Total | \$47,109 | \$ - | \$ 9,323 | \$ 37,786 | \$ 8,722 |

14. PROPERTY TAX LIMITATION

The voters of the State of Oregon imposed a constitutional limit on property taxes for schools and non-school government operations. School operations include community colleges, local school districts, and education service districts. The limitation provides that property taxes for school operations are limited to \$5.00 for each \$1,000 of property market value. This limitation does not apply to taxes levied for principal and interest on general obligation bonded debt. The result of this requirement has been that school districts have become more dependent upon state funding and less dependent upon property tax revenues as their major source of operating revenue.

The state voters further reduced property taxes by replacing the previous constitutional limits on tax bases with a rate and value limit in 1997. This reduction is accomplished by rolling property values back to their 1995-96 values less 10% and limiting future tax value growth of each property to no more than 3% per year, subject to certain exceptions. Taxes levied to support bonded debt are exempted from the reductions. The State Constitution sets restrictive voter approval requirements for most tax and many fee increases and new bond issues, and requires the State to minimize the impact to school districts from the impact of the tax cuts.

15. RISK MANAGEMENT

There is exposure to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Commercial insurance is purchased to minimize exposure to these risks. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage for any of the past three fiscal years.

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

16. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

| | Due To | | Due From | | Transfers In | | Transfers Out | |
|----------------------|--------|--------|----------|--------|--------------|-------|---------------|-------|
| General Fund | \$ | - | \$ | 59,117 | \$ | - | \$ | 8,457 |
| Special Revenue Fund | | 59,117 | | _ | | 8,457 | | - |
| | \$ | 59,117 | \$ | 59,117 | \$ | 8,457 | \$ | 8,457 |

The internal balances are recorded to show legal and operational commitments between funds.

17. COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Substantially all amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although management expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

A substantial portion of operating funding is received from the State of Oregon. State funding is determined through state wide revenue projections that are paid to individual school districts based on pupil counts and other factors in the state school fund revenue formula. Since these projections and pupil counts fluctuate they can cause either increases or decreases in revenue. Due to these future uncertainties at the state level, the future effect on operations cannot be determined.

The COVID-19 outbreak in the United States has caused substantial disruption to business and local governments due to mandated and voluntary suspension of operations and stay at home orders. There is considerable uncertainty around the duration of the outbreak and the long-term impact to the overall economy. The ultimate impact on the District's finances is not determined.

18. TAX ABATEMENTS

As of June 30, 2024, the District had tax abatements through one state allowed program that impacted their levied taxes: Child Care Facilities, Schools and Student Housing.

Child Care Facilities, Schools, and Student Housing (ORS 307.145):

• Child care facilities, schools, academies and student housing accommodations, owned or being purchased by incorporated charitable institutions or by incorporated religious organizations, used exclusively by such institutions or organizations for or in immediate connection with educational purposes, are exempt from taxation.

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District had abated property taxes totaling \$1,363,306 under this program.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

June 30, 2024

PERS

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY

| Year Ended June 30, | (a) Employer's proportion of the net pension liability (NPL) | (b) Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL) | (c) Employer's covered payroll | (b/c) NPL as a percentage of covered payroll | Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability |
|---------------------------|--|---|---|--|--|
| 2024 | 0.033 % | \$ 6,222,946 | \$ 6,031,968 | 103.2 % | 81.7 % |
| 2023 | 0.041 | 6,208,873 | 5,625,812 | 110.4 | 84.5 |
| 2022 | 0.037 | 4,373,710 | 5,494,320 | 79.6 | 87.6 |
| 2021 | 0.040 | 8,653,598 | 4,940,888 | 175.1 | 75.8 |
| 2020 | 0.047 | 8,127,518 | 4,693,764 | 173.2 | 80.2 |
| 2019 | 0.048 | 7,276,953 | 4,108,389 | 177.1 | 82.1 |
| 2018 | 0.046 | 6,174,321 | 4,814,455 | 128.2 | 83.1 |
| 2017 | 0.041 | 6,095,584 | 5,414,218 | 112.6 | 80.5 |
| 2016 | 0.035 | 1,984,929 | 4,219,086 | 47.0 | 91.9 |
| 2015 | 0.034 | (768,380) | 3,864,299 | (19.9) | 103.6 |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

| Year Ended June 30, | Statutorily required contribution | | Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution | | Contribution deficiency (excess) | | Employer's covered payroll | | Contributions as a percent of covered payroll |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|--|-----------|----------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|-----------|---|
| 2024 | \$ | 1,124,321 | \$ | 1,124,321 | \$ | - | \$ | 5,934,558 | 18.9 % |
| 2023 | | 1,105,613 | | 1,105,613 | | - | | 6,031,968 | 18.3 |
| 2022 | | 1,154,493 | | 1,154,493 | | - | | 5,625,812 | 20.5 |
| 2021 | | 1,461,062 | | 1,461,062 | | - | | 5,494,320 | 26.6 |
| 2020 | | 1,299,101 | | 1,299,101 | | _ | | 4,940,888 | 26.3 |
| 2019 | | 999,043 | | 999,043 | | - | | 4,693,764 | 21.3 |
| 2018 | | 1,109,403 | | 1,109,403 | | - | | 4,108,389 | 27.0 |
| 2017 | | 739,488 | | 739,488 | | - | | 4,814,455 | 15.4 |
| 2016 | | 697,934 | | 697,934 | | - | | 5,414,218 | 12.9 |
| 2015 | | 803,450 | | 803,450 | | - | | 4,219,086 | 19.0 |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years.

RIVERDALE SCHOOL DISTRICT PORTLAND, OREGON

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION June 30, 2024

SCHEDULE OF THE PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET OPEB ASSET FOR RHIA

| Year Ended June 30, | (a) Employer's proportion of the net OPEB asset (NOA) | (b) Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset (NOA) | | oyer's (c) nate share Employer's et OPEB covered NOA) payroll | | (b/c) NOA as a percentage of covered payroll | Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB asset |
|---------------------------|---|--|---------|---|-----------|--|---|
| 2024 | 0.044 % | \$ | 161,315 | \$ | 6,031,968 | 2.674 % | 201.6 % |
| 2023 | 0.039 | | 137,323 | | 5,625,812 | 2.441 | 194.6 |
| 2022 | 0.057 | | 195,626 | | 5,494,320 | 3.561 | 183.9 |
| 2021 | 0.070 | | 143,050 | | 4,940,888 | 2.895 | 150.1 |
| 2020 | 0.041 | | 80,035 | | 4,693,764 | 1.737 | 144.5 |
| 2019 | 0.047 | | 52,302 | | 4,108,389 | 1.273 | 124.0 |
| 2018 | 0.045 | | 18,690 | | 4,814,455 | 0.388 | 108.9 |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

Amounts for covered payroll (c) use the prior year's data to match the measurment date used by the OPEB plan for each year.

SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS

| | | | Contributions in | | | | | Contributions | |
|----------|--------------|--------------------|----------------------|----|--------------|------|------------|---------------|---|
| Year | Statutorily | ly relation to the | | Co | Contribution | | Employer's | as a percent | |
| Ended | required | | statutorily required | d | eficiency | | covered | of covered | |
| June 30, | contribution | | contribution | (| (excess) | | payroll | payroll | |
| 2024 | \$ N/A | \$ | N/A | \$ | N/A | \$ - | 5,934,558 | N/A % | - |
| 2023 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 6,031,968 | N/A | |
| 2022 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 5,625,812 | N/A | |
| 2021 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 5,494,320 | N/A | |
| 2020 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 4,940,888 | N/A | |
| 2019 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 4,693,764 | N/A | |
| 2018 | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | | 4,108,389 | N/A | |

The amounts presented for each fiscal year were actuarially determined at 12/31 and rolled forward to the measurement date of 6/30 for each year presented.

