

Financial Statements
June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District

Independent Auditor’s Report	1
Management’s Discussion and Analysis	5
Government Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position	18
Statement of Activities.....	19
Government Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position	21
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	23
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	24
Proprietary Fund Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds.....	26
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds.....	27
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds.....	28
Notes to Financial Statements.....	29
Required Supplementary Information	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund	74
Schedule of Changes in the District’s Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios.....	75
Schedule of the District’s Contributions for OPEB.....	76
Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS	77
Schedule of the District’s Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS.....	78
Schedule of the District’s Contributions - CalSTRS	79
Schedule of the District’s Contributions - CalPERS	80
Notes to Required Supplementary Information	81
Supplementary Information	
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	83
Schedule of Average Daily Attendance.....	84
Schedule of Instructional Time	85
Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements	86
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis	87
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds	88
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds.....	89
Notes to Supplementary Information.....	90
Local Education Agency Organization Structure.....	92
Independent Auditor’s Reports	
Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	93

Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance	95
Independent Auditor’s Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control Over Compliance	98
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	
Summary of Auditor’s Results.....	103



CPAs & BUSINESS ADVISORS

Independent Auditor's Report

Board of Trustees
Fremont Union High School District
Sunnyvale, California

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Fremont Union High School District (District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District, as of June 30, 2024, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund, Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios, Schedule of the District's Contributions for OPEB, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalSTRS, Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability – CalPERS, Schedule of the District's Contributions – CalSTRS, and the Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards*, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, combining non-major governmental fund financial statements, and other supplementary information listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the Local Education Agency Organization Structure but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2024, on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Menlo Park, California
December 3, 2024



FREMONT UNION HIGH SCHOOL DISTRICT

Cupertino High School | Fremont High School | Homestead High School | Lynbrook High School | Monta Vista High School | Adult School

This section of Fremont Union High School District's (the District) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2024, with comparative information for the year ended June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the District's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The Financial Statements

The financial statements presented herein include all of the activities of the District and its component units using the integrated approach as prescribed by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 34.

The Government-Wide Financial Statements present the financial picture of the District from the economic resources measurement focus using the accrual basis of accounting. These statements include all assets of the District (including capital assets), deferred outflows of resources, as well as all liabilities (including long-term liabilities) and deferred inflows of resources. Additionally, certain eliminations have occurred as prescribed by the statement in regards to interfund activity, payables, and receivables.

The *Fund Financial Statements* include statements for each of these categories: governmental and proprietary.

- The *Governmental Funds* are prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus and modified accrual basis of accounting.
- The *Proprietary Funds* are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

Reconciliation of the Fund Financial Statements to the Government-Wide Financial Statements is provided to explain the differences created by the integrated approach.

The Primary unit of the government is the Fremont Union High School District (District).

Financial Highlights of the Past Year

The U.S. economy continues to add a solid number of jobs each month, but the pace of hiring has slowed. U.S. job vacancies as profiled by the Department of Labor, nevertheless, shows there is solid demand for workers. Payrolls increased by 179,000 in June, sustaining an impressive 42 consecutive months of employment growth. At the same time, the unemployment rate has risen for three consecutive months, reaching 4.1 percent in June, and the first time since 2021 that the rate climbed above 4 percent. Although it is up from 3.4 percent early last year, an unemployment rate of 4.1 percent remains historically low. The July jobs report provided further evidence of fading labor market strength. Nonfarm payrolls increased by only 114,000 jobs and the unemployment rate climbed for the fourth month to 4.3 percent.

The District's trend of declining enrollment continues, but the size of the decline is slowing. We expect to see a decline of between 150-300 students each year for the next few years. Some schools are impacted significantly more than others. Monta Vista and Lynbrook continue to have the smallest attending enrollment in the District. In order to boost enrollment at these two schools, the Board of Trustees approved the Monta Vista Transfer Program and the Lynbrook Transfer programs for the next two years.

The district continues to offer free meals under the California Universal Meals Program. Student participation in the brunch and lunch program continued to trend upwards at all 5 schools. Despite student participation being at an all-time high, the meal reimbursement rates did not come out very strong, given the State's budget deficit. This was also accompanied by a decline in the availability of one-time funds and grants, leading to a less than significant increase in overall revenue. Further, there was an increase in overall expenditures due to costs associated with inflation, labor, food and equipment. Nutrition Services used carry over one-time funds to offset this increase in expenditures and was able to remain self-sustaining for SY 2023-34.

The relationship between all of our bargaining groups continues to be collaborative and positive. This includes our Classified Union – CSEA, our Certificated Union – FEA, and a bargaining group AFT which represents our Adult and Community Education employees. 2023-2024 marked the ninth consecutive year that each bargaining group participating in the Revenue Sharing Process saw positive returns.

The District continues to rely upon the \$5.2 million received annually from the parcel tax that was originally approved by the voters in November 2004. In May of 2010, District voters renewed the parcel tax for a period of six years. The Parcel Tax was again renewed on November 4, 2014 for an additional six years, commencing July 1, 2016. In accordance with the ballot language, the funds are used to preserve core academic classes and retain experienced teachers. The District has been careful to track the particular programs funded through parcel tax revenues. Exemptions are offered to senior citizens and disabled. In November 2020, the voters approved a renewal of the existing \$98 parcel tax for an additional eight years starting July 1, 2022, therefore extended through June 30, 2030.

On November 4, 2014, voters also approved a Proposition 39 bond known as Measure K. In May 2019, the District issued the third and final series of bonds under the 2014 Measure K bond authorization. The par amount of the Series 2019A bonds was \$53,085,000, the Series 2019B bonds (Green Bonds) was \$30,000,000 and the Series 2019C (Federally Taxable) bonds was \$11,915,000 for a total issuance of \$95,000,000. The District has a long-standing commitment to sustainability and green design in its operations and facilities. The District was one of the first California school districts to issue green bonds.

In addition, on November 6, 2018, voters approved a new Proposition 39 bond known as Measure CC. Measure CC passed by a 63% to 37% margin. This measure approved the sale of an additional \$275,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to further the District's facilities and modernization plan. In May 2019, the District issued the first series of bonds under the 2018 Measure CC bond authorization. The par amount of the Series 2019A bonds was \$47,195,000 and the Series 2019C (Federally Taxable) bonds was \$7,805,000 for a total issuance of \$55,000,000. In May 2021, the District issued the second series of bonds under the 2018 Measure CC bond authorization. The par amount of Series 2021A bonds was \$80,000,000 and Series 2021B Green Bonds was \$30,000,000 for a total issuance of \$110,000,000. In conjunction with this issuance, there was a refinancing of outstanding bonds with a par amount of \$52,045,000. The refunded bonds consisted of a portion of the 2008 Series, 2013 bonds and the 2015 GO Refunding Bonds (not the 2014 Series 2015 bonds). The total par amount for the new bond issuance and refinancing was \$162,045,000. In June 2023, the District issued the third and final series of the bonds under the 2018 Measure CC bond authorization. The par amount of the bonds was \$110,000,000 and was issued in conjunction with the first 2022 Measure G authorization.

On June 7, 2022, voters approved a new Proposition 39 bond known as Measure G. Measure G passed by 55.71% to 44.29% margin and approved the sale of an additional \$275,000,000 in General Obligation Bonds to further the District's facilities and modernization plan to upgrade classrooms, science labs, and facilities for technology, arts, math, and career technical education, improve ventilation systems, provide essential seismic safety and accessibility upgrades, and construct and repair sites and facilities. In June 2023, the District issued the first series of bonds under the 2022 Measure G authorization for the par amount of \$100,000,000. In conjunction with this issuance and the last issuance of the 2018 Measure CC bond authorization, there was also a refinancing component of outstanding bonds with a par amount of \$36,280,000. The refunding bonds consisted of portions of the 2014, Series 2015 bonds and the 2015 Refunding bonds and were issued on a forward delivery basis, refunded on May 7, 2024, but the rates were locked in with the signing of the bond purchase agreement on July 18, 2023.

As required by the Education Code of the State and the 2008 Measure B, 2014 Measure K, and 2018 Measure CC bond authorizations, as well as the 2014 Measure J parcel tax, the District established the "Fremont Union High School District's Bond and Parcel Tax Citizens' Oversight Committee" to serve as the independent oversight committee. The committee's role expanded to include the oversight of the Measure G Bond authorization and to continue the oversight of the renewed Measure M parcel tax. The committee's role is to review the District's expenditure of bond and parcel tax proceeds and its progress in completing the projects specified in the bond measures, may act as a communications channel for disseminating bond program and parcel tax information, collecting community inputs or concerns, as well as making periodic reports to the public in order to ensure that funds are spent only for authorized purposes. The committee is comprised of community members representing various categories such as, a business organization within the District, a senior citizens organization, a taxpayers' organization, a parent or guardian of a child enrolled in the District, a parent or guardian of a child enrolled in the District who is also active in a parent-teacher organization, and the public at large. Members are appointed for a two-year term, may serve up to three two-year terms, are not compensated for their participation, and meet approximately four times per year.

Reporting the District as A Whole

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the District as a whole and about its activities. These statements include all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources of the District using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in them. Net position is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, which is one way to measure the District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position will serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating. Other factors to consider are changes in the District's property tax base and the condition of the District's facilities.

The relationship between revenues and expenses is the District's operating results. Since the governing board's responsibility is to provide services to our students and not to generate profit as commercial entities do, one must consider other factors when evaluating the overall health of the District. The quality of the education and the safety of our schools will likely be an important component in this evaluation.

In the *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities*, we separate the District activities as follows:

Governmental Activities - The District reports all of its services in this category. This includes the education of ninth through twelfth grade students, adult education students, the operation of child development activities, and the on-going effort to improve and maintain buildings and sites. Property taxes, state income taxes, user fees, interest income, Federal, state, and local grants, as well as general obligation bonds, finance these activities.

Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most significant funds - not the District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, management establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes or to show that it is meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money that it receives from the U.S. Department of Education.

Governmental Funds - Most of the District's basic services are reported in governmental funds, which focus on how money flows into and out of those funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. These funds are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. The differences of results in the governmental fund financial statements to those in the government-wide financial statements are explained in a reconciliation following the governmental fund financial statements.

Proprietary Funds - When the District charges users for the services it provides, whether to outside customers or to other departments within the District, these services are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds are reported in the same way that all activities are reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities. In fact, the District's enterprise funds are the same as the business-type activities we report in the government-wide statements, but provide more detail and additional information, such as cash flows, for proprietary funds. We use internal service funds (the other component of proprietary funds) to report activities that provide supplies and services for the District's other programs and activities, such as the District's Self-Insurance Fund. The internal service funds are reported with governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

The District as A Whole

Net Position

The District's net position was \$230.14 million for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024. Of this amount, \$132.66 million deficit was unrestricted. Restricted net position is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the governing board's ability to use net position for day-to-day operations. Our analysis below, in summary form, focuses on the net position (Table 1) and change in net position (Table 2) of the District's governmental activities.

Table 1 – Net Position

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
Assets			
Current and other assets	\$ 468.30	\$ 493.78	\$ (25.48)
Capital assets	778.88	746.54	32.34
Total assets	<u>1,247.18</u>	<u>1,240.32</u>	<u>6.86</u>
Deferred outflows of resources	<u>86.64</u>	<u>80.97</u>	<u>5.67</u>
Liabilities			
Current liabilities	34.72	27.61	7.11
Long-term liabilities	<u>1,014.68</u>	<u>1,032.89</u>	<u>(18.21)</u>
Total liabilities	<u>1,049.40</u>	<u>1,060.50</u>	<u>(11.10)</u>
Deferred inflows of resources	<u>54.27</u>	<u>64.67</u>	<u>(10.40)</u>
Net Position			
Net investment in capital assets	261.55	226.62	34.93
Restricted	91.69	93.44	(1.75)
Unrestricted - excluding pension activities	9.56	9.48	0.08
Unrestricted - related to pension activities (deficit)	<u>(132.66)</u>	<u>(133.42)</u>	<u>0.76</u>
Total net position	<u>\$ 230.14</u>	<u>\$ 196.12</u>	<u>\$ 34.02</u>

The \$91.69 million restricted and \$9.56 million in unrestricted net position of governmental activities, without the impact of pension, represents the accumulated results of all past years' operations. It means if the District had to pay off all its bills today including its non-capital liabilities (compensated absences and pension liability as examples), there would be \$9.56 million. The total unrestricted deficit amount of \$132.66 million is the result of adoption of GASB statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pension*, by the District.

Changes in Net Position

The results of this year's operations for the District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities on page 19. Table 2 takes the information from the Statement, rounds off the numbers, and rearranges them slightly so you can see our total revenues for the year.

Table 2 – Changes in Net Position

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
Revenues			
Program revenues			
Charges for services and sales	\$ 8.31	\$ 5.19	\$ 3.12
Operating grants and contributions	39.51	38.57	0.94
Capital grants and contributions	4.55	-	4.55
General revenues			
Federal and State aid not restricted	7.64	5.41	2.23
Property taxes	262.61	239.43	23.18
Other general revenues	19.80	4.18	15.62
Total revenues	342.42	292.78	49.64
Expenses			
Instruction	158.39	134.06	24.33
Instruction-related	42.68	37.90	4.78
Pupil services	33.20	28.14	5.06
General administration	14.88	12.82	2.06
Plant services	18.96	19.01	(0.05)
Ancillary services	7.30	5.13	2.17
Community services	-	0.01	(0.01)
Interest on long-term debt	28.31	22.39	5.92
All other services	4.69	0.02	4.67
Total expenses	308.41	259.48	48.93
Change in net position	\$ 34.01	\$ 33.30	\$ 0.71

Governmental Activities

As reported in the Statement of Activities on page 19. The cost of all governmental activities this year was \$308.71 million. However, the amount that the taxpayers ultimately financed for these activities through local taxes and other general revenues was \$256.33 million because the cost was paid by those who benefited from the programs (\$8.31 million) or by other governments and organizations who subsidized certain programs with grants and contributions (\$44.06 million). The District paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with property taxes, unrestricted federal and state funds, and with other revenues, such as interest and general entitlements.

In Table 3, we have presented the net cost of each of the District's largest functions: instruction including, special instruction programs and other instructional programs, pupil services, administration, plant services, and all other services. As discussed above, net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Providing this information allows our citizens to consider the cost of each function in comparison to the benefits they believe are provided by that function.

Table 3 – Net Cost of Services

(Amounts in millions)	2024	2023	Change
Instruction	\$ 127.88	\$ 116.45	\$ 11.43
Instruction-related activities			
Supervision of instruction	10.63	9.64	0.99
Instructional library, media, and technology	4.15	3.41	0.74
School site administration	22.49	19.22	3.27
Pupil services			
Home-to-school transportation	3.19	2.94	0.25
Food services	1.00	0.26	0.74
All other pupil services	20.45	16.95	3.50
Administration			
Data processing	1.67	0.57	1.10
All other administration	11.80	11.20	0.60
Plant services	18.72	18.81	(0.09)
Ancillary services	2.66	0.28	2.38
Community services	0.00	0.01	(0.01)
Interest on long-term liabilities	28.31	15.98	12.33
Other outgo	3.08	0.02	3.06
	\$ 256.03	\$ 215.76	\$ 40.29

The District realized an increase in net position of approximately \$34.02 million from 2022-23 to 2023-24. Revenues were \$49.94 million more than the prior year, expenditures were \$49.23 million more than the prior year as well. Approximately \$23.18 million of the increase in revenue is from property tax increases due to change in assessed values and property taxes related to debt services.

The increase of \$24.33 million in instruction function is the result of a salary increases as well as spending down of one-time funding. The fluctuation of pension expenses allocation depends on the result of actuarial estimates.

Other General Administration activities include fiscal services, personnel services, and central support services. This category includes attendance recording and reporting activities performed at the District level. This category also includes all other costs of property or general liability insurance not charged to a specific function. In addition, the costs of assistant superintendents for instruction or equivalent positions having first-line responsibility for instructional administration and for participation in district/county policy may be charged as follows:

- 50% to Instructional Supervision and Administration (Function 2100).
- 50% to Other General Administration (Function 7200).

The District's Funds

As the District completed this year, governmental funds had a reported combined fund balance of \$414.52 million, which is \$26.31 million decrease from last year.

Table 4 – District Fund Balances

Governmental Fund	Balances and Activity			
	June 30, 2023	Revenues and Other Financing Sources	Expenditures and Other Financing Uses	June 30, 2024
General	\$ 62,623,130	\$ 237,255,404	\$ 241,539,544	\$ 58,338,990
Student Activity Fund	2,818,846	4,633,112	4,565,878	2,886,080
Adult Education	1,666,202	5,374,343	5,349,436	1,691,109
Cafeteria	542,762	6,137,558	5,813,188	867,132
Deferred Maintenance	15,628,560	8,768,759	1,790,163	22,607,156
Foundation Special Reserve	48,068	2,480	12,000	38,548
Building	303,042,726	23,817,638	52,796,700	274,063,664
Capital Facilities	3,517,473	1,569,950	25,116	5,062,307
County School Facilities	4,464,378	4,788,535	-	9,252,913
Bond Interest and Redemption	46,470,265	89,019,229	95,780,715	39,708,779
Total	\$ 440,822,410	\$ 381,367,008	\$ 407,672,740	\$ 414,516,678

The primary reasons for these changes are:

- The General Fund is the principal operating fund. The fund balance in the General Fund decreased from \$62.6 million to \$58.3 million. This was primarily due to spending down of one-time funding.
- The Building Fund showed a decrease from \$303.04 million to \$274.06 million. This was primarily due to the ongoing construction projects.
- The Bond interest and Redemption fund decreased from \$46.47 million to \$39.71 million. The fluctuation of the fund balance depends on the future debt redemption in the coming year.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Education Code requires that all school districts adopt a budget by July 1, and then twice a year submit to their County Offices of Education interim financial reports. These first and second interim reports reflect the status of district finances as of October 31 and January 31. Year-end actuals are submitted by September 15.

Over the course of the year, the District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. The final amendment to the budget was adopted on March 12, 2024. (A schedule showing the District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report on page 74).

Significant revenue revisions made to the 2023-2024 Budget were primarily due to increased interest income and property taxes.

Significant expenditure revisions made to the 2023-2024 budget were primarily due to the bargaining settlement reached during 2023-2024: 10.3215% for FEA, 5.2592% for CSEA , and 5.9504% for FMA.

Capital Asset Long-Term Liabilities

Capital Assets

At June 30, 2024, the District had \$956.95 million in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions, depreciation, and amortization,) of \$32.34 million from last year.

Table 5 – Capital Assets

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
Land	\$ 1.96	\$ 1.96	\$ -
Construction in progress	170.09	159.46	10.63
Buildings and improvements	767.52	726.92	40.60
Equipment	17.38	16.91	0.47
Total assets	956.95	905.25	51.70
Less accumulated depreciation	(178.07)	(158.71)	(19.36)
Total	\$ 778.88	\$ 746.54	\$ 32.34

This year's additions included construction in progress for school modernization and construction of \$10.63 million (net), buildings of \$40.60 million, and equipment of \$0.47 million. Several capital projects are planned for the 2024-2025 year and the district has a plan to modernize existing classrooms, build several new Buildings, including a New Field House at Fremont High School, a New Makerspace Building at Lynbrook High School, and a New District Robotics Center at Cupertino High School, along with replacing the existing synthetic turf of the athletic fields at all sites across the district. More information about our capital assets is presented in Note 4 to the financial statements.

Long-Term Liabilities

At the end of this year, the District had \$1,014.68 million in long-term liabilities outstanding versus \$1,032.89 million last year, a decrease of \$18.21. Those long-term liabilities consisted of:

Table 6 – Long-Term Liabilities

(Amounts in millions)	Governmental Activities		
	2024	2023	Change
Long-Term Liabilities			
General obligation bonds and premiums	\$ 803.92	\$ 840.55	\$ (36.63)
Compensated absences	2.06	1.92	0.14
Sub-total	805.98	842.47	(36.49)
Claims liability	0.13	0.20	(0.06)
Net Postemployment Benefit liability	26.02	21.71	4.31
Aggregate net pension liability	182.55	168.51	14.04
Total	<u>\$ 1,014.68</u>	<u>\$ 1,032.89</u>	<u>\$ (18.21)</u>

The District's general obligation bond rating is Aaa (based on Moody's Investor Services) and AAA (based on Standard and Poor's). The State limits the amount of general obligation debt that the District can issue. The District's outstanding general obligation bond debt of \$803.92 million is below this limit. Other liabilities include compensated absences payable. More detailed information is presented in Note 10 of the financial statements.

The District has an estimated liability of \$26.02 million for OPEB (Other Post-Employment Benefits). During fiscal year 2006-2007 the District established an irrevocable trust with American United Life that is administered by MidAmerica to fund this liability. During fiscal year 2020-21, the District established another trust with California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT). These trusts had a combined restricted net position of \$9.64 million at June 30, 2023, which is the measurement date of the net OPEB liability of the District. The formation of these irrevocable trusts protects the funds set aside for retiree benefits. More detailed information is presented in Note 11 of the financial statements.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

Based upon our most recent demographic report, District enrollment is expected to show a decline in the next five years which will have an effect on ADA-based funding. However, the continued escalating costs of housing and development in our District, long term projections are difficult to assess.

Contacting the District's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need any additional financial information, contact the office of Christine Mallery, Chief Business Officer/Associate Superintendent, at the Fremont Union High School District, 589 W. Fremont Avenue, Sunnyvale, California, (408) 522-2245.

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

	Governmental Activities
Assets	
Deposits and investments	\$ 426,216,551
Receivables	10,265,170
Prepaid expense	578,683
Stores inventories	47,209
Lease receivable(s)	31,193,207
Capital assets not depreciated or amortized	172,043,970
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and amortization	606,833,549
Total assets	1,247,178,339
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	10,694,658
Deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB	13,314,922
Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions	62,627,557
Total deferred outflows of resources	86,637,137
Liabilities	
Accounts payable	18,958,006
Interest payable	14,404,140
Due to other governments	8,124
Unearned revenue	1,348,949
Long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions	
Due within one year	23,435,305
Due in more than one year	782,680,003
Net other postemployment benefits liability (OPEB)	26,018,766
Aggregate net pension liabilities	182,546,539
Total liabilities	1,049,399,832
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred charge on refunding	1,307,608
Deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB	12,189,217
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions	12,736,306
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	28,038,792
Total deferred inflows of resources	54,271,923
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	261,551,765
Restricted for	
Debt service	22,156,723
Capital projects	36,922,376
Educational programs	28,855,631
Food Programs	867,132
Student Activity	2,886,080
Unrestricted (deficit)	(123,095,986)
Total net position	\$ 230,143,721

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Revenues and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services and Sales	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities
Governmental Activities					
Instruction	\$ 155,880,383	\$ 120,168	\$ 23,156,366	\$ 4,548,582	\$ (128,055,267)
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	11,943,068	10,450	1,303,885	-	(10,628,733)
Instructional library, media, and technology	4,190,771	79	43,926	-	(4,146,766)
School site administration	26,541,573	238,066	3,814,562	-	(22,488,945)
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	3,185,244	-	-	-	(3,185,244)
Food services	6,942,601	-	5,939,506	-	(1,003,095)
All other pupil services	23,069,513	51,540	2,565,653	-	(20,452,320)
Administration					
Data processing	1,672,262	-	-	-	(1,672,262)
All other administration	13,202,915	18,756	1,386,183	-	(11,797,976)
Plant services	18,961,342	20,672	225,254	-	(18,715,416)
Ancillary services	7,297,389	3,556,147	1,076,997	-	(2,664,245)
Community services	1,990	-	-	-	(1,990)
Enterprise services	2,512,645	2,690,898	-	-	178,253
Interest on long-term liabilities	28,314,491	-	-	-	(28,314,491)
Other outgo	4,688,592	1,605,147	-	-	(3,083,445)
Total governmental activities	\$ 308,404,779	\$ 8,311,923	\$ 39,512,332	\$ 4,548,582	(256,031,942)
General Revenues and Subventions					
Property taxes, levied for general purposes					195,531,839
Property taxes, levied for debt service					61,573,171
Taxes levied for other specific purposes					5,500,077
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes					7,643,277
Interest and investment earnings					7,779,261
Interagency revenues					18,311
Miscellaneous					12,005,781
Total general revenues and subventions					290,051,717
Change in Net Position					34,019,775
Net Position - Beginning					196,123,946
Net Position - Ending					\$ 230,143,721

Fremont Union High School District
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Assets					
Deposits and investments	\$ 69,539,980	\$ 278,928,807	\$ 39,123,671	\$ 33,680,004	\$ 421,272,462
Receivables	5,441,428	3,023,674	585,108	1,167,496	10,217,706
Due from other funds	2,370,210	2,892,297	-	8,592,909	13,855,416
Prepaid expenditures	125,915	-	-	14,049	139,964
Stores inventories	-	-	-	47,209	47,209
Lease receivables	-	31,193,207	-	-	31,193,207
Total assets	<u>\$ 77,477,533</u>	<u>\$ 316,037,985</u>	<u>\$ 39,708,779</u>	<u>\$ 43,501,667</u>	<u>\$ 476,725,964</u>
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Fund Balances					
Liabilities					
Accounts payable	\$ 7,958,365	\$ 10,880,581	\$ -	\$ 119,060	\$ 18,958,006
Due to other funds	9,985,206	2,960,188	-	910,022	13,855,416
Due to other governments	8,124	-	-	-	8,124
Unearned revenue	1,186,848	94,760	-	67,340	1,348,948
Total liabilities	<u>19,138,543</u>	<u>13,935,529</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>1,096,422</u>	<u>34,170,494</u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources					
Deferred inflows of resources related to leases	-	28,038,792	-	-	28,038,792
Fund Balances					
Nonspendable	141,187	3,154,415	-	100,181	3,395,783
Restricted	27,125,974	209,012,161	39,708,779	42,305,064	318,151,978
Committed	16,862,622	-	-	-	16,862,622
Assigned	6,982,368	61,897,088	-	-	68,879,456
Unassigned	7,226,839	-	-	-	7,226,839
Total fund balances	<u>58,338,990</u>	<u>274,063,664</u>	<u>39,708,779</u>	<u>42,405,245</u>	<u>414,516,678</u>
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and fund balances	<u>\$ 77,477,533</u>	<u>\$ 316,037,985</u>	<u>\$ 39,708,779</u>	<u>\$ 43,501,667</u>	<u>\$ 476,725,964</u>

Fremont Union High School District
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
June 30, 2024

Total Fund Balance - Governmental Funds \$ 414,516,678

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as assets in governmental funds.

The cost of capital assets is	\$ 956,948,880
Accumulated depreciation and amortization is	<u>(178,071,361)</u>

Net capital assets	778,877,519
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In governmental funds, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized in the period when it is due. On the government-wide financial statements, unmatured interest on long-term liabilities is recognized when it is incurred. (14,404,140)

An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the workers' compensation insurance program to the individual funds. The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included with governmental activities in the statement of net position. 5,295,874

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position in a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred outflows of resources amounted to and related to

Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	10,694,658
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	13,314,922
Net pension liability	<u>62,627,557</u>

Total deferred outflows of resources	86,637,136
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Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and is not reported in the governmental funds. Deferred inflows of resources amount to and related to

Debt refundings (deferred charge on refunding)	(1,307,608)
Other postemployment benefits (OPEB)	(12,189,217)
Net pension liability	<u>(12,736,306)</u>

Total deferred inflows of resources	(26,233,131)
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Fremont Union High School District
 Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position
 June 30, 2024

Net pension liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(182,546,539)
The District's OPEB liability is not due and payable in the current period, and is not reported as a liability in the funds.		(26,018,766)
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the funds.		
Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of		
General obligation bonds, including premium	(803,924,384)	
Compensated absences (vacations)	<u>(2,056,526)</u>	
Total long-term liabilities		<u>(805,980,910)</u>
Total net position - governmental activities		<u><u>\$ 230,143,721</u></u>

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues					
Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF)	\$ 198,986,352	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 198,986,352
Federal sources	3,333,736	-	768,865	2,054,145	6,156,746
Other State sources	19,549,041	955	103,071	12,452,475	32,105,542
Other local sources	12,426,404	23,816,683	50,810,739	8,668,117	95,721,943
Total revenues	234,295,533	23,817,638	51,682,675	23,174,737	332,970,583
Expenditures					
Current					
Instruction	137,165,023	-	-	1,414,351	138,579,374
Instruction-related activities					
Supervision of instruction	10,580,981	-	-	154,822	10,735,803
Instructional library, media, and technology	3,732,214	-	-	857	3,733,071
School site administration	20,603,082	-	-	3,186,588	23,789,670
Pupil services					
Home-to-school transportation	3,158,873	-	-	-	3,158,873
Food services	564,006	-	-	5,641,170	6,205,176
All other pupil services	21,728,278	-	-	158,411	21,886,689
Administration					
Data processing	616,962	-	-	-	616,962
All other administration	12,253,226	-	-	396,385	12,649,611
Plant services	17,846,047	339,720	-	601,886	18,787,653
Ancillary services	839,620	-	-	4,565,878	5,405,498
Community services	1,820	-	-	-	1,820
Other outgo	3,584,363	-	-	-	3,584,363
Capital outlay	765,049	49,497,109	-	1,435,433	51,697,591
Debt service					
Principal	-	-	30,880,000	-	30,880,000
Interest and other	-	-	27,564,161	-	27,564,161
Total expenditures	233,439,544	49,836,829	58,444,161	17,555,781	359,276,315
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	855,989	(26,019,191)	(6,761,486)	5,618,956	(26,305,732)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)					
Transfers in	2,959,871	-	-	8,100,000	11,059,871
Proceeds from bond issuance	-	-	37,336,554	-	37,336,554
Transfers out	(8,100,000)	(2,959,871)	-	-	(11,059,871)
Other uses	-	-	(37,336,554)	-	(37,336,554)
Net Financing Sources (Uses)	(5,140,129)	(2,959,871)	-	8,100,000	-
Net Change in Fund Balances	(4,284,140)	(28,979,062)	(6,761,486)	13,718,956	(26,305,732)
Fund Balance - Beginning	62,623,130	303,042,726	46,470,265	28,686,289	440,822,410
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 58,338,990	\$ 274,063,664	\$ 39,708,779	\$ 42,405,245	\$ 414,516,678

Fremont Union High School District
 Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental
 Funds to the Statement of Activities
 Year Ended June 30, 2024

Total Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds \$ (26,305,732)

Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because

Capital outlay to purchase or build capital assets are reported in governmental funds as expenditures; however, for governmental activities, those costs are shown in the Statement of Net Position and allocated over their estimated useful lives as annual depreciation and amortization expense in the Statement of Activities.