These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

All statutorily required contributions were made and are included with PERS contributions (See p. 37)

SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

June 30, 2024

OPEB: (HEALTH INSURANCE) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS

| as a % |
|----------|
| Payroll |
| <u> </u> |
| 1 |
| ١. |
| ١ |
| |
| ١ |
| |
| |
| |

Other Changes for the Year

| Year | | | | | | | Differences | | Changes | Total |
|----------|------|---------|----|--------|--------------------------|-----|--------------|-------------------|----------|--------------|
| Ended | | Service | | | Changes of Benefit Terms | | Expected vs. | of Assumptions | | Other |
| June, 30 | Cost | | | | | | Actual | | | Changes |
| 2024 | \$ | 38,057 | \$ | 13,571 | \$ | _ | \$ 32,523 | \$ | (30,960) | \$ 53,191 |
| 2023 | | 43,956 | | 8,335 | | - | - | | (34,989) | 17,302 |
| 2022 | | 35,747 | | 7,278 | | - | (17,475) | | 33,705 | 59,255 |
| 2021 | | 30,540 | | 9,602 | | - | • | | 20,433 | 60,575 |
| 2020 | | 35,621 | | 12,490 | | - | - | | (75,568) | (27,457) |
| 2019 | | 34,979 | | 10,771 | | - | - | | (5,978) | 39,772 |
| 2018 | | 36,211 | | 8,206 | | - | _ | | (14,080) | 30,337 |
| 2017 | | N/A | | N/A | | N/A | N/A | | N/A | N/A |

The above table presents the most recent calculation of the post-retirement health insurance under GASB 75 and it provides information about the total plan unfunded liability. This schedule is presented to illustrate the requirements to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend has been compiled, information is presented only for the years for which the required supplementary information is available.

^{*} Information not available

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

GENERAL FUND

| DEVENUES. | ORIGINAL BUDGET | | | FINAL BUDGET | | ACTUAL | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET | |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|----|---|---------|---|----|-------------------------------------|--|
| REVENUES: From Local Sources From Intermediate Sources From State Sources From Federal Sources | \$ | 7,086,600 67,430 3,386,832 | \$ | 6,616,600 67,430 4,080,547 | \$ | 6,730,565 71,589 4,053,901 265 | \$ | 113,965 4,159 (26,646) 265 | |
| Total Revenues | | 10,540,862 | | 10,764,577 | | 10,856,320 | | 91,743 | |
| EXPENDITURES: Instruction Support Services Contingency | | 6,488,713 4,278,953 224,000 | | 6,517,850 (4,571,456 (324,733 (| (1) | 6,439,585 4,560,665 | | 78,265 10,791 324,733 | |
| Total Expenditures | *************************************** | 10,991,666 | | 11,414,039 | | 11,000,250 | | 413,789 | |
| Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures | | (450,804) | | (649,462) | | (143,930) | | 505,532 | |
| Other Financing Sources: Transfers Out | • | (50,000) | | (50,000) | (1) | (8,457) | | 41,543 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses) | | (50,000) | | (50,000) | | (8,457) | | 41,543 | |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (500,804) | | (699,462) | | (152,387) | | 547,075 | |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 760,000 | | 958,658 | | 958,686 | | 28 | |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 259,196 | \$ | 259,196 | \$ | 806,299 | \$ | 547,103 | |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

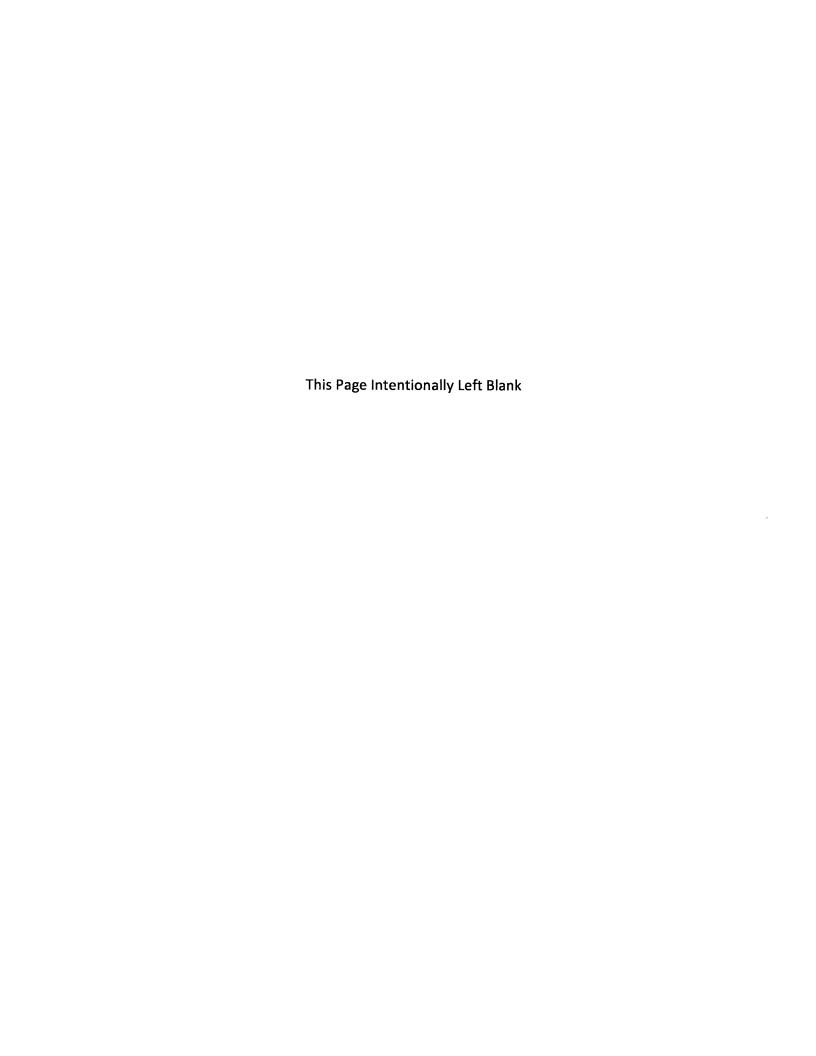
SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