This is the amount by which depreciation and amortization is different from capital outlay in the period.

Depreciation and amortization expense	\$ (19,359,572)
Capital outlay	<u>51,697,591</u>

Net expense adjustment	32,338,019
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The District issued capital appreciation general obligations bonds. The accretion of interest on the general obligation bonds during the current fiscal year was (650,213)

In the Statement of Activities, certain operating expenses, such as compensated absences (vacations) are measured by the amounts earned during the year. In the governmental funds, however, expenditures for these items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially, the amounts actually paid). This amount is the difference between vacation earned and used. (135,944)

In the governmental funds, pension costs are based on employer contributions made to pension plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, pension expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows and net pension liability during the year. 766,397

In the governmental funds, OPEB costs are based on employer contributions made to OPEB plans during the year. However, in the Statement of Activities, OPEB expense is the net effect of all changes in the deferred outflows, deferred inflows, and net OPEB liability during the year. (2,053,224)

Fremont Union High School District

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities
Year Ended June 30, 2024

The difference in refunding bonds issued and the refunded bonds previously reported on the financial statements is reported as an Inflow and outflow on the governmental funds but is reported as a change in the old debt, new debt and related deferred charges	(290,363)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts, and the deferred charge on refunding when the debt is first issued, whereas the amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities.	
Premium on issuance recognized	3,511,854
Deferred charge on refunding amortization	(813,866)
Payment of principal on long-term liabilities is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but it reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position and does not affect the Statement of Activities.	
General obligation bonds	30,880,000
Interest on long-term liabilities is recorded as an expenditure in the funds when it is due; however, in the Statement of Activities, interest expense is recognized as the interest accretes or accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(3,611,971)
An internal service fund is used by management to charge the costs of the self insurance program to the individual funds. The net revenue of the Internal Service Fund is reported with governmental activities.	<u>384,818</u>
Change in net position of governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 34,019,775</u></u>

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Net Position – Proprietary Funds
June 30, 2024

	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Assets	
Current assets	
Cash and equivalents	\$ 4,944,089
Receivables	47,464
Prepaid expenses	<u>438,719</u>
Total current assets	<u>5,430,272</u>
Total assets	<u>5,430,272</u>
Liabilities	
Current liabilities	
Claims liabilities	<u>134,398</u>
Total current liabilities	<u>134,398</u>
Total liabilities	<u>134,398</u>
Net Position	
Unrestricted	<u><u>\$ 5,295,874</u></u>

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating Revenues	
Charges for services	\$ 2,690,898
Total operating revenues	<u>2,690,898</u>
Operating Expenses	
Other operating cost	<u>2,512,644</u>
Total operating expenses	<u>2,512,644</u>
Operating Income	<u>178,254</u>
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)	
Unrealized gain from investment to county	62,780
Interest income	<u>143,784</u>
Total nonoperating revenues	<u>206,564</u>
Change in Net Position	384,818
Total Net Position - Beginning	<u>4,911,056</u>
Total Net Position - Ending	<u><u>\$ 5,295,874</u></u>

Fremont Union High School District
Statement of Cash Flows – Proprietary Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>Governmental Activities - Internal Service Fund</u>
Operating Activities	
Cash receipts from customers	\$ 2,680,421
Cash payments for insurance claim	<u>(2,574,847)</u>
Net Cash Used for Operating Activities	<u>105,574</u>
Investing Activities	
Net investment income	<u>206,564</u>
Net Cash From (Used for) Investing Activities	<u>206,564</u>
Net Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents	312,138
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	<u>4,631,951</u>
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	<u><u>\$ 4,944,089</u></u>
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash From Operating Activities	
Operating income (loss)	\$ 178,254
Changes in assets and liabilities	
Receivables	(10,477)
Prepaid expenses	968
Accrued liabilities	<u>(63,171)</u>
Net Cash From Operating Activities	<u><u>\$ 105,574</u></u>

Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Financial Reporting Entity

The Fremont Union High School District was organized in 1925 under the laws of the State of California. The District operates under a locally elected five-member Board form of government and provides educational services to grades 9-12 as mandated by the State and Federal agencies. The District operates five high schools, one alternative high school, one adult, and one distance-learning program.

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units, and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards, and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For the District, this includes general operations, food service, and student related activities of the District.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Accounting

The accounting system is organized and operated on a fund basis. A fund is defined as a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying out specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations. The District's funds are grouped into two broad fund categories: governmental and proprietary.

Governmental Funds Governmental funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. Governmental fund reporting focuses on the sources, uses, and balances of current financial resources. Expendable assets are assigned to the various governmental funds according to the purposes for which they may or must be used. Current liabilities are assigned to the fund from which they will be paid. The difference between governmental fund assets and liabilities is reported as fund balance. The following are the District's major and non-major governmental funds:

Major Governmental Funds

General Fund The General Fund is the chief operating fund for all districts. It is used to account for and report all financial resources not accounted for reported in another fund.

Building Fund The Building Fund exists primarily to account separately for proceeds from the sale of bonds (*Education Code* Section 15146) and may not be used for any purposes other than those for which the bonds were issued.

Bond Interest and Redemption Fund The Bond Interest and Redemption Fund is used for the repayment of bonds issued for a local educational agency (*Education Code* Sections 15125-15262).

Non-Major Governmental Funds

Special Revenue Funds The Special Revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds from specific revenue sources (other than trusts, major capital projects, or debt service) that are restricted or committed to the financing of particular activities, that compose a substantial portion of the inflows of the fund, and that are reasonably expected to continue. Additional resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to the purpose of the fund may also be reported in the fund.

- **Student Activity Fund** The Student Activity Fund is used to account separately for the operating activities of the associated student body accounts that are not fiduciary in nature, including student clubs, general operations, athletics, and other student body activities.
- **Adult Education Fund** The Adult Education Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local revenues that are restricted or committed for adult education programs and is to be expended for adult education purposes only.
- **Cafeteria Fund** The Cafeteria Fund is used to account separately for Federal, State, and local resources to operate the food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38090-38093) and is used only for those expenditures authorized by the governing board as necessary for the operation of the District's food service program (*Education Code* Sections 38091 and 38100).
- **Deferred Maintenance Fund** The Deferred Maintenance Fund is used to account separately for revenues that are restricted or committed for deferred maintenance purposes (*Education Code* Section 17582).

Capital Project Funds The Capital Project Funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities and other capital assets (other than those financed by proprietary funds and trust funds).

- **Capital Facilities Fund** The Capital Facilities Fund is used primarily to account separately for monies received from fees levied on developers or other agencies as a condition of approval (*Education Code* Sections 17620-17626 and *Government Code* Section 65995 et seq.). Expenditures are restricted to the purposes specified in *Government Code* Sections 65970-65981 or to the items specified in agreements with the developer (*Government Code* Section 66006).
- **County School Facilities Fund** The County School Facilities Fund is established pursuant to *Education Code* Section 17070.43 to receive apportionments from the 1998 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1A), the 2002 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 47), the 2004 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 55), the 2006 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 1D), or the 2016 State School Facilities Fund (Proposition 51) authorized by the State Allocation Board for new school facility construction, modernization projects, and facility hardship grants, as provided in the Leroy F. Greene School Facilities Act of 1998 (*Education Code* Section 17070.10 et seq.).

Permanent Funds The Permanent funds were introduced as part of the governmental financial reporting model established by GASB Statement No. 34 to account for permanent foundations that benefit the District.

- **Foundation Permanent Fund** The Foundation Permanent Fund is used to account for resources received from gifts or bequests pursuant to *Education Code* Section 41031 that are restricted to the extent that earnings, but not principal, may be used for purposes that support the District's own programs and where there is a formal trust agreement with the donor.

Proprietary Funds Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are more business-like than government-like in nature. Business-type activities include those for which a fee is charged to external users or to other organizational units of the local education agency, normally on a full cost-recovery basis. Proprietary funds are generally intended to be self-supporting and are classified as enterprise or internal service.

- **Internal Service Fund** Internal Service funds may be used to account for goods or services provided to other funds of the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. The District operates a dental and a vision plan that is accounted for in an internal service fund.

Basis of Accounting - Measurement Focus

Government-Wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between expenses, both direct and indirect, and program revenues of the District and for each governmental function and exclude fiduciary activity. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore, clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the *Statement of Activities*, except for depreciation of capital assets. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of the goods or services offered by the programs and grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues. The comparison of program revenues and expenses identifies the extent to which each program or business segment is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities.

Net position should be reported as restricted when constraints placed on net position are either externally imposed by creditors (such as through debt covenants), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. The net position restricted for other activities result from special revenue funds and the restrictions on their use.

Fund Financial Statements Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental and proprietary fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major governmental funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The internal service fund is presented in a single column on the face of the proprietary fund statements.

- **Governmental Funds** All governmental funds are accounted for using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current assets and current liabilities generally are included on the balance sheet. The statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances reports on the sources (revenues and other financing sources) and uses (expenditures and other financing uses) of current financial resources. This approach differs from the manner in which the governmental activities of the government-wide financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include reconciliations with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide financial statements, prepared using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, and the governmental fund financial statements, prepared using the flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.
- **Proprietary Funds** Proprietary funds are accounted for using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. All assets and all liabilities associated with the operation of this fund are included in the statement of net position. The statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position presents increases (revenues) and decreases (expenses) in net position. The statement of cash flows provides information about how the District finances and meets the cash flow needs of its proprietary fund.

Revenues – Exchange and Non-Exchange Transactions Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded on the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. Available means that the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter, to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. The District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within one year after year-end, except for property taxes, which are considered available if collected within 60 days. The following revenue sources are considered to be both measurable and available at fiscal year-end: State apportionments, interest, certain grants, and other local sources.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, certain grants, entitlements, and donations. Revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year in which the taxes are received. Revenue from certain grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include time and purpose restrictions. On a modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

Unearned Revenue Unearned revenues arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them, such as when certain grants are received prior to the occurrence of qualifying expenditures. In the subsequent periods, when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liability for unearned revenue is removed from the balance sheet and the revenue is recognized.

Expenses/Expenditures On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time they are incurred. The measurement focus of governmental fund accounting is on decreases in net financial resources (expenditures) rather than expenses. Expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred. Principal and interest on long-term liabilities, which has not matured, are recognized when paid in the governmental funds as expenditures. Allocations of costs, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds but are recognized in the entity-wide statements.

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition. Cash equivalents also include cash with county treasury balances for purposes of the statement of cash flows.

Investments

Investments with original maturities greater than one year are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year-end. All investments not required to be reported at fair value are stated at cost or amortized cost. Fair values of investments in county investment pools are determined by the program sponsor.

Prepaid Expenditures (Expenses)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Stores Inventories

Inventories consist of expendable food and supplies held for consumption. Inventories are stated at cost, on the weighted average basis. The costs of inventory items are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and expenses in the proprietary funds when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets and Depreciation

The accounting and reporting treatment applied to the capital assets associated with a fund are determined by its measurement focus. Capital assets are long-lived assets of the District. The District maintains a capitalization threshold of \$10,000. The District does not possess any infrastructure. Improvements are capitalized; the costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend an asset's life are not capitalized, but are expensed as incurred.

When purchased, such assets are recorded as expenditures in the governmental funds and capitalized in the government-wide statement of net position. The valuation basis for capital assets is historical cost, or where historical cost is not available, estimated historical cost based on replacement cost. Donated capital assets are capitalized at acquisition value on the date donated.

Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method. Estimated useful lives of the various classes of depreciable capital assets are as follows: buildings and building improvement, 50 years; equipment, 5 to 15 years.

The District records impairments of capital assets when it becomes probable that the carrying value of the assets will not be fully recovered over their estimated useful life. Impairments are recorded to reduce the carrying value of the assets to their net realizable value based on facts and circumstances in existence at the time of the determination. No impairments were recorded during the year ended June 30, 2024.

Interfund Balances

On fund financial statements, receivables and payables resulting from short-term interfund loans are classified as "interfund receivables/payables". These amounts are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the statement of net position, except for the net residual amounts due between governmental and business-type activities, which are presented as internal balances.

Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are accrued as a liability as the benefits are earned. The entire compensated absence liability is reported on the government-wide statement of net position. For governmental funds, the current portion of unpaid compensated absences is recognized upon the occurrence of relevant events such as employee resignations and retirements that occur prior to year-end that have not yet been paid with expendable available financial resources. These amounts are reported in the fund from which the employees who have accumulated leave are paid.

Sick leave is accumulated without limit for each employee at the rate of one day for each month worked. Leave with pay is provided when employees are absent for health reasons; however, the employees do not gain a vested right to accumulated sick leave. Employees are never paid for any sick leave balance at termination of employment or any other time. Therefore, the value of accumulated sick leave is not recognized as a liability in the District's financial statements. However, credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all classified school members who retire after January 1, 1999. At retirement, each member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave. Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

Accrued Liabilities and Long-Term Liabilities

All payables, accrued liabilities, and long-term liabilities are reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. In general, governmental fund payables and accrued liabilities that, once incurred, are paid in a timely manner and in full, from current financial resources are reported as liabilities of the governmental funds.

However, claims and judgments, compensated absences, special termination benefits, and contractually required pension contributions that will be paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the governmental fund financial statements only to the extent that they are due for payment during the current year. Bonds, leases, and other long-term liabilities are recognized as liabilities in the governmental fund financial statements when due.

Debt Issuance Costs, Premiums and Discounts

In the government-wide financial statements and in the proprietary fund type financial statements, long-term liabilities are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund statement of net position. Debt premiums and discounts, as well as issuance costs related to prepaid insurance costs are amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method.

In governmental fund financial statements, bond premiums and discounts, as well as debt issuance costs are recognized in the period the bonds are issued. The face amount of the debt is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuance are also reported as other financing sources. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds, are reported as debt service expenditures in the period the bonds are issued.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the Statement of Net Position also reports deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an expense or expenditure until then. The District reports deferred outflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items. The deferred charge on refunding resulted from the difference between the carrying value of the refunded debt and its reacquisition price. The amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension and OPEB relate to differences between expected and actual earnings on investments, changes of assumptions, and other pension and OPEB related changes.

In addition to liabilities, the Statement of Net Position and the Balance Sheet report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as revenue until then. The District reports deferred inflows of resources for deferred charges on refunding of debt, for pension related items, and for OPEB related items. The District also rereports deferred inflows of resources related to leases.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the California State Teachers Retirement System (CalSTRS) and the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan for schools (Plans) and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Member contributions are recognized in the period in which they are earned. Investments are reported at fair value. The net pension liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid by the fund in which the employee worked.

Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the District's plan (OPEB Plan) and additions to/deductions from the OPEB Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when currently due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. The total OPEB liability attributable to the governmental activities will be paid primarily by the General Fund. More detailed information is discussed in Note 15 of the financial statements.

Leases

The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide and governmental fund financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease receivable, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

Fund Balances - Governmental Funds

As of June 30, 2024, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Nonspendable - amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in nonspendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted - amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed - amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of the governing board. The governing board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through resolutions or other action as approved by the governing board.

Assigned - amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. Under the District's adopted policy, only the governing board or chief business officer/assistant superintendent of business services may assign amounts for specific purposes.

Unassigned - all other spendable amounts.

Spending Order Policy

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance or net position is available, the District considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the governing board has provided otherwise in its commitment or assignment actions.

Minimum Fund Balance Policy

The governing board adopted a minimum fund balance policy for the General Fund in compliance with GASB 54 to establish fund balance policies in order to protect the district against revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures. The policy requires a Reserve for Economic Uncertainties consisting of committed and unassigned amounts equal to no less than 10% of General Fund expenditures and other financing uses. At June 30, 2024, the fund balance for the General Fund was reported as amounts committed and unassigned, respectively, and in total was held for economic uncertainties.

Stabilization arrangement

In fiscal year 2015-16, the District adopted a resolution to establish and maintain a revenue stabilization reserve in the general fund. The principal resource for this reserve is an addition 7% of total general fund expenditures and other out go. The revenue stabilization reserve is reported in the general fund committed fund balance.

Expenditure of the amounts in the revenue stabilization reserve may occur only when specific circumstances exist. Under the resolution, a portion of the fund balance of the General Fund is committed for stabilization arrangements, such as might be needed in emergency situations or when revenue shortages or budgetary imbalances occur. The adopted resolution directs that these resources may be used to mitigate actual revenue shortfalls (when compared to estimated revenues) or the District's Revenue Sharing Process resulted the District's available reserves to drop below 5%. These circumstances are not expected to occur routinely. To allow for the withdrawal of the resources, their use must first be recommended by the management and then approved by the governing board.

Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net position net of investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. The District first applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

Operating Revenues and Expenses

Operating revenues are those revenues that are generated directly from the primary activity of the proprietary funds. For the District, these revenues are in-district premium. Operating expenses are necessary costs incurred to provide the good or service that is the primary activity of the fund. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Interfund Activity

Transfers between governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements are reported in the same manner as general revenues.

Exchange transactions between funds are reported as revenues in the seller funds and as expenditures/expenses in the purchaser funds. Flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment are reported as interfund transfers. Interfund transfers are reported as other financing sources/uses in governmental funds and after non-operating revenues/expenses in proprietary funds. Repayments from funds responsible for particular expenditures/expenses to the funds that initially paid for them are not presented in the financial statements. Interfund transfers are eliminated in the governmental and business-type activities columns of the Statement of Activities, except for the net residual amounts transferred between governmental and business-type activities.

Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Property Tax

Secured property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. Taxes are payable in two installments on November 1 and February 1 and become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. Unsecured property taxes are payable in one installment on or before August 31. The County of Santa Clara bills and collects the taxes on behalf of the District. Local property tax revenues are recorded when received.

Note 2 - Deposits and Investments

Summary of Deposits and Investments

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2024, are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Governmental funds	\$ 421,272,462
Proprietary funds	<u>4,944,089</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 426,216,551</u></u>

Deposits and investments as of June 30, 2024, consist of the following:

Cash on hand and in banks	\$ 2,876,948
Cash in revolving	15,647
Investments	<u>423,323,956</u>
Total deposits and investments	<u><u>\$ 426,216,551</u></u>

Policies and Practices

The District is authorized under California *Government Code* to make direct investments in local agency bonds, notes, or warrants within the State; U.S. Treasury instruments; registered State warrants or treasury notes; securities of the U.S. Government, or its agencies; bankers acceptances; commercial paper; certificates of deposit placed with commercial banks and/or savings and loan companies; repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements; medium term corporate notes; shares of beneficial interest issued by diversified management companies, certificates of participation, liabilities with first priority security; and collateralized mortgage liabilities.

Investment in County Treasury - The District is considered to be an involuntary participant in an external investment pool as the District is required to deposit all receipts and collections of monies with their County Treasurer (*Education Code* Section 41001). The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accounting financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis. The pool is not registered with Security Exchange Commission.

General Authorizations

Limitations as they relate to interest rate risk and concentration of credit risk are indicated in the schedules below:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in One Issuer
Local Agency Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
Registered State Bonds, Notes, Warrants	5 years	None	None
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	None	None
U.S. Agency Securities	5 years	None	None
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	None
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	None	None
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20% of base	None
Medium-Term Corporate Notes	5 years	30%	None
Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Money Market Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
Mortgage Pass-Through Securities	5 years	20%	None
County Pooled Investment Funds	N/A	None	None
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	None	None
Joint Powers Authority Pools	N/A	None	None

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District monitors the interest rate risk inherent in its portfolio by measuring the average maturity of its portfolio.

Information about the weighted average maturity of the District's portfolio is presented in the following schedule:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Reported Amount</u>	<u>Weighted Average Maturity in Days</u>
Certificates of Deposits	\$ 355,556	228
County Pool	<u>422,968,400</u>	548
Total	<u><u>\$ 423,323,956</u></u>	

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The District's investment in the County Pool is not rated as of June 30, 2024.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law. The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agency. As of June 30, 2024, the District's cash in banks totaled \$2.88 million, of which \$1.68 million was uninsured but collateralized as described above.

Custodial Credit Risk - Investments

This is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in possession of an outside party. The District does not have investments subject to custodial credit risks.

Fair Value Measurements

The District categorizes the fair value measurements of its investments based on the hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The fair value hierarchy, which has three levels, is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset’s fair value. The following provides a summary of the hierarchy used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 - quoted prices in active markets for identical assets.
- Level 2 - quoted prices in active or inactive for the same or similar assets.
- Level 3 - estimates using the best information available when there is little or no market.

As of June 30, 2024, the District’s investments of \$422.97 million in the Santa Clara County Treasury Investment Pool are uncategorized.

The District’s fair value measurements are as follows at June 30, 2024:

<u>Investment Type</u>	<u>Reported Amount</u>	<u>Fair Value Measurements Using</u>		<u>Uncategorized</u>
		<u>Level 1 Inputs</u>	<u>Level 2 Inputs</u>	
Certificates of Deposits	\$ 355,556	\$ -	\$ 355,556	\$ -
County Pool	<u>422,968,400</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>422,968,400</u>
Total	<u>\$ 423,323,956</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ 355,556</u>	<u>\$ 422,968,400</u>

Note 3 - Accounts Receivable

Receivables, other than lease receivables, at June 30, 2024, consisted of intergovernmental grants, entitlements, interest and other local sources. All receivables are considered collectible in full.

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds
Federal Government				
Categorical aid	\$ 2,279,047	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 297,597
State Government				
LCFF apportionment	499,239	-	-	-
Categorical aid	767,807	-	-	552,731
Lottery	642,940	-	-	-
Local Government				
Interest	682,707	2,784,049	196,744	300,546
Other local sources	569,688	239,625	388,364	16,622
	<u>\$ 5,441,428</u>	<u>\$ 3,023,674</u>	<u>\$ 585,108</u>	<u>\$ 1,167,496</u>
		Proprietary Funds		
Local Government				
Interest	\$ 46,219			
Other local sources	1,245			
	<u>\$ 47,464</u>			

Note 4 - Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Governmental Activities				
Capital assets not being depreciated				
Land	\$ 1,958,025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,958,025
Construction in progress	159,461,010	51,230,105	(40,605,170)	170,085,945
Total capital assets not being depreciated	<u>161,419,035</u>	<u>51,230,105</u>	<u>(40,605,170)</u>	<u>172,043,970</u>
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	726,918,220	40,605,170	-	767,523,390
Furniture and equipment	16,914,034	467,486	-	17,381,520
Total capital assets being depreciated	<u>743,832,254</u>	<u>41,072,656</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>784,904,910</u>
Total capital assets	<u>905,251,289</u>	<u>92,302,761</u>	<u>(40,605,170)</u>	<u>956,948,880</u>
Accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	(150,250,834)	(18,536,262)	-	(168,787,096)
Furniture and equipment	(8,460,955)	(823,310)	-	(9,284,265)
Total accumulated depreciation	<u>(158,711,789)</u>	<u>(19,359,572)</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>(178,071,361)</u>
Total capital assets, net	<u><u>746,539,500</u></u>	<u><u>21,713,084</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>778,877,519</u></u>

Depreciation and amortization expenses were charged as a direct expense to governmental as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Instruction	\$ 11,701,385
Supervision of instruction	906,511
Instructional library, media, and technology	315,214
School site administration	2,008,756
Home-to-school transportation	266,729
Food services	523,954
All other pupil services	1,848,071
Ancillary services	456,430
Community services	154
Data processing	212,163
All other administration	1,068,110
Plant services	52,095
Total depreciation expenses governmental activities	<u><u>\$ 19,359,572</u></u>

Note 5 - Lease Receivables

The District has entered into lease agreements with various lessees. The lease receivables are summarized below:

Lease Receivable	Outstanding July 1, 2023	Addition	Deletion	Outstanding June 30, 2024
Kings Academy	\$ 30,748,479	\$ -	\$ (1,928,020)	\$ 28,820,459
AT&T Wireless Site License - LHS	132,705	-	(50,650)	82,055
T-Mobile Wireless Site License - LHS/SHS	1,002,532	-	(133,824)	868,708
American Tower - FHS	685,410	-	(26,086)	659,324
CC TM PA - FHS	270,968	-	(40,998)	229,970
CCATT Holdings - FHS	257,919	-	(40,501)	217,418
SBA Steel - FHS	328,770	-	(39,067)	289,703
Cupertino Co-Op	48,698	-	(48,698)	-
Total	\$ 33,475,481	\$ -	\$ (2,307,844)	\$ 31,167,637

The District leases a portion of its facilities to Kings Academy. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of thirteen years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$1,928,021 in lease principal payment and \$943,887 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$28,820,459 in lease receivables and \$25,895,311 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 3.16%, based on the State and Local Government Series (SLGS) rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to AT&T Wireless. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of five years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$50,651 in lease principal payment and \$2,504 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$82,055 in lease receivables and \$75,002 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 2.28%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to T-Mobile Wireless. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of nine years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$133,825 in lease principal payment and \$26,751 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$868,708 in lease receivables and \$787,164 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 2.84%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to American Tower. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of nine years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$26,086 in lease principal payment and \$22,500 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$659,324 in lease receivables and \$591,904 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 3.34%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to CC TM PA. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of nine years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$40,998 in lease principal payment and \$7,020 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$229,970 in lease receivables and \$208,569 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 2.78%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to CCATT Holdings. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of nine years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$40,501 in lease principal payment and \$6,638 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$217,418 in lease receivables and \$196,957 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 2.77%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District leases a portion of its facilities to SBA Steel. This lease is non-cancelable for a period of nine years. During the fiscal year, the District recognized \$39,067 in lease principal payment and \$8,961 in interest revenue related to these agreements. As of June 30, 2024, the District recorded \$289,703 in lease receivables and \$261,749 in deferred inflows of resources for this arrangement. The District used an interest rate of 2.88%, based on SLGS rates plus 1.5% risk factor over the same time periods.

The District is negotiating with a lessee with past due rent payments since late fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 at one of the District’s facilities. Multiple amendments to the lease contract were made which were approved by the District’s governing board. Some rent payments were collected but the past due rent receivable as of June 30, 2024 was \$4,094,661 and per generally accepted accounting principles, an allowance was reported for the same amount.

The remaining receivable associated with these leases as of June 30, 2024, are as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Leases Receivable				
	Kings Academy	AT&T Wireless Site License	T-Mobile Wireless Site	American Tower	CC TM PA
2025	\$ 2,077,252	\$ 53,967	\$ 144,182	\$ 28,944	\$ 44,099
2026	2,233,891	28,088	155,098	31,978	47,363
2027	2,398,253	-	166,598	35,196	50,799
2028	2,570,667	-	178,711	38,610	54,418
2029	2,751,475	-	-	-	-
2030-2034	16,788,921	-	224,119	251,788	33,291
2035-2039	-	-	-	272,808	-
Total	<u>\$ 28,820,459</u>	<u>\$ 82,055</u>	<u>\$ 868,708</u>	<u>\$ 659,324</u>	<u>\$ 229,970</u>

<i>Continued</i> Year Ending June 30,	Leases Receivable					
	CCATT Holdings	SBA Steel	Total	CCATT Holdings	SBA Steel	Total
2025	\$ 43,547	\$ 42,153	\$ 2,434,144	\$ 43,547	\$ 42,153	\$ 2,434,144
2026	46,754	45,408	2,588,580	46,754	45,408	2,588,580
2027	50,131	48,838	2,749,815	50,131	48,838	2,749,815
2028	53,686	52,453	2,948,545	53,686	52,453	2,948,545
2029	-	-	2,751,475	-	-	2,751,475
2030-2034	23,300	100,851	17,422,270	23,300	100,851	17,422,270
2035-2039	-	-	272,808	-	-	272,808
Total	<u>\$ 217,418</u>	<u>\$ 289,703</u>	<u>\$ 31,167,637</u>	<u>\$ 217,418</u>	<u>\$ 289,703</u>	<u>\$ 31,167,637</u>
	-	-				

Note 6 - Interfund Transactions

Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due To/Due From)

Interfund receivable and payable balances arise from interfund transactions and are recorded by all funds affected in the period in which transactions are executed. Interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2024, between major and non-major governmental funds, non-major enterprise funds, internal service funds, and fiduciary funds are as follows:

Due To	Due From			Total
	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 2,892,297	\$ 7,092,909	\$ 9,985,206
Building	1,460,188	-	1,500,000	2,960,188
Non-Major Governmental Funds	910,022	-	-	910,022
Total	<u>\$ 2,370,210</u>	<u>\$ 2,892,297</u>	<u>\$ 8,592,909</u>	<u>\$ 13,855,416</u>

All balances resulted from the time lag between the date that (1) interfund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transaction are recorded in the accounting system, and (3) payments between funds are made.

Operating Transfers

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

Transfer To	General Fund	Transfer From Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
General Fund	\$ -	\$ 8,100,000	\$ 8,100,000
Building Fund	2,959,871	-	2,959,871
Total	<u>\$ 2,959,871</u>	<u>\$ 8,100,000</u>	<u>\$ 11,059,871</u>

The Building Fund transferred to General Fund for Technology Matching program operation.

2,959,871

The General Fund transferred to Deferred Maintenance Fund for Maintenance Expense Reimbursement

8,100,000

Total

\$ 11,059,871

Note 7 - Deferred Charge on Refunding

Deferred outflows of resources are a consumption of net position by the District that is applicable to a future reporting period. For governmental activities, the net investment in capital assets amount of \$778,877,519 includes the effect of deferring the recognition of loss from advance refunding. The \$10,694,658 balance of the deferred outflows of resources at June 30, 2024, will be recognized as an expense and as a decrease in net position over the remaining life of related bonds. The \$1,307,608 balance of the deferred inflow of resources at June 30, 2024 will be recognized as a reduction to interest expense and as an increase in net position over the remaining life of the related bonds.