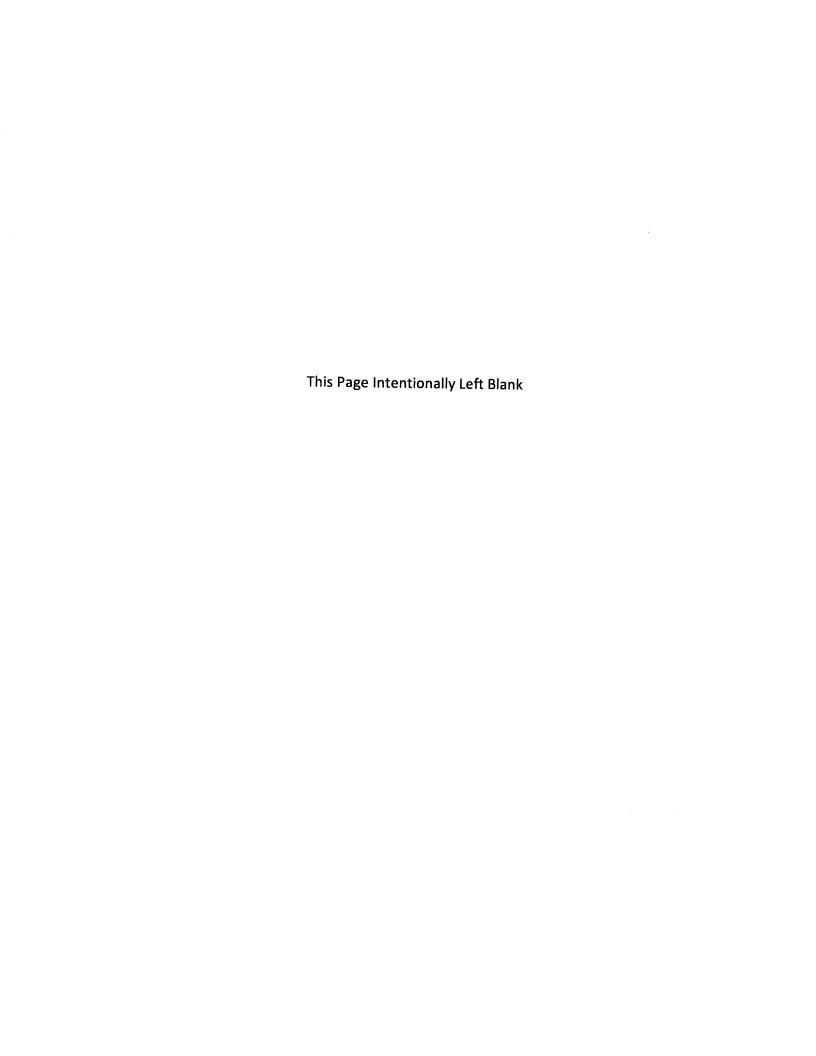
SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

| REVENUES: | | PRIGINAL BUDGET | | FINAL BUDGET | - | | ACTUAL | | VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-----|--------------------------------|--------------|----|-------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| From Local Sources From State Sources From Federal Sources | \$ | 464,855 700,730 226,283 | \$ | 464,855 805,538 226,283 | _ | \$ | 267,723 750,343 141,347 | \$ | (197,132) (55,195) (84,936) |
| Total Revenues | | 1,391,868 | | 1,496,676 | . | | 1,159,413 | | (337,263) |
| EXPENDITURES: Instruction Support Services Community Services | *************************************** | 1,594,984 495,952 12,077 | | 1,672,110 523,634 12,077 | (1) | • | 856,037 456,032 | PROPERTY | 816,073 67,602 12,077 |
| Total Expenditures | | 2,103,013 | | 2,207,821 | _ | | 1,312,069 | | 895,752 |
| Excess of Revenues Over, (Under) Expenditures | | (711,145) | | (711,145) | | | (152,656) | | 558,489 |
| Other Financing Sources: Transfers In | | _ | ··· | _ | - | | 8,457 | | 8,457 |
| Total Other Financing Sources, (Uses) | | _ | | _ | | | 8,457 | | 8,457 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (711,145) | | (711,145) | | | (144,199) | | 566,946 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 711,145 | | 711,145 | | | 756,608 | | 45,463 |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | | | \$ | 612,409 | \$ | 612,409 |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level



SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

DEBT SERVICE FUND

| | ORIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | ACTUAL | VARIANCE FROM FINAL BUDGET |
|--|--------------------|-----------------|---------------|----------------------------------|
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| From Local Sources From Intermediate Sources | \$ 1,941,600 | \$ 1,941,600 | \$ 1,998,061 | \$ 56,461 1,515 |
| From Intermediate Sources | | | 1,515 | 1,313 |
| Total Revenue | \$1,941,600 | 1,941,600 | 1,999,576 | 57,976 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Debt Service: | | | | |
| Redemption of Principal | 1,915,000 | 1,915,000 | 1,915,000 | • |
| Interest | 76,600 | 76,600 | 76,600 | - |
| Total Debt Service | 1,991,600 | 1,991,600 | (1) 1,991,600 | |
| Total Expenditures | 1,991,600 | 1,991,600 | 1,991,600 | - |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | (50,000) | (50,000) | 7,976 | 57,976 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 63,774 | 63,774 | 106,826 | 43,052 |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ 13,774 | \$ 13,774 | \$ 114,802 | \$ 101,028 |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

PENSION OBLIGATION BOND FUND

| DDVENNEG | | RIGINAL SUDGET | FINAL UDGET | | ACTUAL | FRO | ARIANCE OM FINAL SUDGET |
|----------------------------|---|-------------------|----------------|---|----------|---|-------------------------------|
| REVENUES: | _ | | | | | | |
| From Local Sources | \$ | 475,853 | \$ 475,853 | \$ | 445,897 | \$ | (29,956) |
| Total Revenue | | 475,853 | 475,853 | | 445,897 | | (29,956) |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | |
| Long-Term Debt Service: | | | | | | | |
| Redemption of Principal | | 114,453 | 114,453 | | 405,000 | | (290,547) |
| Interest | | 405,000 | 405,000 | | 114,452 | | 290,548 |
| Dues and Fees | | 1,600 | 1,600 | | 1,600 | | |
| | | | | *************************************** | | *************************************** | |
| Total Debt Service | | 521,053 | 521,053 | (1) | 521,052 | | 11 |
| Total Expenditures | *************************************** | 521,053 | 521,053 | | 521,052 | | 1 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (45,200) | (45,200) | | (75,155) | | (29,955) |
| Beginning Fund Balance | | 111,153 | 111,153 | | 178,150 | | 66,997 |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | 65,953 | \$ 65,953 | \$ | 102,995 | \$ | 37,042 |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| | <u>CAPIT</u> | AL PROJEC | CTS FL | IND | | | | |
|---|--------------|---------------|--------|-----------------|--|--------|------|----------------------------|
| REVENUES: | | GINAL DGET | | FINAL BUDGET | ************************************** | ACTUAL | FRO | RIANCE M FINAL JDGET |
| From Local Sources | \$ | 100 | \$ | 100 | \$ | 225 | _\$ | 125 |
| Total Revenue | | 100 | | 100 | | 225 | | 125 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Facilities Acquisition and Construction | ****** | 67,668 | | 67,668 | (1) | - | | 67,668 |
| Total Expenditures | | 67,668 | | 67,668 | | * | **** | 67,668 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (67,568) | | (67,568) | | 225 | | 67,793 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | 477. | 67,568 | | 67,568 | | 67,625 | | 57 |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | 67,850 | \$ | 67,850 |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

CONSTRUCTION EXCISE TAX FUND

| REVENUES: | | RIGINAL BUDGET | FINAL BUDGET | | | ACTUAL | FR | ARIANCE OM FINAL BUDGET |
|--|---|-------------------|-----------------|------------|------|------------------|------|-------------------------------|
| From Local Sources | \$ | 10,000 | \$ 10,000 | | \$ | 18,865 | _\$_ | 8,865 |
| Total Revenue | | 10,000 | 10,000 | | | 18,865 | | 8,865 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | | | | |
| Support Services Facilities Acquisition and Construction | *************************************** | 154,980 | 154,980 | (1) (1) | | 34,336 46,251 | | (34,336) 108,729 |
| Total Expenditures | | 154,980 | 154,980 | _ | | 80,587 | | 74,393 |
| Net Change in Fund Balance | | (144,980) | (144,980) | | | (61,722) | | 83,258 |
| Beginning Fund Balance | *************************************** | 144,980 | 144,980 | *** | ···· | 135,581 | | (9,399) |
| Ending Fund Balance | \$ | - | \$ - | = | | 73,859 | \$ | 73,859 |