Deferred charge on refunding at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Deferred outflow of resources	<u>\$ 13,375,080</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (2,680,422)</u>	<u>\$ 10,694,658</u>
	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024
Deferred inflow of resources	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,307,608)</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ (1,307,608)</u>

Note 8 - Accounts Payable and due to other governments

Accounts payable at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Vendor payables	\$ 3,021,821	\$ 10,865,708	\$ 49,635	\$ 13,937,164
Salaries and benefits	1,380,305	14,873	69,425	1,464,603
Other	3,564,363	-	-	3,564,363
 Total	 <u>\$ 7,966,489</u>	 <u>\$ 10,880,581</u>	 <u>\$ 119,060</u>	 <u>\$ 18,966,130</u>

Note 9 - Unearned Revenue

Unearned revenue at June 30, 2024, consisted of the following:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Federal financial assistance	\$ 38,221	\$ -	\$ 3,063	\$ 41,284
State categorical aid	1,148,627	-	-	1,148,627
Other local	-	94,760	64,277	159,037
 Total	 <u>\$ 1,186,848</u>	 <u>\$ 94,760</u>	 <u>\$ 67,340</u>	 <u>\$ 1,348,948</u>

Note 10 - Long-Term Liabilities Other than OPEB and Pensions

Summary

The changes in the District's long-term liabilities other than OPEB and pensions during the year consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2023	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2024	Due in One Year
Long-Term Liabilities					
General obligation bonds	\$ 775,902,881	\$ 33,255,213	\$ (67,160,000)	\$ 741,998,094	\$ 19,680,000
Unamortized debt premiums	64,646,945	4,731,554	(7,452,209)	61,926,290	2,695,507
Compensated absences	1,920,582	457,258	(321,314)	2,056,526	925,400
Claims liability	197,569	2,551,945	(2,615,116)	134,398	134,398
Total	\$ 842,667,977	\$ 40,995,970	\$ (77,548,639)	\$ 806,115,308	\$ 23,435,305

Payments on the general obligation bonds are made by the bond interest and redemption fund with local revenues. The compensated absences will be paid by the fund for which the employee worked.

General Obligation Bonds

The outstanding general obligation bonded debt is as follows:

Issuance Date	Final Maturity Date	Interest Rate	Original Issue	Bonds Outstanding July 1, 2023	Issued	Interest Accreted	Redeemed	Refunded	Bonds Outstanding June 30, 2024
03/10/11	8/1/2040	6.87-12.00%	\$ 16,090,108	\$ 5,937,881	\$ -	\$ 650,213	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 6,588,094
03/10/11	2/1/2026	5.45-6.08%	25,000,000	15,310,000	-	-	(310,000)	-	15,000,000
01/29/13	8/1/2044	3.00-5.00%	48,000,000	21,405,000	-	-	-	-	21,405,000
04/08/15	8/1/2044	3.00-5.00%	100,000,000	82,000,000	-	-	-	(18,840,000)	63,160,000
05/14/15	8/1/2040	2.00-5.00%	156,115,000	55,625,000	-	-	(6,685,000)	(17,440,000)	31,500,000
06/20/17	8/1/2046	2.00-5.00%	68,830,000	68,830,000	-	-	-	-	68,830,000
06/20/17	8/1/2030	3.00-4.00%	31,170,000	11,660,000	-	-	(925,000)	-	10,735,000
06/20/17	8/1/2044	2.00-5.00%	44,250,000	38,465,000	-	-	-	-	38,465,000
05/15/19	8/1/2046	3.00-5.00%	100,280,000	89,275,000	-	-	(1,515,000)	-	87,760,000
05/15/19	8/1/2034	5.00%	30,000,000	30,000,000	-	-	-	-	30,000,000
05/11/21	8/1/2042	0.159%-2.77%	52,045,000	50,460,000	-	-	(745,000)	-	49,715,000
05/12/21	8/1/2041	0.15%-4.00%	80,000,000	71,095,000	-	-	(7,765,000)	-	63,330,000
05/12/21	8/1/1936	0.15%-4.00%	30,000,000	25,840,000	-	-	-	-	25,840,000
06/07/23	8/1/1948	5.00%	100,000,000	100,000,000	-	-	(2,395,000)	-	97,605,000
06/07/23	8/1/1943	5.00%	110,000,000	110,000,000	-	-	(10,540,000)	-	99,460,000
04/23/24	8/1/2035	5.00%	32,605,000	-	32,605,000	-	-	-	32,605,000
				\$ 775,902,881	\$ 32,605,000	\$ 650,213	\$ (30,880,000)	\$ (36,280,000)	\$ 741,998,094

Debt Service Requirements to Maturity

The capital appreciation bonds mature as follows:

Bonds Maturing Fiscal Year	Initial Bond Value	Accreted Interest	Accreted Obligation	Unaccreted Interest	Maturity Value
2025	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
2026	-	-	-	-	-
2027	212,976	574,224	787,200	487,800	1,275,000
2028	253,465	683,436	936,901	768,099	1,705,000
2029	280,497	756,285	1,036,782	1,083,218	2,120,000
2030-2034	973,151	1,133,971	2,107,122	2,982,878	5,090,000
Total	\$ 1,720,089	\$ 3,147,916	\$ 4,868,005	\$ 5,321,995	\$ 10,190,000

The current interest bonds mature as follows:

Fiscal Year	Principal	Interest to Maturity	Total
2025	\$ 19,680,000	\$ 28,402,323	\$ 48,082,323
2026	25,315,000	27,301,734	52,616,734
2027	11,392,976	27,541,953	38,934,929
2028	14,158,465	27,469,031	41,627,496
2029	15,295,497	27,329,912	42,625,409
2030-2034	111,543,151	120,862,677	232,405,828
2035-2039	179,660,000	90,833,724	270,493,724
2040-2044	230,065,000	49,738,076	279,803,076
2045-2049	130,020,000	9,128,575	139,148,575
Total	\$ 737,130,089	\$ 408,608,005	\$ 1,145,738,094

Note 11 - Net Other Postemployment Benefit (OPEB) Liability

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and OPEB expense for the following plans:

OPEB Plan	Net OPEB Liability	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	OPEB Expense
District Plan	\$ 26,018,766	\$ 13,314,922	\$ 12,189,217	\$ 3,098,214

Plan Administration

The Employee Benefit Trust administers the Postemployment Benefits Plan (the "Plan") – an agent – multiple employer defined benefit plan that is used to provide postemployment benefits other than pensions for the Fremont Union High School District. Management of the Plan is vested in the District's Governing Board, which consists of five locally elected plan members. A portion of the District's assets are invested in MidAmerica Annuity. The District is in the process of discontinuing their single employer trust fund with MidAmerica Annuity and transferring its assets into a qualifying agent multiple-employer plan.

Benefits Provided

The Plan provides medical, dental and vision insurance benefits to certain retirees and their dependents or spouses. The groups of employees who are eligible for the Plan are as follows:

	Management	Certificated	Classified
Benefits provided	Medical, dental and vision	Medical, dental and vision	Medical, dental and vision
Duration of benefits	5 years	5 years	5 years
Required service	5 years	10 years	10 years
Minimum age	55	55	50
Dependent coverage	Yes	Yes	Spouse
District coverage	100%	100%	100%
Annual District Cap	Same as active	Same as active	Same as active

*Certain management employees are entitled to 7 years of District-paid benefits.

**30 years of service before age 55.

***Management and classified employees who don't qualify for or exhaust these benefits are entitled to minimum benefits pursuant to Government Code Section 22892.

Benefits are provided through a third-party insurer, and the full cost of benefits is covered by the *plan*. The District's Governing Board has the authority to establish and amend the benefit terms as contained within the negotiated labor agreements.

Plan Membership

At June 30, 2022, the valuation date, the Plan membership consisted of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits payments	210
Active employees	893
Total	1,103

Contributions

The contribution requirements of plan members and the District are established and may be amended by the District and the Fremont Educators Association (FEA), the local California Service Employees Association (CSEA), and unrepresented groups. The required contribution is based on projected pay-as-you-go financing requirements, with an additional amount to prefund benefits as determined annually through the agreements between the District, FEA, CSEA, and the unrepresented groups. For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District contributed \$2,176,199 to the plan.

Investment Policy

The Plan’s policy in regard to the allocation of invested assets is established and may be amended by the governing board by a majority vote of its members. It is the policy of the District to pursue an investment strategy that reduces risks through the prudent diversification for the portfolio across a broad selection of distinct asset classes. The Plan’s investment policy discourages the use of cash equivalents, except for liquidity purposes, and aims to refrain from dramatically shifting asset class allocation over short time spans. The following was the governing board’s adopted asset allocation policy as of June 30, 2024:

Asset Class	Target Allocation
Equities Securities	40%
Fixed Income Securities	43%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%
All Commodities	4%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securities (TIPS)	5%

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability as of July 1, 2022 valuation date was measured as of June 30, 2023, and was determined by applying updated procedures to roll forward the total OPEB liability to June 30, 2024. The following assumptions were applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases	2.75%, average, including inflation
Discount rate	6.25%
Investment rate of return	6.25%, net of OPEB plan investment expense, including inflation
Healthcare cost trend rates	4.0% for 2021

The discount rate used for a funded plan is the real rate of return expected for plan assets plus the long-term inflation assumption.

Mortality rates were based on the 2020 CalSTRS Mortality Table for certificated employees and the 2021 CalPERS Active Mortality for Miscellaneous Employees Table for classified employees. Mortality rates vary by age and sex. If employees die prior to retirement, past contributions are available to fund benefits for employees who live to retirement. After retirement, death results in benefit termination or reeducation. Although higher mortality rates reduce service costs, the mortality assumption is not likely to vary from employer to employer.

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the target asset allocation as of June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Policy	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Equities Securities	40%	7.55%
Fixed Income Securities	43%	4.25%
Real Estate Investment Trusts	8%	7.25%
All Commodities	4%	7.55%
Treasury Inflation Protected Securiti	5%	3.00%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 6.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contributions will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected OPEB payments for current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Changes in the Net OPEB Liability

	Increase (Decrease)		
	Total OPEB Liability (a)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)	Net OPEB Liability (a) - (b)
Balance, June 30, 2023	\$ 31,581,064	\$ 9,872,802	\$ 21,708,262
Service cost	1,554,829	-	1,554,829
Interest	1,974,034	269,807	1,704,227
Difference between expected and actual experience	192,572	-	192,572
Employer Contributions	-	1,044,990	(1,044,990)
Experience gains/losses	1,900,357	-	1,900,357
Benefit payments	(1,547,881)	(1,547,881)	-
Administrative expense	-	(3,509)	3,509
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,073,911	(236,593)	4,310,504
Balance, June 30, 2024	\$ 35,654,975	\$ 9,636,209	\$ 26,018,766

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (5.25%)	\$ 29,662,548
Current discount rate (6.25%)	26,018,766
1% increase (7.25%)	22,801,981

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rate

The following presents the net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District’s net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percent lower or higher than the current healthcare costs trend rate:

Healthcare Cost Trend Rate	Net OPEB Liability
1% decrease (3.0%)	\$ 21,794,767
Current healthcare cost trend rate (4.0%)	26,018,766
1% increase (5.0%)	31,084,382

OPEB Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30,2024, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$3,098,214. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources for OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date of \$2,176,199.

At June 30,2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 2,176,199	\$ -
Differences between expected and actual experience	4,684,746	3,489,627
Changes of assumptions	5,572,459	8,699,590
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on OPEB plan investments	881,518	-
Total	\$ 13,314,922	\$ 12,189,217

The deferred outflows of resources for OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date will be recognized as reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year. The remaining deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 136,361
2026	118,226
2027	124,813
2028	(78,994)
2029	(145,278)
Thereafter	(1,205,622)
Total	\$ (1,050,494)

Note 12 - Fund Balances

Fund balances are composed of the following elements:

	General Fund	Building Fund	Bond Interest and Redemption Fund	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
Nonspendable					
Revolving cash	\$ 15,272	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 375	\$ 15,647
Stores inventories	-	-	-	47,209	47,209
Prepaid expenditures	125,915	-	-	14,049	139,964
Permanent Foundation	-	-	-	38,548	38,548
Lease Receivable	-	3,154,415	-	-	3,154,415
Total nonspendable	<u>141,187</u>	<u>3,154,415</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>100,181</u>	<u>3,395,783</u>
Restricted					
Educational programs	27,125,974	-	-	1,677,060	28,803,034
Food service	-	-	-	819,548	819,548
Capital projects	-	209,012,161	-	14,315,220	223,327,381
Debt services	-	-	39,708,779	-	39,708,779
Student activities	-	-	-	2,886,080	2,886,080
Deferred maintenance	-	-	-	22,607,156	22,607,156
Total restricted	<u>27,125,974</u>	<u>209,012,161</u>	<u>39,708,779</u>	<u>42,305,064</u>	<u>318,151,978</u>
Committed					
7% Board approved reserves	16,862,622	-	-	-	16,862,622
Total committed	<u>16,862,622</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>16,862,622</u>
Assigned					
Enrichment programs	6,982,369	-	-	-	6,982,369
Capital Projects	-	61,897,088	-	-	61,897,088
Total assigned	<u>6,982,369</u>	<u>61,897,088</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>68,879,457</u>
Unassigned					
Reserve for economic uncertainties	7,226,838	-	-	-	7,226,838
Total unassigned	<u>7,226,838</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,226,838</u>
Total	<u>\$58,338,990</u>	<u>\$274,063,664</u>	<u>\$39,708,779</u>	<u>\$42,405,245</u>	<u>\$414,516,678</u>

Note 13 - Risk Management

Property and Liability

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2024, the District participated in the Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (North CalReLiEF) for excess property and liability coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant reduction in coverage from the prior year.

Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2024, the District participated in the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group for the workers' compensation coverage.

Claims Liabilities

The District records an estimated liability for Workers' Compensation claims filed prior to March 1, 1996. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and estimates for claims incurred, but not reported based on historical experience for some self-insured programs, such as dental, vision and property and liability.

Unpaid Claims Liabilities

The fund establishes a liability for both reported and unreported events, which includes estimates of both future payments of losses and related claim adjustment expenses. The following represent the changes in approximate workers' compensation, dental, vision and property and general liability claims liabilities for the District from July 1, 2022 to June 30, 2024:

	Workers' Compensation	Dental	Vision	Liability	Total
Liability Balance, July 1, 2022	\$ 58,943	\$ 74,866	\$ 9,945	\$ -	\$ 143,754
Claims payments	-	(1,345,071)	(151,455)	(1,213,617)	(2,710,143)
Claims and changes in estimates	2,800	1,370,393	148,882	1,241,883	2,763,958
Liability Balance, June 30, 2023	61,743	100,188	7,372	28,266	197,569
Claims payments	(39,300)	(258,012)	(1,063,146)	(1,254,658)	(2,615,116)
Claims and changes in estimates	-	166,320	1,080,595	1,305,030	2,551,945
Liability Balance, June, 30, 2024	<u>\$ 22,443</u>	<u>\$ 8,496</u>	<u>\$ 24,821</u>	<u>\$ 78,638</u>	<u>\$ 134,398</u>
Assets available to pay claims at June 30, 2024	<u>\$ 626,604</u>	<u>\$ 150,380</u>	<u>\$ 3,615,555</u>	<u>\$ 1,037,733</u>	<u>\$ 5,430,272</u>

Note 14 - Employee Retirement Systems

Qualified employees are covered under multiple-employer defined benefit pension plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Academic employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2024, the District reported its proportionate share of net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and pension expense for each of the above plans as follows:

<u>Pension Plan</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>	<u>Pension Expense</u>
CalSTRS	\$ 100,599,042	\$ 34,127,728	\$ 10,659,603	\$ 14,829,359
CalPERS	81,947,497	28,499,829	2,076,703	13,281,623
Total	<u>\$ 182,546,539</u>	<u>\$ 62,627,557</u>	<u>\$ 12,736,306</u>	<u>\$ 28,110,982</u>

The details of each plan are as follows:

California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description

The District contributes to the State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) administered by the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). STRP is a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022, annual actuarial valuation report, Defined Benefit Program Actuarial Valuation. This report and CalSTRS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalSTRS website under Publications at: <http://www.calstrs.com/member-publications>.

Benefits Provided

The STRP provides retirement, disability and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' final compensation, age, and years of service credit. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 60. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of credited service are eligible for the normal retirement benefit at age 62. The normal retirement benefit is equal to 2.0% of final compensation for each year of credited service.

The STRP is comprised of four programs: Defined Benefit Program, Defined Benefit Supplement Program, Cash Balance Benefit Program, and Replacement Benefits Program. The STRP holds assets for the exclusive purpose of providing benefits to members and beneficiaries of these programs. CalSTRS also uses plan assets to defray reasonable expenses of administering the STRP. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the state is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the state is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP.

The District contributes exclusively to the STRP Defined Benefit Program; thus, disclosures are not included for the other plans.

The STRP provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	STRS Defined Benefit Program	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 60	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	60	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	2.0% - 2.4%	2.0% - 2.4%
Required employee contribution rate	10.25%	10.205%
Required employer contribution rate	19.10%	19.10%
Required state contribution rate	10.828%	10.828%

Contributions

Required member, District and State of California contributions rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. The contributions rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial method. In accordance with AB 1469, employer contributions into the CalSTRS will be increasing to a total of 19.10% of applicable member earnings phased over a seven-year period. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the District's total contributions were \$17,171,691.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2024, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability that reflected a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net pension liability, the related state support and the total portion of the net pension liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

Total net pension liability, including State share	
Proportionate share of net pension liability	\$ 100,599,042
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	<u>48,199,830</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 148,798,872</u></u>

The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the State, actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively was 0.1321% and 0.1273%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of 0.0048%.

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$14,829,359. In addition, the District recognized pension expense and revenue of \$6,556,508 for support provided by the State. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 17,171,691	\$ -
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions	8,037,500	5,277,044
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	430,604	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	7,905,428	5,382,559
Changes of assumptions	<u>582,505</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u><u>\$ 34,127,728</u></u>	<u><u>\$ 10,659,603</u></u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2025	\$ (3,164,923)
2026	(4,959,990)
2027	8,151,001
2028	404,516
	<u>404,516</u>
Total	<u>\$ 430,604</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District's proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is seven years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2025	\$ 1,261,646
2026	599,350
2027	989,644
2028	596,704
2029	532,142
Thereafter	1,886,344
	<u>1,886,344</u>
Total	<u>\$ 5,865,830</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for STRP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 2015 through June 30, 2018
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	7.10%
Investment rate of return	7.10%
Consumer price inflation	2.75%
Wage growth	3.50%

CalSTRS uses a generational mortality assumption, which involves the use of a base mortality table and projection scales to reflect expected annual reductions in mortality rates at each age, resulting in increases in life expectancies each year into the future. The base mortality tables are CalSTRS custom tables derived to best fit the patterns of mortality among its members. The projection scale was set equal to 110% of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2019) table, issued by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the board in January 2020 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each current and future valuation, CalSTRS' independent consulting actuary (Milliman) reviews the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of expected 20-year geometrically linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class for the year ended June 30, 2023, are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Public equity	38%	5.25%
Real estate	15%	4.05%
Private equity	14%	6.75%
Fixed income	14%	2.45%
Risk mitigating strategies	10%	2.25%
Inflation sensitive	7%	3.65%
Cash/liquidity	2%	0.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return of 7.10% and assume that contributions, benefit payments and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on these assumptions, the STRP’s fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

<u>Discount Rate</u>	<u>Net Pension Liability</u>
1% decrease (6.10%)	\$ 168,746,866
Current discount rate (7.10%)	100,599,042
1% increase (8.10%)	43,994,332

California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description

Qualified employees are eligible to participate in the School Employer Pool (SEP) under the California Public Employees’ Retirement System (CalPERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by CalPERS. Benefit provisions are established by State statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

A full description of the pension plan regarding benefit provisions, assumptions (for funding, but not accounting purposes), and membership information is listed in the June 30, 2022 annual actuarial valuation report, and Schools Pool Actuarial Valuation. These reports and CalPERS audited financial information are publicly available reports that can be found on the CalPERS website under Forms and Publications at: <https://www.calpers.ca.gov/page/forms-publications>.

Benefits Provided

CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of service credit, a benefit factor and the member’s final compensation. Members hired on or before December 31, 2012, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 50 with statutorily reduced benefits. Members hired on or after January 1, 2013, with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 52 with statutorily reduced benefits. All members are eligible for non-duty disability benefits after five years of service. The Basic Death Benefit is paid to any member’s beneficiary if the member dies while actively employed. An employee’s eligible survivor may receive the 1957 Survivor Benefit if the member dies while actively employed, is at least age 50 (or 52 for members hired on or after January 1, 2013) and has at least five years of credited service. The cost-of-living adjustments for each plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees’ Retirement Law.

The CalPERS provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2024, are summarized as follows:

	<u>School Employer Pool (CalPERS)</u>	
	On or before December 31, 2012	On or after January 1, 2013
Hire date		
Benefit formula	2% at 55	2% at 62
Benefit vesting schedule	5 years of service	5 years of service
Benefit payments	Monthly for life	Monthly for life
Retirement age	55	62
Monthly benefits as a percentage of eligible compensation	1.1% - 2.5%	1.0% - 2.5%
Required employee contribution rate	7.00%	8.00%
Required employer contribution rate	26.680%	26.680%

Contributions

Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees’ Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. The contributions rates are expressed as percentage of annual payroll. The contribution rates for each plan for the year ended June 30, 2024, are presented above and the total District contributions were \$11,705,688.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, Deferred Outflows of Resources, and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2024, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate share of the CalPERS net pension liability totaling \$81,947,497. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2023. The District’s proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District’s long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts, actuarially determined. The District’s proportionate share for the measurement period June 30, 2023 and June 30, 2022, respectively was 0.2264% and 0.2326%, resulting in a net decrease in the proportionate share of (0.0062%).

For the year ended June 30, 2024, the District recognized pension expense of \$13,281,623. At June 30, 2024, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	<u>Deferred Outflows of Resources</u>	<u>Deferred Inflows of Resources</u>
Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$ 11,705,688	
Change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions	1,275,194	818,110
Differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	8,753,163	-
Differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability	2,990,496	1,258,593
Changes of assumptions	<u>3,775,288</u>	<u>-</u>
Total	<u>\$ 28,499,829</u>	<u>\$ 2,076,703</u>

The deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments will be amortized over a closed five-year period and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

<u>Year Ended June 30,</u>	<u>Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources</u>
2025	\$ 1,632,806
2026	967,315
2027	5,880,637
2028	<u>272,405</u>
Total	<u>\$ 8,753,163</u>

The deferred outflows/(inflows) of resources related to the change in proportion and differences between contributions made and District’s proportionate share of contributions, differences between expected and actual experience in the measurement of the total pension liability, and changes of assumptions will be amortized over the Expected Average Remaining Service Life (EARSL) of all members that are provided benefits (active, inactive, and retirees) as of the beginning of the measurement period. The EARSL for the measurement period is 3.9 years and will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Deferred Outflows/(Inflows) of Resources
2025	\$ 3,104,841
2026	2,228,883
2027	630,551
2028	-
Total	<u>\$ 5,964,275</u>

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Total pension liability for the SEP was determined by applying update procedures to the financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2023. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2022, used the following methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Valuation date	June 30, 2022
Measurement date	June 30, 2023
Experience study	July 1, 1997 through June 30, 2015
Actuarial cost method	Entry age normal
Discount rate	6.90%
Investment rate of return	6.90%
Consumer price inflation	2.30%
Wage growth	Varies by entry age and service

The mortality table used was developed based on CalPERS-specific data. The rates incorporate Generational Mortality to capture ongoing mortality improvement using 80% of Scale MP-2020 published by the Society of Actuaries.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first ten years) and the long term (11+ years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the rounded single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equal to the single equivalent rate calculated above and adjusted to account for assumed administrative expenses. The target asset allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Assumed Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Global Equity - cap-weighted	30%	4.54%
Global Equity non-cap-weighted	12%	3.84%
Private Equity	13%	7.28%
Treasury	5%	0.27%
Mortgage-backed Securities	5%	0.50%
Investment Grade Corporates	10%	1.56%
High Yield	5%	2.27%
Emerging Market Debt	5%	2.48%
Private Debt	5%	3.57%
Real Assets	15%	3.21%
Leverage	(5%)	(0.59%)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made at statutorily required rates, actuarially determined. Based on these assumptions, the School Employer Pool fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on the School Employer Pool investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine total pension liability.

The following presents the District’s proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the current discount rate as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percent lower or higher than the current rate:

Discount Rate	Net Pension Liability
1% decrease (5.90%)	\$118,474,898
Current discount rate (6.90%)	81,947,497
1% increase (7.90%)	51,758,431

Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (CalSTRS or CalPERS) must be covered by Social Security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use the APPLE Retirement Program as its alternative plan. Contributions made by the District and an employee vest immediately. The District contributes 1.3% of an employee's gross earnings. An employee is required to contribute 6.2% of his or her gross earnings to the pension plan.

On Behalf Payments

The State of California makes contributions to CalSTRS on behalf of the District. These payments consist of State General Fund contributions to CalSTRS in the amount of \$7,709,628 (10.828% of annual payroll). Contributions are no longer appropriated in the annual Budget Act for the legislatively mandated benefits to CalPERS. Therefore, there is no on behalf contribution rate for CalPERS. Under accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, these amounts are to be reported as revenues and expenditures. Accordingly, these amounts have been recorded in these financial statements. On behalf payments have been included in the calculation of available reserves but have not been included in the budgeted amounts reported in the General Fund - Budgetary Comparison Schedule.

Note 15 - Commitments and Contingencies**Grants**

The District received financial assistance from Federal and State agencies in the form of grants. The disbursement of funds received under these programs generally requires compliance with terms and conditions specified in the grant agreements and are subject to audit by the grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims resulting from such audits could become a liability of the General Fund or other applicable funds. However, in the opinion of management, any such disallowed claims will not have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Litigation

The District is involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of all litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2024.

Construction Commitments

As of June 30, 2024, the District had the following commitments with respect to the unfinished capital projects:

<u>Capital Project</u>	<u>Remaining Construction Commitment</u>	<u>Expected Date of Completion</u>
Modernization at various sites		
District Site - Maintenance Yard Modernization	\$ 273,245	8/31/2024
Stockmeir Elementary School Shade Structure	80,189	8/31/2024
District Wide - Technology Upgrades & Replacement	183,355	9/30/2024
FHS - Interim Housing	222,216	9/30/2024
HHS - Classroom Modernization Bldg A Seismic Upgrade	38,646	9/30/2024
HHS - Classroom Modernization Bldg B & Seismic Upgrade	76,812	9/30/2024
District Site - Adult Ed Classroom Conversion	706,399	10/31/2024
District Site - Solar & Parking Lot Improvements	3,149,165	12/31/2024
LHS - Classroom Modernization Bldg 000	4,850,305	8/31/2025
LHS - Classroom Modernization Bldg 300 & Site Development	11,122,934	8/31/2025
LHS - Utility Infrastructure Improvement	1,532,815	8/31/2025
LHS - Bldg 100 Classroom Modernization	5,660,283	8/31/2025
LHS - New Voyager Building	12,273,910	9/30/2025
District Wide - Sunnyvale Lakewood Library Clssrms	2,400,000	12/31/2025
MVHS - TMusic Bldg F4 Modernization	423,784	12/31/2025
FHS - New Field House & Athletic Complex	1,902,605	3/31/2026
LHS - Classroom Modernization Bldg 400	244,364	8/31/2026
District Wide - New Robotics Center	1,458,792	8/31/2026
LHS - Bldg 200 Classroom Modernization	293,423	8/31/2026
District Wide - Athletic Field Turf Repair/Replacement	<u>13,341,509</u>	12/31/2026
Total	<u>\$ 60,234,751</u>	

Note 16 - Participation in Public Entity Risk Pools, Joint Powers Authorities and Other Related Party Transactions

The District is a member of the Silicon Valley Joint Powers Transportation Agency (SVJPA), the Santa Clara County Schools Insurance Group (SCCSIG), and the Northern California Regional Liability Excess Fund (North CalReLiEF). The relationship between the District, the pools and the JPA's are such that they are not component units of the District for financial reporting purposes.