⁽¹⁾ Appropriation Level

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| TAX YEAR GENERAL FUND: | I B UNC | ORIGINAL LEVY OR SALANCE COLLECTED 7/1/2023 | | DEDUCT SCOUNTS | | USTMENTS TO ROLLS | | ADD TEREST | В | CASH LLECTIONS Y COUNTY REASURER | UN | BALANCE COLLECTED OR ISEGREGATED AT 6/30/2024 |
|---|---------------|---|---|-------------------|----|-------------------------|----|----------------|---------|---|---|--|
| CURRENT: 2023-24 | \$ | 4,270,666 | \$ | 111,069 | \$ | (46,962) | \$ | 488 | \$ | 4,045,161 | \$ | 67,962 |
| DDION VIDA | | | | | | | | | <u></u> | | | 37,32 |
| PRIOR YEARS: 2022-23 | | 57.246 | | (1.7.4) | | (0.0=0) | | | | | | |
| 2022-23 | | 57,346 21,144 | | (154) | | (9,373) | | 990 | | 23,049 | | 26,068 |
| 2020-21 | | 11,972 | | (15) (9) | | (2,333) (1,846) | | 1,098 1,285 | | 7,156 5,119 | | 12,768 |
| 2019-20 | | 5,998 | | (9) | | (1,351) | | 1,263 | | 3,119 | | 6,301 1,860 |
| Prior Years | | 9,195 | | _ | | (1,031) | | 528 | | 1,153 | | 7,539 |
| | | | *************************************** | | - | (1,031) | | 320 | | 1,133 | | 7,339 |
| Total Prior | | 105,655 | | (178) | | (15,934) | 4 | 5,062 | | 40,425 | | 54,536 |
| Total General Fund | \$ | 4,376,321 | \$ | 110,891 | \$ | (62,896) | \$ | 5,550 | \$ | 4,085,586 | \$ | 122,498 |
| RECONCILIATION TO | REVE | NUE: | | | | | | | | | *************************************** | GENERAL FUND |
| Cash Collections by Cour Accrual of Receivables: | nty Trea | asurer Above | | | | | | | | | \$ | 4,085,586 |
| June 30, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | (7,310) |
| June 30, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | | 6,509 |
| Taxes in Lieu | | | | | | | | | | | | 38,979 |
| Total Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 4,123,764 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | |

SCHEDULE OF PROPERTY TAX TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES OF TAXES UNCOLLECTED

For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| TAX YEAR DEBT SERVICE | | ORIGINAL LEVY OR BALANCE COLLECTED 7/1/2023 | | EDUCT SCOUNTS | ADJ | USTMENTS TO ROLLS | | ADD TEREST | В | CASH LLECTIONS Y COUNTY REASURER | UNC UN | BALANCE COLLECTED OR SEGREGATED AT 6/30/2024 |
|--|---|---|---|------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------------|---------------|---|---|-------------|---|
| CURRENT: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2023-24 | \$ | 2,022,696 | \$ | 52,605 | \$ | (22,247) | \$ | 231 | \$ | 1,915,888 | \$ | 32,187 |
| PRIOR YEARS: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2022-23 | | 27,358 | | (74) | | (4,473) | | 473 | | 10,996 | | 12,436 |
| 2021-22 | | 9,327 | | (6) | | (1,029) | | 473 | | 3,157 | | 5,632 |
| 2020-21 | | 5,681 | | (4) | | (875) | | 610 | | 2,430 | | 2,990 |
| 2019-20 | | 2,656 | | - | | (597) | | 514 | | 1,749 | | 824 |
| Prior Years | | 4,894 | | _ | | (730) | | 270 | | 588 | | 3,846 |
| | *************************************** | | | ····· | | | | | *************************************** | | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
| Total Prior | | 49,916 | *************************************** | (84) | | (7,704) | | 2,352 | | 18,920 | | 25,728 |
| Total Debt Service Fund | \$ | 2,072,612 | \$ | 52,521 | \$ | (29,951) | \$ | 2,583 | \$ | 1,934,808 | \$ | 57,915 |
| RECONCILIATION OF RE | EVEN | IUE: | | | | | | | | | D | EBT SERVICE FUND |
| Cash Collections by County Accrual of Receivables: | Trea | surer Above | | | | | | | | | \$ | 1,934,808 |
| June 30, 2023 | | | | | | | | | | | | (4,184) |
| June 30, 2024 | | | | | | | | | | | | 3,889 |
| Taxes in Lieu | | | | | | | | | | | | 18,324 |
| Total Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | \$ | 1,952,837 |

OTHER INFORMATION



SCHEDULE OF FUTURE REQUIREMENTS OF BONDED DEBT June 30, 2024

| | ISSUI | E OF 4/3/03 | ISSUE C | DF 2/26/09 | ISSUE O | F 4/28/15 | TOTAL O | F ALL ISSUES |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------|-------------------|--------------|---------------|
| FISCAL | PRINCIPAL | INTEREST 1.15-6.3% | PRINCIPAL | INTEREST 2.5 - 5.7% | PRINCIPAL | INTEREST 4.00% | | |
| YEAR ENDING | DUE 6/30 | DUE 6/30 | DUE 6/15 | DUE 12/15 & 6/15 | DUE 6/30 | DUE 6/30 | PRINCIPAL | INTEREST |
| 6/30/2025 | \$ 430,000 | \$ 91,732 | \$ 911,555 | \$ 1,183,445 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 1,341,555 | \$ 1,275,177 |
| 6/30/2026 | 455,000 | 67,308 | 874,628 | 1,280,372 | _ | | 1,329,628 | 1,347,680 |
| 6/30/2027 | 480,000 | 41,464 | 838,649 | 1,381,351 | - | _ | 1,318,649 | 1,422,815 |
| 6/30/2028 | 250,000 | 14,200 | 803,246 | 1,481,754 | - | - | 1,053,246 | 1,495,954 |
| 6/30/2029 | - | - | 773,453 | 1,581,547 | - | - | 773,453 | 1,581,547 |
| 6/30/2030 | - | - | 744,621 | 1,680,380 | _ | - | 744,621 | 1,680,380 |
| 6/30/2031 | - | • | 718,425 | 1,781,575 | - | - | 718,425 | 1,781,575 |
| 6/30/2032 | - | - | 691,851 | 1,883,149 | - | - | 691,851 | 1,883,149 |
| 6/30/2033 | - | - | 668,198 | 1,981,803 | - | - | 668,198 | 1,981,803 |
| 6/30/2034 | - | | 647,255 | 2,082,743 | - | _ | 647,255 | 2,082,743 |
| | \$ 1,615,000 | \$ 214,704 | \$ 7,671,881 | \$ 16,318,119 | \$ - | <u>\$</u> | \$ 9,286,881 | \$ 16,532,823 |

SCHEDULE OF BOND TRANSACTIONS For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| ISSUE DATE | 0 | UTSTANDING MATURED BONDS 7/1/2023 | BONDS MATURED DURING YEAR | | BONDS PAID | - | OUTSTANDING MATURED BONDS 6/30/2024 |
|---------------|------|--|------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|----|--|
| 4/3/2003 (a) | \$ | 2,020,000 | \$ 405,000 | \$ | 405,000 | \$ | 1,615,000 |
| 2/26/2009 (b) | | 7,671,881 | - | | - | | 7,671,881 |
| 4/28/2015 (b) | **** | 1,915,000 | 1,915,000 | | 1,915,000 | | - |
| Total | \$ | 11,606,881 | \$ 2,320,000 | \$ | 2,320,000 | \$ | 9,286,881 |

⁽a) The PERS Bond issue of 4/3/03 debt service payments are charged to Instruction and Support Services to the PERS UAL Contribution object code in the General and Special Revenue Funds and paid out of the Pension Obligation Bonds Fund.

Payments Made From

| Pension Obligation Bond Fund General Obligation Bond Fund | \$ 405,000 1,915,000 |
|--|----------------------------|
| Total | \$ 2,320,000 |

⁽b) These bonds are paid from the General Obligation Bonds Fund.

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS
As Required by The Oregon Department of Education
For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| PROGRAM TITLE | PASS THROUGH ORGANIZATION | PASS THROUGH ENTITY NUMBER | FEDERAL AL NUMBER | GRANT PERIOD | EXF | PENDITURES |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------|
| U.S. DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION | | | | | | |
| Title 1 - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I - Grants to Local Educational Agencies Total Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies | ODE ODE | 72604 76569 | 84.010 84.010 | 2022-23 2023-24 | \$ | 800 10,656 11,456 |
| Title II-A -Improving Teacher Quality State Grants Total II -A - Improvving Teacher Quality | ODE | 76766 | 84.367 | 2023-24 | | 5,212 5,212 |
| Title IV-A -Student Support and Academic Enrichment Total IV-A Student Support and Academic Enrichment | ODE | 77185 | 84.424 | 2023-24 | | 10,000 10,000 |
| Special Education Cluster Special Education Grants to States Special Education Grants to States Total of Special Education Grant to States, AL 84.027 Total Special Education Cluster | ODE ODE | 74117 78053 | 84.027 84.027 | 2022-23 2023-24 | | 40,230 74,449 114,679 |
| Total U.S. Department of Education TOTAL FEDERAL EXPENDITURES | | | | | \$ | 141,347 |
| Reconcilation to Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and G Federal expenditures recognized Accruals/Deferrals Federal revenue on Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, | | | | | \$ <u>\$</u> | 141,347 265 141,612 |

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED BY THE OREGON DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION For the Year Ended June 30, 2024

| A. | Energy bills for heating | g - all funds: | | | Object 3 | 25, 326, & 327 |
|----|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|----------|----------------|
| | | | | Function 2540 Function 2550 | \$ | 251,758 74 |
| B. | Include all General Fun | nd expenditures in object 542, excep | ot for the following | g exclusions: | | Amount |
| | Exclude These Function | ons | | | | |
| | 1113, 1122, & 1132 | ons Co-curricular Activities | 4150 | Construction | \$ | • |
| | | | 4150 2550 | Construction Pupil Transportation | \$ | - |
| | 1113, 1122, & 1132 | Co-curricular Activities | | | \$ | - |

Multnomah County, Oregon

REVENUE SUMMARY - ALL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | nue from Local Sources | | Fund 100 | Fund 200 | Fund 300 | Fund 400 | | TOTAL |
|-------|--|---|------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------|----|------------|
| | Taxes - current year's levy | \$ | 3,016,502 | \$ - | \$ 1,917,328 | \$ - | \$ | 4,933,830 |
| 1112 | Taxes - prior year's levies | | 32,854 | - | 20,502 | - | | 53,356 |
| | Taxes - local option ad valorem taxes levied by district | | 1,044,840 | - | - | - | | 1,044,840 |
| | Construction excise tax | | _ | _ | _ | 18,865 | | 18,865 |
| 1190 | Penalties and interest on taxes | | 9,133 | - | 5,562 | _ | | 14,695 |
| 1311 | | | 1,091,995 | - | | - | | 1,091,995 |
| | Earnings on investments | | 138,177 | - | 68,600 | 225 | | 207,002 |
| | Extracurricular Activities | | 107,960 | 64,810 | _ | - | | 172,770 |
| | Rentals | | 70,512 | - | - | _ | | 70,512 |
| | Contributions and donations from private sources | | 1,175,000 | 184,566 | - | _ | | 1,359,566 |
| 1960 | Recovery of prior year expenditures | | 1,184 | 193 | - | <u>-</u> | | 1,377 |
| 1970 | Services provided - other funds | | • | - | 431,967 | - | | 431,967 |
| 1990 | | | 36,921 | 18,154 | , <u>-</u> | - | | 55,075 |
| 1992 | Erate | | 5,487 | _ | - | _ | | 5,487 |
| | Total Revenue from Local Sources | | 6,730,565 | 267,723 | 2,443,959 | 19,090 | | 9,461,337 |
| Rever | ue from Intermediate Sources | | | | | | | |
| 2101 | County school funds | | 98 | _ | - | | | 98 |
| 2110 | Intermediate tax | | 68,023 | _ | _ | _ | | 68,023 |
| 2199 | Other intermediate sources | | 3,468 | _ | 1,515 | _ | | 4,983 |
| | Total Revenue from Intermediate Sources | ********** | 71,589 | - | 1,515 | - | | 73,104 |
| Reven | ue from State Sources | | | | | | | |
| 3101 | State School Support | | 3,942,496 | _ | _ | _ | | 3,942,496 |
| 3103 | Common school fund | | 73,443 | _ | _ | _ | | 73,443 |
| 3199 | Other unrestricted sources | | 37,962 | _ | _ | _ | | 37,962 |
| 3299 | Other restricted grants-in-aid | | | 750,343 | _ | | | 750,343 |
| | Total Revenue from State Sources | *************************************** | 4,053,901 | 750,343 | - | | | 4,804,244 |
| Reven | ue from Federal Sources | | | | | | | |
| 4500 | Restricted Rev Fed Gov through State | | - | 141,347 | _ | _ | | 141,347 |
| | Federal Forest Fees | | 265 | , | _ | - | | 265 |
| | Total Revenue from Federal Sources | | 265 | 141,347 | - | - | | 141,612 |
| Reven | ue from Other Sources | | | | | | | |
| 5200 | Interfund Transfers | | - | 8,457 | _ | _ | | 8,457 |
| 5400 | Resources - Beginning Fund Balance | | 958,686 | 756,608 | 284,976 | 203,206 | | 2,203,476 |
| | Total Revenue from Other Sources | | 958,686 | 765,065 | 284,976 | 203,206 | | 2,203,470 |
| | Total | \$ | 11,815,006 | \$ 1,924,478 | \$ 2,730,450 | \$ 222,296 | S | 16,692,230 |