These entities have budgeting and financial reporting requirements independent of member units and their financial statements are not presented in these financial statements; however, fund transactions between the entities and the District are included in these statements. Audited financial statements are generally available from the respective entities. The District has appointed one board member to the Governing Board of SVJPA, SCCSIG, and North CalReLiEF. During the year ended June 30, 2024, the District made payments as follows:

Related Entities	Service Payments	Service Provided
SVJPA	\$ 2,052,391	Transportation for special education students
SCCSIG	2,097,355	Excess workers' compensation insurance
Noth Cal Relief	1,055,397	Property and Liability Insurance

Required Supplementary Information
June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District

Fremont Union High School District
 Budgetary Comparison Schedule – General Fund
 Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual	Variances - Positive (Negative)
	Original	Final		Final to Actual
Revenues				
Local Control Funding Formula	187,820,027	190,985,218	198,986,352	8,001,134
Federal sources	3,114,094	3,178,557	3,333,736	155,179
Other State sources	12,531,560	16,655,126	19,549,041	2,893,915
Other local sources	10,800,015	11,651,402	12,426,404	775,002
Total revenues	<u>214,265,696</u>	<u>222,470,303</u>	<u>234,295,533</u>	<u>11,825,230</u>
Expenditures				
Current				
Certificated salaries	85,481,188	87,988,816	95,802,827	7,814,011
Classified salaries	35,449,365	36,998,353	40,609,024	3,610,671
Employee benefits	56,648,257	57,447,925	61,313,297	3,865,372
Books and supplies	6,705,259	8,376,755	6,516,221	(1,860,534)
Services and operating expenditures	24,531,891	26,472,663	25,328,283	(1,144,380)
Other outgo	(372,367)	(383,119)	3,208,718	3,591,837
Capital outlay	553,885	834,781	661,174	(173,607)
Total expenditures	<u>208,997,478</u>	<u>217,736,174</u>	<u>233,439,544</u>	<u>15,703,370</u>
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures	<u>5,268,219</u>	<u>4,734,130</u>	<u>855,989</u>	<u>(3,878,141)</u>
Other Financing Sources (Uses)				
Transfers in	835,735	835,735	2,959,871	2,124,136
Transfers out	(2,410,390)	(1,407,065)	(8,100,000)	(6,692,935)
Net financing sources (uses)	<u>(1,574,655)</u>	<u>(571,330)</u>	<u>(5,140,129)</u>	<u>(4,568,799)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balances	3,693,563	4,162,800	(4,284,140)	(8,446,940)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>62,623,130</u>	<u>62,623,130</u>	<u>62,623,130</u>	<u>-</u>
Fund Balance - Ending	<u>\$ 66,316,693</u>	<u>\$ 66,785,930</u>	<u>\$ 58,338,990</u>	<u>\$ (8,446,940)</u>

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of Changes in the District's Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Fiscal Year	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB Liability							
Service cost	\$ 1,554,829	\$1,513,216	\$ 4,863,390	\$ 3,652,614	\$ 2,559,702	\$ 2,491,194	\$ 2,424,520
Interest	1,974,034	1,868,690	956,206	759,492	1,132,980	1,021,333	917,585
Difference between expected and actual benefit payments	-	-	530,017	249,349	753,398	-	-
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,900,357	918,518	(5,182,855)	-	2,609,231	-	-
Changes of assumptions	192,572	-	(11,599,455)	5,740,133	2,489,400	-	-
Benefit payments	(1,547,881)	(2,579,556)	(1,844,640)	(1,673,988)	(1,653,178)	(1,000,905)	(991,200)
Net change in total OPEB liability	4,073,911	1,720,868	(12,277,337)	8,727,600	7,891,533	2,511,622	2,350,905
Total OPEB Liability - Beginning	31,581,064	29,860,196	42,137,533	33,409,933	25,518,400	23,006,778	20,655,873
Total OPEB Liability - Ending (a)	<u>\$ 35,654,975</u>	<u>\$ 31,581,064</u>	<u>\$ 29,860,196</u>	<u>\$ 42,137,533</u>	<u>\$ 33,409,933</u>	<u>\$ 25,518,400</u>	<u>\$ 23,006,778</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position							
Contributions - employer	\$ 1,044,990	\$ 3,082,447	\$ 1,844,640	\$ 3,652,612	\$ 1,653,178	\$ 1,000,905	\$ 962,409
Net investment income	269,807	(386,439)	235,831	139,686	104,719	103,361	116,073
Benefit payments	(1,547,881)	(2,579,556)	(1,844,640)	(1,673,988)	(1,653,178)	(1,000,905)	(991,200)
Administrative expense	(3,509)	(2,505)	(296)	(2,654)	-	-	-
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	(236,593)	113,947	235,535	2,115,656	104,719	103,361	87,282
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Beginning	9,872,802	9,758,855	9,523,320	7,407,664	7,302,945	7,199,584	7,112,302
Plan Fiduciary Net Position - Ending (b)	<u>\$ 9,636,209</u>	<u>\$ 9,872,802</u>	<u>\$ 9,758,855</u>	<u>\$ 9,523,320</u>	<u>\$ 7,407,664</u>	<u>\$ 7,302,945</u>	<u>\$ 7,199,584</u>
Net OPEB Liability - Ending (a) - (b)	<u>\$ 26,018,766</u>	<u>\$ 21,708,262</u>	<u>\$ 20,101,341</u>	<u>\$ 32,614,213</u>	<u>\$ 26,002,269</u>	<u>\$ 18,215,455</u>	<u>\$ 15,807,194</u>
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total OPEB Liability	27.03%	31.26%	32.68%	22.60%	22.17%	28.62%	31.29%
Covered Payroll	\$ 127,299,348	\$114,634,057	\$ 106,813,865	\$ 102,281,242	\$ 98,575,729	\$ 82,035,344	\$ 91,832,884
Net OPEB Liability as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Measurement Date	June 30, 2024	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019	June 30, 2018

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

¹ The District's OPEB Plan is administered through a trust, however, contributions are not made based on a measure of pay; therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions for OPEB
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018
Actuarially determined contribution	\$ 2,176,199	\$ 3,082,447	\$ 3,082,447	\$ 1,844,640	\$ 1,314,623	\$ 1,427,793	\$ 899,780
Contribution in relation to the actuarially determined contribution	2,176,199	3,082,447	3,082,447	1,844,640	1,673,988	1,653,178	1,000,905
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (359,365)	\$ (225,385)	\$ (101,125)
Covered-employee payroll payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹	N/A ¹

¹ Contributions are not made based on a measure of pay. Therefore, no measure of payroll is presented.

Note: In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
CalSTRS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1321%	0.1273%	0.1348%	0.1269%	0.1233%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 100,599,042	\$ 88,481,936	\$ 61,335,333	\$ 122,995,483	\$ 111,328,981
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	48,199,830	44,311,408	30,861,561	63,404,186	60,737,392
Total	<u>\$ 148,798,872</u>	<u>\$ 132,793,344</u>	<u>\$ 92,196,894</u>	<u>\$ 186,399,669</u>	<u>\$ 172,066,373</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 89,904,141	\$ 81,712,942	\$ 75,491,194	\$ 73,281,913	\$ 70,112,807
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	111.90%	108.28%	81.25%	167.84%	158.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	81%	81%	87%	72%	73%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.1239%	0.1178%	0.1190%	0.1187%	0.1157%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 113,856,062	\$ 108,971,315	\$ 96,257,466	\$ 79,891,779	\$ 67,631,744
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability	65,187,921	64,466,509	54,797,658	42,253,944	40,838,967
Total	<u>\$ 179,043,983</u>	<u>\$ 173,437,824</u>	<u>\$ 151,055,124</u>	<u>\$ 122,145,723</u>	<u>\$ 108,470,711</u>
Covered payroll	\$ 67,549,644	\$ 66,341,067	\$ 62,947,186	\$ 59,928,714	\$ 55,269,336
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	168.55%	164.26%	152.92%	133.31%	122.37%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71%	69%	70%	74%	77%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	2024	2023	2022	2021	2020
CalPERS					
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2264%	0.2326%	0.2332%	0.2206%	0.2226%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 81,947,497	\$ 80,028,085	\$ 47,422,138	\$ 67,688,859	\$ 64,882,916
Covered payroll	\$ 43,874,393	\$ 42,093,618	\$ 39,142,863	\$ 33,531,952	\$ 32,168,435
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	186.78%	190.12%	121.15%	201.86%	201.70%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	70%	70%	81%	70%	70%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2023	June 30, 2022	June 30, 2021	June 30, 2020	June 30, 2019
	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Proportion of the net pension liability	0.2236%	0.2178%	0.2177%	0.2108%	0.2056%
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 59,622,510	\$ 51,988,034	\$ 42,999,244	\$ 31,068,349	\$ 23,344,213
Covered payroll	\$ 30,987,770	\$ 29,500,483	\$ 27,758,187	\$ 26,128,463	\$ 22,492,346
Proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	192.41%	176.23%	154.91%	118.91%	103.79%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	71%	72%	74%	79%	83%
Measurement Date	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalSTRS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
CalSTRS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 17,171,691	\$ 15,607,172	\$12,773,110	\$ 11,835,029	\$ 11,989,290
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>17,171,691</u>	<u>15,607,172</u>	<u>12,773,110</u>	<u>11,835,029</u>	<u>11,989,290</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 89,904,141</u>	<u>\$ 81,712,942</u>	<u>\$ 75,491,194</u>	<u>\$ 73,281,913</u>	<u>\$ 70,112,807</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>19.10%</u>	<u>16.92%</u>	<u>16.15%</u>	<u>17.10%</u>
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 10,997,082	\$ 9,573,016	\$ 7,918,756	\$ 6,430,351	\$ 4,907,917
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>10,997,082</u>	<u>9,573,016</u>	<u>7,918,756</u>	<u>6,430,351</u>	<u>4,907,917</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 67,549,644</u>	<u>\$ 66,341,067</u>	<u>\$ 62,947,186</u>	<u>\$ 59,928,714</u>	<u>\$ 55,269,336</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>16.28%</u>	<u>14.43%</u>	<u>12.58%</u>	<u>10.73%</u>	<u>8.88%</u>

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of the District's Contributions - CalPERS
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>	<u>2021</u>	<u>2020</u>
CalPERS					
Contractually required contribution	\$ 11,705,688	\$ 10,679,151	\$8,967,630	\$ 6,941,114	\$ 6,343,937
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>11,705,688</u>	<u>10,679,151</u>	<u>8,967,630</u>	<u>6,941,114</u>	<u>6,343,937</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 43,874,393</u>	<u>\$ 42,093,618</u>	<u>\$ 39,142,863</u>	<u>\$ 33,531,952</u>	<u>\$ 32,168,435</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>26.680%</u>	<u>25.370%</u>	<u>22.910%</u>	<u>20.700%</u>	<u>19.721%</u>
	<u>2019</u>	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>	<u>2016</u>	<u>2015</u>
Contractually required contribution	\$ 5,597,011	\$ 4,581,720	\$ 3,855,057	\$ 3,095,439	\$ 2,647,574
Less contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution	<u>5,597,011</u>	<u>4,581,720</u>	<u>3,855,057</u>	<u>3,095,439</u>	<u>2,647,574</u>
Contribution deficiency (excess)	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$ -</u>
Covered payroll	<u>\$ 30,987,770</u>	<u>\$ 29,500,483</u>	<u>\$ 27,758,187</u>	<u>\$ 26,128,463</u>	<u>\$ 22,492,346</u>
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	<u>18.062%</u>	<u>15.531%</u>	<u>13.888%</u>	<u>11.847%</u>	<u>11.771%</u>

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Budgetary Comparison Schedule

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and provisions of the California *Education Code*. The governing board is required to hold a public hearing and adopt an operating budget no later than July 1 of each year. The adopted budget is subject to amendment throughout the year to give consideration to unanticipated revenue and expenditures primarily resulting from events unknown at the time of budget adoption with the legal restriction that expenditures cannot exceed appropriations by major object account.

The amounts reported as the original budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts when the original appropriations were adopted. The amounts reported as the final budgeted amounts in the budgetary statements reflect the amounts after all budget amendments have been accounted for.

This schedule presents information for the original and final budgets and actual results of operations, as well as the variances from the final budget to actual results of operations.

At June 30, 2024, the District’s General fund exceeded the budgeted amount in below object account:

Funds	Expenditures and Other Uses		
	Budget	Actual	Excess
Certificated salaries	\$ 87,988,816	\$ 95,802,827	\$ 7,814,011
Classified salaries	36,998,353	40,609,024	3,610,671
Employee benefits	57,447,925	61,313,297	3,865,372
Other outgo	(383,119)	3,208,718	3,591,837

Schedule of Changes in the District’s Net OPEB Liability and Related Ratios

This schedule presents information on the District’s changes in the net OPEB liability, including beginning and ending balances, the plan’s fiduciary net position, and the net OPEB liability. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were not changes in benefit terms since the previous valuation.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were not changes in assumptions since the previous valuation.

Schedule of OPEB Investment Returns

This schedule presents information on the annual money-weighted rate of return on OPEB plan investments. In future years, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Schedule of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

This schedule presents information on the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (NPL), the plans' fiduciary net position and, when applicable, the State's proportionate share of the NPL associated with the District. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

- *Changes in Benefit Terms* – There were no changes in benefit terms since the previous valuations for both CalSTRS and CalPERS.
- *Changes of Assumptions* – There were no changes in economic assumptions for the CalSTRS or CalPERS plans from the previous valuations.

Schedule of the District's Contributions

This schedule presents information on the District's required contribution, the amounts actually contributed, and any excess or deficiency related to the required contribution. In the future, as data becomes available, ten years of information will be presented.

Supplementary Information

June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards
Year Ended June 30, 2024

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor/Program or Cluster Title	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U.S. Department of Education			
Passed Through California Department of Education (CDE)			
Special Education Cluster			
Special Education Grants to States - Basic Local Assistance	84.027	13379	\$ 1,884,381
Special Education Grants to States - Mental Health Services	84.027	15197	<u>121,453</u>
Total Special Education Cluster			<u>2,005,834</u>
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	14508	236,024
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	13978	91,631
Adult Education - Basic Grants to States	84.002	14109	<u>120,469</u>
Subtotal			<u>448,124</u>
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	15146	52,341
English Language Acquisition State Grants - LEP	84.365	14346	<u>121,549</u>
Subtotal			<u>173,890</u>
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States	84.048	14894	<u>120,984</u>
Subtotal			<u>120,984</u>
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010	14329	218,843
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants - Teacher Quality	84.367	14341	140,850
Rehabilitation Services Vocational Rehabilitation Grants to States - Workability II	84.126	10006	<u>673,335</u>
Total U.S. Department of Education			<u>3,781,860</u>
U.S. Department of Agriculture			
Passed Through California Department of Education			
Child Nutrition Cluster			
School Breakfast Program - National School Breakfast	10.553	13526	407,528
National School Lunch Program	10.555	13391	509,621
National School Lunch Program - Supply Chain	10.555	15655	602,027
National School Lunch Program - Local Food for Schools	10.555	15708	60,201
National School Lunch Program - Summer Food Program	10.559	13004	26,644
National School Lunch Program - Commodities	10.555	15655	<u>300,463</u>
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			<u>1,906,484</u>
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			<u>1,906,484</u>
Total Federal Financial Assistance			<u>\$ 5,688,344</u>

Fremont Union High School District
 Schedule of Average Daily Attendance
 Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Final Report	
	Second Period Report	Annual Report
Regular ADA		
Ninth through twelfth	9,121.60	9,093.25
Total Regular ADA	9,121.60	9,093.25
Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Ninth through twelfth	19.90	10.25
Total Special Education, Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools	19.90	10.25
Community Day School		
Ninth through twelfth	5.87	5.36
Total Community Day School	5.87	5.36
Total ADA	9,147.37	9,108.86

Fremont Union High School District

Schedule of Instructional Time

Year Ended June 30, 2024

<u>Grade Level</u>	<u>Minutes Requirement</u>	<u>2023-2024 Actual Minutes</u>	<u>Traditional Calendar Number of Actual Days</u>	<u>Multitrack Calendar Number of Actual Days</u>	<u>Status</u>
Grades 9 - 12	64,800				
Grade 9		64,936	181	N/A	Complied
Grade 10		64,801	181	N/A	Complied
Grade 11		65,116	181	N/A	Complied
Grade 12		64,830	181	N/A	Complied

Fremont Union High School District
 Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements
 Year Ended June 30, 2024

Summarized below are the fund balance reconciliations between the Unaudited Actual Financial Report and the audited financial statements.