Multnomah County, Oregon

GENERAL FUND EXPENDITURE SUMMARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| Note | | Fund: 100 General Fund | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| | | | Object 100 | Object 200 | Object 300 | Object 400 | Object 500 | Object 600 | Object 700 | TOTAL |
| 1112 Elementary extracurricular | | | , | | | | | object ood | Object 700 | TOTAL |
| Elementary extracurricular 3,773 1,387 | | · · | \$ 1,512,606 | \$ 862,386 | \$ 95,037 | \$ 47.333 | \$ - | \$ 105 | \$ - 9 | 2 517 467 |
| Multiport Mult | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | 3,773 | 1,387 | | • | - | - 105 | - 4 | -,, |
| Middle/Jumor high school extracurricular 97,081 38,563 6,459 1,180 1,126 144,409 1131 High school programs 1,213,495 694,446 66,746 20,478 1,081 1,996,246 1210 Programs for the talented and gifted 249,057 88,881 35,526 21,147 20,080 414,699 1210 Programs for the talented and gifted 20,518 11,525 - - 32,043 120 Loss restrictive programs for student with disabilities 291,148 159,013 66,549 1,177 517,887 7,430 - - - 7,430 - - - 7,430 - - - 7,430 - - - 7,430 - - - - 7,430 - - - - 7,430 - - - - - - 7,430 - - - - - - - - - | | | 490,552 | 260,815 | 47,404 | 5.477 | - | _ | _ | , |
| High school programs 1,213,495 694,446 66,746 20,478 1,081 1,996,246 | 1122 | | 97,081 | 38,563 | 6.459 | | _ | 1 126 | _ | , |
| High school extracurricular 249,057 88,881 35,526 21,147 20,080 414,691 | | • | 1,213,495 | 694,446 | | | | , | | |
| Programs for the talented and gifted 20,518 11,525 | | | 249,057 | 88,881 | | | _ | | | |
| 1291 English Language Learner (ELL) 291,148 159,013 66,549 1,177 - | 1210 | Programs for the talented and gifted | 20,518 | 11,525 | - | ,, | | 20,000 | _ | , |
| English Language Learner (ELL) | 1250 | | 291,148 | , | 66.549 | 1 177 | _ | _ | - | • |
| Total Instruction Expenditures 3,878,230 2,117,016 325,151 96,792 - 22,392 - 6,439,581 | 1291 | English Language Learner (ELL) | | - | | .,.,, | _ | _ | - | |
| 2120 Guidance services 148,211 80,829 - 2,974 - 330 - 232,344 | | Total Instruction Expenditures | 3,878,230 | 2,117,016 | | 96,792 | - | 22,392 | | |
| Educational media services 184,847 109,256 31,544 6,097 - 330 - 232,344 2230 Assessment and testing - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 16,079 - 331,744 23,783 8,980 158 - 33,695 240 Executive administration services - 175,922 2,820 - 430 - 179,172 23,783 2410 Office of the principal services 438,643 232,907 30,998 26,998 - 1,560 - 731,106 2520 Fiscal services 158,670 84,354 21,527 29,408 - 24,540 - 318,499 2550 Student transportation services 159,486 93,962 924,054 31,281 - 125,698 - 1,334,481 2550 Student transportation services - 379,435 379,435 2630 Information services 101,587 40,993 100 3,996 379,435 2640 Staff services 136,215 77,565 18,606 19,756 - 290 - 252,432 2680 Interpretation and translation services - 480 480 Total Support Services Expenditures 1,653,791 916,164 1,630,965 158,970 - 200,774 - 4,560,664 | Suppo | ort Services Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| 220 Educational media services 184,847 109,256 31,544 6,097 - 331,744 223 Assessment and testing - 16,079 16,079 331,744 23,783 8,980 158 33,695 31,544 3,095 158 33,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,697 - 33,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,697 - 33,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,695 31,697 - 33,695 31,695 | 2120 | Guidance services | 148 211 | 80 829 | | 2.074 | | 220 | | 222 244 |
| 230 Assessment and testing 240 Instructional staff development 241 Development 252 Development 253 Development 254 Development 255 Development 255 Development 255 Development 256 Development 257 Development 257 Development 258 Development 258 Development 259 Development | 2220 | Educational media services | , | | 31 544 | , | - | 330 | - | |
| 2340 Instructional staff development 774 23,783 8,980 158 - - 33,695 | 2230 | Assessment and testing | | 105,230 | 31,344 | | - | - | | , |
| 2310 Board of education services - 175,922 2,820 - 430 - 179,172 | 2240 | Instructional staff development | 774 | 23 783 | 8 000 | | - | • | - | , |
| 2320 Executive administration services 325,358 172,515 7,048 9,611 47,926 562,458 | 2310 | Board of education services | ,,, | 23,765 | | | - | 420 | - | , |
| 2410 Office of the principal services | 2320 | Executive administration services | 325 358 | 172 515 | , | , | - | | - | |
| 2520 Fiscal services 158,670 84,354 21,527 29,408 24,540 318,499 | 2410 | Office of the principal services | | | | | - | | - | , |
| 2540 Operation and maintenance of plant services 159,486 93,962 924,054 31,281 125,698 1,334,481 2550 Student transportation services - 379,435 - 5 - 379,435 2630 Information services - 32,271 9,792 42,063 2640 Staff services 101,587 40,993 100 3,996 146,676 2660 Technology services 136,215 77,565 18,606 19,756 290 - 252,432 2680 Interpretation and translation services - 480 480 Total Support Services Expenditures 1,653,791 916,164 1,630,965 158,970 - 200,774 - 4,560,664 Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds 8,457 8,457 Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 | 2520 | | | , | | | - | , | - | , |
| 2550 Student transportation services 133,408 31,281 - 125,698 - 1,334,481 | 2540 | Operation and maintenance of plant services | • | • | | | - | | - | , |
| 2630 Information services | 2550 | • | 139,480 | 93,902 | | 31,281 | - | 125,698 | - | |
| 2640 Staff services 101,587 40,993 100 3,996 146,676 2660 Technology services 136,215 77,565 18,606 19,756 - 290 - 252,432 2680 Interpretation and translation services 480 480 Total Support Services Expenditures 1,653,791 916,164 1,630,965 158,970 - 200,774 - 4,560,664 260 Transfers of Funds 8,457 8,457 Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 3,457 | 2630 | • | - | - | | | - | - | - | • |
| 2660 Technology services 2680 Interpretation and translation services Total Support Services Expenditures 136,215 77,565 18,606 19,756 - 290 - 252,432 480 480 1,653,791 916,164 1,630,965 158,970 - 200,774 - 4,560,664 Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 Total Other Uses Expenditures | | | 101 597 | 40.002 | | , | - | - | - | , |
| 10,215 | 2660 | Technology services | | , | | • | - | | • | |
| Total Support Services Expenditures 1,653,791 916,164 1,630,965 158,970 - 200,774 - 4,560,664 Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 Total Other Uses Expenditures | | | 130,213 | 11,303 | , | 19,756 | - | 290 | - | 252,432 |
| Other Uses Expenditures 5200 Transfers of Funds Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 Total 100 Convert Fund Total 100 Convert Fund | | - | 1 653 701 | 016 164 | | 150.050 | - | | - | |
| 5200 Transfers of Funds Total Other Uses Expenditures | | Total Support Services Expenditures | 1,033,791 | 910,104 | 1,630,965 | 158,970 | • | 200,774 | - | 4,560,664 |
| Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 Total 100 Convert Fund 8,457 8,457 | | • | | | | | | | | |
| Total Other Uses Expenditures 8,457 8,457 | 5200 | | | | | - | _ | _ | 8.457 | 8 457 |
| Total 100 General Fund \$ 5,532,021 \$ 3,033,180 \$ 1,956,116 \$ 255,762 \$ - \$ 223,166 \$ 8,457 \$ 11,009,703 | | Total Other Uses Expenditures | - | - | _ | - | * | | | |
| | | Total 100 General Fund | \$ 5,532,021 | \$ 3,033,180 | \$ 1,956,116 | S 255.762 | \$ - | \$ 223.166 | \$ 8.457 \$ | 11 009 702 |

Multnomah County, Oregon

SPECIAL REVENUE FUND EXPENDITURE SUMMARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