	Building Fund
Fund Balance	
Balance, June 30, 2024, Unaudited Actuals	\$ 273,353,787
Decrease in	
Lease receivables	(20,202)
Increase in	
Deferred Infow of Resources- Leases	730,079
Balance, June 30, 2024, Audited Financial Statements	\$ 274,063,664

Fremont Union High School District
Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	(Budget) 2025 ¹	2024	2023 ¹	2022 ¹
General Fund				
Revenues	\$ 233,305,140	\$ 234,295,533	\$221,184,952	\$ 202,945,440
Other sources	2,335,735	2,959,871	1,032,895	337,087
Total revenues and other sources	<u>235,640,875</u>	<u>237,255,404</u>	<u>222,217,847</u>	<u>203,282,527</u>
Expenditures	233,195,062	233,439,544	209,028,087	195,370,511
Other uses and transfers out	1,621,783	8,100,000	1,705,797	2,868,801
Total expenditures and other uses	<u>234,816,845</u>	<u>241,539,544</u>	<u>210,733,884</u>	<u>198,239,312</u>
Increase/(Decrease) in Fund Balance	<u>824,030</u>	<u>(4,284,140)</u>	<u>11,483,963</u>	<u>5,043,215</u>
Ending Fund Balance	<u>\$ 59,163,020</u>	<u>\$ 58,338,990</u>	<u>\$ 62,623,130</u>	<u>\$ 51,139,167</u>
Available Reserves ²	<u>\$ 6,805,935</u>	<u>\$ 7,226,838</u>	<u>\$10,094,524</u>	<u>\$ 7,797,173</u>
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	<u>2.90%</u>	<u>2.99%</u>	<u>4.79%</u>	<u>3.93%</u>
Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 991,245,308</u>	<u>\$ 1,014,680,613</u>	<u>\$1,032,886,260</u>	<u>\$ 772,066,572</u>
K-12 Average Daily Attendance at P-2	<u>9,032</u>	<u>9,147</u>	<u>9,510</u>	<u>9,765</u>

The General Fund balance has increased by \$7,199,823 over the past two years. The fiscal year 2024-2025 budget projects a further increase of \$824,030 (1.4%). For a district this size, the State recommends available reserves of at least 3% of total General Fund expenditures, transfers out, and other uses (total outgo).

The District has passed a resolution to maintain a minimum available reserve of 10%. During the year, the District has \$7,223,388 (3%) designated to economic uncertainties and additional \$16,862,622 (7%) committed fund balance to comply to its board policies.

The District has incurred operating surpluses in two of the past three years and anticipates incurring an operating deficit during the 2023-2024 fiscal year. Total long-term liabilities have increased by \$242,614,041 over the past two years.

Average daily attendance has decreased by 618 over the past two years. Additional decline of 115 ADA is anticipated during fiscal year 2024-2025.

¹ Financial information for 2025, 2023, and 2022 are included for analytical purposes only and has not been subjected to audit.

² Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances including all amounts reserved for economic uncertainties contained with the General Fund.

Fremont Union High School District
Combining Balance Sheet – Non-Major Governmental Funds
June 30, 2024

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Foundation Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Assets								
Deposits and investments	\$ 2,886,080	\$ 1,719,406	\$ 475,599	\$ 14,382,829	\$ 38,117	\$ 5,014,709	\$ 9,163,264	\$ 33,680,004
Receivables	-	212,593	675,340	141,885	431	47,598	89,649	1,167,496
Due from other funds	-	866	492,043	8,100,000	-	-	-	8,592,909
Prepaid expenditures	-	14,049	-	-	-	-	-	14,049
Stores inventories	-	-	47,209	-	-	-	-	47,209
Total assets	\$ 2,886,080	\$ 1,946,914	\$ 1,690,191	\$ 22,624,714	\$ 38,548	\$ 5,062,307	\$ 9,252,913	\$ 43,501,667
Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$ -	\$ 52,147	\$ 49,355	\$ 17,558	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 119,060
Due to other funds	-	203,658	706,364	-	-	-	-	910,022
Unearned revenue	-	-	67,340	-	-	-	-	67,340
Total liabilities	-	255,805	823,059	17,558	-	-	-	1,096,422
Fund Balances								
Nonspendable	-	14,049	47,584	-	38,548	-	-	100,181
Restricted	2,886,080	1,677,060	819,548	22,607,156	-	5,062,307	9,252,913	42,305,064
Total fund balances	2,886,080	1,691,109	867,132	22,607,156	38,548	5,062,307	9,252,913	42,405,245
Total liabilities, and fund balances	\$ 2,886,080	\$ 1,946,914	\$ 1,690,191	\$ 22,624,714	\$ 38,548	\$ 5,062,307	\$ 9,252,913	\$ 43,501,667

Fremont Union High School District

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Non-Major Governmental Funds
Year Ended June 30, 2024

	Student Activity Fund	Adult Education Fund	Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund	Foundation Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	County School Facilities Fund	Total Non-Major Governmental Funds
Revenues								
Federal sources	\$ -	\$ 448,124	\$ 1,606,021	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,054,145
Other State sources	-	3,455,447	4,471,486	-	-	-	4,525,542	12,452,475
Other local sources	4,633,112	1,470,772	60,051	668,759	2,480	1,569,950	262,993	8,668,117
Total revenues	4,633,112	5,374,343	6,137,558	668,759	2,480	1,569,950	4,788,535	23,174,737
Expenditures								
Current								
Instruction	-	1,402,351	-	-	12,000	-	-	1,414,351
Instruction-related activities								
Supervision of instruction	-	154,822	-	-	-	-	-	154,822
Instructional library, media, and technology	-	857	-	-	-	-	-	857
School site administration	-	3,186,588	-	-	-	-	-	3,186,588
Pupil services								
Food services	-	-	5,641,170	-	-	-	-	5,641,170
All other pupil services	-	158,411	-	-	-	-	-	158,411
Administration								
All other administration	-	203,626	172,018	-	-	20,741	-	396,385
Plant services	-	242,781	-	359,105	-	-	-	601,886
Ancillary services	4,565,878	-	-	-	-	-	-	4,565,878
Facility acquisition and construction	-	-	-	1,431,058	-	4,375	-	1,435,433
Total expenditures	4,565,878	5,349,436	5,813,188	1,790,163	12,000	25,116	-	17,555,781
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues	67,234	24,907	324,370	(1,121,404)	(9,520)	1,544,834	4,788,535	5,618,956
Other Financing Sources (Uses)								
Transfers in	-	-	-	8,100,000	-	-	-	8,100,000
Net Change in Fund Balances	67,234	24,907	324,370	6,978,596	(9,520)	1,544,834	4,788,535	13,718,956
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,818,846	1,666,202	542,762	15,628,560	48,068	3,517,473	4,464,378	28,686,289
Fund Balance - Ending	\$ 2,886,080	\$ 1,691,109	\$ 867,132	\$ 22,607,156	\$ 38,548	\$ 5,062,307	\$ 9,252,913	\$ 42,405,245

Note 1 - Purpose of Schedules

Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (SEFA)

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the schedule) includes the federal award activity of the District under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2024. The information is presented in accordance with the requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations, Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the District, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in fund balance of the District.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported in the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. When applicable, such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. No federal financial assistance has been provided to a subrecipient.

Indirect Cost Rate

The District does not draw for indirect administrative expenses and has not elected to use the ten percent de minimus cost rate.

SEFA Reconciliation

The following schedule provides reconciliation between revenues reported on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, and the related expenditures reported on the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.

	Federal Financial Assistance Listing	Amount
Description		
Total Federal Revenues reported on the financial statements		\$ 6,156,746
Federal interest subsidy		
Build America Bonds Act Interest Subsidy	Not Applicable	(768,865)
Total federal financial assistance		\$ 5,387,881

Schedule of Average Daily Attendance (ADA)

Average daily attendance (ADA) is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of State funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

Schedule of Instructional Time

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its target funding. This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of *Education Code* Sections 46200 through 46207.

Districts must maintain their instructional minutes at the 1986-87 requirements, as required by *Education Code* Section 46201.

Reconciliation of Annual Financial and Budget Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balance of all funds reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Non-Major Governmental Funds - Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances

These schedules are included to provide information regarding the individual funds that have been included in the Non-Major Governmental Funds column on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet and Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances.

Other Information

June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District

Organization

The Fremont Union High School District was established in 1925 under the laws of the State of California and consists of an area comprising approximately 42 square miles. The District operates five high schools, one community day school, one adult school and a variety of educational option programs. There were no boundary changes during the year.

Board of Trustees

<u>Member</u>	<u>Office</u>	<u>Term Expires</u>
Rosa Kim	President	2026
Jeff Moe	Vice President	2024
Stanley Kou	Member	2026
Naomi Nakano-Matsumoto	Member	2026
Rod Sinks	Member	2024
Elisa Floyd	Student Member	2024

Administration

<u>Name</u>	<u>Title</u>
Graham Clark	Superintendent of Schools
Christine Mallery	Chief Business Officer, Associate Superintendent
Trudy Gross	Associate Superintendent
Tom Avvakumovits	Associate Superintendent

Independent Auditor's Reports
June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District



Independent Auditor’s Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*

Board of Trustees
Fremont Union High School District
Sunnyvale, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Fremont Union High School District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District’s basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2024.

Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District’s internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity’s financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Menlo Park, California
December 3, 2024



Independent Auditor’s Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program; Report on Internal Control Over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

Board of Trustees
Fremont Union High School District
Sunnyvale, California

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Fremont Union High School District’s (the District) compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District’s major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024. The District’s major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor’s results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District’s compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of the District's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Menlo Park, California
December 3, 2024



Independent Auditor's Report on State Compliance and on Internal Control Over Compliance

Board of Trustees
Fremont Union High School District
Sunnyvale, California

Report on Compliance

Qualified and Unmodified Opinions on State Compliance

We have audited Fremont Union High School District's (the District) with the requirements specified in the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, applicable to the District's state program requirements identified below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Qualified Opinion on Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers and Instructional Materials

In our opinion, except for the noncompliance described in the Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions section of our report, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2024.

Unmodified Opinion on Each of the Other Programs

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that are applicable to the laws and regulations of the state programs noted in the table below for the year ended June 30, 2024, except as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Basis for Qualified and Unmodified Opinions

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS), the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*), and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Matter Giving Rise to Qualified Opinion on Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers and Instructional Materials

As described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs, the District did not comply with requirements regarding Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers (2024-001) and Instructional Materials (2024-002). Compliance with such requirements is necessary, in our opinion, for the District to comply with the requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to the District's state programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the District's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting* will always detect a material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the District's compliance with the requirements of the state programs as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the District's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

- Obtain an understanding of the District’s internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District’s internal controls over compliance. Accordingly, we express no such opinion; and;
- Select and test transactions and records to determine the District’s compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items.

2023-2024 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	N/A
Independent Study	No
Continuation Education	N/A
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratios of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	N/A
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	N/A
Middle or Early College High Schools	Yes
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	N/A
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	N/A
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	N/A
Home to School Transportation Reimbursement	N/A
School Districts, County Offices of Education, and Charter Schools	
Proposition 28 Arts and Music in Schools	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	N/A
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	No
Immunizations	N/A
Educator Effectiveness	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Grant (ELO-G)	N/A
Career Technical Education Incentive Grant	Yes
Expanded Learning Opportunities Program	N/A
Transitional Kindergarten	N/A

2023-2024 K-12 Audit Guide Procedures	Procedures Performed
Charter Schools	
Attendance	N/A
Mode of Instruction	N/A
Nonclassroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	N/A
Determination of Funding for Nonclassroom-Based Instruction	N/A
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	N/A
Charter School Facility Grant Program	N/A

We did not perform testing for Independent Study or Course-based Independent Study because average daily attendance reported did not exceed thresholds for testing.

The term “Not Applicable” is used above to mean either the District did not offer the program during the current fiscal year, the District did not participate in the program during the current fiscal year, or the program applies to a different type of local education agency.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Other Matters

The results of our auditing procedures disclosed instances of noncompliance, which are described in the accompanying Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-002.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District’s response to the noncompliance findings identified in our audit and described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District’s response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor’s Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as discussed below, we did identify certain deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material noncompliance with compliance requirement will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. We consider the deficiencies in internal control over compliance described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as items 2024-001 and 2024-02 to be material weaknesses.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

Government Auditing Standards requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the District's response to the internal control over compliance findings identified in our audit described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. The District's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of compliance and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Menlo Park, California
December 3, 2024

Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs
June 30, 2024

Fremont Union High School District

Financial Statements

Type of auditor's report issued	Unmodified
Internal control over financial reporting	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	No

Federal Awards

Internal control over major program	
Material weaknesses identified	No
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs	Unmodified
Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported in accordance with Uniform Guidance 2 CFR 200.516(a)	No

Identification of major programs

<u>Name of Federal Program or Cluster</u>	<u>Federal Financial Assistance Listing</u>
Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553, 10.555, 10.559
Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	No

State Compliance

Internal control over state compliance programs	
Material weaknesses identified	Yes
Significant deficiencies identified not considered to be material weaknesses	None Reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for programs	Qualified
Unmodified for all programs except for the following program which was qualified	

Name of Program

Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers
Instructional Materials

None reported.

None reported.

The following finding represent a significant deficiency, material weakness, or material instance of noncompliance including questioned costs that are required to be reported by the *2023-2024 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Education Agencies and State Compliance Reporting*. The finding has been coded as follows:

Five Digit Code	AB 3627 Finding Type
40000	State Compliance

2024-001 40000 – Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers

Criteria or Specific Requirements

EDC § 41400-41407: Districts are limited to the number of administrators that may be employed in comparison to teachers. As the District is a High School District, they are allowed 7 administrators per 100 teachers.

Condition

The District Administrator to Teacher Ratio reflected an actual excess of 2.08 FTE.

Questioned Costs

District could be subject to a penalty of \$52,604.

Context

The District supplied Administrator to Teacher Ratio Worksheet reported 34.92 FTE of Net Administrative employees on an allowable 32.84.

Cause

The District is in declining enrollment and has reduced teaching sections but has not reduced Administrators.

Effect

The District did not comply with the Administrative Employees to Teachers Ratio of .07 allowed per EDC § 41400-41407.

Repeat Finding

Yes

Recommendation

District should continue to monitor the ratio of Administrators to Teachers and changes in enrollment.

Views of Responsible Officials

The District agrees with this finding and has filed a waiver with the CDE for 2023-24.

2024-002 40000 – Instructional Materials

Criteria or Specific Requirements

EDC § 60119(b): The governing board of a school district shall provide 10 days' notice of the public hearing for the sufficiency of textbooks or other instructional materials.

Condition

The District posted the notice of public hearing 8 days prior to the public hearing date.

Questioned Costs

There are no questioned costs.

Context

The District posted the notice of public hearing on September 11th, 2023, and the date of public hearing was September 19th, 2023.

Cause

This was due to a clerical error.

Effect

The District did not comply with the 10 days' notice requirement for instructional material public hearing per EDC § 60119(b).

Repeat Finding

Not a repeat finding.

Recommendation

Provide at least 10 days' notice of the public hearing for the sufficiency of textbooks or other instructional materials.

Views of Responsible Officials

The District agrees with this finding and will comply.

The following is a status of the prior year's findings:

State Awards Findings

2023-001 40000 – Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers

Criteria or Specific Requirements

EDC § 41400-41407: Districts are limited to the number of administrators that may be employed in comparison to teachers. As the District is a High School District, they are allowed 7 administrators per 100 teachers.

Condition

The District Administrator to Teacher Ratio reflected an actual excess of 1.26 FTE.

Questioned Costs

District could be subject to a penalty of \$26,281.

Context

The District supplied Administrator to Teacher Ratio Worksheet reported 34.50 FTE of Net Administrative employees on an allowable 33.24.

Cause

The District is in declining enrollment and has reduced teaching sections but has not reduced Administrators.

Effect

The District did not comply with the Administrative Employees to Teachers Ratio of .07 allowed per EDC § 41400-41407.

Recommendation

The District should continue to monitor the ratio of Administrators to teachers regularly, especially due to the change in enrollment the County of Santa Clara is experiencing due to COVID impact.

Current Status

See 2024-001.