Fund: 200 Special Revenue Fund

| Instructi | on Expenditures | Object 100 | Object 200 | Object 300 | Object 400 | Object 500 | Object 600 | Object 700 | TOTAL |
|-----------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|
| 1111 | Elementary | \$ 163,607 | \$ 88,442 | \$ 36,262 | \$ 55,673 | \$ - | \$ - | | |
| 1121 | Middle/Junior high school | 6,063 | 2,198 | 52,842 | 4,835 | | _ | _ | 65,938 |
| 1122 | Middle/Junior high school extracurricular | ´ <u>-</u> | _, | , | 1,160 | _ | | | 1,160 |
| 1131 | High school programs | 101,676 | 57,093 | 34,153 | 52,188 | - | 3,055 | - | 248,165 |
| 1132 | High school extracurricular | | 57,075 | 3,323 | 39,246 | | 10,608 | • | 53,177 |
| 1250 | Less restrictive programs for student with disabilities | 92,266 | 49,087 | (29) | 2,288 | _ | 10,006 | • | |
| | Total Instruction Expenditures | 363,612 | 196,820 | 126,551 | 155,390 | | 13,663 | | 143,612 |
| | | 500,012 | 150,020 | 120,551 | 133,390 | - | 13,003 | - | 856,036 |
| Support | Services Expenditures | | | | | | | | |
| 2120 | Guidance services | 31,461 | 20,034 | - | _ | _ | _ | | 51,495 |
| 2130 | Health services | , | , | 151,734 | _ | | - | • | - |
| 2210 | Improve instruction services | _ | | 117,480 | - | - | - | - | 151,734 |
| 2220 | Educational media services | - | - | | 1 226 | - | | • | 117,480 |
| 2240 | Instructional staff development | - | 6.570 | - | 1,336 | - | 115 | - | 1,451 |
| 2410 | Office of the principal services | - | 6,579 | - | | - | | - | 6,579 |
| 2540 | Operation and maintenance of plant services | - | - | 627 | 120 | - | 13,500 | - | 14,247 |
| 2660 | Technology services | 7.464 | 2.526 | 22,119 | 6,277 | - | - | • | 28,396 |
| 2000 | | 7,464 | 2,536 | 5,000 | 69,649 | | - | | 84,649 |
| | Total Support Services Expenditures | 38,925 | 29,149 | 296,960 | 77,382 | - | 13,615 | • | 456,031 |
| | Total 200 Special Revenue Fund | \$ 402,537 | \$ 225,969 | \$ 423,511 | \$ 232,772 | \$ - | \$ 27,278 | \$ - 5 | 1,312,067 |

Multnomah County, Oregon

DEBT SERVICE FUND EXPENDITURE SUMMARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| Fund: 300 Debt Service | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------|--------|------|---------|-----|---------|-----|---------|-----|---------|-----------------|------|---------|-----------------|
| Other Uses Expenditures | Objec | et 100 | Obje | ect 200 | Obj | ect 300 | Obj | ect 400 | Obj | ect 500 | Object 600 | Obje | ect 700 | TOTAL |
| 5100 Debt Service | _\$ | - | \$ | _ | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ 2,512,653 | \$ | - | \$ 2,512,653 |
| Total Other Uses Expenditures | | - | | - | | - | | - | | - | 2,512,653 | | - | 2,512,653 |
| Total 300 Debt Service Fund | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | | \$ | | \$ 2,512,653 | \$ | _ | \$ 2,512,653 |

Multnomah County, Oregon

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND EXPENDITURE SUMMARY YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2024

| | Objec | t 100 | Objec | et 200 | O | bject 300 | o | bject 400 | Obje | ect 500 | Object | 600 | Object ' | 700 | - 1 | FOTAL |
|---|---|-------|-------|--------|----|-----------|----|---|------|---------|--------|-----|----------|-----|-----|--------|
| Support Services Expenditures | | | | | | | | *************************************** | | | | | | | | |
| 2660 Technology services | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 4,500 | \$ | 29,836 | \$ | | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 34,336 |
| Total Support Services Expenditures | *************************************** | - | | - | | 4,500 | | 29,836 | | - | | - | | - | | 34,336 |
| Facilities Acquisition and Construction Expenditures | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 46.05 |
| 4150 Building acquisition, construction and improvement | | - | | - | | 46,251 | | | | | | | | | | 46,25 |
| Total Facilities and Construction Expenditures | | - | | - | | 46,251 | | • | | - | | - | | - | | 46,251 |
| Total 400 Capital Projects Fund | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| • • | • | | • | | 2 | 50,751 | \$ | 29,836 | S | | \$ | | S | | S | 80,58 |

| Riverdale School District No. 51J | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal | Average Daily | | | | | | | |
| Year | Membership (w) (1) | | | | | | | |
| 2024 (2) | 623.5 | | | | | | | |
| 2023 | 645.0 | | | | | | | |
| 2022 | 679.6 | | | | | | | |
| 2021 | 680.3 | | | | | | | |
| 2020 | 729.3 | | | | | | | |
| 2019 | 715.0 | | | | | | | |
| 2018 | 713.8 | | | | | | | |
| 2017 | 696.0 | | | | | | | |
| 2016 | 640.3 | | | | | | | |
| 2015 | 588.0 | | | | | | | |

- (1) Weighted Avereage Daily Membership is the enrollment figure (resident and transfer students), adjusted for part time students and students with special needs, that is used to allocate revenue appropriated by the State to the school districts.
- (2) Preliminary, subject to change

Fical Year 2024 Multnomah County

| Taxpayer | Business/Service | Tax | Assessed Value | Percent of Value |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|
| Portland General Electric | Electrical Utility | \$ 16,411,544 | \$ 886,258,490 | 0.88% |
| Portl of Portland | Airport Marine, Prope | 20,979,204 | 806,552,630 | 0.81% |
| Pacificorp (PP&L) | Electrical Utility | 15,207,730 | 809,105,810 | 0.81% |
| Boeing Company | Manufacturing | 9,359,215 | 552,333,660 | 0.55% |
| Comcast Corporation | Telecommunications | 8,302,346 | 365,000,360 | 0.36% |
| Alaska Airlines Inc | Airline | 6,169,178 | 362,298,200 | 0.36% |
| Weston Investment Co LLC | Real Estate | 8,829,656 | 359,265,090 | 0.36% |
| Fred Meyers Stores Inc | Grocery | 5,144,553 | 243,150,830 | 0.24% |
| Northwest Natural | Gas/Utility | 4,171,106 | 223,996,950 | 0.22% |
| Kaiser Foundation | Health Care | 4,685,662 | 215,530,800 | 0.22% |
| Subtotal - Ten of County's large: | st taxpayers | | 4,823,492,820 | 4.81% |
| All other County's taxpayers | | | 95,359,216,350 | 95.19% |
| | | | 100,182,709,170 | 100% |
| | | | | |

Taxable Property Values
Total Riverdale School District No. 51J

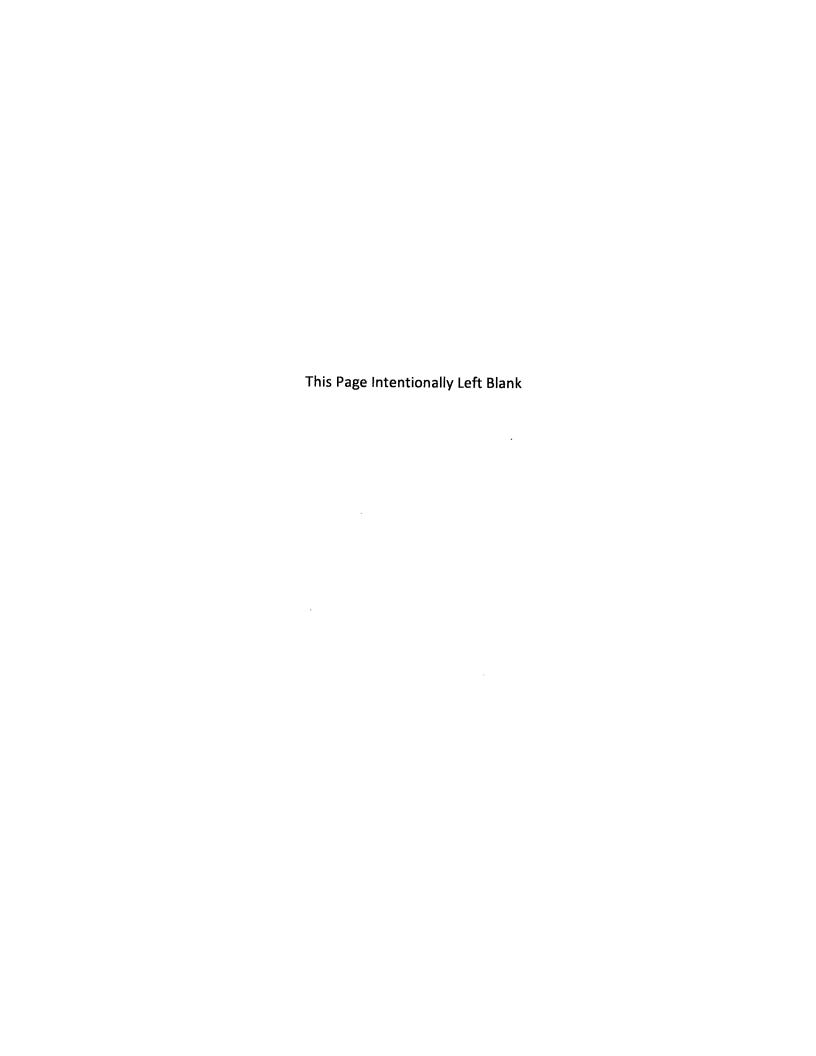
| | Total Assessed | Urbank Renewal | Net Assessed | M5 Real Market |
|-------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|------------------|
| Fiscal Year Value | | Excess | Value | Value |
| 2024 | \$ 834,893,015 | \$ - | \$ 834,893,015 | \$ 1,253,322,915 |
| 2023 | 806,284,830 | · - | 806,284,830 | 1,179,284,560 |
| 2022 | 781,851,529 | - | 781,851,529 | 1,139,743,521 |
| 2021 | 758,734,715 | - | 758,734,715 | 1,047,917,073 |
| 2020 | 736,068,745 | - | 736,068,745 | 1,084,867,977 |
| 2019 | 709,816,041 | - | 709,816,041 | 1,059,010,168 |
| 2018 | 686,481,320 | - | 686,481,320 | 990,405,840 |
| 2017 | 662,740,341 | - | 662,740,341 | 883,018,523 |

District Portion in Multnomah County

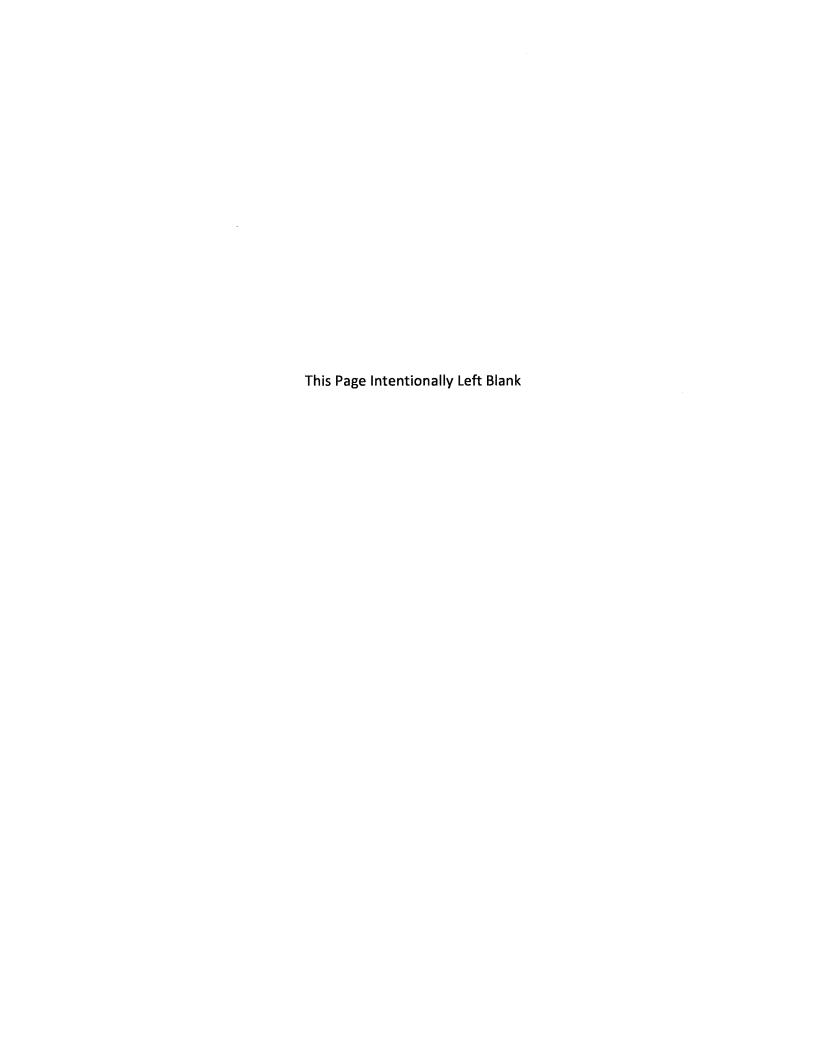
| | Total Assessed | Urbank Renewal | AV Used to | M5 Real Market |
|-------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|
| Fiscal Year | Valuation | Excess | Calculate Rates | Value |
| 2024 | \$ 798,029,330 | \$ - | \$ 798,029,330 | \$ 1,190,336,248 |
| 2023 | 770,642,520 | - | 770,642,520 | 1,121,941,200 |
| 2022 | 747,340,400 | - | 747,340,400 | 1,087,531,280 |
| 2021 | 724,870,640 | - | 724,870,640 | 996,646,250 |
| 2020 | 703,274,030 | - | 703,274,030 | 1,032,738,340 |
| 2019 | 677,976,510 | - | 677,976,510 | 1,008,873,720 |
| 2018 | 655,747,873 | _ | 655,747,873 | 942,864,893 |
| 2017 | 633,052,160 | - | 633,052,160 | 837,187,150 |

District Portion in Clackamas County

| | | | V | |
|----------------|---------------|-----------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| Total Assessed | | Urbank Renewal | AV Used to | M5 Real Market |
| Fiscal Year | Valuation | Excess | Calculate Rates | Value |
| 2024 | \$ 36,863,685 | \$ - | \$ 36,863,685 | \$ 62,986,667 |
| 2023 | 35,642,310 | - | 35,642,310 | 57,343,360 |
| 2022 | 34,511,129 | - | 34,511,129 | 52,212,241 |
| 2021 | 33,864,075 | - | 33,864,075 | 51,270,823 |
| 2020 | 32,794,715 | - | 32,794,715 | 52,129,637 |
| 2019 | 31,839,531 | - | 31,839,531 | 50,136,448 |
| 2018 | 30,733,447 | - | 30,733,447 | 47,540,947 |
| 2017 | 29,688,181 | _ | 29,688,181 | 45,831,373 |



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT
REQUIRED BY OREGON STATE REGULATIONS





PAULY, ROGERS, AND Co., P.C. 12700 SW 72nd Ave. Tigard, OR 97223 (503) 620-2632 www.paulyrogersandcocpas.com

November 19, 2024

Independent Auditors' Report Required by Oregon State Regulations

We have audited the basic financial statements of Riverdale School District 51J (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and have issued our report thereon dated November 19, 2024. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the basic financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statues as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of basic financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion.

We performed procedures to the extent we considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295)
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).
- Programs funded from outside sources (ORS 297.465).
- State school fund factors and calculation.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).

In connection with our testing nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe the District was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, except as noted on page 13 of financial report.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the internal controls over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the basic financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the internal controls over financial reporting.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these parties.

Roy R. Rogers, CPA

Roy R Roger

PAULY, ROGERS AND CO., P.C.